angr

The angr Project

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Welcome to angr's documentation! This documentation is intended to be a guide for learning angr, as well as a reference for the API. If you're new to angr,

The angr team maintains a number of libraries that are used as part of angr. These libraries are:

- archinfo Information about CPU architectures
- pyvex Python bindings to the VEX IR
- pypcode Python bindings to the Pcode IR
- ailment angr's high-level intermediate language
- cle Many-platform binary loader
- claripy Solver abstraction layer

CONTENTS 1

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INTRODUCTION

angr is a multi-architecture binary analysis toolkit, with the capability to perform dynamic symbolic execution (like Mayhem, KLEE, etc.) and various static analyses on binaries. If you'd like to learn how to use it, you're in the right place!

We've tried to make using angr as pain-free as possible - our goal is to create a user-friendly binary analysis suite, allowing a user to simply start up iPython and easily perform intensive binary analyses with a couple of commands. That being said, binary analysis is complex, which makes angr complex. This documentation is an attempt to help out with that, providing narrative explanation and exploration of angr and its design.

Several challenges must be overcome to programmatically analyze a binary. They are, roughly:

- Loading a binary into the analysis program.
- Translating a binary into an intermediate representation (IR).
- Performing the actual analysis. This could be:
 - A partial or full-program static analysis (i.e., dependency analysis, program slicing).
 - A symbolic exploration of the program's state space (i.e., "Can we execute it until we find an overflow?").
 - Some combination of the above (i.e., "Let's execute only program slices that lead to a memory write, to find an overflow.")

angr has components that meet all of these challenges. This documentation will explain how each component works, and how they can all be used to accomplish your goals.

1.1 Getting Support

To get help with angr, you can ask via:

- the slack channel: angr.slack.com, for which you can get an account here.
- opening an issue on the appropriate github repository

1.2 Citing angr

If you use angr in an academic work, please cite the papers for which it was developed:

```
@article{shoshitaishvili2016state,
  title={SoK: (State of) The Art of War: Offensive Techniques in Binary Analysis},
  author={Shoshitaishvili, Yan and Wang, Ruoyu and Salls, Christopher and Stephens, Nick,
→and Polino, Mario and Dutcher, Audrey and Grosen, Jessie and Feng, Siji and Hauser,
→ Christophe and Kruegel, Christopher and Vigna, Giovanni},
  booktitle={IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy},
 year={2016}
}
@article{stephens2016driller,
  title={Driller: Augmenting Fuzzing Through Selective Symbolic Execution},
  author={Stephens, Nick and Grosen, Jessie and Salls, Christopher and Dutcher, Audrey_
→and Wang, Ruoyu and Corbetta, Jacopo and Shoshitaishvili, Yan and Kruegel, Christopher
→and Vigna, Giovanni},
 booktitle={NDSS},
 year={2016}
}
@article{shoshitaishvili2015firmalice,
  title={Firmalice - Automatic Detection of Authentication Bypass Vulnerabilities in.
→Binary Firmware},
  author={Shoshitaishvili, Yan and Wang, Ruoyu and Hauser, Christophe and Kruegel,
→ Christopher and Vigna, Giovanni},
  booktitle={NDSS},
 year={2015}
```

1.3 Going further:

You can read this paper, explaining some of the internals, algorithms, and used techniques to get a better understanding on what's going on under the hood.

If you enjoy playing CTFs and would like to learn angr in a similar fashion, angr_ctf will be a fun way for you to get familiar with much of the symbolic execution capability of angr. The angr_ctf repo is maintained by @jakespringer.

CHAPTER

TWO

GETTING STARTED

2.1 Installing angr

angr is a library for Python 3.8+, and must be installed into a Python environment before it can be used.

Tip: It is recommended to use an isolated python environment rather than installing angr globally. Doing so reduces dependency conflicts and aids in reproducibility while debugging. Some popular tools that accomplish this include:

- venv
- · pipenv
- · virtualenv
- virtualenvwrapper
- conda

2.1.1 Installing from PyPI

angr is published on PyPI, and using this is the easiest and recommended way to install angr. It can be installed angr with pip:

pip install angr

Note: The PyPI distribution includes binary packages for most popular system configurations. If you are using a system that is not supported by the binary packages, you will need to build the C dependencies from source. See the *Installing from Source* section for more information.

2.1.2 Installing from Source

angr is a collection of Python packages, each of which is published on GitHub. The easiest way to install angr from source is to use angr-dev.

To set up a development environment manually, first ensure that build dependencies are installed. These consist of python development headers, make, and a C compiler. On Ubuntu, these can be installed with:

sudo apt-get install python3-dev build-essential

Then, checkout and install the following packages, in order:

- · archinfo
- pyvex (clone with --recursive)
- cle
- · claripy
- · ailment
- angr (pip install with --no-build-isolation)

2.1.3 Troubleshooting

angr has no attribute Project, or similar

If angr can be imported but the Project class is missing, it is likely one of two problems:

- 1. There is a script named angr.py in the working directory. Rename it to something else.
- 2. There is a folder called angr in your working directory, possibly the cloned repository. Change the working directory to somewhere else.

AttributeError: 'module' object has no attribute 'KS_ARCH_X86'

The keystone package is installed, which conflicts with the keystone-engine package, an optional dependency of angr. Uninstall keystone and install keystone-engine.

2.2 Reporting Bugs

If you've found something that angr isn't able to solve and appears to be a bug, please let us know!

- 1. Create a fork off of angr/binaries and angr/angr
- 2. Give us a pull request with angr/binaries, with the binaries in question
- 3. Give us a pull request for angr/angr, with testcases that trigger the binaries in angr/tests/broken_x.py, angr/tests/broken_y.py, etc

Please try to follow the testcase format that we have (so the code is in a test_blah function), that way we can very easily merge that and make the scripts run.

An example is:

```
def test_some_broken_feature():
    p = angr.Project("some_binary")
    result = p.analyses.SomethingThatDoesNotWork()
    assert result == "what it should *actually* be if it worked"

if __name__ == '__main__':
    test_some_broken_feature()
```

This will *greatly* help us recreate your bug and fix it faster.

The ideal situation is that, when the bug is fixed, your testcases passes (i.e., the assert at the end does not raise an AssertionError).

Then, we can just fix the bug and rename broken_x.py to test_x.py and the testcase will run in our internal CI at every push, ensuring that we do not break this feature again.

2.3 Developing angr

These are some guidelines so that we can keep the codebase in good shape!

2.3.1 pre-commit

Many angr repos contain pre-commit hooks provided by pre-commit. Installing this is as easy as pip install pre-commit. After git cloning an angr repository, if the repo contains a .pre-commit-config.yaml, run pre-commit install. Future git commits will now invoke these hooks automatically.

2.3.2 Coding style

We format our code with black and otherwise try to get as close as the PEP8 code convention as is reasonable without being dumb. If you use Vim, the python-mode plugin does all you need. You can also manually configure vim to adopt this behavior.

Most importantly, please consider the following when writing code as part of angr:

- Try to use attribute access (see the @property decorator) instead of getters and setters wherever you can. This isn't Java, and attributes enable tab completion in iPython. That being said, be reasonable: attributes should be fast. A rule of thumb is that if something could require a constraint solve, it should not be an attribute.
- Use our pylintrc from the angr-dev repo. It's fairly permissive, but our CI server will fail your builds if pylint complains under those settings.
- DO NOT, under ANY circumstances, raise Exception or assert False. Use the right exception type. If there isn't a correct exception type, subclass the core exception of the module that you're working in (i.e., AngrError in angr, SimError in SimuVEX, etc) and raise that. We catch, and properly handle, the right types of errors in the right places, but AssertionError and Exception are not handled anywhere and force-terminate analyses.
- Avoid tabs; use space indentation instead. Even though it's wrong, the de facto standard is 4 spaces. It is a good idea to adopt this from the beginning, as merging code that mixes both tab and space indentation is awful.
- Avoid super long lines. It's okay to have longer lines, but keep in mind that long lines are harder to read and should be avoided. Let's try to stick to **120 characters**.
- Avoid extremely long functions, it is often better to break them up into smaller functions.
- Always use _ instead of __ for private members (so that we can access them when debugging). *You* might not think that anyone has a need to call a given function, but trust us, you're wrong.
- Format your code with black; config is already defined within pyproject.toml.

2.3.3 Documentation

Document your code. Every class definition and public function definition should have some description of:

- · What it does.
- What are the type and the meaning of the parameters.
- · What it returns.

Class docstrings will be enforced by our linter. Do *not* under any circumstances write a docstring which doesn't provide more information than the name of the class. What you should try to write is a description of the environment that the class should be used in. If the class should not be instantiated by end-users, write a description of where it will be generated and how instances can be acquired. If the class should be instanciated by end-users, explain what kind of object it represents at its core, what behavior is expected of its parameters, and how to safely manage objects of its type.

We use Sphinx to generate the API documentation. Sphinx supports docstrings written in ReStructured Text with special keywords to document function and class parameters, return values, return types, members, etc.

Here is an example of function documentation. Ideally the parameter descriptions should be aligned vertically to make the docstrings as readable as possible.

```
def prune(self, filter_func=None, from_stash=None, to_stash=None):
    """
    Prune unsatisfiable paths from a stash.

    :param filter_func: Only prune paths that match this filter.
    :param from_stash: Prune paths from this stash. (default: 'active')
    :param to_stash: Put pruned paths in this stash. (default: 'pruned')
    :returns: The resulting PathGroup.
    :rtype: PathGroup
```

This format has the advantage that the function parameters are clearly identified in the generated documentation. However, it can make the documentation repetitive, in some cases a textual description can be more readable. Pick the format you feel is more appropriate for the functions or classes you are documenting.

```
def read_bytes(self, addr, n):
    """
    Read `n` bytes at address `addr` in memory and return an array of bytes.
    """
```

2.3.4 Unit tests

If you're pushing a new feature and it is not accompanied by a test case it **will be broken** in very short order. Please write test cases for your stuff.

We have an internal CI server to run tests to check functionality and regression on each commit. In order to have our server run your tests, write your tests in a format acceptable to nosetests in a file matching test_*.py in the tests folder of the appropriate repository. A test file can contain any number of functions of the form def test_*(): or classes of the form class Test*(unittest.TestCase):. Each of them will be run as a test, and if they raise any exceptions or assertions, the test fails. Do not use the nose.tools.assert_* functions, as we are presently trying to migrate to nose2. Use assert statements with descriptive messages or the unittest.TestCase assert methods.

Look at the existing tests for examples. Many of them use an alternate format where the test_* function is actually a generator that yields tuples of functions to call and their arguments, for easy parametrization of tests.

Finally, do not add docstrings to your test functions.

2.4 Help Wanted

Todo: This page is woefully out of date. We need to update it.

angr is a huge project, and it's hard to keep up. Here, we list some big TODO items that we would love community contributions for in the hope that it can direct community involvement. They (will) have a wide range of complexity, and there should be something for all skill levels!

We tag issues on our github repositories that would be good for community involvement as "Help wanted". To see the exhaustive list of these, use this github search!

2.4.1 Documentation

There are many parts of angr that suffer from little or no documentation. We desperately need community help in this area.

API

We are always behind on documentation. We've created several tracking issues on github to understand what's still missing:

- 1. angr
- 2. claripy
- 3. cle
- 4. pyvex

GitBook

This book is missing some core areas. Specifically, the following could be improved:

- 1. Finish some of the TODOs floating around the book.
- 2. Organize the Examples page in some way that makes sense. Right now, most of the examples are very redundant. It might be cool to have a simple table of most of them so that the page is not so overwhelming.

angr course

Developing a "course" of sorts to get people started with angr would be really beneficial. Steps have already been made in this direction here, but more expansion would be beneficial.

Ideally, the course would have a hands-on component, of increasing difficulty, that would require people to use more and more of angr's capabilities.

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2.4.2 Research re-implementation

Unfortunately, not everyone bases their research on angr;-). Until that's remedied, we'll need to periodically implement related work, on top of angr, to make it reusable within the scope of the framework. This section lists some of this related work that's ripe for reimplementation in angr.

Redundant State Detection for Dynamic Symbolic Execution

Bugrara, et al. describe a method to identify and trim redundant states, increasing the speed of symbolic execution by up to 50 times and coverage by 4%. This would be great to have in angr, as an ExplorationTechnique. The paper is here: http://nsl.cs.columbia.edu/projects/minestrone/papers/atc13-bugrara.pdf

In-Vivo Multi-Path Analysis of Software Systems

Rather than developing symbolic summaries for every system call, we can use a technique proposed by S2E for concretizing necessary data and dispatching them to the OS itself. This would make angr applicable to a *much* larger set of binaries than it can currently analyze.

While this would be most useful for system calls, once it is implemented, it could be trivially applied to any location of code (i.e., library functions). By carefully choosing which library functions are handled like this, we can greatly increase angr's scalability.

2.4.3 Development

We have several projects in mind that primarily require development effort.

angr-management

The angr GUI, angr-management needs a *lot* of work. Here is a non-exhaustive list of what is currently missing in angr-management:

- A navigator toolbar showing content in a program's memory space, just like IDA Pro's navigator toolbar.
- A text-based disassembly view of the program.
- Better view showing details in program states during path exploration, including modifiable register view, memory view, file descriptor view, etc.
- A GUI for cross referencing.

Exposing angr's capabilities in a usable way, graphically, would be really useful!

IDA Plugins

Much of angr's functionality could be exposed via IDA. For example, angr's data dependence graph could be exposed in IDA through annotations, or obfuscated values can be resolved using symbolic execution.

Additional architectures

More architecture support would make angrall the more useful. Supporting a new architecture with angr would involve:

- 1. Adding the architecture information to archinfo
- 2. Adding an IR translation. This may be either an extension to PyVEX, producing IRSBs, or another IR entirely.
- 3. If your IR is not VEX, add a SimEngine to support it.
- 4. Adding a calling convention (angr.SimCC) to support SimProcedures (including system calls)
- 5. Adding or modifying an angr. SimOS to support initialization activities.
- 6. Creating a CLE backend to load binaries, or extending the CLE ELF backend to know about the new architecture if the binary format is ELF.

ideas for new architectures:

- PIC, AVR, other embedded architectures
- SPARC (there is some preliminary libVEX support for SPARC here)

ideas for new IRs:

- LLVM IR (with this, we can extend angr from just a Binary Analysis Framework to a Program Analysis Framework and expand its capabilities in other ways!)
- SOOT (there is no reason that angr can't analyze Java code, although doing so would require some extensions to our memory model)

Environment support

We use the concept of "function summaries" in angr to model the environment of operating systems (i.e., the effects of their system calls) and library functions. Extending this would be greatly helpful in increasing angr's utility. These function summaries can be found here.

A specific subset of this is system calls. Even more than library function SimProcedures (without which angr can always execute the actual function), we have very few workarounds for missing system calls. Every implemented system call extends the set of binaries that angr can handle.

2.4.4 Design Problems

There are some outstanding design challenges regarding the integration of additional functionalities into angr.

Type annotation and type information usage

angr has fledgling support for types, in the sense that it can parse them out of header files. However, those types are not well exposed to do anything useful with. Improving this support would make it possible to, for example, annotate certain memory regions with certain type information and interact with them intelligently. Consider, for example, interacting with a linked list like this: print state.mem[state.regs.rax].llist.next.next.value.

(editor's note: you can actually already do this)

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2.4.5 Research Challenges

Historically, angr has progressed in the course of research into novel areas of program analysis. Here, we list several self-contained research projects that can be tackled.

Semantic function identification/diffing

Current function diffing techniques (TODO: some examples) have drawbacks. For the CGC, we created a semantic-based binary identification engine (https://github.com/angr/identifier) that can identify functions based on testcases. There are two areas of improvement, each of which is its own research project:

- 1. Currently, the testcases used by this component are human-generated. However, symbolic execution can be used to automatically generate testcases that can be used to recognize instances of a given function in other binaries.
- 2. By creating testcases that achieve a "high-enough" code coverage of a given function, we can detect changes in functionality by applying the set of testcases to another implementation of the same function and analyzing changes in code coverage. This can then be used as a sematic function diff.

Applying AFL's path selection criteria to symbolic execution

AFL does an excellent job in identifying "unique" paths during fuzzing by tracking the control flow transitions taken by every path. This same metric can be applied to symbolic exploration, and would probably do a depressingly good job, considering how simple it is.

2.4.6 Overarching Research Directions

There are areas of program analysis that are not well explored. We list general directions of research here, but readers should keep in mind that these directions likely describe potential undertakings of entire PhD dissertations.

Process interactions

Almost all work in the field of binary analysis deals with single binaries, but this is often unrealistic in the real world. For example, the type of input that can be passed to a CGI program depend on pre-processing by a web server. Currently, there is no way to support the analysis of multiple concurrent processes in angr, and many open questions in the field (i.e., how to model concurrent actions).

Intra-process concurrency

Similar to the modeling of interactions between processes, little work has been done in understanding the interaction of concurrent threads in the same process. Currently, angr has no way to reason about this, and it is unclear from the theoretical perspective how to approach this.

A subset of this problem is the analysis of signal handlers (or hardware interrupts). Each signal handler can be modeled as a thread that can be executed at any time that a signal can be triggered. Understanding when it is meaningful to analyze these handlers is an open problem. One system that does reason about the effect of interrupts is FIE.

Path explosion

Many approaches (such as Veritesting) attempt to mitigate the path explosion problem in symbolic execution. However, despite these efforts, path explosion is still *the* main problem preventing symbolic execution from being mainstream.

angr provides an excellent base to implement new techniques to control path explosion. Most approaches can be easily implemented as *ExplorationTechnique* s and quickly evaluated (for example, on the CGC dataset).

2.4. Help Wanted

CHAPTER

THREE

CORE CONCEPTS

3.1 Core Concepts

To get started with angr, you'll need to have a basic overview of some fundamental angr concepts and how to construct some basic angr objects. We'll go over this by examining what's directly available to you after you've loaded a binary!

Your first action with angr will always be to load a binary into a project. We'll use /bin/true for these examples.

```
>>> import angr
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
```

A project is your control base in angr. With it, you will be able to dispatch analyses and simulations on the executable you just loaded. Almost every single object you work with in angr will depend on the existence of a project in some form.

Tip: Using and exploring angr in IPython (or other Python command line interpreters) is a main use case that we design angr for. When you are not sure what interfaces are available, tab completion is your friend!

Sometimes tab completion in IPython can be slow. We find the following workaround helpful without degrading the validity of completion results:

```
# Drop this file in IPython profile's startup directory to avoid running it every time.
import IPython
py = IPython.get_ipython()
py.Completer.use_jedi = False
```

3.1.1 Basic properties

First, we have some basic properties about the project: its CPU architecture, its filename, and the address of its entry point.

```
>>> import monkeyhex # this will format numerical results in hexadecimal
>>> proj.arch
<Arch AMD64 (LE)>
>>> proj.entry
0x401670
>>> proj.filename
'/bin/true'
```

- arch is an instance of an archinfo.Arch object for whichever architecture the program is compiled, in this case little-endian amd64. It contains a ton of clerical data about the CPU it runs on, which you can peruse at your leisure. The common ones you care about are arch.bits, arch.bytes (that one is a @property declaration on the main Arch class), arch.name, and arch.memory_endness.
- *entry* is the entry point of the binary!
- *filename* is the absolute filename of the binary. Riveting stuff!

3.1.2 Loading

Getting from a binary file to its representation in a virtual address space is pretty complicated! We have a module called CLE to handle that. CLE's result, called the loader, is available in the .loader property. We'll get into detail on how to use this *soon*, but for now just know that you can use it to see the shared libraries that angr loaded alongside your program and perform basic queries about the loaded address space.

```
>>> proj.loader
<Loaded true, maps [0x400000:0x5004000]>
>>> proj.loader.shared_objects # may look a little different for you!
{'ld-linux-x86-64.so.2': <ELF Object ld-2.24.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]>,
 'libc.so.6': <ELF Object libc-2.24.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c699f]>}
>>> proj.loader.min_addr
0x400000
>>> proj.loader.max_addr
0x5004000
>>> proj.loader.main_object # we've loaded several binaries into this project. Here's_
→the main one!
<ELF Object true, maps [0x400000:0x60721f]>
>>> proj.loader.main_object.execstack # sample query: does this binary have an_
→executable stack?
>>> proj.loader.main_object.pic # sample query: is this binary position-independent?
True
```

3.1.3 The factory

There are a lot of classes in angr, and most of them require a project to be instantiated. Instead of making you pass around the project everywhere, we provide project.factory, which has several convenient constructors for common objects you'll want to use frequently.

This section will also serve as an introduction to several basic angr concepts. Strap in!

Blocks

First, we have project.factory.block(), which is used to extract a basic block of code from a given address. This is an important fact - *angr analyzes code in units of basic blocks*. You will get back a Block object, which can tell you lots of fun things about the block of code:

```
>>> block = proj.factory.block(proj.entry) # lift a block of code from the program's_
⊶entry point
<Block for 0x401670, 42 bytes>
>>> block.pp()
                                         # pretty-print a disassembly to stdout
0x401670:
                xor
                         ebp, ebp
0x401672:
                        r9, rdx
                mov
0x401675:
                pop
                         rsi
0x401676:
                mov
                         rdx, rsp
0x401679:
                        rsp, 0xffffffffffffff
                and
0x40167d:
                push
0x40167e:
                push
0x40167f:
                lea
                        r8, [rip + 0x2e2a]
0x401686:
                lea
                        rcx, [rip + 0x2db3]
0x40168d:
                lea
                        rdi, [rip - 0xd4]
0x401694:
                call
                         qword ptr [rip + 0x205866]
>>> block instructions
                                         # how many instructions are there?
0xb
>>> block.instruction_addrs
                                         # what are the addresses of the instructions?
[0x401670, 0x401672, 0x401675, 0x401676, 0x401679, 0x40167d, 0x40167e, 0x40167f, ...
\rightarrow 0x401686, 0x40168d, 0x401694]
```

Additionally, you can use a Block object to get other representations of the block of code:

```
>>> block.capstone  # capstone disassembly

<CapstoneBlock for 0x401670>
>>> block.vex  # VEX IRSB (that's a Python internal address,

→not a program address)

<pyvex.block.IRSB at 0x7706330>
```

States

Here's another fact about angr - the Project object only represents an "initialization image" for the program. When you're performing execution with angr, you are working with a specific object representing a *simulated program state* - a SimState. Let's grab one right now!

```
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
<SimState @ 0x401670>
```

A SimState contains a program's memory, registers, filesystem data... any "live data" that can be changed by execution has a home in the state. We'll cover how to interact with states in depth later, but for now, let's use state.regs and state.mem to access the registers and memory of this state:

```
>>> state.regs.rip # get the current instruction pointer
<BV64 0x401670>
>>> state.regs.rax
(continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
<BV64 0x1c>
>>> state.mem[proj.entry].int.resolved # interpret the memory at the entry point as a Cuint
<BV32 0x8949ed31>
```

Those aren't Python ints! Those are *bitvectors*. Python integers don't have the same semantics as words on a CPU, e.g. wrapping on overflow, so we work with bitvectors, which you can think of as an integer as represented by a series of bits, to represent CPU data in angr. Note that each bitvector has a .length property describing how wide it is in bits.

We'll learn all about how to work with them soon, but for now, here's how to convert from Python ints to bitvectors and back again:

You can store these bitvectors back to registers and memory, or you can directly store a Python integer and it'll be converted to a bitvector of the appropriate size:

```
>>> state.regs.rsi = state.solver.BVV(3, 64)
>>> state.regs.rsi
<BV64 0x3>
>>> state.mem[0x1000].long = 4
>>> state.mem[0x1000].long.resolved
<BV64 0x4>
```

The mem interface is a little confusing at first, since it's using some pretty hefty Python magic. The short version of how to use it is:

- Use array[index] notation to specify an address
- Use .<type> to specify that the memory should be interpreted as type (common values: char, short, int, long, size_t, uint8_t, uint16_t...)
- From there, you can either:
 - Store a value to it, either a bitvector or a Python int
 - Use .resolved to get the value as a bitvector
 - Use .concrete to get the value as a Python int

There are more advanced usages that will be covered later!

Finally, if you try reading some more registers you may encounter a very strange looking value:

```
>>> state.regs.rdi
<BV64 reg_48_11_64{UNINITIALIZED}>
```

This is still a 64-bit bitvector, but it doesn't contain a numerical value. Instead, it has a name! This is called a *symbolic variable* and it is the underpinning of symbolic execution. Don't panic! We will discuss all of this in detail exactly two chapters from now.

Simulation Managers

If a state lets us represent a program at a given point in time, there must be a way to get it to the *next* point in time. A simulation manager is the primary interface in angr for performing execution, simulation, whatever you want to call it, with states. As a brief introduction, let's show how to tick that state we created earlier forward a few basic blocks.

First, we create the simulation manager we're going to be using. The constructor can take a state or a list of states.

```
>>> simgr = proj.factory.simulation_manager(state)
<SimulationManager with 1 active>
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x401670>]
```

A simulation manager can contain several *stashes* of states. The default stash, active, is initialized with the state we passed in. We could look at simgr.active[0] to look at our state some more, if we haven't had enough!

Now... get ready, we're going to do some execution.

```
>>> simgr.step()
```

We've just performed a basic block's worth of symbolic execution! We can look at the active stash again, noticing that it's been updated, and furthermore, that it has **not** modified our original state. SimState objects are treated as immutable by execution - you can safely use a single state as a "base" for multiple rounds of execution.

```
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x1020300>]
>>> simgr.active[0].regs.rip  # new and exciting!
<BV64 0x1020300>
>>> state.regs.rip  # still the same!
<BV64 0x401670>
```

/bin/true isn't a very good example for describing how to do interesting things with symbolic execution, so we'll stop here for now.

3.1.4 Analyses

angr comes pre-packaged with several built-in analyses that you can use to extract some fun kinds of information from a program. Here they are:

```
>>> proj.analyses.
                              # Press TAB here in ipython to get an autocomplete-listing.
→ of everything:
proj.analyses.BackwardSlice
                                    proj.analyses.CongruencyCheck
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→reload_analyses
                                    proj.analyses.DDG
proj.analyses.BinaryOptimizer
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→StaticHooker
proj.analyses.BinDiff
                                    proj.analyses.DFG
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→VariableRecovery
proj.analyses.BoyScout
                                    proj.analyses.Disassembly
                                                                       proj.analyses.

¬VariableRecoveryFast
proj.analyses.CDG
                                    proj.analyses.GirlScout
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→Veritesting
proj.analyses.CFG
                                    proj.analyses.Identifier
                                                                        proj.analyses.VFG
proj.analyses.CFGEmulated
                                    proj.analyses.LoopFinder
                                                                        proj.analyses.VSA_
→DDG
proj.analyses.CFGFast
                                    proj.analyses.Reassembler
```

A couple of these are documented later in this book, but in general, if you want to find how to use a given analysis, you should look in the api documentation for *angr.analyses*. As an extremely brief example: here's how you construct and use a quick control-flow graph:

3.1.5 Now what?

Having read this page, you should now be acquainted with several important angr concepts: basic blocks, states, bitvectors, simulation managers, and analyses. You can't really do anything interesting besides just use angr as a glorified debugger, though! Keep reading, and you will unlock deeper powers...

3.2 Loading a Binary

Previously, you saw just the barest taste of angr's loading facilities - you loaded /bin/true, and then loaded it again without its shared libraries. You also saw proj.loader and a few things it could do. Now, we'll dive into the nuances of these interfaces and the things they can tell you.

We briefly mentioned angr's binary loading component, CLE. CLE stands for "CLE Loads Everything", and is responsible for taking a binary (and any libraries that it depends on) and presenting it to the rest of angr in a way that is easy to work with.

3.2.1 The Loader

Let's load examples/fauxware/fauxware and take a deeper look at how to interact with the loader.

```
>>> import angr, monkeyhex
>>> proj = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware')
>>> proj.loader
<Loaded fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x5008000]>
```

Loaded Objects

The CLE loader (cle.Loader) represents an entire conglomerate of loaded *binary objects*, loaded and mapped into a single memory space. Each binary object is loaded by a loader backend that can handle its filetype (a subclass of cle.Backend). For example, cle.ELF is used to load ELF binaries.

There will also be objects in memory that don't correspond to any loaded binary. For example, an object used to provide thread-local storage support, and an externs object used to provide unresolved symbols.

You can get the full list of objects that CLE has loaded with loader.all_objects, as well as several more targeted classifications:

```
# All loaded objects
>>> proj.loader.all_objects
[<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>,
<ELF Object libc-2.23.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c999f]>,
<ELF Object 1d-2.23.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]>,
<ELFTLSObject Object cle##tls, maps [0x3000000:0x3015010]>,
<ExternObject Object cle##externs, maps [0x4000000:0x4008000]>,
<KernelObject Object cle##kernel, maps [0x5000000:0x5008000]>]
# This is the "main" object, the one that you directly specified when loading the project
>>> proj.loader.main_object
<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>
# This is a dictionary mapping from shared object name to object
>>> proj.loader.shared_objects
{ 'fauxware': <ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>,
  'libc.so.6': \langle ELF | Object | Libc-2.23.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c999f] \rangle,
  'ld-linux-x86-64.so.2': <ELF Object ld-2.23.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]> }
# Here's all the objects that were loaded from ELF files
# If this were a windows program we'd use all_pe_objects!
>>> proj.loader.all_elf_objects
[<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>,
<ELF Object libc-2.23.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c999f]>,
<ELF Object 1d-2.23.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]>]
# Here's the "externs object", which we use to provide addresses for unresolved imports.
→and angr internals
>>> proj.loader.extern_object
<ExternObject Object cle##externs, maps [0x4000000:0x4008000]>
# This object is used to provide addresses for emulated syscalls
>>> proj.loader.kernel_object
<KernelObject Object cle##kernel, maps [0x5000000:0x5008000]>
# Finally, you can to get a reference to an object given an address in it
>>> proj.loader.find_object_containing(0x400000)
<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>
```

You can interact directly with these objects to extract metadata from them:

```
>>> obj = proj.loader.main_object (continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
# The entry point of the object
>>> obj.entry
0x400580
>>> obj.min_addr, obj.max_addr
(0x400000, 0x60105f)
# Retrieve this ELF's segments and sections
>>> obj.segments
<Regions: [<ELFSegment memsize=0xa74, filesize=0xa74, vaddr=0x400000, flags=0x5, ...</p>
\rightarrowoffset=0x0>.
           <ELFSegment memsize=0x238, filesize=0x228, vaddr=0x600e28, flags=0x6,
→offset=0xe28>]>
>>> obj.sections
<Regions: [<Unnamed | offset 0x0, vaddr 0x0, size 0x0>,
           <.interp | offset 0x238, vaddr 0x400238, size 0x1c>,
           <.note.ABI-tag | offset 0x254, vaddr 0x400254, size 0x20>,
            ...etc
# You can get an individual segment or section by an address it contains:
>>> obj.find_segment_containing(obj.entry)
<ELFSegment memsize=0xa74, filesize=0xa74, vaddr=0x400000, flags=0x5, offset=0x0>
>>> obj.find_section_containing(obj.entry)
<.text | offset 0x580, vaddr 0x400580, size 0x338>
# Get the address of the PLT stub for a symbol
>>> addr = obj.plt['strcmp']
>>> addr
0x400550
>>> obj.reverse_plt[addr]
'strcmp'
# Show the prelinked base of the object and the location it was actually mapped into...
→memory by CLE
>>> obj.linked_base
0x400000
>>> obj.mapped_base
0x400000
```

Symbols and Relocations

You can also work with symbols while using CLE. A symbol is a fundamental concept in the world of executable formats, effectively mapping a name to an address.

The easiest way to get a symbol from CLE is to use loader.find_symbol, which takes either a name or an address and returns a Symbol object.

```
>>> strcmp = proj.loader.find_symbol('strcmp')
>>> strcmp
<Symbol "strcmp" in libc.so.6 at 0x1089cd0>
```

The most useful attributes on a symbol are its name, its owner, and its address, but the "address" of a symbol can be

ambiguous. The Symbol object has three ways of reporting its address:

- .rebased_addr is its address in the global address space. This is what is shown in the print output.
- .linked_addr is its address relative to the prelinked base of the binary. This is the address reported in, for example, readelf(1).
- .relative_addr is its address relative to the object base. This is known in the literature (particularly the Windows literature) as an RVA (relative virtual address).

```
>>> strcmp.name
'strcmp'
>>> strcmp.owner
<ELF Object libc-2.23.so, maps [0x10000000:0x13c999f]>
>>> strcmp.rebased_addr
0x1089cd0
>>> strcmp.linked_addr
0x89cd0
>>> strcmp.relative_addr
0x89cd0
```

In addition to providing debug information, symbols also support the notion of dynamic linking. libc provides the strcmp symbol as an export, and the main binary depends on it. If we ask CLE to give us a strcmp symbol from the main object directly, it'll tell us that this is an *import symbol*. Import symbols do not have meaningful addresses associated with them, but they do provide a reference to the symbol that was used to resolve them, as .resolvedby.

```
>>> strcmp.is_export
True
>>> strcmp.is_import
False
# On Loader, the method is find_symbol because it performs a search operation to find.
→the symbol.
# On an individual object, the method is get_symbol because there can only be one symbol.
⇒with a given name.
>>> main_strcmp = proj.loader.main_object.get_symbol('strcmp')
>>> main_strcmp
<Symbol "strcmp" in fauxware (import)>
>>> main_strcmp.is_export
False
>>> main_strcmp.is_import
True
>>> main_strcmp.resolvedby
<Symbol "strcmp" in libc.so.6 at 0x1089cd0>
```

The specific ways that the links between imports and exports should be registered in memory are handled by another notion called *relocations*. A relocation says, "when you match [import] up with an export symbol, please write the export's address to [location], formatted as [format]." We can see the full list of relocations for an object (as Relocation instances) as obj.relocs, or just a mapping from symbol name to Relocation as obj.imports. There is no corresponding list of export symbols.

A relocation's corresponding import symbol can be accessed as .symbol. The address the relocation will write to is accessable through any of the address identifiers you can use for Symbol, and you can get a reference to the object requesting the relocation with .owner as well.

If an import cannot be resolved to any export, for example, because a shared library could not be found, CLE will automatically update the externs object (loader.extern_obj) to claim it provides the symbol as an export.

3.2.2 Loading Options

If you are loading something with angr.Project and you want to pass an option to the cle.Loader instance that Project implicitly creates, you can just pass the keyword argument directly to the Project constructor, and it will be passed on to CLE. You should look at the CLE API docs. if you want to know everything that could possibly be passed in as an option, but we will go over some important and frequently used options here.

We've discussed auto_load_libs already - it enables or disables CLE's attempt to automatically resolve shared library dependencies, and is on by default. Additionally, there is the opposite, except_missing_libs, which, if set to true, will cause an exception to be thrown whenever a binary has a shared library dependency that cannot be resolved.

You can pass a list of strings to force_load_libs and anything listed will be treated as an unresolved shared library dependency right out of the gate, or you can pass a list of strings to skip_libs to prevent any library of that name from being resolved as a dependency. Additionally, you can pass a list of strings (or a single string) to ld_path, which will be used as an additional search path for shared libraries, before any of the defaults: the same directory as the loaded program, the current working directory, and your system libraries.

If you want to specify some options that only apply to a specific binary object, CLE will let you do that too. The parameters main_opts and lib_opts do this by taking dictionaries of options. main_opts is a mapping from option names to option values, while lib_opts is a mapping from library name to dictionaries mapping option names to option values.

The options that you can use vary from backend to backend, but some common ones are:

- backend which backend to use, as either a class or a name
- base_addr a base address to use
- entry_point an entry point to use
- arch the name of an architecture to use

Example:

Backends

CLE currently has backends for statically loading ELF, PE, CGC, Mach-O and ELF core dump files, as well as loading files into a flat address space. CLE will automatically detect the correct backend to use in most cases, so you shouldn't need to specify which backend you're using unless you're doing some pretty weird stuff.

You can force CLE to use a specific backend for an object by including a key in its options dictionary, as described above. Some backends cannot autodetect which architecture to use and *must* have a arch specified. The key doesn't need to match any list of architectures; angr will identify which architecture you mean given almost any common identifier for any supported arch.

To refer to a backend, use the name from this table:

backend name	description	requires arch?
elf	Static loader for ELF files based on PyELFTools	no
pe	Static loader for PE files based on PEFile	no
mach-o	Static loader for Mach-O files. Does not support dynamic linking or rebasing.	no
cgc	Static loader for Cyber Grand Challenge binaries	no
backedcgc	Static loader for CGC binaries that allows specifying memory and register backers	no
elfcore	Static loader for ELF core dumps	no
blob	Loads the file into memory as a flat image	yes

3.2.3 Symbolic Function Summaries

By default, Project tries to replace external calls to library functions by using symbolic summaries termed *SimProcedures* - effectively just Python functions that imitate the library function's effect on the state. We've implemented a whole bunch of functions as SimProcedures. These builtin procedures are available in the angr.SIM_PROCEDURES dictionary, which is two-leveled, keyed first on the package name (libc, posix, win32, stubs) and then on the name of the library function. Executing a SimProcedure instead of the actual library function that gets loaded from your system makes analysis a LOT more tractable, at the cost of *some potential inaccuracies < Gotchas when using angr>*.

When no such summary is available for a given function:

- if auto_load_libs is True (this is the default), then the *real* library function is executed instead. This may or may not be what you want, depending on the actual function. For example, some of libc's functions are extremely complex to analyze and will most likely cause an explosion of the number of states for the path trying to execute them.
- if auto_load_libs is False, then external functions are unresolved, and Project will resolve them to a generic "stub" SimProcedure called ReturnUnconstrained. It does what its name says: it returns a unique unconstrained symbolic value each time it is called.
- if use_sim_procedures (this is a parameter to angr.Project, not cle.Loader) is False (it is True by default), then only symbols provided by the extern object will be replaced with SimProcedures, and they will be replaced by a stub ReturnUnconstrained, which does nothing but return a symbolic value.
- you may specify specific symbols to exclude from being replaced with SimProcedures with the parameters to angr.Project: exclude_sim_procedures_list and exclude_sim_procedures_func.
- Look at the code for angr.Project._register_object for the exact algorithm.

The mechanism by which angr replaces library code with a Python summary is called hooking, and you can do it too! When performing simulation, at every step angr checks if the current address has been hooked, and if so, runs the hook instead of the binary code at that address. The API to let you do this is proj.hook(addr, hook), where hook is a

SimProcedure instance. You can manage your project's hooks with .is_hooked, .unhook, and .hooked_by, which should hopefully not require explanation.

There is an alternate API for hooking an address that lets you specify your own off-the-cuff function to use as a hook, by using proj.hook(addr) as a function decorator. If you do this, you can also optionally specify a length keyword argument to make execution jump some number of bytes forward after your hook finishes.

Furthermore, you can use proj.hook_symbol(name, hook), providing the name of a symbol as the first argument, to hook the address where the symbol lives. One very important usage of this is to extend the behavior of angr's built-in library SimProcedures. Since these library functions are just classes, you can subclass them, overriding pieces of their behavior, and then use your subclass in a hook.

3.2.4 So far so good!

By now, you should have a reasonable understanding of how to control the environment in which your analysis happens, on the level of the CLE loader and the angr Project. You should also understand that angr makes a reasonable attempt to simplify its analysis by hooking complex library functions with SimProcedures that summarize the effects of the functions.

In order to see all the things you can do with the CLE loader and its backends, look at the CLE API docs.

3.3 Symbolic Expressions and Constraint Solving

angr's power comes not from it being an emulator, but from being able to execute with what we call *symbolic variables*. Instead of saying that a variable has a *concrete* numerical value, we can say that it holds a *symbol*, effectively just a name. Then, performing arithmetic operations with that variable will yield a tree of operations (termed an *abstract syntax tree* or *AST*, from compiler theory). ASTs can be translated into constraints for an *SMT solver*, like z3, in order to ask questions like "given the output of this sequence of operations, what must the input have been?" Here, you'll learn how to use angr to answer this.

3.3.1 Working with Bitvectors

Let's get a dummy project and state so we can start playing with numbers.

```
>>> import angr, monkeyhex
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
```

A bitvector is just a sequence of bits, interpreted with the semantics of a bounded integer for arithmetic. Let's make a few.

As you can see, you can have any sequence of bits and call them a bitvector. You can do math with them too:

```
>>> one + one_hundred
<BV64 0x65>

# You can provide normal Python integers and they will be coerced to the appropriate type: >>> one_hundred + 0x100 <BV64 0x164>

# The semantics of normal wrapping arithmetic apply
>>> one_hundred - one*200
<BV64 0xfffffffffffffffc>
```

You *cannot* say one + weird_nine, though. It is a type error to perform an operation on bitvectors of differing lengths. You can, however, extend weird_nine so it has an appropriate number of bits:

```
>>> weird_nine.zero_extend(64 - 27)
<BV64 0x9>
>>> one + weird_nine.zero_extend(64 - 27)
<BV64 0xa>
```

zero_extend will pad the bitvector on the left with the given number of zero bits. You can also use sign_extend to pad with a duplicate of the highest bit, preserving the value of the bitvector under two's complement signed integer semantics.

Now, let's introduce some symbols into the mix.

```
# Create a bitvector symbol named "x" of length 64 bits
>>> x = state.solver.BVS("x", 64)
>>> x
<BV64 x_9_64>
>>> y = state.solver.BVS("y", 64)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> y
<BV64 y_10_64>
```

x and y are now *symbolic variables*, which are kind of like the variables you learned to work with in 7th grade algebra. Notice that the name you provided has been mangled by appending an incrementing counter and You can do as much arithmetic as you want with them, but you won't get a number back, you'll get an AST instead.

```
>>> x + one

<BV64 x_9_64 + 0x1>

>>> (x + one) / 2

<BV64 (x_9_64 + 0x1) / 0x2>

>>> x - y

<BV64 x_9_64 - y_10_64>
```

Technically x and y and even one are also ASTs - any bitvector is a tree of operations, even if that tree is only one layer deep. To understand this, let's learn how to process ASTs.

Each AST has a .op and a .args. The op is a string naming the operation being performed, and the args are the values the operation takes as input. Unless the op is BVV or BVS (or a few others...), the args are all other ASTs, the tree eventually terminating with BVVs or BVSs.

```
>>> tree = (x + 1) / (y + 2)
>>> tree

<BV64 (x_9_64 + 0x1) / (y_10_64 + 0x2)>
>>> tree.op
'___floordiv__'
>>> tree.args
(<BV64 x_9_64 + 0x1>, <BV64 y_10_64 + 0x2>)
>>> tree.args[0].op
'__add__'
>>> tree.args[0].args
(<BV64 x_9_64>, <BV64 0x1>)
>>> tree.args[0].args[1].op
'BVV'
>>> tree.args[0].args[1].args
(1, 64)
```

From here on out, we will use the word "bitvector" to refer to any AST whose topmost operation produces a bitvector. There can be other data types represented through ASTs, including floating point numbers and, as we're about to see, booleans.

3.3.2 Symbolic Constraints

Performing comparison operations between any two similarly-typed ASTs will yield another AST - not a bitvector, but now a symbolic boolean.

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```
>>> x > 2

<Bool x_9_64 > 0x2>

>>> x + y == one_hundred + 5

<Bool (x_9_64 + y_10_64) == 0x69>

>>> one_hundred > 5

<Bool True>

>>> one_hundred > -5

<Bool False>
```

One tidbit you can see from this is that the comparisons are unsigned by default. The -5 in the last example is coerced to <BV64 0xfffffffffffffb>, which is definitely not less than one hundred. If you want the comparison to be signed, you can say one_hundred.SGT(-5) (that's "signed greater-than"). A full list of operations can be found at the end of this chapter.

This snippet also illustrates an important point about working with angr - you should never directly use a comparison between variables in the condition for an if- or while-statement, since the answer might not have a concrete truth value. Even if there is a concrete truth value, if one > one_hundred will raise an exception. Instead, you should use solver.is_true and solver.is_false, which test for concrete truthyness/falsiness without performing a constraint solve.

```
>>> yes = one == 1
>>> no = one == 2
>>> maybe = x == y
>>> state.solver.is_true(yes)
True
>>> state.solver.is_false(yes)
False
>>> state.solver.is_true(no)
False
>>> state.solver.is_false(no)
True
>>> state.solver.is_false(maybe)
False
>>> state.solver.is_true(maybe)
False
>>> state.solver.is_false(maybe)
False
```

3.3.3 Constraint Solving

You can treat any symbolic boolean as an assertion about the valid values of a symbolic variable by adding it as a *constraint* to the state. You can then query for a valid value of a symbolic variable by asking for an evaluation of a symbolic expression.

An example will probably be more clear than an explanation here:

```
>>> state.solver.add(x > y)
>>> state.solver.add(y > 2)
>>> state.solver.add(10 > x)
>>> state.solver.eval(x)
4
```

By adding these constraints to the state, we've forced the constraint solver to consider them as assertions that must be satisfied about any values it returns. If you run this code, you might get a different value for x, but that value will definitely be greater than 3 (since y must be greater than 2 and x must be greater than y) and less than 10. Furthermore,

if you then say state.solver.eval(y), you'll get a value of y which is consistent with the value of x that you got. If you don't add any constraints between two queries, the results will be consistent with each other.

From here, it's easy to see how to do the task we proposed at the beginning of the chapter - finding the input that produced a given output.

Note that, again, this solution only works because of the bitvector semantics. If we were operating over the domain of integers, there would be no solutions!

If we add conflicting or contradictory constraints, such that there are no values that can be assigned to the variables such that the constraints are satisfied, the state becomes *unsatisfiable*, or unsat, and queries against it will raise an exception. You can check the satisfiability of a state with state.satisfiable().

```
>>> state.solver.add(input < 2**32)
>>> state.satisfiable()
False
```

You can also evaluate more complex expressions, not just single variables.

```
# fresh state
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
>>> state.solver.add(x - y >= 4)
>>> state.solver.add(y > 0)
>>> state.solver.eval(x)
5
>>> state.solver.eval(y)
1
>>> state.solver.eval(x + y)
```

From this we can see that eval is a general purpose method to convert any bitvector into a Python primitive while respecting the integrity of the state. This is why we use eval to convert from concrete bitvectors to Python ints, too!

Also note that the x and y variables can be used in this new state despite having been created using an old state. Variables are not tied to any one state, and can exist freely.

3.3.4 Floating point numbers

z3 has support for the theory of IEEE754 floating point numbers, and so angr can use them as well. The main difference is that instead of a width, a floating point number has a *sort*. You can create floating point symbols and values with FPV and FPS.

```
# fresh state
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
>>> a = state.solver.FPV(3.2, state.solver.fp.FSORT_DOUBLE)
>>> a
(continues on next page)
```

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So there's a bit to unpack here - for starters the pretty-printing isn't as smart about floating point numbers. But past that, most operations actually have a third parameter, implicitly added when you use the binary operators - the rounding mode. The IEEE754 spec supports multiple rounding modes (round-to-nearest, round-to-zero, round-to-positive, etc), so z3 has to support them. If you want to specify the rounding mode for an operation, use the fp operation explicitly (solver.fpAdd for example) with a rounding mode (one of solver.fp.RM_*) as the first argument.

Constraints and solving work in the same way, but with eval returning a floating point number:

```
>>> state.solver.add(b + 2 < 0)
>>> state.solver.add(b + 2 > -1)
>>> state.solver.eval(b)
-2.49999999999996
```

This is nice, but sometimes we need to be able to work directly with the representation of the float as a bitvector. You can interpret bitvectors as floats and vice versa, with the methods raw_to_bv and raw_to_fp:

These conversions preserve the bit-pattern, as if you casted a float pointer to an int pointer or vice versa. However, if you want to preserve the value as closely as possible, as if you casted a float to an int (or vice versa), you can use a different set of methods, val_to_fp and val_to_bv. These methods must take the size or sort of the target value as a parameter, due to the floating-point nature of floats.

```
>>> a
<FP64 FPV(3.2, DOUBLE)>
>>> a.val_to_bv(12)
<BV12 0x3>
>>> a.val_to_bv(12).val_to_fp(state.solver.fp.FSORT_FLOAT)
<FP32 FPV(3.0, FLOAT)>
```

These methods can also take a signed parameter, designating the signedness of the source or target bitvector.

3.3.5 More Solving Methods

eval will give you one possible solution to an expression, but what if you want several? What if you want to ensure that the solution is unique? The solver provides you with several methods for common solving patterns:

- solver.eval(expression) will give you one possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.eval_one(expression) will give you the solution to the given expression, or throw an error if more than one solution is possible.
- solver.eval_upto(expression, n) will give you up to n solutions to the given expression, returning fewer than n if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval_atleast(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval_exact(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer or more than are possible.
- solver.min(expression) will give you the minimum possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.max(expression) will give you the maximum possible solution to the given expression.

Additionally, all of these methods can take the following keyword arguments:

- extra_constraints can be passed as a tuple of constraints. These constraints will be taken into account for this evaluation, but will not be added to the state.
- cast_to can be passed a data type to cast the result to. Currently, this can only be int and bytes, which will cause the method to return the corresponding representation of the underlying data. For example, state. solver.eval(state.solver.BVV(0x41424344, 32), cast_to=bytes) will return b'ABCD'.

3.3.6 Summary

That was a lot!! After reading this, you should be able to create and manipulate bitvectors, booleans, and floating point values to form trees of operations, and then query the constraint solver attached to a state for possible solutions under a set of constraints. Hopefully by this point you understand the power of using ASTs to represent computations, and the power of a constraint solver.

In the appendix, you can find a reference for all the additional operations you can apply to ASTs, in case you ever need a quick table to look at.

3.4 Machine State - memory, registers, and so on

So far, we've only used angr's simulated program states (SimState objects) in the barest possible way in order to demonstrate basic concepts about angr's operation. Here, you'll learn about the structure of a state object and how to interact with it in a variety of useful ways.

3.4.1 Review: Reading and writing memory and registers

If you've been reading this book in order (and you should be, at least for this first section), you already saw the basics of how to access memory and registers. state.regs provides read and write access to the registers through attributes with the names of each register, and state.mem provides typed read and write access to memory with index-access notation to specify the address followed by an attribute access to specify the type you would like to interpret the memory as.

Additionally, you should now know how to work with ASTs, so you can now understand that any bitvector-typed AST can be stored in registers or memory.

Here are some quick examples for copying and performing operations on data from the state:

```
>>> import angr, claripy
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()

# copy rsp to rbp
>>> state.regs.rbp = state.regs.rsp

# store rdx to memory at 0x1000
>>> state.mem[0x1000].uint64_t = state.regs.rdx

# dereference rbp
>>> state.regs.rbp = state.mem[state.regs.rbp].uint64_t.resolved

# add rax, qword ptr [rsp + 8]
>>> state.regs.rax += state.mem[state.regs.rsp + 8].uint64_t.resolved
```

3.4.2 Basic Execution

Earlier, we showed how to use a Simulation Manager to do some basic execution. We'll show off the full capabilities of the simulation manager in the next chapter, but for now we can use a much simpler interface to demonstrate how symbolic execution works: state.step(). This method will perform one step of symbolic execution and return an object called *angr.engines.successors.SimSuccessors*. Unlike normal emulation, symbolic execution can produce several successor states that can be classified in a number of ways. For now, what we care about is the . successors property of this object, which is a list containing all the "normal" successors of a given step.

Why a list, instead of just a single successor state? Well, angr's process of symbolic execution is just the taking the operations of the individual instructions compiled into the program and performing them to mutate a SimState. When a line of code like if (x > 4) is reached, what happens if x is a symbolic bitvector? Somewhere in the depths of angr, the comparison x > 4 is going to get performed, and the result is going to be <Bool $x_32_1 > 4>$.

That's fine, but the next question is, do we take the "true" branch or the "false" one? The answer is, we take both! We generate two entirely separate successor states - one simulating the case where the condition was true and simulating the case where the condition was false. In the first state, we add x > 4 as a constraint, and in the second state, we add !(x > 4) as a constraint. That way, whenever we perform a constraint solve using either of these successor states, the conditions on the state ensure that any solutions we get are valid inputs that will cause execution to follow the same path that the given state has followed.

To demonstrate this, let's use a *fake firmware image <../examples/fauxware/fauxware>* as an example. If you look at the *source code <../examples/fauxware/fauxware.c>* for this binary, you'll see that the authentication mechanism for the firmware is backdoored; any username can be authenticated as an administrator with the password "SOSNEAKY". Furthermore, the first comparison against user input that happens is the comparison against the backdoor, so if we step

until we get more than one successor state, one of those states will contain conditions constraining the user input to be the backdoor password. The following snippet implements this:

Don't look at the constraints on these states directly - the branch we just went through involves the result of strcmp, which is a tricky function to emulate symbolically, and the resulting constraints are *very* complicated.

The program we emulated took data from standard input, which angr treats as an infinite stream of symbolic data by default. To perform a constraint solve and get a possible value that input could have taken in order to satisfy the constraints, we'll need to get a reference to the actual contents of stdin. We'll go over how our file and input subsystems work later on this very page, but for now, just use state.posix.stdin.load(0, state.posix.stdin.size) to retrieve a bitvector representing all the content read from stdin so far.

As you can see, in order to go down the state1 path, you must have given as a password the backdoor string "SOS-NEAKY". In order to go down the state2 path, you must have given something *besides* "SOSNEAKY". z3 has helpfully provided one of the billions of strings fitting this criteria.

Fauxware was the first program angr's symbolic execution ever successfully worked on, back in 2013. By finding its backdoor using angr you are participating in a grand tradition of having a bare-bones understanding of how to use symbolic execution to extract meaning from binaries!

3.4.3 State Presets

So far, whenever we've been working with a state, we've created it with project.factory.entry_state(). This is just one of several *state constructors* available on the project factory:

- .blank_state() constructs a "blank slate" blank state, with most of its data left uninitialized. When accessing uninitialized data, an unconstrained symbolic value will be returned.
- .entry_state() constructs a state ready to execute at the main binary's entry point.
- .full_init_state() constructs a state that is ready to execute through any initializers that need to be run before the main binary's entry point, for example, shared library constructors or preinitializers. When it is finished with these it will jump to the entry point.

• .call_state() constructs a state ready to execute a given function.

You can customize the state through several arguments to these constructors:

- All of these constructors can take an addr argument to specify the exact address to start.
- If you're executing in an environment that can take command line arguments or an environment, you can pass a list of arguments through args and a dictionary of environment variables through env into entry_state and full_init_state. The values in these structures can be strings or bitvectors, and will be serialized into the state as the arguments and environment to the simulated execution. The default args is an empty list, so if the program you're analyzing expects to find at least an argv[0], you should always provide that!
- If you'd like to have argc be symbolic, you can pass a symbolic bitvector as argc to the entry_state and full_init_state constructors. Be careful, though: if you do this, you should also add a constraint to the resulting state that your value for argc cannot be larger than the number of args you passed into args.
- To use the call state, you should call it with .call_state(addr, arg1, arg2, ...), where addr is the address of the function you want to call and argN is the Nth argument to that function, either as a Python integer, string, or array, or a bitvector. If you want to have memory allocated and actually pass in a pointer to an object, you should wrap it in an PointerWrapper, i.e. angr.PointerWrapper("point to me!"). The results of this API can be a little unpredictable, but we're working on it.
- To specify the calling convention used for a function with call_state, you can pass a SimCC instance as the
 cc argument.:raw-html-m2r:
br> We try to pick a sane default, but for special cases you will need to help angr
 out.

There are several more options that can be used in any of these constructors! See the docs on the project.factory object (an angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory) for more details.

3.4.4 Low level interface for memory

The state.mem interface is convenient for loading typed data from memory, but when you want to do raw loads and stores to and from ranges of memory, it's very cumbersome. It turns out that state.mem is actually just a bunch of logic to correctly access the underlying memory storage, which is just a flat address space filled with bitvector data: state. memory. You can use state.memory directly with the .load(addr, size) and .store(addr, val) methods:

```
>>> s = proj.factory.blank_state()
>>> s.memory.store(0x4000, s.solver.BVV(0x0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef, 128))
>>> s.memory.load(0x4004, 6) # load-size is in bytes
<BV48 0x89abcdef0123>
```

As you can see, the data is loaded and stored in a "big-endian" fashion, since the primary purpose of state.memory is to load an store swaths of data with no attached semantics. However, if you want to perform a byteswap on the loaded or stored data, you can pass a keyword argument endness - if you specify little-endian, byteswap will happen. The endness should be one of the members of the Endness enum in the archinfo package used to hold declarative data about CPU architectures for angr. Additionally, the endness of the program being analyzed can be found as arch.memory_endness - for instance state.arch.memory_endness.

```
>>> import archinfo
>>> s.memory.load(0x4000, 4, endness=archinfo.Endness.LE)
<BV32 0x67452301>
```

There is also a low-level interface for register access, state.registers, that uses the exact same API as state. memory, but explaining its behavior involves a *dive* into the abstractions that angruses to seamlessly work with multiple architectures. The short version is that it is simply a register file, with the mapping between registers and offsets defined in archinfo.

3.4.5 State Options

There are a lot of little tweaks that can be made to the internals of angr that will optimize behavior in some situations and be a detriment in others. These tweaks are controlled through state options.

On each SimState object, there is a set (state.options) of all its enabled options. Each option (really just a string) controls the behavior of angr's execution engine in some minute way. A listing of the full domain of options, along with the defaults for different state types, can be found in *the appendix*. You can access an individual option for adding to a state through angr.options. The individual options are named with CAPITAL_LETTERS, but there are also common groupings of objects that you might want to use bundled together, named with lowercase_letters.

When creating a SimState through any constructor, you may pass the keyword arguments add_options and remove_options, which should be sets of options that modify the initial options set from the default.

3.4.6 State Plugins

With the exception of the set of options just discussed, everything stored in a SimState is actually stored in a *plugin* attached to the state. Almost every property on the state we've discussed so far is a plugin - memory, registers, mem, regs, solver, etc. This design allows for code modularity as well as the ability to easily *implement new kinds of data storage* for other aspects of an emulated state, or the ability to provide alternate implementations of plugins.

For example, the normal memory plugin simulates a flat memory space, but analyses can choose to enable the "abstract memory" plugin, which uses alternate data types for addresses to simulate free-floating memory mappings independent of address, to provide state.memory. Conversely, plugins can reduce code complexity: state.memory and state. registers are actually two different instances of the same plugin, since the registers are emulated with an address space as well.

The globals plugin

state.globals is an extremely simple plugin: it implements the interface of a standard Python dict, allowing you to store arbitrary data on a state.

The history plugin

state.history is a very important plugin storing historical data about the path a state has taken during execution. It is actually a linked list of several history nodes, each one representing a single round of execution—you can traverse this list with state.history.parent.parent etc.

To make it more convenient to work with this structure, the history also provides several efficient iterators over the history of certain values. In general, these values are stored as history.recent_NAME and the iterator over them is just history.NAME. For example, for addr in state.history.bbl_addrs: print hex(addr) will print out a basic block address trace for the binary, while state.history.recent_bbl_addrs is the list of basic blocks executed in the most recent step, state.history.parent.recent_bbl_addrs is the list of basic blocks executed in the previous step, etc. If you ever need to quickly obtain a flat list of these values, you can access .hardcopy, e.g. state.history.bbl_addrs.hardcopy. Keep in mind though, index-based accessing is implemented on the iterators.

Here is a brief listing of some of the values stored in the history:

- history.descriptions is a listing of string descriptions of each of the rounds of execution performed on the state.
- history.bbl_addrs is a listing of the basic block addresses executed by the state. There may be more than one
 per round of execution, and not all addresses may correspond to binary code some may be addresses at which
 SimProcedures are hooked.
- history.jumpkinds is a listing of the disposition of each of the control flow transitions in the state's history, as VEX enum strings.
- history.jump_guards is a listing of the conditions guarding each of the branches that the state has encountered.
- history.events is a semantic listing of "interesting events" which happened during execution, such as the
 presence of a symbolic jump condition, the program popping up a message box, or execution terminating with
 an exit code.
- history.actions is usually empty, but if you add the angr.options.refs options to the state, it will be populated with a log of all the memory, register, and temporary value accesses performed by the program.

The callstack plugin

angr will track the call stack for the emulated program. On every call instruction, a frame will be added to the top of the tracked callstack, and whenever the stack pointer drops below the point where the topmost frame was called, a frame is popped. This allows angr to robustly store data local to the current emulated function.

Similar to the history, the callstack is also a linked list of nodes, but there are no provided iterators over the contents of the nodes - instead you can directly iterate over state.callstack to get the callstack frames for each of the active frames, in order from most recent to oldest. If you just want the topmost frame, this is state.callstack.

- callstack.func_addr is the address of the function currently being executed
- callstack.call_site_addr is the address of the basic block which called the current function
- callstack.stack_ptr is the value of the stack pointer from the beginning of the current function
- callstack.ret_addr is the location that the current function will return to if it returns

3.4.7 More about I/O: Files, file systems, and network sockets

Please refer to Working with File System, Sockets, and Pipes for a more complete and detailed documentation of how I/O is modeled in angr.

3.4.8 Copying and Merging

A state supports very fast copies, so that you can explore different possibilities:

```
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> s = proj.factory.blank_state()
>>> s1 = s.copy()
>>> s2 = s.copy()
>>> s1.mem[0x1000].uint32_t = 0x41414141
>>> s2.mem[0x1000].uint32_t = 0x42424242
```

States can also be merged together.

```
# merge will return a tuple. the first element is the merged state
# the second element is a symbolic variable describing a state flag
# the third element is a boolean describing whether any merging was done
>>> (s_merged, m, anything_merged) = s1.merge(s2)
# this is now an expression that can resolve to "AAAA" *or* "BBBB"
>>> aaaa_or_bbbb = s_merged.mem[0x1000].uint32_t
```

Todo: describe limitations of merging

3.5 Simulation Managers

The most important control interface in angr is the SimulationManager, which allows you to control symbolic execution over groups of states simultaneously, applying search strategies to explore a program's state space. Here, you'll learn how to use it.

Simulation managers let you wrangle multiple states in a slick way. States are organized into "stashes", which you can step forward, filter, merge, and move around as you wish. This allows you to, for example, step two different stashes of states at different rates, then merge them together. The default stash for most operations is the active stash, which is where your states get put when you initialize a new simulation manager.

3.5.1 Stepping

The most basic capability of a simulation manager is to step forward all states in a given stash by one basic block. You do this with .step().

```
>>> import angr
>>> proj = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware', auto_load_libs=False)
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
>>> simgr = proj.factory.simgr(state)
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x400580>]
>>> simgr.step()
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x400540>]
```

Of course, the real power of the stash model is that when a state encounters a symbolic branch condition, both of the successor states appear in the stash, and you can step both of them in sync. When you don't really care about controlling analysis very carefully and you just want to step until there's nothing left to step, you can just use the .run() method.

```
# Step until the first symbolic branch
>>> while len(simgr.active) == 1:
... simgr.step()

>>> simgr
<SimulationManager with 2 active>
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x400692>, <SimState @ 0x400699>]

# Step until everything terminates
>>> simgr.run()
>>> simgr
<SimulationManager with 3 deadended>
```

We now have 3 deadended states! When a state fails to produce any successors during execution, for example, because it reached an exit syscall, it is removed from the active stash and placed in the deadended stash.

3.5.2 Stash Management

Let's see how to work with other stashes.

To move states between stashes, use .move(), which takes from_stash, to_stash, and filter_func (optional, default is to move everything). For example, let's move everything that has a certain string in its output:

We were able to just create a new stash named "authenticated" just by asking for states to be moved to it. All the states in this stash have "Welcome" in their stdout, which is a fine metric for now.

Each stash is just a list, and you can index into or iterate over the list to access each of the individual states, but there are some alternate methods to access the states too. If you prepend the name of a stash with one_, you will be given

the first state in the stash. If you prepend the name of a stash with mp_, you will be given a mulpyplexed version of the stash.

Of course, step, run, and any other method that operates on a single stash of paths can take a stash argument, specifying which stash to operate on.

There are lots of fun tools that the simulation manager provides you for managing your stashes. We won't go into the rest of them for now, but you should check out the API documentation. TODO: link

Stash types

You can use stashes for whatever you like, but there are a few stashes that will be used to categorize some special kinds of states. These are:

Stasl Description This stash contains the states that will be stepped by default, unless an alternate stash is specified. active dead- A state goes to the deadended stash when it cannot continue the execution for some reason, including no more ender valid instructions, unsat state of all of its successors, or an invalid instruction pointer. prune When using LAZY_SOLVES, states are not checked for satisfiability unless absolutely necessary. When a state is found to be unsat in the presence of LAZY_SOLVES, the state hierarchy is traversed to identify when, in its history, it initially became unsat. All states that are descendants of that point (which will also be unsat, since a state cannot become un-unsat) are pruned and put in this stash. If the save_unconstrained option is provided to the SimulationManager constructor, states that are deterunmined to be unconstrained (i.e., with the instruction pointer controlled by user data or some other source of strain symbolic data) are placed here. If the save_unsat option is provided to the SimulationManager constructor, states that are determined to be ununsatisfiable (i.e., they have constraints that are contradictory, like the input having to be both "AAAA" and "BBBB" at the same time) are placed here.

There is another list of states that is not a stash: errored. If, during execution, an error is raised, then the state will be wrapped in an ErrorRecord object, which contains the state and the error it raised, and then the record will be inserted into errored. You can get at the state as it was at the beginning of the execution tick that caused the error with record.state, you can see the error that was raised with record.error, and you can launch a debug shell at the site of the error with record.debug(). This is an invaluable debugging tool!

3.5.3 Simple Exploration

An extremely common operation in symbolic execution is to find a state that reaches a certain address, while discarding all states that go through another address. Simulation manager has a shortcut for this pattern, the .explore() method.

When launching .explore() with a find argument, execution will run until a state is found that matches the find condition, which can be the address of an instruction to stop at, a list of addresses to stop at, or a function which takes a state and returns whether it meets some criteria. When any of the states in the active stash match the find condition, they are placed in the found stash, and execution terminates. You can then explore the found state, or decide to discard it and continue with the other ones. You can also specify an avoid condition in the same format as find. When a state matches the avoid condition, it is put in the avoided stash, and execution continues. Finally, the num_find argument controls the number of states that should be found before returning, with a default of 1. Of course, if you run out of states in the active stash before finding this many solutions, execution will stop anyway.

Let's look at a simple crackme example <./examples.md#reverseme-modern-binary-exploitation—csci-4968>:

First, we load the binary.

```
>>> proj = angr.Project('examples/CSCI-4968-MBE/challenges/crackme0x00a/crackme0x00a')
```

Next, we create a SimulationManager.

```
>>> simgr = proj.factory.simgr()
```

Now, we symbolically execute until we find a state that matches our condition (i.e., the "win" condition).

```
>>> simgr.explore(find=lambda s: b"Congrats" in s.posix.dumps(1))
<SimulationManager with 1 active, 1 found>
```

Now, we can get the flag out of that state!

```
>>> s = simgr.found[0]
>>> print(s.posix.dumps(1))
Enter password: Congrats!
>>> flag = s.posix.dumps(0)
>>> print(flag)
g00dJ0B!
```

Pretty simple, isn't it?

Other examples can be found by browsing the examples.

Exploration Techniques

angr ships with several pieces of canned functionality that let you customize the behavior of a simulation manager, called *exploration techniques*. The archetypical example of why you would want an exploration technique is to modify the pattern in which the state space of the program is explored - the default "step everything at once" strategy is effectively breadth-first search, but with an exploration technique you could implement, for example, depth-first search. However, the instrumentation power of these techniques is much more flexible than that - you can totally alter the behavior of angr's stepping process. Writing your own exploration techniques will be covered in a later chapter.

To use an exploration technique, call simgr.use_technique(tech), where tech is an instance of an ExplorationTechnique subclass. angr's built-in exploration techniques can be found under angr.exploration_techniques.

Here's a quick overview of some of the built-in ones:

- DFS: Depth first search, as mentioned earlier. Keeps only one state active at once, putting the rest in the deferred stash until it deadends or errors.
- Explorer: This technique implements the .explore() functionality, allowing you to search for and avoid addresses.
- LengthLimiter: Puts a cap on the maximum length of the path a state goes through.
- LoopSeer: Uses a reasonable approximation of loop counting to discard states that appear to be going through a loop too many times, putting them in a spinning stash and pulling them out again if we run out of otherwise viable states.
- *ManualMergepoint*: Marks an address in the program as a merge point, so states that reach that address will be briefly held, and any other states that reach that same point within a timeout will be merged together.
- *MemoryWatcher*: Monitors how much memory is free/available on the system between simgr steps and stops exploration if it gets too low.
- Oppologist: The "operation apologist" is an especially fun gadget if this technique is enabled and angrencounters an unsupported instruction, for example a bizzare and foreign floating point SIMD op, it will concretize all the inputs to that instruction and emulate the single instruction using the unicorn engine, allowing execution to continue.
- *Spiller*: When there are too many states active, this technique can dump some of them to disk in order to keep memory consumption low.
- *Threading*: Adds thread-level parallelism to the stepping process. This doesn't help much because of Python's global interpreter locks, but if you have a program whose analysis spends a lot of time in angr's native-code dependencies (unicorn, z3, libvex) you can seem some gains.
- *Tracer*: An exploration technique that causes execution to follow a dynamic trace recorded from some other source. The dynamic tracer repository has some tools to generate those traces.
- *Veritesting*: An implementation of a CMU paper on automatically identifying useful merge points. This is so useful, you can enable it automatically with veritesting=True in the SimulationManager constructor! Note that it frequenly doesn't play nice with other techniques due to the invasive way it implements static symbolic execution.

Look at the API documentation for the *SimulationManager* and *ExplorationTechnique* classes for more information.

3.6 Simulation and Instrumentation

When you ask for a step of execution to happen in angr, something has to actually perform the step. angr uses a series of engines (subclasses of the SimEngine class) to emulate the effects that of a given section of code has on an input state. The execution core of angr simply tries all the available engines in sequence, taking the first one that is able to handle the step. The following is the default list of engines, in order:

- The failure engine kicks in when the previous step took us to some uncontinuable state
- The syscall engine kicks in when the previous step ended in a syscall
- The hook engine kicks in when the current address is hooked
- The unicorn engine kicks in when the UNICORN state option is enabled and there is no symbolic data in the state
- The VEX engine kicks in as the final fallback.

3.6.1 SimSuccessors

The code that actually tries all the engines in turn is project.factory.successors(state, **kwargs), which passes its arguments onto each of the engines. This function is at the heart of state.step() and simulation_manager.step(). It returns a SimSuccessors object, which we discussed briefly before. The purpose of SimSuccessors is to perform a simple categorization of the successor states, stored in various list attributes. They are:

At- tribut	Guard Con-	In- struc-	Description
	di- tion	tion Pointer	
succ	True (can be symbolic, but constraint to True)	Can be sym- bolic (but 256 so- lutions or less; see unconst	A normal, satisfiable successor state to the state processed by the engine. The instruction pointer of this state may be symbolic (i.e., a computed jump based on user input), so the state might actually represent <i>several</i> potential continuations of execution going forward.
unsa	False (can be symbolic, but constraint to False)	Can be symbolic.	Unsatisfiable successors. These are successors whose guard conditions can only be false (i.e., jumps that cannot be taken, or the default branch of jumps that <i>must</i> be taken).
flat	True (can be symbolic, but constraint to True).	Concrete value.	As noted above, states in the successors list can have symbolic instruction pointers. This is rather confusing, as elsewhere in the code (i.e., in SimEngineVEX.process, when it's time to step that state forward), we make assumptions that a single program state only represents the execution of a single spot in the code. To alleviate this, when we encounter states in successors with symbolic instruction pointers, we compute all possible concrete solutions (up to an arbitrary threshold of 256) for them, and make a copy of the state for each such solution. We call this process "flattening". These flat_successors are states, each of which has a different, concrete instruction pointer. For example, if the instruction pointer of a state in successors was $X+5$, where X had constraints of $X > 0x800000$ and $X <= 0x800010$, we would flatten it into 16 different flat_successors states, one with an instruction pointer of $0x800006$, one with $0x800007$, and so on until $0x8000015$.
	to True).	256 solutions).	During the flattening procedure described above, if it turns out that there are more than 256 possible solutions for the instruction pointer, we assume that the instruction pointer has been overwritten with unconstrained data (i.e., a stack overflow with user data). <i>This assumption is not sound in general</i> . Such states are placed in unconstrained_successors and not in successors.
all_	Any- thing	Can be symbolic.	This is successors + unsat_successors + unconstrained_successors.

3.6.2 Breakpoints

Todo: rewrite this to fix the narrative

Like any decent execution engine, angr supports breakpoints. This is pretty cool! A point is set as follows:

```
>>> import angr
>>> b = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware')

# get our state
>>> s = b.factory.entry_state()

# add a breakpoint. This breakpoint will drop into ipdb right before a memory write_
___happens.
>>> s.inspect.b('mem_write')

# on the other hand, we can have a breakpoint trigger right *after* a memory write_
___happens.
# we can also have a callback function run instead of opening ipdb.
>>> def debug_func(state):
... print("State %s is about to do a memory write!")
>>> s.inspect.b('mem_write', when=angr.BP_AFTER, action=debug_func)

# or, you can have it drop you in an embedded IPython!
>>> s.inspect.b('mem_write', when=angr.BP_AFTER, action=angr.BP_IPYTHON)
```

There are many other places to break than a memory write. Here is the list. You can break at BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER for each of these events.

Event type	Event meaning
mem_read	Memory is being read.
mem_write	Memory is being written.
ad-	A symbolic memory access is being resolved.
dress_concretization	
reg_read	A register is being read.
reg_write	A register is being written.
tmp_read	A temp is being read.
tmp_write	A temp is being written.
expr	An expression is being created (i.e., a result of an arithmetic operation or a constant in the IR).
statement	An IR statement is being translated.
instruction	A new (native) instruction is being translated.
irsb	A new basic block is being translated.
constraints	New constraints are being added to the state.
exit	A successor is being generated from execution.
fork	A symbolic execution state has forked into multiple states.
symbolic_variable	A new symbolic variable is being created.
call	A call instruction is hit.
return	A ret instruction is hit.
simprocedure	A simprocedure (or syscall) is executed.
dirty	A dirty IR callback is executed.
syscall	A syscall is executed (called in addition to the simprocedure event).
engine_process	A SimEngine is about to process some code.

These events expose different attributes:

Event type	Attribute name	Attribute availability	Attribute meaning
mem_read	mem_read_address	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The address at which memory is
mem_read	mem_read_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression at that address.
mem_read	mem_read_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the memory read.
mem_read	mem_read_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the memory rea
mem_write	mem_write_address	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The address at which memory is
mem_write	mem_write_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the memory write.
mem_write	mem_write_expr	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The expression that is being writ
mem_write	mem_write_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the memory wr
reg_read	reg_read_offset	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The offset of the register being re
reg_read	reg_read_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the register read.
reg_read	reg_read_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression in the register.
reg_read	reg_read_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the register read
reg_write	reg_write_offset	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The offset of the register being w
reg_write	reg_write_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the register write.
reg_write	reg_write_expr	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The expression that is being writ
reg_write	reg_write_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the register writ
tmp_read	tmp_read_num	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The number of the temp being re
tmp_read	tmp_read_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression of the temp.
tmp_write	tmp_write_num	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The number of the temp written.
tmp_write	tmp_write_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression written to the ten
expr	expr	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The IR expression.
expr	expr_result	BP_AFTER	The value (e.g. AST) which the

Event type Attribute name Attribute av	vailability Attribute meaning
statement statement BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The index of the IR statement (in
instruction instruction BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the native instruc
irsb address BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the basic block.
constraints added_constraints BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The list of constraint expressions
call function_address BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the function being of
exit exit_target BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The expression representing the
exit exit_guard BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The expression representing the
exit exit_jumpkind BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The expression representing the
symbolic_variable symbolic_name BP_AFTER	The name of the symbolic variate
symbolic_variable symbolic_size BP_AFTER	The size of the symbolic variable
symbolic_variable symbolic_expr BP_AFTER	The expression representing the
address_concretization address_concretization_strategy BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimConcretizationStrategy
address_concretization address_concretization_action BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimAction object being used
address_concretization address_concretization_memory BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimMemory object on whice
address_concretization address_concretization_expr BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The AST representing the memory
address_concretization address_concretization_add_constraints BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER Whether or not constraints shoul
address_concretization address_concretization_result BP_AFTER	The list of resolved memory add
syscall syscall_name BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the system call.
simprocedure simprocedure_name BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the simprocedure.
simprocedure simprocedure_addr BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the simprocedure
simprocedure simprocedure_result BP_AFTER	1
simprocedure simprocedure BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The actual SimProcedure object.
dirty dirty_name BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the dirty call.
dirty dirty_handler BP_BEFOR	RE The function that will be run to l
dirty dirty_args BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the dirty.
dirty dirty_result BP_AFTER	<u> </u>
engine_process sim_engine BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimEngine that is processing
engine_process successors BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimSuccessors object defini

These attributes can be accessed as members of state.inspect during the appropriate breakpoint callback to access the appropriate values. You can even modify these value to modify further uses of the values!

Additionally, each of these properties can be used as a keyword argument to inspect.b to make the breakpoint conditional:

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```
>>> s.inspect.b('instruction', when=angr.BP_AFTER, instruction=0x8000, mem_read_

--expr=0x1000)
```

Cool stuff! In fact, we can even specify a function as a condition:

That is some cool stuff!

Caution about mem_read breakpoint

The mem_read breakpoint gets triggered anytime there are memory reads by either the executing program or the binary analysis. If you are using breakpoint on mem_read and also using state.mem to load data from memory addresses, then know that the breakpoint will be fired as you are technically reading memory.

So if you want to load data from memory and not trigger any mem_read breakpoint you have had set up, then use state.memory.load with the keyword arguments disable_actions=True and inspect=False.

This is also true for state. find and you can use the same keyword arguments to prevent mem_read breakpoints from firing.

3.7 Analyses

angr's goal is to make it easy to carry out useful analyses on binary programs. To this end, angr allows you to package analysis code in a common format that can be easily applied to any project. We will cover writing your own analyses *Writing Analyses*, but the idea is that all the analyses appear under project.analyses (for example, project.analyses.CFGFast()) and can be called as functions, returning analysis result instances.

3.7.1 Built-in Analyses

Name	Description
CFGFast	Constructs a fast Control Flow Graph of the program
CFGEmu- lated	Constructs an accurate Control Flow Graph of the program
VFG	Performs VSA on every function of the program, creating a <i>Value Flow Graph</i> and detecting stack variables
DDG	Calculates a <i>Data Dependency Graph</i> , allowing one to determine what statements a given value depends on
Backward- Slice	Computes a Backward Slice of a program with respect to a certain target
Identifier	Identifies common library functions in CGC binaries
More!	angr has quite a few analyses, most of which work! If you'd like to know how to use one, please submit an issue requesting documentation.

3.7.2 Resilience

Analyses can be written to be resilient, and catch and log basically any error. These errors, depending on how they're caught, are logged to the errors or named_errors attribute of the analysis. However, you might want to run an analysis in "fail fast" mode, so that errors are not handled. To do this, the argument fail_fast=True can be passed into the analysis constructor.

3.8 Symbolic Execution

Symbolic execution allows at a time in emulation to determine for a branch all conditions necessary to take a branch or not. Every variable is represented as a symbolic value, and each branch as a constraint. Thus, symbolic execution allows us to see which conditions allows the program to go from a point A to a point B, by resolving the constraints.

If you've read this far, you can see how the components of angr work together to make this possible. Read on to learn about how to make the leap from tools to results.

Todo: A real introduction to the concept of symbolic execution.

3.9 A final word of advice

Congratulations! If you've read this far through the book (editor's note: this comment only really applies when we've actually finished writing all the TODOs so far) then you've been introduced to all the fundamental components of angr necessary to get started with binary analysis.

Ultimately, angr is just an emulator. It is a highly instrumentable and very unique emulator with lots of considerations for environment, true, but at its core, the work you do with angr is about extracting knowledge about how a bunch of bytecode behaves on a CPU. In designing angr, we've tried to provide you with the tools and abstractions on top of this emulator to make certain common tasks more useful, but there's no problem you can't solve just by working with a SimState and observing the affects of .step().

As you read further into this book, we'll describe more technical subjects and how to tune angr's behavior for complicated scenarios. This knowledge should inform your use of angr so you can take the quickest path to a solution to any

given problem, but ultimately, you will want to solve problems by exercising creativity with the tools at your disposal. If you can take a problem and wrangle it into a form where it has defined and tractable inputs and outputs, you can absolutely use angr to achieve your goals, given that these goals involve analyzing binaries. None of the abstractions or instrumentations we provide are the end-all of how to use angr for a given task - angr is designed so it can be used in as integrated or as ad-hoc of a manner as you desire. If you see a path from problem to solution, take it.

Of course, it's very difficult to become well-acquainted with such a huge piece of technology as angr. To this end you can absolutely lean on the community (through the angr slack is the best option) to discuss angr and solving problems with it.

Good luck!

CHAPTER

FOUR

BUILD-IN ANALYSES

4.1 Control-flow Graph Recovery (CFG)

angr includes analyses to recover the control-flow graph of a binary program. This also includes recovery of function boundaries, as well as reasoning about indirect jumps and other useful metadata.

4.1.1 General ideas

A basic analysis that one might carry out on a binary is a Control Flow Graph. A CFG is a graph with (conceptually) basic blocks as nodes and jumps/calls/rets/etc as edges.

In angr, there are two types of CFG that can be generated: a static CFG (CFGFast) and a dynamic CFG (CFGEmulated).

CFGFast uses static analysis to generate a CFG. It is significantly faster, but is theoretically bounded by the fact that some control-flow transitions can only be resolved at execution-time. This is the same sort of CFG analysis performed by other popular reverse-engineering tools, and its results are comparable with their output.

CFGEmulated uses symbolic execution to capture the CFG. While it is theoretically more accurate, it is dramatically slower. It is also typically less complete, due to issues with the accuracy of emulation (system calls, missing hardware features, and so on)

If you are unsure which CFG to use, or are having problems with CFGEmulated, try CFGFast first.

A CFG can be constructed by doing:

```
>>> import angr
# load your project
>>> p = angr.Project('/bin/true', load_options={'auto_load_libs': False})

# Generate a static CFG
>>> cfg = p.analyses.CFGFast()

# generate a dynamic CFG
>>> cfg = p.analyses.CFGEmulated(keep_state=True)
```

4.1.2 Using the CFG

The CFG, at its core, is a NetworkX di-graph. This means that all of the normal NetworkX APIs are available:

```
>>> print("This is the graph:", cfg.graph)
>>> print("It has %d nodes and %d edges" % (len(cfg.graph.nodes()), len(cfg.graph.

deges())))
```

The nodes of the CFG graph are instances of class CFGNode. Due to context sensitivity, a given basic block can have multiple nodes in the graph (for multiple contexts).

```
# this grabs *any* node at a given location:
>>> entry_node = cfg.get_any_node(p.entry)

# on the other hand, this grabs all of the nodes
>>> print("There were %d contexts for the entry block" % len(cfg.get_all_nodes(p.entry)))

# we can also look up predecessors and successors
>>> print("Predecessors of the entry point:", entry_node.predecessors)
>>> print("Successors of the entry point:", entry_node.successors)
>>> print("Successors (and type of jump) of the entry point:", [ jumpkind + " to " +____
-str(node.addr) for node,jumpkind in cfg.get_successors_and_jumpkind(entry_node) ])
```

Viewing the CFG

Control-flow graph rendering is a hard problem. angr does not provide any built-in mechanism for rendering the output of a CFG analysis, and attempting to use a traditional graph rendering library, like matplotlib, will result in an unusable image.

One solution for viewing angr CFGs is found in axt's angr-utils repository.

4.1.3 Shared Libraries

The CFG analysis does not distinguish between code from different binary objects. This means that by default, it will try to analyze control flow through loaded shared libraries. This is almost never intended behavior, since this will extend the analysis time to several days, probably. To load a binary without shared libraries, add the following keyword argument to the Project constructor: load_options={'auto_load_libs': False}

4.1.4 Function Manager

The CFG result produces an object called the *Function Manager*, accessible through cfg.kb.functions. The most common use case for this object is to access it like a dictionary. It maps addresses to Function objects, which can tell you properties about a function.

```
>>> entry_func = cfg.kb.functions[p.entry]
```

Functions have several important properties!

- entry_func.block_addrs is a set of addresses at which basic blocks belonging to the function begin.
- entry_func.blocks is the set of basic blocks belonging to the function, that you can explore and disassemble using capstone.

- entry_func.string_references() returns a list of all the constant strings that were referred to at any point in the function. They are formatted as (addr, string) tuples, where addr is the address in the binary's data section the string lives, and string is a Python string that contains the value of the string.
- entry_func.returning is a boolean value signifying whether or not the function can return. False indicates that all paths do not return.
- entry_func.callable is an angr Callable object referring to this function. You can call it like a Python function with Python arguments and get back an actual result (may be symbolic) as if you ran the function with those arguments!
- entry_func.transition_graph is a NetworkX DiGraph describing control flow within the function itself. It resembles the control-flow graphs IDA displays on a per-function level.
- entry_func.name is the name of the function.
- entry_func.has_unresolved_calls and entry.has_unresolved_jumps have to do with detecting imprecision within the CFG. Sometimes, the analysis cannot detect what the possible target of an indirect call or jump could be. If this occurs within a function, that function will have the appropriate has_unresolved_* value set to True.
- entry_func.get_call_sites() returns a list of all the addresses of basic blocks which end in calls out to
 other functions.
- entry_func.get_call_target(callsite_addr) will, given callsite_addr from the list of call site addresses, return where that callsite will call out to.
- entry_func.get_call_return(callsite_addr) will, given callsite_addr from the list of call site addresses, return where that callsite should return to.

and many more!

4.1.5 CFGFast details

CFGFast performs a static control-flow and function recovery. Starting with the entry point (or any user-defined points) roughly the following procedure is performed:

- 1) The basic block is lifted to VEX IR, and all its exits (jumps, calls, returns, or continuation to the next block) are collected
- 2) For each exit, if this exit is a constant address, we add an edge to the CFG of the correct type, and add the destination block to the set of blocks to be analyzed.
- 3) In the event of a function call, the destination block is also considered the start of a new function. If the target function is known to return, the block after the call is also analyzed.
- 4) In the event of a return, the current function is marked as returning, and the appropriate edges in the callgraph and CFG are updated.
- 5) For all indirect jumps (block exits with a non-constant destination) Indirect Jump Resolution is performed.

Finding function starts

CFGFast supports multiple ways of deciding where a function starts and ends.

First the binary's main entry point will be analyzed. For binaries with symbols (e.g., non-stripped ELF and PE binaries) all function symbols will be used as possible starting points. For binaries without symbols, such as stripped binaries, or binaries loaded using the blob loader backend, CFG will scan the binary for a set of function prologues defined for the binary's architecture. Finally, by default, the binary's entire code section will be scanned for executable contents, regardless of prologues or symbols.

In addition to these, as with CFGEmulated, function starts will also be considered when they are the target of a "call" instruction on the given architecture.

All of these options can be disabled

FakeRets and function returns

When a function call is observed, we first assume that the callee function eventually returns, and treat the block after it as part of the caller function. This inferred control-flow edge is known as a "FakeRet". If, in analyzing the callee, we find this not to be true, we update the CFG, removing this "FakeRet", and updating the callgraph and function blocks accordingly. As such, the CFG is recovered *twice*. In doing this, the set of blocks in each function, and whether the function returns, can be recovered and propagated directly.

Indirect Jump Resolution

Options

These are the most useful options when working with CFGFast:

Option	Description
force_complete_	(Default: True) Treat the entire binary as code for the purposes of function detection. If you have a blob (e.g., mixed code and data) <i>you want to turn this off.</i>
func- tion_starts	A list of addresses, to use as entry points into the analysis.
normalize	(Default: False) Normalize the resulting functions (e.g., each basic block belongs to at most one function, back-edges point to the start of basic blocks)
	(Default: True) Perform additional analysis to attempt to find targets for every indirect jump found during CFG creation.
more!	Examine the docstring on p.analyses.CFGFast for more up-to-date options

4.1.6 CFGEmulated details

Options

The most common options for CFGEmulated include:

Option	Description
con-	This sets the context sensitivity level of the analysis. See the context sensitivity level section
text_sensitivity_level	below for more information. This is 1 by default.
starts	A list of addresses, to use as entry points into the analysis.
avoid_runs	A list of addresses to ignore in the analysis.
call_depth	Limit the depth of the analysis to some number calls. This is useful for checking which
	functions a specific function can directly jump to (by setting call_depth to 1).
initial_state	An initial state can be provided to the CFG, which it will use throughout its analysis.
keep_state	To save memory, the state at each basic block is discarded by default. If keep_state is True,
	the state is saved in the CFGNode.
en-	Whether to enable an intensive technique for resolving indirect jumps
able_symbolic_back_	
en-	Whether to enable another intensive technique for resolving direct jumps
able_advanced_backv	
more!	Examine the docstring on p.analyses.CFGEmulated for more up-to-date options

Context Sensitivity Level

angr constructs a CFG by executing every basic block and seeing where it goes. This introduces some challenges: a basic block can act differently in different *contexts*. For example, if a block ends in a function return, the target of that return will be different, depending on different callers of the function containing that basic block.

The context sensitivity level is, conceptually, the number of such callers to keep on the callstack. To explain this concept, let's look at the following code:

```
void error(char *error)
{
    puts(error);
}
void alpha()
    puts("alpha");
    error("alpha!");
}
void beta()
    puts("beta");
    error("beta!");
}
void main()
{
    alpha();
    beta();
}
```

The above sample has four call chains: main>alpha>puts, main>alpha>error>puts and main>beta>puts, and main>beta>error>puts. While, in this case, angr can probably execute both call chains, this becomes unfeasible for larger binaries. Thus, angr executes the blocks with states limited by the context sensitivity level. That is, each function is re-analyzed for each unique context that it is called in.

For example, the puts() function above will be analyzed with the following contexts, given different context sensitivity levels:

Level	Meaning	Contexts		
0	Callee-only	puts		
1	One caller, plus callee	alpha>puts beta>puts error>puts		
2	Two callers, plus callee	alpha>error>puts main>alpha>puts beta>error>puts main>beta>puts		
3	Three callers, plus callee	<pre>main>alpha>error>puts main>alpha>puts main>beta>error>puts main>beta>puts</pre>		

The upside of increasing the context sensitivity level is that more information can be gleaned from the CFG. For example, with context sensitivity of 1, the CFG will show that, when called from alpha, puts returns to alpha, when called from error, puts returns to error, and so forth. With context sensitivity of 0, the CFG simply shows that puts returns to alpha, beta, and error. This, specifically, is the context sensitivity level used in IDA. The downside of increasing the context sensitivity level is that it exponentially increases the analysis time.

4.2 Backward Slicing

A *program slice* is a subset of statements that is obtained from the original program, usually by removing zero or more statements. Slicing is often helpful in debugging and program understanding. For instance, it's usually easier to locate the source of a variable on a program slice.

A backward slice is constructed from a target in the program, and all data flows in this slice end at the target.

angr has a built-in analysis, called BackwardSlice, to construct a backward program slice. This section will act as a how-to for angr's BackwardSlice analysis, and followed by some in-depth discussion over the implementation choices and limitations.

4.2.1 First Step First

To build a BackwardSlice, you will need the following information as input.

- **Required** CFG. A control flow graph (CFG) of the program. This CFG must be an accurate CFG (CFGEmulated).
- Required Target, which is the final destination that your backward slice terminates at.
- **Optional** CDG. A control dependence graph (CDG) derived from the CFG. angr has a built-in analysis CDG for that purpose.
- **Optional** DDG. A data dependence graph (DDG) built on top of the CFG. angr has a built-in analysis DDG for that purpose.

A BackwardSlice can be constructed with the following code:

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```
# - keep all input states by specifying keep_state=True.
# - store memory, register and temporary values accesses by adding the angr.options.refs_
→option set.
# Feel free to provide more parameters (for example, context_sensitivity_level) for CFG
# recovery based on your needs.
>>> cfg = b.analyses.CFGEmulated(keep_state=True,
                                 state_add_options=angr.sim_options.refs,
                                 context_sensitivity_level=2)
. . .
# Generate the control dependence graph
>>> cdg = b.analyses.CDG(cfg)
# Build the data dependence graph. It might take a while. Be patient!
>>> ddg = b.analyses.DDG(cfg)
# See where we wanna go... let's go to the exit() call, which is modeled as a
# SimProcedure.
>>> target_func = cfg.kb.functions.function(name="exit")
# We need the CFGNode instance
>>> target_node = cfg.get_any_node(target_func.addr)
# Let's get a BackwardSlice out of them!
# ``targets`` is a list of objects, where each one is either a CodeLocation
# object, or a tuple of CFGNode instance and a statement ID. Setting statement
# ID to -1 means the very beginning of that CFGNode. A SimProcedure does not
# have any statement, so you should always specify -1 for it.
>>> bs = b.analyses.BackwardSlice(cfg, cdg=cdg, ddg=ddg, targets=[ (target_node, -1) ])
# Here is our awesome program slice!
>>> print(bs)
```

Sometimes it's difficult to get a data dependence graph, or you may simply want build a program slice on top of a CFG. That's basically why DDG is an optional parameter. You can build a BackwardSlice solely based on CFG by doing:

```
>>> bs = b.analyses.BackwardSlice(cfg, control_flow_slice=True)
BackwardSlice (to [(<CFGNode exit (0x10000a0) [0]>, -1)])
```

4.2.2 Using The BackwardSlice Object

Before you go ahead and use BackwardSlice object, you should notice that the design of this class is fairly arbitrary right now, and it is still subject to change in the near future. We'll try our best to keep this documentation up-to-date.

Members

After construction, a BackwardSlice has the following members which describe a program slice:

Member	Mode	Meaning
runs_in_slice	CFG- only	A networkx.DiGraph instance showing addresses of blocks and SimProcedures in the program slice, as well as transitions between them
cfg_nodes_in_	CFG- only	A networkx.DiGraph instance showing CFGNodes in the program slice and transitions in between
cho- sen_statement	With DDG	A dict mapping basic block addresses to lists of statement IDs that are part of the program slice
cho- sen_exits	With DDG	A dict mapping basic block addresses to a list of "exits". Each exit in the list is a valid transition in the program slice

Each "exit" in chosen_exit is a tuple including a statement ID and a list of target addresses. For example, an "exit" might look like the following:

```
(35, [ 0x400020 ])
```

If the "exit" is the default exit of a basic block, it'll look like the following:

```
("default", [ 0x400085 ])
```

Export an Annotated Control Flow Graph

User-friendly Representation

Take a look at BackwardSlice.dbg_repr()!

4.2.3 Implementation Choices

4.2.4 Limitations

Completeness

Soundness

4.3 Identifier

The identifier uses test cases to identify common library functions in CGC binaries. It prefilters by finding some basic information about stack variables/arguments. The information of about stack variables can be generally useful in other projects.

```
# get all the matches
>>> p = angr.Project("../binaries/tests/i386/identifiable")
# note analysis is executed via the Identifier call
>>> idfer = p.analyses.Identifier()
```

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```
>>> for funcInfo in idfer.func_info:
       print(hex(funcInfo.addr), funcInfo.name)
0x8048e60 memcmp
0x8048ef0 memcpy
0x8048f60 memmove
0x8049030 memset
0x8049320 fdprintf
0x8049a70 sprintf
0x8049f40 strcasecmp
0x804a0f0 strcmp
0x804a190 strcpy
0x804a260 strlen
0x804a3d0 strncmp
0x804a620 strtol
0x804aa00 strtol
0x80485b0 free
0x804aab0 free
0x804aad0 free
0x8048660 malloc
0x80485b0 free
```

4.3. Identifier 59

4.4 angr Decompiler

4.4.1 Analysis Passes

Name	Description	Sub-analysis
CFG recovery	Recover the control flow graph.	Indirect branch resolving
Indirect branch re-	Resolve the targets of indirect branches.	Jump table resolving
solving		
Removing align-		
ment blocks		
Calling convention recovery		
Stack pointer	Determine values of stack pointer at each	
analysis	instruction.	
IR Lifting	Lift the original representation to AIL,	
C	block by block.	
AIL graph build-		
ing		
Rewriting single-	Replace single-target indirect branches	
target indirect	with direct branches.	
branches Making return	Convert Ijk_Ret jump kinds into AIL Re-	
statements	turn statements.	
Simplifying AIL	Simplify each AIL block.	Constant folding, copy propagation, dead assign-
blocks		ment elimination, peephole optimizations
Reaching defini-		
tion analysis		
Constant folding		
Copy propagation		
Dead assignment		
elimination Peephole opti-		
mizations opti-		
Simplifying AIL	Simplify the entire AIL function.	Assignment expression folding, unifying local
function	•	variables, call expression folding, reaching def-
		inition analysis
Assignment ex-	Eliminate variables that are assigned to	Copy propagation
pression folding	once and used once.	
Unifying local variables	Find local variables that are always equiv-	Copy propagation
Call expression	alent and eliminate redundant copies. Fold call expressions into the variable	Copy propagation
folding	where its return value is stored.	Copy propagation
Call site building	Apply calling conventions to each call site	Reaching definition analysis
C	and rewrite call statements to ones with ar-	,
	guments	
Variable recovery	Identify local and global variables.	
Variable type in-	Collect type constraints and infer variable	
ference	types.	
Simplification		
passes Region identifica-	Identify single-entry, single-exit regions.	
tion	zamarj omgre ena j, omgre ent regions.	
Structure analysis	Structure each identified region to create	
4,4. angr Decomp	high-level control flow structures.	61

4.4. angr Decompiler Code generation

CHAPTER

FIVE

ADVANCED TOPICS

5.1 Gotchas when using angr

This section contains a list of gotchas that users/victims of angr frequently run into.

5.1.1 SimProcedure inaccuracy

To make symbolic execution more tractable, angr replaces common library functions with summaries written in Python. We call these summaries SimProcedures. SimProcedures allow us to mitigate path explosion that would otherwise be introduced by, for example, strlen running on a symbolic string.

Unfortunately, our SimProcedures are far from perfect. If angr is displaying unexpected behavior, it might be caused by a buggy/incomplete SimProcedure. There are several things that you can do:

- 1. Disable the SimProcedure (you can exclude specific SimProcedures by passing options to the *angr.Project* class. This has the drawback of likely leading to a path explosion, unless you are very careful about constraining the input to the function in question. The path explosion can be partially mitigated with other angr capabilities (such as Veritesting).
- 2. Replace the SimProcedure with something written directly to the situation in question. For example, our scanf implementation is not complete, but if you just need to support a single, known format string, you can write a hook to do exactly that.
- 3. Fix the SimProcedure.

5.1.2 Unsupported syscalls

System calls are also implemented as SimProcedures. Unfortunately, there are system calls that we have not yet implemented in angr. There are several workarounds for an unsupported system call:

1. Implement the system call.

Todo: document this process

- 2. Hook the callsite of the system call (using project.hook) to make the required modifications to the state in an ad-hoc way.
- 3. Use the state.posix.queued_syscall_returns list to queue syscall return values. If a return value is queued, the system call will not be executed, and the value will be used instead. Furthermore, a function can be queued instead as the "return value", which will result in that function being applied to the state when the system call is triggered.

5.1.3 Symbolic memory model

The default memory model used by angr is inspired by Mayhem. This memory model supports limited symbolic reads and writes. If the memory index of a read is symbolic and the range of possible values of this index is too wide, the index is concretized to a single value. If the memory index of a write is symbolic at all, the index is concretized to a single value. This is configurable by changing the memory concretization strategies of state.memory.

5.1.4 Symbolic lengths

SimProcedures, and especially system calls such as read() and write() might run into a situation where the *length* of a buffer is symbolic. In general, this is handled very poorly: in many cases, this length will end up being concretized outright or retroactively concretized in later steps of execution. Even in cases when it is not, the source or destination file might end up looking a bit "weird".

5.1.5 Division by Zero

Z3 has some issues with divisions by zero. For example:

```
>>> z = z3.Solver()
>>> a = z3.BitVec('a', 32)
>>> b = z3.BitVec('b', 32)
>>> c = z3.BitVec('c', 32)
>>> z.add(a/b == c)
>>> z.add(b == 0)
>>> z.check()
>>> print(z.model().eval(b), z.model().eval(a/b))
0 4294967295
```

This makes it very difficult to handle certain situations in Claripy. We post-process the VEX IR itself to explicitly check for zero-divisions and create IRSB side-exits corresponding to the exceptional case, but SimProcedures and custom analysis code may let occurrences of zero divisions split through, which will then cause weird issues in your analysis. Be safe — when dividing, add a constraint against the denominator being zero.

5.2 Understanding the Execution Pipeline

If you've made it this far you know that at its core, angr is a highly flexible and intensely instrumentable emulator. In order to get the most mileage out of it, you'll want to know what happens at every step of the way when you say simgr.run().

This is intended to be a more advanced document; you'll need to understand the function and intent of SimulationManager, ExplorationTechnique, SimState, and SimEngine in order to understand what we're talking about at times! You may want to have the angr source open to follow along with this.

At every step along the way, each function will take **kwargs and pass them along to the next function in the hierarchy, so you can pass parameters to any point in the hierarchy and they will trickle down to everything below.

5.2.1 Simulation Managers

So you've set your analysis in motion. Time to begin our journey.

run()

SimulationManager.run() takes several optional parameters, all of which control when to break out of the stepping loop. Notably, n, and until. n is used immediately - the run function loops, calling the step() function and passing on all its parameters until either n steps have happened or some other termination condition has occurred. If n is not provided, it defaults to 1, unless an until function is provided, in which case there will be no numerical cap on the loop. Additionally, the stash that is being used is taken into consideration, as if it becomes empty execution must terminate.

So, in summary, when you call run(), step() will be called in a loop until any of the following:

- 1. The n number of steps have elapsed
- 2. The until function returns true
- 3. The exploration techniques complete() hooks (combined via the SimulationManager.completion_mode parameter/attribute it is by default the any builtin function but can be changed to all for example) indicate that the analysis is complete
- 4. The stash being executed becomes empty

An aside: explore()

SimulationManager.explore() is a very thin wrapper around run() which adds the Explorer exploration technique, since performing one-off explorations is a very common action. Its code in its entirety is below:

```
num_find += len(self._stashes[find_stash]) if find_stash in self._stashes else 0
tech = self.use_technique(Explorer(find, avoid, find_stash, avoid_stash, cfg, num_find))

try:
    self.run(stash=stash, n=n, **kwargs)
finally:
    self.remove_technique(tech)

return self
```

Exploration technique hooking

From here down, every function in the simulation manager can be instrumented by an exploration technique. The exact mechanism through which this works is that when you call SimulationManager.use_technique(), angr monkeypatches the simulation manager to replace any function implemented in the exploration technique's body with a function which will first call the exploration technique's function, and then on the second call will call the original function. This is somewhat messy to implement and certainly not thread safe by any means, but does produce a clean and powerful interface for exploration techniques to instrument stepping behavior, either before or after the original function is called, even choosing whether or not to call the original function whatsoever. Additionally, it allows multiple exploration techniques to hook the same function, as the monkeypatched function simply becomes the "original" function for the next-applied hook.

step()

There is a lot of complicated logic in step() to handle degenerate cases - mostly implementing the population of the deadended stash, the save_unsat option, and calling the filter() exploration technique hooks. Beyond this, though, most of the logic is looping through the stash specified by the stash argument and calling step_state() on each state, then applying the dict result of step_state() to the stash list. Finally, if the step_func parameter is provided, it is called with the simulation manager as a parameter before the step ends.

step_state()

The default step_state(), which can be overridden or instrumented by exploration techniques, is also simple - it calls successors(), which returns a SimSuccessors object, and then translates it into a dict mapping stash names to new states which should be added to that stash. It also implements error handling - if successors() throws an error, it will be caught and an ErrorRecord will be inserted into SimulationManager.errored.

successors()

We've almost made it out of SimulationManager. successors(), which can also be instrumented by exploration techniques, is supposed to take a state and step it forward, returning a SimSuccessors object categorizing its successors independently of any stash logic. If the successor_func parameter was provided, it is used and its return value is returned directly. If this parameter was not provided, we use the project.factory.successors method to tick the state forward and get our SimSuccessors.

5.2.2 The Engine

When we get to the actual successors generation, we need to figure out how to actually perform the execution. Hopefully, the angr documentation has been organized in a way such that by the time you reach this page, you know that a SimEngine is a device that knows how to take a state and produce its successors. There is only one "default engine" per project, but you can provide the engine parameter to specify which engine will be used to perform the step.

Keep in mind that this parameter can be provided way at the top, to .step(), .explore(), .run() or anything else that starts execution, and they will be filtered down to this level. Any additional parameters will continue being passed down, until they reach the part of the engine they are intended for. The engine will discard any parameters it doesn't understand.

Generally, the main entry point of an engine is SimEngine.process(), which can return whatever result it likes, but for simulation managers, engines are required to use SuccessorsMixin, which provides a process() method, which creates a SimSuccessors object and then calls process_successors() so that other mixins can fill it out.

angr's default engine, the UberEngine, contains several mixins which provide the process_successors() method:

- SimEngineFailure handles stepping states with degenerate jumpkinds
- SimEngineSyscall handles stepping states which have performed a syscall and need it executed
- HooksMixin handles stepping states which have reached a hooked address and need the hook executed
- SimEngineUnicorn executes machine code via the unicorn engine
- SootMixin executes java bytecode via the SOOT IR
- HeavyVEXMixin executes machine code via the VEX IR

Each of these mixins is implemented to fill out the SimSuccessors object if they can handle the current state, otherwise they call super() to pass the job on to the next class in the stack.

5.2.3 Engine mixins

SimEngineFailure handles error cases. It is only used when the previous jumpkind is one of Ijk_EmFail, Ijk_MapFail, Ijk_Sig*, Ijk_NoDecode (but only if the address is not hooked), or Ijk_Exit. In the first four cases, its action is to raise an exception. In the last case, its action is to simply produce no successors.

SimEngineSyscall services syscalls. It is used when the previous jumpkind is anything of the form Ijk_Sys*. It works by making a call into SimOS to retrieve the SimProcedure that should be run to respond to this syscall, and then running it! Pretty simple.

HooksMixin provides the hooking functionality in angr. It is used when a state is at an address that is hooked, and the previous jumpkind is *not* Ijk_NoHook. It simply looks up the associated SimProcedure and runs it on the state! It also takes the parameter procedure, which will cause the given procedure to be run for the current step even if the address is not hooked.

SimEngineUnicorn performs concrete execution with the Unicorn Engine. It is used when the state option o .UNICORN is enabled, and a myriad of other conditions designed for maximum efficiency (described below) are met.

SootMixin performs execution over the SOOT IR. Not very important unless you are analyzing java bytecode, in which case it is very important.

SimEngineVEX is the big fellow. It is used whenever any of the previous can't be used. It attempts to lift bytes from the current address into an IRSB, and then executes that IRSB symbolically. There are a huge number of parameters that can control this process, so it is best to reference the API doc for angr.engines.vex.engine.SimEngineVEX.process() describing them.

The exact process by which SimEngineVEX digs into an IRSB is a little complicated, but essentially it runs all the block's statements in order. This code is worth reading if you want to see the true inner core of angr's symbolic execution.

5.2.4 When using Unicorn Engine

If you add the o.UNICORN state option, at every step SimEngineUnicorn will be invoked, and try to see if it is allowed to use Unicorn to execute concretely.

What you REALLY want to do is to add the predefined set o.unicorn (lowercase) of options to your state:

These will enable some additional functionalities and defaults which will greatly enhance your experience. Additionally, there are a lot of options you can tune on the state.unicorn plugin.

A good way to understand how unicorn works is by examining the logging output (logging.getLogger('angr.engines.unicorn_engine').setLevel('DEBUG'); logging.getLogger('angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine').setLevel('DEBUG') from a sample run of unicorn.

Here, angr diverts to unicorn engine, beginning with the basic block at 0x4012f9. The maximum step count is set to 1000000, so if execution stays in Unicorn for 1000000 blocks, it'll automatically pop out. This is to avoid hanging in an infinite loop. The block count is configurable via the state.unicorn.max_steps variable.

angr performs lazy mapping of data that is accessed by unicorn engine, as it is accessed. 0x401000 is the page of instructions that it is executing, 0x7fffffffffe0000 is the stack, and so on. Some of these pages are symbolic, meaning that they contain at least some data that, when accessed, will cause execution to abort out of Unicorn.

```
INFO | 2017-02-25 08:19:48,037 | angr.state_plugins.unicorn | finished emulation at 

∴0x7000080 after 3 steps: STOP_STOPPOINT
```

Execution stays in Unicorn for 3 basic blocks (a computational waste, considering the required setup), after which it reaches a simprocedure location and jumps out to execute the simproc in angr.

After the simprocedure, execution jumps back into Unicorn.

Execution bounces out of Unicorn almost right away because the binary accessed the zero-page.

```
INFO | 2017-02-25 08:19:48,120 | angr.engines.unicorn_engine | not enough runs since... clast unicorn (100)
INFO | 2017-02-25 08:19:48,125 | angr.engines.unicorn_engine | not enough runs since... clast unicorn (99)
```

To avoid thrashing in and out of Unicorn (which is expensive), we have cooldowns (attributes of the state.unicorn plugin) that wait for certain conditions to hold (i.e., no symbolic memory accesses for X blocks) before jumping back into unicorn when a unicorn run is aborted due to anything but a simprocedure or syscall. Here, the condition it's waiting for is for 100 blocks to be executed before jumping back in.

5.3 What's Up With Mixins, Anyway?

If you are trying to work more intently with the deeper parts of angr, you will need to understand one of the design patterns we use frequently: the mixin pattern.

In brief, the mixin pattern is where Python's subclassing features is used not to implement IS-A relationships (a Child is a kind of Person) but instead to implement pieces of functionality for a type in different classes to make more modular and maintainable code. Here's an example of the mixin pattern in action:

```
class Base:
    def add_one(self, v):
        return v + 1
class StringsMixin(Base):
    def add_one(self, v):
        coerce = type(v) is str
        if coerce:
            v = int(v)
        result = super().add_one(v)
        if coerce:
            result = str(result)
        return result
class ArraysMixin(Base):
    def add_one(self, v):
        if type(v) is list:
            return [super().add_one(v_x) for v_x in v]
        else:
            return super().add_one(v)
class FinalClass(ArraysMixin, StringsMixin, Base):
    pass
```

With this construction, we are able to define a very simple interface in the Base class, and by "mixing in" two mixins, we can create the FinalClass which has the same interface but with additional features. This is accomplished through Python's powerful multiple inheritance model, which handles method dispatch by creating a *method resolution order*, or MRO, which is unsuprisingly a list which determines the order in which methods are called as execution proceeds through super() calls. You can view a class' MRO as such:

```
FinalClass.__mro__

(FinalClass, ArraysMixin, StringsMixin, Base, object)
```

This means that when we take an instance of FinalClass and call add_one(), Python first checks to see if FinalClass defines an add_one, and then ArraysMixin, and so on and so forth. Furthermore, when ArraysMixin calls super().add_one(), Python will skip past ArraysMixin in the MRO, first checking if StringsMixin defines an add_one, and so forth.

Because multiple inheritance can create strange dependency graphs in the subclass relationship, there are rules for generating the MRO and for determining if a given mix of mixins is even allowed. This is important to understand when building complex classes with many mixins which have dependencies on each other. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A. If

there is any case in which the MRO would be ambiguous, the class construction is illegal and will throw an exception at import time.

This is complicated! If you find yourself confused, the canonical document explaining the rationale, history, and mechanics of Python's multiple inheritence can be found here.

5.3.1 Mixins in Claripy Solvers

Todo: Write this section

5.3.2 Mixins in angr Engines

The main entry point to a SimEngine is process(), but how do we determine what that does?

The mixin model is used in SimEngine and friends in order to allow pieces of functionality to be reused between static and symbolic analyses. The default engine, UberEngine, is defined as follows:

```
class UberEngine(SimEngineFailure,
    SimEngineSyscall,
    HooksMixin,
    SimEngineUnicorn,
    SuperFastpathMixin,
    TrackActionsMixin,
    SimInspectMixin,
    HeavyResilienceMixin,
    SootMixin,
    HeavyVEXMixin
):
    pass
```

Each of these mixins provides either execution through a different medium or some additional instrumentation feature. Though they are not listed here explicitly, there are some base classes implicit to this hierarchy which set up the way this class is traversed. Most of these mixins inherit from SuccessorsMixin, which is what provides the basic process() implementation. This function sets up the SimSuccessors for the rest of the mixins to fill in, and then calls process_successors(), which each of the mixins which provide some mode of execution implement. If the mixin can handle the step, it does so and returns, otherwise it calls super().process_successors(). In this way, the MRO for the engine class determines what the order of precedence for the engine's pieces is.

HeavyVEXMixin and friends

Let's take a closer look at the last mixin, HeavyVEXMixin. If you look at the module hierarchy of the angr engines submodule, you will see that the vex submodule has a lot of pieces in it which are organized by how tightly tied to particular state types or data types they are. The heavy VEX mixin is one version of the culmination of all of these. Let's look at its definition:

```
class HeavyVEXMixin(SuccessorsMixin, ClaripyDataMixin, SimStateStorageMixin, VEXMixin, 

→VEXLifter):

...
# a WHOLE lot of implementation
```

So, the heavy VEX mixin is meant to provide fully instrumented symbolic execution on a SimState. What does this entail? The mixins tell the tale.

First, the plain VEXMixin. This mixin is designed to provide the barest-bones framework for processing a VEX block. Take a look at its source code. Its main purpose is to perform the preliminary digestion of the VEX IRSB and dispatch processing of it to methods which are provided by mixins - look at the methods which are either pass or return NotImplemented. Notice that absolutely none of its code makes any assumption whatsoever of what the type of state is or even what the type of the data words inside state are. This job is delegated to other mixins, making the VEXMixin an appropriate base class for literally any analysis on VEX blocks.

The next-most interesting mixin is the ClaripyDataMixin, whose source code is here. This mixin actually integrates the fact that we are executing over the domain of Claripy ASTs. It does this by implementing some of the methods which are unimplemented in the VEXMixin, most importantly the ITE expression, all the operations, and the clean helpers.

In terms of what it looks like to actually touch the SimState, the SimStateStorageMixin provides the glue between the VEXMixin's interface for memory writes et al and SimState's interface for memory writes and such. It is unremarkable, except for a small interaction between it and the ClaripyDataMixin. The Claripy mixin also overrides the memory/register read/write functions, for the purpose of converting between the bitvector and floating-point types, since the vex interface expects to be able to load and store floats, but the SimState interface wants to load and store only bitvectors. Because of this, the claripy mixin must come before the storage mixin in the MRO. This is very much an interaction like the one in the add_one example at the start of this page - one mixin serves as a data filtering layer for another mixin.

Instrumenting the data layer

Let's turn our attention to a mixin which is not included in the HeavyVEXMixin but rather mixed into the UberEngine formula explicitly: the TrackActionsMixin. This mixin implements "SimActions", which is angr parlance for dataflow tracking. Again, look at the source code. The way it does this is that it wraps and unwraps the data layer to pass around additional information about data flows. Look at how it instruments RdTmp, for instance. It immediately super()-calls to the next method in the MRO, but instead of returning that data it returns a tuple of the data and its dependencies, which depending on whether you want temporary variables to be atoms in the dataflow model, will either be just the tmp which was read or the dependencies of the value written to that tmp.

This pattern continues for every single method that this mixin touches - any expression it receives must be unpacked into the expression and its dependencies, and any result must be packaged with its dependencies before it is returned. This works because the mixin above it makes no assumptions about what data it is passing around, and the mixin below it never gets to see any dependencies whatsoever. In fact, there could be multiple mixins performing this kind of wrap-unwrap trick and they could all coexist peacefully!

Note that a mixin which instruments the data layer in this way is *obligated* to override *every single method which takes* or returns an expression value, even if it doesn't perform any operation on the expression other than doing the wrapping and unwrapping. To understand why, imagine that the mixin does not override the handle_vex_const expression, so immediate value loads are not annotated with dependencies. The expression value which will be returned from the mixin which does provide handle_vex_const will not be a tuple of (expression, deps), it will just be the expression. Imagine this execution is taking place in the context of a WrTmp(t0, Const(0)). The const expression will be passed down to the WrTmp handler along with the identifier of the tmp to write to. However, since handle_vex_stmt_WrTmp will be overridden by our mixin which touches the data layer, it expects to be passed the tuple including the deps, and so it will crash when trying to unpack the not-a-tuple value.

In this way, you can sort of imagine that a mixin which instruments the data layer in this way is actually creating a contract within Python's nonexistent typesystem - you are guaranteed to receive back any types you return, but you must pass down any types you receive as return values from below.

5.3.3 Mixins in the memory model

Todo: write this section

5.4 Optimization considerations

The performance of angr as an analysis tool or emulator is greatly handicapped by the fact that lots of it is written in Python. Regardless, there are a lot of optimizations and tweaks you can use to make angr faster and lighter.

5.4.1 General speed tips

- *Use pypy*. Pypy is an alternate Python interpreter that performs optimized jitting of Python code. In our tests, it's a 10x speedup out of the box.
- Only use the SimEngine mixins that you need. SimEngine uses a mixin model which allows you to add and remove
 features by constructing new classes. The default engine mixes in every possible features, and the consequence
 of that is that it is slower than it needs to be. Look at the definition for UberEngine (the default SimEngine),
 copy its declaration, and remove all the base classes which provide features you don't need.
- Don't load shared libraries unless you need them. The default setting in angr is to try at all costs to find shared libraries that are compatible with the binary you've loaded, including loading them straight out of your OS libraries. This can complicate things in a lot of scenarios. If you're performing an analysis that's anything more abstract than bare-bones symbolic execution, ESPECIALLY control-flow graph construction, you might want to make the tradeoff of sacrificing accuracy for tractability. angr does a reasonable job of making sane things happen when library calls to functions that don't exist try to happen.
- *Use hooking and SimProcedures*. If you're enabling shared libraries, then you definitely want to have SimProcedures written for any complicated library function you're jumping into. If there's no autonomy requirement for this project, you can often isolate individual problem spots where analysis hangs up and summarize them with a hook.
- *Use SimInspect*. *SimInspect* is the most underused and one of the most powerful features of angr. You can hook and modify almost any behavior of angr, including memory index resolution (which is often the slowest part of any angr analysis).
- Write a concretization strategy. A more powerful solution to the problem of memory index resolution is a concretization strategy.
- Use the Replacement Solver. You can enable it with the angr.options.REPLACEMENT_SOLVER state option. The replacement solver allows you to specify AST replacements that are applied at solve-time. If you add replacements so that all symbolic data is replaced with concrete data when it comes time to do the solve, the runtime is greatly reduced. The API for adding a replacement is state.se._solver.add_replacement(old, new). The replacement solver is a bit finicky, so there are some gotchas, but it'll definitely help.

5.4.2 If you're performing lots of concrete or partially-concrete execution

- Use the unicorn engine. If you have unicorn engine installed, angr can be built to take advantage of it for concrete emulation. To enable it, add the options in the set angr.options.unicorn to your state. Keep in mind that while most items under angr.options are individual options, angr.options.unicorn is a bundle of options, and is thus a set. NOTE: At time of writing the official version of unicorn engine will not work with angr we have a lot of patches to it to make it work well with angr. They're all pending pull requests at this time, so sit tight. If you're really impatient, ping us about uploading our fork!
- Enable fast memory and fast registers. The state options angr.options.FAST_MEMORY and angr.options.FAST_REGISTERS will do this. These will switch the memory/registers over to a less intensive memory model that sacrifices accuracy for speed. TODO: document the specific sacrifices. Should be safe for mostly concrete access though. NOTE: not compatible with concretization strategies.
- Concretize your input ahead of time. This is the approach taken by driller. When creating a state with entry_state or the like, you can create a SimFile filled with symbolic data, pass it to the initialization function as an argument entry_state(..., stdin=my_simfile), and then constrain the symbolic data in the SimFile to what you want the input to be. If you don't require any tracking of the data coming from stdin, you can forego the symbolic part and just fill it with concrete data. If there are other sources of input besides standard input, do the same for those.
- *Use the afterburner*. While using unicorn, if you add the UNICORN_THRESHOLD_CONCRETIZATION state option, angr will accept thresholds after which it causes symbolic values to be concretized so that execution can spend more time in Unicorn. Specifically, the following thresholds exist:
 - state.unicorn.concretization_threshold_memory this is the number of times a symbolic variable, stored in memory, is allowed to kick execution out of Unicorn before it is forcefully concretized and forced into Unicorn anyways.
 - state.unicorn.concretization_threshold_registers this is the number of times a symbolic variable, stored in a register, is allowed to kick execution out of Unicorn before it is forcefully concretized and forced into Unicorn anyways.
 - state.unicorn.concretization_threshold_instruction this is the number of times that any
 given instruction can force execution out of Unicorn (by running into symbolic data) before any symbolic
 data encountered at that instruction is concretized to force execution into Unicorn.

You can get further control of what is and isn't concretized with the following sets:

- state.unicorn.always_concretize a set of variable names that will always be concretized to force
 execution into unicorn (in fact, the memory and register thresholds just end up causing variables to be added
 to this list).
- state.unicorn.never_concretize a set of variable names that will never be concretized and forced into Unicorn under any condition.
- state.unicorn.concretize_at a set of instruction addresses at which data should be concretized and forced into Unicorn. The instruction threshold causes addresses to be added to this set.

Once something is concretized with the afterburner, you will lose track of that variable. The state will still be consistent, but you'll lose dependencies, as the stuff that comes out of Unicorn is just concrete bits with no memory of what variables they came from. Still, this might be worth it for the speed in some cases, if you know what you want to (or do not want to) concretize.

5.4.3 Memory optimization

The golden rule for memory optimization is to make sure you're not keeping any references to data you don't care about anymore, especially related to states which have been left behind. If you find yourself running out of memory during analysis, the first thing you want to do is make sure you haven't caused a state explosion, meaning that the analysis is accumulating program states too quickly. If the state count is in control, then you can start looking for reference leaks. A good tool to do this with is https://github.com/rhelmot/dumpsterdiver, which gives you an interactive prompt for exploring the reference graph of a Python process.

One specific consideration that should be made when analyzing programs with very long paths is that the state history is designed to accumulate data infinitely. This is less of a problem than it could be because the data is stored in a smart tree structure and never copied, but it will accumulate infinitely. To downsize a state's history and free all data related to old steps, call state.history.trim().

One *particularly* problematic member of the history dataset is the basic block trace and the stack pointer trace. When using unicorn engine, these lists of ints can become huge very very quickly. To disable unicorn's capture of ip and sp data, remove the state options UNICORN_TRACK_BBL_ADDRS and UNICORN_TRACK_STACK_POINTERS.

5.5 Working with File System, Sockets, and Pipes

It's very important to be able to control the environment that emulated programs see, including how symbolic data is introduced from the environment! angr has a robust series of abstractions to help you set up the environment you want.

The root of any interaction with the filesystem, sockets, pipes, or terminals is a SimFile object. A SimFile is a *storage* abstraction that defines a sequence of bytes, symbolic or otherwise. There are several kinds of SimFiles which store their data very differently - the two easiest examples are SimFile (the base class is actually called SimFileBase), which stores files as a flat address-space of data, and SimPackets, which stores a sequence of variable-sized reads. The former is best for modeling programs that need to perform seeks on their files, and is the default storage for opened files, while the latter is best for modeling programs that depend on short-reads or use scanf, and is the default storage for stdin/stdout/stderr.

Because SimFiles can have such diverse storage mechanisms, the interface for interacting with them is *very* abstracted. You can read from the file from some position, you can write to the file at some position, you can ask how many bytes are currently stored in the file, and you can concretize the file, generating a testcase for it. If you know specifically which SimFile class you're working with, you can take much more powerful control over it, and as a result you're encouraged to manually create any files you want to work with when you create your initial state.

Specifically, each SimFile class creates its own abstraction of a "position" within the file - each read and write takes a position and returns a new position that you should use to continue from where you left off. If you're working with SimFiles of unknown type you have to treat this position as a totally opaque object with no semantics other than the contract with the read/write functions.

However! This is a very poor match to how programs generally interact with files, so angr also has a SimFileDescriptor abstraction, which provides the familiar read/write/seek/tell interfaces but will also return error conditions when the underlying storage don't support the appropriate operations - just like normal file descriptors!

You may access the mapping from file descriptor number to file descriptor object in state.posix.fd. See the API document for angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase for more details.

5.5.1 Just tell me how to do what I want to do!

Okay okay!!

To create a SimFile, you should just create an instance of the class you want to use. Refer to angr. storage. file for the full instructions.

Let's go through a few illustrative examples, which cover how you can work with a concrete file, a symbolic file, a file with mixed concrete and symbolic content, or streams.

Example 1: Create a file with concrete content

```
>>> import angr
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('myconcretefile', content='hello world!\n')
```

Here's a nuance - you can't use SimFiles without a state attached, because reasons. You'll **never** have to do this in a real scenario (this operation happens automatically when you pass a SimFile into a constructor or the filesystem) but let's mock it up:

```
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> state = proj.factory.blank_state()
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

To demonstrate the behavior of these files we're going to use the fact that the default SimFile position is just the number of bytes from the start of the file. SimFile.read returns a tuple (bitvector data, actual size, new pos):

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 5)
>>> import claripy
>>> assert claripy.is_true(data == 'hello')
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 5)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(new_pos == 5)
```

Continue the read, trying to read way too much:

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(new_pos, 1000)
```

angr doesn't try to sanitize the data returned, only the size - we returned 1000 bytes! The intent is that you're only allowed to use up to actual_size of them.

```
>>> assert len(data) == 1000*8  # bitvector sizes are in bits
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 8)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(data.get_bytes(0, 8) == ' world!\n')
>>> assert claripy.is_true(new_pos == 13)
```

Example 2: Create a file with symbolic content and a defined size

```
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('mysymbolicfile', size=0x20)
>>> simfile.set_state(state)

>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 0x30)
>>> assert data.symbolic
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 0x20)
```

The basic SimFile provides the same interface as state.memory, so you can load data directly:

```
>>> assert simfile.load(0, actual_size) is data.get_bytes(0, 0x20)
```

Example 3: Create a file with constrained symbolic content

Example 4: Create a file with some mixed concrete and symbolic content, but no EOF

```
>>> variable = claripy.BVS('myvar', 10*8)
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('mymixedfile', content=variable.concat(claripy.BVV('\n')),

--has_end=False)
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

We can always query the number of bytes stored in the file:

```
>>> assert claripy.is_true(simfile.size == 11)
```

Reads will generate additional symbolic data past the current frontier:

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 15)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 15)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(new_pos == 15)

>>> assert claripy.is_true(data.get_bytes(0, 10) == variable)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(data.get_bytes(10, 1) == '\n')
>>> assert data.get_bytes(11, 4).symbolic
```

Example 5: Create a file with a symbolic size (has_end is implicitly true here)

```
>>> symsize = claripy.BVS('mysize', 64)
>>> state.solver.add(symsize >= 10)
>>> state.solver.add(symsize < 20)
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('mysymsizefile', size=symsize)
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

Reads will encode all possibilities:

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 30)
>>> assert set(state.solver.eval_upto(actual_size, 30)) == set(range(10, 20))
```

The maximum size can't be easily resolved, so the data returned is 30 bytes long, and we're supposed to use it conjunction with actual_size.

```
>>> assert len(data) == 30*8
```

Symbolic read sizes work too!

```
>>> symreadsize = claripy.BVS('myreadsize', 64)
>>> state.solver.add(symreadsize >= 5)
>>> state.solver.add(symreadsize < 30)
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, symreadsize)
```

All sizes between 5 and 20 should be possible:

```
>>> assert set(state.solver.eval_upto(actual_size, 30)) == set(range(5, 20))
```

Example 6: Working with streams (SimPackets)

So far, we've only used the SimFile class, which models a random-accessible file object. However, in real life, files are not everything. Streams (standard I/O, TCP, etc.) are a great example: While they hold data like a normal file does, they do not support random accesses, e.g., you cannot read out the second byte of stdin if you have already read passed that position, and you cannot modify any byte that has been previously sent out to a network endpoint. This allows us to design a simpler abstraction for streams in angr.

Believe it or not, this simpler abstraction for streams will benefit symbolic execution. Consider an example program that calls scanf N times to read in N strings. With a traditional SimFile, as we do not know the length of each input string, there does not exist any clear boundary in the file between these symbolic input strings. In this case, angr will perform N symbolic reads where each read will generate a gigantic tree of claripy ASTs, with string lengths being symbolic. This is a nightmare for constraint solving. Nevertheless, the fact that scanf is used on a stream (stdin) dictates that there will be zero overlap between individual reads, regardless of the sizes of each symbolic input string. We may as well model stdin as a stream that comprises of *consecutive packets*, instead of a file containing a sequence of bytes. Each of the packet can be of a fixed length or a symbolic length. Since there will be absolutely no byte overlap between packets, the constraints that angr will produce after executing this example program will be a lot simpler.

The key concept involved is "short reads", i.e. when you ask for n bytes but actually get back fewer bytes than that. We use a different class implementing SimFileBase, SimPackets, to automatically enable support for short reads. By default, stdin, stdout, and stderr are all SimPackets objects.

```
>>> simfile = angr.SimPackets('mypackets')
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

This'll just generate a single packet. For SimPackets, the position is just a packet number! If left unspecified, short_reads is determined from a state option.

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 20, short_reads=True)
>>> assert len(data) == 20*8
>>> assert set(state.solver.eval_upto(actual_size, 30)) == set(range(21))
```

Data in a SimPackets is stored as tuples of (packet data, packet size) in .content.

So hopefully you understand sort of the kind of data that a SimFile can store and what'll happen when a program tries to interact with it with various combinations of symbolic and concrete data. Those examples only covered reads, but writes are pretty similar.

5.5.2 The filesystem, for real now

If you want to make a SimFile available to the program, we need to either stick it in the filesystem or serve stdin/stdout from it.

The simulated filesystem is the state.fs plugin. You can store, load, and delete files from the filesystem, with the insert, get, and delete methods. Refer to angr.state_plugins.filesystem for details.

So to make our file available as /tmp/myfile:

```
>>> state.fs.insert('/tmp/myfile', simfile)
>>> assert state.fs.get('/tmp/myfile') is simfile
```

Then, after execution, we would extract the file from the result state and use simfile.concretize() to generate a testcase to reach that state. Keep in mind that concretize() returns different types depending on the file type - for a SimFile it's a bytestring and for SimPackets it's a list of bytestrings.

The simulated filesystem supports a fun concept of "mounts", where you can designate a subtree as instrumented by a particular provider. The most common mount is to expose a part of the host filesystem to the guest, lazily importing file data when the program asks for it:

```
>>> state.fs.mount('/', angr.SimHostFilesystem('./guest_chroot'))
```

You can write whatever kind of mount you want to instrument filesystem access by subclassing angr. SimMount!

5.5.3 Stdio streams

For stdin and friends, it's a little more complicated. The relevant plugin is state.posix, which stores all abstractions relevant to a POSIX-compliant environment. You can always get a state's stdin SimFile with state.posix.stdin, but you can't just replace it - as soon as the state is created, references to this file are created in the file descriptors. Because of this you need to specify it at the time the POSIX plugin is created:

```
>>> state.register_plugin('posix', angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix(stdin=simfile, stdout=simfile, stderr=simfile))
>>> assert state.posix.stdin is simfile
>>> assert state.posix.stdout is simfile
>>> assert state.posix.stderr is simfile
```

Or, there's a nice shortcut while creating the state if you only need to specify stdin:

```
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state(stdin=simfile)
>>> assert state.posix.stdin is simfile
```

Any of those places you can specify a SimFileBase, you can also specify a string or a bitvector (a flat SimFile with fixed size will be created to hold it) or a SimFile type (it'll be instantiated for you).

5.6 Intermediate Representation

In order to be able to analyze and execute machine code from different CPU architectures, such as MIPS, ARM, and PowerPC in addition to the classic x86, angr performs most of its analysis on an *intermediate representation*, a structured description of the fundamental actions performed by each CPU instruction. By understanding angr's IR, VEX (which we borrowed from Valgrind), you will be able to write very quick static analyses and have a better understanding of how angr works.

The VEX IR abstracts away several architecture differences when dealing with different architectures, allowing a single analysis to be run on all of them:

- **Register names.** The quantity and names of registers differ between architectures, but modern CPU designs hold to a common theme: each CPU contains several general purpose registers, a register to hold the stack pointer, a set of registers to store condition flags, and so forth. The IR provides a consistent, abstracted interface to registers on different platforms. Specifically, VEX models the registers as a separate memory space, with integer offsets (e.g., AMD64's rax is stored starting at address 16 in this memory space).
- **Memory access.** Different architectures access memory in different ways. For example, ARM can access memory in both little-endian and big-endian modes. The IR abstracts away these differences.
- **Memory segmentation.** Some architectures, such as x86, support memory segmentation through the use of special segment registers. The IR understands such memory access mechanisms.
- **Instruction side-effects.** Most instructions have side-effects. For example, most operations in Thumb mode on ARM update the condition flags, and stack push/pop instructions update the stack pointer. Tracking these side-effects in an *ad hoc* manner in the analysis would be crazy, so the IR makes these effects explicit.

There are lots of choices for an IR. We use VEX, since the uplifting of binary code into VEX is quite well supported. VEX is an architecture-agnostic, side-effects-free representation of a number of target machine languages. It abstracts machine code into a representation designed to make program analysis easier. This representation has four main classes of objects:

- Expressions. IR Expressions represent a calculated or constant value. This includes memory loads, register reads, and results of arithmetic operations.
- **Operations.** IR Operations describe a *modification* of IR Expressions. This includes integer arithmetic, floating-point arithmetic, bit operations, and so forth. An IR Operation applied to IR Expressions yields an IR Expression as a result.
- **Temporary variables.** VEX uses temporary variables as internal registers: IR Expressions are stored in temporary variables between use. The content of a temporary variable can be retrieved using an IR Expression. These temporaries are numbered, starting at t0. These temporaries are strongly typed (e.g., "64-bit integer" or "32-bit float").
- **Statements.** IR Statements model changes in the state of the target machine, such as the effect of memory stores and register writes. IR Statements use IR Expressions for values they may need. For example, a memory store *IR Statement* uses an *IR Expression* for the target address of the write, and another *IR Expression* for the content.
- **Blocks.** An IR Block is a collection of IR Statements, representing an extended basic block (termed "IR Super Block" or "IRSB") in the target architecture. A block can have several exits. For conditional exits from the middle of a basic block, a special *Exit* IR Statement is used. An IR Expression is used to represent the target of the unconditional exit at the end of the block.

VEX IR is actually quite well documented in the libvex_ir.h file (https://github.com/angr/vex/blob/master/pub/libvex_ir.h) in the VEX repository. For the lazy, we'll detail some parts of VEX that you'll likely interact with fairly frequently. To begin with, here are some IR Expressions:

IR Expres- sion	Evaluated Value	VEX Output Example
Con- stant	A constant value.	0x4:I32
Read Temp	The value stored in a VEX temporary variable.	RdTmp(t10)
Get Register	The value stored in a register.	GET:I32(16)
Load Mem- ory	The value stored at a memory address, with the address specified by another IR Expression.	LDle:I32 / LDbe:I64
Opera- tion	A result of a specified IR Operation, applied to specified IR Expression arguments.	Add32
If-Then- Else	If a given IR Expression evaluates to 0, return one IR Expression. Otherwise, return another.	ITE
Helper Func- tion	VEX uses C helper functions for certain operations, such as computing the conditional flags registers of certain architectures. These functions return IR Expressions.	func- tion_name()

These expressions are then, in turn, used in IR Statements. Here are some common ones:

IR State- ment	Meaning	VEX Output Example
Write Temp	Set a VEX temporary variable to the value of the given IR Expression.	WrTmp(t1) = (IR Ex-pression)
Put Regis- ter	Update a register with the value of the given IR Expression.	PUT(16) = (IR Expression)
Store Mem- ory	Update a location in memory, given as an IR Expression, with a value, also given as an IR Expression.	STle(0x1000) = (IR Ex-pression)
Exit	A conditional exit from a basic block, with the jump target specified by an IR Expression. The condition is specified by an IR Expression.	if (condition) goto (Boring) 0x4000A00:I32

An example of an IR translation, on ARM, is produced below. In the example, the subtraction operation is translated into a single IR block comprising 5 IR Statements, each of which contains at least one IR Expression (although, in real life, an IR block would typically consist of more than one instruction). Register names are translated into numerical indices given to the GET Expression and PUT Statement. The astute reader will observe that the actual subtraction is modeled by the first 4 IR Statements of the block, and the incrementing of the program counter to point to the next instruction (which, in this case, is located at 0x59FC8) is modeled by the last statement.

The following ARM instruction:

```
subs R2, R2, #8
```

Becomes this VEX IR:

```
t0 = GET:I32(16)
t1 = 0x8:I32
```

(continues on next page)

```
t3 = Sub32(t0,t1)
PUT(16) = t3
PUT(68) = 0x59FC8:I32
```

Now that you understand VEX, you can actually play with some VEX in angr: We use a library called PyVEX that exposes VEX into Python. In addition, PyVEX implements its own pretty-printing so that it can show register names instead of register offsets in PUT and GET instructions.

PyVEX is accessable through angr through the Project.factory.block interface. There are many different representations you could use to access syntactic properties of a block of code, but they all have in common the trait of analyzing a particular sequence of bytes. Through the factory.block constructor, you get a Block object that can be easily turned into several different representations. Try .vex for a PyVEX IRSB, or .capstone for a Capstone block.

Let's play with PyVEX:

```
>>> import angr
# load the program binary
>>> proj = angr.Project("/bin/true")
# translate the starting basic block
>>> irsb = proj.factory.block(proj.entry).vex
# and then pretty-print it
>>> irsb.pp()
# translate and pretty-print a basic block starting at an address
>>> irsb = proj.factory.block(0x401340).vex
>>> irsb.pp()
# this is the IR Expression of the jump target of the unconditional exit at the end of.
→the basic block
>>> print(irsb.next)
# this is the type of the unconditional exit (e.g., a call, ret, syscall, etc)
>>> print(irsb.jumpkind)
# you can also pretty-print it
>>> irsb.next.pp()
# iterate through each statement and print all the statements
>>> for stmt in irsb.statements:
        stmt.pp()
# pretty-print the IR expression representing the data, and the *type* of that IR.
→expression written by every store statement
>>> import pyvex
>>> for stmt in irsb.statements:
        if isinstance(stmt, pyvex.IRStmt.Store):
            print("Data:",)
            stmt.data.pp()
            print("")
            print("Type:",)
            print(stmt.data.result_type)
```

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5.6.1 Condition flags computation (for x86 and ARM)

One of the most common instruction side-effects on x86 and ARM CPUs is updating condition flags, such as the zero flag, the carry flag, or the overflow flag. Computer architects usually put the concatenation of these flags (yes, concatenation of the flags, since each condition flag is 1 bit wide) into a special register (i.e. EFLAGS/RFLAGS on x86, APSR/CPSR on ARM). This special register stores important information about the program state, and is critical for correct emulation of the CPU.

VEX uses 4 registers as its "Flag thunk descriptors" to record details of the latest flag-setting operation. VEX has a lazy strategy to compute the flags: when an operation that would update the flags happens, instead of computing the flags, VEX stores a code representing this operation to the cc_op pseudo-register, and the arguments to the operation in cc_dep1 and cc_dep2. Then, whenever VEX needs to get the actual flag values, it can figure out what the one bit corresponding to the flag in question actually is, based on its flag thunk descriptors. This is an optimization in the flags computation, as VEX can now just directly perform the relevant operation in the IR without bothering to compute and update the flags' value.

Amongst different operations that can be placed in cc_op, there is a special value 0 which corresponds to OP_COPY operation. This operation is supposed to copy the value in cc_dep1 to the flags. It simply means that cc_dep1 contains the flags' value. angr uses this fact to let us efficiently retrieve the flags' value: whenever we ask for the actual flags, angr computes their value, then dumps them back into cc_dep1 and sets cc_op = OP_COPY in order to cache the computation. We can also use this operation to allow the user to write to the flags: we just set cc_op = OP_COPY to say that a new value being set to the flags, then set cc_dep1 to that new value.

5.7 Working with Data and Conventions

Frequently, you'll want to access structured data from the program you're analyzing. angr has several features to make this less of a headache.

5.7.1 Working with types

angr has a system for representing types. These SimTypes are found in angr.types - an instance of any of these classes represents a type. Many of the types are incomplete unless they are supplamented with a SimState - their size depends on the architecture you're running under. You may do this with ty.with_arch(arch), which returns a copy of itself, with the architecture specified.

angr also has a light wrapper around pycparser, which is a C parser. This helps with getting instances of type objects:

```
""" import angr, monkeyhex

# note that SimType objects have their __repr__ defined to return their c type name,
# so this function actually returned a SimType instance.
""" angr.types.parse_type('int')
int
""" angr.types.parse_type('char **')
char**
""" angr.types.parse_type('struct aa {int x; long y;}')
struct aa
""" angr.types.parse_type('struct aa {int x; long y;}').fields
""" orderedDict([('x', int), ('y', long)])
```

Additionally, you may parse C definitions and have them returned to you in a dict, either of variable/function declarations or of newly defined types:

```
>>> angr.types.parse_defns("int x; typedef struct llist { char* str; struct llist *next;_
→} list_node; list_node *y;")
{'x': int, 'y': struct llist*}
>>> defs = angr.types.parse_types("int x; typedef struct llist { char* str; struct llist_
→*next; } list_node; list_node *y;")
>>> defs
{'struct llist': struct llist, 'list_node': struct llist}
# if you want to get both of these dicts at once, use parse_file, which returns both in.
→a tuple.
>>> angr.types.parse_file("int x; typedef struct llist { char* str; struct llist *next; }
→ list_node; list_node *y;")
({'x': int, 'y': struct llist*},
{'struct llist': struct llist, 'list_node': struct llist})
>>> defs['list_node'].fields
OrderedDict([('str', char*), ('next', struct llist*)])
>>> defs['list_node'].fields['next'].pts_to.fields
                                                                            (continues on next page)
```

```
OrderedDict([('str', char*), ('next', struct llist*)])
# If you want to get a function type and you don't want to construct it manually,
# you can use parse_type
>>> angr.types.parse_type("int (int y, double z)")
(int, double) -> int
```

And finally, you can register struct definitions for future use:

```
>>> angr.types.register_types(angr.types.parse_type('struct abcd { int x; int y; }'))
>>> angr.types.register_types(angr.types.parse_types('typedef long time_t;'))
>>> angr.types.parse_defns('struct abcd a; time_t b;')
{'a': struct abcd, 'b': long}
```

These type objects aren't all that useful on their own, but they can be passed to other parts of angr to specify data types.

5.7.2 Accessing typed data from memory

Now that you know how angr's type system works, you can unlock the full power of the state.mem interface! Any type that's registered with the types module can be used to extract data from memory.

```
>>> p = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware')
>>> s = p.factory.entry_state()
>>> s.mem[0x601048]
<<untyped> <unresolvable> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long
<long (64 bits) <BV64 0x4008d0> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long.resolved
<BV64 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long.concrete
0x4008d0
>>> s.mem[0x601048].struct.abcd
<struct abcd {</pre>
  x = \langle BV32 \ 0x4008d0 \rangle
  y = \langle BV32 \ 0x0 \rangle
} at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].struct.abcd.x
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0x4008d0> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].struct.abcd.y
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0x0> at 0x60104c>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref
<<untyped> <unresolvable> at 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string
<string_t <BV64 0x534f534e45414b59> at 0x4008d0>
```

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```
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string.resolved

<BV64 0x534f534e45414b59>

>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string.concrete

b'SOSNEAKY'
```

The interface works like this:

- You first use [array index notation] to specify the address you'd like to load from
- If at that address is a pointer, you may access the deref property to return a SimMemView at the address present in memory.
- You then specify a type for the data by simply accessing a property of that name. For a list of supported types, look at state.mem.types.
- You can then *refine* the type. Any type may support any refinement it likes. Right now the only refinements supported are that you may access any member of a struct by its member name, and you may index into a string or array to access that element.
- If the address you specified initially points to an array of that type, you can say .array(n) to view the data as an array of n elements.
- Finally, extract the structured data with .resolved or .concrete. .resolved will return bitvector values, while .concrete will return integer, string, array, etc values, whatever best represents the data.
- Alternately, you may store a value to memory, by assigning to the chain of properties that you've constructed. Note that because of the way Python works, x = s.mem[...].prop; x = val will NOT work, you must say s.mem[...].prop = val.

If you define a struct using register_types(parse_type(struct_expr)), you can access it here as a type:

```
>>> s.mem[p.entry].struct.abcd

<struct abcd {

    .x = <BV32 0x8949ed31>,

    .y = <BV32 0x89485ed1>

} at 0x400580>
```

5.7.3 Working with Calling Conventions

A calling convention is the specific means by which code passes arguments and return values through function calls. angr's abstraction of calling conventions is called SimCC. You can construct new SimCC instances through the angr object factory, with p.factory.cc(...). This will give a calling convention which is guessed based your guest architecture and OS. If angr guesses wrong, you can explicitly pick one of the calling conventions in the angr. calling_conventions module.

If you have a very wacky calling convention, you can use angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall. This will ask you to specify locations for the arguments and the return value. To do this, use instances of the SimRegArg or SimStackArg classes. You can find them in the factory - p.factory.cc.Sim*Arg.

Once you have a SimCC object, you can use it along with a SimState object and a function prototype (a SimTypeFunction) to extract or store function arguments more cleanly. Take a look at the angr.calling_conventions.SimCC> for details. Alternately, you can pass it to an interface that can use it to modify its own behavior, like p.factory.call_state, or...

5.7.4 Callables

Callables are a Foreign Functions Interface (FFI) for symbolic execution. Basic callable usage is to create one with myfunc = p.factory.callable(addr), and then call it! result = myfunc(args, ...) When you call the callable, angr will set up a call_state at the given address, dump the given arguments into memory, and run a path_group based on this state until all the paths have exited from the function. Then, it merges all the result states together, pulls the return value out of that state, and returns it.

All the interaction with the state happens with the aid of a SimCC and a SimTypeFunction, to tell where to put the arguments and where to get the return value. It will try to use a sane default for the architecture, but if you'd like to customize it, you can pass a SimCC object in the cc keyword argument when constructing the callable. The SimTypeFunction is required - you must pass the prototype parameter. If you pass a string to this parameter it will be parsed as a function declaration.

You can pass symbolic data as function arguments, and everything will work fine. You can even pass more complicated data, like strings, lists, and structures as native Python data (use tuples for structures), and it'll be serialized as cleanly as possible into the state. If you'd like to specify a pointer to a certain value, you can wrap it in a PointerWrapper object, available as p.factory.callable.PointerWrapper. The exact semantics of how pointer-wrapping work are a little confusing, but they can be boiled down to "unless you specify it with a PointerWrapper or a specific SimArrayType, nothing will be wrapped in a pointer automatically unless it gets to the end and it hasn't yet been wrapped in a pointer yet and the original type is a string, array, or tuple." The relevant code is actually in SimCC - it's the setup_callsite function.

If you don't care for the actual return value of the call, you can say func.perform_call(arg, ...), and then the properties func.result_state and func.result_path_group will be populated. They will actually be populated even if you call the callable normally, but you probably care about them more in this case!

5.8 Solver Engine

angr's solver engine is called Claripy. Claripy exposes the following design:

- Claripy ASTs (the subclasses of claripy.ast.Base) provide a unified way to interact with concrete and symbolic expressions
- Frontends provide different paradigms for evaluating these expressions. For example, the FullFrontend solves expressions using something like an SMT solver backend, while LightFrontend handles them by using an abstract (and approximating) data domain backend.
- Each Frontend needs to, at some point, do actual operation and evaluations on an AST. ASTs don't support this on their own. Instead, Backends translate ASTs into backend objects (i.e., Python primitives for BackendConcrete, Z3 expressions for BackendZ3, strided intervals for BackendVSA, etc) and handle any appropriate state-tracking objects (such as tracking the solver state in the case of BackendZ3). Roughly speaking, frontends take ASTs as inputs and use backends to backend.convert() those ASTs into backend objects that can be evaluated and otherwise reasoned about.
- FrontendMixins customize the operation of Frontends. For example, ModelCacheMixin caches solutions from an SMT solver.
- The combination of a Frontend, a number of FrontendMixins, and a number of Backends comprise a claripy Solver.

Internally, Claripy seamlessly mediates the co-operation of multiple disparate backends – concrete bitvectors, VSA constructs, and SAT solvers. It is pretty badass.

Most users of angr will not need to interact directly with Claripy (except for, maybe, claripy AST objects, which represent symbolic expressions) – angr handles most interactions with Claripy internally. However, for dealing with expressions, an understanding of Claripy might be useful.

5.8.1 Claripy ASTs

Claripy ASTs abstract away the differences between mathematical constructs that Claripy supports. They define a tree of operations (i.e., (a + b) / c) on any type of underlying data. Claripy handles the application of these operations on the underlying objects themselves by dispatching requests to the backends.

Currently, Claripy supports the following types of ASTs:

Name	Description	Supported By (Claripy Backends)	Example Code
BV	This is a bitvector, whether symbolic (with a name) or concrete (with a value). It has a size (in bits).	BackendConcrete, BackendVSA, BackendZ3	Create a 32-bit symbolic bitvector "x": claripy.BVS('x', 32) Create a 32-bit bitvector with the value 0xc001b3475: claripy.BVV(0xc001b3a75, 32) ' 1i>li>Create a 32-bit "strided interval" (see VSA documentation) that can be any divisible-by-10 number between 1000 and 2000: 'claripy.SI(name='x', bits=32, lower_bound=1000, upper_bound=2000, stride=10) '
FP	This is a floating-point number, whether symbolic (with a name) or concrete (with a value).	BackendConcrete, BackendZ3	upper_bound=2000, stride=10)` Create a clar- ipy.fp.FSORT_DOUBLE symbolic floating point "b": `claripy.FPS('b',
Bool	This is a boolean operation (True or False).	BackendConcrete, BackendVSA, BackendZ3	<pre>ipy.fp.FSORT_FLOA claripy.BoolV(True), or claripy.true or claripy.false, or by comparing two ASTs (i.e., claripy.BVS('x', 32) < claripy.BVS('y', 32)</pre>

All of the above creation code returns claripy. AST objects, on which operations can then be carried out. ASTs provide several useful operations.

```
>>> import claripy (continues on next page)
```

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```
>>> bv = claripy.BVV(0x41424344, 32)

# Size - you can get the size of an AST with .size()
>>> assert bv.size() == 32

# Reversing - .reversed is the reversed version of the BVV
>>> assert bv.reversed is claripy.BVV(0x44434241, 32)
>>> assert bv.reversed.reversed is bv

# Depth - you can get the depth of the AST
>>> print(bv.depth)
>>> assert bv.depth == 1
>>> x = claripy.BVS('x', 32)
>>> assert (x+bv).depth == 2
>>> assert ((x+bv)/10).depth == 3
```

Applying a condition (==, !=, etc) on ASTs will return an AST that represents the condition being carried out. For example:

```
>>> r = bv == x
>>> assert isinstance(r, claripy.ast.Bool)

>>> p = bv == bv
>>> assert isinstance(p, claripy.ast.Bool)
>>> assert p.is_true()
```

You can combine these conditions in different ways.

```
>>> q = claripy.And(claripy.Or(bv == x, bv * 2 == x, bv * 3 == x), x == 0)
>>> assert isinstance(p, claripy.ast.Bool)
```

The usefulness of this will become apparent when we discuss Claripy solvers.

In general, Claripy supports all of the normal Python operations (+, -, |, ==, etc), and provides additional ones via the Claripy instance object. Here's a list of available operations from the latter.

Name	Description	Example	
LShR	Logically shifts a bit expression (BVV, BV, SI) to the right.	claripy.LShR(x, 10)	
SignExt	Sign-extends a bit expression.	<pre>claripy.SignExt(32, x) or x. sign_extend(32)</pre>	
Ze- roExt	Zero-extends a bit expression.	<pre>claripy.ZeroExt(32, x) or x. zero_extend(32)</pre>	
Extract	Extracts the given bits (zero-indexed from the <i>right</i> , inclusive) from a bit expression.	Extract the rightmost byte of x: claripy. Extract(7, 0, x) or x[7:0]	
Concat	Concatenates several bit expressions together into a new bit expression.	<pre>claripy.Concat(x, y, z)</pre>	
Ro- tateLeft	Rotates a bit expression left.	<pre>claripy.RotateLeft(x, 8)</pre>	
Rota- teRight	Rotates a bit expression right.	<pre>claripy.RotateRight(x, 8)</pre>	
Re- verse	Endian-reverses a bit expression.	<pre>claripy.Reverse(x) or x.reversed</pre>	
And	Logical And (on boolean expressions)	claripy.And($x == y, x > 0$)	
Or	Logical Or (on boolean expressions)	claripy. $Or(x == y, y < 10)$	
Not	Logical Not (on a boolean expression)	claripy.Not($x == y$) is the same as $x != y$	
If	An If-then-else	Choose the maximum of two expressions: $claripy.If(x > y, x, y)$	
ULE	Unsigned less than or equal to.	Check if x is less than or equal to y: claripy. ULE(x, y)	
ULT	Unsigned less than.	Check if x is less than y: $claripy.ULT(x, y)$	
UGE	Unsigned greater than or equal to.	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: claripy.UGE(x, y)	
UGT	Unsigned greater than.	Check if x is greater than y: claripy.UGT(x, y)	
SLE	Signed less than or equal to.	Check if x is less than or equal to y: claripy. SLE(x, y)	
SLT	Signed less than.	Check if x is less than y: $claripy.SLT(x, y)$	
SGE	Signed greater than or equal to.	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: claripy.SGE(x, y)	
SGT	Signed greater than.	Check if x is greater than y: claripy.SGT(x, y)	

Note: The default Python >, <, >=, and <= are unsigned in Claripy. This is different than their behavior in Z3, because it seems more natural in binary analysis.

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5.8.2 Solvers

The main point of interaction with Claripy are the Claripy Solvers. Solvers expose an API to interpret ASTs in different ways and return usable values. There are several different solvers.

Name	Description
Solver	This is analogous to a z3.Solver(). It is a solver that tracks constraints on symbolic variables and uses a constraint solver (currently, Z3) to evaluate symbolic expressions.
SolverVSA	This solver uses VSA to reason about values. It is an <i>approximating</i> solver, but produces values without performing actual constraint solves.
Solver-	This solver acts as a pass-through to a child solver, allowing the replacement of expressions on-the-fly.
Replace- ment	It is used as a helper by other solvers and can be used directly to implement exotic analyses.
Solver-	This solver combines the SolverReplacement and the Solver (VSA and Z3) to allow for approximating
Hybrid	values. You can specify whether or not you want an exact result from your evaluations, and this solver does the rest.
Solver-	This solver implements optimizations that solve smaller sets of constraints to speed up constraint solving.
Com-	
posite	

Some examples of solver usage:

```
# create the solver and an expression
>>> s = claripy.Solver()
>>> x = claripy.BVS('x', 8)
# now let's add a constraint on x
>>> s.add(claripy.ULT(x, 5))
>>> assert sorted(s.eval(x, 10)) == [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
>>> assert s.max(x) == 4
>>> assert s.min(x) == 0
# we can also get the values of complex expressions
>>> y = claripy.BVV(65, 8)
>>> z = claripy.If(x == 1, x, y)
>>> assert sorted(s.eval(z, 10)) == [1, 65]
# and, of course, we can add constraints on complex expressions
>>> s.add(z \% 5 != 0)
>>> assert s.eval(z, 10) == (1,)
>>> assert s.eval(x, 10) == (1,) # interestingly enough, since z can't be y, x can only_
→be 1!
```

Custom solvers can be built by combining a Claripy Frontend (the class that handles the actual interaction with SMT solver or the underlying data domain) and some combination of frontend mixins (that handle things like caching, filtering out duplicate constraints, doing opportunistic simplification, and so on).

5.8.3 Claripy Backends

Backends are Claripy's workhorses. Claripy exposes ASTs to the world, but when actual computation has to be done, it pushes those ASTs into objects that can be handled by the backends themselves. This provides a unified interface to the outside world while allowing Claripy to support different types of computation. For example, BackendConcrete provides computation support for concrete bitvectors and booleans, BackendVSA introduces VSA constructs such as StridedIntervals (and details what happens when operations are performed on them, and BackendZ3 provides support for symbolic variables and constraint solving.

There are a set of functions that a backend is expected to implement. For all of these functions, the "public" version is expected to be able to deal with claripy's AST objects, while the "private" version should only deal with objects specific to the backend itself. This is distinguished with Python idioms: a public function will be named func() while a private function will be _func(). All functions should return objects that are usable by the backend in its private methods. If this can't be done (i.e., some functionality is being attempted that the backend can't handle), the backend should raise a BackendError. In this case, Claripy will move on to the next backend in its list.

All backends must implement a convert() function. This function receives a claripy AST and should return an object that the backend can handle in its private methods. Backends should also implement a convert() method, which will receive anything that is *not* a claripy AST object (i.e., an integer or an object from a different backend). If convert() or convert() receives something that the backend can't translate to a format that is usable internally, the backend should raise BackendError, and thus won't be used for that object. All backends must also implement any functions of the base Backend abstract class that currently raise NotImplementedError().

Claripy's contract with its backends is as follows: backends should be able to handle, in their private functions, any object that they return from their private *or* public functions. Claripy will never pass an object to any backend private function that did not originate as a return value from a private or public function of that backend. One exception to this is convert() and convert(), as Claripy can try to stuff anything it feels like into _convert() to see if the backend can handle that type of object.

Backend Objects

To perform actual, useful computation on ASTs, Claripy uses backend objects. A BackendObject is a result of the operation represented by the AST. Claripy expects these objects to be returned from their respective backends, and will pass such objects into that backend's other functions.

5.9 Symbolic memory addressing

angr supports *symbolic memory addressing*, meaning that offsets into memory may be symbolic. Our implementation of this is inspired by "Mayhem". Specifically, this means that angr concretizes symbolic addresses when they are used as the target of a write. This causes some surprises, as users tend to expect symbolic writes to be treated purely symbolically, or "as symbolically" as we treat symbolic reads, but that is not the default behavior. However, like most things in angr, this is configurable.

The address resolution behavior is governed by *concretization strategies*, which are subclasses of angr. concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategy. Concretization strategies for reads are set in state.memory.read_strategies and for writes in state.memory.write_strategies. These strategies are called, in order, until one of them is able to resolve addresses for the symbolic index. By setting your own concretization strategies (or through the use of SimInspect address_concretization breakpoints, described above), you can change the way angr resolves symbolic addresses.

For example, angr's default concretization strategies for writes are:

1. A conditional concretization strategy that allows symbolic writes (with a maximum range of 128 possible solutions) for any indices that are annotated with angr.plugins.symbolic_memory.MultiwriteAnnotation.

2. A concretization strategy that simply selects the maximum possible solution of the symbolic index.

To enable symbolic writes for all indices, you can either add the SYMBOLIC_WRITE_ADDRESSES state option at state creation time or manually insert a angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategyRange object into state.memory.write_strategies. The strategy object takes a single argument, which is the maximum range of possible solutions that it allows before giving up and moving on to the next (presumably non-symbolic) strategy.

5.9.1 Writing concretization strategies

Todo: Write this section

5.10 Java Support

angr also supports symbolically executing Java code and Android apps! This also includes Android apps using a combination of compiled Java and native (C/C++) code.

Warning: Java support is experimental! Contribution from the community is highly encouraged! Pull requests are very welcomed!

We implemented Java support by lifting the compiled Java code, both Java and DEX bytecode, leveraging our Soot Python wrapper: pysoot. pysoot extracts a fully serializable interface from Android apps and Java code (unfortunately, as of now, it only works on Linux). For every class of the generated IR (for instance, SootMethod), you can nicely print its instructions (in a format similar to Soot shimple) using print() or str().

We then leverage the generated IR in a new angrengine able to run code in Soot IR: angr/engines/soot/engine.py. This engine is also able to automatically switch to executing native code if the Java code calls any native method using the JNI interface.

Together with the symbolic execution, we also implemented some basic static analysis, specifically a basic CFG reconstruction analysis. Moreover, we added support for string constraint solving, modifying claripy and using the CVC4 solver.

5.10.1 How to install

Enabling Java support requires few more steps than typical angr installation. Assuming you installed angr-dev, activate the virtualenv and run:

```
pip install -e ./claripy[cvc4-solver]
./setup.sh pysoot
```

Analyzing Android apps.

Analyzing Android apps (.APK files, containing Java code compiled to the DEX format) requires the Android SDK. Typically, it is installed in <HOME>/Android/SDK/platforms/platform-XX/android.jar, where XX is the Android SDK version used by the app you want to analyze (you may want to install all the platforms required by the Android apps you want to analyze).

5.10.2 Examples

There are multiple examples available:

- Easy Java crackmes: java_crackme1, java_simple3, java_simple4
- A more complex example (solving a CTF challenge): ictf2017_javaisnotfun, blogpost
- Symbolically executing an Android app (using a mix of Java and native code): java_androidnative1
- Many other low-level tests: test_java

5.11 Symbion: Interleaving symbolic and concrete execution

Let's suppose you want to symbolically analyze a specific function of a program, but there is a huge initialization step that you want to skip because it is not necessary for your analysis, or cannot properly be emulated by angr. For example, maybe your program is running on an embedded system and you have access to a debug interface, but you can't easily replicate the hardware in a simulated environment.

This is the perfect scenario for Symbion, our interleaved execution technique!

We implemented a built-in system that let users define a ConcreteTarget that is used to "import" a concrete state of the target program from an external source into angr. Once the state is imported you can make parts of the state symbolic, use symbolic execution on this state, run your analyses, and finally concretize the symbolic parts and resume concrete execution in the external environment. By iterating this process it is possible to implement run-time and interactive advanced symbolic analyses that are backed up by the real program's execution!

Isn't that cool?

5.11.1 How to install

To use this technique you'll need an implementation of a ConcreteTarget (effectively, an object that is going to be the "glue" between angr and the external process.) We ship a default one (the AvatarGDBConcreteTarget, which control an instance of a program being debugged under GDB) in the following repo https://github.com/angr/angr-targets.

Assuming you installed angr-dev, activate the virtualenv and run:

```
git clone https://github.com/angr/angr-targets.git
cd angr-targets
pip install .
```

Now you're ready to go!

5.11.2 Gists

Once you have created an entry state, instantiated a SimulationManager, and specified a list of *stop_points* using the Symbion interface we are going to resume the concrete process execution.

When one of your stop_points (effectively a breakpoint) is hit, we give control to angr. A new plugin called *concrete* is in charge of synchronizing the concrete state of the program inside a new SimState.

Roughly, synchronization does the following:

- All the registers' values (NOT marked with concrete=False in the respective arch file in archinfo) are copied
 inside the new SimState.
- The underlying memory backend is hooked in a way that all the further memory accesses triggered during symbolic execution are redirected to the concrete process.
- If the project is initialized with SimProcedure (use_sim_procedures=True) we are going to re-hook the external functions' addresses with a SimProcedure if we happen to have it, otherwise with a SimProcedure stub (you can control this decision by using the Options SYMBION_KEEP_STUBS_ON_SYNC). Conversely, the real code of the function is executed inside angr (Warning: do that at your own risk!)

Once this process is completed, you can play with your new SimState backed by the concrete process stopped at that particular stop_point.

5.11.3 Options

The way we synchronize the concrete process inside angr is customizable by 2 state options:

• SYMBION_SYNC_CLE: this option controls the synchronization of the memory mapping of the program inside angr. When the project is created, the memory mapping inside angr is different from the one inside the concrete process (this will change as soon as Symbion will be fully compatible with archr). If you want the process mapping to be fully synchronized with the one of the concrete process, set this option to the SimState before initializing the SimulationManager (Note that this is going to happen at the first synchronization of the concrete process inside angr, NOT before)

```
entry_state.options.add(angr.options.SYMBION_SYNC_CLE)
simgr = project.factory.simgr(state)
```

• SYMBION KEEP STUBS ON SYNC: this option controls how we re-hook external functions with SimProcedures. If the project has been initialized to use SimProcedures (use_sim_procedures=True), we are going to re-hook external functions with SimProcedures (if we have that particular implementation) or with a generic stub. If you want to execute SimProcedures for functions for which we have an available implementation and a generic stub SimProcedure for the ones we have not, set this option to the SimState before initializing the SimulationManager. In the other case, we are going to execute the real code for the external functions that miss a SimProcedure (no generic stub is going to be used).

```
entry_state.options.add(angr.options.SYMBION_KEEP_STUBS_ON_SYNC)
simgr = project.factory.simgr(state)
```

5.11.4 Example

You can find more information about this technique and a complete example in our blog post: https://angr.io/blog/ angr_symbion/. For more technical details a public paper will be available soon, or, ping @degrigis on our angr Slack channel.

5.12 Debug variable resolution

angr now support resolve source level variable (debug variable) in binary with debug information. This article will introduce you how to use it.

5.12.1 Setting up

To use it you need binary that is compiled with dwarf debuging information (ex: gcc -g) and load in angr with the option load_debug_info. After that you need to run project.kb.dvars.load_from_dwarf() to set up the feature and we're set.

Overall it looks like this:

```
# compile your binary with debug information
gcc -g -o debug_var debug_var.c
```

```
>>> import angr
>>> project = angr.Project('./examples/debug_var/simple_var', load_debug_info = True)
>>> project.kb.dvars.load_from_dwarf()
```

5.12.2 Core feature

With things now set up you can view the value in the angr memory view of the debug variable within a state with: state.dvars['variable_name'].mem or the value that it point to if it is a pointer with: state. dvars['pointer_name'].deref.mem. Here are some example:

Given the source code in examples/debug_var/simple_var.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
int global_var = 100;
int main(void){
```

```
int a = 10;
int* b = &a;
printf("%d\n", *b);
{
    int a = 24;
    *b = *b + a;
    int c[] = {5, 6, 7, 8};
    printf("%d\n", a);
}
return 0;
}
```

```
# Get a state before executing printf(%d\n", *b) (line 7)
# the addr to line 7 is 0x401193 you can search for it with
>>> project.loader.main_object.addr_to_line
{...}
>>> addr = 0x401193
# Create an simulation manager and run to that addr
>>> simgr = project.factory.simgr()
>>> simgr.explore(find = addr)
<SimulationManager with 1 found>
>>> state = simgr.found[0]
# Resolve 'a' in state
>>> state.dvars['a'].mem
# Dereference pointer b
>>> state.dvars['b'].deref.mem
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0xa> at 0x7fffffffffffffffff
# It works as expected when resolving the value of b gives the address of a
>>> state.dvars['b'].mem
<reg64_t <BV64 0x7fffffffffffffff30> at 0x7fffffffffffffff88>
```

Side-note: For string type you can use .string instead of .mem to resolve it. For struct type you can resolve its member by .member_name") .mem. For array type you can use .array(index) .mem to access the element in array.

5.13 Variable visibility

If you have many variable with the same name but in different scope, calling state.dvars['var_name'] would resolve the variable with the nearest scope.

Example:

```
# Find the addr before executing printf("%d\n", a) (line 12)
# with the same method to find addr
>>> addr = 0x4011e0
# Explore until find state
>>> simgr.move(from_stash='found', to_stash='active')
<SimulationManager with 1 active>
>>> simgr.explore(find = addr)
<SimulationManager with 1 found>
>>> state = simgr.found[0]
```

(continues on next page)

Congratulation, you've now know how to resolve debug variable using angr, for more info check out the api-doc.

CHAPTER

SIX

EXTENDING ANGR

6.1 Hooks and SimProcedures

Hooks in angr are very powerful! You can use them to modify a program's behavior in any way you could imagine. However, the exact way you might want to program a specific hook may be non-obvious. This chapter should serve as a guide when programming SimProcedures.

6.1.1 Quick Start

Here's an example that will remove all bugs from any program:

Now, whenever program execution reaches the main function, instead of executing the actual main function, it will execute this procedure! It just prints out a message, and returns.

Now, let's talk about what happens on the edge of this function! When entering the function, where do the values that go into the arguments come from? You can define your run() function with however many arguments you like, and the SimProcedure runtime will automatically extract from the program state those arguments for you, via a *calling convention*, and call your run function with them. Similarly, when you return a value from the run function, it is placed into the state (again, according to the calling convention), and the actual control-flow action of returning from a function is performed, which depending on the architecture may involve jumping to the link register or jumping to the result of a stack pop.

It should be clear at this point that the SimProcedure we just wrote is meant to totally replace whatever function it is hooked over top of. In fact, the original use case for SimProcedures was replacing library functions. More on that later.

6.1.2 Implementation Context

On a Project class, the dict project._sim_procedures is a mapping from address to SimProcedure instances. When the *execution pipeline* reaches an address that is present in that dict, that is, an address that is hooked, it will execute project._sim_procedures[address].execute(state). This will consult the calling convention to extract the arguments, make a copy of itself in order to preserve thread safety, and run the run() method. It is important to produce a new instance of the SimProcedure for each time it is run, since the process of running a SimProcedure necessarily involves mutating state on the SimProcedure instance, so we need separate ones for each step, lest we run into race conditions in multithreaded environments.

kwargs

This hierarchy implies that you might want to reuse a single SimProcedure in multiple hooks. What if you want to hook the same SimProcedure in several places, but tweaked slightly each time? angr's support for this is that any additional keyword arguments you pass to the constructor of your SimProcedure will end up getting passed as keyword args to your SimProcedure's run() method. Pretty cool!

6.1.3 Data Types

If you were paying attention to the example earlier, you noticed that when we printed out the arguments to the run() function, they came out as a weird <SAO <BV64 0xSTUFF>> class. This is a SimActionObject. Basically, you don't need to worry about it too much, it's just a thin wrapper over a normal bitvector. It does a bit of tracking of what exactly you do with it inside the SimProcedure—this is helpful for static analysis.

You may also have noticed that we directly returned the Python int 0 from the procedure. This will automatically be promoted to a word-sized bitvector! You can return a native number, a bitvector, or a SimActionObject.

When you want to write a procedure that deals with floating point numbers, you will need to specify the calling convention manually. It's not too hard, just provide a cc to the hook: `cc = project.factory.cc_from_arg_kinds((True, True), ret_fp=True) and project.hook(address, ProcedureClass(cc=mycc)) This method for passing in a calling convention works for all calling conventions, so if angr's autodetected one isn't right, you can fix that.

6.1.4 Control Flow

How can you exit a SimProcedure? We've already gone over the simplest way to do this, returning a value from run(). This is actually shorthand for calling self.ret(value). self.ret() is the function which knows how to perform the specific action of returning from a function.

SimProcedures can use lots of different functions like this!

- ret(expr): Return from a function
- jump(addr): Jump to an address in the binary
- exit(code): Terminate the program
- call(addr, args, continue_at): Call a function in the binary
- inline_call(procedure, *args): Call another SimProcedure in-line and return the results

That second-last one deserves some looking-at. We'll get there after a quick detour...

Conditional Exits

What if we want to add a conditional branch out of a SimProcedure? In order to do that, you'll need to work directly with the SimSuccessors object for the current execution step.

The interface for this is `self.successors.add_successor(state, addr, guard, jumpkind). All of these parameters should have an obvious meaning if you've followed along so far. Keep in mind that the state you pass in will NOT be copied and WILL be mutated, so be sure to make a copy beforehand if there will be more work to do!

SimProcedure Continuations

How can we call a function in the binary and have execution resume within our SimProcedure? There is a whole bunch of infrastructure called the "SimProcedure Continuation" that will let you do this. When you use self.call(addr, args, continue_at), addr is expected to be the address you'd like to call, args is the tuple of arguments you'd like to call it with, and continue_at is the name of another method in your SimProcedure class that you'd like execution to continue at when it returns. This method must have the same signature as the run() method. Furthermore, you can pass the keyword argument cc as the calling convention that ought to be used to communicate with the callee.

When you do this, you finish your current step, and execution will start again at the next step at the function you've specified. When that function returns, it has to return to some concrete address! That address is specified by the SimProcedure runtime: an address is allocated in angr's externs segment to be used as the return site for returning to the given method call. It is then hooked with a copy of the procedure instance tweaked to run the specified continue_at function instead of run(), with the same args and kwargs as the first time.

There are two pieces of metadata you need to attach to your SimProcedure class in order to use the continuation subsystem correctly:

- Set the class variable IS_FUNCTION = True
- Set the class variable local_vars to a tuple of strings, where each string is the name of an instance variable on your SimProcedure whose value you would like to persist to when you return. Local variables can be any type so long as you don't mutate their instances.

You may have guessed by now that there exists some sort of auxiliary storage in order to hold on to all this data. You would be right! The state plugin state.callstack has an entry called .procedure_data which is used by the SimProcedure runtime to store information local to the current call frame. angr tracks the stack pointer in order to make the current top of the state.callstack a meaningful local data store. It's stuff that ought to be stored in memory in a stack frame, but the data can't be serialized and/or memory allocation is hard.

As an example, let's look at the SimProcedure that angr uses internally to run all the shared library initializers for a full_init_state for a linux program:

```
class LinuxLoader(angr.SimProcedure):
    NO_RET = True
    IS_FUNCTION = True
    local_vars = ('initializers',)

def rum(self):
    self.initializers = self.project.loader.initializers
    self.rum_initializer()

def rum_initializer(self):
    if len(self.initializers) == 0:
        self.project._simos.set_entry_register_values(self.state)
        self.jump(self.project.entry)
    else:
```

(continues on next page)

This is a particularly clever usage of the SimProcedure continuations. First, notice that the current project is available for use on the procedure instance. This is some powerful stuff you can get yourself into; for safety you generally only want to use the project as a read-only or append-only data structure. Here we're just getting the list of dynamic intializers from the loader. Then, for as long as the list isn't empty, we pop a single function pointer out of the list, being careful not to mutate the list, since the list object is shared across states, and then call it, returning to the run_initializer function again. When we run out of initializers, we set up the entry state and jump to the program entry point.

Very cool!

6.1.5 Global Variables

As a brief aside, you can store global variables in state.globals. This is a dictionary that just gets shallow-copied from state to successor state. Because it's only a shallow copy, its members are the same instances, so the same rules as local variables in SimProcedure continuations apply. You need to be careful not to mutate any item that is used as a global variable unless you know exactly what you're doing.

6.1.6 Helping out static analysis

We've already looked at the class variable IS_FUNCTION, which allows you to use the SimProcedure continuation. There are a few more class variables you can set, though these ones have no direct benefit to you - they merely mark attributes of your function so that static analysis knows what it's doing.

- NO_RET: Set this to true if control flow will never return from this function
- ADDS_EXITS: Set this to true if you do any control flow other than returning
- IS_SYSCALL: Self-explanatory

Furthermore, if you set ADDS_EXITS = True, you'll need to define the method static_exits(). This function takes a single parameter, a list of IRSBs that would be executed in the run-up to your function, and asks you to return a list of all the exits that you know would be produced by your function in that case. The return value is expected to be a list of tuples of (address (int), jumpkind (str)). This is meant to be a quick, best-effort analysis, and you shouldn't try to do anything crazy or intensive to get your answer.

6.1.7 User Hooks

The process of writing and using a SimProcedure makes a lot of assumptions that you want to hook over a whole function. What if you don't? There's an alternate interface for hooking, a *user hook*, that lets you streamline the process of hooking sections of code.

```
>>> @project.hook(0x1234, length=5)
... def set_rax(state):
... state.regs.rax = 1
```

This is a lot simpler! The idea is to use a single function instead of an entire SimProcedure subclass. No extraction of arguments is performed, no complex control flow happens.

Control flow is controlled by the length argument. After the function finishes executing in this example, the next step will start at 5 bytes after the hooked address. If the length argument is omitted or set to zero, execution will resume executing the binary code at exactly the hooked address, without re-triggering the hook. The Ijk_NoHook jumpkind allows this to happen.

If you want more control over control flow coming out of a user hook, you can return a list of successor states. Each successor will be expected to have state.regs.ip, state.scratch.guard, and state.scratch.jumpkind set. The IP is the target instruction pointer, the guard is a symbolic boolean representing a constraint to add to the state related to it being taken as opposed to the others, and the jumpkind is a VEX enum string, like Ijk_Boring, representing the nature of the branch.

The general rule is, if you want your SimProcedure to either be able to extract function arguments or cause a program return, write a full SimProcedure class. Otherwise, use a user hook.

6.1.8 Hooking Symbols

As you should recall from the *section on loading a binary*, dynamically linked programs have a list of symbols that they must import from the libraries they have listed as dependencies, and angr will make sure, rain or shine, that every import symbol gets resolved by *some* address, whether it's a real implementation of the function or just a dummy address hooked with a do-nothing stub. As a result, you can just use the Project.hook_symbol API to hook the address referred to by a symbol!

This means that you can replace library functions with your own code. For instance, to replace rand() with a function that always returns a consistent sequence of values:

```
>>> class NotVeryRand(SimProcedure):
...     def run(self, return_values=None):
...         rand_idx = self.state.globals.get('rand_idx', 0) % len(return_values)
...         out = return_values[rand_idx]
...         self.state.globals['rand_idx'] = rand_idx + 1
...         return out
>>> project.hook_symbol('rand', NotVeryRand(return_values=[413, 612, 1025, 1111]))
```

Now, whenever the program tries to call rand(), it'll return the integers from the return_values array in a loop.

6.2 State Plugins

If you want to store some data on a state and have that information propagated from successor to successor, the easiest way to do this is with state.globals. However, this can become obnoxious with large amounts of interesting data, doesn't work at all for merging states, and isn't very object-oriented.

The solution to these problems is to write a *State Plugin* - an appendix to the state that holds data and implements an interface for dealing with the lifecycle of a state.

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6.2.1 My First Plugin

Let's get started! All state plugins are implemented as subclasses of SimStatePlugin. Once you've read this document, you can use the API reference for this class <code>angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin</code> to quickly review the semantics of all the interfaces you should implement.

The most important method you need to implement is copy: it should be annotated with the memo staticmethod and take a dict called the "memo"—these'll be important later—and returns a copy of the plugin. Short of that, you can do whatever you want. Just make sure to call the superclass initializer!

```
>>> import angr
>>> class MyFirstPlugin(angr.SimStatePlugin):
        def __init__(self, foo):
            super(MyFirstPlugin, self).__init__()
            self.foo = foo
        @angr.SimStatePlugin.memo
        def copy(self, memo):
            return MyFirstPlugin(self.foo)
>>> state = angr.SimState(arch='AMD64')
>>> state.register_plugin('my_plugin', MyFirstPlugin('bar'))
>>> assert state.my_plugin.foo == 'bar'
>>> state2 = state.copy()
>>> state.my_plugin.foo =
>>> state3 = state.copy()
>>> assert state2.my_plugin.foo == 'bar'
>>> assert state3.my_plugin.foo == 'baz'
```

It works! Note that plugins automatically become available as attributes on the state. state.get_plugin(name) is also available as a more programmatic interface.

6.2.2 Where's the state?

State plugins have access to the state, right? So why isn't it part of the initializer? It turns out, there are a plethora of issues related to initialization order and dependency issues, so to simplify things as much as possible, the state is not part of the initializer but is rather set onto the state in a separate phase, by using the set_state method. You can override this state if you need to do things like propagate the state to subcomponents or extract architectural information.

Note the self.state! That's what the super set_state sets up.

However, there's no guarantee on what order the states will be set onto the plugins in, so if you need to interact with *other plugins* for initialization, you need to override the init_state method.

Once again, there's no guarantee on what order these will be called in, so the rule is to make sure you set yourself up good enough during set_state so that if someone else tries to interact with you, no type errors will happen. Here's an example of a good use of init_state, to map a memory region in the state. The use of an instance variable (presumably copied as part of copy()) ensures this only happens the first time the plugin is added to a state.

```
>>> def init_state(self):
...     if self.region is None:
...         self.region = self.state.memory.map_region(SOMEWHERE, 0x1000, 7)
```

Note: weak references

self.state is not the state itself, but rather a weak proxy to the state. You can still use this object as a normal state, but attempts to store it persistently will not work.

6.2.3 Merging

The other element besides copying in the state lifecycle is merging. As input you get the plugins to merge and a list of "merge conditions" - symbolic booleans that are the "guard conditions" describing when the values from each state should actually apply.

The important properties of the merge conditions are:

- They are mutually exclusive and span an entire domain exactly one may be satisfied at once, and there will be additional constraints to ensure that at least one must be satisfied.
- len(merge_conditions) == len(others) + 1, since self counts too.
- zip(merge_conditions, [self] + others) will correctly pair merge conditions with plugins.

During the merge function, you should *mutate* self to become the merged version of itself and all the others, with respect to the merge conditions. This involves using the if-then-else structure that claripy provides. Here is an example of constructing this merged structure by merging a bitvector instance variable called myvar, producing a binary tree of if-then-else expressions searching for the correct condition:

This is such a common construction that we provide a utility to perform it automatically: claripy.ite_cases. The following code snippet is identical to the previous one:

```
self.myvar = claripy.ite_cases(zip(merge_conditions[1:], [o.myvar for o in others]), self.myvar)
```

Keep in mind that like the rest of the top-level claripy functions, ite_cases and If are also available from state. solver, and these versions will perform SimActionObject unwrapping if applicable.

Common Ancestor

The full prototype of the merge interface is def merge(self, others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None). others and merge_conditions have been discussed in depth already.

The common ancestor is the instance of the plugin from the most recent common ancestor of the states being merged. It may not be available for all merges, in which case it will be None. There are no rules for how exactly you should use this to improve the quality of your merges, but you may find it useful in more complex setups.

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6.2.4 Widening

There is another kind of merging called *widening* which takes several states and produces a more general state. It is used during static analysis.

Todo: Explain what this means

6.2.5 Serialization

In order to support serialization of states which contain your plugin, you should implement the __getstate__/_setstate__ magic method pair. Keep in mind the following guidelines:

- Your serialization result should *not* include the state.
- After deserialization, set_state() will be called again.

This means that plugins are "detached" from the state and serialized in an isolated environment, and then reattached to the state on descrialization.

6.2.6 Plugins all the way down

You may have components within your state plugins which are large and complicated and start breaking object-orientation in order to make copy/merge work well with the state lifecycle. You're in luck! Things can be state plugins even if they aren't directly attached to a state. A great example of this is SimFile, which is a state plugin but is stored in the filesystem plugin, and is never used with SimState.register_plugin. When you're doing this, there are a handful of rules to remember which will keep your plugins safe and happy:

- Annotate your copy function with @SimStatePlugin.memo.
- In order to prevent *divergence* while copying multiple references to the same plugin, make sure you're passing the memo (the argument to copy) to the .copy of any subplugins. This with the previous point will preserve object identity.
- In order to prevent *duplicate merging* while merging multiple references to the same plugin, there should be a concept of the "owner" of each instance, and only the owner should run the merge routine.
- While passing arguments down into sub-plugins merge() routines, make sure you unwrap others and common_ancestor into the appropriate types. For example, if PluginA contains a PluginB, the former should do the following:

6.2.7 Setting Defaults

To make it so that a plugin will automatically become available on a state when requested, without having to register it with the state first, you can register it as a *default*. The following code example will make it so that whenever you access state.my_plugin, a new instance of MyPlugin will be instanciated and registered with the state.

MyPlugin.register_default('my_plugin')

6.3 Extending the Environment Model

One of the biggest issues you may encounter while using angr to analyze programs is an incomplete model of the environment, or the APIs, surrounding your program. This usually takes the form of syscalls or dynamic library calls, or in rare cases, loader artifacts. angr provides a convenient interface to do most of these things!

Everything discussed here involves writing SimProcedures, so make sure you know how to do that!.

Note that this page should be treated as a narrative document, not a reference document, so you should read it at least once start to end.

6.3.1 Setup

You *probably* want to have a development install of angr, i.e. set up with the script in the angr-dev repository. It is remarkably easy to add new API models by just implementing them in certain folders of the angr repository. This is also desirable because any work you do in this field will almost always be useful to other people, and this makes it extremely easy to submit a pull request.

However, if you want to do your development out-of-tree, you want to work against a production version of angr, or you want to make customized versions of already-implemented API functions, there are ways to incorporate your extensions programmatically. Both these techniques, in-tree and out-of-tree, will be documented at each step.

6.3.2 Dynamic library functions - import dependencies

This is the easiest case, and the case that SimProcedures were originally designed for.

First, you need to write a SimProcedure representing the function. Then you need to let angr know about it.

Case 1, in-tree development: SimLibraries and catalogues

angr has a magical folder in its repository, angr/procedures. Within it are all the SimProcedure implementations that come bundled with angr as well as information about what libraries implement what functions.

Each folder in the procedures directory corresponds to some sort of *standard*, or a body that specifies the interface part of an API and its semantics. We call each folder a *catalog* of procedures. For example, we have libc which contains the functions defined by the C standard library, and a separate folder posix which contains the functions defined by the posix standard. There is some magic which automatically scrapes these folders in the procedures directory and organizes them into the angr.SIM_PROCEDURES dict. For example, angr/procedures/libc/printf.py contains both class printf and class __printf_chk, so there exists both angr.SIM_PROCEDURES['libc']['printf'] and angr.SIM_PROCEDURES['libc']['__printf_chk'].

The purpose of this categorization is to enable easy sharing of procedures among different libraries. For example, libc.so.6 contains all the C standard library functions, but so does msvcrt.dll! These relationships are represented with objects called SimLibraries which represent an actual shared library file, its functions, and their metadata. Take a look at the API reference for *SimLibrary* along with the code for setting up glibc to learn how to use it.

SimLibraries are defined in a special folder in the procedures directory, procedures/definitions. Files in here should contain an *instance*, not a subclass, of SimLibrary. The same magic that scrapes up SimProcedures will also scrape up SimLibraries and put them in angr.SIM_LIBRARIES, keyed on each of their common names. For example, angr/procedures/definitions/linux_loader.py contains lib = SimLibrary(); lib. set_library_names('ld.so', 'ld-linux.so', 'ld.so.2', 'ld-linux.so.2', 'ld-linux-x86_64. so.2'), so you can access it via angr.SIM_LIBRARIES['ld.so'] or angr.SIM_LIBRARIES['ld-linux.so'] or any of the other names.

At load time, all the dynamic library dependencies are looked up in SIM_LIBRARIES and their procedures (or stubs!) are hooked into the project's address space to summarize any functions it can. The code for this process is found here.

SO, the bottom line is that you can just write your own SimProcedure and SimLibrary definitions, drop them into the directory structure, and they'll automatically be applied. If you're adding a procedure to an existing library, you can just drop it into the appropriate catalog and it'll be picked up by all the libraries using that catalog, since most libraries construct their list of function implementation by batch-adding entire catalogs.

Case 2, out-of-tree development, tight integration

If you'd like to implement your procedures outside the angr repository, you can do that. You effectively do this by just manually adding your procedures to the appropriate SimLibrary. Just call angr.SIM_LIBRARIES[libname]. add(name, proc_cls) to do the registration.

Note that this will only work if you do this before the project is loaded with angr.Project. Note also that adding the procedure to angr.SIM_PROCEDURES, i.e. adding it directly to a catalog, will *not* work, since these catalogs are used to construct the SimLibraries only at import and are used by value, not by reference.

Case 3, out-of-tree development, loose integration

Finally, if you don't want to mess with SimLibraries at all, you can do things purely on the project level with hook_symbol().

6.3.3 Syscalls

Unlike dynamic library methods, syscall procedures aren't incorporated into the project via hooks. Instead, whenever a syscall instruction is encountered, the basic block should end with a jumpkind of Ijk_Sys. This will cause the next step to be handled by the SimOS associated with the project, which will extract the syscall number from the state and query a specialized SimLibrary with that.

This deserves some explanation.

There is a subclass of SimLibrary called SimSyscallLibrary which is used for collecting all the functions that are part of an operating system's syscall interface. SimSyscallLibrary uses the same system for managing implementations and metadata as SimLibrary, but adds on top of it a system for managing syscall numbers for multiple ABIs (application binary interfaces, like an API but lower level). The best example for an implementation of a SimSyscallLibrary is the linux syscalls. It keeps its procedures in a normal SimProcedure catalog called linux_kernel and adds them to the library, then adds several syscall number mappings, including separate mappings for mips-o32, mips-n32, and mips-n64.

In order for syscalls to be supported in the first place, the project's SimOS must inherit from <code>SimUserland</code>, itself a SimOS subclass. This requires the class to call SimUserland's constructor with a super() call that includes the <code>syscall_library</code> keyword argument, specifying the specific SimSyscallLibrary that contains the appropriate procedures and mappings for the operating system. Additionally, the class's <code>configure_project</code> must perform a super() call including the <code>abi_list</code> keyword argument, which contains the list of ABIs that are valid for the current architecture. If the ABI for the syscall can't be determined by just the syscall number, for example, that amd64 linux programs can use either <code>int 0x80</code> or <code>syscall</code> to invoke a syscall and these two ABIs use overlapping numbers, the SimOS cal

override syscall_abi(), which takes a SimState and returns the name of the current syscall ABI. This is determined for int80/syscall by examining the most recent jumpkind, since libVEX will produce different syscall jumpkinds for the different instructions.

Calling conventions for syscalls are a little weird right now and they ought to be refactored. The current situation requires that angr.SYSCALL_CC be a map of maps {arch_name: {os_name: cc_cls}}, where os_name is the value of project.simos.name, and each of the calling convention classes must include an extra method called syscall_number which takes a state and return the current syscall number. Look at the bottom of calling conventions.py to learn more about it. Not very object-oriented at all...

As a side note, each syscall is given a unique address in a special object in CLE called the "kernel object". Upon a syscall, the address for the specific syscall is set into the state's instruction pointer, so it will show up in the logs. These addresses are not hooked, they are just used to identify syscalls during analysis given only an address trace. The test for determining if an address corresponds to a syscall is project.simos.is_syscall_addr(addr) and the syscall corresponding to the address can be retrieved with project.simos.syscall_from_addr(addr).

Case 1, in-tree development

SimSyscallLibraries are stored in the same place as the normal SimLibraries, angr/procedures/definitions. These libraries don't have to specify any common name, but they can if they'd like to show up in SIM_LIBRARIES for easy access.

The same thing about adding procedures to existing catalogs of dynamic library functions also applies to syscalls - implementing a linux syscall is as easy as writing the SimProcedure and dropping the implementation into angr/procedures/linux_kernel. As long as the class name matches one of the names in the number-to-name mapping of the SimLibrary (all the linux syscall numbers are included with recent releases of angr), it will be used.

To add a new operating system entirely, you need to implement the SimOS as well, as a subclass of SimUserland. To integrate it into the tree, you should add it to the simos directory, but this is not a magic directory like procedures. Instead, you should add a line to angr/simos/__init__.py calling register_simos() with the OS name as it appears in project.loader.main_object.os and the SimOS class. Your class should do everything described above.

Case 2, out-of-tree development, tight integration

You can add syscalls to a SimSyscallLibrary the same way you can add functions to a normal SimLibrary, by tweaking the entries in angr.SIM_LIBRARIES. If you're this for linux you want angr.SIM_LIBRARIES['linux'].add(name, proc_cls).

You can register a SimOS with angr from out-of-tree as well - the same register_simos method is just sitting there waiting for you as angr.simos.register_simos(name, simos_cls).

Case 3, out-of-tree development, loose integration

The SimSyscallLibrary the SimOS uses is copied from the original during setup, so it is safe to mutate. You can directly fiddle with project.simos.syscall_library to manipulate an individual project's syscalls.

You can provide a SimOS class (not an instance) directly to the Project constructor via the simos keyword argument, so you can specify the SimOS for a project explicitly if you like.

6.3.4 SimData

What about when there is an import dependency on a data object? This is easily resolved when the given library is actually loaded into memory - the relocation can just be resolved as normal. However, when the library is not loaded (for example, auto_load_libs=False, or perhaps some dependency is simply missing), things get tricky. It is not possible to guess in most cases what the value should be, or even what its size should be, so if the guest program ever dereferences a pointer to such a symbol, emulation will go off the rails.

CLE will warn you when this might happen:

```
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: _rtld_global
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: __libc_enable_secure
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: _rtld_global_ro
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: _dl_argv
```

If you see this message and suspect it is causing issues (i.e. the program is actually introspecting the value of these symbols), you can resolve it by implementing and registering a SimData class, which is like a SimProcedure but for data. Simulated data. Very cool.

A SimData can effectively specify some data that must be used to provide an unresolved import symbol. It has a number of mechanisms to make this more useful, including the ability to specify relocations and subdependencies.

Look at the SimData cle.backends.externs.simdata.SimData class reference and the existing SimData subclasses for guidelines on how to do this.

6.4 Writing Analyses

An analysis can be created by subclassing the angr.Analysis class. In this section, we'll create a mock analysis to show off the various features. Let's start with something simple:

This is a very simple analysis – it takes an option, and stores it. Of course, it's not useful, but this is just a demonstration.

Let's see how to run our new analysis:

```
>>> proj = angr.Project("/bin/true")
>>> mock = proj.analyses.MockAnalysis('this is my option')
>>> assert mock.option == 'this is my option'
```

6.4.1 Working with projects

Via some Python magic, your analysis will automatically have the project upon which you are running it under the self.project property. Use this to interact with your project and analyze it!

6.4.2 Analysis Resilience

Sometimes, your (or our) code might suck and analyses might throw exceptions. We understand, and we also understand that oftentimes a partial result is better than nothing. This is specifically true when, for example, running an analysis on all of the functions in a program. Even if some of the functions fails, we still want to know the results of the functions that do not.

To facilitate this, the Analysis base class provides a resilience context manager under self._resilience. Here's an example:

The context manager catches any exceptions thrown and logs them (as a tuple of the exception type, message, and traceback) to self.errors. These are also saved and loaded when the analysis is saved and loaded (although the traceback is discarded, as it is not picklable).

You can tune the effects of the resilience with two optional keyword parameters to self._resilience().

The first is name, which affects where the error is logged. By default, errors are placed in self.errors, but if name is provided, then instead the error is logged to self.named_errors, which is a dict mapping name to a list of all the errors that were caught under that name. This allows you to easily tell where thrown without examining its traceback.

The second argument is exception, which should be the type of the exception that resilience should catch. This defaults to Exception, which handles (and logs) almost anything that could go wrong. You can also pass a tuple of exception types to this option, in which case all of them will be caught.

Using resilience has a few advantages:

1. Your exceptions are gracefully logged and easily accessible afterwards. This is really nice for writing testcases.

- 2. When creating your analysis, the user can pass fail_fast=True, which transparently disable the resilience, which is really nice for manual testing.
- 3. It's prettier than having try except everywhere.

Have fun with analyses! Once you master the rest of angr, you can use analyses to understand anything computable!

6.5 Scripting angr management

Warning: Please note that the documentation and the API for angr management are highly in-flux. You will need to spend time reading the source code. Grep is your friend. If you have questions, please ask in the angr slack.

If you build something which uses an API and you want to make sure it doesn't break, you can contribute a testcase for the API!

This codebase is absolutely filled to the brim with one-off hacks. If you see some code and think, "hm, that doesn't seem like an extensible or best-practices way to code that", you're probably right. Cleaning up angr management's code is a top priority for us, so if you have some ideas to fix these sorts of issues, please let us know, either in an issue or a pull request!

6.5.1 The console, and the basic objects

angr management opens with an IPython console ready for input. This console has in its namespace several objects which are important for manipulating angr management and its data.

- First, the main_window. This is the QMainWindow instance for the application. It contains basic functions that correspond to top-level buttons, such as loading a binary.
- Next, the workspace. This is a light object which coordinates the UI elements and manages the tabbed environment. You can use it to access any analysis-related GUI element, such as the disassembly view.
- Finally, the instance. This is angr management's data model. It contains mechanisms for synchronizing components on shared data sources, as well as logic for creating long-running jobs.

workspace is also available as an attribute on main_window and instance is available as an attribute on workspace. If you are programming in a namespace where none of these objects are available, you can import the angrmanagment. logic.GlobalInfo object, which contains a reference to main_window.

6.5.2 The ObjectContainer

angr management uses a class called ObjectContainer to implement a pub-sub model and synchronize changing object references. Let's use instance.project as an example. This is an ObjectContainer that contains the current project. You can use it in every way that you would normally use a project - you can access project.factory, project.kb, etc. However, it also has two very important features that are helpful for building UIs.

First, the pub-sub model. You can subscribe to changes to this object by calling instance.project.am_subscribe(callback). Then, you can notify listeners of changes by calling instance.project.am_event(). Note that events are NEVER automatically triggered - you must call am_event in order to trigger the callbacks. One useful feature of this model is that you can provide arbitrary keyword arguments to am_event, and they will be passed on to each callback. This means that you should always have your callbacks take **kwargs in order to account for unknown parameters. This feature is particularly useful to prevent feedback loops - if you ever find yourself in a situation where you need to broadcast an event from your callback, you can add an argument that you can use as a flag not to recurse any further.

Next, object reference mutability. Let's say you have a widget that displays information about the project. Following the principle of least access, you should only provide as much information as is necessary to do the job - in this case, just the project object. If you provide the basic project object, this will cause issues when a new project is loaded. Notably, there will be a dangling reference held to the original project, preventing it from being garbage collected, and the widget will not update, continuing to show the old project's information. Now, if you provide the project's ObjectContainer, a new project can be created and inserted into the container and the reference will instantly be available to your widget. If you ever wanted to load a new project yourself, all you have to do is assign to instance.project.am_obj and then send off an event. Combined with the event publication model, this provides an efficient way to build responsive UIs that follow the principle of least access.

One important way that you can't use the object container the same way that you would a normal object is that is None will obviously not work. To resolve this, you can use instance.project.am_none - this will be True when no project is loaded.

One interesting feature of the ObjectContainer is that they can nest. If you have a container which contains a container which contains an object, any events sent to the inner container will also be sent to subscribers to the outer container. This allows patterns such as the list of SimStates actually containing a list of ObjectContainers which contain states, and the "current state" container actually contains one of these containers. The result of this is that UI elements can either subscribe to the current state, no matter

A full list of standard ObjectContainers that can be found in the instance __init__ method. There are more containers floating around for synchronizing on non-global elements - for example, the current state of the disassembly view is synchronized through its InfoDock object. Given a disassembly view instance, you can subscribe to, for example, its current selected instructions through view.infodock.selected_insns.

6.5.3 Manipulating UI elements

The workspace contains methods to manipulate UI elements. Notably, you can manipulate all open tabs with the workspace.view_manager reference. Additionally, you can pass any sort of object you like to workspace.viz() and it will attempt to visualize the object in the current window.

6.5.4 Writing plugins

angr management has a very flexible plugin framework. A plugin is a Python file containing a subclass of angrmanagement.plugins.BasePlugin. Plugin files will be automatically loaded from the plugins module of angr management, and also from ~/.local/share/angr-management/plugins. These paths are configurable through the program configuration, but at the time of writing, this is not exposed in the UI.

The best way to see the tools you can use while building a plugin is to read the plugin base class source code. Any method or attribute can be overridden from a base class and will be automatically called on relevant events.

6.5.5 Writing tests

Look at the existing tests for examples. Generally, you can test UI components by creating the component and driving input to it via QTest. You can create a headless MainWindow instance by passing show=False to its constructor - this will also get you access to a workspace and an instance.

ANGR EXAMPLES

To help you get started with angr, we've created several examples. We've tried to organize them into major categories, and briefly summarize that each example will expose you to. Enjoy!

If you want a high-level cheatsheet of the "techniques" used in the examples, see the angr strategies cheatsheet by Florent Bordignon.

To jump to a specific category:

- Introduction examples showing off the very basics of angr's functionality
- Reversing examples showing angr being used in reverse engineering tasks
- Vulnerability Discovery examples of angr being used to search for vulnerabilities
- Exploitation examples of angr being used as an exploitation assistance tool

7.1 Introduction

These are some introductory examples to give an idea of how to use angr's API.

7.1.1 Fauxware

This is a basic script that explains how to use angr to symbolically execute a program and produce concrete input satisfying certain conditions.

Binary, source, and script are found here.

7.2 Reversing

These are examples that use angr to solve reverse engineering challenges. There are a lot of these. We've chosen the most unique ones, and relegated the rest to the CTF Challenges section below.

7.2.1 Beginner reversing example: little engine

```
Script author: Michael Reeves (github: @mastermjr)
Script runtime: 3 min 26 seconds (206 seconds)
Concepts presented:
stdin constraining, concrete optimization with Unicorn
```

This challenge is similar to the csaw challenge below, however the reversing is much more simple. The original code, solution, and writeup for the challenge can be found at the b01lers github here.

The angr solution script is here and the binary is here.

7.2.2 Whitehat CTF 2015 - Crypto 400

```
Script author: Yan Shoshitaishvili (github: @Zardus)
Script runtime: 30 seconds
Concepts presented: statically linked binary (manually hooking with function summaries),

—commandline argument, partial solutions
```

We solved this crackme with angr's help. The resulting script will help you understand how angr can be used for crackme *assistance*, not a full-out solve. Since angr cannot solve the actual crypto part of the challenge, we use it just to reduce the keyspace, and brute-force the rest.

You can find this script here and the binary here.

7.2.3 CSAW CTF 2015 Quals - Reversing 500, "wyvern"

```
Script author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)
Script runtime: 15 mins
Concepts presented: stdin constraining, concrete optimization with Unicorn
```

angr can outright solve this challenge with very little assistance from the user. The script to do so is *here* https://github.com/angr/angr-examples/tree/master/examples/csaw_wyvern/solve.py and the binary is here.

7.2.4 TUMCTF 2016 - zwiebel

```
Script author: Fish
Script runtime: 2 hours 31 minutes with pypy and Unicorn - expect much longer with...

—CPython only
Concepts presented: self-modifying code support, concrete optimization with Unicorn
```

This example is of a self-unpacking reversing challenge. This example shows how to enable Unicorn support and self-modification support in angr. Unicorn support is essential to solve this challenge within a reasonable amount of time - simulating the unpacking code symbolically is *very* slow. Thus, we execute it concretely in unicorn/qemu and only switch into symbolic execution when needed.

You may refer to other writeup about the internals of this binary. I didn't reverse too much since I was pretty confident that angr is able to solve it :-)

The long-term goal of optimizing angr is to execute this script within 10 minutes. Pretty ambitious: P

Here is the binary and the script.

7.2.5 FlareOn 2015 - Challenge 5

```
Script author: Adrian Tang (github: @tangabc)
Script runtime: 2 mins 10 secs
Concepts presented: Windows support
```

This is another reversing challenge from the FlareOn challenges.

"The challenge is designed to teach you about PCAP file parsing and traffic decryption by reverse engineering an executable used to generate it. This is a typical scenario in our malware analysis practice where we need to figure out precisely what the malware was doing on the network"

For this challenge, the author used angr to represent the desired encoded output as a series of constraints for the SAT solver to solve for the input.

For a detailed write-up please visit the author's post here and you can also find the solution from the FireEye here

7.2.6 Octf quals 2016 - trace

```
Script author: WGH (wgh@bushwhackers.ru)
Script runtime: 1 min 50 secs (CPython 2.7.10), 1 min 12 secs (PyPy 4.0.1)
Concepts presented: guided symbolic tracing
```

In this challenge we're given a text file with trace of a program execution. The file has two columns, address and instruction executed. So we know all the instructions being executed, and which branches were taken. But the initial data is not known.

Reversing reveals that a buffer on the stack is initialized with known constant string first, then an unknown string is appended to it (the flag), and finally it's sorted with some variant of quicksort. And we need to find the flag somehow.

angr easily solves this problem. We only have to direct it to the right direction at every branch, and the solver finds the flag at a glance.

Files are here.

7.2.7 ASIS CTF Finals 2015 - license

```
Script author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)
Script runtime: 3.6 sec
Concepts presented: using the filesystem, manual symbolic summary execution
```

This is a crackme challenge that reads a license file. Rather than hooking the read operations of the flag file, we actually pass in a filesystem with the correct file created.

Here is the binary and the script.

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7.2.8 DEFCON Quals 2017 - Crackme2000

Script author: Shellphish
Script runtime: varies, but on the order of seconds
Concepts presented: automated reverse engineering

DEFCON Quals had a whole category for automatic reversing in 2017. Our scripts are here.

7.3 Vulnerability Discovery

These are examples of angr being used to identify vulnerabilities in binaries.

7.3.1 Beginner vulnerability discovery example: strcpy_find

```
Script author: Kyle Ossinger (github: @k0ss)
Concepts presented: exploration to vulnerability, programmatic find condition
```

This is the first in a series of "tutorial scripts" I'll be making which use angr to find exploitable conditions in binaries. The first example is a very simple program. The script finds a path from the main entry point to strcpy, but **only** when we control the source buffer of the strcpy operation. To hit the right path, angr has to solve for a password argument, but angr solved this in less than 2 seconds on my machine using the standard Python interpreter. The script might look large, but that's only because I've heavily commented it to be more helpful to beginners. The challenge binary is here and the script is here.

7.3.2 CGC crash identification

```
Script author: Antonio Bianchi, Jacopo Corbetta
Concepts presented: exploration to vulnerability
```

This is a very easy binary containing a stack buffer overflow and an easter egg. CADET_00001 is one of the challenge released by DARPA for the Cyber Grand Challenge: link The binary can run in the DECREE VM: link A copy of the original challenge and the angr solution is provided here CADET_00001.adapted (by Jacopo Corbetta) is the same program, modified to be runnable in an Intel x86 Linux machine.

7.3.3 Grub "back to 28" bug

```
Script author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)
Concepts presented: unusal target (custom function hooking required), use of exploration...
-techniques to categorize and prune the program's state space
```

This is the demonstration presented at 32c3. The script uses angr to discover the input to crash grub's password entry prompt.

script - vulnerable module

7.4 Exploitation

These are examples of angr's use as an exploitation assistance engine.

7.4.1 Insomnihack Simple AEG

```
Script author: Nick Stephens (github: @NickStephens)
Concepts presented: automatic exploit generation, global symbolic data tracking
```

Demonstration for Insomni'hack 2016. The script is a very simple implementation of AEG. script

7.4.2 Seculnside 2016 Quals - mbrainfuzz - symbolic exploration for exploitability conditions

```
Script author: nsr (nsr@tasteless.eu)
Script runtime: \sim 15 seconds per binary
Concepts presented: symbolic exploration guided by static analysis, using the CFG
```

Originally, a binary was given to the ctf-player by the challenge-service, and an exploit had to be crafted automatically. Four sample binaries, obtained during the ctf, are included in the example. All binaries follow the same format; the command-line argument is validated in a bunch of functions, and when every check succeeds, a memcpy() resulting into a stack-based buffer overflow is executed. angr is used to find the way through the binary to the memcpy() and to generate valid inputs to every checking function individually.

The sample binaries and the script are located here and additional information be found at the author's Write-Up.

7.4.3 SECCON 2016 Quals - ropsynth

```
Script author: Yan Shoshitaishvili (github @zardus) and Nilo Redini
Script runtime: 2 minutes
Concepts presented: automatic ROP chain generation, binary modification, reasoning over
—constraints, reasoning over action history
```

This challenge required the automatic generation of ropchains, with the twist that every ropchain was succeeded by an input check that, if not passed, would terminate the application. We used symbolic execution to recover those checks, removed the checks from the binary, used angrop to build the ropchains, and instrumented them with the inputs to pass the checks.

The various challenge files are located here, with the actual solve script here.

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FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

This is a collection of commonly-asked "how do I do X?" questions and other general questions about angr, for those too lazy to read this whole document.

If your question is of the form "how do I fix X issue after installing", see also the Troubleshooting section of the :ref: install instructions < Installing angr>`_.

8.1 Why is it named angr?

The core of angr's analysis is on VEX IR, and when something is vexing, it makes you angry.

8.2 How should "angr" be stylized?

All lowercase, even at the beginning of sentences. It's an anti-proper noun.

8.3 Why isn't symbolic execution doing the thing I want?

The universal debugging technique for symbolic execution is as follows:

- Check your simulation manager for errored states. print(simgr) is a good place to start, and if you see anything to do with "errored", go for print(simgr.errored).
- If you have any errored states and it's not immediately obvious what you did wrong, you can get a pdb shell at the crash site by going simgr.errored[n].debug().
- If no state has reached an address you care about, you should check the path each state has gone down: import pprint; pprint.pprint(state.history.descriptions.hardcopy). This will show you a high-level summary of what the symbolic execution engine did at each step along the state's history. You will be able to see from this a basic block trace and also a list of executed simprocedures. If you're using unicorn engine, you can check state.history.bbl_addrs.hardcopy to see what blocks were executed in each invocation of unicorn.
- If a state is going down the wrong path, you can check what constraints caused it to go that way: print(state. solver.constraints). If a state has just gone past a branch, you can check the most recent branch condition with state.history.events[-1].

8.4 How can I get diagnostic information about what angr is doing?

angr uses the standard logging module for logging, with every package and submodule creating a new logger.

The simplest way to get debug output is the following:

```
import logging
logging.getLogger('angr').setLevel('DEBUG')
```

You may want to use INFO or whatever else instead. By default, angr will enable logging at the WARNING level.

Each angr module has its own logger string, usually all the Python modules above it in the hierarchy, plus itself, joined with dots. For example, angr.analyses.cfg. Because of the way the Python logging module works, you can set the verbosity for all submodules in a module by setting a verbosity level for the parent module. For example, logging.getLogger('angr.analyses').setLevel('INFO') will make the CFG, as well as all other analyses, log at the INFO level.

8.5 Why is angr so slow?

It's complicated! Optimization considerations

8.6 How do I find bugs using angr?

It's complicated! The easiest way to do this is to define a "bug condition", for example, "the instruction pointer has become a symbolic variable", and run symbolic exploration until you find a state matching that condition, then dump the input as a testcase. However, you will quickly run into the state explosion problem. How you address this is up to you. Your solution may be as simple as adding an avoid condition or as complicated as implementing CMU's MAYHEM system as an Exploration Technique.

8.7 Why did you choose VEX instead of another IR (such as LLVM, REIL, BAP, etc)?

We had two design goals in angr that influenced this choice:

- 1. angr needed to be able to analyze binaries from multiple architectures. This mandated the use of an IR to preserve our sanity, and required the IR to support many architectures.
- 2. We wanted to implement a binary analysis engine, not a binary lifter. Many projects start and end with the implementation of a lifter, which is a time consuming process. We needed to take something that existed and already supported the lifting of multiple architectures.

Searching around the internet, the major choices were:

- LLVM is an obvious first candidate, but lifting binary code to LLVM cleanly is a pain. The two solutions are either lifting to LLVM through QEMU, which is hackish (and the only implementation of it seems very tightly integrated into S2E), or McSema, which only supported x86 at the time but has since gone through a rewrite and gotten support for x86-64 and aarch64.
- TCG is QEMU's IR, but extracting it seems very daunting as well and documentation is very scarce.

- REIL seems promising, but there is no standard reference implementation that supports all the architectures that
 we wanted. It seems like a nice academic work, but to use it, we would have to implement our own lifters, which
 we wanted to avoid.
- BAP was another possibility. When we started work on angr, BAP only supported lifting x86 code, and upto-date versions of BAP were only available to academic collaborators of the BAP authors. These were two deal-breakers. BAP has since become open, but it still only supports x86_64, x86, and ARM.
- VEX was the only choice that offered an open library and support for many architectures. As a bonus, it is very well documented and designed specifically for program analysis, making it very easy to use in angr.

While angr uses VEX now, there's no fundamental reason that multiple IRs cannot be used. There are two parts of angr, outside of the angr.engines.vex package, that are VEX-specific:

- the jump labels (i.e., the Ijk_Ret for returns, Ijk_Call for calls, and so forth) are VEX enums.
- VEX treats registers as a memory space, and so does angr. While we provide accesses to state.regs.rax and friends, on the backend, this does state.registers.load(8, 8), where the first 8 is a VEX-defined offset for rax to the register file.

To support multiple IRs, we'll either want to abstract these things or translate their labels to VEX analogues.

8.8 Why are some ARM addresses off-by-one?

In order to encode THUMB-ness of an ARM code address, we set the lowest bit to one. This convention comes from LibVEX, and is not entirely our choice! If you see an odd ARM address, that just means the code at address - 1 is in THUMB mode.

8.9 How do I serialize angr objects?

Pickle will work. However, Python will default to using an extremely old pickle protocol that does not support more complex Python data structures, so you must specify a more advanced data stream format. The easiest way to do this is pickle.dumps(obj, -1).

This might crop up if you're using a CGC analysis such as driller or rex. Floating point support in angr has been disabled in the CGC analyses for a tight-knit nebula of reasons:

- Libvex's representation of floating point numbers is imprecise it converts the 80-bit extended precision format used by the x87 for computation to 64-bit doubles, making it impossible to get precise results
- There is very limited implementation support in angr for the actual primitive operations themselves as reported by libvex, so you will often get a less friendly "unsupported operation" error if you go too much further
- For what operations are implemented, the basic optimizations that allow tractability during symbolic computation (AST deduplication, operation collapsing) are not implemented for floating point ops, leading to gigantic ASTs
- There are memory corruption bugs in z3 that get triggered frighteningly easily when you're using huge workloads of mixed floating point and bitvector ops. We haven't been able to get a testcase that doesn't involve "just run angr" for the z3 guys to investigate.

Instead of trying to cope with all of these, we have simply disabled floating point support in the symbolic execution engine. To allow for execution in the presence of floating point ops, we have enabled an exploration technique called the https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration_techniques/oppologist.py https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration_techniques/oppologist.py https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration_techniques/oppologist.py <a href="https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration_techniques/oppologist.py <a href="https://g

If you're seeing this error and it's terminating the analysis, it's probably because you don't have unicorn installed or configured correctly. If you're seeing this issue just in a log somewhere, it's just the oppologist kicking in and you have nothing to worry about.

8.11 Why is angr's CFG different from IDA's?

Two main reasons:

- IDA does not split basic blocks at function calls. angr will, because they are a form of control flow and basic blocks end at control flow instructions. You generally do not need the supergraph for performing automated analyses.
- IDA will split basic blocks if another block jumps into the middle of it. This is called basic block normalization, and angr does not do it by default since it is unnecessary for most static analyses. You may enable it by passing normalize=True to the CFG analysis.

8.12 Why do I get incorrect register values when reading from a state during a SimInspect breakpoint?

libVEX will eliminate duplicate register writes within a single basic block when optimizations are enabled. Turn off IR optimization to make everything look right at all times.

In the case of the instruction pointer, libVEX will frequently omit mid-block writes even when optimizations are disabled. In this case, you should use state.scratch.ins_addr to get the current instruction pointer.

CHAPTER

NINE

APPENDIX

9.1 Cheatsheet

The following cheatsheet aims to give an overview of various things you can do with angr and act as a quick reference to check the syntax for something without having to dig through the deeper docs.

9.1.1 General getting started

Some useful imports

```
import angr #the main framework import claripy #the solver engine
```

Loading the binary

9.1.2 States

Create a SimState object

```
state = proj.factory.entry_state()
```

9.1.3 Simulation Managers

Generate a simulation manager object

```
simgr = proj.factory.simulation_manager(state)
```

9.1.4 Exploring and analysing states

Choosing a different Exploring strategy

```
simgr.use_technique(angr.exploration_techniques.DFS())
```

Symbolically execute until we find a state satisfying our find= and avoid= parameters

```
avoid_addr = [0x400c06, 0x400bc7]
find_addr = 0x400c10d
simgr.explore(find=find_addr, avoid=avoid_addr)
```

Symbolically execute until lambda expression is True

```
simgr.step(until=lambda sm: sm.active[0].addr >= first_jmp)
```

This is especially useful with the ability to access the current STDOUT or STDERR (1 here is the File Descriptor for STDOUT)

```
simgr.explore(find=lambda s: "correct" in s.posix.dumps(1))
```

Memory Managment on big searches (Auto Drop Stashes):

Manually Exploring

```
simgr.step(step_func=step_func, until=lambda lsm: len(sm.found) > 0)

def step_func(lsm):
    lsm.stash(filter_func=lambda state: state.addr == 0x400c06, from_stash='active', to_
    stash='avoid')
    lsm.stash(filter_func=lambda state: state.addr == 0x400bc7, from_stash='active', to_
    stash='avoid')
    lsm.stash(filter_func=lambda state: state.addr == 0x400c10, from_stash='active', to_
    stash='found')
    return lsm
```

Enable Logging output from Simulation Manager:

```
import logging
logging.getLogger('angr.sim_manager').setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
```

Stashes

Move Stash:

```
simgr.stash(from_stash="found", to_stash="active")
```

Drop Stashes:

```
simgr.drop(stash="avoid")
```

9.1.5 Constraint Solver (claripy)

Create symbolic object

```
sym_arg_size = 15 #Length in Bytes because we will multiply with 8 later
sym_arg = claripy.BVS('sym_arg', 8*sym_arg_size)
```

Restrict sym_arg to typical char range

```
for byte in sym_arg.chop(8):
   initial_state.add_constraints(byte >= '\x20') # ' '
   initial_state.add_constraints(byte <= '\x7e') # '~'</pre>
```

Create a state with a symbolic argument

```
argv = [proj.filename]
argv.append(sym_arg)
state = proj.factory.entry_state(args=argv)
```

Use argument for solving:

```
sym_arg = angr.claripy.BVS("sym_arg", flag_size * 8)
argv = [proj.filename]
argv.append(sym_arg)
initial_state = proj.factory.full_init_state(args=argv, add_options=angr.options.unicorn,
    remove_options={angr.options.LAZY_SOLVES})
```

9.1.6 FFI and Hooking

Calling a function from ipython

```
f = proj.factory.callable(address)
f(10)
x=claripy.BVS('x', 64)
f(x) #TODO: Find out how to make that result readable
```

If what you are interested in is not directly returned because for example the function returns the pointer to a buffer you can access the state after the function returns with

```
>>> f.result_state
<SimState @ 0x1000550>
```

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Hooking

There are already predefined hooks for libc functions (useful for statically compiled libraries)

```
proj = angr.Project('/path/to/binary', use_sim_procedures=True)
proj.hook(addr, angr.SIM_PROCEDURES['libc']['atoi']())
```

Hooking with Simprocedure:

```
class fixpid(angr.SimProcedure):
    def run(self):
        return 0x30

proj.hook(0x4008cd, fixpid())
```

9.1.7 Other useful tricks

Drop into an ipython if a ctr+c is recieved (useful for debugging scripts that are running forever)

```
import signal
def killmyself():
    os.system('kill %d' % os.getpid())
def sigint_handler(signum, frame):
    print 'Stopping Execution for Debug. If you want to kill the programm issue:
    import in sys.modules:
        import in sys.modules:
        import IPython
        IPython.embed()
signal.signal(signal.SIGINT, sigint_handler)
```

Get the calltrace of a state to find out where we got stuck

```
state = simgr.active[0]
print state.callstack
```

Get a basic block

```
block = proj.factory.block(address)
block.capstone.pp() # Capstone object has pretty print and other data about the
dissassembly
block.vex.pp() # Print vex representation
```

9.1.8 State manipulation

Write to state:

```
aaaa = claripy.BVV(0x41414141, 32) # 32 = Bits
state.memory.store(0x6021f2, aaaa)
```

Read Pointer to Pointer from Frame:

```
poi1 = new_state.solver.eval(new_state.regs.rbp)-0x10
poi1 = new_state.mem[poi1].long.concrete
poi1 += 0x8
ptr1 = new_state.mem[poi1].long.concrete
```

Read from State:

```
key = []
for i in range(38):
    key.append(extractkey.mem[0x602140 + i*4].int.concrete)
```

Alternatively, the below expression is equivalent

```
key = extractkey.mem[0x602140].int.array(38).concrete
```

9.1.9 Debugging angr

Set Breakpoint at every Memory read/write:

```
new_state.inspect.b('mem_read', when=angr.BP_AFTER, action=debug_funcRead)
def debug_funcRead(state):
    print 'Read', state.inspect.mem_read_expr, 'from', state.inspect.mem_read_address
```

Set Breakpoint at specific Memory location:

9.1. Cheatsheet 129

9.2 List of Claripy Operations

9.2.1 Arithmetic and Logic

Name	Description	Example
LShR	Logically shifts an expression to the right. (the default shifts are arithmetic)	x.LShR(10)
Ro- tateLeft	Rotates an expression left	x.RotateLeft(8)
Rota- teRight	Rotates an expression right	x.RotateRight(8)
And	Logical And (on boolean expressions)	solver.And(x == y, x > 0)
Or	Logical Or (on boolean expressions)	solver.Or(x == y, y < 10)
Not	Logical Not (on a boolean expression)	solver.Not(x == y) is the same as $x != y$
If	An If-then-else	Choose the maximum of two expressions: solver. If $(x > y, x, y)$
ULE	Unsigned less than or equal to	Check if x is less than or equal to y: x.ULE(y)
ULT	Unsigned less than	Check if x is less than y: x.ULT(y)
UGE	Unsigned greater than or equal to	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: $x.UGE(y)$
UGT	Unsigned greater than	Check if x is greater than y: x.UGT(y)
SLE	Signed less than or equal to	Check if x is less than or equal to y: x.SLE(y)
SLT	Signed less than	Check if x is less than y: x.SLT(y)
SGE	Signed greater than or equal to	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: $x.SGE(y)$
SGT	Signed greater than	Check if x is greater than y: x.SGT(y)

Todo: Add the floating point ops

9.2.2 Bitvector Manipulation

Name	Description	Example
SignExt	Pad a bitvector on the left with n sign bits	x.sign_extend(n)
Ze- roExt	Pad a bitvector on the left with n zero bits	<pre>x.zero_extend(n)</pre>
Ex- tract	Extracts the given bits (zero-indexed from the <i>right</i> , inclusive) from an expression.	Extract the least significant byte of x: $x[7:0]$
Con- cat	Concatenates any number of expressions together into a new expression.	x.concat(y,)

9.2.3 Extra Functionality

There's a bunch of prepackaged behavior that you *could* implement by analyzing the ASTs and composing sets of operations, but here's an easier way to do it:

- You can chop a bitvector into a list of chunks of n bits with val.chop(n)
- You can endian-reverse a bitvector with x.reversed
- You can get the width of a bitvector in bits with val.length
- You can test if an AST has any symbolic components with val.symbolic
- You can get a set of the names of all the symbolic variables implicated in the construction of an AST with val.variables

9.3 List of State Options

9.3.1 State Modes

These may be enabled by passing mode=xxx to a state constructor.

Mode name	Description
symbolic	The default mode. Useful for most emulation and analysis tasks.
symbolic_appr	Symbolic mode, but enables approximations for constraint solving.
static	A preset useful for static analysis. The memory model becomes an abstract region-mapping system, "fake return" successors skipping calls are added, and more.
fastpath	A preset for extremely lightweight static analysis. Executing will skip all intensive processing to give a quick view of the behavior of code.
tracing	A preset for attempting to execute concretely through a program with a given input. Enables unicorn, enables resilience options, and will attempt to emulate access violations correctly.

9.3.2 Option Sets

These are sets of options, found as angr.options.xxx.

Set name	Description
common_o	Options necessary for basic execution
symbolic	Options necessary for basic symbolic execution
resilien	Options that harden angr's emulation against unsupported operations, attempting to carry on by treating the result as an unconstrained symbolic value and logging the occasion to state.history.events.
refs	Options that cause angr to keep a log of all the memory, register, and temporary references complete with dependency information in history.actions. This option consumes a lot of memory, so be careful!
approxim	Options that enable approximations of constraint solves via value-set analysis instead of calling into z3
simplifi	Options that cause data to be run through z3's simplifiers before it reaches memory or register storage
unicorn	Options that enable the unicorn engine for executing on concrete data

9.3.3 Options

These are individual option objects, found as ${\tt angr.options.XXX}.$

Option name	Description
ABSTRACT_MEMORY	Use SimAbstractMemory to model memory as discrete regions
ABSTRACT_SOLVER	Allow splitting constraint sets during simplification
ACTION_DEPS	Track dependencies in SimActions
APPROXIMATE_GUARDS	Use VSA when evaluating guard conditions
APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_INDICES	Use VSA when evaluating memory indices
APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_SIZES	Use VSA when evaluating memory load/store sizes
APPROXIMATE_SATISFIABILITY	Use VSA when evaluating state satisfiability
AST_DEPS	Enables dependency tracking for all claripy ASTs
AUTO_REFS	An internal option used to track dependencies in SimProcedures
AVOID_MULTIVALUED_READS	Return a symbolic value without touching memory for any read that has a symbolic a
AVOID_MULTIVALUED_WRITES	Do not perfrom any write that has a symbolic address
BEST_EFFORT_MEMORY_STORING	Handle huge writes of symbolic size by pretending they are actually smaller
BREAK_SIRSB_END	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the end of each block
BREAK_SIRSB_START	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the start of each block
BREAK_SIRSTMT_END	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the end of each IR statement
BREAK_SIRSTMT_START	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the start of each IR statement
BYPASS_ERRORED_IRCCALL	Treat clean helpers that fail with errors as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_ERRORED_IROP	Treat operations that fail with errors as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRCCALL	Treat unsupported clean helpers as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRDIRTY	Treat unsupported dirty helpers as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IREXPR	Treat unsupported IR expressions as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IROP	Treat unsupported operations as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRSTMT	Treat unsupported IR statements as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_SYSCALL	Treat unsupported syscalls as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_VERITESTING_EXCEPTIONS	Discard emulation errors during veritesting
CACHELESS_SOLVER	enable SolverCacheless
CALLLESS	Emulate call instructions as an unconstraining of the return value register
CGC_ENFORCE_FD	CGC: make sure all reads and writes go to stdin and stdout, respectively
CGC_NON_BLOCKING_FDS	CGC: always report "data available" in fdwait
CGC_NO_SYMBOLIC_RECEIVE_LENGTH	CGC: always read the maximum amount of data requested in the receive syscall
COMPOSITE_SOLVER	Enable SolverComposite for independent constraint set optimization
CONCRETIZE	Concretize all symbolic expressions encountered during emulation
CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_FILE_READ_SIZES	Concreteize the sizes of file reads
CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_SIZES	Concretize the sizes of symbolic writes to memory
CONSERVATIVE_READ_STRATEGY	Do not use SimConcretizationStrategyAny for reads; in case of read address concretizationStrategyAny for reads address conc
CONSERVATIVE_WRITE_STRATEGY	Do not use SimConcretizationStrategyAny for writes; in case of write address concre
CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER	Set track=True for making claripy Solvers; enable use of unsat_core
COW_STATES	Copy states instead of mutating the initial state directly
DOWNSIZE_Z3	Downsize the claripy solver whenever possible to save memory
DO_CCALLS	Perform IR clean calls
DO_GETS	Perform IR register reads
DO_LOADS	Perform IR memory loads
DO_OPS	Perform IR computation operations
DO_PUTS	Perform IR register writes
DO_RET_EMULATION	For each Ijk_Call successor, add a corresponding Ijk_FakeRet successor
DO_STORES	Perform IR memory stores
	Keep in memory any state that might be a common ancestor in a merge

Option name	Description
ENABLE_NX	When in conjunction with STRICT_PAGE_ACCESS, raise a SimSegfaultException on
EXCEPTION_HANDLING	Ask all SimExceptions raised during execution to be handled by the SimOS
FAST_MEMORY	Use SimFastMemory for memory storage
FAST_REGISTERS	Use SimFastMemory for register storage
INITIALIZE_ZERO_REGISTERS	Treat the initial value of registers as zero instead of unconstrained symbolic
KEEP_IP_SYMBOLIC	Don't try to concretize successor states with symbolic instruction pointers
KEEP_MEMORY_READS_DISCRETE	In abstract memory, handle failed loads by returning a DCIS?
LAZY_SOLVES	Don't check satisfiability until absolutely necessary
MEMORY_SYMBOLIC_BYTES_MAP	Maintain a mapping of symbolic variable to which memory address it "really" corres
NO_SYMBOLIC_JUMP_RESOLUTION	Do not attempt to flatten symbolic-ip successors into discrete targets
NO_SYMBOLIC_SYSCALL_RESOLUTION	Do not attempt to flatten symbolic-syscall-number successors into discrete targets
OPTIMIZE_IR	Use LibVEX's optimization
REGION_MAPPING	Maintain a mapping of symbolic variable to which memory region it corresponds to,
REPLACEMENT_SOLVER	Enable SolverReplacement
REVERSE_MEMORY_HASH_MAP	Maintain a mapping from AST hash to which addresses it is present in
REVERSE_MEMORY_NAME_MAP	Maintain a mapping from symbolic variable name to which addresses it is present in,
SIMPLIFY_CONSTRAINTS	Run added constraints through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_EXIT_GUARD	Run branch guards through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_EXIT_STATE	Perform simplification on all successor states generated
SIMPLIFY_EXIT_TARGET	Run jump/call/branch targets through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_EXPRS	Run the results of IR expressions through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_READS	Run the results of memory reads through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_WRITES	Run values stored to memory through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_REGISTER_READS	Run values read from registers through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_REGISTER_WRITES	Run values written to registers through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_RETS	Run values returned from SimProcedures through z3's simplification
STRICT_PAGE_ACCESS	Raise a SimSegfaultException when attempting to interact with memory in a way not
SUPER_FASTPATH	Only execute the last four instructions of each block
SUPPORT_FLOATING_POINT	When disabled, throw an UnsupportedIROpError when encountering floating point or
SYMBOLIC	Enable constraint solving?
SYMBOLIC_INITIAL_VALUES	make state.solver.Unconstrained return a symbolic value instead of zero
SYMBOLIC_TEMPS	Treat each IR temporary as a symbolic variable; treat stores to them as constraint add
SYMBOLIC_WRITE_ADDRESSES	Allow writes with symbolic addresses to be processed by concretization strategies; w
TRACK_CONSTRAINTS	When disabled, don't keep any constraints added to the state
TRACK_CONSTRAINT_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each constraint added
TRACK_JMP_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each jump or branch
TRACK_MEMORY_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each memory read and write
TRACK_MEMORY_MAPPING	Keep track of which pages are mapped into memory and which are not
TRACK_OP_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each IR operation
TRACK_REGISTER_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each register read and write
	Maintain a listing of all the variables in all the constraints in the solver
TRACK_SOLVER_VARIABLES	Keep a SimAction for each temporary variable read and write
TRACK_TMP_ACTIONS TRUE BET EMILIATION CHARD	With DO_RET_EMULATION, add fake returns with guard condition true instead of false
TRUE_RET_EMULATION_GUARD	Enable under-constrained symbolic execution
UNDER_CONSTRAINED_SYMEXEC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
UNICORN ACCRESSIVE CONCRETIZATION	Use unicorn engine to execute symbolically when data is concrete
UNICORN_AGGRESSIVE_CONCRETIZATION	Concretize any register variable unicorn tries to access
UNICORN_HANDLE_TRANSMIT_SYSCALL	CGC: handle the transmit syscall without leaving unicorn
UNICORN_SYM_REGS_SUPPORT	Attempt to stay in unicorn even in the presence of symbolic registers by checking that
UNICORN_THRESHOLD_CONCRETIZATION	Concretize variables if they prevent unicorn from executing too often
UNICORN_TRACK_BBL_ADDRS	Keep state.history.bbl_addrs up to date when using unicorn

Option name	Description
UNICORN_TRACK_STACK_POINTERS	Track a list of the stack pointer's value at each block in state.scratch.stack_pointer
UNICORN_ZEROPAGE_GUARD	Prevent unicorn from mapping the zero page into memory
UNINITIALIZED_ACCESS_AWARENESS	Broken/unused?
UNSUPPORTED_BYPASS_ZERO_DEFAULT	When using the resilience options, return zero instead of an unconstrained symbol
USE_SIMPLIFIED_CCALLS	Use a "simplified" set of ccalls optimized for specific cases
USE_SYSTEM_TIMES	In library functions and syscalls and hardware instructions accessing clock data, retri
VALIDATE_APPROXIMATIONS	Debug: When performing approximations, ensure that the approximation is sound by
ZERO_FILL_UNCONSTRAINED_MEMORY	Make the value of memory read from an uninitialized address zero instead of an unco

9.4 CTF Challenge Examples

angr is very often used in CTFs. These are example scripts resulting from that use, mostly from Shellphish but also from many others.

9.4.1 ReverseMe example: HackCon 2016 - angry-reverser

Script author: Stanislas Lejay (github: @P1kachu)

Script runtime: ~31 minutes

Here is the binary and the script

9.4.2 ReverseMe example: SecurityFest 2016 - fairlight

Script author: chuckleberryfinn (github: @chuckleberryfinn)

Script runtime: ~20 seconds

A simple reverse me that takes a key as a command line argument and checks it against 14 checks. Possible to solve the challenge using angr without reversing any of the checks.

Here is the binary and the script

9.4.3 ReverseMe example: DEFCON Quals 2016 - baby-re

Authors David Manouchehri (github: @Manouchehri), Stanislas Lejay (github: @Plkachu) and Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot).

Script runtime: 10 sec

Here is the binary and the script

9.4.4 ReverseMe example: Google CTF - Unbreakable Enterprise Product Activation (150 points)

Script 0 author: David Manouchehri (github: @Manouchehri)

Script runtime: 4.5 sec

Script 1 author: Adam Van Prooyen (github: @docileninja)

Script runtime: 6.7 sec

A Linux binary that takes a key as a command line argument and checks it against a series of constraints.

Challenge Description:

We need help activating this product – we've lost our license key :(

You're our only hope!

Here are the binary and scripts: script 0, script_1

9.4.5 ReverseMe example: EKOPARTY CTF - Fuckzing reverse (250 points)

Author: Adam Van Prooyen (github: @docileninja)

Script runtime: 29 sec

A Linux binary that takes a team name as input and checks it against a series of constraints.

Challenge Description:

Hundreds of conditions to be meet, will you be able to surpass them?

Both sample binaries and the script are located here and additional information be found at the author's write-up.

9.4.6 ReverseMe example: WhiteHat Grant Prix Global Challenge 2015 - Re400

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

Script runtime: 5.5 sec

A Windows binary that takes a flag as argument, and tells you if the flag is correct or not.

"I have to patch out some checks that are difficult for angr to solve (e.g., it uses some bytes of the flag to decrypt some data, and see if those data are legit Windows APIs). Other than that, angr works really well for solving this challenge."

The binary and the script.

9.4.7 ReverseMe example: EKOPARTY CTF 2015 - rev 100

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

Script runtime: 5.5 sec

This is a painful challenge to solve with angr. I should have done things in a smarter way.

Here is the binary and the script.

9.4.8 ReverseMe example: ASIS CTF Finals 2015 - fake

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

Script runtime: 1 min 57 sec

The solution is pretty straight-forward.

The binary and the script.

9.4.9 ReverseMe example: Defcamp CTF Qualification 2015 - Reversing 100

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

angr solves this challenge with almost zero user-interference.

See the script and the binary.

9.4.10 ReverseMe example: Defcamp CTF Qualification 2015 - Reversing 200

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

angr solves this challenge with almost zero user-interference. Veritesting is required to retrieve the flag promptly.

The script and the binary. It takes a few minutes to run on my laptop.

9.4.11 ReverseMe example: MMA CTF 2015 - HowToUse

Author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)

We solved this simple reversing challenge with angr, since we were too lazy to reverse it or run it in Windows. The resulting script shows how we grabbed the flag out of the DLL.

9.4.12 CrackMe example: MMA CTF 2015 - SimpleHash

Author: Chris Salls (github: @salls)

This crackme is 95% solvable with angr, but we did have to overcome some difficulties. The script describes the difficulties that were encountered and how we worked around them. The binary can be found here.

9.4.13 ReverseMe example: FlareOn 2015 - Challenge 10

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

angr acts as a binary loader and an emulator in solving this challenge. I didn't have to load the driver onto my Windows box.

The script demonstrates how to hook at arbitrary program points without affecting the intended bytes to be executed (a zero-length hook). It also shows how to read bytes out of memory and decode as a string.

By the way, here is the link to the intended solution from FireEye.

9.4.14 ReverseMe example: FlareOn 2015 - Challenge 2

Author: Chris Salls (github: @salls)

This reversing challenge is simple to solve almost entirely with angr, and a lot faster than trying to reverse the password checking function. The script is here

9.4.15 ReverseMe example: 0ctf 2016 - momo

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish), ocean (github: @ocean1)

This challenge is a movfuscated binary. To find the correct password after exploring the binary with Qira it is possible to understand how to find the places in the binary where every character is checked using capstone and using angr to load the binary and brute-force the single characters of the flag. Be aware that the script is really slow. Runtime: > 1 hour.

9.4.16 CrackMe example: 9447 CTF 2015 - Reversing 330, "nobranch"

Author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)

angr cannot currently solve this problem natively, as the problem is too complex for z3 to solve. Formatting the constraints to z3 a little differently allows z3 to come up with an answer relatively quickly. (I was asleep while it was solving, so I don't know exactly how long!) The script for this is here and the binary is here.

9.4.17 CrackMe example: ais3_crackme

Author: Antonio Bianchi, Tyler Nighswander

ais3_crackme has been developed by Tyler Nighswander (tylerni7) for ais3 summer school. It is an easy crackme challenge, checking its command line argument.

9.4.18 ReverseMe: Modern Binary Exploitation - CSCI 4968

Author: David Manouchehri (GitHub @Manouchehri)

This folder contains scripts used to solve some of the challenges with angr. At the moment it only contains the examples from the IOLI crackme suite, but eventually other solutions will be added.

9.4.19 CrackMe example: Android License Check

Author: Bernhard Mueller (GitHub @b-mueller)

A native binary for Android/ARM that validates a license key passed as a command line argument. It was created for the symbolic execution tutorial in the OWASP Mobile Testing Guide.

9.5 Changelog

This lists the *major* changes in angr. Tracking minor changes are left as an exercise for the reader :-)

9.5.1 angr 9.1

- (#2961) Refactored SimCC to support passing and returning structs and arrays by value
- (#2964) Functions from the knowledge base may now be pretty-printed, showing colors and reference arrows
- Improved import angr speed substantially
- (#2948) RDA's dep_graph can now be used to track dependencies between temporaries, constants, guard conditions, and function calls if you want it!
- (#2929) Basic support for structs with bitfields in SimType
- There's a decompiler now

9.5.2 angr 9.0

• Switched to a new versioning scheme: major.minor.build_id

9.5.3 angr 8.19.7.25

- (#1503) Implement necessary helpers and information storage for call pretty printing
- (#1546) Add a new state option MEMORY_FIND_STRICT_SIZE_LIMIT
- (#1548) SimProcedure.static_exits: Allow providing name hints
- (cle#177) Use Enums for Symbol Types
- (cle#193) Add support for "named regions"
- (claripy#151) Implement operator precedence in claripy op rendering
- · Added support for interaction recording in angr-management
- Several new simprocedure implementations
- Substantial imporvments to our CFG

9.5.4 angr 8.19.4.5

- (#1234) Massive improvements to CFG recovery for ARM and ARM cortex-m binaries.
- (#1416) Added support for analyzing Java programs via the Soot IR, including the ability to analyze interplay between Java code and JNI libraries. This branch was two years old!
- (#1427) Added a MemoryWatcher exploration technique to take action when the system is running out of RAM. Thanks @bannsec.
- (#1432) Added a state.heap plugin which manages the heap (with pluggable heap schemes!) and provides malloc functionality. Thanks @tgduckworth.
- Speed improvements for using the VEX engine and working with concrete data.

- Added SimLightRegisters, an alternate registers plugin that eliminates the abstraction of the register file for performance improvements at the cost of removing all instrumentability.
- version__ variable has been added to all modules.
- The stack_base kwarg for call_state is not broken for the first time ever
- https://github.com/python/cpython/pull/11384

9.5.5 angr 8.19.2.4

- (#1279) Support C++ function name demangling via itanium-demangler. Thanks @fmagin.
- (#1283) security_cookie is initialized for SimWindows. Thanks @zeroSteiner.
- (#1298) Introduce SimData. It's a cleaner interface to deal with data imports in CLE especially for those data entries that are not imported because of missing or unloaded libraries. This commit fixes long-standing issues #151 and #693.
- (#1299, #1300, #1301, #1313, #1314, #1315, #1336, #1337, #1343, ...) Multiple CFGFast-related improvements and bug fixes.
- (#1332) UnresolvableTarget is now split into two classes: UnresolvableJumpTarget and UnresolvableCallTarget. Thanks @Kyle-Kyle.
- (#1382) Add a preliminary implementation of angr decompiler. Give it a try! p = angr. Project("cfg_loop_unrolling", auto_load_libs=False); p.analyses.CFG(); print(p. analyses.Decompiler(p.kb.functions['test_func']).codegen.text).
- (#1421) SimActions now have incrementing IDs. Thanks @bannsec.
- (#1408) ANA, angr's old identity-aware serialization backend, has been removed. Instead of non-obvious serialization behavior, all angr objects should now be pickleable. If one is not, please file an issue. For use-cases that require identity-awareness (i.e., deduplicating ASTs across states serialized at different times), an angr.vaults module has been introduced.
- Added a facility to synchronize state between angr and a running target a la avatar2
- Changed unconstrained registers/memory warning to be less obnoxious and contain useful information. Also added SYMBOL_FILL_UNCONSTRAINED_REGISTERS and SYMBOL_FILL_UNCONSTRAINED_MEMORY state options to silence them.

9.5.6 angr 8.18.10.25

- The IDA backend for CLE has been removed. It has been broken for quite some time, but now it has been disabled for your own safety.
- Surveyors have been removed! Finally! This is thanks to @danse-macabre who contributed an Exploration Technique for the Slicecutor. Backwards slicing has now been brought out of the angr dark ages.
- SimCC can now be initialized with a string containing C function prototype in its func_ty argument
- · Similarly, Callable can now be run with its arguments instanciated from a string containing C expressions
- Tracer has been substantially refactored it will now handle more kinds of desyncs, ASLR slides, and is much more friendly for hacking. We will be continuing to improve it!
- The Oppologist and Driller have been refactored to play nice with other exploration techniques

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• SimProcedure continuations now have symbols in the externs object, so describe_addr will work on them. Additionally, the representation for SimProcedure (appearing in history.descriptions and project._sim_procedures among other places) has been improved to show this information.

9.5.7 angr 8.18.10.5

Largely a bugfix release, but with a few bonus treats:

- API documentation has been rewritten for Exploration Technique. It should be much easier to use now.
- Simulation Manager will throw an error if you pass incorrect keyword arguments (??? why was it like this)
- The save_unconstrained flag of Simulation Manager is now on by default
- If a step produces only unsatisfiable states, they will appear in the 'unsat' stash regardless of the save_unsat setting, since this usually indicates a bug. Add unsat to the auto_drop parameter to restore the old behavior.

9.5.8 angr 8.18.10.1

Welcome to angr 8! The biggest change for this major version bump is the transition to Python 3. You can read about this, as well as a few other breaking changes, in the *Migrating to angr* 8.

- Switch to Python 3
- · Refactor to Clemory to clean up the API and speed things up drastically
- Remove object.symbols_by_addr (dict) and add object.symbols (sorted list); add fuzzy parameter to loader.find_symbol
- CFGFast is much, much faster now. CFGAccurate has been renamed to CFGEmulated.
- Support for avx2 unpack instructions, courtesy of D. J. Bernstein
- · Removed support for immutable simulation managers
- angr will now show you a warning when using uninitialized memory or registers
- angr will now NOT show you a warning if you have a capstone 3.x install unless you're actually interacting with the relevant missing parts
- Many, many, many bug fixes

9.5.9 angr 7.8.7.1

- Remove LoopLimiter and DFG.
- (#1063) CFGAccurate can now leverage indirect jump resolvers to resolve indirect jumps.

9.5.10 angr 7.8.6.23

- (PyVEX!#134) We now recognize LDMDB r11, {xxx, pc} as a ret instruction for ARM.
- (#1053) CFGFast spends less time running next_pos_with_sort_not_in(), thus it runs faster on large binaries.
- (#1080) Jump table resolvers now support resolving ARM jump tables.
- (#1081, together with the PyVEX commit 61efbdcf6303a936aa3de35011d2d1e3fe5fdea5) The memory footprint of CFGFast is noticeably smaller, especially on large binaries (over 10 MB in size).
- (#1034) Concretizing a SimFile with unconstrained size can no longer run you out of memory.
- Other minor changes and bug fixes.

9.5.11 angr 7.8.6.16

- The modeling of file system is refactored.
- (#808) Add a new class Control flow blanket (CFBlanket) to support generating a linear view of a control flow graph.
- (#863) Add support to AIL, the new angr intermediate language (still pretty WIP though). Merged in several
 static analyses (reaching definition analysis, VEX-to-AIL translation, redundant assignment elimination, code
 region identification, conrol flow structuring, etc.) that support the development of decompilation in the near
 future.
- (#888) SimulationManager is extensively refactored and cleaned up.
- (#892) Keystone is integrated. You can assemble instructions inside angr now.
- (#897) A new class PluginHub is added. Plugins (analyses, engines) are refactored to be based on PluginHub.
- (#899) Support of bidirectional mapping between syscall numbers and syscalls.
- (#925, #941, #942) A bunch of library function prototypes (including glibc) are added to angr.
- (#953) Fix the issue where evaluating the jump target of a jump table that contains many entries (e.g., > 512) is extremely slow.
- (#964) State options are now stored in insances of SimStateOptions. state.options is no longer a set of strings.
- (#973) Add two new exploration techniques: Stochastic and unique.
- (#996) SimType structs are now much easier to use.
- (#998) Add a new state option PRODUCE_ZERODIV_SUCCESSORS to generate divide-by-zero successors.
- Speed improvements and bug fixes in CFG generation (CFGFast and CFGAccurate).

9.5.12 angr 7.8.2.21

- Refactor of how syscall handling and SimSyscallLibrary work it is now possible to handle syscalls using multiple ABIs in the same process
- Added syscall name-number mappings from all linux ABIs, parsed from gdb
- Add Manual Mergepoint exploration technique for when veritesting is too mysterious for your tastes
- Add LoopSeer exploration technique for managing loops during symbolic exploration (credit @tyb0807)
- Add ProxyTechnique exploration technique for easily composing simple lambda-based instrumentations (credit @danse-macabre)

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9.5.13 angr 7.7.12.16

- You can now tell where the variables implicitly created by angrome from! state.solver.BVS now can take a key parameter, which describes its meaning in relation to the emulated environment. You can then use state. solver.get_variables(...) and state.solver.describe_variables(...) to map tags and ASTs to and from each other. Check out the API docs!
- The SimOS for a project is now a public property project.simos instead of project._simos. Additionally, the SimOS code structure has been shuffled around a bit it's now a subpackage instead of a submodule.
- The core components of Tracer and Driller have been refactored into Exploration Techniques and integrated into angr proper, so you can now follow instrution traces without installing another repostory! (credit @tyb0807)
- Archinfo now contains a byte_width parameter and angr supports emulation of platforms with non-octet bytes, lord help us
- Upgraded to networkx 2 (credit @tyb0807)
- Hopefully installation issues with capstone should be fixed FOREVER
- · Minor fixes to gender

9.5.14 angr 7.7.9.8

Welcome to angr 7! We worked long and hard all summer to make this release the best ever. It introduces several breaking changes, so for a quick guide on the most common ways you'll need to update your scripts, take a look at the *Migrating to angr* 7.

- SimuVEX has been removed and its components have been integrated into angr
- Path has been removed and its components have been integrated into SimState, notably the new history state plugin
- PathGroup has been renamed to SimulationManager
- SimState and SimProcedure now have a reference to their parent Project, though it is verboten to use it in anything
 other than an append-only fashion
- A new class SimLibrary is used to track SimProcedure and metadata corresponding to an individual shared library
- Several CLE interfaces have been refactored up for consistency
- Hook has been removed. Hooking is now done with individual SimProcedure instances, which are shallow-copied at execution time for thread-safety.
- The state.solver interface has been cleaned up drastically

These are the major refactor-y points. As for the improvements:

- Greatly improved support for analyzing 32 bit windows binaries (partial credit @schieb)
- Unicorn will now stop for stop points and breakpoints in the middle of blocks (credit @bennofs)
- The processor flags for a state can now be accessed through state.regs.eflags on x86 and state.regs. flags on ARM (partial credit @tyb0807)
- Fledgling support for emulating exception handling. Currently the only implementation of this is support for Structured Exception Handling on Windows, see angr.SimOS.handle_exception for details
- Fledgling support for runtime library loading by treating the CLE loader as an append-only interface, though only implemented for windows. See cle.Loader.dynamic_load and angr.procedures.win32.dynamic_loading for details.

- The knowledge base has been refactored into a series of plugins similar to SimState (credit @danse-macabre)
- The testcase-based function identifier we wrote for CGC has been integrated into angr as the Identifier analysis
- Improved support for writing custom VEX lifters

9.5.15 angr 6.7.6.9

- angr: A static data-flow analysis framework has been introduced, and implemented as part of the ForwardAnalysis class. Additionally, a few exemplary data-flow analyses, like VariableRecovery and VariableRecoveryFast, have been implemented in angr.
- angr: We introduced the notion of *variable* to the angr world. Now a VariableManager is available in the knowledge base. Variable information can be recovered by running a variable recovery analysis. Currently the variable information recovered for each function is still pretty coarse. More updates to it will arrive soon.
- angr: Fix a bug in the topological sorting in CFGUtils, which resulted in suboptimal graph node ordering after sorting.
- SimuVEX: LAZY_SOLVES is no longer enabled by default during symbolic execution. It's still there if it's wanted, but it just caused confusion when on by default.
- SimuVEX: Thanks to @ekilmer, a few new libc SimProcedures are added.
- SimuVEX: The default memory model has been refactored for expandability. Custom pages can now be created (derive the simuvex.storage.ListPage class) and used instead of the default page classes to implement custom memory behavior for specific pages. The user-friendly API for this is pending the next release.
- angr-management: Implemented our own graph layout and edge routing algorithm. We do not rely on grandalf anymore.
- angr-management: Added support for displaying variable information for operands.
- angr-management: Added support for highlighting dependent operands when an operand is highlighted.

9.5.16 angr 6.7.3.26

Building off of the engine changes from the last release, we have begun to extend angr to other architectures. AVR and MSP430 are in progress. In the meantime, subwire has created a reference implementation of BrainFuck support in angr, done two different ways! Check out angr-platforms for more info!

- We have rebased our fork of VEX on the latest master branch from Valgrind (as of 2 months ago, at least...). We have also submitted our patches to VEX to upstream, so we should be able to stop maintaining a fork pretty soon.
- The way we interact with VEX has changed substancially, and should speed things up a bit.
- Loading sets of binaries with many import symbols has been sped up
- Many, many improvements to angr-management, including the switch away from enaml to using pyside directly.

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9.5.17 angr 6.7.1.13

For the last month, we have been working on a major refactor of the angr to change the way that angr reasons about the code that it analyzes. Until now, angr has been bound to the VEX intermediate representation to lift native code, supporting a wide range of architectures but not being very expandable past them. This release represents the ground work for what we call translation and execution engines. These engines are independent backends, pluggable into the angr framework, that will allow angr to reason about a wide range of targets. For now, we have restructured the existing VEX and Unicorn Engine support into this engine paradigm, but as we discuss in our blog post, the plan is to create engines to enable angr's reasoning of Java bytecode and source code, and to augment angr's environment support through the use of external dynamic sandboxes.

For now, these changes are mostly internal. We have attempted to maintain compatibility for end-users, but those building systems atop angr will have to adapt to the modern codebase. The following are the major changes:

- simuvex: we have introduced SimEngine. SimEngine is a base class for abstractions over native code. For example, angr's VEX-specific functionality is now concentrated in SimEngineVEX, and new engines (such as SimEngineLLVM) can be implemented (even outside of simuvex itself) to support the analysis of new types of code.
- simuvex: as part of the engines refactor, the SimRun class has been eliminated. Instead of different subclasses of SimRun that would be instantiated from an input state, engines each have a process function that, from an input state, produces a SimSuccessors instance containing lists of different successor states (normal, unsat, unconstrained, etc) and any engine-specific artifacts (such as the VEX statements. Take a look at successors. artifacts).
- simuvex: state.mem[x:] = y now requires a type for storage (for example state.mem[x:].dword = y).
- simuvex: the way of calling inline SimProcedures has been changed. Now you have to create a SimProcedure, and then call execute() on it and pass in a program state as well as the arguments.
- simuvex: accessing registers through SimRegNameView (like state.regs.eax) always triggers SimInspect breakpoints and creates new actions. Now you can access a register by prefixing its name with an underscore (e.g. state.regs._eax or state._ip) to avoid triggering breakpoints or creating actions.
- angr: the way hooks work has slightly changed, though is backwards-compatible. The new angr. Hook class acts as a wrapper for hooks (SimProcedures and functions), keeping things cleaner in the project. _sim_procedures dict.
- angr: we have deprecated the keyword argument max_size and changed it to to size in the angr.
 Block constructor (i.e., the argument to project.factory.block and more upstream methods (path.step, path_group.step, etc).
- angr: we have deprecated project.factory.sim_run and changed it to to project.factory.successors, and it now generates a SimSuccessors object.
- angr: project.factory.sim_block has been deprecated and replaced with project.factory. successors(default_engine=True).
- angr: angr syscalls are no longer hooks. Instead, the syscall table is now in project._simos.syscall_table. This will be made "public" after a usability refactor. If you were using project.is_hooked(addr) to see if an address has a related SimProcedure, now you probably want to check if there is a related syscall as well (using project._simos.syscall_table.get_by_addr(addr) is not None).
- pyvex: to support custom lifters to VEX, pyvex has introduced the concept of backend lifters. Lifters can be
 written in pure Python to produce VEX IR, allowing for extendability of angr's VEX-based analyses to other
 hardware architectures.

As usual, there are many other improvements and minor bugfixes.

- claripy: support unsat_core() to get the core of unsatness of constraints. It is in fact a thin wrapper of the unsat_core() function provided by Z3. Also a new state option CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER is added to SimuVEX. That state option must be enabled if you want to use unsat_core() on any state.
- simuvex: SimMemory.load() and SimMemory.store() now takes a new parameter disable_actions. Setting it to True will prevent any SimAction creation.
- angr: CFGFast has a better support for ARM binaries, especially for code in THUMB mode.
- angr: thanks to an improvement in SimuVEX, CFGAccurate now uses slightly less memory than before.
- angr: len() on path trace or addr_trace is made much faster.
- angr: Fix a crash during CFG generation or symbolic execution on platforms/architectures with no syscall defined.
- angr: as part of the refactor, BackwardSlicing is temporarily disabled. It will be re-enabled once all DDG-related refactor are merged to master.

Additionally, packaging and build-system improvements coordinated between the angr and Unicorn Engine projects have allowed angr's Unicorn support to be built on Windows. Because of this, unicorn is now a dependency for simuvex.

Looking forward, angr is poised to become a program analysis engine for binaries and more!

9.5.18 angr 5.6.12.3

It has been over a month since the last release 5.6.10.12. Again, we've made some significant changes and improvements on the code base.

- angr: Labels are now stored in KnowledgeBase.
- angr: Add a new analysis: Disassembly. The new Disassembly analysis provides an easy-to-use interface to render assembly of functions.
- angr: Fix the issue that ForwardAnalysis may prematurely terminate while there are still un-processed jobs.
- angr: Many small improvements and bug fixes on CFGFast.
- angr: Many small improvements and bug fixes on VFG. Bring back widening support. Fix the issue that VFG may not terminate under certain cases. Implement a new graph traversal algorithm to have an optimal traversal order. Allow state merging at non-merge-points, which allows faster convergence.
- angr-management: Display a progress during initial CFG recovery.
- angr-management: Display a "Load binary" window upon binary loading. Some analysis options can be adjusted there.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Edge routing on the graph is improved.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Support starting a new symbolic execution task from an arbitrary address in the program.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Support renaming of function names and labels.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Support "Jump to address".
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Display resolved and unresolved jump targets. All jump targets are double-clickable.
- SimuVEX: Move region mapping from SimAbstractMemory to SimMemory. This will allow an easier conversion between SimAbstractMemory and SimSymbolicMemory, which is to say, conversion between symbolic states and static states is now possible.

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- SimuVEX & claripy: Provide support for unsat_core in Z3. It returns a set of constraints that led to unsatness of the constraint set on the current state.
- archinfo: Add a new Boolean variable branch_delay_slot for each architecture. It is set to True on MIPS32.

9.5.19 angr 5.6.8.22

Major point release! An incredible number of things have changed in the month run-up to the Cyber Grand Challenge.

- Integration with Unicorn Engine supported for concrete execution. A new SimRun type, SimUnicorn, may step through many basic blocks at once, so long as there is no operation on symbolic data. Please use our fork of unicorn engine, which has many patches applied. All these patches are pending merge into upstream.
- Lots of improvements and bug fixes to CFGFast. Rumors are angr's CFG was only "optimized" for x86-64 binaries (which is really because most of our test cases are compiled as 64-bit ELFs). Now it is also "optimized" for x86 binaries:) (editor's note: angr is built with cross-architecture analysis in mind. CFG construction is pretty much the only component which has architecture-specific behavior.)
- Lots of improvements to the VFG analysis, including speed and accuracy. However, there is still a lot to be done.
- Lots of speed optimizations in general CFGFast should be 3-6x faster under CPython with much less memory usage.
- Now data dependence graph gives you a real dependence graph between variable definitions. Try data_graph and simplified_data_graph on a DDG object!
- New state option simuvex.o.STRICT_PAGE_ACCESS will cause a SimSegfaultError to be raised whenever the guest reads/writes/executes memory that is either unmapped or doesn't have the appropriate permissions.
- Merging of paths (as opposed to states) is performed in a much smarter way.
- The behavior of the support_selfmodifying_code project option is changed: Before, this would allow the state to be used as a fallback source of instruction bytes when no backer from CLE is available. Now, this option makes instruction lifting use the state as the source of bytes always. When the option is disabled and execution jumps outside the normal binary, the state will be used automatically.
- Actually support self-modifying code if a basic block of code modifies itself, the block will be re-lifted before the next instruction starts.
- Syscalls are handled differently now Before you would see a SimRun for a syscall helper, now you'll just see a SimProcedure for the given syscall. Additionally, each syscall has its own address in a "syscalls segment", and syscalls are treated as jumps to this segment. This simplifies a lot of things analysis-wise.
- CFGAccurate accepts a base_graph keyword to its constructor, e.g. CFGFast().graph, or even .graph of a function, to use as a base for analysis.
- New fast memory model for cases where symbolic-addressed reads and writes are unlikely.
- Conflicts between the find and avoid parameters to the Explorer otiegnqwvk are resolved correctly. (credit clslgrnc)
- New analysis StaticHooker which hooks library functions in unstripped statically linked binaries.
- Lifter can be used without creating an angr Project. You must manually specify the architecture and bytestring in calls to .lift() and .fresh_block(). If you like, you can also specify the architecture as a parameter to the constructor and omit it from the lifting calls.
- Add two new analyses developed for the CGC (mostly as examples of doing static analysis with angr): Reassembler and BinaryOptimizer.

9.5.20 angr 4.6.6.28

In general, there have been enormous amounts of speed improvements in this release. Depending on the workload, angr should run about twice as fast. Aside from this, there have also been many submodule-specific changes:

angr

Quite a few changes and improvements are made to CFGFast and CFGAccurate in order to have better and faster CFG recovery. The two biggest changes in CFGFast are jump table resolution and data references collection, respectively. Now CFGFast resolves indirect jumps by default. You may get a list of indirect jumps recovered in CFGFast by accessing the indirect_jumps attribute. For many cases, it resolves the jump table accurately. Data references collection is still in alpha mode. To test data references collection, just pass collect_data_references=True when creating a fast CFG, and access the memory_data attribute after the CFG is constructed.

CFG recovery on ARM binaries is also improved.

A new paradigm called an "otiegnqwvk", or an "exploration technique", allows the packaging of special logic related to path group stepping.

SimuVEX

Reads/writes to the x87 fpu registers now work correctly - there is special logic that rotates a pointer into part of the register file to simulate the x87 stack.

With the recent changes to Claripy, we have configured SimuVEX to use the composite solver by default. This should be transparent, but should be considered if strange issues (or differences in behavior) arise during symbolic execution.

Claripy

Fixed a bug in claripy where div_ was not always doing unsigned division, and added new methods SDiv and SMod for signed division and signed remainder, respectively.

Claripy frontends have been completely rewritten into a mixin-centric solver design. Basic frontend functionality (i.e., calling into the solver or dealing with backends) is handled by frontends (in claripy.frontends), and additional functionality (such as caching, deciding when to simplify, etc) is handled by frontend mixins (in claripy.frontend_mixins). This makes it considerably easier to customize solvers to your specific needE. For examples, look at claripy/solver.py.

Alongside the solver rewrite, the composite solver (which splits constraints into independent constraint sets for faster solving) has been immensely improved and is now functional and fast.

9.5.21 angr 4.6.6.4

Syscalls are no longer handled by simuvex.procedures.syscalls.handler. Instead, syscalls are now handled by angr.SimOS.handle_syscall(). Previously, the address of a syscall SimProcedure is the address right after the syscall instruction (e.g. int 80h), which collides with the real basic block starting at that address, and is very confusing. Now each syscall SimProcedure has its own address, just as a normal SimProcedure. To support this, there is another region mapped for the syscall addresses, Project._syscall_obj.

Some refactoring and bug fixes in CFGFast.

Claripy has been given the ability to handle *annotations* on ASTs. An annotation can be used to customize the behavior of some backends without impacting others. For more information, check the docstrings of claripy. Annotation and claripy. Backend.apply_annotation.

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9.5.22 angr 4.6.5.25

New state constructor - call_state. Comes with a refactor to SimCC, a refactor to callable, and the removal of PathGroup.call. All these changes are thoroughly documented, in angr/docs/advanced-topics/structured_data.md

Refactor of SimType to make it easier to use types - they can be instanciated without a SimState and one can be added later. Comes with some usability improvements to SimMemView. Also, there's a better wrapper around PyCParser for generating SimType instances from c declarations and definitions. Again, thoroughly documented, still in the structured data doc.

CFG is now an alias to CFGFast instead of CFGAccurate. In general, CFGFast should work under most cases, and it's way faster than CFGAccurate. We believe such a change is necessary, and will make angr more approachable to new users. You will have to change your code from CFG to CFGAccurate if you are relying on specific functionalities that only exist in CFGAccurate, for example, context-sensitivity and state-preserving. An exception will be raised by angr if any parameter passed to CFG is only supported by CFGAccurate. For more detailed explanation, please take a look at the documentation of angr.analyses.CFG.

9.5.23 angr 4.6.3.28

PyVEX has a structural overhaul. The IRExpr, IRStmt, and IRConst modules no longer exist as submodules, and those module names are deprecated. Use pyvex.expr, pyvex.stmt, and pyvex.const if you need to access the members of those modules.

The names of the first three parameters to pyvex. IRSB (the required ones) have been changed. If you were passing the positional args to IRSB as keyword args, consider switching to positional args. The order is data, mem_addr, arch.

The optional parameter sarge to the entry_state and full_init_state constructors has been removed and replaced with an arge parameter. sarge predates being able to have claripy ASTs independent from a solver. The new system is to pass in the exact value, ast or integer, that you'd like to have as the guest program's arg count.

CLE and angr can now accept file-like streams, that is, objects that support stream.read() and stream.seek() can be passed in wherever a filepath is expected.

Documentation is much more complete, especially for PyVEX and angr's symbolic execution control components.

9.5.24 angr 4.6.3.15

There have been several improvements to claripy that should be transparent to users:

- There's been a refactoring of the VSA StridedInterval classes to fix cases where operations were not sound. Precision might suffer as a result, however.
- Some general speed improvements.
- We've introduced a new backend into claripy: the ReplacementBackend. This frontend generates replacement
 sets from constraints added to it, and uses these replacement sets to increase the precision of VSA. Additionally,
 we have introduced the HybridBackend, which combines this functionality with a constraint solver, allowing for
 memory index resolution using VSA.

angr itself has undergone some improvements, with API changes as a result:

• We are moving toward a new way to store information that angr has recovered about a program: the knowledge base. When an analysis recovers some truth about a program (i.e., "there's a basic block at 0x400400", or "the block at 0x400400 has a jump to 0x400500"), it gets stored in a knowledge-base. Analysis that used to store data (currently, the CFG) now store them in a knowledge base and can *share* the global knowledge base of the project, now accessible via project.kb. Over time, this knowledge base will be expanded in the course of any analysis or symbolic execution, so angr is constantly learning more information about the program it is analyzing.

- A forward data-flow analysis framework (called ForwardAnalysis) has been introduced, and the CFG was rewritten on top of it. The framework is still in alpha stage expect more changes to be made. Documentation and more details will arrive shortly. The goal is to refactor other data-flow analysis, like CFGFast, VFG, DDG, etc. to use ForwardAnalysis.
- We refactored the CFG to a) improve code readability, and b) eliminate some bad designs that linger due to historical reasons.

9.5.25 angr 4.5.12.?

Claripy has a new manager for backends, allowing external backends (i.e., those implemented by other modules) to be used. The result is that claripy.backend_concrete is now claripy.backends.concrete, claripy.backend_vsa is now claripy.backends.vsa, and so on.

9.5.26 angr 4.5.12.12

Improved the ability to recover from failures in instruction decoding. You can now hook specific addresses at which VEX fails to decode with project.hook, even if those addresses are not the beginning of a basic block.

9.5.27 angr 4.5.11.23

This is a pretty beefy release, with over half of claripy having been rewritten and major changes to other analyses. Internally, Claripy has been unified – the VSA mode and symbolic mode now work on the same structures instead of requiring structures to be created differently. This opens the door for awesome capabilities in the future, but could also result in unexpected behavior if we failed to account for something.

Claripy has had some major interface changes:

- claripy.BV has been renamed to claripy.BVS (bit-vector symbol). It can now create bitvectors out of strings (i.e., claripy.BVS(0x41, 8) and claripy.BVS("A") are identical).
- state.BV and state.BVV are deprecated. Please use state.se.BVS and state.se.BVV.
- BV.model is deprecated. If you're using it, you're doing something wrong, anyways. If you really need a specific model, convert it with the appropriate backend (i.e., claripy.backend_concrete.convert(bv)).

There have also been some changes to analyses:

- Interface: CFG argument keep_input_state has been renamed to keep_state. With this option enabled, both input and final states are kept.
- Interface: Two arguments cfg_node and stmt_id of BackwardSlicing have been deprecated. Instead, BackwardSlicing takes a single argument, targets. This means that we now support slicing from multiple sources.
- Performance: The speed of CFG recovery has been slightly improved. There is a noticeable speed improvement on MIPS binaries.
- Several bugs have been fixed in DDG, and some sanity checks were added to make it more usable.

And some general changes to angr itself:

• StringSpec is deprecated! You can now pass claripy bitvectors directly as arguments.

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9.6 Migrating to angr 9.1

angr 9.1 is here!

9.6.1 Calling Conventions and Prototypes

The main change motivating angr 9.1 is this large refactor of SimCC. Here are the breaking changes:

SimCCs can no longer be customized

If you were using the sp_delta, args, or ret_val parameters to SimCC, you should use the new class SimCCUsercall, which lets (requires) you to be explicit about the locations of each argument.

Passing SimTypes is now mandatory

Every method call on SimCC which interacts with typed data now requires a SimType to be passed in. Previously, the use of is_fp and size was optional, but now these parameters will no longer be accepted and a SimType will be required.

This has some fairly non-intuitive consequences - in order to accommodate more esoteric calling conventions (think: passing large structs by value via an "invisible reference") you have to specify a function's return type before you can extract any of its arguments.

Additionally, some non-cc interfaces, such as call_state and callable and SimProcedure.call(), now *require* a prototype to be passed to them. You'd be surprised how many bugs we found in our own code from enforcing this requirement!

PointerWrapper has a new parameter

Imagine you're passing something into a function which has a parameter of type char*. Is this a pointer to a single char or a pointer to an array of chars? The answer changes how we typecheck the values you pass in. If you're passing a PointerWrapper wrapping a large value which should be treated as an array of chars, you should construct your pointerwrapper as PointerWrapper(foo, buffer=True). The buffer argument to PointerWrapper now instructs SimCC to treat the data to be serialized as an array of the child type instead of as a scalar.

func_ty -> prototype

Every usage of the name func_ty has been replaced with the name prototype. This was done for consistency between the static analysis code and the dynamic FFI.

9.7 Migrating to angr 8

angr has moved from Python 2 to Python 3! We took this opportunity of a major version bump to make a few breaking API changes that improve quality-of-life.

9.7.1 What do I need to know for migrating my scripts to Python 3?

To begin, just the standard py3k changes, the relevant parts of which we'll rehash here as a reference guide:

- Strings and bytestrings
 - Strings are now unicode by default, a new bytes type holds bytestrings
 - Bytestring literals can be constructued with the b prefix, like b'ABCD'
 - Conversion between strings and bytestrings happens with .encode() and .decode(), which use utf-8 as a default. The latin-1 codec will map byte values to their equivilant unicode codepoints
 - The ord() and chr() functions operate on strings, not bytestrings
 - Enumerating over or indexing into bytestrings produces an unsigned 8 bit integer, not a 1-byte bytestring
 - Bytestrings have all the string manipulation functions present on strings, including join, upper/lower, translate, etc
 - hex and base64 are no longer string encoding codecs. For hex, use bytes.fromhex() and bytes.hex().
 For base64 use the base64 module.

· Builtin functions

- print and exec are now builtin functions instead of statements
- Many builtin functions previously returning lists now return iterators, such as map, filter, and zip.
 reduce is no longer a builtin; you have to import it from functools.

Numbers

- The / operator is explicitly floating-point division, the // operator is explicitly integer division. The magic
 functions for overriding these ops are truediv__ and floordiv__
- The int and long types have been merged, there is only int now
- Dictionary objects have had their .iterkeys, .itervalues, and .iteritems methods removed, and then non-iter versions have been made to return efficient iterators
- Comparisons between objects of very different types (such as between strings and ints) will raise an exception

In terms of how this has affected angr, any string that represents data from the emulated program will be a bytestring. This means that where you previously said state.solver.eval(x, cast_to=str) you should now say cast_to=bytes. When creating concrete bitvectors from strings (including implicitly by just making a comparison against a string) these should be bytestrings. If they are not they will be utf-8 converted and a warning will be printed. Symbol names should be unicode strings.

For division, however, ASTs are strongly typed so they will treat both division operators as the kind of division that makes sense for their type.

9.7.2 Clemory API changes

The memory object in CLE (project.loader.memory, not state.memory) has had a few breaking API changes since the bytes type is much nicer to work with than the py2 string for this specific case, and the old API was an inconsistent mess.

Before	After
<pre>memory.read_bytes(addr, n) -> list[str]</pre>	memory.load(addr, n) -> bytes
<pre>memory.write_bytes(addr, list[str])</pre>	<pre>memory.store(addr, bytes)</pre>
<pre>memory.get_byte(addr) -> str</pre>	<pre>memory[addr] -> int</pre>
<pre>memory.read_addr_at(addr) -> int</pre>	<pre>memory.unpack_word(addr) -> int</pre>
<pre>memory.write_addr_at(addr, value) -> int</pre>	<pre>memory.pack_word(addr, value)</pre>
<pre>memory.stride_repr -> list[(start, end, str)]</pre>	<pre>memory.backers() -> iter[(start, bytearray)]</pre>

Additionally, pack_word and unpack_word now take optional size, endness, and signed parameters. We have also added memory.pack(addr, fmt, *data) and memory.unpack(addr, fmt), which take format strings for use with the struct module.

If you were using the cbackers or read_bytes_c functions, the conversion is a little more complicated - we were able to remove the split notion of "backers" and "updates" and replaced all backers with bytearrays that we mutate, so we can work directly with the backer objects. The backers() function iterates through all bottom-level backer objects and their start addresses. You can provide an optional address to the function, and it will skip over all backers that end before that address.

Here is some sample code for producing a C-pointer to a given address:

```
import cffi, cle
ffi = cffi.FFI()
ld = cle.Loader('/bin/true')

addr = ld.main_object.entry
try:
    backer_start, backer = next(ld.memory.backers(addr))
except StopIteration:
    raise Exception("not mapped")

if backer_start > addr:
    raise Exception("not mapped")

cbacker = ffi.from_buffer(backer)
addr_pointer = cbacker + (addr - backer_start)
```

You should not have to use this if you aren't passing the data to a native library - the normal load methods should now be more than fast enough for intensive use.

9.7.3 CLE symbols changes

Previously, your mechanisms for looking up symbols by their address were loader.find_symbol() and object. symbols_by_addr, where there was clearly some overlap. However, symbols_by_addr stayed because it was the only way to enumerate symbols in an object. This has changed! symbols_by_addr is deprecated and here is now object.symbols, a sorted list of Symbol objects, to enumerate symbols in a binary.

Additionally, you can now enumerate all symbols in the entire project with loader.symbols. This change has also enabled us to add a fuzzy parameter to find_symbol (returns the first symbol before the given address) and make the output of loader.describe_addr much nicer (shows offset from closest symbol).

9.7.4 Deprecations and name changes

- All parameters in cle that started with custom_ so, custom_base_addr, custom_entry_point, custom_offset, custom_arch, and custom_ld_path have had the custom_ removed from the beginning of their names.
- All the functions that were deprecated more than a year ago (at or before the angr 7 release) have been removed.
- state.se has been deprecated. You should have been using state.solver for the past few years.
- Support for immutable simulation managers has been removed. So far as we're aware, nobody was actually using this, and it was making debugging a pain.

9.8 Migrating to angr 7

The release of angr 7 introduces several departures from long-standing angr-isms. While the community has created a compatibility layer to give external code written for angr 6 a good chance of working on angr 7, the best thing to do is to port it to the new version. This document serves as a guide for this.

9.8.1 SimuVEX is gone

angr versions up through angr 6 split the program analysis into two modules: simuvex, which was responsible for analyzing the effects of a single piece of code (whether a basic block or a SimProcedure) on a program state, and angr, which aggregated analyses of these basic blocks into program-level analysis such as control-flow recovery, symbolic execution, and so forth. In theory, this would encourage for the encapsulation of block-level analyses, and allow other program analysis frameworks to build upon simuvex for their needs. In practice, no one (to our knowledge) used simuvex without angr, and the separation introduced frustrating limitations (such as not being able to reference the history of a state from a SimInspect breakpoint) and duplication of code (such as the need to synchronize data from state.scratch into path.history).

Realizing that SimuVEX wasn't a usable independent package, we brainstormed about merging it into angr and further noticed that this would allow us to address the frustrations resulting from their separation.

All of the SimuVEX concepts (SimStates, SimProcedures, calling conventions, types, etc) have been migrated into angr. The migration guide for common classes is bellow:

Before	After
simuvex.SimState simuvex.SimProcedure	angr.SimState
simuvex.SimEngine	angr.SimProcedure angr.SimEngine
simuvex.SimCC	angr.SimCC

And for common modules:

Before	After
simuvex.s_cc	angr.calling_conventions
simuvex.s_state	angr.sim_state
simuvex.s_procedure	angr.sim_procedure
simuvex.plugins	angr.state_plugins
simuvex.engines	angr.engines
simuvex.concretization_strategies	angr.concretization_strategies

Additionally, simuvex.SimProcedures has been renamed to angr.SIM_PROCEDURES, since it is a global variable and not a class. There have been some other changes to its semantics, see the section on SimProcedures for details.

9.8.2 Removal of angr.Path

In angr, a Path object maintained references to a SimState and its history. The fact that the history was separated from the state caused a lot of headaches when trying to analyze states inside a breakpoint, and caused overhead in synchronizing data from the state to its history.

In the new model, a state's history is maintained in a SimState plugin: state.history. Since the path would now simply point to the state, we got rid of it. The mapping of concepts is roughly as follows:

Before	After
path	state
path.state	state
path.history	state.history
path.callstack	state.callstack
path.trace	state.history.descriptions
path.addr_trace	state.history.bbl_addrs
path.jumpkinds	state.history.jumpkinds
path.guards	state.history.jump_guards
path.targets	state.history.jump_targets
path.actions	state.history.actions
path.events	state.history.events
path.recent_actions	state.history.recent_actions
path.reachable	state.history.reachable()

An important behavior change about path.actions and path.recent_actions - actions are no longer tracked by default. If you would like them to be tracked again, please add angr.options.refs to your state.

Path Group -> Simulation Manager

Since there are no paths, there cannot be a path group. Instead, we have a Simulation Manager now (we recommend using the abbreviation "simgr" in places you were previously using "pg"), which is exactly the same as a path group except it holds states instead of paths. You can make one with project.factory.simulation_manager(...).

Errored Paths

Before, error resilience was handled at the path level, where stepping a path that caused an error would return a subclass of Path called ErroredPath, and these paths would be put in the errored stash of a path group. Now, error resilience is handled at the simulation manager level, and any state that throws an error during stepping will be wrapped in an ErrorRecord object, which is *not* a subclass of SimState, and put into the errored list attribute of the simulation manager, which is *not* a stash.

An ErrorRecord object has attributes for .state (the initial state that caused the error), .error (the error that was thrown), and .traceback (the traceback from the error). To debug these errors you can call .debug().

These changes are because we were uncomfortable making a subclass of SimState, and the ErrorRecord class then has sufficiently different semantics from a normal state that it cannot be placed in a stash.

9.8.3 Changes to SimProcedures

The most noticeable difference from the old version to the new version is that the catalog of built-in simprocedures are no longer organized strictly according to which library they live in. Now, they are organized according to which *standards* they conform to, which helps with re-using procedures between different libraries. For instance, the old SimProcedures['libc.so.6'] has been split up between SIM_PROCEDURES['libc'], SIM_PROCEDURES['glibc'], depending on what specifications each function conforms to. This allows us to reuse the libc catalog in msvcrt.dll and the MUSL libc, for example.

In order to group SimProcedures together by libraries, we have introduced a new abstraction called the SimLibrary, the definitions for which are stored in angr.procedures.definitions. Each SimLibrary object stores information about a single shared library, and can contain SimProcedure implementations, calling convention information, and type information. SimLibraries are scraped from the filesystem at import time, just like SimProcedures, and placed into angr.SIM_LIBRARIES.

Syscalls are now categorized through a subclass of SimLibrary called SimSyscallLibrary. The API for managing syscalls through SimOS has been changed - check the API docs for the SimUserspace class.

One important implication of this change is that if you previously used a trick where you changed one of the Sim-Procedures present in the SimProcedures dict in order to change which SimProcedures would be used to hook over library functions by default, this will no longer work. Instead of SimProcedures[lib][func_name] = proc, you now need to say SIM_LIBRARIES[lib].add(func_name, proc). But really you should just be using hook_symbol anyway.

9.8.4 Changes to hooking

The Hook class is gone. Instead, we now can hook with individual instances of SimProcedure objects, as opposed to just the classes. A shallow copy of the SimProcedure will be made at runtime to preserve thread safety.

So, previously, where you would have done project.hook(addr, Hook(proc, ...)) or project.hook(addr, proc), you can now do project.hook(addr, proc(...)). In order to use simple functions as hooks, you can either say project.hook(addr, func) or decorate the declaration of your function with @project.hook(addr).

Having simprocedures as instances and letting them have access to the project cleans up a lot of other hacks that were present in the codebase, mostly related to the self.call(...) SimProcedure continuation system. It is no longer required to set IS_FUNCTION = True if you intend to use self.call() while writing a SimProcedure, and each call-return target you use will have a unique address associated with it. These addresses will be allocated lazily, which does have the side effect of making address allocation nondeterministic, sometimes based on dictionary-iteration order.

9.8.5 Changes to loading

The hook_symbol method will no longer attempt to redo relocations for the given symbol, instead just hooking directly over the address of the symbol in whatever library it comes from. This speeds up loading substancially and ensures more consistent behavior for when mixing and matching native library code and SimProcedure summaries.

The angr externs object has been moved into CLE, which will ALWAYS make sure that every dependency is resolved to something, never left unrelocated. Similarly, CLE provides the "kernel object" used to provide addresses for syscalls now.

Before	After
projectextern_obj	loader.extern_object
<pre>projectsyscall_obj</pre>	<pre>loader.kernel_object</pre>

Several properties and methods have been renamed in CLE in order to maintain a more consistent and explicit API. The most common changes are listed below:

Before	After
loader.whats_at()	loader.describe_addr
<pre>loader.addr_belongs_to_object()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_object_containing()</pre>
<pre>loader.find_symbol_name()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_symbol().name</pre>
whatever the hell you were doing before to look up a symbol	<pre>loader.find_symbol(name or addr)</pre>
<pre>loader.find_module_name()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_object_containing(). provides</pre>
<pre>loader.find_symbol_got_entry()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_relevant_relocations()</pre>
loader.main_bin	loader.main_object
<pre>anything.get_min_addr()</pre>	anything.min_addr
symbol.addr	symbol.linked_addr

9.8.6 Changes to the solver interface

We cleaned up the menagerie of functions present on state.solver (if you're still referring to it as state.se you should stop) and simplified it into a cleaner interface:

- solver.eval(expression) will give you one possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.eval_one(expression) will give you the solution to the given expression, or throw an error if more than one solution is possible.
- solver.eval_upto(expression, n) will give you up to n solutions to the given expression, returning fewer than n if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval_atleast(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval_exact(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer or more than are possible.
- solver.min(expression) will give you the minimum possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.max(expression) will give you the maximum possible solution to the given expression.

Additionally, all of these methods can take the following keyword arguments:

- extra_constraints can be passed as a tuple of constraints. These constraints will be taken into account for this evaluation, but will not be added to the state.
- cast_to can be passed a data type to cast the result to. Currently, this can only be str, which will cause the method to return the byte representation of the underlying data. For example, state.solver.eval(state.solver.BVV(0x41424344, 32, cast_to=str) will return "ABCD".

API REFERENCE

class angr.SimProcedure(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic_return=None, returns=None, is_syscall=False, is_stub=False, num_args=None, display_name=None, library_name=None, is_function=None, **kwargs)

Bases: object

A SimProcedure is a wonderful object which describes a procedure to run on a state.

You may subclass SimProcedure and override run(), replacing it with mutating self.state however you like, and then either returning a value or jumping away somehow.

A detailed discussion of programming SimProcedures may be found at https://docs.angr.io/extending-angr/simprocedures

Parameters

arch – The architecture to use for this procedure

The following parameters are optional:

Parameters

- **symbolic_return** Whether the procedure's return value should be stubbed into a single symbolic variable constratined to the real return value
- **returns** Whether the procedure should return to its caller afterwards
- **is_syscall** Whether this procedure is a syscall
- num_args The number of arguments this procedure should extract
- **display_name** The name to use when displaying this procedure
- library_name The name of the library from which the function we're emulating comes
- cc The SimCC to use for this procedure
- **sim_kwargs** Additional keyword arguments to be passed to run()
- **is_function** Whether this procedure emulates a function

The following class variables should be set if necessary when implementing a new SimProcedure:

Variables

- NO_RET Set this to true if control flow will never return from this function
- **DYNAMIC_RET** Set this to true if whether the control flow returns from this function or not depends on the context (e.g., libc's error() call). Must implement dynamic_returns() method.
- ADDS_EXITS Set this to true if you do any control flow other than returning
- IS_FUNCTION Does this procedure simulate a function? True by default

- ARGS_MISMATCH Does this procedure have a different list of arguments than what is provided in the function specification? This may happen when we manually extract arguments in the run() method of a SimProcedure. False by default.
- **local_vars** If you use **self.call()**, set this to a list of all the local variable names in your class. They will be restored on return.

The following instance variables are available when working with simprocedures from the inside or the outside:

Variables

- project The associated angr project
- arch The associated architecture
- addr The linear address at which the procedure is executing
- cc The calling convention in use for engaging with the ABI
- canonical The canonical version of this SimProcedure. Procedures are deepcopied for
 many reasons, including to be able to store state related to a specific run and to be able to
 hook continuations.
- **kwargs** Any extra keyword arguments used to construct the procedure; will be passed to run
- display_name See the eponymous parameter
- library_name See the eponymous parameter
- **abi** If this is a syscall simprocedure, which ABI are we using to map the syscall numbers?
- **symbolic_return** See the eponymous parameter
- **syscall_number** If this procedure is a syscall, the number will be populated here.
- **returns** See eponymous parameter and NO_RET cvar
- is_syscall See eponymous parameter
- is_function See eponymous parameter and cvar
- is_stub See eponymous parameter
- **is_continuation** Whether this procedure is the original or a continuation resulting from self.call()
- **continuations** A mapping from name to each known continuation
- **run_func** The name of the function implementing the procedure. "run" by default, but different in continuations.
- num_args The number of arguments to the procedure. If not provided in the parameter, extracted from the definition of self.run

The following instance variables are only used in a copy of the procedure that is actually executing on a state:

Variables

- **state** The SimState we should be mutating to perform the procedure
- **successors** The SimSuccessors associated with the current step
- **arguments** The function arguments, describlized from the state
- **arg_session** The ArgSession that was used to parse arguments out of the state, in case you need it for varargs

- **use_state_arguments** Whether we're using arguments extracted from the state or manually provided
- ret_to The current return address
- ret_expr The computed return value
- call_ret_expr The return value from having used self.call()
- inhibit_autoret Whether we should avoid automatically adding an exit for returning once the run function ends
- **arg_session** The ArgSession object that was used to extract the runtime argument values. Useful for if you want to extract variadic args.

__init__(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic_return=None, returns=None, is_syscall=False, is_stub=False, num_args=None, display_name=None, library_name=None, is_function=None, **kwargs)

state: SimState

execute(*state*, *successors=None*, *arguments=None*, *ret_to=None*)

Call this method with a SimState and a SimSuccessors to execute the procedure.

Alternately, successors may be none if this is an inline call. In that case, you should provide arguments to the function.

make_continuation(name)

NO RET = False

 $DYNAMIC_RET = False$

ADDS_EXITS = False

IS_FUNCTION = True

 $ARGS_MISMATCH = False$

ALT_NAMES = None

local_vars: Tuple[str, ...] = ()

run(*args, **kwargs)

Implement the actual procedure here!

static_exits(blocks, **kwargs)

Get new exits by performing static analysis and heuristics. This is a fast and best-effort approach to get new exits for scenarios where states are not available (e.g. when building a fast CFG).

Parameters

blocks (*list*) – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.

Returns

A list of dicts. Each dict should contain the following entries: 'address', 'jumpkind', and 'namehint'.

Return type

list

```
dynamic_returns(blocks, **kwargs)
```

Determines if a call to this function returns or not by performing static analysis and heuristics.

Parameters

blocks – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if the call returns, False otherwise.

property should_add_successors

```
set_args(args)
```

va_arg(ty, index=None)

```
inline_call(procedure, *arguments, **kwargs)
```

Call another SimProcedure in-line to retrieve its return value. Returns an instance of the procedure with the ret_expr property set.

Parameters

- **procedure** The class of the procedure to execute
- **arguments** Any additional positional args will be used as arguments to the procedure call
- **sim_kwargs** Any additional keyword args will be passed as sim_kwargs to the procedure construtor

fix_prototype_returnty(ret_size)

```
ret(expr=None)
```

Add an exit representing a return from this function. If this is not an inline call, grab a return address from the state and jump to it. If this is not an inline call, set a return expression with the calling convention.

```
call(addr, args, continue_at, cc=None, prototype=None, jumpkind='Ijk_Call')
```

Add an exit representing calling another function via pointer.

Parameters

- addr The address of the function to call
- args The list of arguments to call the function with
- **continue_at** Later, when the called function returns, execution of the current procedure will continue in the named method.
- **cc** Optional: use this calling convention for calling the new function. Default is to use the current convention.
- **prototype** Optional: The prototype to use for the call. Will default to all-ints.

```
jump(addr, jumpkind='Ijk_Boring')
```

Add an exit representing jumping to an address.

```
exit(exit_code)
```

Add an exit representing terminating the program.

```
ty_ptr(ty)
```

```
property is_java
     property argument_types
     property return_type
class angr.BP(when='before', enabled=None, condition=None, action=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     A breakpoint.
     __init__(when='before', enabled=None, condition=None, action=None, **kwargs)
     check(state, when)
          Checks state state to see if the breakpoint should fire.
               Parameters
                   • state - The state.
                   • when – Whether the check is happening before or after the event.
               Returns
                   A boolean representing whether the checkpoint should fire.
     fire(state)
          Trigger the breakpoint.
               Parameters
                   state – The state.
```

class angr.SimStatePlugin

Bases: object

This is a base class for SimState plugins. A SimState plugin will be copied along with the state when the state is branched. They are intended to be used for things such as tracking open files, tracking heap details, and providing storage and persistence for SimProcedures.

```
STRONGREF_STATE = False
__init__()
set_state(state)
     Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)
set_strongref_state(state)
copy(_memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

static memo(f)

A decorator function you should apply to copy

```
merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

classmethod register_default(name, xtr=None)

```
init_state()
```

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

Bases: object

This is the main class of the angr module. It is meant to contain a set of binaries and the relationships between them, and perform analyses on them.

Parameters

- thing The path to the main executable object to analyze, or a CLE Loader object.
- arch (Arch) -
- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying_code (bool) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

The following parameters are optional.

Parameters

- **default_analysis_mode** The mode of analysis to use by default. Defaults to 'symbolic'.
- **ignore_functions** A list of function names that, when imported from shared libraries, should never be stepped into in analysis (calls will return an unconstrained value).
- use_sim_procedures Whether to replace resolved dependencies for which simprocedures are available with said simprocedures.
- **exclude_sim_procedures_func** A function that, when passed a function name, returns whether or not to wrap it with a simprocedure.
- **exclude_sim_procedures_list** A list of functions to *not* wrap with simprocedures.
- **arch** The target architecture (auto-detected otherwise).
- **simos** a SimOS class to use for this project.
- **engine** The SimEngine class to use for this project.
- **translation_cache** (*bool*) If True, cache translated basic blocks rather than retranslating them.
- **selfmodifying_code** (bool) Whether we aggressively support self-modifying code. When enabled, emulation will try to read code from the current state instead of the original memory, regardless of the current memory protections.
- **store_function** A function that defines how the Project should be stored. Default to pickling.
- **load_function** A function that defines how the Project should be loaded. Default to unpickling.

- analyses_preset (angr.misc.PluginPreset) The plugin preset for the analyses provider (i.e. Analyses instance).
- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

Any additional keyword arguments passed will be passed onto cle.Loader.

Variables

- analyses The available analyses.
- **entry** The program entrypoint.
- factory Provides access to important analysis elements such as path groups and symbolic
 execution results.
- **filename** The filename of the executable.
- loader The program loader.
- **storage** Dictionary of things that should be loaded/stored with the Project.

Parameters

- arch (Arch) -
- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying_code (bool) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

Parameters

- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying_code (bool) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

arch: Arch

property analyses: AnalysesHubWithDefault

hook(addr, hook=None, length=0, kwargs=None, replace=False)

Hook a section of code with a custom function. This is used internally to provide symbolic summaries of library functions, and can be used to instrument execution or to modify control flow.

When hook is not specified, it returns a function decorator that allows easy hooking. Usage:

Parameters

- addr The address to hook.
- hook A angr.project.Hook describing a procedure to run at the given address. You may also pass in a SimProcedure class or a function directly and it will be wrapped in a Hook object for you.
- **length** If you provide a function for the hook, this is the number of bytes that will be skipped by executing the hook by default.
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false (default), warn and do not replace the hook. If none, warn and replace the hook.

is_hooked(addr)

Returns True if addr is hooked.

Parameters

addr - An address.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if addr is hooked, False otherwise.

hooked_by(addr)

Returns the current hook for addr.

Parameters

addr - An address.

Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

unhook(addr)

Remove a hook.

Parameters

addr – The address of the hook.

hook_symbol(symbol_name, simproc, kwargs=None, replace=None)

Resolve a dependency in a binary. Looks up the address of the given symbol, and then hooks that address. If the symbol was not available in the loaded libraries, this address may be provided by the CLE externs object.

Additionally, if instead of a symbol name you provide an address, some secret functionality will kick in and you will probably just hook that address, UNLESS you're on powerpc64 ABIv1 or some yet-unknown scary ABI that has its function pointers point to something other than the actual functions, in which case it'll do the right thing.

Parameters

• **symbol_name** – The name of the dependency to resolve.

- simproc The SimProcedure instance (or function) with which to hook the symbol
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false, warn and do not replace the hook. If none (default), warn and replace the hook.

Returns

The address of the new symbol.

Return type

int

symbol_hooked_by(symbol_name)

Return the SimProcedure, if it exists, for the given symbol name.

Parameters

symbol_name (str) – Name of the symbol.

Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

is_symbol_hooked(symbol_name)

Check if a symbol is already hooked.

Parameters

```
symbol_name (str) – Name of the symbol.
```

Returns

True if the symbol can be resolved and is hooked, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

unhook_symbol(symbol_name)

Remove the hook on a symbol. This function will fail if the symbol is provided by the extern object, as that would result in a state where analysis would be unable to cope with a call to this symbol.

```
rehook_symbol(new address, symbol name, stubs on sync)
```

Move the hook for a symbol to a specific address: type new_address: :param new_address: the new address that will trigger the SimProc execution: type symbol_name: :param symbol_name: the name of the symbol (f.i. strcmp): return: None

```
execute(*args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a symbolic execution helper in the simple style supported by triton and manticore. It designed to be run after setting up hooks (see Project.hook), in which the symbolic state can be checked.

This function can be run in three different ways:

- When run with no parameters, this function begins symbolic execution from the entrypoint.
- It can also be run with a "state" parameter specifying a SimState to begin symbolic execution from.
- Finally, it can accept any arbitrary keyword arguments, which are all passed to project.factory.full_init_state.

If symbolic execution finishes, this function returns the resulting simulation manager.

terminate_execution()

Terminates a symbolic execution that was started with Project.execute().

angr.load_shellcode(shellcode, arch, start_offset=0, load_address=0, thumb=False, **kwargs)

Load a new project based on a snippet of assembly or bytecode.

Parameters

- **shellcode** (Union[bytes, str]) The data to load, as either a bytestring of instructions or a string of assembly text
- arch The name of the arch to use, or an archinfo class
- **start_offset** The offset into the data to start analysis (default 0)
- **load_address** The address to place the data in memory (default 0)
- **thumb** Whether this is ARM Thumb shellcode

class angr.Blade(graph, dst_run, dst_stmt_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore_sp=False, ignore_bp=False, ignored_regs=None, max_level=3, base_state=None, stop_at_calls=False, cross_insn_opt=False, max_predecessors=10, include_imarks=True)

Bases: object

Blade is a light-weight program slicer that works with networkx DiGraph containing CFGNodes. It is meant to be used in angr for small or on-the-fly analyses.

Parameters

- graph (DiGraph) -
- dst_run (int) -
- dst_stmt_idx (int) -
- direction (str) -
- ignore_sp (bool) -
- ignore_bp (bool) -
- max_level (int) -
- stop_at_calls (bool) -
- max_predecessors (int) -
- include_imarks (bool) -

__init__(graph, dst_run, dst_stmt_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore_sp=False, ignore_bp=False, ignored_regs=None, max_level=3, base_state=None, stop_at_calls=False, cross_insn_opt=False, max_predecessors=10, include_imarks=True)

Parameters

- **graph** (DiGraph) A graph representing the control flow graph. Note that it does not take angr.analyses.CFGEmulated or angr.analyses.CFGFast.
- **dst_run** (int) An address specifying the target SimRun.
- **dst_stmt_idx** (int) The target statement index. -1 means executing until the last statement.
- **direction** (str) 'backward' or 'forward' slicing. Forward slicing is not yet supported.
- project (angr.Project) The project instance.

- **cfg** (angr.analyses.CFGBase) the CFG instance. It will be made mandatory later.
- **ignore_sp** (bool) Whether the stack pointer should be ignored in dependency tracking. Any dependency from/to stack pointers will be ignored if this options is True.
- **ignore_bp** (bool) Whether the base pointer should be ignored or not.
- max_level (int) The maximum number of blocks that we trace back for.
- **stop_at_calls** (bool) Limit slicing within a single function. Do not proceed when encounters a call edge.
- include_imarks (bool) Should IMarks (instruction boundaries) be included in the slice
- max_predecessors (int) -

Returns

None

property slice

dbg_repr(arch=None)

class angr.SimOS(project, name=None)

Bases: object

A class describing OS/arch-level configuration.

Parameters

```
project (angr.Project) -
```

__init__(project, name=None)

Parameters

project (Project) -

configure_project()

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

state_blank(addr=None, initial_prefix=None, brk=None, stack_end=None, stack_size=8388608, stdin=None, thread_idx=None, permissions_backer=None, **kwargs)

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- addr The execution start address.
- initial_prefix -
- **stack_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(**kwargs)
```

```
state_call(addr, *args, **kwargs)
```

 $\label{lem:prepare_call_state} \textbf{prepare_call_state}(\textit{calling_state}, \textit{initial_state} = \textit{None}, \textit{preserve_registers} = (), \textit{preserve_memory} = ())$

This function prepares a state that is executing a call instruction. If given an initial_state, it copies over all of the critical registers to it from the calling_state. Otherwise, it prepares the calling_state for action.

This is mostly used to create minimalistic for CFG generation. Some ABIs, such as MIPS PIE and x86 PIE, require certain information to be maintained in certain registers. For example, for PIE MIPS, this function transfer t9, gp, and ra to the new state.

```
prepare_function_symbol(symbol_name, basic_addr=None)
```

Prepare the address space with the data necessary to perform relocations pointing to the given symbol

Returns a 2-tuple. The first item is the address of the function code, the second is the address of the relocation target.

```
handle_exception(successors, engine, exception)
```

Perform exception handling. This method will be called when, during execution, a SimException is thrown. Currently, this can only indicate a segfault, but in the future it could indicate any unexpected exceptional behavior that can't be handled by ordinary control flow.

The method may mutate the provided SimSuccessors object in any way it likes, or re-raise the exception.

Parameters

state_full_init(**kwargs)

- successors The SimSuccessors object currently being executed on
- **engine** The engine that was processing this step
- **exception** The actual exception object

```
syscall(state, allow_unsupported=True)
syscall_abi(state)

Return type

str

syscall_cc(state)
```

Return type

Optional[SimCCSyscall]

```
is\_syscall\_addr(addr)
```

syscall_from_addr(addr, allow unsupported=True)

syscall_from_number(number, allow_unsupported=True, abi=None)

setup_gdt(state, gdt)

Write the GlobalDescriptorTable object in the current state memory

Parameters

- **state** state in which to write the GDT
- **gdt** GlobalDescriptorTable object

Returns

```
Generate a GlobalDescriptorTable object and populate it using the value of the gs and fs register
              Parameters
                   • fs – value of the fs segment register
                   • gs – value of the gs segment register
                   • fs_size – size of the fs segment register
                   • gs_size – size of the gs segment register
              Returns
                  gdt a GlobalDescriptorTable object
class angr.Block(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False,
                    backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0,
                    strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False, cross_insn_opt=True,
                    load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Represents a basic block in a binary or a program.
     BLOCK_MAX_SIZE = 4096
     __init__(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False,
                backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0,
                strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False, cross_insn_opt=True,
                load from ro regions=False, initial regs=None)
     arch
     thumb
     addr
     size
     pp(**kwargs)
     set_initial_regs()
     static reset_initial_regs()
     property vex: IRSB
     property vex_nostmt
     property disassembly: DisassemblerBlock
          Provide a disassembly object using whatever disassembler is available
     property capstone
     property codenode
     property bytes
     property instructions
     property instruction_addrs
```

generate_gdt(fs, gs, fs_size=4294967295, gs_size=4294967295)

serialize_to_cmessage()

Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.

Returns

A protobuf cmessage object.

Return type

protobuf.cmessage

classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg)

Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.

Parameters

cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.

Returns

A unserialized class object.

Return type

cls

Bases: object

The Simulation Manager is the future future.

Simulation managers allow you to wrangle multiple states in a slick way. States are organized into "stashes", which you can step forward, filter, merge, and move around as you wish. This allows you to, for example, step two different stashes of states at different rates, then merge them together.

Stashes can be accessed as attributes (i.e. .active). A mulpyplexed stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with mp_{-} , e.g. . $mp_{-}active$. A single state from the stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with one_{-} , e.g. . $one_{-}active$.

Note that you shouldn't usually be constructing SimulationManagers directly - there is a convenient shortcut for creating them in Project.factory: see angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory.

The most important methods you should look at are step, explore, and use_technique.

Parameters

- **project** (angr.project.Project) A Project instance.
- stashes A dictionary to use as the stash store.
- active_states Active states to seed the "active" stash with.
- hierarchy A StateHierarchy object to use to track the relationships between states.
- **resilience** A set of errors to catch during stepping to put a state in the **errore** list. You may also provide the values False, None (default), or True to catch, respectively, no errors, all angr-specific errors, and a set of many common errors.
- **save_unsat** Set to True in order to introduce unsatisfiable states into the unsat stash instead of discarding them immediately.
- auto_drop A set of stash names which should be treated as garbage chutes.
- **completion_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.

- **techniques** A list of techniques that should be pre-set to use with this manager.
- suggestions Whether to automatically install the Suggestions exploration technique. Default True.

Variables

- **errored** Not a stash, but a list of ErrorRecords. Whenever a step raises an exception that we catch, the state and some information about the error are placed in this list. You can adjust the list of caught exceptions with the *resilience* parameter.
- **stashes** All the stashes on this instance, as a dictionary.
- **completion_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.

```
ALL = '_ALL'
DROP = '\_DROP'
__init__(project, active_states=None, stashes=None, hierarchy=None, resilience=None, save_unsat=False,
         auto drop=None, errored=None, completion mode=<built-in function any>, techniques=None,
         suggestions=True, **kwargs)
active: List[SimState]
stashed: List[SimState]
pruned: List[SimState]
unsat: List[SimState]
deadended: List[SimState]
unconstrained: List[SimState]
found: List[SimState]
one_active: SimState
one_stashed: SimState
one_pruned: SimState
one_unsat:
            SimState
one_deadended: SimState
one_unconstrained: SimState
one_found: SimState
property errored
property stashes: DefaultDict[str, List[SimState]]
mulpyplex(*stashes)
    Mulpyplex across several stashes.
        Parameters
           stashes – the stashes to mulpyplex
```

Returns

a mulpyplexed list of states from the stashes in question, in the specified order

copy(deep=False)

Make a copy of this simulation manager. Pass deep=True to copy all the states in it as well.

If the current callstack includes hooked methods, the already-called methods will not be included in the copy.

use_technique(tech)

Use an exploration technique with this SimulationManager.

Techniques can be found in angr.exploration_techniques.

Parameters

tech (ExplorationTechnique) – An ExplorationTechnique object that contains code to modify this SimulationManager's behavior.

Returns

The technique that was added, for convenience

remove_technique(tech)

Remove an exploration technique from a list of active techniques.

Parameters

tech (ExplorationTechnique) – An ExplorationTechnique object.

```
explore(stash='active', n=None, find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False, **kwargs)
```

Tick stash "stash" forward (up to "n" times or until "num_find" states are found), looking for condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stores found states into "find_stash' and avoided states into "avoid stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a state and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any states which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

```
run(stash='active', n=None, until=None, **kwargs)
```

Run until the SimulationManager has reached a completed state, according to the current exploration techniques. If no exploration techniques that define a completion state are being used, run until there is nothing left to run.

Parameters

- stash Operate on this stash
- **n** Step at most this many times
- **until** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

complete()

Returns whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state.

step(stash='active', target_stash=None, n=None, selector_func=None, step_func=None, error_list=None, successor_func=None, until=None, filter_func=None, **run_args)

Step a stash of states forward and categorize the successors appropriately.

The parameters to this function allow you to control everything about the stepping and categorization process

Parameters

- **stash** The name of the stash to step (default: 'active')
- target_stash The name of the stash to put the results in (default: same as stash)
- error_list The list to put ErroredState objects in (default: self.errored)
- **selector_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a boolean. If True, the state will be stepped. Otherwise, it will be kept as-is.
- **step_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns a SimulationManager. Will be called with the SimulationManager at every step. Note that this function should not actually perform any stepping it is meant to be a maintenance function called after each step.
- **successor_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return its successors. Otherwise, project.factory.successors will be used.
- **filter_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return the name of the stash, to which the state should be moved.
- until (DEPRECATED) If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.
- **n** (DEPRECATED) The number of times to step (default: 1 if "until" is not provided)

Additionally, you can pass in any of the following keyword args for project.factory.successors:

Parameters

- jumpkind The jumpkind of the previous exit
- addr An address to execute at instead of the state's ip.
- **stmt whitelist** A list of stmt indexes to which to confine execution.
- last_stmt A statement index at which to stop execution.
- **thumb** Whether the block should be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode.
- backup_state A state to read bytes from instead of using project memory.
- **opt_level** The VEX optimization level to use.
- insn_bytes A string of bytes to use for the block instead of the project.
- **size** The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- **num_inst** The maximum number of instructions.
- **traceflags** traceflags to be passed to VEX. Default: 0

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

```
step_state(state, successor_func=None, error_list=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
filter(state, filter func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
selector(state, selector_func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
successors(state, successor_func=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
prune(filter_func=None, from_stash='active', to_stash='pruned')
```

Prune unsatisfiable states from a stash.

This function will move all unsatisfiable states in the given stash into a different stash.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Only prune states that match this filter.
- **from_stash** Prune states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- to_stash Put pruned states in this stash. (default: 'pruned')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

populate(stash, states)

Populate a stash with a collection of states.

Parameters

- **stash** A stash to populate.
- **states** A list of states with which to populate the stash.

absorb(simgr)

Collect all the states from simgr and put them in their corresponding stashes in this manager. This will not modify simgr.

```
move(from_stash, to_stash, filter_func=None)
```

Move states from one stash to another.

Parameters

- **from_stash** Take matching states from this stash.
- **to_stash** Put matching states into this stash.
- **filter_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

stash(filter_func=None, from_stash='active', to_stash='stashed')

Stash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)
- **from_stash** Take matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- to_stash Put matching states into this stash. (default: 'stashed')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

unstash(filter_func=None, to_stash='active', from_stash='stashed')

Unstash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Unstash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: unstash all states)
- **from_stash** take matching states from this stash. (default: 'stashed')
- **to_stash** put matching states into this stash. (default: 'active')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

drop(filter_func=None, stash='active')

Drops states from a stash. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Drop states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: drop all states)
- **stash** Drop matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

apply(state_func=None, stash_func=None, stash='active', to_stash=None)

Applies a given function to a given stash.

Parameters

• **state_func** – A function to apply to every state. Should take a state and return a state. The returned state will take the place of the old state. If the function *doesn't* return a state, the old state will be used. If the function returns a list of states, they will replace the original states.

- **stash_func** A function to apply to the whole stash. Should take a list of states and return a list of states. The resulting list will replace the stash. If both state_func and stash_func are provided state_func is applied first, then stash_func is applied on the results.
- **stash** A stash to work with.
- to_stash If specified, this stash will be used to store the resulting states instead.

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

Split a stash of states into two stashes depending on the specified options.

The stash from_stash will be split into two stashes depending on the other options passed in. If to_stash is provided, the second stash will be written there.

stash_splitter overrides stash_ranker, which in turn overrides state_ranker. If no functions are provided, the states are simply split according to the limit.

The sort done with state_ranker is ascending.

Parameters

- **stash_splitter** A function that should take a list of states and return a tuple of two lists (the two resulting stashes).
- **stash_ranker** A function that should take a list of states and return a sorted list of states. This list will then be split according to "limit".
- **state_ranker** An alternative to stash_splitter. States will be sorted with outputs of this function, which are to be used as a key. The first "limit" of them will be kept, the rest split off.
- limit For use with state_ranker. The number of states to keep. Default: 8
- **from_stash** The stash to split (default: 'active')
- **to_stash** The stash to write to (default: 'stashed')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

merge(merge_func=None, merge_key=None, stash='active', prune=True)

Merge the states in a given stash.

Parameters

- **stash** The stash (default: 'active')
- **merge_func** If provided, instead of using state.merge, call this function with the states as the argument. Should return the merged state.
- merge_key If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a key that will compare equal for all states that are allowed to be merged together, as a first aproximation. By default: uses PC, callstack, and open file descriptors.
- **prune** Whether to prune the stash prior to merging it

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

class angr. Analysis

Bases: object

This class represents an analysis on the program.

Variables

- **project** The project for this analysis.
- **kb** (KnowledgeBase) The knowledgebase object.
- _progress_callback A callback function for receiving the progress of this analysis. It
 only takes one argument, which is a float number from 0.0 to 100.0 indicating the current
 progress.
- _show_progressbar (bool) If a progressbar should be shown during the analysis. It's independent from _progress_callback.
- _progressbar (progress.Progress) The progress bar object.

```
project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

errors = []

named_errors = {}

angr.register_analysis(cls, name)

class angr.ExplorationTechnique

Bases: object

An otiegnqwvk is a set of hooks for a simulation manager that assists in the implementation of new techniques in symbolic exploration.

TODO: choose actual name for the functionality (techniques? strategies?)

Any number of these methods may be overridden by a subclass. To use an exploration technique, call simgr. use_technique with an *instance* of the technique.

```
__init__()
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

• **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -

• stash (str) -

filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

selector(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Determine if a state should participate in the current round of stepping. Return True if the state should be stepped, and False if the state should not be stepped. To defer to the original selection procedure, return the result of simgr.selector(state, **kwargs).

If the user provided a selector_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

class angr.StateHierarchy

```
Bases: object
```

The state hierarchy holds weak references to SimStateHistory objects in a directed acyclic graph. It is useful for queries about a state's ancestry, notably "what is the best ancestor state for a merge among these states" and "what is the most recent unsatisfiable state while using LAZY_SOLVES"

a tuple of: (list of states to merge, those states' common history, list of states to not merge

```
__init__()
get_ref(obj)
dead_ref(ref)
defer_cleanup()
add_state(s)
add_history(h)
simplify()
full_simplify()
lineage(h)
    Returns the lineage of histories leading up to h.
all_successors(h)
history_successors(h)
history_predecessors(h)
history_contains(h)
unreachable_state(state)
unreachable_history(h)
most_mergeable(states)
    Find the "most mergeable" set of states from those provided.
        Parameters
            states – a list of states
        Returns
```

yet)

Bases: PluginHub

The SimState represents the state of a program, including its memory, registers, and so forth.

Parameters

- **project** (angr.Project) The project instance.
- **arch** (archinfo.Arch | str) The architecture of the state.

Variables

- regs A convenient view of the state's registers, where each register is a property
- mem A convenient view of the state's memory, a angr.state_plugins.view.
 SimMemView
- registers The state's register file as a flat memory region
- memory The state's memory as a flat memory region
- **solver** The symbolic solver and variable manager for this state
- inspect The breakpoint manager, a angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector
- log Information about the state's history
- **scratch** Information about the current execution step
- posix MISNOMER: information about the operating system or environment model
- **fs** The current state of the simulated filesystem
- libc Information about the standard library we are emulating
- cgc Information about the cgc environment
- uc_manager Control of under-constrained symbolic execution
- unicorn Control of the Unicorn Engine

solver: SimSolver

posix: SimSystemPosix

registers: DefaultMemory

regs: SimRegNameView

memory: DefaultMemory

callstack: CallStack

mem: SimMemView

history: SimStateHistory

inspect: SimInspector

jni_references: SimStateJNIReferences

scratch: SimStateScratch

__init__(project=None, arch=None, plugins=None, mode=None, options=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None, special_memory_filler=None, os_name=None, plugin_preset='default', cle_memory_backer=None, dict_memory_backer=None, permissions_map=None, default_permissions=3, stack_perms=None, stack_end=None, stack_size=None, regioned_memory_cls=None, **kwargs')

property plugins

property se

Deprecated alias for solver

property ip

Get the instruction pointer expression, trigger SimInspect breakpoints, and generate SimActions. Use _ip to not trigger breakpoints or generate actions.

Returns

an expression

property addr

Get the concrete address of the instruction pointer, without triggering SimInspect breakpoints or generating SimActions. An integer is returned, or an exception is raised if the instruction pointer is symbolic.

Returns

an int

property arch: Arch

 $T = \sim T$

get_plugin(name)

Get the plugin named name. If no such plugin is currently active, try to activate a new one using the current preset.

has_plugin(name)

Return whether or not a plugin with the name name is currently active.

register_plugin(name, plugin, inhibit_init=False)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

property javavm_memory

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the memory plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

Returns

The JavaVM view of the memory plugin.

property javavm_registers

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the registers plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

Returns

The JavaVM view of the registers plugin.

simplify(*args)

Simplify this state's constraints.

add_constraints(*args, **kwargs)

Add some constraints to the state.

You may pass in any number of symbolic booleans as variadic positional arguments.

satisfiable(**kwargs)

Whether the state's constraints are satisfiable

downsize()

Clean up after the solver engine. Calling this when a state no longer needs to be solved on will reduce memory usage.

step(**kwargs)

Perform a step of symbolic execution using this state. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.successors* can be passed to this.

Returns

A SimSuccessors object categorizing the results of the step.

block(*args, **kwargs)

Represent the basic block at this state's instruction pointer. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.block* can be passed to this.

Returns

A Block object describing the basic block of code at this point.

copy()

Returns a copy of the state.

merge(*others, **kwargs)

Merges this state with the other states. Returns the merging result, merged state, and the merge flag.

Parameters

- **states** the states to merge
- merge_conditions a tuple of the conditions under which each state holds
- **common_ancestor** a state that represents the common history between the states being merged. Usually it is only available when EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING is enabled, otherwise weak-refed states might be dropped from state history instances.
- **plugin_whitelist** a list of plugin names that will be merged. If this option is given and is not None, any plugin that is not inside this list will not be merged, and will be created as a fresh instance in the new state.
- **common_ancestor_history** a SimStateHistory instance that represents the common history between the states being merged. This is to allow optimal state merging when EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING is disabled.

Returns

(merged state, merge flag, a bool indicating if any merging occurred)

widen(*others)

Perform a widening between self and other states :type others: :param others: :return:

reg_concrete(*args, **kwargs)

Returns the contents of a register but, if that register is symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

mem_concrete(*args, **kwargs)

Returns the contents of a memory but, if the contents are symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

```
stack_push(thing)
```

Push 'thing' to the stack, writing the thing to memory and adjusting the stack pointer.

stack_pop()

Pops from the stack and returns the popped thing. The length will be the architecture word size.

```
stack_read(offset, length, bp=False)
```

Reads length bytes, at an offset into the stack.

Parameters

- **offset** The offset from the stack pointer.
- length The number of bytes to read.
- **bp** If True, offset from the BP instead of the SP. Default: False.

```
make_concrete_int(expr)
```

```
prepare_callsite(retval, args, cc='wtf')
```

```
dbg_print_stack(depth=None, sp=None)
```

Only used for debugging purposes. Return the current stack info in formatted string. If depth is None, the current stack frame (from sp to bp) will be printed out.

```
set_mode(mode)
```

property thumb

```
property with_condition
```

angr.default_cc(arch, platform='Linux', language=None, syscall=False, **kwargs)

Return the default calling convention for a given architecture, platform, and language combination.

Parameters

- **arch** (str) The architecture name.
- platform (Optional[str]) The platform name (e.g., "Linux" or "Win32").
- language (Optional[str]) The programming language name (e.g., "go").
- **syscall** (bool) Return syscall convention (True), or normal calling convention (False, default).

Return type

```
Optional[Type[SimCC]]
```

Returns

A default calling convention class if we can find one for the architecture, platform, and language combination, or None if nothing fits.

class angr.PointerWrapper(value, buffer=False)

```
Bases: object
__init__(value, buffer=False)
class angr.SimCC(arch)
```

Bases: object

A calling convention allows you to extract from a state the data passed from function to function by calls and returns. Most of the methods provided by SimCC that operate on a state assume that the program is just after a

call but just before stack frame allocation, though this may be overridden with the *stack_base* parameter to each individual method.

This is the base class for all calling conventions.

```
Parameters
        arch (Arch) -
__init__(arch)
        Parameters
           arch (Arch) – The Archinfo arch for this CC
ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 0
STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 0
CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = None
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = None
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
ARCH = None
CALLEE_CLEANUP = False
STACK\_ALIGNMENT = 1
property int_args
```

Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store integer or pointer values.

Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments

property memory_args

Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can be used to store any kind of argument.

Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments

property fp_args

Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store floating point values.

Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments

is_fp_arg(arg)

This should take a SimFunctionArgument instance and return whether or not that argument is a floating-point argument.

Returns True for MUST be a floating point arg,

False for MUST NOT be a floating point arg, None for when it can be either.

class ArgSession(cc)

Bases: object

A class to keep track of the state accumulated in laying parameters out into memory

```
fp_iter
int_iter
both_iter
__init__(cc)
getstate()
setstate(state)
arg_session(ret_ty)
```

Return an arg session.

A session provides the control interface necessary to describe how integral and floating-point arguments are laid out into memory. The default behavior is that there are a finite list of int-only and fp-only argument slots, and an infinite number of generic slots, and when an argument of a given type is requested, the most slot available is used. If you need different behavior, subclass ArgSession.

You need to provide the return type of the function in order to kick off an arg layout session.

Parameters

args – A list of SimFunctionArguments

Returns

The number of bytes that should be allocated on the stack to store all these args, NOT IN-CLUDING the return address.

```
return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
```

The location the return value is stored, based on its type.

property return_addr

The location the return address is stored.

```
next_arg(session, arg_type)
```

Parameters

```
• session (ArgSession) -
```

• arg_type (SimType) -

```
static is_fp_value(val)
```

```
static guess_prototype(args, prototype=None)
```

Come up with a plausible SimTypeFunction for the given args (as would be passed to e.g. setup_callsite).

You can pass a variadic function prototype in the *base_type* parameter and all its arguments will be used, only guessing types for the variadic arguments.

arg_locs(prototype)

Return type

List[SimFunctionArgument]

get_args(state, prototype, stack base=None)

set_return_val(state, val, ty, stack base=None, perspective returned=False)

This function performs the actions of the caller getting ready to jump into a function.

Parameters

- **state** The SimState to operate on
- ret_addr The address to return to when the called function finishes
- args The list of arguments that that the called function will see
- **prototype** The signature of the call you're making. Should include variadic args concretely.
- **stack_base** An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- **grow_like_stack** When allocating data at alloc_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *PointerWrapper*.

If stack_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc_base is not provided, the stack base will be used and grow_like_stack will implicitly be True.

grow_like_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc_base. If you set alloc_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow_like_stack to False so that sequential allocations happen at increasing addresses.

teardown_callsite(state, return_val=None, prototype=None, force_callee_cleanup=False)

This function performs the actions of the callee as it's getting ready to return. It returns the address to return to.

Parameters

- **state** The state to mutate
- return_val The value to return
- prototype The prototype of the given function
- **force_callee_cleanup** If we should clean up the stack allocation for the arguments even if it's not the callee's job to do so

TODO: support the stack_base parameter from setup_callsite...? Does that make sense in this context? Maybe it could make sense by saying that you pass it in as something like the "saved base pointer" value?

static find_cc(arch, args, sp_delta, platform='Linux')

Pinpoint the best-fit calling convention and return the corresponding SimCC instance, or None if no fit is found.

Parameters

- arch (Arch) An ArchX instance. Can be obtained from archinfo.
- **args** (List[SimFunctionArgument]) A list of arguments. It may be updated by the first matched calling convention to remove non-argument arguments.
- **sp_delta** (int) The change of stack pointer before and after the call is made.
- platform (str) -

Return type

Optional[SimCC]

Returns

A calling convention instance, or None if none of the SimCC subclasses seems to fit the arguments provided.

get_arg_info(state, prototype)

This is just a simple wrapper that collects the information from various locations prototype is as passed to self.arg_locs and self.get_args :param angr.SimState state: The state to evaluate and extract the values from :return: A list of tuples, where the nth tuple is (type, name, location, value) of the nth argument

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.SimFileBase} (\textit{name} = \textit{None}, \textit{writable} = \textit{True}, \textit{ident} = \textit{None}, \textit{concrete} = \textit{False}, \textit{file}_\textit{exists} = \textit{True}, **kwargs)$

Bases: SimStatePlugin

SimFiles are the storage mechanisms used by SimFileDescriptors.

Different types of SimFiles can have drastically different interfaces, and as a result there's not much that can be specified on this base class. All the read and write methods take a pos argument, which may have different semantics per-class. 0 will always be a valid position to use, though, and the next position you should use is part of the return tuple.

Some simfiles are "streams", meaning that the position that reads come from is determined not by the position you pass in (it will in fact be ignored), but by an internal variable. This is stored as .pos if you care to read it. Don't write to it. The same lack-of-semantics applies to this field as well.

Variables

- name The name of the file. Purely for cosmetic purposes
- **ident** The identifier of the file, typically autogenerated from the name and a nonce. Purely for cosmetic purposes, but does appear in symbolic values autogenerated in the file.
- **seekable** Bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed. If this is True, then pos must be a number of bytes from the start of the file.
- **writable** Bool indicating whether writing to this file is allowed.
- pos If the file is a stream, this will be the current position. Otherwise, None.
- **concrete** Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.
- **file_exists** Set to False, if file does not exists, set to a claripy Bool if unknown, default True.

seekable = False

pos = None

__init__(name=None, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=False, file_exists=True, **kwargs)

static make_ident(name)

```
concretize(**kwargs)
```

Return a concretization of the contents of the file. The type of the return value of this method will vary depending on which kind of SimFile you're using.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(pos, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.**SimFile**(name=None, content=None, size=None, has_end=None, seekable=True, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=None, **kwargs)

```
Bases: SimFileBase, DefaultMemory
```

The normal SimFile is meant to model files on disk. It subclasses SimSymbolicMemory so loads and stores to/from it are very simple.

Parameters

- name The name of the file
- content Optional initial content for the file as a string or bitvector
- size Optional size of the file. If content is not specified, it defaults to zero
- has_end Whether the size boundary is treated as the end of the file or a frontier at
 which new content will be generated. If unspecified, will pick its value based on options.FILES_HAVE_EOF. Another caveat is that if the size is also unspecified this value
 will default to False.
- seekable Optional bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed, default True.
- writable Whether writing to this file is allowed
- **concrete** Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.

Variables

has_end – Whether this file has an EOF

__init__(name=None, content=None, size=None, has_end=None, seekable=True, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=None, **kwargs)

property category

reg, mem, or file.

Type

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file, as a flat bytestring.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

Parameters

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, **kwargs)

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector

• **size** – The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimPackets(name, write_mode=None, content=None, writable=True, ident=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SimFileBase

The SimPackets is meant to model inputs whose content is delivered a series of asynchronous chunks. The data is stored as a list of read or write results. For symbolic sizes, state.libc.max_packet_size will be respected. If the SHORT_READS option is enabled, reads will return a symbolic size constrained to be less than or equal to the requested size.

A SimPackets cannot be used for both reading and writing - for socket objects that can be both read and written to you should use a file descriptor to multiplex the read and write operations into two separate file storage mechanisms.

Parameters

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- write_mode Whether this file is opened in read or write mode. If this is unspecified it will be autodetected.
- **content** Some initial content to use for the file. Can be a list of bytestrings or a list of tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

Variables

- write_mode See the eponymous parameter
- **content** A list of packets, as tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

__init__(name, write_mode=None, content=None, writable=True, ident=None, **kwargs)

```
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
concretize(**kwargs)
```

Returns a list of the packets read or written as bytestrings.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read a packet from the stream.

Parameters

• **pos** (*int*) – The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.

- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, **kwargs)

Write a packet to the stream.

Parameters

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say $zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)$

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.**SimFileStream**(name=None, content=None, pos=0, **kwargs)

Bases: SimFile

A specialized SimFile that uses a flat memory backing, but functions as a stream, tracking its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

Parameters

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimFile constructor.

Variables

```
pos – The current position in the file.
```

```
__init__(name=None, content=None, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

Parameters

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(_, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimPacketsStream(name, pos=0, **kwargs)

Bases: SimPackets

A specialized SimPackets that tracks its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

Parameters

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimPackets constructor.

Variables

pos – The current position in the file.

```
__init__(name, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read a packet from the stream.

Parameters

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

```
write(_, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write a packet to the stream.

Parameters

• **pos** (*int*) – The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.

- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimFileDescriptor(simfile, flags=0)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A simple file descriptor forwarding reads and writes to a SimFile. Contains information about the current opened state of the file, such as the flags or (if relevant) the current position.

Variables

- **file** The SimFile described to by this descriptor
- flags The mode that the file descriptor was opened with, a bitfield of flags

```
__init__(simfile, flags=0)
```

read_data(size, **kwargs)

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

Parameters

size – The requested length of the read

Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

```
write_data(data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

Parameters

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

Returns

The real length of the write

```
seek(offset, whence='start')
```

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

Parameters

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying file. Returns whatever format is preferred by the file.

property file_exists

This should be True in most cases. Only if we opened an fd of unknown existence, ALL_FILES_EXIST is False and ANY_FILE_MIGHT_EXIST is True, this is a symbolic boolean.

property read_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

property write_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

property read_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

property write_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex(read_file, write_file)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A file descriptor that refers to two file storage mechanisms, one to read from and one to write to. As a result, operations like seek, eof, etc no longer make sense.

Parameters

- read_file The SimFile to read from
- write_file The SimFile to write to

```
__init__(read_file, write_file)
```

```
read_data(size, **kwargs)
```

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

Parameters

size - The requested length of the read

Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

write_data(data, size=None, **kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

Parameters

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

Returns

The real length of the write

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

Parameters

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying files, as a tuple of (read file, write file).

property read_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

property write_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

property read_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

property write_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimMount

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the base class for "mount points" in angr's simulated filesystem. Subclass this class and give it to the filesystem to intercept all file creations and opens below the mountpoint. Since this a SimStatePlugin you may also want to implement set_state, copy, merge, etc.

get(path_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

Parameters

path_elements – A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path_elements, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

Parameters

- path_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

delete(path_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

lookup(sim_file)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

Parameters

sim_file - A SimFile object needs to be looked up

Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimHostFilesystem(host_path=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SimConcreteFilesystem

Simulated mount that makes some piece from the host filesystem available to the guest.

Parameters

- host_path (str) The path on the host to mount
- pathsep (str) The host path separator character, default os.path.sep

```
__init__(host_path=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.**SimHeapBrk**(heap base=None, heap size=None)

Bases: SimHeapBase

SimHeapBrk represents a trivial heap implementation based on the Unix *brk* system call. This type of heap stores virtually no metadata, so it is up to the user to determine when it is safe to release memory. This also means that it does not properly support standard heap operations like *realloc*.

This heap implementation is a holdover from before any more proper implementations were modelled. At the time, various libc (or win32) SimProcedures handled the heap in the same way that this plugin does now. To make future heap implementations plug-and-playable, they should implement the necessary logic themselves, and dependent SimProcedures should invoke a method by the same name as theirs (prepended with an underscore) upon the heap plugin. Depending on the heap implementation, if the method is not supported, an error should be raised.

Out of consideration for the original way the heap was handled, this plugin implements functionality for all relevant SimProcedures (even those that would not normally be supported together in a single heap implementation).

Variables

heap_location – the address of the top of the heap, bounding the allocations made starting from *heap_base*

```
__init__(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

allocate(sim size)

The actual allocation primitive for this heap implementation. Increases the position of the break to allocate space. Has no guards against the heap growing too large.

Parameters

sim_size – a size specifying how much to increase the break pointer by

Returns

a pointer to the previous break position, above which there is now allocated space

release(sim_size)

The memory release primitive for this heap implementation. Decreases the position of the break to deallocate space. Guards against releasing beyond the initial heap base.

Parameters

sim_size – a size specifying how much to decrease the break pointer by (may be symbolic or not)

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say $zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)$

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimHeapPTMalloc(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapFreelist

A freelist-style heap implementation inspired by ptmalloc. The chunks used by this heap contain heap metadata in addition to user data. While the real-world ptmalloc is implemented using multiple lists of free chunks (corresponding to their different sizes), this more basic model uses a single list of chunks and searches for free chunks using a first-fit algorithm.

NOTE: The plugin must be registered using register_plugin with name heap in order to function properly.

Variables

- **heap_base** the address of the base of the heap in memory
- heap_size the total size of the main memory region managed by the heap in memory
- mmap_base the address of the region from which large mmap allocations will be made
- **free_head_chunk** the head of the linked list of free chunks in the heap

__init__(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

 \mathbf{memo} – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the chunks in the heap.

allocated_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the allocated chunks in the heap.

free_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the free chunks in the heap.

chunk_from_mem(ptr)

Given a pointer to a user payload, return the base of the chunk associated with that payload (i.e. the chunk pointer). Returns None if ptr is null.

Parameters

ptr – a pointer to the base of a user payload in the heap

Returns

a pointer to the base of the associated heap chunk, or None if ptr is null

malloc(sim size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc *malloc*.

Parameters

sim_size – the amount of memory (in bytes) to be allocated

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

free(ptr)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc free.

Parameters

ptr – the location in memory to be freed

calloc(sim nmemb, sim size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc calloc.

Parameters

- sim_nmemb the number of elements to allocated
- **sim_size** the size of each element (in bytes)

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

realloc(ptr, size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc realloc.

Parameters

- ullet **ptr** the location in memory to be reallocated
- **size** the new size desired for the allocation

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation was freed or if no new allocation was made

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

init_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
state: angr.SimState
```

class angr.**PTChunk**(base, sim_state, heap=None)

Bases: Chunk

A chunk, inspired by the implementation of chunks in ptmalloc. Provides a representation of a chunk via a view into the memory plugin. For the chunk definitions and docs that this was loosely based off of, see glibc malloc/malloc.c, line 1033, as of commit 5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f. Alternatively, take the following link. https://sourceware.org/git/?p=glibc.git;a=blob;f=malloc/malloc.c;h=67cdfd0ad2f003964cd0f7dfe3bcd85ca98528a7;hb=5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f#11033

Variables

- base the location of the base of the chunk in memory
- **state** the program state that the chunk is resident in
- heap the heap plugin that the chunk is managed by

```
__init__(base, sim_state, heap=None)
```

get_size()

Returns the actual size of a chunk (as opposed to the entire size field, which may include some flags).

get_data_size()

Returns the size of the data portion of a chunk.

set_size(size, is_free=None)

Use this to set the size on a chunk. When the chunk is new (such as when a free chunk is shrunk to form an allocated chunk and a remainder free chunk) it is recommended that the is_free hint be used since setting the size depends on the chunk's freeness, and vice versa.

Parameters

- size size of the chunk
- is_free boolean indicating the chunk's freeness

set_prev_freeness(is_free)

Sets (or unsets) the flag controlling whether the previous chunk is free.

Parameters

is_free – if True, sets the previous chunk to be free; if False, sets it to be allocated

is_prev_free()

Returns a concrete state of the flag indicating whether the previous chunk is free or not. Issues a warning if that flag is symbolic and has multiple solutions, and then assumes that the previous chunk is free.

Returns

True if the previous chunk is free; False otherwise

prev_size()

Returns the size of the previous chunk, masking off what would be the flag bits if it were in the actual size field. Performs NO CHECKING to determine whether the previous chunk size is valid (for example, when the previous chunk is not free, its size cannot be determined).

is_free()

Returns a concrete determination as to whether the chunk is free.

data_ptr()

Returns the address of the payload of the chunk.

next_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately following (and adjacent to) this one, if it exists.

Returns

The following chunk, or None if applicable

prev_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately prior (and adjacent) to this one, if that chunk is free. If the prior chunk is not free, then its base cannot be located and this method raises an error.

Returns

If possible, the previous chunk; otherwise, raises an error

fwd_chunk()

Returns the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

Returns

If possible, the forward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

set_fwd_chunk(fwd)

Sets the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

Parameters

fwd – the chunk to follow this chunk in the list of free chunks

bck_chunk()

Returns the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

Returns

If possible, the backward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

set_bck_chunk(bck)

Sets the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

Parameters

bck – the chunk to precede this chunk in the list of free chunks

class angr.**Server**(project, spill_yard=None, db=None, max_workers=None, max_states=10, staging_max=10, bucketizer=True, recursion_limit=1000, worker_exit_callback=None, techniques=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)

Bases: object

Server implements the analysis server with a series of control interfaces exposed.

Variables

- project An instance of angr.Project.
- **spill_yard** (*str*) A directory to store spilled states.
- **db** (str) Path of the database that stores information about spilled states.
- max_workers (int) Maximum number of workers. Each worker starts a new process.
- max_states (int) Maximum number of active states for each worker.
- **staging_max** (*int*) Maximum number of inactive states that are kept into memory before spilled onto the disk and potentially be picked up by another worker.
- **bucketizer** (*bool*) Use the Bucketizer exploration strategy.
- _worker_exit_callback A method that will be called upon the exit of each worker.
- __init__(project, spill_yard=None, db=None, max_workers=None, max_states=10, staging_max=10, bucketizer=True, recursion_limit=1000, worker_exit_callback=None, techniques=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)

```
inc_active_workers()
```

dec_active_workers()

stop()

```
property active_workers
     property stopped
     on_worker_exit(worker_id, stashes)
     run()
class angr.KnowledgeBase(project, obj=None, name=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents a "model" of knowledge about an artifact.
     Contains things like a CFG, data references, etc.
     functions: FunctionManager
     variables: VariableManager
     structured_code: StructuredCodeManager
     defs: KeyDefinitionManager
     cfgs: CFGManager
     types: TypesStore
     propagations: PropagationManager
     xrefs: XRefManager
     __init__(project, obj=None, name=None)
     property callgraph
     property unresolved_indirect_jumps
     property resolved_indirect_jumps
     has_plugin(name)
     get_plugin(name)
     register_plugin(name, plugin)
     release_plugin(name)
     K = \sim K
     get_knowledge(requested_plugin_cls)
```

Type inference safe method to request a knowledge base plugin Explicitly passing the type of the requested plugin achieves two things: 1. Every location using this plugin can be easily found with an IDE by searching explicit references to the type 2. Basic type inference can deduce the result type and properly type check usages of it

If there isn't already an instance of this class None will be returned to make it clear to the caller that there is no existing knowledge of this type yet. The code that initially creates this knowledge should use the *register_plugin* method to register the initial knowledge state :type requested_plugin_cls: Type[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :param requested_plugin_cls: :rtype: Optional[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :return: Instance of the requested plugin class or null if it is not a known plugin

10.1 Project

angr.project.load_shellcode(shellcode, arch, start_offset=0, load_address=0, thumb=False, **kwargs)

Load a new project based on a snippet of assembly or bytecode.

Parameters

- **shellcode** (Union[bytes, str]) The data to load, as either a bytestring of instructions or a string of assembly text
- arch The name of the arch to use, or an archinfo class
- **start_offset** The offset into the data to start analysis (default 0)
- **load_address** The address to place the data in memory (default 0)
- thumb Whether this is ARM Thumb shellcode

Bases: object

This is the main class of the angr module. It is meant to contain a set of binaries and the relationships between them, and perform analyses on them.

Parameters

- **thing** The path to the main executable object to analyze, or a CLE Loader object.
- arch (Arch) -
- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying_code (bool) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

The following parameters are optional.

Parameters

• **default_analysis_mode** – The mode of analysis to use by default. Defaults to 'symbolic'.

- **ignore_functions** A list of function names that, when imported from shared libraries, should never be stepped into in analysis (calls will return an unconstrained value).
- **use_sim_procedures** Whether to replace resolved dependencies for which simprocedures are available with said simprocedures.
- exclude_sim_procedures_func A function that, when passed a function name, returns whether or not to wrap it with a simprocedure.
- **exclude_sim_procedures_list** A list of functions to *not* wrap with simprocedures.
- **arch** The target architecture (auto-detected otherwise).
- **simos** a SimOS class to use for this project.
- **engine** The SimEngine class to use for this project.
- **translation_cache** (*bool*) If True, cache translated basic blocks rather than retranslating them.
- **selfmodifying_code** (bool) Whether we aggressively support self-modifying code. When enabled, emulation will try to read code from the current state instead of the original memory, regardless of the current memory protections.
- **store_function** A function that defines how the Project should be stored. Default to pickling.
- **load_function** A function that defines how the Project should be loaded. Default to unpickling.
- analyses_preset (angr.misc.PluginPreset) The plugin preset for the analyses provider (i.e. Analyses instance).
- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

Any additional keyword arguments passed will be passed onto cle.Loader.

Variables

- **analyses** The available analyses.
- **entry** The program entrypoint.
- factory Provides access to important analysis elements such as path groups and symbolic
 execution results
- **filename** The filename of the executable.
- **loader** The program loader.
- **storage** Dictionary of things that should be loaded/stored with the Project.

Parameters

- arch (Arch) -
- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying_code (bool) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

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__init__(thing, default_analysis_mode=None, ignore_functions=None, use_sim_procedures=True, exclude_sim_procedures_func=None, exclude_sim_procedures_list=(), arch=None, simos=None, engine=None, load_options=None, translation_cache=True, selfmodifying_code=False, support_selfmodifying_code=None, store_function=None, load_function=None, analyses_preset=None, concrete_target=None, eager_ifunc_resolution=None, **kwargs')

Parameters

- load_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying_code (bool) -
- support_selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -

arch: Arch

property analyses: AnalysesHubWithDefault

hook(addr, hook=None, length=0, kwargs=None, replace=False)

Hook a section of code with a custom function. This is used internally to provide symbolic summaries of library functions, and can be used to instrument execution or to modify control flow.

When hook is not specified, it returns a function decorator that allows easy hooking. Usage:

Parameters

- addr The address to hook.
- hook A angr.project.Hook describing a procedure to run at the given address. You may also pass in a SimProcedure class or a function directly and it will be wrapped in a Hook object for you.
- **length** If you provide a function for the hook, this is the number of bytes that will be skipped by executing the hook by default.
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false (default), warn and do not replace the hook. If none, warn and replace the hook.

is_hooked(addr)

Returns True if addr is hooked.

Parameters

addr - An address.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if addr is hooked, False otherwise.

hooked_by(addr)

Returns the current hook for addr.

Parameters

addr - An address.

Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

unhook(addr)

Remove a hook.

Parameters

addr – The address of the hook.

hook_symbol(symbol_name, simproc, kwargs=None, replace=None)

Resolve a dependency in a binary. Looks up the address of the given symbol, and then hooks that address. If the symbol was not available in the loaded libraries, this address may be provided by the CLE externs object.

Additionally, if instead of a symbol name you provide an address, some secret functionality will kick in and you will probably just hook that address, UNLESS you're on powerpc64 ABIv1 or some yet-unknown scary ABI that has its function pointers point to something other than the actual functions, in which case it'll do the right thing.

Parameters

- **symbol_name** The name of the dependency to resolve.
- **simproc** The SimProcedure instance (or function) with which to hook the symbol
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false, warn and do not replace the hook. If none (default), warn and replace the hook.

Returns

The address of the new symbol.

Return type

int

symbol_hooked_by(symbol_name)

Return the SimProcedure, if it exists, for the given symbol name.

Parameters

symbol_name (str) – Name of the symbol.

Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

is_symbol_hooked(symbol_name)

Check if a symbol is already hooked.

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Parameters

symbol_name (str) – Name of the symbol.

Returns

True if the symbol can be resolved and is hooked, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

unhook_symbol(symbol name)

Remove the hook on a symbol. This function will fail if the symbol is provided by the extern object, as that would result in a state where analysis would be unable to cope with a call to this symbol.

```
rehook_symbol(new_address, symbol_name, stubs_on_sync)
```

Move the hook for a symbol to a specific address: type new_address: :param new_address: the new address that will trigger the SimProc execution: type symbol_name: :param symbol_name: the name of the symbol (f.i. strcmp): return: None

```
execute(*args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a symbolic execution helper in the simple style supported by triton and manticore. It designed to be run after setting up hooks (see Project.hook), in which the symbolic state can be checked.

This function can be run in three different ways:

- When run with no parameters, this function begins symbolic execution from the entrypoint.
- It can also be run with a "state" parameter specifying a SimState to begin symbolic execution from.
- Finally, it can accept any arbitrary keyword arguments, which are all passed to project.factory.full_init_state.

If symbolic execution finishes, this function returns the resulting simulation manager.

terminate_execution()

Terminates a symbolic execution that was started with Project.execute().

class angr.factory.**AngrObjectFactory**(project, default_engine=None)

Bases: object

This factory provides access to important analysis elements.

Parameters

```
default_engine (Type[SimEngine] | None) -
__init__(project, default_engine=None)
```

Parameters

```
default_engine (Type[SimEngine] / None) -
```

snippet(addr, jumpkind=None, **block opts)

```
successors(*args, engine=None, **kwargs)
```

Perform execution using an engine. Generally, return a SimSuccessors object classifying the results of the run.

Parameters

- **state** The state to analyze
- **engine** The engine to use. If not provided, will use the project default.
- addr optional, an address to execute at instead of the state's ip
- jumpkind optional, the jumpkind of the previous exit

• **inline** – This is an inline execution. Do not bother copying the state.

Additional keyword arguments will be passed directly into each engine's process method.

blank_state(**kwargs)

Returns a mostly-uninitialized state object. All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- addr The address the state should start at instead of the entry point.
- **initial_prefix** If this is provided, all symbolic registers will hold symbolic values with names prefixed by this string.
- **fs** A dictionary of file names with associated preset SimFile objects.
- **concrete_fs** bool describing whether the host filesystem should be consulted when opening files.
- **chroot** A path to use as a fake root directory, Behaves similarly to a real chroot. Used only when concrete_fs is set to True.
- **kwargs** Any additional keyword args will be passed to the SimState constructor.

Returns

The blank state.

Return type

SimState

entry_state(**kwargs)

Returns a state object representing the program at its entry point. All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- addr The address the state should start at instead of the entry point.
- **initial_prefix** If this is provided, all symbolic registers will hold symbolic values with names prefixed by this string.
- **fs** a dictionary of file names with associated preset SimFile objects.
- **concrete_fs** boolean describing whether the host filesystem should be consulted when opening files.
- **chroot** a path to use as a fake root directory, behaves similar to a real chroot. used only when concrete_fs is set to True.
- **argc** a custom value to use for the program's argc. May be either an int or a bitvector. If not provided, defaults to the length of args.
- args a list of values to use as the program's argv. May be mixed strings and bitvectors.
- **env** a dictionary to use as the environment for the program. Both keys and values may be mixed strings and bitvectors.

Returns

The entry state.

Return type

SimState

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full_init_state(**kwargs)

Very much like <code>entry_state()</code>, except that instead of starting execution at the program entry point, execution begins at a special SimProcedure that plays the role of the dynamic loader, calling each of the initializer functions that should be called before execution reaches the entry point.

It can take any of the arguments that can be provided to entry_state, except for addr.

call_state(addr, *args, **kwargs)

Returns a state object initialized to the start of a given function, as if it were called with given parameters.

Parameters

- addr The address the state should start at instead of the entry point.
- args Any additional positional arguments will be used as arguments to the function call.

The following parameters are optional.

Parameters

- base_state Use this SimState as the base for the new state instead of a blank state.
- cc Optionally provide a SimCC object to use a specific calling convention.
- ret_addr Use this address as the function's return target.
- stack_base An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- grow_like_stack When allocating data at alloc_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses
- toc The address of the table of contents for ppc64
- **initial_prefix** If this is provided, all symbolic registers will hold symbolic values with names prefixed by this string.
- **fs** A dictionary of file names with associated preset SimFile objects.
- **concrete_fs** bool describing whether the host filesystem should be consulted when opening files.
- **chroot** A path to use as a fake root directory, Behaves similarly to a real chroot. Used only when concrete_fs is set to True.
- **kwargs** Any additional keyword args will be passed to the SimState constructor.

Returns

The state at the beginning of the function.

Return type

SimState

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *SimCC.PointerWrapper*. Any value that can't fit in a register will be automatically put in a PointerWrapper.

If stack_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. You might not like the results if you provide stack_base but not alloc_base.

grow_like_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc_base. If you set alloc_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow_like_stack to False so that sequencial allocations happen at increasing addresses.

simulation_manager(thing=None, **kwargs)

Constructs a new simulation manager.

Parameters

- **thing** (Union[List[SimState], SimState, None]) What to put in the new Simulation-Manager's active stash (either a SimState or a list of SimStates).
- kwargs Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the SimulationManager constructor

Returns

The new SimulationManager

Return type

angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager

Many different types can be passed to this method:

- If nothing is passed in, the SimulationManager is seeded with a state initialized for the program entry point, i.e. <code>entry_state()</code>.
- If a SimState is passed in, the SimulationManager is seeded with that state.
- If a list is passed in, the list must contain only SimStates and the whole list will be used to seed the SimulationManager.

```
simgr(*args, **kwargs)
```

Alias for simulation_manager to save our poor fingers

callable(addr, prototype=None, concrete_only=False, perform_merge=True, base_state=None, toc=None, cc=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)

A Callable is a representation of a function in the binary that can be interacted with like a native python function.

Parameters

- addr The address of the function to use
- **prototype** The prototype of the call to use, as a string or a SimTypeFunction
- **concrete_only** Throw an exception if the execution splits into multiple states
- **perform_merge** Merge all result states into one at the end (only relevant if concrete only=False)
- base_state The state from which to do these runs
- toc The address of the table of contents for ppc64
- cc The SimCC to use for a calling convention

Returns

A Callable object that can be used as a interface for executing guest code like a python function.

Return type

angr.callable.Callable

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cc()

```
Return a SimCC (calling convention) parameterized for this project.
          Relevant subclasses of SimFunctionArgument are SimRegArg and SimStackArg, and shortcuts to them can
          be found on this cc object.
          For stack arguments, offsets are relative to the stack pointer on function entry.
     function_prototype()
          Return a default function prototype parameterized for this project and SimOS.
     block(addr, size=None, max_size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False, backup_state=None,
             extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0, insn_bytes=None,
             insn text=None, strict block end=None, collect data refs=False, cross insn opt=True,
             load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     fresh_block(addr, size, backup state=None)
class angr.block.DisassemblerBlock(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     Bases: object
     Helper class to represent a block of dissassembled target architecture instructions
     __init__(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     addr
     insns
     thumb
     arch
     pp()
class angr.block.DisassemblerInsn
     Bases: object
     Helper class to represent a disassembled target architecture instruction
     property size: int
     property address: int
     property mnemonic: str
     property op_str: str
class angr.block.CapstoneBlock(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     Bases: DisassemblerBlock
     Deep copy of the capstone blocks, which have serious issues with having extended lifespans outside of capstone
class angr.block.CapstoneInsn(capstone insn)
     Bases: DisassemblerInsn
     Represents a capstone instruction.
     __init__(capstone_insn)
```

```
insn
     property size: int
     property address: int
     property mnemonic: str
     property op_str: str
class angr.block.Block(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None,
                          thumb=False, backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None,
                          num_inst=None, traceflags=0, strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False,
                          cross_insn_opt=True, load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Represents a basic block in a binary or a program.
     BLOCK_MAX_SIZE = 4096
     __init__(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False,
               backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0,
               strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False, cross_insn_opt=True,
               load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     arch
     thumb
     addr
     size
     pp(**kwargs)
     set_initial_regs()
     static reset_initial_regs()
     property vex: IRSB
     property vex_nostmt
     property disassembly: DisassemblerBlock
          Provide a disassembly object using whatever disassembler is available
     property capstone
     property codenode
     property bytes
     property instructions
     property instruction_addrs
```

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```
serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.block.SootBlock(addr, project=None, arch=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents a Soot IR basic block.
     __init__(addr, project=None, arch=None)
     property soot
     property size
```

10.2 Plugin Ecosystem

property codenode

```
class angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub
```

Bases: Generic[P]

A plugin hub is an object which contains many plugins, as well as the notion of a "preset", or a backer that can provide default implementations of plugins which cater to a certain circumstance.

Objects in angr like the SimState, the Analyses hub, the SimEngine selector, etc all use this model to unify their mechanisms for automatically collecting and selecting components to use. If you're familiar with design patterns this is a configurable Strategy Pattern.

Each PluginHub subclass should have a corresponding Plugin subclass, and perhaps a PluginPreset subclass if it wants its presets to be able to specify anything more interesting than a list of defaults.

```
__init__()
classmethod register_default(name, plugin_cls, preset='default')
classmethod register_preset(name, preset)
```

Register a preset instance with the class of the hub it corresponds to. This allows individual plugin objects to automatically register themselves with a preset by using a classmethod of their own with only the name of the preset to register with.

property plugin_preset

Get the current active plugin preset

property has_plugin_preset: bool

Check whether or not there is a plugin preset in use on this hub right now

use_plugin_preset(preset)

Apply a preset to the hub. If there was a previously active preset, discard it.

Preset can be either the string name of a preset or a PluginPreset instance.

discard_plugin_preset()

Discard the current active preset. Will release any active plugins that could have come from the old preset.

get_plugin(name)

Get the plugin named name. If no such plugin is currently active, try to activate a new one using the current preset.

Return type

TypeVar(P)

Parameters

name (str) -

has_plugin(name)

Return whether or not a plugin with the name name is currently active.

register_plugin(name, plugin)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

Parameters

name (str) -

release_plugin(name)

Deactivate and remove the plugin with name name.

class angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset

```
Bases: object
```

A plugin preset object contains a mapping from name to a plugin class. A preset can be active on a hub, which will cause it to handle requests for plugins which are not already present on the hub.

Unlike Plugins and PluginHubs, instances of PluginPresets are defined on the module level for individual presets. You should register the preset instance with a hub to allow plugins to easily add themselves to the preset without an explicit reference to the preset itself.

```
__init__()
```

activate(hub)

This method is called when the preset becomes active on a hub.

deactivate(hub)

This method is called when the preset is discarded from the hub.

add_default_plugin(name, plugin_cls)

Add a plugin to the preset.

list_default_plugins()

Return a list of the names of available default plugins.

request_plugin(name)

Return the plugin class which is registered under the name name, or raise NoPlugin if the name isn't available.

Return type

Type[TypeVar(P)]

Parameters

name (str) -

copy()

Return a copy of self.

class angr.misc.plugins.PluginVendor

Bases: Generic[P], PluginHub[P]

A specialized hub which serves only as a plugin vendor, never having any "active" plugins. It will directly return the plugins provided by the preset instead of instanciating them.

release_plugin(name)

Deactivate and remove the plugin with name name.

register_plugin(name, plugin)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

class angr.misc.plugins.VendorPreset

Bases: PluginPreset

A specialized preset class for use with the PluginVendor.

10.3 Program State

```
angr.sim_state.arch_overrideable(f)
```

Bases: PluginHub

The SimState represents the state of a program, including its memory, registers, and so forth.

Parameters

- project (angr.Project) The project instance.
- arch (archinfo.Arch | str) The architecture of the state.

Variables

- regs A convenient view of the state's registers, where each register is a property
- mem A convenient view of the state's memory, a angr.state_plugins.view.
 SimMemView
- registers The state's register file as a flat memory region
- memory The state's memory as a flat memory region

- solver The symbolic solver and variable manager for this state
- inspect The breakpoint manager, a angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector
- log Information about the state's history
- scratch Information about the current execution step
- posix MISNOMER: information about the operating system or environment model
- **fs** The current state of the simulated filesystem
- libc Information about the standard library we are emulating
- cgc Information about the cgc environment
- uc_manager Control of under-constrained symbolic execution
- unicorn Control of the Unicorn Engine

solver: SimSolver

posix: SimSystemPosix

registers: DefaultMemory

regs: SimRegNameView

memory: DefaultMemory

callstack: CallStack

mem: SimMemView

history: SimStateHistory

inspect: SimInspector

jni_references: SimStateJNIReferences

scratch: SimStateScratch

__init__(project=None, arch=None, plugins=None, mode=None, options=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None, special_memory_filler=None, os_name=None, plugin_preset='default', cle_memory_backer=None, dict_memory_backer=None, permissions_map=None, default_permissions=3, stack_perms=None, stack_end=None, stack_size=None, regioned_memory_cls=None, **kwargs')

property plugins

property se

Deprecated alias for solver

property ip

Get the instruction pointer expression, trigger SimInspect breakpoints, and generate SimActions. Use _ip to not trigger breakpoints or generate actions.

Returns

an expression

10.3. Program State

property addr

Get the concrete address of the instruction pointer, without triggering SimInspect breakpoints or generating SimActions. An integer is returned, or an exception is raised if the instruction pointer is symbolic.

Returns

an int

property arch: Arch

 $T = \sim T$

get_plugin(name)

Get the plugin named name. If no such plugin is currently active, try to activate a new one using the current preset.

has_plugin(name)

Return whether or not a plugin with the name name is currently active.

register_plugin(name, plugin, inhibit_init=False)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

property javavm_memory

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the memory plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

Returns

The JavaVM view of the memory plugin.

property javavm_registers

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the registers plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

Returns

The JavaVM view of the registers plugin.

simplify(*args)

Simplify this state's constraints.

add_constraints(*args, **kwargs)

Add some constraints to the state.

You may pass in any number of symbolic booleans as variadic positional arguments.

satisfiable(**kwargs)

Whether the state's constraints are satisfiable

downsize()

Clean up after the solver engine. Calling this when a state no longer needs to be solved on will reduce memory usage.

```
step(**kwargs)
```

Perform a step of symbolic execution using this state. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.successors* can be passed to this.

Returns

A SimSuccessors object categorizing the results of the step.

block(*args, **kwargs)

Represent the basic block at this state's instruction pointer. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.block* can be passed to this.

Returns

A Block object describing the basic block of code at this point.

copy()

Returns a copy of the state.

```
merge(*others, **kwargs)
```

Merges this state with the other states. Returns the merging result, merged state, and the merge flag.

Parameters

- **states** the states to merge
- merge_conditions a tuple of the conditions under which each state holds
- **common_ancestor** a state that represents the common history between the states being merged. Usually it is only available when EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING is enabled, otherwise weak-refed states might be dropped from state history instances.
- **plugin_whitelist** a list of plugin names that will be merged. If this option is given and is not None, any plugin that is not inside this list will not be merged, and will be created as a fresh instance in the new state.
- **common_ancestor_history** a SimStateHistory instance that represents the common history between the states being merged. This is to allow optimal state merging when EFFICIENT STATE MERGING is disabled.

Returns

(merged state, merge flag, a bool indicating if any merging occurred)

widen(*others)

Perform a widening between self and other states :type others: :param others: :return:

```
reg_concrete(*args, **kwargs)
```

Returns the contents of a register but, if that register is symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

```
mem_concrete(*args, **kwargs)
```

Returns the contents of a memory but, if the contents are symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

stack_push(thing)

Push 'thing' to the stack, writing the thing to memory and adjusting the stack pointer.

stack_pop()

Pops from the stack and returns the popped thing. The length will be the architecture word size.

```
stack_read(offset, length, bp=False)
```

Reads length bytes, at an offset into the stack.

Parameters

- **offset** The offset from the stack pointer.
- **length** The number of bytes to read.
- **bp** If True, offset from the BP instead of the SP. Default: False.

make_concrete_int(expr)

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```
prepare_callsite(retval, args, cc='wtf')
     dbg_print_stack(depth=None, sp=None)
          Only used for debugging purposes. Return the current stack info in formatted string. If depth is None, the
          current stack frame (from sp to bp) will be printed out.
     set_mode(mode)
     property thumb
     property with_condition
class angr.sim_state_options.StateOption(name, types, default='_NO_DEFAULT_VALUE',
                                               description=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes a state option.
     __init__(name, types, default='_NO_DEFAULT_VALUE', description=None)
     name
     types
     default
     description
     property has_default_value
     one_type()
class angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions(thing)
     Bases: object
```

A per-state manager of state options. An option can be either a key-valued entry or a Boolean switch (which can be seen as a key-valued entry whose value can only be either True or False).

```
OPTIONS = { 'ABSTRACT_MEMORY': <O ABSTRACT_MEMORY[bool]>, 'ABSTRACT_SOLVER': <O
    ABSTRACT_SOLVER[bool]>, 'ACTION_DEPS': <0 ACTION_DEPS[bool]>, 'ADD_AUTO_REFS': <0
    ADD_AUTO_REFS[bool]>, 'ALLOW_SEND_FAILURES': <O ALLOW_SEND_FAILURES[bool]>,
     'ALL_FILES_EXIST': <O ALL_FILES_EXIST[bool]>, 'ANY_FILE_MIGHT_EXIST': <O
    ANY_FILE_MIGHT_EXIST[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_FIRST': <0 APPROXIMATE_FIRST[bool]>,
     'APPROXIMATE_GUARDS': <O APPROXIMATE_GUARDS[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_INDICES': <O
    APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_INDICES[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_SIZES': <0
    APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_SIZES[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_SATISFIABILITY': <0
    APPROXIMATE_SATISFIABILITY[bool]>, 'AST_DEPS': <0 AST_DEPS[bool]>, 'AUTO_REFS': <0
    AUTO_REFS[bool]>, 'AVOID_MULTIVALUED_READS': <O AVOID_MULTIVALUED_READS[bool]>,
     'AVOID_MULTIVALUED_WRITES': <O AVOID_MULTIVALUED_WRITES[bool]>,
     'BEST_EFFORT_MEMORY_STORING': <O BEST_EFFORT_MEMORY_STORING[bool]>,
     'BYPASS_ERRORED_IRCCALL': <0 BYPASS_ERRORED_IRCCALL[bool]>, 'BYPASS_ERRORED_IROP':
    <0 BYPASS_ERRORED_IROP[bool]>, 'BYPASS_ERRORED_IRSTMT': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_ERRORED_IRSTMT[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRCCALL': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRCCALL[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRDIRTY': <0
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRDIRTY[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IREXPR': <0
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IREXPR[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IROP': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IROP[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRSTMT': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRSTMT[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_SYSCALL': <0
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_SYSCALL[boo1]>, 'BYPASS_VERITESTING_EXCEPTIONS': <0
    BYPASS_VERITESTING_EXCEPTIONS[bool]>, 'CACHELESS_SOLVER': <0
    CACHELESS_SOLVER[bool]>, 'CALLLESS': <0 CALLLESS[bool]>, 'CGC_ENFORCE_FD': <0
    CGC_ENFORCE_FD[bool]>, 'CGC_NON_BLOCKING_FDS': <0 CGC_NON_BLOCKING_FDS[bool]>,
     'CGC_NO_SYMBOLIC_RECEIVE_LENGTH': <O CGC_NO_SYMBOLIC_RECEIVE_LENGTH[bool]>,
     'COMPOSITE_SOLVER': <O COMPOSITE_SOLVER[bool]>, 'CONCRETIZE': <O CONCRETIZE[bool]>,
     'CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_FILE_READ_SIZES': <0
    CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_FILE_READ_SIZES[bool]>, 'CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_SIZES': <0
    CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_SIZES[bool]>, 'CONSERVATIVE_READ_STRATEGY': <0
    CONSERVATIVE_READ_STRATEGY[bool]>, 'CONSERVATIVE_WRITE_STRATEGY': <0
    CONSERVATIVE_WRITE_STRATEGY[bool]>, 'CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER': <0
    CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER[bool]>, 'COPY_STATES': <0 COPY_STATES[bool]>,
     'CPUID_SYMBOLIC': <O CPUID_SYMBOLIC[bool]>, 'DOWNSIZE_Z3': <O DOWNSIZE_Z3[bool]>,
     'DO_CCALLS': <0 DO_CCALLS[bool]>, 'DO_RET_EMULATION': <0 DO_RET_EMULATION[bool]>,
     'EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING': <O EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING[bool]>, 'ENABLE_NX': <O
    ENABLE_NX[bool]>, 'EXCEPTION_HANDLING': <O EXCEPTION_HANDLING[bool]>,
     'EXTENDED_IROP_SUPPORT': <O EXTENDED_IROP_SUPPORT[bool]>, 'FAST_MEMORY': <O
    FAST_MEMORY[bool]>, 'FAST_REGISTERS': <0 FAST_REGISTERS[bool]>, 'FILES_HAVE_EOF': <0
    FILES_HAVE_EOF[bool]>, 'HYBRID_SOLVER': <0 HYBRID_SOLVER[bool]>,
     'JAVA_IDENTIFY_GETTER_SETTER': <O JAVA_IDENTIFY_GETTER_SETTER[bool]>,
     'JAVA_TRACK_ATTRIBUTES': <0 JAVA_TRACK_ATTRIBUTES[bool]>, 'KEEP_IP_SYMBOLIC': <0
    KEEP_IP_SYMBOLIC[bool]>, 'KEEP_MEMORY_READS_DISCRETE': <0</pre>
    KEEP_MEMORY_READS_DISCRETE[bool]>, 'LAZY_SOLVES': <0 LAZY_SOLVES[bool]>,
     'MEMORY_CHUNK_INDIVIDUAL_READS': < MEMORY_CHUNK_INDIVIDUAL_READS[bool]>,
     'MEMORY_FIND_STRICT_SIZE_LIMIT': <0 MEMORY_FIND_STRICT_SIZE_LIMIT[bool]>,
     'MEMORY_SYMBOLIC_BYTES_MAP': <0 MEMORY_SYMBOLIC_BYTES_MAP[bool]>,
     'NO_CROSS_INSN_OPT': <O NO_CROSS_INSN_OPT[bool]>, 'NO_IP_CONCRETIZATION': <O
    NO_IP_CONCRETIZATION[bool]>, 'NO_SYMBOLIC_JUMP_RESOLUTION': <0
    NO_SYMBOLIC_JUMP_RESOLUTION[bool]>, 'NO_SYMBOLIC_SYSCALL_RESOLUTION': <0
    NO_SYMBOLIC_SYSCALL_RESOLUTION[bool]>, 'OPTIMIZE_IR': <0 OPTIMIZE_IR[bool]>,
     'PRODUCE_ZERODIV_SUCCESSORS': <0 PRODUCE_ZERODIV_SUCCESSORS[bool]>,
     'REGION_MAPPING': <0 REGION_MAPPING[bool]>, 'REPLACEMENT_SOLVER': <0</pre>
    REPLACEMENT_SOLVER[bool]>, 'REVERSE_MEMORY_HASH_MAP': <0
    REVERSE_MEMORY_HASH_MAP[bool]>, 'REVERSE_MEMORY_NAME_MAP': <0
    REVERSE_MEMORY_NAME_MAP[bool]>, 'SHORT_READS': <O SHORT_READS[bool]>,
     <u>'SIMPLIFY_CONSTRAINTS': <O SIMPLIFY_CONSTRAINTS[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_EXIT_GUARD': <O</u>
10.3. SProgram_Exate_GUARD[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_EXIT_STATE': <0 SIMPLIFY_EXIT_STATE[bool]>, 229
     'SIMPLIFY_EXIT_TARGET': <O SIMPLIFY_EXIT_TARGET[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_EXPRS': <O
```

SIMPLIFY_EXPRS[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_READS': <O SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_READS[bool]>,

'SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_WRITES': <O SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_WRITES[bool]>,

```
__init__(thing)
```

Parameters

thing – Either a set of Boolean switches to enable, or an existing SimStateOptions instance.

add(boolean switch)

[COMPATIBILITY] Enable a Boolean switch.

Parameters

boolean_switch (*str*) – Name of the Boolean switch.

Returns

None

update(boolean_switches)

[COMPATIBILITY] In order to be compatible with the old interface, you can enable a collection of Boolean switches at the same time by doing the following:

```
>>> state.options.update({sim_options.SYMBOLIC, sim_options.ABSTRACT_MEMORY})
```

or

```
>>> state.options.update(sim_options.unicorn)
```

Parameters

boolean_switches (set) – A collection of Boolean switches to enable.

Returns

None

remove(name)

Drop a state option if it exists, or raise a KeyError if the state option is not set.

[COMPATIBILITY] Remove a Boolean switch.

Parameters

name (str) – Name of the state option.

Returns

NNone

discard(name)

Drop a state option if it exists, or silently return if the state option is not set.

[COMPATIBILITY] Disable a Boolean switch.

Parameters

name (str) – Name of the Boolean switch.

Returns

None

difference(boolean_switches)

[COMPATIBILITY] Make a copy of the current instance, and then discard all options that are in boolean switches.

Parameters

boolean_switches (set) – A collection of Boolean switches to disable.

Returns

A new SimStateOptions instance.

copy()

Get a copy of the current SimStateOptions instance.

Returns

A new SimStateOptions instance.

Return type

SimStateOptions

tally(*exclude_false=True*, *description=False*)

Return a string representation of all state options.

Parameters

- **exclude_false** (*bool*) Whether to exclude Boolean switches that are disabled.
- **description** (*bool*) Whether to display the description of each option.

Returns

A string representation.

Return type

Sfi

classmethod register_option(name, types, default=None, description=None)

Register a state option.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) Name of the state option.
- **types** A collection of allowed types of this state option.
- **default** The default value of this state option.
- **description** (*str*) The description of this state option.

Returns

None

classmethod register_bool_option(name, description=None)

Register a Boolean switch as state option. This is equivalent to cls.register_option(name, set([bool]), description=description)

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the state option.
- **description** (*str*) The description of this state option.

Returns

None

${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin}$

Bases: object

This is a base class for SimState plugins. A SimState plugin will be copied along with the state when the state is branched. They are intended to be used for things such as tracking open files, tracking heap details, and providing storage and persistence for SimProcedures.

STRONGREF_STATE = False

```
__init__()
state: SimState
set_state(state)
    Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)
set_strongref_state(state)
copy(_memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
static memo(f)
```

A decorator function you should apply to copy

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins

• **common_ancestor** – a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

classmethod register_default(name, xtr=None)

```
init_state()
```

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

Bases: object

A breakpoint.

__init__(when='before', enabled=None, condition=None, action=None, **kwargs)

check(state, when)

Checks state state to see if the breakpoint should fire.

Parameters

- state The state.
- when Whether the check is happening before or after the event.

Returns

A boolean representing whether the checkpoint should fire.

fire(state)

Trigger the breakpoint.

Parameters

state – The state.

class angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector

Bases: SimStatePlugin

The breakpoint interface, used to instrument execution. For usage information, look here: https://docs.angr.io/core-concepts/simulation#breakpoints

```
BP_AFTER = 'after'
BP_BEFORE = 'before'
```

```
BP_BOTH = 'both'
```

```
__init__()
```

```
action(event_type, when, **kwargs)
```

Called from within the engine when events happens. This function checks all breakpoints registered for that event and fires the ones whose conditions match.

```
make_breakpoint(event_type, *args, **kwargs)
```

Creates and adds a breakpoint which would trigger on *event_type*. Additional arguments are passed to the *BP* constructor.

Returns

The created breakpoint, so that it can be removed later.

```
b(event_type, *args, **kwargs)
```

Creates and adds a breakpoint which would trigger on *event_type*. Additional arguments are passed to the *BP* constructor.

Returns

The created breakpoint, so that it can be removed later.

add_breakpoint(event_type, bp)

Adds a breakpoint which would trigger on event_type.

Parameters

- event_type The event type to trigger on
- **bp** The breakpoint

Returns

The created breakpoint.

```
remove_breakpoint(event_type, bp=None, filter_func=None)
```

Removes a breakpoint.

Parameters

- **bp** The breakpoint to remove.
- **filter_func** A filter function to specify whether each breakpoint should be removed or not.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

downsize()

Remove previously stored attributes from this plugin instance to save memory. This method is supposed to be called by breakpoint implementors. A typical workflow looks like the following:

```
>>> # Add `attr0` and `attr1` to `self.state.inspect`
>>> self.state.inspect(xxxxxx, attr0=yyyy, attr1=zzzz)
>>> # Get new attributes out of SimInspect in case they are modified by the user
>>> new_attr0 = self.state._inspect.attr0
>>> new_attr1 = self.state._inspect.attr1
>>> # Remove them from SimInspect
>>> self.state._inspect.downsize()
```

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

state: angr.SimState

${\bf class} \ {\tt angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc}$

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This state plugin keeps track of various libc stuff:

```
LOCALE_ARRAY = [b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
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    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x01`', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8',
    b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x04\xc0'
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    b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5',
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    b'\x08\xd6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6',
    b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6',
    b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6',
    b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
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    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
                                                                                       237
10.3. рР қодия ббі фіф '\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
```

b'\x00\x00', b'\x00'\x00'

```
TOLOWER_LOC_ARRAY = [128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139,
140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156,
157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173,
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225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241,
242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 4294967295, 0, 1,
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,
25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45,
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99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115,
116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101,
102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118,
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136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152,
153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169,
170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186,
187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203,
204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220,
221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237,
238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254,
255]
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140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156,
157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173,
174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190,
191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207,
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225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241,
242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 4294967295, 0, 1,
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,
25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45,
46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66,
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88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76,
77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127,
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145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161,
162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178,
179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195,
196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212,
213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229,
230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246,
247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255]
__init__()
```

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

property errno

ret_errno(val)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS

Bases: SimMount

get(path)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

Parameters

- path_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

delete(path)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

Parameters

path_elements – A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

lookup()

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

Parameters

sim_file – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

merge(others, conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to

resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

copy(_)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

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Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS

Bases: SimMount

The virtual file system mounted at /proc (as of now, on Linux).

get(path)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

Parameters

- path_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

delete(path)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

lookup(_)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

Parameters

sim_file – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

merge(others, conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

copy()

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Data storage and interaction mechanisms for states with an environment conforming to posix. Available as state.posix.

 $SIG_BLOCK = 0$

 $SIG_UNBLOCK = 1$

 $SIG_SETMASK = 2$

EPERM = 1

ENOENT = 2

ESRCH = 3

EINTR = 4

EIO = 5

ENXIO = 6

E2BIG = 7

ENOEXEC = 8

EBADF = 9

ECHILD = 10

EAGAIN = 11

ENOMEM = 12

EACCES = 13

EFAULT = 14

ENOTBLK = 15

EBUSY = 16

EEXIST = 17

EXDEV = 18

ENODEV = 19

ENOTDIR = 20

EISDIR = 21

```
EINVAL = 22
ENFILE = 23
EMFILE = 24
ENOTTY = 25
ETXTBSY = 26
EFBIG = 27
ENOSPC = 28
ESPIPE = 29
EROFS = 30
EMLINK = 31
EPIPE = 32
EDOM = 33
ERANGE = 34
```

__init__(stdin=None, stdout=None, stderr=None, fd=None, sockets=None, socket_queue=None, argv=None, argc=None, environ=None, auxv=None, tls_modules=None, sigmask=None, pid=None, ppid=None, uid=None, gid=None, brk=None)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

property closed_fds

init_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
set_brk(new_brk)
```

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

open(name, flags, preferred_fd=None)

Open a symbolic file. Basically open(2).

Parameters

- name (string or bytes) Path of the symbolic file, as a string or bytes.
- **flags** File operation flags, a bitfield of constants from open(2), as an AST

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• **preferred_fd** – Assign this fd if it's not already claimed.

Returns

The file descriptor number allocated (maps through posix.get_fd to a SimFileDescriptor) or -1 if the open fails.

mode from open(2) is unsupported at present.

```
open_socket(ident)
```

```
get_fd(fd, create file=True)
```

Looks up the SimFileDescriptor associated with the given number (an AST). If the number is concrete and does not map to anything, return None. If the number is symbolic, constrain it to an open fd and create a new file for it. Set create_file to False if no write-access is planned (i.e. fd is read-only).

```
get_concrete_fd(fd, create_file=True)
```

Same behavior as get_fd(fd), only the result is a concrete integer fd (or -1) instead of a SimFileDescriptor.

close(fd)

Closes the given file descriptor (an AST). Returns whether the operation succeeded (a concrete boolean)

fstat(fd)

```
fstat_with_result(sim fd)
```

```
sigmask(sigsetsize=None)
```

Gets the current sigmask. If it's blank, a new one is created (of sigsetsize).

Parameters

sigsetsize – the size (in *bytes* of the sigmask set)

Returns

the sigmask

sigprocmask(how, new_mask, sigsetsize, valid_ptr=True)

Updates the signal mask.

Parameters

- how the "how" argument of sigprocmask (see manpage)
- new_mask the mask modification to apply
- **sigsetsize** the size (in *bytes* of the sigmask set)
- valid_ptr is set if the new_mask was not NULL

merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

dump_file_by_path(path, **kwargs)

Returns the concrete content for a file by path.

Parameters

- path file path as string
- **kwargs** passed to state.solver.eval

Returns

file contents as string

```
dumps(fd, **kwargs)
```

Returns the concrete content for a file descriptor.

BACKWARD COMPATIBILITY: if you ask for file descriptors 0 1 or 2, it will return the data from stdin, stdout, or stderr as a flat string.

Parameters

fd – A file descriptor.

Returns

The concrete content.

Return type

stı

state: angr.SimState

Bases: tuple

st_atime

Alias for field number 10

st_atimensec

Alias for field number 11

st_blksize

Alias for field number 8

st_blocks

Alias for field number 9

st_ctime

Alias for field number 14

st_ctimensec

Alias for field number 15

st_dev

Alias for field number 0

st_gid

Alias for field number 5

st_ino

Alias for field number 1

st_mode

Alias for field number 3

st_mtime

Alias for field number 12

st_mtimensec

Alias for field number 13

st_nlink

Alias for field number 2

st_rdev

Alias for field number 6

st_size

Alias for field number 7

st_uid

Alias for field number 4

Bases: SimStatePlugin

angr's emulated filesystem. Available as state.fs. When constructing, all parameters are optional.

Parameters

- **files** A mapping from filepath to SimFile
- pathsep The character used to separate path elements, default forward slash.
- cwd The path of the current working directory to use
- **mountpoints** A mapping from filepath to SimMountpoint

Variables

- pathsep The current pathsep
- **cwd** The current working directory
- unlinks A list of unlink operations, tuples of filename and simfile. Be careful, this list is shallow-copied from successor to successor, so don't mutate anything in it without copying.

__init__(files=None, pathsep=None, cwd=None, mountpoints=None)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

property unlinks

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

chdir(path)

Changes the current directory to the given path

get(path)

Get a file from the filesystem. Returns a SimFile or None.

insert(path, simfile)

Insert a file into the filesystem. Returns whether the operation was successful.

delete(path)

Remove a file from the filesystem. Returns whether the operation was successful.

This will add a fs_unlink event with the path of the file and also the index into the unlinks list.

mount(path, mount)

Add a mountpoint to the filesystem.

unmount(path)

Remove a mountpoint from the filesystem.

get_mountpoint(path)

Look up the mountpoint servicing the given path.

Returns

A tuple of the mount and a list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the specified file.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimMount

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the base class for "mount points" in angr's simulated filesystem. Subclass this class and give it to the filesystem to intercept all file creations and opens below the mountpoint. Since this a SimStatePlugin you may also want to implement set_state, copy, merge, etc.

get(path_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

Parameters

path_elements – A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path_elements, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

Parameters

- path_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

delete(path_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

lookup(sim file)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

Parameters

sim_file – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem(pathsep='/')

Bases: SimMount

Abstract SimMount allowing the user to import files from some external source into the guest

Parameters

pathsep (str) – The host path separator character, default os.path.sep

```
__init__(pathsep='/')
```

get(path_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path_elements, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

Parameters

- path_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

delete(path_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

Parameters

path_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

lookup(sim_file)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

Parameters

sim_file – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

```
class angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimHostFilesystem(host_path=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimConcreteFilesystem

Simulated mount that makes some piece from the host filesystem available to the guest.

Parameters

- host_path (str) The path on the host to mount
- pathsep (str) The host path separator character, default os.path.sep

```
__init__(host_path=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

```
angr.state_plugins.solver.timed_function(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.enable_timing()
angr.state_plugins.solver.disable_timing()
angr.state_plugins.solver.error_converter(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_bool(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_not_bool(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_scalar(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_tuple(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_list(f)
class angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver(solver=None, all_variables=None, temporal_tracked_variables=None, eternal_tracked_variables=None)
```

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the plugin you'll use to interact with symbolic variables, creating them and evaluating them. It should be available on a state as state.solver.

Any top-level variable of the claripy module can be accessed as a property of this object.

```
__init__(solver=None, all_variables=None, temporal_tracked_variables=None, eternal_tracked_variables=None)
```

reload_solver(constraints=None)

Reloads the solver. Useful when changing solver options.

Parameters

constraints (*list*) – A new list of constraints to use in the reloaded solver instead of the current one

get_variables(*keys)

Iterate over all variables for which their tracking key is a prefix of the values provided.

Elements are a tuple, the first element is the full tracking key, the second is the symbol.

```
>>> list(s.solver.get_variables('file', 2))
[(('file', 2, 0), <BV8 file_2_0_8_8>)]
```

register_variable(v, key, eternal=True)

Register a value with the variable tracking system

Parameters

- **v** The BVS to register
- **key** A tuple to register the variable under

Parma eternal

Whether this is an eternal variable, default True. If False, an incrementing counter will be appended to the key.

describe_variables(v)

Given an AST, iterate over all the keys of all the BVS leaves in the tree which are registered.

Unconstrained(name, bits, uninitialized=True, inspect=True, events=True, key=None, eternal=False, **kwargs)

Creates an unconstrained symbol or a default concrete value (0), based on the state options.

Parameters

- **name** The name of the symbol.
- **bits** The size (in bits) of the symbol.
- uninitialized Whether this value should be counted as an "uninitialized" value in the course of an analysis.
- **inspect** Set to False to avoid firing SimInspect breakpoints
- events Set to False to avoid generating a SimEvent for the occasion

- **key** Set this to a tuple of increasingly specific identifiers (for example, ('mem', 0xffbeff00) or ('file', 4, 0x20) to cause it to be tracked, i.e. accessable through solver.get_variables.
- **eternal** Set to True in conjunction with setting a key to cause all states with the same ancestry to retrieve the same symbol when trying to create the value. If False, a counter will be appended to the key.

Returns

an unconstrained symbol (or a concrete value of 0).

BVS(name, size, min=None, max=None, stride=None, uninitialized=False, explicit_name=None, key=None, eternal=False, inspect=True, events=True, **kwargs)

Creates a bit-vector symbol (i.e., a variable). Other keyword parameters are passed directly on to the constructor of claripy.ast.BV.

Parameters

- name The name of the symbol.
- **size** The size (in bits) of the bit-vector.
- min The minimum value of the symbol. Note that this only work when using VSA.
- max The maximum value of the symbol. Note that this **only** work when using VSA.
- **stride** The stride of the symbol. Note that this **only** work when using VSA.
- uninitialized Whether this value should be counted as an "uninitialized" value in the course of an analysis.
- **explicit_name** Set to True to prevent an identifier from appended to the name to ensure uniqueness.
- **key** Set this to a tuple of increasingly specific identifiers (for example, ('mem', 0xffbeff00) or ('file', 4, 0x20) to cause it to be tracked, i.e. accessable through solver.get_variables.
- **eternal** Set to True in conjunction with setting a key to cause all states with the same ancestry to retrieve the same symbol when trying to create the value. If False, a counter will be appended to the key.
- **inspect** Set to False to avoid firing SimInspect breakpoints
- events Set to False to avoid generating a SimEvent for the occasion

Returns

A BV object representing this symbol.

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

downsize()

Frees memory associated with the constraint solver by clearing all of its internal caches.

property constraints

Returns the constraints of the state stored by the solver.

eval_to_ast(e, n, extra_constraints=(), exact=None)

Evaluate an expression, using the solver if necessary. Returns AST objects.

Parameters

- **e** the expression
- **n** the number of desired solutions
- **extra_constraints** extra constraints to apply to the solver
- **exact** if False, returns approximate solutions

Returns

a tuple of the solutions, in the form of claripy AST nodes

Return type

tuple

max(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)

Return the maximum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra_constraints: :param extra_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the maximum possible value of e (backend object)

min(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)

Return the minimum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra_constraints: :param extra_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the minimum possible value of e (backend object)

solution(e, v, extra_constraints=(), exact=None)

Return True if v is a solution of expr with the extra constraints, False otherwise.

Parameters

- **e** An expression (an AST) to evaluate
- **v** The proposed solution (an AST)
- **extra_constraints** Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

Returns

True if v is a solution of expr, False otherwise

is_true(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None)

If the expression provided is absolutely, definitely a true boolean, return True. Note that returning False doesn't necessarily mean that the expression can be false, just that we couldn't figure that out easily.

Parameters

- **e** An expression (an AST) to evaluate
- extra_constraints Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

Returns

True if v is definitely true, False otherwise

is_false(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None)

If the expression provided is absolutely, definitely a false boolean, return True. Note that returning False doesn't necessarily mean that the expression can be true, just that we couldn't figure that out easily.

Parameters

- e An expression (an AST) to evaluate
- extra_constraints Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

Returns

True if *v* is definitely false, False otherwise

unsat_core(extra_constraints=())

This function returns the unsat core from the backend solver.

Parameters

extra_constraints – Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.

Returns

The unsat core.

satisfiable(extra constraints=(), exact=None)

This function does a constraint check and checks if the solver is in a sat state.

Parameters

- extra_constraints Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to s for this solve
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

Returns

True if sat, otherwise false

add(*constraints)

Add some constraints to the solver.

Parameters

constraints – Pass any constraints that you want to add (ASTs) as varargs.

CastType = ~CastType

```
eval_upto(e, n, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression, using the solver if necessary. Returns primitives as specified by the *cast_to* parameter. Only certain primitives are supported, check the implementation of *_cast_to* to see which ones.

Parameters

- **e** the expression
- **n** the number of desired solutions
- extra_constraints extra constraints to apply to the solver
- **exact** if False, returns approximate solutions
- cast_to desired type of resulting values

Returns

a tuple of the solutions, in the form of Python primitives

Return type

tuple

```
eval(e, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get any possible solution. The desired output types can be specified using the *cast_to* parameter. *extra_constraints* can be used to specify additional constraints the returned values must satisfy.

Parameters

- **e** the expression to get a solution for
- kwargs Any additional kwargs will be passed down to eval_upto
- cast_to desired type of resulting values

Raises

SimUnsatError – if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints

Returns

```
eval_one(e, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get the only possible solution. Errors if either no or more than one solution is returned. A kwarg parameter *default* can be specified to be returned instead of failure!

Parameters

- e the expression to get a solution for
- cast_to desired type of resulting values
- **default** A value can be passed as a kwarg here. It will be returned in case of failure.
- kwargs Any additional kwargs will be passed down to eval_upto

Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- SimValueError if more than one solution was found to satisfy the given constraints

Returns

The value for e

state: angr.SimState

```
eval_atmost(e, n, cast to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get at most n possible solutions. Errors if either none or more than n solutions are returned.

Parameters

- **e** the expression to get a solution for
- \mathbf{n} the inclusive upper limit on the number of solutions
- cast_to desired type of resulting values
- **kwargs** Any additional kwargs will be passed down to *eval_upto*

Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- SimValueError if more than n solutions were found to satisfy the given constraints

Returns

The solutions for e

```
eval_atleast(e, n, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get at least n possible solutions. Errors if less than n solutions were found.

Parameters

- e the expression to get a solution for
- \mathbf{n} the inclusive lower limit on the number of solutions
- cast_to desired type of resulting values
- **kwargs** Any additional kwargs will be passed down to *eval_upto*

Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- **SimValueError** if less than *n* solutions were found to satisfy the given constraints

Returns

The solutions for e

```
eval_exact(e, n, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get exactly the n possible solutions. Errors if any number of solutions other than n was found to exist.

Parameters

- e the expression to get a solution for
- \mathbf{n} the inclusive lower limit on the number of solutions
- cast_to desired type of resulting values
- **kwargs** Any additional kwargs will be passed down to *eval_upto*

Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- SimValueError if any number of solutions other than n were found to satisfy the given constraints

Returns

The solutions for e

```
min_int(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)
```

Return the minimum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra_constraints: :param extra_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the minimum possible value of e (backend object)

max_int(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)

Return the maximum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra_constraints: :param extra_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the maximum possible value of e (backend object)

```
unique(e, **kwargs)
```

Returns True if the expression e has only one solution by querying the constraint solver. It does also add that unique solution to the solver's constraints.

```
symbolic(e)
```

Returns True if the expression e is symbolic.

```
single_valued(e)
```

Returns True whether e is a concrete value or is a value set with only 1 possible value. This differs from unique in that this does not query the constraint solver.

```
simplify(e=None)
```

Simplifies *e*. If *e* is None, simplifies the constraints of this state.

variables(e)

Returns the symbolic variables present in the AST of *e*.

```
class angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog(log=None)
```

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
__init__(log=None)

property actions

add_event(event_type, **kwargs)

add_action(action)

extend_actions(new_actions)

events_of_type(event_type)

actions_of_type(action_type)

property fresh_constraints

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

clear()

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Stores the address of the function you're in and the value of SP at the VERY BOTTOM of the stack, i.e. points to the return address.

Parameters

```
next_frame (CallStack | None) -
```

__init__(call_site_addr=0, func_addr=0, stack_ptr=0, ret_addr=0, jumpkind='Ijk_Call', next_frame=None, invoke_return_variable=None)

Parameters

```
next_frame (CallStack / None) -
```

state: angr.SimState

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

property current_function_address

Address of the current function.

Returns

the address of the function

Return type

int

property current_stack_pointer

Get the value of the stack pointer.

Returns

Value of the stack pointer

Return type

int

property current_return_target

Get the return target.

Returns

The address of return target.

Return type

int

static stack_suffix_to_string(stack_suffix)

Convert a stack suffix to a human-readable string representation. :param tuple stack_suffix: The stack suffix. :return: A string representation :rtype: str

property top

Returns the element at the top of the callstack without removing it.

Returns

A CallStack.

push(cf)

Push the frame cf onto the stack. Return the new stack.

pop()

```
Pop the top frame from the stack. Return the new stack.
     call(callsite addr, addr, retn target=None, stack pointer=None)
           Push a stack frame into the call stack. This method is called when calling a function in CFG recovery.
               Parameters
                   • callsite_addr (int) – Address of the call site
                   • addr (int) - Address of the call target
                   • retn_target (int or None) - Address of the return target
                   • stack_pointer (int) – Value of the stack pointer
               Returns
                   None
     ret(retn_target=None)
           Pop one or many call frames from the stack. This method is called when returning from a function in CFG
           recovery.
               Parameters
                   retn_target (int) – The target to return to.
               Returns
                   None
     dbg_repr()
           Debugging representation of this CallStack object.
               Returns
                   Details of this CalLStack
               Return type
                   str
     stack_suffix(context_sensitivity_level)
           Generate the stack suffix. A stack suffix can be used as the key to a SimRun in CFG recovery.
               Parameters
                   context_sensitivity_level (int) – Level of context sensitivity.
               Returns
                   A tuple of stack suffix.
               Return type
                   tuple
class angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStackAction(callstack_hash, callstack_depth, action,
                                                               callframe=None, ret_site_addr=None)
     Bases: object
     Used in callstack backtrace, which is a history of callstacks along a path, to record individual actions occurred
     each time the callstack is changed.
     __init__(callstack_hash, callstack_depth, action, callframe=None, ret_site_addr=None)
class angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRegisters(reg_map=None, registers=None)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

```
__init__(reg_map=None, registers=None)
```

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
resolve_register(offset, size)
load(offset, size=None, **kwargs)
store(offset, value, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)
state: angr.SimState
```

class angr.state_plugins.history.**SimStateHistory**(parent=None, clone=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This class keeps track of historically-relevant information for paths.

```
STRONGREF_STATE = True
__init__(parent=None, clone=None)
init_state()
```

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
set_strongref_state(state)
```

```
property addr
```

merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

trim()

Discard the ancestry of this state.

filter_actions(start_block_addr=None, end_block_addr=None, block_stmt=None, insn_addr=None, read_from=None, write_to=None)

Filter self.actions based on some common parameters.

```
[start_block_addr, end_block_addr]
```

Parameters

- **start_block_addr** Only return actions generated in blocks starting at this address.
- end_block_addr Only return actions generated in blocks ending at this address.
- **block_stmt** Only return actions generated in the nth statement of each block.
- insn_addr Only return actions generated in the assembly instruction at this address.
- read_from Only return actions that perform a read from the specified location.
- write_to Only return actions that perform a write to the specified location.

Notes: If IR optimization is turned on, reads and writes may not occur in the instruction they originally came from. Most commonly, If a register is read from twice in the same block, the second read will not happen, instead reusing the temp the value is already stored in.

Valid values for read_from and write_to are the string literals 'reg' or 'mem' (matching any read or write to registers or memory, respectively), any string (representing a read or write to the named register), and any integer (representing a read or write to the memory at this address).

demote()

Demotes this history node, causing it to drop the strong state reference.

```
reachable()
add_event(event_type, **kwargs)
add_action(action)
extend_actions(new_actions)
subscribe_actions()
property recent_constraints
property recent_actions
property block_count
property lineage
property parents
property events
property actions
property jumpkinds
property jump_guards
property jump_targets
property jump_sources
property descriptions
```

```
property bbl_addrs
     property ins_addrs
     property stack_actions
     closest_common_ancestor(other)
           Find the common ancestor between this history node and 'other'.
               Parameters
                   other – the PathHistory to find a common ancestor with.
                   the common ancestor SimStateHistory, or None if there isn't one
     constraints_since(other)
           Returns the constraints that have been accumulated since other.
                   other - a prior PathHistory object
               Returns
                   a list of constraints
     make_child()
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.state_plugins.history.TreeIter(start, end=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(start, end=None)
     property hardcopy
     count(v)
           Count occurrences of value v in the entire history. Note that the subclass must implement the __reversed__
           method, otherwise an exception will be thrown. :param object v: The value to look for :return: The number
           of occurrences :rtype: int
class angr.state_plugins.history.HistoryIter(start, end=None)
     Bases: TreeIter
class angr.state_plugins.history.LambdaAttrIter(start, f, **kwargs)
     Bases: TreeIter
     __init__(start, f, **kwargs)
\textbf{class} \  \, \textbf{angr.state\_plugins.history.LambdaIterIter} (\textit{start}, f, \textit{reverse=True}, **kwargs)
     Bases: LambdaAttrIter
     __init__(start, f, reverse=True, **kwargs)
class angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB(omit_fp=False, adjust_stack=False)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     Initialize or update a state from gdb dumps of the stack, heap, registers and data (or arbitrary) segments.
```

__init__(omit_fp=False, adjust_stack=False)

Parameters

- omit_fp The frame pointer register is used for something else. (i.e. —omit_frame_pointer)
- adjust_stack Use different stack addresses than the gdb session (not recommended).

set_stack(stack_dump, stack_top)

Stack dump is a dump of the stack from gdb, i.e. the result of the following gdb command:

```
dump binary memory [stack_dump] [begin_addr] [end_addr]
```

We set the stack to the same addresses as the gdb session to avoid pointers corruption.

Parameters

- **stack_dump** The dump file.
- **stack_top** The address of the top of the stack in the gdb session.

set_heap(heap_dump, heap_base)

Heap dump is a dump of the heap from gdb, i.e. the result of the following gdb command:

dump binary memory [stack_dump] [begin] [end]

Parameters

- **heap_dump** The dump file.
- **heap_base** The start address of the heap in the gdb session.

set_data(addr, data dump)

Update any data range (most likely use is the data segments of loaded objects)

set_regs(regs_dump)

Initialize register values within the state

Parameters

regs_dump – The output of info registers in gdb.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This state plugin keeps track of CGC state.

EBADF = 1

```
EFAULT = 2
EINVAL = 3
ENOMEM = 4
ENOSYS = 5
EPIPE = 6
FD_SETSIZE = 1024
max_allocation = 268435456
__init__()
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
peek_input()
discard_input(num_bytes)
peek_output()
discard_output(num_bytes)
addr_invalid(a)
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

get_max_sinkhole(length)

Find a sinkhole which is large enough to support *length* bytes.

This uses first-fit. The first sinkhole (ordered in descending order by their address) which can hold *length* bytes is chosen. If there are more than *length* bytes in the sinkhole, a new sinkhole is created representing the remaining bytes while the old sinkhole is removed.

add_sinkhole(address, length)

Add a sinkhole.

Allow the possibility for the program to reuse the memory represented by the address length pair.

state: angr.SimState

This file contains objects to track additional information during a trace or modify symbolic variables during a trace.

The ChallRespInfo plugin tracks variables in stdin and stdout to enable handling of challenge response It handles atoi/int2str in a special manner since path constraints will usually prevent their values from being modified

The Zen plugin simplifies expressions created from variables in the flag page (losing some accuracy) to avoid situations where they become to complex for z3, but the actual equation doesn't matter much. This can happen in challenge response if all of the values in the flag page are multiplied together before being printed.

class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfo

```
Bases: object
copy()
```

```
compute(state)
     get_type()
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoStrToInt(addr, func_name, str_arg_num, base,
                                                                  base_arg, allows_negative)
     Bases: FormatInfo
     __init__(addr, func_name, str_arg_num, base, base_arg, allows_negative)
     copy()
     compute(state)
     get_type()
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoIntToStr(addr, func_name, int_arg_num,
                                                                  str_dst_num, base, base_arg)
     Bases: FormatInfo
     __init__(addr, func_name, int_arg_num, str_dst_num, base, base_arg)
     copy()
     compute(state)
     get_type()
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoDontConstrain(addr, func_name,
                                                                       check_symbolic_arg)
     Bases: FormatInfo
     __init__(addr, func_name, check_symbolic_arg)
     copy()
     compute(state)
     get_type()
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.int2base(x, base)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.generic_info_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.end_info_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.exit_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.syscall_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.constraint_hook(state)
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     This state plugin keeps track of the reads and writes to symbolic addresses
     __init__()
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePluqin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

```
Parameters
                 others – the other state plugin
             Returns
                 True if the state plugin is actually widened.
             Return type
                 bool
     static get_byte(var name)
     lookup_original(replacement)
     pop_from_backup()
     get_stdin_indices(variable)
     get_stdout_indices(variable)
     get_real_len(input_val, base, result_bv, allows_negative)
     get_possible_len(input_val, base, allows_negative)
     get_same_length_constraints()
     static atoi_dumps(state, require_same_length=True)
     static prep_tracer(state, format_infos=None)
     state: SimState
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.zen_hook(state, expr)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.zen_memory_write(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.zen_register_write(state)
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin(max_depth=13)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     __init__(max_depth=13)
     static get_flag_rand_args(expr)
     get_expr_depth(expr)
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

get_flag_bytes(ast)

filter_constraints(constraints)

```
analyze_transmit(state, buf)
static prep_tracer(state)
state: SimState

class angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals(backer=None)
Bases: SimStatePlugin
    __init__(backer=None)
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

keys()

values()

items()

get(k, alt=None)

pop(k, alt=None)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCManager(man=None)

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
__init__(man=None)
assign(dst_addr_ast)
```

Assign a new region for under-constrained symbolic execution.

Parameters

dst_addr_ast – the symbolic AST which address of the new allocated region will be assigned to.

Returns

as ast of memory address that points to a new region

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
{\tt get\_alloc\_depth}(addr)
```

is_bounded(ast)

Test whether an AST is bounded by any existing constraint in the related solver.

Parameters

ast – an claripy.AST object

Returns

True if there is at least one related constraint, False otherwise

state: angr.SimState

```
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

class angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch(scratch=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Implements the scratch state plugin.

```
__init__(scratch=None)
```

state: angr.SimState

property priv

push_priv(priv)

pop_priv()

set_tyenv(tyenv)

tmp_expr(tmp)

Returns the Claripy expression of a VEX temp value.

Parameters

- **tmp** the number of the tmp
- **simplify** simplify the tmp before returning it

Returns

a Claripy expression of the tmp

store_tmp(tmp, content, reg_deps=None, tmp_deps=None, deps=None, **kwargs)

Stores a Claripy expression in a VEX temp value. If in symbolic mode, this involves adding a constraint for the tmp's symbolic variable.

Parameters

- **tmp** the number of the tmp
- **content** a Claripy expression of the content
- **reg_deps** the register dependencies of the content
- tmp_deps the temporary value dependencies of the content

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePluqin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

clear()

class angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.**SimStatePreconstrainer**(constrained_addrs=None)

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

This state plugin manages the concept of preconstraining - adding constraints which you would like to remove later.

Parameters

constrained_addrs – SimActions for memory operations whose addresses should be constrained during crash analysis

```
__init__(constrained_addrs=None)
```

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

preconstrain(value, variable)

Add a preconstraint that variable == value to the state.

Parameters

- value The concrete value. Can be a bitvector or a bytestring or an integer.
- **variable** The BVS to preconstrain.

preconstrain_file(content, simfile, set_length=False)

Preconstrain the contents of a file.

Parameters

- **content** The content to preconstrain the file to. Can be a bytestring or a list thereof.
- **simfile** The actual simfile to preconstrain

preconstrain_flag_page(magic_content)

Preconstrain the data in the flag page.

Parameters

magic_content – The content of the magic page as a bytestring.

remove_preconstraints(to_composite_solver=True, simplify=True)

Remove the preconstraints from the state.

If you are using the zen plugin, this will also use that to filter the constraints.

Parameters

• **to_composite_solver** — Whether to convert the replacement solver to a composite solver. You probably want this if you're switching from tracing to symbolic analysis.

• **simplify** – Whether to simplify the resulting set of constraints.

```
reconstrain()
```

Split the solver. If any of the subsolvers time out after a short timeout (10 seconds), re-add the preconstraints associated with each of its variables. Hopefully these constraints still allow us to do meaningful things to the state.

```
state: angr.SimState
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MEM_PATCH
     Bases: Structure
     struct mem_update_t
     address
          Structure/Union member
     length
          Structure/Union member
     next
          Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.TRANSMIT_RECORD
     Bases: Structure
     struct transmit_record_t
     count
          Structure/Union member
     data
          Structure/Union member
     fd
          Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.TaintEntityEnum
     Bases: object
     taint_entity_enum_t
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_REG = 0
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_TMP = 1
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_MEM = 2
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_NONE = 3
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MemoryValue
     Bases: Structure
     struct memory_value_t
     address
          Structure/Union member
```

is_value_set

Structure/Union member

is_value_symbolic

Structure/Union member

value

Structure/Union member

class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.RegisterValue

Bases: Structure

struct register_value_t

offset

Structure/Union member

size

Structure/Union member

value

Structure/Union member

class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.VEXStmtDetails

Bases: Structure

struct sym_vex_stmt_details_t

has_memory_dep

Structure/Union member

memory_values

Structure/Union member

memory_values_count

Structure/Union member

stmt_idx

Structure/Union member

class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails

Bases: Structure

struct sym_block_details_ret_t

block_addr

Structure/Union member

block_size

Structure/Union member

block_trace_ind

Structure/Union member

has_symbolic_exit

Structure/Union member

register_values

Structure/Union member

register_values_count

Structure/Union member

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```
symbolic_vex_stmts
         Structure/Union member
     symbolic_vex_stmts_count
         Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
     Bases: object
     enum stop_t
     STOP_NORMAL = 0
     STOP\_STOPPOINT = 1
     STOP\_ERROR = 2
     STOP_SYSCALL = 3
     STOP_EXECNONE = 4
     STOP\_ZEROPAGE = 5
     STOP_NOSTART = 6
     STOP\_SEGFAULT = 7
     STOP\_ZERO\_DIV = 8
     STOP_NODECODE = 9
     STOP\_HLT = 10
     STOP\_VEX\_LIFT\_FAILED = 11
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_PC = 12
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_READ_ADDR = 13
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_READ_SYMBOLIC_TRACKING_DISABLED = 14
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_ADDR = 15
     STOP\_SYMBOLIC\_BLOCK\_EXIT\_CONDITION = 16
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_BLOCK_EXIT_TARGET = 17
     STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_PUTI = 18
     STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_STOREG = 19
     STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_STMT\_LOADG = 20
     STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_STMT\_CAS = 21
     STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_STMT\_LLSC = 22
     STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_DIRTY = 23
```

 $STOP_UNSUPPORTED_EXPR_GETI = 24$

```
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_UNKNOWN = 25
    STOP_UNSUPPORTED_EXPR_UNKNOWN = 26
    STOP_UNKNOWN_MEMORY_WRITE_SIZE = 27
    STOP_SYSCALL\_ARM = 28
    STOP_X86_CPUID = 29
    stop_message = {0: 'Reached maximum steps', 1: 'Hit a stop point', 2: 'Something
    wrong', 3: 'Unable to handle syscall', 4: 'Fetching empty page', 5: 'Accessing
    zero page', 6: 'Failed to start', 7: 'Permissions or mapping error', 8:
    by zero', 9: 'Instruction decoding error', 10: 'hlt instruction encountered', 11:
     'Failed to lift block to VEX', 12: 'Instruction pointer became symbolic', 13:
     'Attempted to read from symbolic address', 14: 'Attempted to read symbolic data
    from memory but symbolic tracking is disabled', 15: 'Attempted to write to symbolic
    address', 16: "Guard condition of block's exit statement is symbolic", 17:
    of default exit of block is symbolic', 18: 'Symbolic taint propagation for PutI
    statement not yet supported', 19: 'Symbolic taint propagation for StoreG statement
    not yet supported', 20: 'Symbolic taint propagation for LoadG statement not yet
    supported', 21: 'Symbolic taint propagation for CAS statement not yet supported',
    22: 'Symbolic taint propagation for LLSC statement not yet supported', 23:
     'Symbolic taint propagation for Dirty statement not yet supported', 24: 'Symbolic
    taint propagation for GetI expression not yet supported', 25: 'Canoo propagate
    symbolic taint for unsupported VEX statement type', 26: 'Cannot propagate symbolic
    taint for unsupported VEX expression', 27: 'Unicorn failed to determine size of
    memory write', 28: 'ARM syscalls are currently not supported by SimEngineUnicorn',
    29: 'Block executes cpuid which should be handled in VEX engine'}
    symbolic_stop_reasons = {12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 28, 29}
    unsupported_reasons = {11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26}
    static name_stop(num)
    static get_stop_msg(stop_reason)
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.StopDetails
    Bases: Structure
    struct stop_details_t
    block addr
         Structure/Union member
    block size
         Structure/Union member
    stop_reason
         Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SimOSEnum
    Bases: object
    enum simos_t
    SIMOS\_CGC = 0
```

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```
SIMOS_LINUX = 1
     SIMOS_OTHER = 2
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MemoryMappingError
     Bases: Exception
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.AccessingZeroPageError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.FetchingZeroPageError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SegfaultError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MixedPermissonsError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.AggressiveConcretizationAnnotation(addr)
     Bases: SimplificationAvoidanceAnnotation
     __init__(addr)
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper(arch, cache_key, thumb=False)
     Bases: Uc
     __init__(arch, cache_key, thumb=False)
     hook_add(htype, callback, user_data=None, begin=1, end=0, arg1=0)
     hook_del(h)
     mem_map(addr, size, perms=7)
     mem_map_ptr(addr, size, perms, ptr)
     mem_unmap(addr, size)
     mem_reset()
     hook_reset()
     reset()
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn(syscall hooks=None, cache key=None,
                                                    unicount=None, symbolic_var_counts=None,
                                                    symbolic_inst_counts=None, concretized_asts=None,
                                                    always_concretize=None, never_concretize=None,
                                                    concretize_at=None,
                                                    concretization threshold memory=None,
                                                    concretization_threshold_registers=None,
                                                    concretization_threshold_instruction=None,
                                                    cooldown_symbolic_stop=2,
                                                    cooldown_unsupported_stop=2,
                                                    cooldown_nonunicorn_blocks=100,
                                                    cooldown_stop_point=1, max_steps=1000000)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     setup the unicorn engine for a state
```

UC_CONFIG = {}

__init__(syscall_hooks=None, cache_key=None, unicount=None, symbolic_var_counts=None, symbolic_inst_counts=None, concretized_asts=None, always_concretize=None, never_concretize=None, concretize_at=None, concretization_threshold_memory=None, concretization_threshold_registers=None, concretization_threshold_instruction=None, cooldown_symbolic_stop=2, cooldown_unsupported_stop=2, cooldown_nonunicorn_blocks=100, cooldown_stop_point=1, max_steps=1000000)

Initializes the Unicorn plugin for angr. This plugin handles communication with UnicornEngine.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

```
Parameters
            others – the other state plugin
         Returns
            True if the state plugin is actually widened.
         Return type
            bool
set_state(state)
     Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)
property uc
static delete_uc()
set_last_block_details(details)
set_stops(stop_points)
set_tracking(track_bbls, track_stack)
hook()
uncache_region(addr, length)
clear_page_cache()
setup(syscall_data=None, fd_bytes=None)
start(step=None)
get_recent_bbl_addrs()
get_stop_details()
finish(succ state)
destroy(succ_state)
set_regs()
    setting unicorn registers
setup_flags()
setup_gdt(fs, gs)
read_msr(msr=3221225728)
```

write_msr(val, msr=3221225728)

```
get_regs(succ state)
```

loading registers from unicorn. If succ_state is not None, update it instead of self.state. Needed when handling symbolic exits in native interface

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This class keeps track of loop-related information for states. Note that we have 2 counters for loop iterations (trip counts): the first recording the number of times one of the back edges (or continue edges) of a loop is taken, whereas the second recording the number of times the loop header (or loop entry) is executed. These 2 counters may differ since compilers usually optimize loops hence completely change the loop structure at the binary level. This is supposed to be used with *LoopSeer* exploration technique, which monitors loop execution. For the moment, the only thing we want to analyze is loop trip counts, but nothing prevents us from extending this plugin for other loop analyses.

__init__(back_edge_trip_counts=None, header_trip_counts=None, current_loop=None)

Parameters

- back_edge_trip_counts Dictionary that stores back edge based trip counts for each loop. Keys are address of loop headers.
- header_trip_counts Dictionary that stores header based trip counts for each loop. Keys are address of loop headers.
- **current_loop** List of currently running loops. Each element is a tuple (loop object, list of loop exits).

merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say $zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)$

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with ${\tt SimStatePlugin.memo}$

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

```
__init__(segment_registers_initialized=False, segment_registers_callback_initialized=False, whitelist=None, fs_register_bp=None, already_sync_objects_addresses=None)
```

copy(_memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(_others, _merge_conditions, _common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say $zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)$

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

sync()

Handle the switch between the concrete execution and angr. This method takes care of: 1- Synchronize registers. 2- Set a concrete target to the memory backer so the memory reads are redirected in the concrete process memory. 3- If possible restore the SimProcedures with the real addresses inside the concrete process. 4- Set an inspect point to sync the segments register as soon as they are read during the symbolic execution. 5- Flush all the pages loaded until now.

Returns

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJavaVmClassloader(initialized_classes=None)

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

JavaVM Classloader is used as an interface for resolving and initializing Java classes.

```
__init__(initialized classes=None)
```

```
get_class(class_name, init_class=False, step_func=None)
```

Get a class descriptor for the class.

Parameters

- class name (str) Name of class.
- init_class (bool) Whether the class initializer <clinit> should be executed.
- **step_func** (*func*) Callback function executed at every step of the simulation manager during the execution of the main <clinit> method

get_superclass(class)

Get the superclass of the class.

get_class_hierarchy(base class)

Walks up the class hierarchy and returns a list of all classes between base class (inclusive) and java.lang.Object (exclusive).

is_class_initialized(class_)

Indicates whether the classes initializing method <clinit> was already executed on the state.

```
init_class(class , step func=None)
```

This method simulates the loading of a class by the JVM, during which parts of the class (e.g. static fields) are initialized. For this, we run the class initializer method <clinit> (if available) and update the state accordingly.

Note: Initialization is skipped, if the class has already been

initialized (or if it's not loaded in CLE).

property initialized_classes

List of all initialized classes.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Management of the mapping between opaque JNI references and the corresponding Java objects.

__init__(local_refs=None, global_refs=None)

lookup(opaque_ref)

Lookups the object that was used for creating the reference.

create_new_reference(obj, global_ref=False)

Create a new reference thats maps to the given object.

Parameters

- **obj** Object which gets referenced.
- **global_ref** (*bool*) Whether a local or global reference is created.

clear_local_references()

Clear all local references.

delete_reference(opaque_ref, global_ref=False)

Delete the stored mapping of a reference.

Parameters

- **opaque_ref** Reference which should be removed.
- **global_ref** (*bool*) Whether opaque_ref is a local or global reference.

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.heap_base.SimHeapBase(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the base heap class that all heap implementations should subclass. It defines a few handlers for common heap functions (the libc memory management functions). Heap implementations are expected to override these functions regardless of whether they implement the SimHeapLibc interface. For an example, see the SimHeapBrk implementation, which is based on the original libc SimProcedure implementations.

Variables

- **heap_base** the address of the base of the heap in memory
- heap_size the total size of the main memory region managed by the heap in memory

• mmap_base – the address of the region from which large mmap allocations will be made

```
__init__(heap base=None, heap size=None)
```

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

init_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_brk.SimHeapBrk(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapBase

SimHeapBrk represents a trivial heap implementation based on the Unix *brk* system call. This type of heap stores virtually no metadata, so it is up to the user to determine when it is safe to release memory. This also means that it does not properly support standard heap operations like *realloc*.

This heap implementation is a holdover from before any more proper implementations were modelled. At the time, various libc (or win32) SimProcedures handled the heap in the same way that this plugin does now. To make future heap implementations plug-and-playable, they should implement the necessary logic themselves, and dependent SimProcedures should invoke a method by the same name as theirs (prepended with an underscore) upon the heap plugin. Depending on the heap implementation, if the method is not supported, an error should be raised.

Out of consideration for the original way the heap was handled, this plugin implements functionality for all relevant SimProcedures (even those that would not normally be supported together in a single heap implementation).

Variables

heap_location – the address of the top of the heap, bounding the allocations made starting from *heap base*

```
__init__(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

allocate(sim size)

The actual allocation primitive for this heap implementation. Increases the position of the break to allocate space. Has no guards against the heap growing too large.

Parameters

sim_size – a size specifying how much to increase the break pointer by

Returns

a pointer to the previous break position, above which there is now allocated space

release(sim_size)

The memory release primitive for this heap implementation. Decreases the position of the break to deallocate space. Guards against releasing beyond the initial heap base.

Parameters

sim_size – a size specifying how much to decrease the break pointer by (may be symbolic or not)

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.heap_freelist.Chunk(base, sim_state)

Bases: object

The sort of chunk as would typically be found in a freelist-style heap implementation. Provides a representation of a chunk via a view into the memory plugin. Chunks may be adjacent, in different senses, to as many as four other chunks. For any given chunk, two of these chunks are adjacent to it in memory, and are referred to as the "previous" and "next" chunks throughout this implementation. For any given free chunk, there may also be two significant chunks that are adjacent to it in some linked list of free chunks. These chunks are referred to the "backward" and "foward" chunks relative to the chunk in question.

Variables

- base the location of the base of the chunk in memory
- **state** the program state that the chunk is resident in

```
__init__(base, sim_state)
```

get_size()

Returns the actual size of a chunk (as opposed to the entire size field, which may include some flags).

get_data_size()

Returns the size of the data portion of a chunk.

set_size(size)

Sets the size of the chunk, preserving any flags.

data_ptr()

Returns the address of the payload of the chunk.

is_free()

Returns a concrete determination as to whether the chunk is free.

next_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately following (and adjacent to) this one.

prev_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately prior (and adjacent) to this one.

fwd_chunk()

Returns the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

set_fwd_chunk(fwd)

Sets the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

Parameters

fwd – the chunk to follow this chunk in the list of free chunks

bck_chunk()

Returns the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

set_bck_chunk(bck)

Sets the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

Parameters

bck – the chunk to precede this chunk in the list of free chunks

class angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_freelist.SimHeapFreelist(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapLibc

A freelist-style heap implementation. Distinguishing features of such heaps include chunks containing heap metadata in addition to user data and at least (but often more than) one linked list of free chunks.

chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the chunks in the heap.

allocated_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the allocated chunks in the heap.

free_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the free chunks in the heap.

chunk_from_mem(ptr)

Given a pointer to a user payload, return the chunk associated with that payload.

Parameters

ptr – a pointer to the base of a user payload in the heap

Returns

the associated heap chunk

```
print_heap_state()
```

print_all_chunks()

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_libc.SimHeapLibc(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapBase

A class of heap that implements the major libc heap management functions.

malloc(sim_size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc malloc.

Parameters

sim_size - the amount of memory (in bytes) to be allocated

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

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free(ptr)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc free.

Parameters

ptr – the location in memory to be freed

calloc(sim_nmemb, sim_size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc calloc.

Parameters

- sim_nmemb the number of elements to allocated
- **sim_size** the size of each element (in bytes)

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

realloc(ptr, size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc realloc.

Parameters

- ptr the location in memory to be reallocated
- **size** the new size desired for the allocation

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation was freed or if no new allocation was made

state: angr.SimState

```
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.silence_logger()
```

angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.unsilence_logger(level)

class angr.state_plugins.heap_ptmalloc.PTChunk(base, sim_state, heap=None)

Bases: Chunk

A chunk, inspired by the implementation of chunks in ptmalloc. Provides a representation of a chunk via a view into the memory plugin. For the chunk definitions and does that this was loosely based off of, see glibc malloc/malloc.c, line 1033, as of commit 5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f. Alternatively, take the following link. https://sourceware.org/git/?p=glibc.git;a=blob;f=malloc/malloc.c;h=67cdfd0ad2f003964cd0f7dfe3bcd85ca98528a7;hb=5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f#l1033

Variables

- base the location of the base of the chunk in memory
- **state** the program state that the chunk is resident in
- heap the heap plugin that the chunk is managed by

```
__init__(base, sim_state, heap=None)
```

get_size()

Returns the actual size of a chunk (as opposed to the entire size field, which may include some flags).

get_data_size()

Returns the size of the data portion of a chunk.

set_size(size, is_free=None)

Use this to set the size on a chunk. When the chunk is new (such as when a free chunk is shrunk to form an allocated chunk and a remainder free chunk) it is recommended that the is_free hint be used since setting the size depends on the chunk's freeness, and vice versa.

Parameters

- size size of the chunk
- is_free boolean indicating the chunk's freeness

set_prev_freeness(is_free)

Sets (or unsets) the flag controlling whether the previous chunk is free.

Parameters

is_free - if True, sets the previous chunk to be free; if False, sets it to be allocated

is_prev_free()

Returns a concrete state of the flag indicating whether the previous chunk is free or not. Issues a warning if that flag is symbolic and has multiple solutions, and then assumes that the previous chunk is free.

Returns

True if the previous chunk is free; False otherwise

prev_size()

Returns the size of the previous chunk, masking off what would be the flag bits if it were in the actual size field. Performs NO CHECKING to determine whether the previous chunk size is valid (for example, when the previous chunk is not free, its size cannot be determined).

is_free()

Returns a concrete determination as to whether the chunk is free.

data_ptr()

Returns the address of the payload of the chunk.

next_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately following (and adjacent to) this one, if it exists.

Returns

The following chunk, or None if applicable

prev_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately prior (and adjacent) to this one, if that chunk is free. If the prior chunk is not free, then its base cannot be located and this method raises an error.

Returns

If possible, the previous chunk; otherwise, raises an error

fwd_chunk()

Returns the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

Returns

If possible, the forward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

set_fwd_chunk(fwd)

Sets the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

Parameters

fwd – the chunk to follow this chunk in the list of free chunks

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bck_chunk()

Returns the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

Returns

If possible, the backward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

set_bck_chunk(bck)

Sets the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

Parameters

bck – the chunk to precede this chunk in the list of free chunks

Bases: object

__init__(chunk, cond=<function PTChunkIterator.<lambda>>)

class angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapPTMalloc(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapFreelist

A freelist-style heap implementation inspired by ptmalloc. The chunks used by this heap contain heap metadata in addition to user data. While the real-world ptmalloc is implemented using multiple lists of free chunks (corresponding to their different sizes), this more basic model uses a single list of chunks and searches for free chunks using a first-fit algorithm.

NOTE: The plugin must be registered using register_plugin with name heap in order to function properly.

Variables

- **heap_base** the address of the base of the heap in memory
- heap_size the total size of the main memory region managed by the heap in memory
- mmap_base the address of the region from which large mmap allocations will be made
- **free_head_chunk** the head of the linked list of free chunks in the heap

__init__(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the chunks in the heap.

allocated_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the allocated chunks in the heap.

free_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the free chunks in the heap.

chunk_from_mem(ptr)

Given a pointer to a user payload, return the base of the chunk associated with that payload (i.e. the chunk pointer). Returns None if ptr is null.

Parameters

ptr – a pointer to the base of a user payload in the heap

Returns

a pointer to the base of the associated heap chunk, or None if ptr is null

malloc(sim_size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc *malloc*.

Parameters

sim_size – the amount of memory (in bytes) to be allocated

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

free(ptr)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc free.

Parameters

ptr – the location in memory to be freed

calloc(sim nmemb, sim size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc calloc.

Parameters

- sim_nmemb the number of elements to allocated
- **sim_size** the size of each element (in bytes)

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

realloc(ptr, size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc realloc.

Parameters

- ullet **ptr** the location in memory to be reallocated
- **size** the new size desired for the allocation

Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation was freed or if no new allocation was made

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

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There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

init_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
state: angr.SimState
```

```
angr.state_plugins.heap.utils.concretize(x, solver, sym_handler)
```

For now a lot of naive concretization is done when handling heap metadata to keep things manageable. This idiom showed up a lot as a result, so to reduce code repetition this function uses a callback to handle the one or two operations that varied across invocations.

Parameters

- \mathbf{x} the item to be concretized
- **solver** the solver to evaluate the item with

• sym_handler – the handler to be used when the item may take on more than one value

Returns

a concrete value for the item

class angr.state_plugins.symbolizer.SimSymbolizer

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

The symbolizer state plugin ensures that pointers that are stored in memory are symbolic. This allows for the tracking of and reasoning over these pointers (for example, to reason about memory disclosure).

```
__init__()
```

init_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

set_symbolization_for_all_pages()

Sets the symbolizer to symbolize pointers to all pages as they are written to memory...

set_symbolized_target_range(base, length)

All pointers to the target range will be symbolized as they are written to memory.

Due to optimizations, the _pages_ containing this range will be set as symbolization targets, not just the range itself.

resymbolize()

Re-symbolizes all pointers in memory. This can be called to symbolize any pointers to target regions that were written (and not mangled beyond recognition) before symbolization was set.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.**SimDebugVariable**(state, addr, var type)

```
Bases: object
```

A SimDebugVariable will get dynamically created when queriyng for variable in a state with the SimDebugVariablePlugin. It features a link to the state, an address and a type.

Parameters

```
• state (SimState) -
```

• var_type (VariableType) -

__init__(*state*, *addr*, *var_type*)

Parameters

• state (SimState) -

```
• var_type (VariableType) -
     static from_cle_variable(state, cle_variable, dwarf_cfa)
             Return type
                 SimDebugVariable
             Parameters
                 • state (SimState) -
                 • cle_variable (Variable) -
     property mem_untyped: SimMemView
     property mem: SimMemView
     property string: SimMemView
     with_type(sim_type)
             Return type
                 SimMemView |
             Parameters
                sim_type (SimType) -
     property resolvable
     property resolved
     property concrete
     store(value)
     property deref: SimDebugVariable
     array(i)
             Return type
                 SimDebugVariable
     member(member_name)
             Return type
                 SimDebugVariable
             Parameters
                member_name (str) -
class angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariablePlugin
```

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the plugin you'll use to interact with (global/local) program variables. These variables have a name and a visibility scope which depends on the pc address of the state. With this plugin, you can access/modify the value of such variable or find its memory address. For creating program varibles, or for importing them from cle, see the knowledge plugin debug_variables. Run p.kb.dvars.load_from_dwarf() before using this plugin.

Example

```
>>> p = angr.Project("various_variables", load_debug_info=True)
>>> p.kb.dvars.load_from_dwarf()
>>> state = # navigate to the state you want
>>> state.dvars.get_variable("pointer2").deref.mem
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0x1> at 0x404020>
```

get_variable(var_name)

Returns the visible variable (if any) with name var_name based on the current state.ip.

Return type

SimDebugVariable

Parameters

var_name (str) -

property dwarf_cfa

Returns the current cfa computation. Set this property to the correct value if needed.

```
property dwarf_cfa_approx
```

state: angr.SimState

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class angr.state_plugins.view.SimRegNameView

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

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When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

get(reg_name)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state_plugins.view.**SimMemView**(ty=None, addr=None, state=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is a convenient interface with which you can access a program's memory.

The interface works like this:

- You first use [array index notation] to specify the address you'd like to load from
- If at that address is a pointer, you may access the deref property to return a SimMemView at the address
 present in memory.
- You then specify a type for the data by simply accessing a property of that name. For a list of supported types, look at state.mem.types.

- You can then *refine* the type. Any type may support any refinement it likes. Right now the only refinements supported are that you may access any member of a struct by its member name, and you may index into a string or array to access that element.
- If the address you specified initially points to an array of that type, you can say .array(n) to view the data as an array of n elements.
- Finally, extract the structured data with .resolved or .concrete. .resolved will return bitvector values, while .concrete will return integer, string, array, etc values, whatever best represents the data.
- Alternately, you may store a value to memory, by assigning to the chain of properties that you've constructed. Note that because of the way python works, x = s.mem[...].prop; x = val will NOT work, you must say s.mem[...].prop = val.

For example:

```
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long
<long (64 bits) <BV64 0x4008d0> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long.resolved
<BV64 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref
<<untyped> <unresolvable> at 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string.concrete
'SOSNEAKY'
```

Parameters

```
state (SimState) -
```

__init__(ty=None, addr=None, state=None)

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

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types = {'CharT': char, 'FILE_t': struct FILE_t, '_Bool': bool, '_ENTRY': struct _ENTRY, '_IO_codecvt': struct _IO_codecvt, '_IO_iconv_t': struct _IO_iconv_t, '_IO_lock_t': struct pthread_mutex_t, '_IO_marker': struct _IO_marker, '_IO_wide_data': struct _IO_wide_data, '__clock_t': uint32_t, '__dev_t': uint64_t, '__gid_t': unsigned int, '__ino64_t': unsigned long long, '__ino_t': unsigned long, '__int128': int128_t, '__int256': int256_t, '__mbstate_t': struct __mbstate_t, '__mode_t': unsigned int, '__nlink_t': unsigned int, '__off64_t': long long, '__off_t': long, '__pid_t': int, '__suseconds_t': int64_t, '__time_t': long, '__uid_t': unsigned int, '_obstack_chunk': struct _obstack_chunk, 'aiocb': struct aiocb, 'aiocb64': struct aiocb64, 'aioinit': struct aioinit, 'argp': struct argp, 'argp_child': struct argp_child, 'argp_option': struct argp_option, 'argp_parser_t': (int, char*, struct argp_state*) -> int, 'argp_state': struct argp_state, 'basic_string': string_t, 'bool': bool, 'byte': uint8_t, 'cc_t': char, 'char': char, 'clock_t': uint32_t, 'crypt_data': struct crypt_data, 'dirent': struct dirent, 'dirent64': struct dirent64, 'double': double, 'drand48_data': struct <anon>, 'dword': uint32_t, 'error_t': int, 'exit_status': struct exit_status, 'float': float, 'fstab': struct fstab, 'group': struct group, 'hostent': struct hostent, 'hsearch_data': struct hsearch_data, 'if_nameindex': struct if_nameindex, 'in_addr': struct in_addr, 'in_port_t': uint16_t, 'ino64_t': unsigned long long, 'ino_t': unsigned long, 'int': int, 'int16_t': int16_t,
'int32_t': int32_t, 'int64_t': int64_t, 'int8_t': int8_t, 'iovec': struct <anon>, 'itimerval': struct itimerval, 'lconv': struct lconv, 'long': long, 'long double': double, 'long int': long, 'long long': long long, 'long long int': long long, 'long signed': long, 'long unsigned int': unsigned long, 'mallinfo': struct mallinfo, 'mallinfo2': struct mallinfo2, 'mntent': struct mntent, 'netent': struct netent, 'ntptimeval': struct ntptimeval, 'obstack': struct obstack, 'off64_t': long long, 'off_t': long, 'option': struct option, 'passwd': struct passwd, 'pid_t': int, 'printf_info': struct printf_info, 'protoent': struct protoent, 'ptrdiff_t': long, 'qword': uint64_t, 'random_data': struct <anon>, 'rlim64_t': uint64_t, 'rlim_t': unsigned long, 'rlimit': struct rlimit, 'rlimit64': struct rlimit64, 'rusage': struct rusage, 'sa_family_t': unsigned short, 'sched_param': struct sched_param, 'sembuf': struct sembuf, 'servent': struct servent, 'sgttyb': struct sgttyb, 'short': short, 'short int': short, 'sigevent': struct sigevent, 'signed': int, 'signed char': char, 'signed int': int, 'signed long': long, 'signed long int': long, 'signed long long': long long, 'signed long long int': long long, 'signed short': short, 'signed short int': short, 'sigstack': struct sigstack, 'sigval': union sigval { sival_int int; sival_ptr void*; }, 'size_t': size_t, 'sockaddr': struct sockaddr, 'sockaddr_in': struct sockaddr_in, 'speed_t': long, 'ssize': size_t, 'ssize_t': size_t, 'stat': struct stat, 'stat64': struct stat64, 'string': string_t, 'struct iovec': struct iovec, 'struct timespec': struct timespec, 'struct timeval': struct timeval, 'tcflag_t': unsigned long, 'termios': struct termios, 'time_t': long, 'timespec': struct timeval, 'timeval': struct timeval, 'timex': struct timex, 'timezone': struct timezone, 'tm': struct tm, 'tms': struct tms, 'uint16_t': uint16_t, 'uint32_t': uint32_t, 'uint64_t': uint64_t, 'uint8_t': uint8_t, 'uintptr_t': unsigned long, 'unsigned': unsigned int, 'unsigned __int128': uint128_t, 'unsigned __int256': uint256_t, 'unsigned char': char, 'unsigned int': unsigned int, 'unsigned long': unsigned long, 'unsigned long int': unsigned long, 'unsigned long long': unsigned long long, 'unsigned long int': unsigned long long, 'unsigned short': unsigned short, 'unsigned short int': unsigned short, 'utimbuf': struct utimbuf, 'utmp': struct utmp, 'utmpx': struct utmx, 'utsname': struct utsname, 'va_list': struct va_list[1], 'void': void, 'vtimes': struct vtimes, 'wchar_t': short, 'winsize': struct winsize, 'word': uint16_t, 'wstring': wstring_t}

```
state: angr.SimState = None
struct: StructMode
with_type(sim_type)
```

Returns a copy of the SimMemView with a type.

```
Parameters
```

```
sim_type (SimType) – The new type.
```

Return type

SimMemView

Returns

The typed SimMemView copy.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

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- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

```
property resolvable
property resolved
property concrete
property deref: SimMemView
array(n)
```

Return type

SimMemView

member(member_name)

If self is a struct and member_name is a member of the struct, return that member element. Otherwise raise an exception.

Return type

SimMemView

Parameters

 $member_name(str) -$

store(value)

```
class angr.state_plugins.view.StructMode(view)
```

```
Bases: object
__init__(view)
```

class angr.storage.file.Flags

Bases: object
O_RDONLY = 0

 $O_WRONLY = 1$

```
O_RDWR = 2
O_ACCMODE = 3
O_APPEND = 1024
O_ASYNC = 8192
O_{CLOEXEC} = 524288
O_{CREAT} = 64
O_DIRECT = 16384
O_DIRECTORY = 65536
O_DSYNC = 4096
0_EXCL = 128
O LARGEFILE = 32768
O_NOATIME = 262144
O_NOCTTY = 256
O_NOFOLLOW = 131072
O_NONBLOCK = 2048
O_NDELAY = 2048
O_PATH = 2097152
0_{SYNC} = 1052672
O_TMPFILE = 4259840
O_TRUNC = 512
```

Bases: SimStatePlugin

SimFiles are the storage mechanisms used by SimFileDescriptors.

Different types of SimFiles can have drastically different interfaces, and as a result there's not much that can be specified on this base class. All the read and write methods take a pos argument, which may have different semantics per-class. 0 will always be a valid position to use, though, and the next position you should use is part of the return tuple.

Some simfiles are "streams", meaning that the position that reads come from is determined not by the position you pass in (it will in fact be ignored), but by an internal variable. This is stored as .pos if you care to read it. Don't write to it. The same lack-of-semantics applies to this field as well.

Variables

- name The name of the file. Purely for cosmetic purposes
- **ident** The identifier of the file, typically autogenerated from the name and a nonce. Purely for cosmetic purposes, but does appear in symbolic values autogenerated in the file.

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- **seekable** Bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed. If this is True, then pos must be a number of bytes from the start of the file.
- writable Bool indicating whether writing to this file is allowed.
- pos If the file is a stream, this will be the current position. Otherwise, None.
- **concrete** Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.
- **file_exists** Set to False, if file does not exists, set to a claripy Bool if unknown, default True.

```
seekable = False
```

pos = None

__init__(name=None, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=False, file_exists=True, **kwargs)

static make_ident(name)

```
concretize(**kwargs)
```

Return a concretization of the contents of the file. The type of the return value of this method will vary depending on which kind of SimFile you're using.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

Parameters

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(pos, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimFileBase, DefaultMemory

The normal SimFile is meant to model files on disk. It subclasses SimSymbolicMemory so loads and stores to/from it are very simple.

Parameters

- name The name of the file
- content Optional initial content for the file as a string or bitvector
- size Optional size of the file. If content is not specified, it defaults to zero
- has_end Whether the size boundary is treated as the end of the file or a frontier at
 which new content will be generated. If unspecified, will pick its value based on options.FILES_HAVE_EOF. Another caveat is that if the size is also unspecified this value
 will default to False.
- seekable Optional bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed, default True.
- writable Whether writing to this file is allowed
- concrete Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.

Variables

has_end - Whether this file has an EOF

__init__(name=None, content=None, size=None, has_end=None, seekable=True, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=None, **kwargs)

property category

reg, mem, or file.

Type

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file, as a flat bytestring.

read(pos, size, **kwargs)

Read some data from the file.

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Parameters

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, **kwargs)

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.**SimFileStream**(name=None, content=None, pos=0, **kwargs)

Bases: SimFile

A specialized SimFile that uses a flat memory backing, but functions as a stream, tracking its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

Parameters

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimFile constructor.

Variables

```
pos – The current position in the file.
```

```
__init__(name=None, content=None, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

read(pos, size, **kwargs)

Read some data from the file.

Parameters

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(_, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimFileBase

The SimPackets is meant to model inputs whose content is delivered a series of asynchronous chunks. The data is stored as a list of read or write results. For symbolic sizes, state.libc.max_packet_size will be respected. If the SHORT_READS option is enabled, reads will return a symbolic size constrained to be less than or equal to the requested size.

A SimPackets cannot be used for both reading and writing - for socket objects that can be both read and written to you should use a file descriptor to multiplex the read and write operations into two separate file storage mechanisms.

Parameters

- **name** The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- write_mode Whether this file is opened in read or write mode. If this is unspecified it will be autodetected.
- **content** Some initial content to use for the file. Can be a list of bytestrings or a list of tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

Variables

- write_mode See the eponymous parameter
- **content** A list of packets, as tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

__init__(name, write_mode=None, content=None, writable=True, ident=None, **kwargs)

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

concretize(**kwargs)

Returns a list of the packets read or written as bytestrings.

read(pos, size, **kwargs)

Read a packet from the stream.

Parameters

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, **kwargs)

Write a packet to the stream.

Parameters

- pos (int) The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with ${\tt SimStatePlugin.memo}$

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
   [o.foo for o in others],
   merge_conditions,
```

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(continued from previous page)

common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimPacketsStream(name, pos=0, **kwargs)

Bases: SimPackets

A specialized SimPackets that tracks its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

Parameters

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimPackets constructor.

Variables

pos – The current position in the file.

```
__init__(name, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read a packet from the stream.

Parameters

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

write(, data, size=None, **kwargs)

Write a packet to the stream.

Parameters

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase

Bases: SimStatePlugin

The base class for implementations of POSIX file descriptors.

All file descriptors should respect the CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_{READ,WRITE}_SIZES state options.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Reads some data from the file, storing it into memory.

Parameters

- pos The address to read data from file
- **size** The requested length of the read

Returns

The real length of the read

```
write(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Writes some data, loaded from the state, into the file.

Parameters

- **pos** The address to read the data to write from in memory
- **size** The requested size of the write

Returns

The real length of the write

```
read_data(size, **kwargs)
```

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

Parameters

size – The requested length of the read

Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

write_data(data, size=None, **kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

Parameters

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

Returns

The real length of the write

seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

Parameters

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

property read_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

property write_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

property read_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

property write_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretizeation of the data in the underlying file. Has different return types to represent different data structures on a per-class basis.

Any arguments passed to this will be passed onto state.solver.eval.

property file_exists

This should be True in most cases. Only if we opened an fd of unknown existence, ALL_FILES_EXIST is False and ANY FILE MIGHT EXIST is True, this is a symbolic boolean.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor(simfile, flags=0)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A simple file descriptor forwarding reads and writes to a SimFile. Contains information about the current opened state of the file, such as the flags or (if relevant) the current position.

Variables

- **file** The SimFile described to by this descriptor
- flags The mode that the file descriptor was opened with, a bitfield of flags

__init__(simfile, flags=0)

read_data(size, **kwargs)

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

Parameters

size – The requested length of the read

Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

write_data(data, size=None, **kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

Parameters

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

Returns

The real length of the write

seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

Parameters

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying file. Returns whatever format is preferred by the file.

property file_exists

This should be True in most cases. Only if we opened an fd of unknown existence, ALL_FILES_EXIST is False and ANY_FILE_MIGHT_EXIST is True, this is a symbolic boolean.

property read_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

property write_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

property read_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

property write_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex(read_file, write_file)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A file descriptor that refers to two file storage mechanisms, one to read from and one to write to. As a result, operations like seek, eof, etc no longer make sense.

Parameters

- read_file The SimFile to read from
- write_file The SimFile to write to

__init__(read_file, write_file)

read_data(size, **kwargs)

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

Parameters

size – The requested length of the read

Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

write_data(data, size=None, **kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

Parameters

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

Returns

The real length of the write

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

Parameters

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying files, as a tuple of (read file, write file).

property read_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

property write_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

property read_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

property write_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots(name, read_sizes, ident=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SimFileBase

SimPacketsSlots is the new SimDialogue, if you've ever seen that before.

The idea is that in some cases, the only thing you really care about is getting the lengths of reads right, and some of them should be short reads, and some of them should be truncated. You provide to this class a list of read lengths, and it figures out the length of each read, and delivers some content.

This class will NOT respect the position argument you pass it - this storage is not stateless.

seekable = False

```
__init__(name, read_sizes, ident=None, **kwargs)
```

concretize(**kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file. The type of the return value of this method will vary depending on which kind of SimFile you're using.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

Parameters

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(pos, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

Parameters

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

Returns

The new file position pointer.

property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen()

```
The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general
          state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior
          regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.
              Parameters
                  others – the other state plugin
              Returns
                  True if the state plugin is actually widened.
              Return type
                  bool
angr.storage.memory\_object.obj\_bit\_size(o)
class angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject(obj, base, endness, length=None, byte_width=8)
     Bases: object
     A SimMemoryObject is a reference to a byte or several bytes in a specific object in memory. It should be used
     only by the bottom layer of memory.
     __init__(obj, base, endness, length=None, byte_width=8)
     is_bytes
     base
     object
     length
     endness
     size()
     property variables
     property cache_key
     property symbolic
     property last_addr
     concrete_bytes(offset, size)
              Return type
                  Optional[bytes]
              Parameters
                   • offset (int) -
                   • size (int) -
     includes(x)
     bytes_at(addr, length, allow_concrete=False, endness='Iend_BE')
class angr.storage.memory_object.SimLabeledMemoryObject(obj, base, endness, length=None,
                                                                  byte_width=8, label=None)
     Bases: SimMemoryObject
```

```
__init__(obj, base, endness, length=None, byte_width=8, label=None)
```

label

```
angr.storage.memory_object.bv_slice(value, offset, size, rev, bw)
```

Extremely cute utility to pretend you've serialized a value to stored bytes, sliced it a la python slicing, and then deserialized those bytes to an integer again.

Parameters

- value (BV) The bitvector to slice
- offset (int) The byte offset from the first stored byte to slice from, or a negative offset from the end.
- **size** (int) The number of bytes to return. If None, return all bytes from the offset to the end. If larger than the number of bytes from the offset to the end, return all bytes from the offset to the end.
- **rev** (bool) Whether the pretend-serialization should be little-endian
- **bw** (int) The byte width

Return type

BV

Returns

The new bitvector

```
class angr.storage.pcap.PCAP(path, ip_port_tup, init=True)
```

```
Bases: object
__init__(path, ip_port_tup, init=True)
initialize(path)
recv(length)
```

class angr.concretization_strategies.**SimConcretizationStrategy**(filter=None, exact=True)

Bases: object

copy()

Concretization strategies control the resolution of symbolic memory indices in SimuVEX. By subclassing this class and setting it as a concretization strategy (on state.memory.read_strategies and state.memory.write_strategies), SimuVEX's memory index concretization behavior can be modified.

```
__init__(filter=None, exact=True)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

```
concretize(memory, addr, **kwargs)
```

Concretizes the address into a list of values. If this strategy cannot handle this address, returns None.

copy()

Returns a copy of the strategy, if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, returns self.

merge(others)

Merges this strategy with others (if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, is a no-op.

10.5 Memory Mixins

```
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin(memory_id=None, endness='Iend_BE')
    Bases: SimStatePlugin
    SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD = False
    __init__(memory_id=None, endness='Iend_BE')
    copy(memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

property category

reg, mem, or file.

Type

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

property variable_key_prefix

```
find(addr, data, max_search, **kwargs)
load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, **kwargs)
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

```
permissions(addr, permissions=None, **kwargs)
map_region(addr, length, permissions, init_zero=False, **kwargs)
unmap_region(addr, length, **kwargs)
concrete_load(addr, size, writing=False, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD to True and implement concrete_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

Parameters

- addr The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing –

Return type

memoryview

Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

Parameters

- addr The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

Return type

None

Returns

None

replace_all(old, new)

Parameters

- old (BV) -
- new (BV) -

copy_contents(dst, src, size, condition=None, **kwargs)

Override this method to provide faster copying of large chunks of data.

Parameters

- **dst** The destination of copying.
- **src** The source of copying.
- **size** The size of copying.
- **condition** The storing condition.
- **kwargs** Other parameters.

Returns

None

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.DefaultMemory(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: HexDumperMixin, SmartFindMixin, UnwrapperMixin, NameResolutionMixin, ActionsMixinHigh, DataNormalizationMixin, SimplificationMixin, InspectMixinHigh, UnderconstrainedMixin. SizeConcretizationMixin. SizeNormalizationMixin, AddressConcretizationMixin, ActionsMixinLow, ConditionalMixin, ConvenientMappingsMixin, DirtyAddrsMixin. StackAllocationMixin, ConcreteBackerMixin, ClemoryBackerMixin, DictBackerMixin, PrivilegedPagingMixin, UltraPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, SymbolicMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.DefaultListPagesMemory(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: HexDumperMixin, SmartFindMixin, UnwrapperMixin, NameResolutionMixin, DataNormalizationMixin, SimplificationMixin, ActionsMixinHigh, UnderconstrainedMixin, SizeConcretizationMixin, SizeNormalizationMixin, InspectMixinHigh,

AddressConcretizationMixin, ActionsMixinLow, ConditionalMixin, ConvenientMappingsMixin, DirtyAddrsMixin, StackAllocationMixin, ClemoryBackerMixin, DictBackerMixin, PrivilegedPagingMixin, ListPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, SymbolicMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.FastMemory(uninitialized_read_handler=None, **kwargs)

Bases: NameResolutionMixin, SimpleInterfaceMixin, SimplificationMixin, InspectMixinHigh, ConditionalMixin, ExplicitFillerMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, SlottedMemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.AbstractMemory(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: UnwrapperMixin, NameResolutionMixin, DataNormalizationMixin, SimplificationMixin, InspectMixinHigh, ActionsMixinHigh, UnderconstrainedMixin, SizeConcretizationMixin, SizeNormalizationMixin, ActionsMixinLow, ConditionalMixin, RegionedAddressConcretizationMixin, RegionedMemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.**RegionedMemory**(related_function_addr=None, **kwargs)

Bases: RegionCategoryMixin. MemoryRegionMetaMixin. StaticFindMixin. NameResolutionMixin, DataNormalizationMixin, SimplificationMixin, UnwrapperMixin, SizeConcretizationMixin, SizeNormalizationMixin. AddressConcretizationMixin. ConvenientMappingsMixin. DirtyAddrsMixin. ClemoryBackerMixin. DictBackerMixin, UltraPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, AbstractMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.**LabeledMemory**(*args, top_func=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SizeNormalizationMixin, ListPagesWithLabelsMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, TopMergerMixin, LabelMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin

LabeledMemory is used in static analysis. It allows storing values with labels, such as Definition.

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.MultiValuedMemory(*args,

skip_missing_values_during_merging=False,
**kwargs)

Bases: SizeNormalizationMixin, MVListPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, MultiValueMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin, PagedMemoryMultiValueMixin

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.KeyValueMemory(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: KeyValueMemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

Bases: JavaVmMemoryMixin state: angr.SimState

ness='Iend BE')

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin allows you to provide register names as load addresses, and will automatically translate this to an offset and size.

```
store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
     load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.smart_find_mixin.SmartFindMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                            endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     Memory mixin providing basic searching over concrete and symbolic data.
     find(addr, data, max search, default=None, endness=None, chunk size=None, max symbolic bytes=None,
           condition=None, char size=1, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin.DefaultFillerMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                     endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemorvMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin.SpecialFillerMixin(special memory_filler=None,
                                                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     __init__(special_memory_filler=None, **kwargs)
     copy(memo)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
             angr.SimState
     state:
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin.ExplicitFillerMixin(uninitialized_read_handler=None,
                                                                                       **kwargs)
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     __init__(uninitialized_read_handler=None, **kwargs)
     copy(memo)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
```

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

ness='Iend_BE')

Bases: MemoryMixin

Normalizes the data field for a store and the fallback field for a load to be BVs.

store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)

load(addr, size=None, fallback=None, **kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

Returns a hex dump as a string. The solver, if enabled, is called once for every byte potentially making this function very slow. It is meant to be used mainly as a "visualization" for debugging.

Warning: May read and display more bytes than *size* due to rounding. Particularly, if size is less than, or not a multiple of word_size*words_per_line.

Parameters

- **start** starting address from which to print
- **size** number of bytes to display
- word_size number of bytes to group together as one space-delimited unit
- words_per_row number of words to display per row of output
- **endianness** endianness to use when displaying each word (ASCII representation is unchanged)
- symbolic_char the character to display when a byte is symbolic and has multiple solutions
- **unprintable_char** the character to display when a byte is not printable
- solve whether or not to attempt to solve (warning: can be very slow)
- **extra_constraints** extra constraints to pass to the solver is solve is True
- inspect whether or not to trigger SimInspect breakpoints for the memory load
- **disable_actions** whether or not to disable SimActions for the memory load

Returns

hex dump as a string

state: angr.SimState

```
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstrained_mixin.UnderconstrainedMixin(*args,
                                                                                           **kwargs)
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     __init__(*args, **kwargs)
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     load(addr, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_mixin.SimpleInterfaceMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                         ness='Iend_BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     load(addr, size=None, endness=None, condition=None, fallback=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinHigh(memory_id=None,
                                                                          endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     load(addr, size=None, condition=None, fallback=None, disable_actions=False, action=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, size=None, disable_actions=False, action=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinLow(memory id=None,
                                                                         endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     load(addr, action=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, action=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  action (SimActionData | None) -
     state: angr.SimState
```

Bases: MemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

ness='Iend_BE')

Bases: MemoryMixin

Provides basic services related to normalizing sizes. After this mixin, sizes will always be a plain int. Assumes that the data is a BV.

- · load will throw a TypeError if no size is provided
- store will default to len(data)//byte_width if no size is provided

load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)

store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

raise_memory_limit_error=Fal size_limit=257,

**kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin allows memory to process symbolic sizes. It will not touch any sizes which are not ASTs with non-BVV ops. Assumes that the data is a BV.

- · symbolic load sizes will be concretized as their maximum and a warning will be logged
- symbolic store sizes will be dispatched as several conditional stores with concrete sizes

Parameters

- concretize_symbolic_write_size (bool) -
- max_concretize_count(int | None) -
- max_symbolic_size (int) -
- raise_memory_limit_error (bool) -
- size_limit(int)-

__init__(concretize_symbolic_write_size=False, max_concretize_count=256, max_symbolic_size=4194304, raise_memory_limit_error=False, size_limit=257, **kwargs)

Parameters

- concretize_symbolic_write_size (bool) -
- max_concretize_count (int | None) -
- max_symbolic_size (int) -

```
• raise_memory_limit_error (bool) -
```

• size_limit(int)-

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
state: angr.SimState
```

Bases: MemoryMixin

store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.MultiwriteAnnotation

Bases: Annotation

property eliminatable

Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.

Returns

True if eliminatable, False otherwise

property relocateable

Bases: MemoryMixin

The address concretization mixin allows symbolic reads and writes to be handled sanely by dispatching them as a number of conditional concrete reads/writes. It provides a "concretization strategies" interface allowing the process of serializing symbolic addresses into concrete ones to be specified.

```
__init__(read_strategies=None, write_strategies=None, **kwargs)
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

concretize_write_addr(addr, strategies=None, condition=None)

Concretizes an address meant for writing.

Parameters

- **addr** An expression for the address.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).
- **condition** Any extra constraints that should be observed when determining address satisfiability

Returns

A list of concrete addresses.

concretize_read_addr(addr, strategies=None, condition=None)

Concretizes an address meant for reading.

Parameters

- addr An expression for the address.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).

Returns

A list of concrete addresses.

```
load(addr, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
permissions(addr, permissions=None, **kwargs)
map_region(addr, length, permissions, **kwargs)
unmap_region(addr, length, **kwargs)
concrete_load(addr, size, *args, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD to True and implement concrete_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

Parameters

- addr The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing -

Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

```
state: angr.SimState
```

Dases. Hemolyhlxiii

store(addr, data, size = None, condition = None, endness = None, inspect = True, **kwargs)

load(addr, size=None, condition=None, endness=None, inspect=True, **kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

 ${\bf class} \ \, {\bf angr.storage.memory_mixins.conditional_store_mixin.ConditionalMixin} \\ {\it (memory_id=None, end-none, end-n$

ness='Iend_BE')

Bases: MemoryMixin

```
load(addr, condition=None, fallback=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_mixin.LabelMergerMixin(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     A memory mixin for merging labels. Labels come from SimLabeledMemoryObject.
     __init__(*args, **kwargs)
     copy(memo=None)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.simplification_mixin.SimplificationMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                        ness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     store(addr, data, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapper_mixin.UnwrapperMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                            endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     This mixin processes SimActionObjects by passing on their .ast field.
     store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
     load(addr, size=None, condition=None, fallback=None, **kwargs)
     find(addr, what, max_search, default=None, **kwargs)
     copy_contents(dst, src, size, condition=None, **kwargs)
          Override this method to provide faster copying of large chunks of data.
               Parameters
                   • dst – The destination of copying.
                   • src – The source of copying.
                   • size – The size of copying.
```

• **condition** – The storing condition.

• **kwargs** – Other parameters.

Returns

None

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin.ConvenientMappingsMixin(**kwargs)

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
```

Implements mappings between names and hashes of symbolic variables and these variables themselves.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

```
get_symbolic_addrs()
```

```
addrs_for_name(n)
```

Returns addresses that contain expressions that contain a variable named n.

```
addrs_for_hash(h)
```

Returns addresses that contain expressions that contain a variable with the hash of h.

```
replace_all(old, new)
```

Replaces all instances of expression *old* with expression *new*.

Parameters

- **old** (BV) A claripy expression. Must contain at least one named variable (to make it possible to use the name index for speedup).
- **new** (BV) The new variable to replace it with.

```
state: angr.SimState
```

Bases: MemoryObjectSetMixin, PageBase

MVListPage allows storing multiple values at the same location, thus allowing weak updates.

Each store() may take a value or multiple values, and a "weak" parameter to specify if this store is a weak update or not. Each load() returns an iterator of all values stored at that location.

__init__(memory=None, content=None, sinkhole=None, mo_cmp=None, **kwargs)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

Return type

MVListPage

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, page_addr=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, **kwargs)

Return type

```
List[Tuple[int, Union[SimMemoryObject, SimLabeledMemoryObject]]]
```

store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, weak=False, **kwargs)

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

Parameters

- addr The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

Return type

None

Returns

None

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** (List[MVListPage]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged
- page_addr (int | None) -
- changed_offsets (Set[int] | None) -

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

changed_bytes(other, page_addr=None)

Parameters

```
• other (MVListPage) –
```

• page_addr (int | None) -

content_gen(index)

state: angr.SimState

Bases: object

Represents a byte vector where each byte can have one or multiple values.

As an implementation optimization (so that we do not create excessive sets and dicts), self._single_value stores a claripy AST when this MultiValues object represents only one value at offset 0.

Parameters

```
v(Bits | MultiValues | None | Dict[int, Set[Bits]]) -
__init__(v=None, offset_to_values=None)
```

Parameters

```
v(Bits | MultiValues | None | Dict[int, Set[Bits]]) -
```

```
add_value(offset, value)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • offset (int) -
            • value (Bits) -
one_value(strip_annotations=False)
        Return type
            Optional[Bits]
        Parameters
            strip\_annotations\ (bool) -
merge(mv)
        Return type
            MultiValues
        Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
keys()
        Return type
            Set[int]
values()
        Return type
            Iterator[Set[Bits]]
items()
        Return type
            Iterator[Tuple[int, Set[Bits]]]
count()
        Return type
            int
extract(offset, length, endness)
        Return type
            MultiValues
        Parameters
            • offset (int) -
             • length (int) -
            • endness (str) -
concat(other)
        Return type
            MultiValues
```

Parameters

```
other (MultiValues | Bits | bytes) -
```

Bases: MemoryMixin

A memory mixin for merging values in memory to TOP.

```
__init__(*args, top_func=None, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo=None)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixin.MultiValueMergerMixin(*args, ele-

ment_limit=5, annotation_limit=256, top_func=None, phi_maker=None, **kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

```
__init__(*args, element_limit=5, annotation_limit=256, top_func=None, phi_maker=None, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo=None)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.PagedMemoryMixin(page_size=4096,

```
de-
fault_permissions=3,
permis-
sions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: MemoryMixin

A bottom-level storage mechanism. Dispatches reads to individual pages, the type of which is the PAGE_TYPE class variable.

SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD = True

```
PAGE_TYPE: Type[TypeVar(PageType, bound= PageBase)] = None
```

```
__init__(page_size=4096, default_permissions=3, permissions_map=None, page_kwargs=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)

Parameters

- addr (int) -
- size (int | None) -

store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)

Parameters

- addr (int) -
- size (int | None) -

erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

Parameters

- addr The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

Return type

None

Returns

None

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** (Iterable[*PagedMemoryMixin*]) the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

```
permissions(addr, permissions=None, **kwargs)
map_region(addr, length, permissions, init_zero=False, **kwargs)
unmap_region(addr, length, **kwargs)
concrete_load(addr, size, writing=False, with bitmap=False, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD to True and implement concrete_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

Parameters

- **addr** The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing -

Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

```
changed_bytes(other)
```

Return type

Set[int]

changed_pages(other)

Return type

Dict[int, Optional[Set[int]]]

copy_contents(dst, src, size, condition=None, **kwargs)

Override this method to provide faster copying of large chunks of data.

Parameters

- **dst** The destination of copying.
- **src** The source of copying.
- **size** The size of copying.
- **condition** The storing condition.
- **kwargs** Other parameters.

Returns

None

flush_pages(white_list)

Flush all pages not included in the *white_list* by removing their pages. Note, this will not wipe them from memory if they were backed by a memory_backer, it will simply reset them to their initial state. Returns the list of pages that were cleared consisting of (addr, length) tuples. :type white_list: :param white_list: white list of regions in the form of (start, end) to exclude from the flush :return: a list of memory page ranges that were flushed :rtype: list

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.LabeledPagesMixin(page_size=4096,

default_permissions=3,
permissions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

load_with_labels(addr, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)

Return type

Tuple[Base, Tuple[Tuple[int, int, int, Any]]]

Parameters

- addr (int) -
- size (int | None) -

state: angr.SimState

```
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.ListPagesMixin(page_size=4096,
                                                                                            de-
                                                                                            fault_permissions=3,
                                                                                            permis-
                                                                                            sions_map=None,
                                                                                            page_kwargs=None,
                                                                                             **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
     PAGE_TYPE
          alias of ListPage
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.MVListPagesMixin(*args,
                                                                                               skip_missing_values_during
                                                                                               **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
     PAGE_TYPE
          alias of MVListPage
     __init__(*args, skip_missing_values_during_merging=False, **kwargs)
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.ListPagesWithLabelsMixin(page_size=4096,
                                                                                                        de-
                                                                                                        fault_permissions
                                                                                                        per-
                                                                                                        mis-
                                                                                                        sions_map=None
                                                                                                        page_kwargs=No
                                                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: LabeledPagesMixin, ListPagesMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.MVListPagesWithLabelsMixin(*args,
                                                                                                          skip_missing_v
                                                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: LabeledPagesMixin, MVListPagesMixin
```

```
state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.UltraPagesMixin(page_size=4096,
                                                                                             de-
                                                                                            fault permissions=3,
                                                                                            permis-
                                                                                            sions_map=None,
                                                                                            page_kwargs=None,
                                                                                             **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
     PAGE TYPE
          alias of UltraPage
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.NotMemoryview(obj, offset,
                                                                                          size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(obj, offset, size)
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.ClemoryBackerMixin(cle_memory_backer=Non
                                                                                                **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
          Parameters
              cle_memory_backer (None | Loader | Clemory) -
     __init__(cle_memory_backer=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                 cle_memory_backer (None | Loader | Clemory) -
     copy(memo)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                 memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.ConcreteBackerMixin(cle_memory_backer=Note)
                                                                                                 **kwargs)
     Bases: ClemoryBackerMixin
          Parameters
              cle_memory_backer(None | Loader | Clemory) -
     state: angr.SimState
```

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

__init__(dict_memory_backer=None, **kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

This mixin adds automatic allocation for a stack region based on the stack_end and stack_size parameters.

__init__(stack_end=None, stack_size=None, stack_perms=None, **kwargs)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

allocate_stack_pages(addr, size, **kwargs)

Pre-allocates pages for the stack without triggering any logic related to reading from them.

Parameters

- addr (int) The highest address that should be mapped
- **size** (int) The number of bytes to be allocated. byte 1 is the one at addr, byte 2 is the one before that, and so on.

Returns

A list of the new page objects

state: angr.SimState

**kwargs)

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.privileged_mixin.PrivilegedPagingMixin(page_size=4096,

default_permissions=3,
permissions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

A mixin for paged memory models which will raise SimSegfaultExceptions if STRICT_PAGE_ACCESS is enabled and a segfault condition is detected.

Segfault conditions include: - getting a page for reading which is non-readable - getting a page for writing which is non-writable - creating a page

The latter condition means that this should be inserted under any mixins which provide other implementations of _initialize_page.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.PageBase(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: HistoryTrackingMixin, RefcountMixin, CooperationBase, ISPOMixin, PermissionsMixin, MemoryMixin

This is a fairly succinct definition of the contract between PagedMemoryMixin and its constituent pages:

- Pages must implement the MemoryMixin model for loads, stores, copying, merging, etc
- However, loading/storing may not necessarily use the same data domain as PagedMemoryMixin. In order to do more efficient loads/stores across pages, we use the CooperationBase interface which allows the page class to determine how to generate and unwrap the objects which are actually stored.
- To support COW, we use the RefcountMixin and the ISPOMixin (which adds the contract element that memory=self be passed to every method call)
- Pages have permissions associated with them, stored in the PermissionsMixin.

Read the docstrings for each of the constituent classes to understand the nuances of their functionalities

state: angr.SimState

 $\textbf{class} \texttt{ angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.refcount_mixin.} \textbf{RefcountMixin} (**kwargs)$

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin adds a locked reference counter and methods to manipulate it, to facilitate copy-on-write optimizations.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

acquire_unique()

Call this function to return a version of this page which can be used for writing, which may or may not be the same object as before. If you use this you must immediately replace the shared reference you previously had with the new unique copy.

acquire_shared()

Call this function to indicate that this page has had a reference added to it and must be copied before it can be acquired uniquely again. Creating the object implicitly starts it with one shared reference.

Return type

None

release_shared()

Call this function to indicate that this page has had a shared reference to it released

Return type

None

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin adds a permissions field and properties for extracting the read/write/exec permissions. It does NOT add permissions checking.

```
__init__(permissions=None, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

property perm_read

property perm_write

property perm_exec

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.history_tracking_mixin.HistoryTrackingMixin(*args,

**kwargs

Bases: RefcountMixin, MemoryMixin

Tracks the history of memory writes.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
copy(memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

acquire_unique()

Call this function to return a version of this page which can be used for writing, which may or may not be the same object as before. If you use this you must immediately replace the shared reference you previously had with the new unique copy.

parents()

changed_bytes(other, **kwargs)

Return type

Optional[Set[int]]

all_bytes_changed_in_history()

Return type

SegmentList

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

An implementation of the International Stateless Persons Organisation, a mixin which should be applied as a bottom layer for memories which have no state and must redirect certain operations to a parent memory. Main usecase is for memory region classes which are stored within other memories, such as pages.

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.cooperation.CooperationBase

Bases: object

Any given subclass of this class which is not a subclass of MemoryMixin should have the property that any subclass it which *is* a subclass of MemoryMixin should all work with the same datatypes

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.cooperation.MemoryObjectMixin

Bases: CooperationBase

Uses SimMemoryObjects in region storage. With this, load will return a list of tuple (address, MO) and store will take a MO.

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.cooperation.MemoryObjectSetMixin

Bases: CooperationBase

Uses sets of SimMemoryObjects in region storage.

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.cooperation.BasicClaripyCooperation

Bases: CooperationBase

Mix this (along with PageBase) into a storage class which supports loading and storing claripy bitvectors and it will be able to work as a page in the paged memory model.

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.list_page.ListPage(memory=None,

content=None,
sinkhole=None,
mo_cmp=None,
**kwargs)

Bases: MemoryObjectMixin, PageBase

This class implements a page memory mixin with lists as the main content store.

```
__init__(memory=None, content=None, sinkhole=None, mo_cmp=None, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, page_addr=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, **kwargs)

store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, **kwargs)

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

Parameters

- addr The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

Return type

None

Returns

None

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** (List[ListPage]) the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged
- page_addr (int | None) -
- changed_offsets(Set[int] | None) -

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

changed_bytes(other, page_addr=None)

Parameters

```
• other (ListPage) -
```

• page_addr (int | None) -

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryObjectMixin, PageBase

Default page implementation

SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD = True

```
__init__(memory=None, init_zero=False, **kwargs)
classmethod new_from_shared(data, memory=None, **kwargs)
copy(memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePluqin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, page_addr=None, endness=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, **kwargs)

store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, memory=None, page_addr=None, cooperate=False, **kwargs)

Parameters

```
data(int | SimMemoryObject) –size(int | None) –
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

- **others** (List[*UltraPage*]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged
- page_addr (int | None) -
- changed_offsets (Set[int] | None) -

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

concrete_load(addr, size, **kwargs)

Set SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD to True and implement concrete_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

Parameters

- addr The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing –

Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

changed_bytes(other, page_addr=None)

Return type

Set[int]

state: angr.SimState

replace_all_with_offsets(offsets, old, new, memory=None)

Parameters

- offsets (Iterable[int]) -
- old (BV) -
- new (BV) -

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_memory_mixin.RegionedMemoryMixin(write_targets_livers

```
read_targets_lin
stack_region_m
generic_region_
stack_size=655.
cle_memory_ba
dict_memory_ba
re-
gioned_memory
```

**kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

Regioned memory. This mixin manages multiple memory regions. Each address is represented as a tuple of (region ID, offset into the region), which is called a regioned address.

Converting absolute addresses into regioned addresses: We map an absolute address to a region by looking up which region this address belongs to in the region map. Currently this is only enabled for stack. Heap support has not landed yet.

When start analyzing a function, the user should call set_stack_address_mapping() to create a new region mapping. Likewise, when exiting from a function, the user should cancel the previous mapping by calling unset_stack_address_mapping().

Parameters

```
• write_targets_limit (int) -
• read_targets_limit (int) -
• stack_region_map (RegionMap | None) -
• generic_region_map (RegionMap | None) -
• stack_size (int) -
• cle_memory_backer (Optional) -
• dict_memory_backer (Dict | None) -
• regioned_memory_cls (type | None) -

__init__(write_targets_limit=2048, read_targets_limit=4096, stack_region_map=None, generic_region_map=None, stack_size=65536, cle_memory_backer=None, dict_memory_backer=None, regioned_memory_cls=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, condition=None, **kwargs)

Parameters

```
• size (BV | int | None) -
• condition (Bool | None) -
```

store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)

Parameters

```
size (int | None) -
```

merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to

resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- others (Iterable[RegionedMemoryMixin]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

find(addr, data, max_search, **kwargs)

Parameters

```
addr (int | Bits) -
```

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
replace_all(old, new)
```

Parameters

- old (BV) -
- new (BV) -

set_stack_address_mapping(absolute_address, region_id, related_function_address=None)

Create a new mapping between an absolute address (which is the base address of a specific stack frame) and a region ID.

- **absolute_address** (int) The absolute memory address.
- region_id (str) The region ID.
- related_function_address (Optional[int]) Related function address.

unset_stack_address_mapping(absolute_address)

Remove a stack mapping.

Parameters

absolute_address (int) – An absolute memory address that is the base address of the stack frame to destroy.

```
stack_id(function_address)
```

Return a memory region ID for a function. If the default region ID exists in the region mapping, an integer will appended to the region name. In this way we can handle recursive function calls, or a function that appears more than once in the call frame.

This also means that $stack_id()$ should only be called when creating a new stack frame for a function. You are not supposed to call this function every time you want to map a function address to a stack ID.

Parameters

function_address (int) – Address of the function.

Return type

str

Returns

ID of the new memory region.

set_stack_size(size)

Parameters

size (int) -

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.AddressWrapper(region, re-

gion_base_addr, address, is_on_stack, function_address)

Bases: object

AddressWrapper is used in SimAbstractMemory, which provides extra meta information for an address (or a ValueSet object) that is normalized from an integer/BVV/StridedInterval.

Parameters

- region (str) -
- region_base_addr(int)-
- is_on_stack (bool) -
- function_address(int | None) -

__init__(region, region_base_addr, address, is_on_stack, function_address)

Constructor for the class AddressWrapper.

- **region** (str) Name of the memory regions it belongs to.
- region_base_addr (int) Base address of the memory region
- address An address (not a ValueSet object).

```
• is_on_stack (bool) – Whether this address is on a stack region or not.
                  • function_address (Optional[int]) – Related function address (if any).
     region
     region_base_addr
     address
     is_on_stack
     function_address
     to_valueset(state)
          Convert to a ValueSet instance
              Parameters
                  state - A state
              Returns
                  The converted ValueSet instance
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.RegionDescriptor(region_id,
                                                                                          base_address,
                                                                                          lated function address=None)
     Bases: object
     Descriptor for a memory region ID.
     __init__(region_id, base_address, related_function_address=None)
     region_id
     base_address
     related_function_address
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.RegionMap(is_stack)
     Bases: object
     Mostly used in SimAbstractMemory, RegionMap stores a series of mappings between concrete memory address
     ranges and memory regions, like stack frames and heap regions.
     __init__(is stack)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                  is_stack – Whether this is a region map for stack frames or not. Different strategies apply
                  for stack regions.
     property is_empty
     property stack_base
     property region_ids
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

map(absolute_address, region_id, related_function_address=None)

Add a mapping between an absolute address and a region ID. If this is a stack region map, all stack regions beyond (lower than) this newly added regions will be discarded.

Parameters

- absolute_address An absolute memory address.
- **region_id** ID of the memory region.
- related_function_address A related function address, mostly used for stack regions.

unmap_by_address(absolute_address)

Removes a mapping based on its absolute address.

Parameters

absolute_address – An absolute address

absolutize(region_id, relative_address)

Convert a relative address in some memory region to an absolute address.

Parameters

- region_id The memory region ID
- **relative_address** The relative memory offset in that memory region

Returns

An absolute address if converted, or an exception is raised when region id does not exist.

relativize(absolute address, target region id=None)

Convert an absolute address to the memory offset in a memory region.

Note that if an address belongs to heap region is passed in to a stack region map, it will be converted to an offset included in the closest stack frame, and vice versa for passing a stack address to a heap region. Therefore you should only pass in address that belongs to the same category (stack or non-stack) of this region map.

Parameters

absolute_address - An absolute memory address

Returns

A tuple of the closest region ID, the relative offset, and the related function address.

ness='Iend_BE'

Bases: MemoryMixin

property category

reg, mem, or file.

Type

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

state: angr.SimState

ness='Iend_BE')

Bases: SmartFindMixin

Implements data finding for abstract memory.

find(addr, data, max_search, default=None, endness=None, chunk_size=None, max_symbolic_bytes=None, condition=None, char_size=1, **kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstract_address_descriptor.
AbstractAddressDescriptor

Bases: object

AbstractAddressDescriptor describes a list of region+offset tuples. It provides a convenient way for accessing the cardinality (the total number of addresses) without enumerating or creating all addresses in static mode.

__init__()

property cardinality

add_regioned_address(region, addr)

Parameters

- region (str) -
- addr (StridedInterval) -

clear()

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
```

__init__(related_function_addr=None, **kwargs)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

property is_stack

property related_function_addr

get_abstract_locations(addr, size)

Get a list of abstract locations that is within the range of [addr, addr + size]

This implementation is pretty slow. But since this method won't be called frequently, we can live with the bad implementation for now.

- addr Starting address of the memory region.
- **size** Size of the memory region, in bytes.

Returns

A list of covered AbstractLocation objects, or an empty list if there is none.

store(addr, data, bbl_addr=None, stmt_id=None, ins_addr=None, endness=None, **kwargs)

load(addr, size=None, bbl_addr=None, stmt_idx=None, ins_addr=None, **kwargs)

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

dbg_print(indent=0)

Print out debugging information

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstract_merger_mixin.AbstractMergerMixin(memory_id=No
end-

enu-

ness='Iend_BE'

Bases: MemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

 ${\bf class} \ \ {\bf angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_address_concretization_mixin.RegionedAddressConcretization_mixin.Re$

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
```

__init__(read_strategies=None, write_strategies=None, **kwargs)

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say $zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)$

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.**SlottedMemoryMixin**(width=None, **kwargs)

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
__init__(width=None, **kwargs)
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

```
load(addr, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)
changed_bytes(other)
state: angr.SimState
```

```
Bases: object
__init__(type_, value)
type
value
```

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
load(key, none_if_missing=False, **kwargs)
store(key, data, type_=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_mixin.JavaVmMemoryMixin(memory_id='mem',

stack=None, heap=None, vm_static_table=None, load_strategies=None, store_strategies=None, max_array_size=1000, **kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

__init__(memory_id='mem', stack=None, heap=None, vm_static_table=None, load_strategies=None, store_strategies=None, max_array_size=1000, **kwargs)

static get_new_uuid()

Generate a unique id within the scope of the JavaVM memory. This, for example, is used for distinguishing memory objects of the same type (e.g. multiple instances of the same class).

store(addr, data, frame=0)

load(*addr*, *frame=0*, *none_if_missing=False*)

push_stack_frame()

pop_stack_frame()

property stack

store_array_element(array, idx, value)

store_array_elements(array, start_idx, data)

Stores either a single element or a range of elements in the array.

Parameters

- **array** Reference to the array.
- **start_idx** Starting index for the store.
- data Either a single value or a list of values.

load_array_element(array, idx)

load_array_elements(array, start_idx, no_of_elements)

Loads either a single element or a range of elements from the array.

Parameters

- **array** Reference to the array.
- **start_idx** Starting index for the load.
- no_of_elements Number of elements to load.

concretize_store_idx(idx, strategies=None)

Concretizes a store index.

Parameters

- idx An expression for the index.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).
- min_idx Minimum value for a concretized index (inclusive).
- max_idx Maximum value for a concretized index (exclusive).

Returns

A list of concrete indexes.

concretize_load_idx(idx, strategies=None)

Concretizes a load index.

Parameters

- idx An expression for the index.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).
- min_idx Minimum value for a concretized index (inclusive).
- max_idx Maximum value for a concretized index (exclusive).

Returns

A list of concrete indexes.

set_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

Parameters

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

Parameters

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

Return type

bool

widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

Parameters

others – the other state plugin

Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

10.6 Concretization Strategies

 ${\bf class} \ \, {\bf angr.concretization_strategies.single.SimConcretizationStrategySingle} ({\it filter=None}, \\ {\it exact=True})$

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that ensures a single solution for an address.

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization_strategies.eval.} \\ \textbf{SimConcretizationStrategyEval} \\ (\textit{limit}, **kwargs) \\ \textbf{angr.concretization_strategies.eval.} \\ \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyEval} \\ \textbf{(limit}, **kwargs) \\ \textbf{angr.concretization_strategies.eval.} \\ \textbf{angr.concretization_strategies.eval.} \\ \textbf{(limit)} \\ \textbf{(l$

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves an address into some limited number of solutions. Always handles the concretization, but only returns a maximum of limit number of solutions. Therefore, should only be used as the fallback strategy.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretizationStrategyNorepeats(repeat_expr,

repeat_constraints=None,
**kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves addresses, without repeating.

__init__(repeat_expr, repeat_constraints=None, **kwargs)

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

copy()

Returns a copy of the strategy, if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, returns self.

merge(others)

Merges this strategy with others (if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, is a no-op.

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves an address into some limited number of solutions.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range.SimConcretizationStrategyNonzeroRange(limit,

**kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves a range in a non-zero location.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretizationStrategyRange(limit, **kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves addresses to a range.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization_strategies.max.**SimConcretizationStrategyMax**($max_addr=None$)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that returns the maximum address.

Parameters

```
max_addr (int | None) -
```

__init__(max_addr=None)

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.
- max_addr (int | None) -

class angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range.SimConcretizationStrategyNorepeatsRange(repeat_expr,

min=None, granularity=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves a range, with no repeats.

__init__(repeat_expr, min=None, granularity=None, **kwargs)

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

copy()

Returns a copy of the strategy, if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, returns self.

merge(others)

Merges this strategy with others (if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, is a no-op.

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero.} \\ \textbf{SimConcretizationStrategyNonzero} \\ (\textit{filter=None, exact=True}) \\$

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that returns any non-zero solution.

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that returns any single solution.

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data}. \textbf{SimConcretizationStrategyControlledData} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyControlledData}) \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretization_strategies.controlled_data}. \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretizationStrategyControlledData} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyControlledData}) \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretization_strategies.controlled_data}. \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretization_strategies}. \\ \textbf{controlled_data} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyControlledData}) \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretization_strategies}. \\ \textbf{controlled_data} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyControlledData}) \\ \textbf{concretization_strategies}. \\ \textbf{controlled_data} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyControlledData}) \\ \textbf{concretization_strategies}. \\ \textbf{controlled_data} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretizationStrategyControlledData}) \\ \textbf{controlled_data} (\textit{limit}, \textbf{simConcretiz$

fixed_addrs,
**kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that constraints the address to controlled data. Controlled data consists of symbolic data and the addresses given as arguments. memory.

```
__init__(limit, fixed_addrs, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves addresses to a range without checking if the number of possible addresses is within the limit.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

Parameters

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

10.7 Simulation Manager

Bases: object

The Simulation Manager is the future future.

Simulation managers allow you to wrangle multiple states in a slick way. States are organized into "stashes", which you can step forward, filter, merge, and move around as you wish. This allows you to, for example, step two different stashes of states at different rates, then merge them together.

Stashes can be accessed as attributes (i.e. .active). A mulpyplexed stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with mp_{-} , e.g. . $mp_{-}active$. A single state from the stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with one_{-} , e.g. . $one_{-}active$.

Note that you shouldn't usually be constructing SimulationManagers directly - there is a convenient shortcut for creating them in Project.factory: see angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory.

The most important methods you should look at are step, explore, and use_technique.

- **project** (angr.project.Project) A Project instance.
- **stashes** A dictionary to use as the stash store.
- active_states Active states to seed the "active" stash with.
- **hierarchy** A StateHierarchy object to use to track the relationships between states.
- **resilience** A set of errors to catch during stepping to put a state in the **errore** list. You may also provide the values False, None (default), or True to catch, respectively, no errors, all angr-specific errors, and a set of many common errors.
- **save_unsat** Set to True in order to introduce unsatisfiable states into the unsat stash instead of discarding them immediately.
- auto_drop A set of stash names which should be treated as garbage chutes.

- **completion_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.
- **techniques** A list of techniques that should be pre-set to use with this manager.
- suggestions Whether to automatically install the Suggestions exploration technique. Default True.

Variables

- **errored** Not a stash, but a list of ErrorRecords. Whenever a step raises an exception that we catch, the state and some information about the error are placed in this list. You can adjust the list of caught exceptions with the *resilience* parameter.
- **stashes** All the stashes on this instance, as a dictionary.
- **completion_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.

```
ALL = '_ALL'
DROP = '\_DROP'
__init__(project, active_states=None, stashes=None, hierarchy=None, resilience=None, save_unsat=False,
         auto_drop=None, errored=None, completion_mode=<built-in function any>, techniques=None,
         suggestions=True, **kwargs)
active: List[SimState]
stashed: List[SimState]
pruned: List[SimState]
unsat: List[SimState]
deadended: List[SimState]
unconstrained: List[SimState]
found: List[SimState]
one_active: SimState
             SimState
one_stashed:
one_pruned: SimState
one_unsat: SimState
one_deadended: SimState
one_unconstrained: SimState
one_found: SimState
property errored
property stashes: DefaultDict[str, List[SimState]]
```

mulpyplex(*stashes)

Mulpyplex across several stashes.

Parameters

stashes – the stashes to mulpyplex

Returns

a mulpyplexed list of states from the stashes in question, in the specified order

copy(deep=False)

Make a copy of this simulation manager. Pass deep=True to copy all the states in it as well.

If the current callstack includes hooked methods, the already-called methods will not be included in the copy.

use_technique(tech)

Use an exploration technique with this SimulationManager.

Techniques can be found in angr.exploration_techniques.

Parameters

tech (ExplorationTechnique) – An ExplorationTechnique object that contains code to modify this SimulationManager's behavior.

Returns

The technique that was added, for convenience

remove_technique(tech)

Remove an exploration technique from a list of active techniques.

Parameters

tech (ExplorationTechnique) - An ExplorationTechnique object.

```
explore(stash='active', n=None, find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False, **kwargs)
```

Tick stash "stash" forward (up to "n" times or until "num_find" states are found), looking for condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stores found states into "find_stash' and avoided states into "avoid stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a state and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any states which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

```
run(stash='active', n=None, until=None, **kwargs)
```

Run until the SimulationManager has reached a completed state, according to the current exploration techniques. If no exploration techniques that define a completion state are being used, run until there is nothing left to run.

- **stash** Operate on this stash
- **n** Step at most this many times

• until – If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

complete()

Returns whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state.

step(stash='active', target_stash=None, n=None, selector_func=None, step_func=None, error_list=None, successor_func=None, until=None, filter_func=None, **run_args)

Step a stash of states forward and categorize the successors appropriately.

The parameters to this function allow you to control everything about the stepping and categorization process.

Parameters

- **stash** The name of the stash to step (default: 'active')
- target_stash The name of the stash to put the results in (default: same as stash)
- error_list The list to put ErroredState objects in (default: self.errored)
- **selector_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a boolean. If True, the state will be stepped. Otherwise, it will be kept as-is.
- **step_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns a SimulationManager. Will be called with the SimulationManager at every step. Note that this function should not actually perform any stepping it is meant to be a maintenance function called after each step.
- **successor_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return its successors. Otherwise, project.factory.successors will be used.
- **filter_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return the name of the stash, to which the state should be moved.
- until (DEPRECATED) If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.
- n (DEPRECATED) The number of times to step (default: 1 if "until" is not provided)

Additionally, you can pass in any of the following keyword args for project.factory.successors:

- jumpkind The jumpkind of the previous exit
- addr An address to execute at instead of the state's ip.
- **stmt_whitelist** A list of stmt indexes to which to confine execution.
- **last_stmt** A statement index at which to stop execution.
- thumb Whether the block should be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode.
- backup_state A state to read bytes from instead of using project memory.
- **opt_level** The VEX optimization level to use.
- **insn_bytes** A string of bytes to use for the block instead of the project.

- **size** The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- **num_inst** The maximum number of instructions.
- traceflags traceflags to be passed to VEX. Default: 0

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

```
step_state(state, successor_func=None, error_list=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
filter(state, filter_func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
selector(state, selector_func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
successors(state, successor_func=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
prune(filter_func=None, from_stash='active', to_stash='pruned')
```

Prune unsatisfiable states from a stash.

This function will move all unsatisfiable states in the given stash into a different stash.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Only prune states that match this filter.
- **from_stash** Prune states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- to_stash Put pruned states in this stash. (default: 'pruned')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

populate(stash, states)

Populate a stash with a collection of states.

Parameters

- **stash** A stash to populate.
- **states** A list of states with which to populate the stash.

absorb(simgr)

Collect all the states from simgr and put them in their corresponding stashes in this manager. This will not modify simgr.

```
move(from_stash, to_stash, filter_func=None)
```

Move states from one stash to another.

- **from_stash** Take matching states from this stash.
- to_stash Put matching states into this stash.

• **filter_func** – Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

stash(filter func=None, from stash='active', to stash='stashed')

Stash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)
- **from_stash** Take matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- **to_stash** Put matching states into this stash. (default: 'stashed')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

unstash(filter_func=None, to_stash='active', from_stash='stashed')

Unstash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Unstash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: unstash all states)
- **from_stash** take matching states from this stash. (default: 'stashed')
- to_stash put matching states into this stash. (default: 'active')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

drop(filter_func=None, stash='active')

Drops states from a stash. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

Parameters

- **filter_func** Drop states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: drop all states)
- **stash** Drop matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

apply(state_func=None, stash_func=None, stash='active', to_stash=None)

Applies a given function to a given stash.

- **state_func** A function to apply to every state. Should take a state and return a state. The returned state will take the place of the old state. If the function *doesn't* return a state, the old state will be used. If the function returns a list of states, they will replace the original states.
- **stash_func** A function to apply to the whole stash. Should take a list of states and return a list of states. The resulting list will replace the stash. If both state_func and stash_func are provided state_func is applied first, then stash_func is applied on the results.
- **stash** A stash to work with.
- to_stash If specified, this stash will be used to store the resulting states instead.

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

Split a stash of states into two stashes depending on the specified options.

The stash from_stash will be split into two stashes depending on the other options passed in. If to_stash is provided, the second stash will be written there.

stash_splitter overrides stash_ranker, which in turn overrides state_ranker. If no functions are provided, the states are simply split according to the limit.

The sort done with state_ranker is ascending.

Parameters

- **stash_splitter** A function that should take a list of states and return a tuple of two lists (the two resulting stashes).
- **stash_ranker** A function that should take a list of states and return a sorted list of states. This list will then be split according to "limit".
- **state_ranker** An alternative to stash_splitter. States will be sorted with outputs of this function, which are to be used as a key. The first "limit" of them will be kept, the rest split off.
- limit For use with state_ranker. The number of states to keep. Default: 8
- **from_stash** The stash to split (default: 'active')
- **to_stash** The stash to write to (default: 'stashed')

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

merge(merge_func=None, merge_key=None, stash='active', prune=True)

Merge the states in a given stash.

- **stash** The stash (default: 'active')
- **merge_func** If provided, instead of using state.merge, call this function with the states as the argument. Should return the merged state.

- **merge_key** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a key that will compare equal for all states that are allowed to be merged together, as a first aproximation. By default: uses PC, callstack, and open file descriptors.
- prune Whether to prune the stash prior to merging it

Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

Return type

SimulationManager

class angr.sim_manager.ErrorRecord(state, error, traceback)

Bases: object

A container class for a state and an error that was thrown during its execution. You can find these in Simulation-Manager.errored.

Variables

- **state** The state that encountered an error, at the point in time just before the erroring step began.
- **error** The error that was thrown.
- **traceback** The traceback for the error that was thrown.

```
__init__(state, error, traceback)
```

debug()

Launch a postmortem debug shell at the site of the error.

reraise()

class angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy

Bases: object

The state hierarchy holds weak references to SimStateHistory objects in a directed acyclic graph. It is useful for queries about a state's ancestry, notably "what is the best ancestor state for a merge among these states" and "what is the most recent unsatisfiable state while using LAZY_SOLVES"

10.8 Exploration Techniques

class angr.exploration_techniques.ExplorationTechnique

Bases: object

An otiegnqwvk is a set of hooks for a simulation manager that assists in the implementation of new techniques in symbolic exploration.

TODO: choose actual name for the functionality (techniques? strategies?)

Any number of these methods may be overridden by a subclass. To use an exploration technique, call simgr. use_technique with an *instance* of the technique.

```
__init__()
setup(simgr)
```

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr**(angr.SimulationManager)—
- stash (str) -

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr**(angr.SimulationManager)—
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
selector(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine if a state should participate in the current round of stepping. Return True if the state should be stepped, and False if the state should not be stepped. To defer to the original selection procedure, return the result of simgr.selector(state, **kwargs).

If the user provided a selector_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- **state** (angr.SimState) –

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Slicecutor is an exploration that executes provided code slices.

Parameters

```
force_sat (bool) -
```

__init__(annotated_cfg, force_taking_exit=False, force_sat=False)

All parameters except *annotated_cfg* are optional.

Parameters

- annotated_cfg The AnnotatedCFG that provides the code slice.
- **force_taking_exit** Set to True if you want to create a successor based on our slice in case of unconstrained successors.
- **force_sat** (bool) If a branch specified by the slice is unsatisfiable, set this option to True if you want to force it to be satisfiable and be taken anyway.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\texttt{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added$

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.DrillerCore(trace, fuzz_bitmap=None)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique that symbolically follows an input looking for new state transitions.

It has to be used with Tracer exploration technique. Results are put in 'diverted' stash.

```
__init__(trace, fuzz_bitmap=None)
```

:param trace : The basic block trace. :type fuzz_bitmap: :param fuzz_bitmap: AFL's bitmap of state transitions. Defaults to saying every transition is worth satisfying.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.**LoopSeer**(cfg=None, functions=None, loops=None,

use_header=False, bound=None, bound_reached=None,
discard_stash='spinning', limit_concrete_loops=True)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This exploration technique monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data (well, currently it is just the loop trip counts, but feel free to add something else).

__init__(cfg=None, functions=None, loops=None, use_header=False, bound=None, bound_reached=None, discard_stash='spinning', limit_concrete_loops=True)

- cfg Normalized CFG is required.
- **functions** Function(s) containing the loop(s) to be analyzed.
- **loops** Specific group of Loop(s) to be analyzed, if this is None we run the LoopFinder analysis.

- use_header Whether to use header based trip counter to compare with the bound limit.
- **bound** Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- discard_stash Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.
- limit_concrete_loops If False, do not limit a loop back-edge if it is the only successor (Defaults to True to maintain the original behavior)

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been
added

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

```
• simgr(angr.SimulationManager)—
```

```
• state (angr.SimState) -
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique that follows an angr path with a concrete input. The tracing result is the state at the last address of the trace, which can be found in the 'traced' stash.

If the given concrete input makes the program crash, you should provide crash_addr, and the crashing state will be found in the 'crashed' stash.

- trace The basic block trace.
- resiliency Should we continue to step forward even if qemu and angr disagree?
- **keep_predecessors** Number of states before the final state we should log.
- **crash_addr** If the trace resulted in a crash, provide the crashing instruction pointer here, and the 'crashed' stash will be populated with the crashing state.
- syscall_data Data related to various syscalls recorded by tracer for replaying
- **copy_states** Whether COPY_STATES should be enabled for the tracing state. It is off by default because most tracing workloads benefit greatly from not performing copying. You want to enable it if you want to see the missed states. It will be re-added for the last 2% of the trace in order to set the predecessors list correctly. If you turn this on you may want to enable the LAZY_SOLVES option.
- **mode** Tracing mode.
- aslr Whether there are aslr slides. if not, tracer uses trace address as state address.
- follow_unsat Whether unsatisfiable states should be treated as potential successors or not.

Variables

predecessors – A list of states in the history before the final state.

__init__(trace=None, resiliency=False, keep_predecessors=1, crash_addr=None, syscall_data=None, copy_states=False, fast_forward_to_entry=True, mode='strict', aslr=True, follow_unsat=False)

set_fd_data(fd_data)

Set concrete bytes of various fds read by the program

Parameters

```
fd_data(Dict[int, bytes]) -
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\textbf{angr.SimulationManager}) - \textbf{The simulation manager to which you have just been added}$

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

filter(*simgr*, *state*, **kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

classmethod crash_windup(state, crash_addr)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Search for up to "num_find" paths that satisfy condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stashes found paths into "find_stash" and avoided paths into "avoid_stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a path and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any paths which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

If either the "find" or "avoid" parameter is a function returning a boolean, and a path triggers both conditions, it will be added to the find stash, unless "avoid_priority" is set to True.

```
__init__(find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False)
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\textbf{angr.SimulationManager}) - \textbf{The simulation manager to which you have just been added}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

class angr.exploration_techniques.Threading(threads=8, local_stash='thread_local')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Enable multithreading.

This is only useful in paths where a lot of time is taken inside z3, doing constraint solving. This is because of python's GIL, which says that only one thread at a time may be executing python code.

```
__init__(threads=8, local_stash='thread_local')
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', error_list=None, target_stash=None, **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

```
inner_step(state, simgr, **kwargs)
successors(simgr, state, engine=None, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.DFS(deferred_stash='deferred')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Depth-first search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be stashed in the 'deferred' stash. When we run out of active paths to step, we take the longest one from deferred and continue.

```
__init__(deferred_stash='deferred')
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\text{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.LengthLimiter(max_length, drop=False)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Length limiter on paths.

```
__init__(max_length, drop=False)
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (*str*) –

class angr.exploration_techniques.Veritesting(**options)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Enable veritesting. This technique, described in a paper[1] from CMU, attempts to address the problem of state explosions in loops by performing smart merging.

[1] https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~aavgerin/papers/veritesting-icse-2014.pdf

```
__init__(**options)
```

```
step_state(simgr, state, successor_func=None, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.Oppologist

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Oppologist is an exploration technique that forces uncooperative code through qemu.

```
__init__()
```

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique for directed symbolic execution.

A control flow graph (using CFGEmulated) is built and refined during symbolic execution. Each time the execution reaches a block that is outside of the CFG, the CFG recovery will be triggered with that state, with a maximum recovery depth (100 by default). If we see a basic block during state stepping that is not yet in the control flow graph, we go back to control flow graph recovery and "peek" more blocks forward.

When stepping a simulation manager, all states are categorized into three different categories:

- Might reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are prioritized.
- Will not reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are de-prioritized. However, there is a little chance for those states to be explored as well in order to prevent over-fitting.

Parameters

goal (BaseGoal) – The goal to add.

Returns

None

class angr.exploration_techniques.ExecuteAddressGoal(addr)

```
Bases: BaseGoal
```

A goal that prioritizes states reaching (or are likely to reach) certain address in some specific steps.

```
__init__(addr)
```

check(cfg, state, peek_blocks)

Check if the specified address will be executed

Parameters

- cfg -
- state -
- peek_blocks (int) -

Returns

Return type

bool

check_state(state)

Check if the current address is the target address.

Parameters

state (angr.SimState) – The state to check.

Returns

True if the current address is the target address, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

class angr.exploration_techniques.CallFunctionGoal(function, arguments)

Bases: BaseGoal

A goal that prioritizes states reaching certain function, and optionally with specific arguments. Note that constraints on arguments (and on function address as well) have to be identifiable on an accurate CFG. For example, you may have a CallFunctionGoal saying "call printf with the first argument being 'Hello, world'", and CFGEmulated must be able to figure our the first argument to printf is in fact "Hello, world", not some symbolic strings that will be constrained to "Hello, world" during symbolic execution (or simulation, however you put it).

REQUIRE_CFG_STATES = **True**

```
__init__(function, arguments)
```

check(cfg, state, peek_blocks)

Check if the specified function will be reached with certain arguments.

Parameters

- cfg -
- state -
- · peek_blocks -

Returns

check_state(state)

Check if the specific function is reached with certain arguments

Parameters

```
state (angr.SimState) – The state to check
```

Returns

True if the function is reached with certain arguments, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

class angr.exploration_techniques.**Spiller**(*src_stash='active'*, *min=5*, *max=10*,

```
staging_stash='spill_stage', staging_min=10,
staging_max=20, pickle_callback=None,
unpickle_callback=None, post_pickle_callback=None,
priority_key=None, vault=None, states_collection=None)
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Automatically spill states out. It can spill out states to a different stash, spill them out to ANA, or first do the former and then (after enough states) the latter.

```
__init__(src_stash='active', min=5, max=10, staging_stash='spill_stage', staging_min=10, staging_max=20, pickle_callback=None, unpickle_callback=None, post_pickle_callback=None, priority_key=None, vault=None, states_collection=None)
```

Initializes the spiller.

- max the number of states that are *not* spilled
- **src_stash** the stash from which to spill states (default: active)
- **staging_stash** the stash *to* which to spill states (default: "spill_stage")

- **staging_max** the number of states that can be in the staging stash before things get spilled to ANA (default: None. If staging_stash is set, then this means unlimited, and ANA will not be used).
- **priority_key** a function that takes a state and returns its numerical priority (MAX_INT is lowest priority). By default, self.state_priority will be used, which prioritizes by object ID.
- **vault** an angr.Vault object to handle storing and loading of states. If not provided, an angr.vaults.VaultShelf will be created with a temporary file.

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

static state_priority(state)

class angr.exploration_techniques.ManualMergepoint(address, wait_counter=10, prune=True)

```
Bases: ExplorationTechnique
```

```
__init__(address, wait_counter=10, prune=True)
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been
added

```
mark_nofilter(simgr, stash)
```

```
mark_okfilter(simgr, stash)
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This meta technique could be used to hook a couple of simulation manager methods without actually creating a new exploration technique, for example:

class SomeComplexAnalysis(Analysis):

def do_something():

 $simgr = self.project.factory.simulation_manager() \ simgr.use_tech(ProxyTechnique(step_state=self._step_state)) \\ simgr.run()$

def step state(self, state):

Do stuff! pass

In the above example, the _step_state method can access all the necessary stuff, hidden in the analysis instance, without passing that instance to a one-shot-styled exploration technique.

__init__(setup=None, step_state=None, step=None, successors=None, filter=None, selector=None, complete=None)

class angr.exploration_techniques.**StochasticSearch**(start_state, restart_prob=0.0001)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Stochastic Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be discarded. Before each pass through, weights are randomly assigned to each basic block. These weights form a probability distribution for determining which state remains after splits. When we run out of active paths to step, we start again from the start state.

__init__(start_state, restart_prob=0.0001)

Parameters

- **start_state** The initial state from which exploration stems.
- restart_prob The probability of randomly restarting the search (default 0.0001).

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.UniqueSearch(similarity_func=None, deferred_stash='deferred')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Unique Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be deferred. The state that is explored depends on how unique it is relative to the other deferred states. A path's uniqueness is determined by its average similarity between the other (deferred) paths. Similarity is calculated based on the supplied *similarity_func*, which by default is: The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path.

__init__(similarity_func=None, deferred_stash='deferred')

Parameters

- **similarity_func** How to calculate similarity between two states.
- **deferred_stash** Where to store the deferred states.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
static similarity(state a, state b)
```

The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state_a: :param state_a: The first state to compare :type state_b: :param state_b: The second state to compare

```
static sequence_matcher_similarity(state_a, state_b)
```

The *difflib.SequenceMatcher* ratio between the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state_a: :param state_a: The first state to compare :type state_b: :param state_b: The second state to compare

class angr.exploration_techniques.**Symbion**(find=None, memory_concretize=None,

register_concretize=None, timeout=0, find_stash='found')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Symbion exploration technique uses the SimEngineConcrete available to step a SimState.

Parameters

- find address or list of addresses that we want to reach, these will be translated into breakpoints inside the concrete process using the ConcreteTarget interface provided by the user inside the SimEngineConcrete.
- memory_concretize list of tuples (address, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
 in the concrete process memory.
- register_concretize list of tuples (reg_name, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
- timeout how long we should wait the concrete target to reach the breakpoint

__init__(find=None, memory_concretize=None, register_concretize=None, timeout=0, find_stash='found')

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
step_state(simgr, *args, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

class angr.exploration_techniques.MemoryWatcher(min_memory=512, memory_stash='lowmem')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Memory Watcher

Parameters

- min_memory (int, optional) Minimum amount of free memory in MB before stopping execution (default: 95% memory use)
- **memory_stash** (*str*, *optional*) What to call the low memory stash (default: 'lowmem')

At each step, keep an eye on how much memory is left on the system. Stash off states to effectively stop execution if we're below a given threshold.

```
__init__(min_memory=512, memory_stash='lowmem')
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.Bucketizer

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Loop bucketization: Pick log(n) paths out of n possible paths, and stash (or drop) everything else.

```
__init__()
```

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

LocalLoopSeer monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data without relying on a control flow graph.

__init__(bound=None, bound_reached=None, discard_stash='spinning')

Parameters

- **bound** Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- **discard_stash** Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Darameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\texttt{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added$

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.Timeout(timeout=None)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Timeout exploration technique that stops an active exploration if the run time exceeds a predefined timeout

```
__init__(timeout=None)
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.Suggestions

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique which analyzes failure cases and logs suggestions for how to mitigate them in future analyses.

```
__init__()
```

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- **stash** (*str*) –

static report(state, event)

class angr.exploration_techniques.timeout.Timeout(timeout=None)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Timeout exploration technique that stops an active exploration if the run time exceeds a predefined timeout

```
__init__(timeout=None)
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.dfs.DFS(deferred_stash='deferred')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Depth-first search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be stashed in the 'deferred' stash. When we run out of active paths to step, we take the longest one from deferred and continue.

```
__init__(deferred_stash='deferred')
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Search for up to "num_find" paths that satisfy condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stashes found paths into "find_stash" and avoided paths into "avoid_stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a path and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any paths which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

If either the "find" or "avoid" parameter is a function returning a boolean, and a path triggers both conditions, it will be added to the find stash, unless "avoid_priority" is set to True.

```
__init__(find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False)
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

class angr.exploration_techniques.lengthlimiter.**LengthLimiter**(max length, drop=False)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Length limiter on paths.

```
__init__(max_length, drop=False)
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

• **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –

```
• stash (str) -
class angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint.ManualMergepoint(address,
                                                                                 wait_counter=10,
                                                                                 prune=True)
     Bases: ExplorationTechnique
     __init__(address, wait_counter=10, prune=True)
     setup(simgr)
          Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.
                  simgr (angr. SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been
                  added
     mark_nofilter(simgr, stash)
     mark_okfilter(simgr, stash)
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
          Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to
          do the actual processing.
              Parameters
                  • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
                  • stash (str) -
class angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesBase
     Bases: object
     The base class of pickled states
     sort()
          Sort pickled states.
     add(prio, sid)
          Add a newly pickled state.
              Parameters
                  • prio (int) – Priority of the state.
                  • sid (str) – Persistent ID of the state.
              Returns
                  None
     pop_n(n)
          Pop the top N states.
              Parameters
                  n (int) – Number of states to take.
              Returns
                  A list of states.
class angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesList
     Bases: PickledStatesBase
```

List-backed pickled state storage.

```
__init__()
      sort()
           Sort pickled states.
      add(prio, sid)
           Add a newly pickled state.
               Parameters
                    • prio (int) – Priority of the state.
                    • sid (str) – Persistent ID of the state.
               Returns
                   None
     pop_n(n)
           Pop the top N states.
               Parameters
                   n (int) – Number of states to take.
               Returns
                   A list of states.
class angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesDb(db_str='sqlite:///:memory:')
      Bases: PickledStatesBase
      Database-backed pickled state storage.
      __init__(db_str='sqlite:///:memory:')
      sort()
           Sort pickled states.
      add(prio, sid, taken=False, stash='spilled')
           Add a newly pickled state.
               Parameters
                    • prio (int) – Priority of the state.
                    • sid (str) – Persistent ID of the state.
               Returns
                   None
     pop_n(n, stash='spilled')
           Pop the top N states.
               Parameters
                   n (int) – Number of states to take.
               Returns
                   A list of states.
      get_recent_n(n, stash='spilled')
      count()
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Automatically spill states out. It can spill out states to a different stash, spill them out to ANA, or first do the former and then (after enough states) the latter.

```
__init__(src_stash='active', min=5, max=10, staging_stash='spill_stage', staging_min=10, staging_max=20, pickle_callback=None, unpickle_callback=None, post_pickle_callback=None, priority_key=None, vault=None, states_collection=None)
```

Initializes the spiller.

Parameters

- max the number of states that are *not* spilled
- **src_stash** the stash from which to spill states (default: active)
- **staging_stash** the stash *to* which to spill states (default: "spill_stage")
- **staging_max** the number of states that can be in the staging stash before things get spilled to ANA (default: None. If staging_stash is set, then this means unlimited, and ANA will not be used).
- **priority_key** a function that takes a state and returns its numerical priority (MAX_INT is lowest priority). By default, self.state_priority will be used, which prioritizes by object ID.
- **vault** an angr. Vault object to handle storing and loading of states. If not provided, an angr. vaults. Vault Shelf will be created with a temporary file.

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.

Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.

Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example, any mapped columns or relationships.

class angr.exploration_techniques.threading.Threading(threads=8, local_stash='thread_local')

```
Bases: ExplorationTechnique
```

Enable multithreading.

This is only useful in paths where a lot of time is taken inside z3, doing constraint solving. This is because of python's GIL, which says that only one thread at a time may be executing python code.

```
__init__(threads=8, local_stash='thread_local')
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', error_list=None, target_stash=None, **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
inner_step(state, simgr, **kwargs)
```

```
successors(simgr, state, engine=None, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- **state** (angr.SimState) -

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.exploration_techniques.veritesting.} \textbf{Veritesting} (\texttt{**options})$

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Enable veritesting. This technique, described in a paper[1] from CMU, attempts to address the problem of state explosions in loops by performing smart merging.

```
[1] https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~aavgerin/papers/veritesting-icse-2014.pdf
```

```
__init__(**options)
```

```
step_state(simgr, state, successor_func=None, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to

look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.TracingMode

Bases: object

Variables

- **Strict** Strict mode, the default mode, where an exception is raised immediately if tracer's path deviates from the provided trace.
- **Permissive** Permissive mode, where tracer attempts to force the path back to the provided trace when a deviation happens. This does not always work, especially when the cause of deviation is related to input that will later be used in exploit generation. But, it might work magically sometimes.
- **CatchDesync** CatchDesync mode, catch desync because of sim_procedures. It might be a sign of something interesting.

```
Strict = 'strict'
     Permissive = 'permissive'
     CatchDesync = 'catch_desync'
exception angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.TracerDesyncError(msg, deviating_addr=None,
                                                                       deviating_trace_idx=None)
     Bases: AngrTracerError
     An error class to report tracing Tracing desyncronization error
     __init__(msg, deviating_addr=None, deviating_trace_idx=None)
class angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.RepHook(mnemonic)
     Bases: object
     Hook rep movs/stos to speed up constraint solving TODO: This should be made an exploration technique later
     __init__(mnemonic)
     run(state)
class angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.Tracer(trace=None, resiliency=False, keep_predecessors=1,
                                                      crash_addr=None, syscall_data=None,
                                                      copy_states=False, fast_forward_to_entry=True,
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique that follows an angr path with a concrete input. The tracing result is the state at the last address of the trace, which can be found in the 'traced' stash.

If the given concrete input makes the program crash, you should provide crash_addr, and the crashing state will be found in the 'crashed' stash.

mode='strict', aslr=True, follow_unsat=False)

Parameters

- trace The basic block trace.
- resiliency Should we continue to step forward even if qemu and angr disagree?
- **keep_predecessors** Number of states before the final state we should log.
- **crash_addr** If the trace resulted in a crash, provide the crashing instruction pointer here, and the 'crashed' stash will be populated with the crashing state.
- syscall_data Data related to various syscalls recorded by tracer for replaying
- copy_states Whether COPY_STATES should be enabled for the tracing state. It is off by default because most tracing workloads benefit greatly from not performing copying. You want to enable it if you want to see the missed states. It will be re-added for the last 2% of the trace in order to set the predecessors list correctly. If you turn this on you may want to enable the LAZY_SOLVES option.
- mode Tracing mode.
- aslr Whether there are aslr slides, if not, tracer uses trace address as state address.
- follow_unsat Whether unsatisfiable states should be treated as potential successors or not.

Variables

predecessors – A list of states in the history before the final state.

__init__(trace=None, resiliency=False, keep_predecessors=1, crash_addr=None, syscall_data=None, copy_states=False, fast_forward_to_entry=True, mode='strict', aslr=True, follow_unsat=False)

set_fd_data(fd data)

Set concrete bytes of various fds read by the program

Parameters

```
fd_data(Dict[int, bytes]) -
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

classmethod crash_windup(state, crash addr)

class angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core.DrillerCore(trace, fuzz_bitmap=None)

```
Bases: ExplorationTechnique
```

An exploration technique that symbolically follows an input looking for new state transitions.

It has to be used with Tracer exploration technique. Results are put in 'diverted' stash.

```
__init__(trace, fuzz_bitmap=None)
```

:param trace : The basic block trace. :type fuzz_bitmap: :param fuzz_bitmap: AFL's bitmap of state transitions. Defaults to saying every transition is worth satisfying.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

• **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -

• stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Slicecutor is an exploration that executes provided code slices.

Parameters

```
force_sat (bool) -
```

__init__(annotated_cfg, force_taking_exit=False, force_sat=False)

All parameters except *annotated_cfg* are optional.

Parameters

- annotated_cfg The AnnotatedCFG that provides the code slice.
- **force_taking_exit** Set to True if you want to create a successor based on our slice in case of unconstrained successors.
- **force_sat** (bool) If a branch specified by the slice is unsatisfiable, set this option to True if you want to force it to be satisfiable and be taken anyway.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

```
• simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

```
• state (angr.SimState) -
```

class angr.exploration_techniques.director.BaseGoal(sort)

Bases: object

```
REQUIRE_CFG_STATES = False
```

```
__init__(sort)
```

check(cfg, state, peek_blocks)

Parameters

- **cfg** (angr.analyses.CFGEmulated) An instance of CFGEmulated.
- **state** (angr.SimState) The state to check.
- peek_blocks (int) Number of blocks to peek ahead from the current point.

Returns

True if we can determine that this condition is definitely satisfiable if the path is taken, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

check_state(state)

Check if the current state satisfies the goal.

Parameters

```
state (angr.SimState) – The state to check.
```

Returns

True if it satisfies the goal, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

 ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.exploration_techniques.director. {\bf ExecuteAddressGoal}} (addr)$

Bases: BaseGoal

A goal that prioritizes states reaching (or are likely to reach) certain address in some specific steps.

```
__init__(addr)
```

check(cfg, state, peek_blocks)

Check if the specified address will be executed

```
• cfg -
```

• state -

• peek_blocks (int) -

Returns

Return type

bool.

check_state(state)

Check if the current address is the target address.

Parameters

state (angr.SimState) - The state to check.

Returns

True if the current address is the target address, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

class angr.exploration_techniques.director.CallFunctionGoal(function, arguments)

Bases: BaseGoal

A goal that prioritizes states reaching certain function, and optionally with specific arguments. Note that constraints on arguments (and on function address as well) have to be identifiable on an accurate CFG. For example, you may have a CallFunctionGoal saying "call printf with the first argument being 'Hello, world'", and CFGEmulated must be able to figure our the first argument to printf is in fact "Hello, world", not some symbolic strings that will be constrained to "Hello, world" during symbolic execution (or simulation, however you put it).

REQUIRE_CFG_STATES = True

__init__(function, arguments)

check(cfg, state, peek_blocks)

Check if the specified function will be reached with certain arguments.

Parameters

- cfa -
- state –
- peek_blocks -

Returns

check_state(state)

Check if the specific function is reached with certain arguments

Parameters

```
state (angr.SimState) - The state to check
```

Returns

True if the function is reached with certain arguments, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique for directed symbolic execution.

A control flow graph (using CFGEmulated) is built and refined during symbolic execution. Each time the execution reaches a block that is outside of the CFG, the CFG recovery will be triggered with that state, with a maximum recovery depth (100 by default). If we see a basic block during state stepping that is not yet in the control flow graph, we go back to control flow graph recovery and "peek" more blocks forward.

When stepping a simulation manager, all states are categorized into three different categories:

- Might reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are prioritized.
- Will not reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are de-prioritized. However, there is a little chance for those states to be explored as well in order to prevent over-fitting.

```
__init__(peek_blocks=100, peek_functions=5, goals=None, cfg_keep_states=False, goal_satisfied_callback=None, num_fallback_states=5)

Constructor.

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Parameters
```

- simgr -
- stash –
- kwargs —

Returns

```
add_goal(goal)
```

Add a goal.

Parameters

goal (BaseGoal) - The goal to add.

Returns

None

class angr.exploration_techniques.oppologist.Oppologist

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Oppologist is an exploration technique that forces uncooperative code through qemu.

```
__init__()
```

successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

```
• simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

• state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This exploration technique monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data (well, currently it is just the loop trip counts, but feel free to add something else).

__init__(cfg=None, functions=None, loops=None, use_header=False, bound=None, bound_reached=None, discard_stash='spinning', limit_concrete_loops=True)

Parameters

- cfg Normalized CFG is required.
- **functions** Function(s) containing the loop(s) to be analyzed.
- loops Specific group of Loop(s) to be analyzed, if this is None we run the LoopFinder analysis.
- use_header Whether to use header based trip counter to compare with the bound limit.
- bound Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- **discard_stash** Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.
- limit_concrete_loops If False, do not limit a loop back-edge if it is the only successor (Defaults to True to maintain the original behavior)

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added

filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer.LocalLoopSeer(bound=None,

bound_reached=None,
discard_stash='spinning')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

LocalLoopSeer monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data without relying on a control flow graph.

__init__(bound=None, bound_reached=None, discard_stash='spinning')

Parameters

- **bound** Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- **discard_stash** Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, **kwargs)

If the user provided a filter_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic.**StochasticSearch**(start_state, restart_prob=0.0001)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Stochastic Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be discarded. Before each pass through, weights are randomly assigned to each basic block. These weights form a probability distribution for determining which state remains after splits. When we run out of active paths to step, we start again from the start state.

```
__init__(start_state, restart_prob=0.0001)
```

Parameters

- **start_state** The initial state from which exploration stems.
- restart_prob The probability of randomly restarting the search (default 0.0001).

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Unique Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be deferred. The state that is explored depends on how unique it is relative to the other deferred states. A path's uniqueness is determined by its average similarity between the other (deferred) paths. Similarity is calculated based on the supplied *similarity_func*, which by default is: The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path.

```
__init__(similarity func=None, deferred stash='deferred')
```

Parameters

- **similarity_func** How to calculate similarity between two states.
- **deferred_stash** Where to store the deferred states.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\texttt{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

static similarity(*state a, state b*)

The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state_a: :param state_a: The first state to compare :type state_b: :param state_b: The second state to compare

```
static sequence_matcher_similarity(state_a, state_b)
```

The *difflib.SequenceMatcher* ratio between the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state_a: :param state_a: The first state to compare :type state_b: :param state_b: The second state to compare

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This meta technique could be used to hook a couple of simulation manager methods without actually creating a new exploration technique, for example:

class SomeComplexAnalysis(Analysis):

def do_something():

simgr = self.project.factory.simulation_manager() simgr.use_tech(ProxyTechnique(step_state=self._step_state)) simgr.run()

def _step_state(self, state): # Do stuff! pass

In the above example, the _step_state method can access all the necessary stuff, hidden in the analysis instance, without passing that instance to a one-shot-styled exploration technique.

```
__init__(setup=None, step_state=None, step=None, successors=None, filter=None, selector=None, complete=None)
```

angr.exploration_techniques.common.condition_to_lambda(condition, default=False)

Translates an integer, set, list or function into a lambda that checks if state's current basic block matches some condition.

Parameters

- **condition** An integer, set, list or lambda to convert to a lambda.
- **default** The default return value of the lambda (in case condition is None). Default: false.

Returns

A tuple of two items: a lambda that takes a state and returns the set of addresses that it matched from the condition, and a set that contains the normalized set of addresses to stop at, or None if no addresses were provided statically.

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Symbion exploration technique uses the SimEngineConcrete available to step a SimState.

Parameters

- find address or list of addresses that we want to reach, these will be translated into breakpoints inside the concrete process using the ConcreteTarget interface provided by the user inside the SimEngineConcrete.
- **memory_concretize** list of tuples (address, symbolic variable) that are going to be written in the concrete process memory.
- register_concretize list of tuples (reg_name, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
- timeout how long we should wait the concrete target to reach the breakpoint

```
__init__(find=None, memory_concretize=None, register_concretize=None, timeout=0, find_stash='found')
setup(simgr)
```

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (*str*) –

```
step_state(simgr, *args, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, **kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step_state(state, **kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion_mode.

Parameters

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Memory Watcher

Parameters

- min_memory (int, optional) Minimum amount of free memory in MB before stopping execution (default: 95% memory use)
- **memory_stash** (*str*, *optional*) What to call the low memory stash (default: 'lowmem')

At each step, keep an eye on how much memory is left on the system. Stash off states to effectively stop execution if we're below a given threshold.

```
__init__(min_memory=512, memory_stash='lowmem')
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

Parameters

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration_techniques.bucketizer.Bucketizer

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Loop bucketization: Pick log(n) paths out of n possible paths, and stash (or drop) everything else.

```
__init__()
```

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, **kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

Parameters

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions.ast_weight(ast, memo=None)

angr class angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions.Suggestions Bases: ExplorationTechnique An exploration technique which analyzes failure cases and logs suggestions for how to mitigate them in future analyses. __init__() step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs) Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to do the actual processing. **Parameters** • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -• stash (str) static report(state, event) 10.9 Simulation Engines class angr.engines.UberEngine(*args, **kwargs) SimEngineFailure. SimEngineSyscall, HooksMixin. SimEngineUnicorn, SuperFastpathMixin, TrackActionsMixin, SimInspectMixin, HeavyResilienceMixin, SootMixin, HeavyVEXMixin, TLSMixin irsb state stmt_idx successors: Optional[SimSuccessors]

```
class angr.engines.UberEnginePcode(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimEngineFailure, SimEngineSyscall, HooksMixin, HeavyPcodeMixin

class angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBase(project=None, **kwargs)

Bases: object

tmps

Even more basey of a base class for SimEngine. Used as a base by mixins which want access to the project but for which having method *process* (contained in *SimEngine*) doesn't make sense

```
__init__(project=None, **kwargs)
```

class angr.engines.engine.SimEngine(project=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SimEngineBase

A SimEngine is a class which understands how to perform execution on a state. This is a base class.

```
abstract process(state, **kwargs)
```

The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.

Parameters

state – The state to proceed from

Returns

The result. Whatever you want;)

```
class angr.engines.engine.TLSMixin(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: object
```

Mix this class into any class that defines __tls to make all of the attributes named in that list into thread-local properties.

MAGIC MAGIC MAGIC

```
class angr.engines.engine.TLSProperty(name)
    Bases: object
```

```
class angr.engines.engine.SuccessorsMixin(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: SimEngine
```

__init__(name)

A mixin for SimEngine which implements process to perform common operations related to symbolic execution and dispatches to a process_successors method to fill a SimSuccessors object with the results.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)

process(state, *args, **kwargs)
```

Perform execution with a state.

You should only override this method in a subclass in order to provide the correct method signature and docstring. You should override the _process method to do your actual execution.

Parameters

- **state** The state with which to execute. This state will be copied before modification.
- **inline** This is an inline execution. Do not bother copying the state.
- force_addr Force execution to pretend that we're working at this concrete address

Returns

A SimSuccessors object categorizing the execution's successor states

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

- **state** The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.successors.**SimSuccessors**(addr, initial_state)

Bases: object

This class serves as a categorization of all the kinds of result states that can come from a SimEngine run.

Variables

- addr (int) The address at which execution is taking place, as a python int
- initial_state The initial state for which execution produced these successors
- **engine** The engine that produced these successors
- sort A string identifying the type of engine that produced these successors
- **processed** (bool) Whether or not the processing succeeded
- **description** (*str*) A textual description of the execution step

The successor states produced by this run are categorized into several lists:

Variables

- **artifacts** (*dict*) Any analysis byproducts (for example, an IRSB) that were produced during execution
- **successors** The "normal" successors. IP may be symbolic, but must have reasonable number of solutions
- unsat_successors Any successor which is unsatisfiable after its guard condition is added.
- all_successors successors + unsat_successors
- **flat_successors** The normal successors, but any symbolic IPs have been concretized. There is one state in this list for each possible value an IP may be concretized to for each successor state.
- **unconstrained_successors** Any state for which during the flattening process we find too many solutions.

A more detailed description of the successor lists may be found here: https://docs.angr.io/core-concepts/simulation#simsuccessors

```
__init__(addr, initial_state)
```

classmethod failure()

property is_empty

Add a successor state of the SimRun. This procedure stores method parameters into state.scratch, does some housekeeping, and calls out to helper functions to prepare the state and categorize it into the appropriate successor lists.

- **state** (SimState) The successor state.
- **target** The target (of the jump/call/ret).
- **guard** The guard expression.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind (call, ret, jump, or whatnot).

- add_guard (bool) Whether to add the guard constraint (default: True).
- exit_stmt_idx (int) The ID of the exit statement, an integer by default. 'default' stands for the default exit, and None means it's not from a statement (for example, from a SimProcedure).
- **exit_ins_addr** (*int*) The instruction pointer of this exit, which is an integer by default.
- **source** (*int*) The source of the jump (i.e., the address of the basic block).

class angr.engines.procedure.ProcedureMixin

Bases: object

A mixin for SimEngine which adds the process_procedure method for calling a SimProcedure and adding its results to a SimSuccessors.

process_procedure(state, successors, procedure, ret_to=None, arguments=None, **kwargs)

class angr.engines.procedure.ProcedureEngine(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: ProcedureMixin, SuccessorsMixin

A SimEngine that you may use if you only care about processing SimProcedures. *Requires* the procedure kwarg to be passed to process.

process_successors(successors, procedure=None, **kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C,D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

Parameters

- state The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.hook.HooksMixin(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

A SimEngine mixin which adds a SimSuccessors handler which will look into the project's hooks and run the hook at the current address.

Will respond to the following parameters provided to the step stack:

- procedure: A SimProcedure instance to force-run instead of consulting the current hooks
- ret_to: An address to force-return-to at the end of the procedure

process_successors(successors, procedure=None, **kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple

subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

Parameters

- state The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.syscall.SimEngineSyscall(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

A SimEngine mixin which adds a successors handling step that checks if a syscall was just requested and if so handles it as a step.

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

Parameters

- state The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.failure.SimEngineFailure(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

- **state** The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

```
class angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

Execution engine based on Soot.

lift_soot(addr=None, the binary=None, **kwargs)

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

Parameters

- state The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

```
get_unconstrained_simprocedure()
```

```
classmethod setup_callsite(state, args, ret_addr, ret_var=None)
```

```
static setup_arguments(state, args)
```

static prepare_return_state(state, ret_value=None)

static terminate_execution(statement, state, successors)

```
static prepare_native_return_state(native_state)
```

Hook target for native function call returns.

Recovers and stores the return value from native memory and toggles the state, s.t. execution continues in the Soot engine.

class angr.engines.unicorn.SimEngineUnicorn(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin

Concrete execution in the Unicorn Engine, a fork of qemu.

Responds to the following parameters in the step stack:

- step: How many basic blocks we want to execute
- extra_stop_points: A collection of addresses at which execution should halt

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple

subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

Parameters

- **state** The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete(project)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin

Concrete execution using a concrete target provided by the user.

```
__init__(project)
```

process_successors(successors, extra_stop_points=None, memory_concretize=None, register_concretize=None, timeout=0, *args, **kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

Parameters

- state The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

to_engine(state, extra_stop_points, memory_concretize, register_concretize, timeout)

Handle the concrete execution of the process This method takes care of: 1- Set the breakpoints on the addresses provided by the user 2- Concretize the symbolic variables and perform the write inside the concrete process 3- Continue the program execution.

Parameters

- state The state with which to execute
- extra_stop_points list of a addresses where to stop the concrete execution and return to the simulated one
- memory_concretize list of tuples (address, symbolic variable) that are going to be written in the concrete process memory.
- register_concretize list of tuples (reg_name, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
- timeout how long we should wait the concrete target to reach the breakpoint

Returns

None

static check_concrete_target_methods(concrete_target)

Check if the concrete target methods return the correct type of data :return: True if the concrete target is compliant

class angr.engines.pcode.engine.HeavyPcodeMixin(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, PcodeLifterEngineMixin, PcodeEmulatorMixin

Execution engine based on P-code, Ghidra's IR.

Responds to the following parameters to the step stack:

- irsb: The P-Code IRSB object to use for execution. If not provided one will be lifted.
- skip_stmts: The number of statements to skip in processing
- last_stmt: Do not execute any statements after this statement
- thumb: Whether the block should be force to be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode. (FIXME)
- extra_stop_points:

An extra set of points at which to break basic blocks

- insn_bytes: A string of bytes to use for the block instead of the project.
- size: The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- num_inst: The maximum number of instructions.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

process_successors(successors, irsb=None, insn_text=None, insn_bytes=None, thumb=False, size=None, num_inst=None, extra_stop_points=None, **kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

- **state** The state to manipulate
- **successors** (*SimSuccessors*) The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.
- irsb (IRSB / None) -
- insn_text(str | None) -
- insn_bytes (bytes | None) -
- thumb (bool) -
- size (int | None) -
- num_inst(int | None) -
- extra_stop_points (Iterable[int] | None) -

```
Return type
                 None
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.ExitStatement(dst, jumpkind)
     Bases: object
     This class exists to ease compatibility with CFGFast's processing of exit_statements. See _scan_irsb method.
          Parameters
                • dst(int | None) -
                • jumpkind (str) -
     __init__(dst, jumpkind)
              Parameters
                  • dst (int | None) -
                  • jumpkind (str) -
     dst: Optional[int]
     jumpkind: str
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerBlock(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     Bases: DisassemblerBlock
     Helper class to represent a block of disassembled target architecture instructions
     addr
     insns
     thumb
     arch
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerInsn(pcode_insn)
     Bases: DisassemblerInsn
     Helper class to represent a disassembled target architecture instruction
     __init__(pcode_insn)
     property size: int
     property address: int
     property mnemonic: str
     property op_str: str
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB(data, mem_addr, arch, max_inst=None, max_bytes=None,
                                          bytes_offset=0, traceflags=0, opt_level=1, num_inst=None,
                                          num_bytes=None, strict_block_end=False, skip_stmts=False,
                                          collect_data_refs=False)
     Bases: object
```

IRSB stands for Intermediate Representation Super-Block. An IRSB in is a single-entry, multiple-exit code block.

Variables

- arch (archinfo.Arch) The architecture this block is lifted under
- statements (list of IRStmt) The statements in this block
- next (IRExpr) The expression for the default exit target of this block
- **offsIP** (*int*) The offset of the instruction pointer in the VEX guest state
- **stmts_used** (*int*) The number of statements in this IRSB
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The type of this block's default jump (call, boring, syscall, etc) as a VEX enum string
- direct_next (bool) Whether this block ends with a direct (not indirect) jump or branch
- **size** (*int*) The size of this block in bytes
- addr (int) The address of this basic block, i.e. the address in the first IMark

Parameters

```
• data(str | bytes | None) -
• mem_addr(int) -
• arch(Arch) -
• max_inst(int | None) -
• max_bytes(int | None) -
• bytes_offset(int) -
• traceflags(int) -
• opt_level(int) -
• num_inst(int | None) -
• num_bytes(int | None) -
• strict_block_end(bool) -
```

• skip_stmts(bool) -

collect_data_refs (bool) -

$MAX_EXITS = 400$

$MAX_DATA_REFS = 2000$

__init__(data, mem_addr, arch, max_inst=None, max_bytes=None, bytes_offset=0, traceflags=0, opt_level=1, num_inst=None, num_bytes=None, strict_block_end=False, skip_stmts=False, collect_data_refs=False)

- data (Union[str, bytes, None]) The bytes to lift. Can be either a string of bytes or a cffi buffer object. You may also pass None to initialize an empty IRSB.
- mem_addr (int) The address to lift the data at.
- arch (Arch) The architecture to lift the data as.
- max_inst (Optional[int]) The maximum number of instructions to lift. (See note below)
- max_bytes (Optional[int]) The maximum number of bytes to use.

- num_inst (Optional[int]) Replaces max_inst if max_inst is None. If set to None as well, no instruction limit is used.
- num_bytes (Optional[int]) Replaces max_bytes if max_bytes is None. If set to None as well, no byte limit is used.
- bytes_offset (int) The offset into *data* to start lifting at. Note that for ARM THUMB mode, both *mem_addr* and *bytes_offset* must be odd (typically *bytes_offset* is set to 1).
- traceflags (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- opt_level (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- strict_block_end (bool) Unused by P-Code lifter
- skip_stmts (bool) -
- collect_data_refs (bool) -

Return type

None

Note: Explicitly specifying the number of instructions to lift (*max_inst*) may not always work exactly as expected. For example, on MIPS, it is meaningless to lift a branch or jump instruction without its delay slot. VEX attempts to Do The Right Thing by possibly decoding fewer instructions than requested. Specifically, this means that lifting a branch or jump on MIPS as a single instruction (*max_inst=1*) will result in an empty IRSB, and subsequent attempts to run this block will raise *SimIRSBError*(*'Empty IRSB passed to SimIRSB.'*).

Note: If no instruction and byte limit is used, the lifter will continue lifting the block until the block ends properly or until it runs out of data to lift.

```
addr: int
arch: Arch
```

behaviors: Optional[BehaviorFactory]

data_refs: Sequence

default_exit_target: Optional

jumpkind: Optional[str]

next: Optional[int]

static empty_block(arch, addr, statements=None, nxt=None, tyenv=None, jumpkind=None, direct_next=None, size=None)

Return type

IRSB

- arch (Arch) -
- addr (int) -
- statements (Sequence | None) -

```
• nxt (int | None) -
             • jumpkind(str / None) -
             • direct_next(bool | None) -
             • size (int | None) -
property has_statements: bool
property exit_statements: Sequence[Tuple[int, int, ExitStatement]]
copy()
     Copy by creating an empty IRSB and then filling in the leftover attributes. Copy is made as deep as possible
         Return type
             IRSB
extend(extendwith)
     Appends an irsb to the current irsb. The irsb that is appended is invalidated. The appended irsb's jumpkind
     and default exit are used. :type extendwith: IRSB :param extendwith: The IRSB to append to this IRSB
         Return type
             IRSB
         Parameters
            extendwith (IRSB) -
invalidate_direct_next()
         Return type
            None
pp()
     Pretty-print the IRSB to stdout.
         Return type
            None
property tyenv
property stmts_used: int
property offsIP: int
property direct_next: bool
property expressions
     Return an iterator of all expressions contained in the IRSB.
property instructions: int
     The number of instructions in this block
property instruction_addresses: Sequence[int]
     Addresses of instructions in this block.
property size: int
    The size of this block, in bytes
property operations
     A list of all operations done by the IRSB, as libVEX enum names
```

property all_constants

Returns all constants in the block (including incrementing of the program counter) as pyvex.const. IRConst.

property constants

The constants (excluding updates of the program counter) in the IRSB as pyvex.const.IRConst.

property constant_jump_targets

A set of the static jump targets of the basic block.

property constant_jump_targets_and_jumpkinds

A dict of the static jump targets of the basic block to their jumpkind.

property statements: Iterable

property disassembly: PcodeDisassemblerBlock

class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter(arch, addr)

Bases: object

A lifter is a class of methods for processing a block.

Variables

- data The bytes to lift as either a python string of bytes or a cffi buffer object.
- **bytes_offset** The offset into *data* to start lifting at.
- max_bytes The maximum number of bytes to lift. If set to None, no byte limit is used.
- max_inst The maximum number of instructions to lift. If set to None, no instruction limit is used.
- **opt_level** Unused by P-Code lifter
- traceflags Unused by P-Code lifter
- allow_arch_optimizations Unused by P-Code lifter
- strict_block_end Unused by P-Code lifter
- **skip_stmts** Unused by P-Code lifter

Parameters

- arch (Arch) -
- addr (int) -

 $REQUIRE_DATA_C = False$

 $REQUIRE_DATA_PY = False$

__init__(arch, addr)

Parameters

- arch (Arch) -
- addr (int) -

arch: Arch

addr: int

```
data: Union[str, bytes, None]
bytes_offset: Optional[int]
opt_level: int
traceflags: Optional[int]
allow_arch_optimizations: Optional[bool]
strict_block_end: Optional[bool]
collect_data_refs: bool
max_inst: Optional[int]
max_bytes: Optional[int]
skip_stmts: bool
irsb: IRSB
lift()
```

Lifts the data using the information passed into _lift. Should be overridden in child classes.

Should set the lifted IRSB to self.irsb. If a lifter raises a LiftingException on the data, this signals that the lifter cannot lift this data and arch and the lifter is skipped. If a lifter can lift any amount of data, it should lift it and return the lifted block with a jumpkind of Ijk_NoDecode, signalling to pyvex that other lifters should be used on the undecodable data.

Return type None

Lift machine code in *data* to a P-code IRSB.

If a lifter raises a LiftingException on the data, it is skipped. If it succeeds and returns a block with a jumpkind of Ijk_NoDecode, all of the lifters are tried on the rest of the data and if they work, their output is appended to the first block.

- arch (Arch) The arch to lift the data as.
- addr (int) The starting address of the block. Effects the IMarks.
- **data** (Union[str, bytes, None]) The bytes to lift as either a python string of bytes or a cffi buffer object.
- max_bytes (Optional[int]) The maximum number of bytes to lift. If set to None, no byte limit is used.
- max_inst (Optional[int]) The maximum number of instructions to lift. If set to None, no instruction limit is used.
- **bytes_offset** (int) The offset into *data* to start lifting at.
- opt_level (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- traceflags (int) Unused by P-Code lifter

```
strict_block_end (bool) -
inner (bool) -
skip_stmts (bool) -
collect_data_refs (bool) -

Return type
IRSB
```

Note: Explicitly specifying the number of instructions to lift (*max_inst*) may not always work exactly as expected. For example, on MIPS, it is meaningless to lift a branch or jump instruction without its delay slot. VEX attempts to Do The Right Thing by possibly decoding fewer instructions than requested. Specifically, this means that lifting a branch or jump on MIPS as a single instruction (*max_inst=1*) will result in an empty IRSB, and subsequent attempts to run this block will raise *SimIRSBError*(*'Empty IRSB passed to SimIRSB.'*).

Note: If no instruction and byte limit is used, the lifter will continue lifting the block until the block ends properly or until it runs out of data to lift.

```
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeBasicBlockLifter(arch)
     Bases: object
     Lifts basic blocks to P-code
          Parameters
              arch (Arch) -
     __init__(arch)
              Parameters
                 arch (Arch) -
     context: Context
     behaviors: BehaviorFactory
     lift(irsb, baseaddr, data, bytes_offset=0, max_bytes=None, max_inst=None, branch_delay_slot=False,
           is sparc32=False)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                  • irsb (IRSB) -
                  • baseaddr (int) -
                  • data(bytes | bytearray) -
                  • bytes_offset (int) -
                  • max_bytes (int | None) -
                  • max_inst(int | None) -
                  • branch_delay_slot (bool) -
                  • is_sparc32 (bool) -
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter(arch, addr)
    Bases: Lifter
    Handles calling into pypcode to lift a block
         Parameters
              • arch (Arch) -
              • addr (int) -
    data: Union[str, bytes, None]
    bytes_offset: Optional[int]
    opt_level: int
    traceflags: Optional[int]
    allow_arch_optimizations: Optional[bool]
    strict_block_end: Optional[bool]
    collect_data_refs: bool
    max_inst: Optional[int]
    max_bytes: Optional[int]
    skip_stmts: bool
    irsb: IRSB
    arch: Arch
    addr:
            int
    lift()
```

Lifts the data using the information passed into _lift. Should be overridden in child classes.

Should set the lifted IRSB to self.irsb. If a lifter raises a LiftingException on the data, this signals that the lifter cannot lift this data and arch and the lifter is skipped. If a lifter can lift any amount of data, it should lift it and return the lifted block with a jumpkind of Ijk_NoDecode, signalling to pyvex that other lifters should be used on the undecodable data.

Return type None

Bases: SimEngineBase

Lifter mixin to lift from machine code to P-Code.

Parameters

```
• use_cache (bool | None) -
```

• cache_size (int) -

```
• default_opt_level (int) -
          • selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -
          • single_step (bool) -
          • default_strict_block_end(bool) -
__init__(project=None, use_cache=None, cache_size=50000, default_opt_level=1,
          selfmodifying_code=None, single_step=False, default_strict_block_end=False, **kwargs)
        Parameters
             • use_cache (bool | None) -
             • cache_size (int) -
             • default_opt_level (int) -
             • selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -
             • single_step(bool) -
             • default_strict_block_end(bool) -
clear_cache()
        Return type
            None
lift_vex(addr=None, state=None, clemory=None, insn_bytes=None, arch=None, size=None,
          num_inst=None, traceflags=0, thumb=False, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None,
          strict_block_end=None, skip_stmts=False, collect_data_refs=False, load_from_ro_regions=False,
          cross_insn_opt=None)
    Temporary compatibility interface for integration with block code.
        Parameters
             • addr (int | None) -
             • state (SimState | None) -
             • clemory (Clemory | None) -
             • insn_bytes (bytes | None) -
             • arch (Arch | None) -
```

```
• size (int | None) -
• num_inst(int | None) -
• traceflags (int) -
• thumb (bool) -
• extra_stop_points (Iterable[int] | None) -
• opt_level (int | None) -
• strict_block_end(bool | None) -
• skip_stmts(bool) -
• collect_data_refs (bool) -
• load_from_ro_regions (bool) -
• cross_insn_opt (bool | None) -
```

Lift an IRSB.

There are many possible valid sets of parameters. You at the very least must pass some source of data, some source of an architecture, and some source of an address.

Sources of data in order of priority: insn_bytes, clemory, state

Sources of an address, in order of priority: addr, state

Sources of an architecture, in order of priority: arch, clemory, state

Parameters

- **state** (Optional[SimState]) A state to use as a data source.
- **clemory** (Optional[Clemory]) A cle.memory.Clemory object to use as a data source.
- addr (Optional[int]) The address at which to start the block.
- thumb (bool) Whether the block should be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode.
- opt_level (Optional[int]) Unused for P-Code lifter
- insn_bytes (Optional[bytes]) A string of bytes to use as a data source.
- **size** (Optional[int]) The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- num_inst (Optional[int]) The maximum number of instructions.
- traceflags (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- strict_block_end (Optional[bool]) Unused by P-Code lifter
- load_from_ro_regions (bool) Unused by P-Code lifter
- arch (Arch | None) -
- extra_stop_points (Iterable[int] | None) -
- skip_stmts(bool) -
- collect_data_refs (bool) -
- cross_insn_opt (bool | None) -

class angr.engines.pcode.emulate.PcodeEmulatorMixin(*args, **kwargs)

```
Bases: SimEngineBase
Mixin for p-code execution.
```

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

handle_pcode_block(irsb)

Execute a single P-Code IRSB.

Parameters

irsb (*IRSB*) – Block to be executed.

Return type

None

```
angr.engines.pcode.behavior.make_bv_sizes_equal(bv1, bv2)
     Makes two BVs equal in length through sign extension.
          Return type
              Tuple[BV, BV]
          Parameters
                • bv1 (BV) -
                • bv2 (BV) -
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior(opcode, is_unary, is_special=False)
     Bases: object
     Base class for all operation behaviors.
          Parameters
                • opcode (int) -
                • is_unary (bool) -
                • is_special (bool) -
     __init__(opcode, is_unary, is_special=False)
              Parameters
                  • opcode (int) -
                  • is_unary (bool) -
                  • is_special (bool) -
              Return type
                  None
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                  • in1 (BV) -
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
```

```
• in1 (BV) -
                  • in2 (BV) -
     static generic_compare(args, comparison)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • args (Iterable[BV]) -
                  • comparison (Callable[[BV, BV], BV]) -
     classmethod booleanize(in1)
          Reduce input BV to a single bit of truth: out <-1 if (in1 != 0) else 0.
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  in1 (BV) -
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the COPY operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                  • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_EQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
```

```
• size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorNotEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_NOTEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSless
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SLESS operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
```

```
is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSlessEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SLESSEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLess
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_LESS operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLessEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_LESSEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int) –
                 • in1 (BV) -
                  • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntZext
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_ZEXT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSext
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SEXT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
```

```
opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.engines.pcode.behavior.0pBehaviorIntAdd}
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_ADD operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSub
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SUB operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntCarry
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_CARRY operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScarry
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SCARRY operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSborrow
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SBORROW operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int) –
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorInt2Comp
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_2COMP operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntNegate
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_NEGATE operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
```

```
opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.engines.pcode.behavior.0pBehaviorIntXor}
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_XOR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAnd
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_AND operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOr
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_OR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLeft
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_LEFT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRight
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_RIGHT operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSright
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SRIGHT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMult
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_MULT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
```

```
• in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntDiv
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_DIV operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdiv
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SDIV operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRem
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_REM operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSrem
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SREM operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_NEGATE operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolXor
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_XOR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolAnd
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_AND operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
```

```
• in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_OR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the FLOAT_EQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNotEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the FLOAT_NOTEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_LESS operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_LESSEQUAL operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_NAN operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_ADD operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_DIV operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
```

```
is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_MULT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSub
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_SUB operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNeg
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_NEG operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_ABS operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSqrt
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_SQRT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
```

```
is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_INT2FLOAT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_FLOAT2FLOAT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatTrunc
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_TRUNC operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_CEIL operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_FLOOR operation.
    __init__()
```

```
opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatRound
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the FLOAT_ROUND operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorPiece
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the PIECE operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorSubpiece
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the SUBPIECE operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorPopcount
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the POPCOUNT operation.
```

```
__init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.BehaviorFactory
     Bases: object
     Returns the behavior object for a given opcode.
     __init__()
     get_behavior_for_opcode(opcode)
             Return type
                 OpBehavior
             Parameters
                 opcode (int) -
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCM68k(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Default CC for M68k
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 4
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <d0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCRISCV(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Default CC for RISCV
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
```

```
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ra>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <a0>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSPARC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for SPARC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['o0', 'o1']
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <00>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <07>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSH4(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for SH4
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r4', 'r5']
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <pr>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPARISC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for PARISC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r26', 'r25']
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r28>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <rp>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for PowerPC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 8
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
```

```
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCXtensa(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Default CC for Xtensa
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['i2', 'i3', 'i4', 'i5', 'i6', 'i7']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <a0>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <02>
angr.engines.pcode.cc.register_pcode_arch_default_cc(arch)
         Parameters
             arch (ArchPcode) -
10.10 Simulation Logging
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction(state, region_type)
     Bases: SimEvent
     A SimAction represents a semantic action that an analyzed program performs.
     TMP = 'tmp'
     REG = 'reg'
     MEM = 'mem'
     __init__(state, region_type)
          Initializes the SimAction.
             Parameters
                 state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
     property tmp_deps
     property reg_deps
     copy()
     downsize()
          Clears some low-level details (that take up memory) out of the SimAction.
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionExit(state, target, condition=None, exit_type=None)
     Bases: SimAction
```

An Exit action represents a (possibly conditional) jump.

```
CONDITIONAL = 'conditional'
     DEFAULT = 'default'
     __init__(state, target, condition=None, exit_type=None)
          Initializes the SimAction.
               Parameters
                  state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionConstraint(state, constraint, condition=None)
     Bases: SimAction
     A constraint action represents an extra constraint added during execution of a path.
     __init__(state, constraint, condition=None)
          Initializes the SimAction.
              Parameters
                   state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionOperation(state, op, exprs, result)
     Bases: SimAction
     An action representing an operation between variables and/or constants.
     __init__(state, op, exprs, result)
          Initializes the SimAction.
              Parameters
                  state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData(state, region_type, action, tmp=None, addr=None,
                                                           size=None, data=None, condition=None,
                                                           fallback=None, fd=None)
     Bases: SimAction
     A Data action represents a read or a write from memory, registers or a file.
     READ = 'read'
     WRITE = 'write'
     OPERATE = 'operate'
     __init__(state, region_type, action, tmp=None, addr=None, size=None, data=None, condition=None,
                fallback=None, fd=None)
          Initializes the SimAction.
```

```
Parameters
                  state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     downsize()
          Clears some low-level details (that take up memory) out of the SimAction.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
     property tmp_deps
     property reg_deps
     property storage
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.ast_stripping_op(f, *args, **kwargs)
angr.state\_plugins.sim\_action\_object.ast\_preserving\_op(f, *args, **kwargs)
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.ast_stripping_decorator(f)
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject(ast, reg_deps=None, tmp_deps=None,
                                                                    deps=None, state=None)
     Bases: object
     A SimActionObject tracks an AST and its dependencies.
     __init__(ast, reg_deps=None, tmp_deps=None, deps=None, state=None)
     to_claripy()
     copy()
     SDiv(*args, **kwargs)
     SMod(*args, **kwargs)
     intersection(*args, **kwargs)
     union(*args, **kwargs)
     widen(*args, **kwargs)
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.make_methods()
class angr.state_plugins.sim_event.SimEvent(state, event_type, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     A SimEvent is a log entry for some notable event during symbolic execution. It logs the location it was generated
     (ins_addr, bbl_addr, stmt_idx, and sim_procedure) as well as arbitrary tags (objects).
     You may also be interested in SimAction, which is a specialization of SimEvent for CPU events.
     __init__(state, event_type, **kwargs)
angr.state_plugins.sim_event.resource_event(state, exception)
```

10.11 Procedures

Bases: object

A SimProcedure is a wonderful object which describes a procedure to run on a state.

You may subclass SimProcedure and override run(), replacing it with mutating self.state however you like, and then either returning a value or jumping away somehow.

A detailed discussion of programming SimProcedures may be found at https://docs.angr.io/extending-angr/simprocedures

Parameters

- arch The architecture to use for this procedure
- project (Project) -
- cc (SimCC) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following parameters are optional:

Parameters

- **symbolic_return** Whether the procedure's return value should be stubbed into a single symbolic variable constratined to the real return value
- **returns** Whether the procedure should return to its caller afterwards
- **is_syscall** Whether this procedure is a syscall
- num_args The number of arguments this procedure should extract
- display_name The name to use when displaying this procedure
- library_name The name of the library from which the function we're emulating comes
- cc The SimCC to use for this procedure
- **sim_kwargs** Additional keyword arguments to be passed to run()
- **is_function** Whether this procedure emulates a function
- project (Project) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following class variables should be set if necessary when implementing a new SimProcedure:

Variables

- NO_RET Set this to true if control flow will never return from this function
- **DYNAMIC_RET** Set this to true if whether the control flow returns from this function or not depends on the context (e.g., libc's error() call). Must implement dynamic_returns() method.
- ADDS_EXITS Set this to true if you do any control flow other than returning
- IS_FUNCTION Does this procedure simulate a function? True by default

- ARGS_MISMATCH Does this procedure have a different list of arguments than what is provided in the function specification? This may happen when we manually extract arguments in the run() method of a SimProcedure. False by default.
- **local_vars** If you use **self.call()**, set this to a list of all the local variable names in your class. They will be restored on return.

Parameters

- project (Project) -
- cc (SimCC) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following instance variables are available when working with simprocedures from the inside or the outside:

Variables

- **project** The associated angr project
- arch The associated architecture
- addr The linear address at which the procedure is executing
- cc The calling convention in use for engaging with the ABI
- canonical The canonical version of this SimProcedure. Procedures are deepcopied for
 many reasons, including to be able to store state related to a specific run and to be able to
 hook continuations.
- kwargs Any extra keyword arguments used to construct the procedure; will be passed to run
- display_name See the eponymous parameter
- library_name See the eponymous parameter
- abi If this is a syscall simprocedure, which ABI are we using to map the syscall numbers?
- **symbolic_return** See the eponymous parameter
- **syscall_number** If this procedure is a syscall, the number will be populated here.
- returns See eponymous parameter and NO_RET cvar
- **is_syscall** See eponymous parameter
- is_function See eponymous parameter and cvar
- is_stub See eponymous parameter
- **is_continuation** Whether this procedure is the original or a continuation resulting from self.call()
- continuations A mapping from name to each known continuation
- **run_func** The name of the function implementing the procedure. "run" by default, but different in continuations.
- num_args The number of arguments to the procedure. If not provided in the parameter, extracted from the definition of self.run

Parameters

- project (Project) -
- cc (SimCC) -

• prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following instance variables are only used in a copy of the procedure that is actually executing on a state:

Variables

- **state** The SimState we should be mutating to perform the procedure
- **successors** The SimSuccessors associated with the current step
- arguments The function arguments, describlized from the state
- **arg_session** The ArgSession that was used to parse arguments out of the state, in case you need it for varargs
- **use_state_arguments** Whether we're using arguments extracted from the state or manually provided
- ret_to The current return address
- ret_expr The computed return value
- call_ret_expr The return value from having used self.call()
- inhibit_autoret Whether we should avoid automatically adding an exit for returning once the run function ends
- **arg_session** The ArgSession object that was used to extract the runtime argument values. Useful for if you want to extract variadic args.

Parameters

```
    project (Project) –
    cc (SimCC) –
    prototype (SimTypeFunction) –
```

__init__(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic_return=None, returns=None, is_syscall=False, is_stub=False, num_args=None, display_name=None, library_name=None, is_function=None, **kwargs)

project: Project
arch: Arch
cc: SimCC
prototype: SimTypeFunction
state: SimState
arg_session: Union[None, ArgSession, int]

execute(state, successors=None, arguments=None, ret_to=None)

Call this method with a SimState and a SimSuccessors to execute the procedure.

Alternately, successors may be none if this is an inline call. In that case, you should provide arguments to the function.

make_continuation(name)
NO_RET = False
DYNAMIC_RET = False

```
ADDS_EXITS = False
IS_FUNCTION = True
ARGS_MISMATCH = False
ALT_NAMES = None
local_vars: Tuple[str, ...] = ()
run(*args, **kwargs)
     Implement the actual procedure here!
static_exits(blocks, **kwargs)
     Get new exits by performing static analysis and heuristics. This is a fast and best-effort approach to get new
     exits for scenarios where states are not available (e.g. when building a fast CFG).
         Parameters
             blocks (list) – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.
             A list of dicts. Each dict should contain the following entries: 'address', 'jumpkind', and
             'namehint'.
         Return type
             list
dynamic_returns(blocks, **kwargs)
     Determines if a call to this function returns or not by performing static analysis and heuristics.
         Parameters
             blocks – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.
         Return type
             bool
         Returns
             True if the call returns, False otherwise.
property should_add_successors
set_args(args)
va_arg(ty, index=None)
inline_call(procedure, *arguments, **kwargs)
     Call another SimProcedure in-line to retrieve its return value. Returns an instance of the procedure with
     the ret_expr property set.
```

Parameters

- procedure The class of the procedure to execute
- arguments Any additional positional args will be used as arguments to the procedure call
- sim_kwargs Any additional keyword args will be passed as sim_kwargs to the procedure construtor

fix_prototype_returnty(ret_size)

```
ret(expr=None)
```

Add an exit representing a return from this function. If this is not an inline call, grab a return address from the state and jump to it. If this is not an inline call, set a return expression with the calling convention.

```
call(addr, args, continue_at, cc=None, prototype=None, jumpkind='Ijk_Call')
```

Add an exit representing calling another function via pointer.

Parameters

- addr The address of the function to call
- args The list of arguments to call the function with
- **continue_at** Later, when the called function returns, execution of the current procedure will continue in the named method.
- cc Optional: use this calling convention for calling the new function. Default is to use the current convention.
- **prototype** Optional: The prototype to use for the call. Will default to all-ints.

```
jump(addr, jumpkind='Ijk_Boring')
```

Add an exit representing jumping to an address.

```
exit(exit_code)
```

Add an exit representing terminating the program.

```
ty_ptr(ty)
```

```
property is_java
```

property argument_types

```
property return_type
```

class angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatString(parser, components)

Bases: object

Describes a format string.

```
SCANF_DELIMITERS = [b'\t', b'\n', b'\x0b', b'\r', b' ']
```

```
__init__(parser, components)
```

Takes a list of components which are either just strings or a FormatSpecifier.

property state

```
replace(va arg)
```

Implement printf - based on the stored format specifier information, format the values from the arg getter function *args* into a string.

Parameters

va_arg - A function which takes a type and returns the next argument of that type

Returns

The result formatted string

interpret(va_arg, addr=None, simfd=None)

implement scanf - extract formatted data from memory or a file according to the stored format specifiers and store them into the pointers extracted from *args*.

Parameters

- va_arg A function which, given a type, returns the next argument of that type
- addr The address in the memory to extract data from, or...
- simfd A file descriptor to use for reading data from

Returns

The number of arguments parsed

```
Bases: object

Describes a format specifier within a format string.
__init__(string, length_spec, pad_chr, size, signed)

string

size

signed

length_spec

pad_chr

property spec_type

class angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic_return=None, returns=None, is_syscall=False, is_stub=False, num args=None, display name=None,
```

Bases: SimProcedure

For SimProcedures relying on printf-style format strings.

Parameters

```
• project (Project) -
```

- cc (SimCC) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

ARGS_MISMATCH = True

```
basic_spec = {b'A': double, b'E': double, b'F': double, b'G': double, b'X': unsigned
int, b'a': double, b'c': char, b'd': int, b'e': double, b'f': double, b'g':
double, b'i': int, b'n': unsigned int*, b'o': unsigned int, b'p': unsigned int*,
b's': char*, b'u': unsigned int, b'x': unsigned int}

int_sign = {'signed': [b'd', b'i'], 'unsigned': [b'o', b'u', b'x', b'X']}

int_len_mod = {b'h': (short, unsigned short), b'hh': (char, char), b'j': (long
long, unsigned long long), b'l': (long, unsigned long), b'll': (long long,
unsigned long long), b't': (long, long), b'z': (size_t, size_t)}

other_types = {('string',): <function FormatParser.<lambda>>}
```

library_name=None, is_function=None,

**kwargs)

```
flags = ['#', '0', '\\-', ' ', '\\+', "\\'", 'I']
    extract_components(fmt)
         Extract the actual formats from the format string fmt.
             Parameters
                fmt (List) – A list of format chars.
             Return type
                List
             Returns
                a FormatString object
    state: SimState
    project: angr.Project
    arch: archinfo.arch.Arch
    cc: angr.SimCC
    prototype: angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction
    arg_session: Union[None, ArgSession, int]
class angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFormatParser(project=None, cc=None,
                                                               prototype=None,
                                                               symbolic return=None,
                                                               returns=None, is_syscall=False,
                                                               is_stub=False, num_args=None,
                                                               display_name=None,
                                                               library name=None,
                                                               is_function=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: FormatParser
    For SimProcedures relying on scanf-style format strings.
    basic_spec = {b'A': float, b'E': float, b'F': float, b'G': float, b'X': unsigned
    int, b'a': float, b'c': char, b'd': int, b'e': float, b'f': float, b'g':
    float, b'i': int, b'n': unsigned int*, b'o': unsigned int, b'p': unsigned int*,
    b's': char*, b'u': unsigned int, b'x': unsigned int}
    float_spec = [b'e', b'E', b'f', b'F', b'g', b'G', b'a', b'A']
    float_len_mod = {b'l': <class 'angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble'>, b'll': <class</pre>
     'angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble'>}
    state: SimState
    project: angr.Project
    arch: archinfo.arch.Arch
    cc: angr.SimCC
    prototype: angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction
    arg_session: Union[None, ArgSession, int]
```

class angr.procedures.definitions.SimTypeCollection

Bases: object

A type collection is the mechanism for describing types. Types in a type collection can be referenced using

```
__init__()
```

```
set_names(*names)
```

add(name, t)

Add a type to the collection.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the type to add.
- **t** (*SimType*) The SimType object to add to the collection.

Return type

None

get(name, bottom on missing=False)

Get a SimType object from the collection as identified by the name.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the type to get.
- **bottom_on_missing** (bool) Return a SimTypeBottom object if the required type does not exist.

Return type

SimType

Returns

The SimType object.

init_str()

Return type

str

class angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary

Bases: object

A SimLibrary is the mechanism for describing a dynamic library's API, its functions and metadata.

Any instance of this class (or its subclasses) found in the angr.procedures.definitions package will be automatically picked up and added to angr.SIM_LIBRARIES via all its names.

Variables

- **fallback_cc** A mapping from architecture to the default calling convention that should be used if no other information is present. Contains some sane defaults for linux.
- **fallback_proc** A SimProcedure class that should be used to provide stub procedures. By default, ReturnUnconstrained.

```
__init__()
```

copy()

Make a copy of this SimLibrary, allowing it to be mutated without affecting the global version.

Returns

A new SimLibrary object with the same library references but different dict/list references

update(other)

Augment this SimLibrary with the information from another SimLibrary

Parameters

other – The other SimLibrary

property name

The first common name of this library, e.g. libc.so.6, or '??????' if none are known.

set_library_names(*names)

Set some common names of this library by which it may be referred during linking

Parameters

names – Any number of string library names may be passed as varargs.

set_default_cc(arch_name, cc_cls)

Set the default calling convention used for this library under a given architecture

Parameters

arch_name – The string name of the architecture, i.e. the .name field from archinfo.

Parm cc cls

The SimCC class (not an instance!) to use

set_non_returning(*names)

Mark some functions in this class as never returning, i.e. loops forever or terminates execution

Parameters

names – Any number of string function names may be passed as varargs

set_prototype(name, proto)

Set the prototype of a function in the form of a SimTypeFunction containing argument and return types

Parameters

- name The name of the function as a string
- **proto** The prototype of the function as a SimTypeFunction

set_prototypes(protos)

Set the prototypes of many functions

Parameters

protos – Dictionary mapping function names to SimTypeFunction objects

set_c_prototype(c_decl)

Set the prototype of a function in the form of a C-style function declaration.

Parameters

c_decl (*str*) – The C-style declaration of the function.

Returns

A tuple of (function name, function prototype)

Return type

tuple

add(name, proc_cls, **kwargs)

Add a function implementation to the library.

Parameters

- name The name of the function as a string
- proc_cls The implementation of the function as a SimProcedure _class_, not instance
- **kwargs** Any additional parameters to the procedure class constructor may be passed as kwargs

add_all_from_dict(dictionary, **kwargs)

Batch-add function implementations to the library.

Parameters

- **dictionary** A mapping from name to procedure class, i.e. the first two arguments to add()
- kwargs Any additional kwargs will be passed to the constructors of _each_ procedure class

add_alias(name, *alt_names)

Add some duplicate names for a given function. The original function's implementation must already be registered.

Parameters

- name The name of the function for which an implementation is already present
- alt_names Any number of alternate names may be passed as varargs

get(name, arch)

Get an implementation of the given function specialized for the given arch, or a stub procedure if none exists.

Parameters

- name The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecure to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing the function as found in the library

get_stub(name, arch)

Get a stub procedure for the given function, regardless of if a real implementation is available. This will apply any metadata, such as a default calling convention or a function prototype.

By stub, we pretty much always mean a ReturnUnconstrained SimProcedure with the appropriate display name and metadata set. This will appear in state.history.descriptions as <SimProcedure display_name (stub)>

Parameters

- name The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecture to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing a plausable stub as could be found in the library.

get_prototype(name, arch=None)

Get a prototype of the given function name, optionally specialize the prototype to a given architecture.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the function.
- **arch** The architecture to specialize to.

Return type

Optional[SimTypeFunction]

Returns

Prototype of the function, or None if the prototype does not exist.

has_metadata(name)

Check if a function has either an implementation or any metadata associated with it

Parameters

name – The name of the function as a string

Returns

A bool indicating if anything is known about the function

has_implementation(name)

Check if a function has an implementation associated with it

Parameters

name – The name of the function as a string

Returns

A bool indicating if an implementation of the function is available

has_prototype(func_name)

Check if a function has a prototype associated with it.

Parameters

func_name (str) – The name of the function.

Returns

A bool indicating if a prototype of the function is available.

Return type

bool

class angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLibrary

```
Bases: SimLibrary
```

SimCppLibrary is a specialized version of SimLibrary that will demangle C++ function names before looking for an implementation or prototype for it.

```
get(name, arch)
```

Get an implementation of the given function specialized for the given arch, or a stub procedure if none exists. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecure to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing the function as found in the library

get_stub(name, arch)

Get a stub procedure for the given function, regardless of if a real implementation is available. This will apply any metadata, such as a default calling convention or a function prototype. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

Parameters

- name (str) The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecture to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing a plausable stub as could be found in the library.

get_prototype(name, arch=None)

Get a prototype of the given function name, optionally specialize the prototype to a given architecture. The function name will be demangled first.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the function.
- **arch** The architecture to specialize to.

Return type

```
Optional[SimTypeFunction]
```

Returns

Prototype of the function, or None if the prototype does not exist.

has_metadata(name)

Check if a function has either an implementation or any metadata associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

Parameters

name - The name of the function as a string

Returns

A bool indicating if anything is known about the function

has_implementation(name)

Check if a function has an implementation associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

Parameters

```
name (str) – A mangled function name.
```

Returns

bool

has_prototype(func_name)

Check if a function has a prototype associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

Parameters

name (str) – A mangled function name.

Returns

bool

class angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary

Bases: SimLibrary

SimSyscallLibrary is a specialized version of SimLibrary for dealing not with a dynamic library's API but rather an operating system's syscall API. Because this interface is inherently lower-level than a dynamic library, many parts of this class has been changed to store data based on an "ABI name" (ABI = application binary interface, like an API but for when there's no programming language) instead of an architecture. An ABI name is just an arbitrary string with which a calling convention and a syscall numbering is associated.

All the SimLibrary methods for adding functions still work, but now there's an additional layer on top that associates them with numbers.

__init__()

copy()

Make a copy of this SimLibrary, allowing it to be mutated without affecting the global version.

Returns

A new SimLibrary object with the same library references but different dict/list references

update(other)

Augment this SimLibrary with the information from another SimLibrary

Parameters

other – The other SimLibrary

minimum_syscall_number(abi)

Parameters

abi – The abi to evaluate

Returns

The smallest syscall number known for the given abi

maximum_syscall_number(abi)

Parameters

abi – The abi to evaluate

Returns

The largest syscall number known for the given abi

${\tt add_number_mapping}(abi, number, name)$

Associate a syscall number with the name of a function present in the underlying SimLibrary

Parameters

- **abi** The abi for which this mapping applies
- **number** The syscall number
- name The name of the function

add_number_mapping_from_dict(abi, mapping)

Batch-associate syscall numbers with names of functions present in the underlying SimLibrary

Parameters

- abi The abi for which this mapping applies
- mapping A dict mapping syscall numbers to function names

set_abi_cc(abi, cc_cls)

Set the default calling convention for an abi

Parameters

- **abi** The name of the abi
- cc_cls A SimCC _class_, not an instance, that should be used for syscalls using the abi

set_prototype(abi, name, proto)

Set the prototype of a function in the form of a SimTypeFunction containing argument and return types

Parameters

- abi (str) ABI of the syscall.
- name (str) The name of the syscall as a string
- **proto** (SimTypeFunction) The prototype of the syscall as a SimTypeFunction

Return type

None

set_prototypes(abi, protos)

Set the prototypes of many syscalls.

Parameters

- abi (str) ABI of the syscalls.
- **protos** (Dict[str, SimTypeFunction]) Dictionary mapping syscall names to SimTypeFunction objects

Return type

None

```
get(number, arch, abi_list=())
```

The get() function for SimSyscallLibrary looks a little different from its original version.

Instead of providing a name, you provide a number, and you additionally provide a list of abi names that are applicable. The first abi for which the number is present in the mapping will be chosen. This allows for the easy abstractions of architectures like ARM or MIPS linux for which there are many ABIs that can be used at any time by using syscall numbers from various ranges. If no abi knows about the number, the stub procedure with the name "sys_%d" will be used.

Parameters

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch
- abi_list A list of ABI names that could be used

Returns

A SimProcedure representing the implementation of the given syscall, or a stub if no implementation is available

```
get_stub(number, arch, abi_list=())
```

Pretty much the intersection of SimLibrary.get_stub() and SimSyscallLibrary.get().

Parameters

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch

• abi_list - A list of ABI names that could be used

Returns

A SimProcedure representing a plausable stub that could model the syscall

get_prototype(abi, name, arch=None)

Get a prototype of the given syscall name and its ABI, optionally specialize the prototype to a given architecture.

Parameters

- **abi** (str) ABI of the prototype to get.
- name (str) Name of the syscall.
- **arch** The architecture to specialize to.

Return type

Optional[SimTypeFunction]

Returns

Prototype of the syscall, or None if the prototype does not exist.

has_metadata(number, arch, abi_list=())

Pretty much the intersection of SimLibrary.has_metadata() and SimSyscallLibrary.get().

Parameters

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch
- abi_list A list of ABI names that could be used

Returns

A bool of whether or not any implementation or metadata is known about the given syscall

has_implementation(number, arch, abi_list=())

Pretty much the intersection of SimLibrary.has_implementation() and SimSyscallLibrary.get().

Parameters

- number The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch
- abi_list A list of ABI names that could be used

Returns

A bool of whether or not an implementation of the syscall is available

has_prototype(abi, name)

Check if a function has a prototype associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

Parameters

- **abi** (str) Name of the ABI.
- **name** (str) The syscall name.

Return type

bool

Returns

bool

```
angr.procedures.definitions.load_type_collections(skip=None)
          Return type
              None
angr.procedures.definitions.load_win32_type_collections()
          Return type
              None
angr.procedures.definitions.load_external_definitions()
             library
                       definitions
                                   from
                                           specific
                                                      directories.
                                                                          By
                                                                                default
                                                                                          it
                                                                                               parses
     ANGR_EXTERNAL_DEFINITIONS_DIRS as a semicolon separated list of directory paths. Then it loads all
     .py files in each directory. These .py files should declare SimLibrary() objects and call .set_library_names() to
     register themselves in angr.SIM_LIBRARIES.
angr.procedures.definitions.load_win32api_definitions()
angr.procedures.definitions.load_all_definitions()
10.12 Calling Conventions and Types
class angr.calling_conventions.PointerWrapper(value, buffer=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(value, buffer=False)
class angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper(ptrsize)
     Bases: object
     __init__(ptrsize)
     alloc(size)
     dump(val, state, loc=None)
     translate(val, base)
     apply(state, base)
     size()
     classmethod calc_size(val, arch)
     classmethod stack_loc(val, arch, offset=0)
angr.calling_conventions.refine_locs_with_struct_type(arch, locs, arg_type, offset=0,
                                                            treat_bot_as_int=True)
          Parameters
                • arch (Arch) -
                • locs (List) -
                • arg_type (SimType) -
                • offset (int) -
```

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SerializableIterator
     Bases: object
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SerializableListIterator(lst)
     Bases: SerializableIterator
     __init__(lst)
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SerializableCounter(start, stride, mapping=<function</pre>
                                                           SerializableCounter.<lambda>>)
     Bases: SerializableIterator
     __init__(start, stride, mapping=<function SerializableCounter.<lambda>>)
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimFunctionArgument(size, is_fp=False)
     Bases: object
     Represent a generic function argument.
          Variables
                • size (int) – The size of the argument, in number of bytes.
                • is_fp (bool) – Whether loads from this location should return a floating point bitvector
     __init__(size, is_fp=False)
     check_value_set(value, arch)
     check_value_get(value)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     refine(size, arch=None, offset=None, is_fp=None)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
              Return type
                  List[Union[SimRegArg, SimStackArg]]
class angr.calling_conventions.SimRegArg(reg_name, size, reg_offset=0, is_fp=False,
                                               clear_entire_reg=False)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     Represents a function argument that has been passed in a register.
          Variables
```

- **reg_name** (*string*) The name of the represented register.
- **size** (*int*) The size of the data to store, in number of bytes.
- **reg_offset** The offset into the register to start storing data.
- **clear_entire_reg** Whether a store to this register should zero the unused parts of the register.
- is_fp (bool) Whether loads from this location should return a floating point bitvector

Parameters

- reg_name (str) -
- size (int) -

__init__(reg_name, size, reg_offset=0, is_fp=False, clear_entire_reg=False)

Parameters

- reg_name (str) -
- size (int) -

get_footprint()

Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location

```
check_offset(arch)
set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
```

```
get_value(state, **kwargs)
```

refine(size, arch=None, offset=None, is_fp=None)

sse_extend()

class angr.calling_conventions.**SimStackArg**(*stack_offset*, *size*, *is_fp=False*)

Bases: SimFunctionArgument

Represents a function argument that has been passed on the stack.

Variables

- **stack_offset** (*int*) The position of the argument relative to the stack pointer after the function prelude.
- **size** (*int*) The size of the argument, in number of bytes.
- is_fp (bool) Whether loads from this location should return a floating point bitvector

```
__init__(stack_offset, size, is_fp=False)
```

get_footprint()

Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location

```
set_value(state, value, stack_base=None, **kwargs)
```

```
get_value(state, stack_base=None, **kwargs)
```

refine(size, arch=None, offset=None, is_fp=None)

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimComboArg(locations, is_fp=False)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     An argument which spans multiple storage locations. Locations should be given least-significant first.
     __init__(locations, is_fp=False)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg(struct, locs)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     An argument which de/serializes a struct from a list of storage locations
          Variables
                • struct – The simtype describing the structure
                • locs – The storage locations to use
          Parameters
                • struct (SimStruct) -
                • locs (Dict[str, SimFunctionArgument]) -
     __init__(struct, locs)
              Parameters
                   • struct (SimStruct) -
                   • locs (Dict[str, SimFunctionArgument]) -
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimArrayArg(locs)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     __init__(locs)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimReferenceArgument(ptr_loc, main_loc)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     A function argument which is passed by reference.
          Variables
```

```
• ptr_loc – The location the reference's pointer is stored
                • main_loc - A SimStackArgument describing how to load the argument's value as if
                  it were stored at offset zero on the stack. It will be passed stack_base=ptr_loc.
                  get_value(state)
     __init__(ptr_loc, main_loc)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     A class to keep track of the state accumulated in laying parameters out into memory
     __init__(cc)
     CC
     fp_iter
     int_iter
     both_iter
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     An argsession for use with SimCCUsercall
     __init__(cc)
     CC
     real_args
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
```

A calling convention allows you to extract from a state the data passed from function to function by calls and returns. Most of the methods provided by SimCC that operate on a state assume that the program is just after a call but just before stack frame allocation, though this may be overridden with the *stack_base* parameter to each individual method.

This is the base class for all calling conventions.

class angr.calling_conventions.SimCC(arch)

```
Parameters arch (Arch) -
```

Bases: object

```
__init__(arch)
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) - The Archinfo arch for this CC
ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 0
STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 0
CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = None
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = None
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
ARCH = None
CALLEE_CLEANUP = False
STACK ALIGNMENT = 1
property int_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store integer or pointer values.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
property memory_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can be used to store any kind of argument.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
property fp_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store floating point values.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
is_fp_arg(arg)
     This should take a SimFunctionArgument instance and return whether or not that argument is a floating-
     point argument.
     Returns True for MUST be a floating point arg,
         False for MUST NOT be a floating point arg, None for when it can be either.
class ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     A class to keep track of the state accumulated in laying parameters out into memory
     CC
     fp_iter
     int_iter
```

```
both_iter
     __init__(cc)
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
arg_session(ret_ty)
     Return an arg session.
     A session provides the control interface necessary to describe how integral and floating-point arguments
     are laid out into memory. The default behavior is that there are a finite list of int-only and fp-only argument
     slots, and an infinite number of generic slots, and when an argument of a given type is requested, the most
     slot available is used. If you need different behavior, subclass ArgSession.
     You need to provide the return type of the function in order to kick off an arg layout session.
         Parameters
             ret_ty (SimType / None) -
return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
stack_space(args)
             args – A list of SimFunctionArguments
         Returns
              The number of bytes that should be allocated on the stack to store all these args, NOT IN-
             CLUDING the return address.
return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
     The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
property return_addr
     The location the return address is stored.
next_arg(session, arg_type)
         Parameters
              • session (ArgSession) -

    arg_type (SimType) -

static is_fp_value(val)
static guess_prototype(args, prototype=None)
```

Come up with a plausible SimTypeFunction for the given args (as would be passed to e.g. setup_callsite).

You can pass a variadic function prototype in the *base_type* parameter and all its arguments will be used, only guessing types for the variadic arguments.

setup_callsite(state, ret_addr, args, prototype, stack_base=None, alloc_base=None, grow like stack=True)

This function performs the actions of the caller getting ready to jump into a function.

Parameters

- **state** The SimState to operate on
- **ret_addr** The address to return to when the called function finishes
- **args** The list of arguments that that the called function will see
- **prototype** The signature of the call you're making. Should include variadic args concretely.
- **stack_base** An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- grow_like_stack When allocating data at alloc_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *PointerWrapper*.

If stack_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc_base is not provided, the stack base will be used and grow_like_stack will implicitly be True.

grow_like_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc_base. If you set alloc_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow_like_stack to False so that sequential allocations happen at increasing addresses.

teardown_callsite(state, return_val=None, prototype=None, force_callee_cleanup=False)

This function performs the actions of the callee as it's getting ready to return. It returns the address to return to.

Parameters

- **state** The state to mutate
- return_val The value to return
- **prototype** The prototype of the given function
- **force_callee_cleanup** If we should clean up the stack allocation for the arguments even if it's not the callee's job to do so

TODO: support the stack_base parameter from setup_callsite...? Does that make sense in this context? Maybe it could make sense by saying that you pass it in as something like the "saved base pointer" value?

static find_cc(arch, args, sp_delta, platform='Linux')

Pinpoint the best-fit calling convention and return the corresponding SimCC instance, or None if no fit is found.

Parameters

- arch (Arch) An ArchX instance. Can be obtained from archinfo.
- **args** (List[SimFunctionArgument]) A list of arguments. It may be updated by the first matched calling convention to remove non-argument arguments.

```
• sp_delta (int) – The change of stack pointer before and after the call is made.
```

```
• platform (str) -
```

Return type

```
Optional[SimCC]
```

Returns

A calling convention instance, or None if none of the SimCC subclasses seems to fit the arguments provided.

```
get_arg_info(state, prototype)
```

This is just a simple wrapper that collects the information from various locations prototype is as passed to self.arg_locs and self.get_args :param angr.SimState state: The state to evaluate and extract the values from :return: A list of tuples, where the nth tuple is (type, name, location, value) of the nth argument

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimLyingRegArg(name, size=8)
     Bases: SimRegArg
     A register that LIES about the types it holds
     \_init\_(name, size=8)
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
     refine(size, arch=None, offset=None, is_fp=None)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall(arch, args, ret_loc)
     Bases: SimCC
     __init__(arch, args, ret_loc)
              Parameters
                 arch – The Archinfo arch for this CC
     ArgSession
          alias of UsercallArgSession
     next_arg(session, arg_type)
     return_val(ty, **kwargs)
          The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
          Parameters
              arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 4
     CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['eax', 'ecx', 'edx']
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
```

```
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <edx>
     FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <st0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
     ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
     next_arg(session, arg_type)
     STRUCT_RETURN_THRESHOLD = 32
     return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
         The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
     return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftCdecl(arch)
     Bases: SimCCCdec1
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     STRUCT_RETURN_THRESHOLD = 64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCStdcall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCMicrosoftCdecl
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     CALLEE_CLEANUP = True
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftFastcall(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['ecx', 'edx']
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 4
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
     ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
class angr.calling_conventions.MicrosoftAMD64ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     __init__(cc)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
```

```
ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['rcx', 'rdx', 'r8', 'r9']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['xmm0', 'xmm1', 'xmm2', 'xmm3']
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 8
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 32
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
     OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <rdx>
     FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <xmm0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
     STACK_ALIGNMENT = 16
     ArgSession
         alias of MicrosoftAMD64ArgSession
     next_arg(session, arg_type)
     return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     The base class of all syscall CCs.
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = None
     SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = None
     static syscall_num(state)
             Return type
                int
     linux_syscall_update_error_reg(state, expr)
     set_return_val(state, val, ty, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['ebx', 'ecx', 'edx', 'esi', 'edi', 'ebp']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
```

```
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['rdi', 'rsi', 'rdx', 'rcx', 'r8', 'r9']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['xmm0', 'xmm1', 'xmm2', 'xmm3', 'xmm4', 'xmm5', 'xmm6',
     'xmm7']
    STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 8
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['rdi', 'rsi', 'rdx', 'rcx', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10',
     'r11', 'rax']
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
    OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <rdx>
    FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <xmm0>
    OVERFLOW_FP_RETURN_VAL = <xmm1>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
    STACK\_ALIGNMENT = 16
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
```

```
return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
         The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
             Parameters
                ty (SimType / None) -
     return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['rdi', 'rsi', 'rdx', 'r10', 'r8', 'r9']
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
     CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['rax', 'rcx', 'r11']
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WindowsSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r0', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
```

```
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <r1>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchARM
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF(arch)
    Bases: SimCCARM
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r0', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['s0', 's1', 's2', 's3', 's4', 's5', 's6', 's7', 's8',
     's9', 's10', 's11', 's12', 's13', 's14', 's15']
    FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <s0>
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchARMHF
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r0', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchARM
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['x0', 'x1', 'x2', 'x3', 'x4', 'x5', 'x6', 'x7']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
```

```
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <x0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchAArch64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64LinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['x0', 'x1', 'x2', 'x3', 'x4', 'x5', 'x6', 'x7']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <x0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchAArch64
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <a0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchRISCV64
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['f12', 'f13', 'f14', 'f15']
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 16
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['t9', 'gp']
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ra>
```

```
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <v1>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS32
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS32
    ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = <a3>
    SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -1133
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['t9', 'gp']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 32
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ra>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS64
angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO64
    alias of SimCCN64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
```

```
ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS64
    ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = <a3>
    SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -1133
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 8
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <1r>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchPPC32
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchPPC32
    ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = <cr0_0>
    SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -515
    static syscall_num(state)
```

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 112
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <1r>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
     ARCH
          alias of ArchPPC64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
          alias of ArchPPC64
     ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = \langle cr0_0 \rangle
     SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -515
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSoot(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARCH
          alias of ArchSoot
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     setup_callsite(state, ret_addr, args, prototype, stack_base=None, alloc_base=None,
                      grow_like_stack=True)
          This function performs the actions of the caller getting ready to jump into a function.
             Parameters
                 • state – The SimState to operate on
                 • ret addr - The address to return to when the called function finishes
```

- args The list of arguments that that the called function will see
- **prototype** The signature of the call you're making. Should include variadic args concretely.
- stack_base An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- **grow_like_stack** When allocating data at alloc_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *PointerWrapper*.

If stack_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc_base is not provided, the stack base will be used and grow_like_stack will implicitly be True.

grow_like_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc_base. If you set alloc_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow_like_stack to False so that sequential allocations happen at increasing addresses.

```
static guess_prototype(args, prototype=None)
```

Come up with a plausible SimTypeFunction for the given args (as would be passed to e.g. setup_callsite).

You can pass a variadic function prototype in the *base_type* parameter and all its arguments will be used, only guessing types for the variadic arguments.

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUnknown(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Represent an unknown calling convention.
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r2', 'r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['f0', 'f2', 'f4', 'f6']
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 160
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <r14>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r2>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchS390X
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSvscall
```

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```
Parameters
              arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r2', 'r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r2>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
          alias of ArchS390X
     static syscall_num(state)
angr.calling_conventions.register_default_cc(arch, cc, platform='Linux')
          Parameters
                • arch (str) -
                • cc (Type[SimCC]) -
                • platform (str) -
angr.calling_conventions.default_cc(arch, platform='Linux', language=None, syscall=False, **kwargs)
     Return the default calling convention for a given architecture, platform, and language combination.
          Parameters
                • arch (str) – The architecture name.
                • platform (Optional[str]) - The platform name (e.g., "Linux" or "Win32").
                • language (Optional[str]) – The programming language name (e.g., "go").
                • syscall (bool) – Return syscall convention (True), or normal calling convention (False,
                  default).
          Return type
              Optional[Type[SimCC]]
          Returns
              A default calling convention class if we can find one for the architecture, platform, and language
              combination, or None if nothing fits.
angr.calling_conventions.unify_arch_name(arch)
     Return the unified architecture name.
          Parameters
              arch (str) – The architecture name.
          Return type
              str
          Returns
              A unified architecture name.
angr.calling_conventions.register_syscall_cc(arch, os, cc)
```

```
class angr.sim_variable.SimVariable(ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None, size=None)
     Bases: Serializable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
                • size (int | None) -
     __init__(ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None, size=None)
              Parameters
                  • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                  • name (str) – Name of this variable.
                  • region (int | None) -
                  • size (int | None) -
     ident
     name
     region: Optional[int]
     category: Optional[str]
     renamed
     candidate_names
     size
     copy()
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
              Parameters
                  arch (Arch) -
     property is_function_argument
class angr.sim_variable.SimConstantVariable(ident=None, value=None, region=None, size=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
          Parameters
              region (int | None) -
     __init__(ident=None, value=None, region=None, size=None)
              Parameters
                  • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                  • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     value
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
```

```
copy()
              Return type
                  SimConstantVariable
class angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable(tmp_id, size=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
     __init__(tmp_id, size=None)
              Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     tmp_id
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     copy()
              Return type
                  SimTemporaryVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable(reg_offset, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None,
                                                    category=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
                • category (str | None) -
     __init__(reg_offset, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None)
              Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
```

```
reg: int
     property bits
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     copy()
              Return type
                  SimRegisterVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable(addr, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None,
                                                 category=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
                • category (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None)
              Parameters
                  • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                  • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     addr
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     property bits
     copy()
              Return type
                  SimMemoryVariable
```

```
Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
               Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
               Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
               Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable(offset, size, base='sp', base_addr=None, ident=None,
                                                 name=None, region=None, category=None)
     Bases: SimMemoryVariable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
                 • category (str | None) -
     __init__(offset, size, base='sp', base_addr=None, ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None)
               Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     base
     offset
     base_addr
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     copy()
               Return type
                   SimStackVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
               Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
```

serialize_to_cmessage()

```
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet
     Bases: MutableSet
     A collection of SimVariables.
     __init__()
     add(item)
          Add an element.
     add_register_variable(reg_var)
     add_memory_variable(mem_var)
     discard(item)
          Remove an element. Do not raise an exception if absent.
     discard_register_variable(reg_var)
     discard_memory_variable(mem_var)
     add_memory_variables(addrs, size)
     copy()
     complement(other)
          Calculate the complement of self and other.
              Parameters
                  other – Another SimVariableSet instance.
              Returns
                  The complement result.
     contains_register_variable(reg_var)
     contains_memory_variable(mem_var)
class angr.sim_type.SimType(label=None)
     Bases: object
     SimType exists to track type information for SimProcedures.
     base = True
     __init__(label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
```

property size

The size of the type in bits.

property alignment

The alignment of the type in bytes.

```
with_arch(arch)
```

c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)

copy()

extract_claripy(bits)

Given a bitvector *bits* which was loaded from memory in a big-endian fashion, return a more appropriate or structured representation of the data.

A type must have an arch associated in order to use this method.

class angr.sim_type.TypeRef(name, ty)

Bases: SimType

A TypeRef is a reference to a type with a name. This allows for interactivity in type analysis, by storing a type and having the option to update it later and have all references to it automatically update as well.

```
__init__(name, ty)
```

Parameters

label – the type label.

property name

This is a read-only property because it is desirable to store typerefs in a mapping from name to type, and we want the mapping to be in the loop for any updates.

property size

The size of the type in bits.

property alignment

The alignment of the type in bytes.

```
with_arch(arch)
```

c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)

copy()

class angr.sim_type.NamedTypeMixin(*args, name=None, **kwargs)

Bases: object

SimType classes with this mixin in the class hierarchy allows setting custom class names. A typical use case is to represent same or similar type classes with different qualified names, such as "std::basic_string" vs "std::_cxx11::basic_string". In such cases, .name stores the qualified name, and .unqualified_name() returns the unqualified name of the type.

Parameters

```
property name: str
     unqualified_name(lang='c++')
              Return type
                  str
              Parameters
                  lang (str) -
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeBottom(label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeBottom basically represents a type error.
     __init__(label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeTop(size=None, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeTop represents any type (mostly used with a pointer for void*).
     __init__(size=None, label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeReg(size, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeReg is the base type for all types that are register-sized.
     __init__(size, label=None)
              Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeNum(size, signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeNum is a numeric type of arbitrary length
```

```
__init__(size, signed=True, label=None)
              Parameters
                   • size – The size of the integer, in bits
                   • signed – Whether the integer is signed or not
                   • label – A label for the type
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeInt(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeInt is a type that specifies a signed or unsigned C integer.
     __init__(signed=True, label=None)
              Parameters
                   • signed - True if signed, False if unsigned
                   • label – The type label
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeShort(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeInt
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeLong(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeInt
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeLongLong(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeInt
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeChar(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeChar is a type that specifies a character; this could be represented by a byte, but this is meant to be
     interpreted as a character.
     __init__(signed=True, label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     store(state, addr, value)
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
```

```
copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeWideChar(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeWideChar is a type that specifies a wide character (a UTF-16 character).
     __init__(signed=True, label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     store(state, addr, value)
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeBool(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeChar
     store(state, addr, value)
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeFd(label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeFd is a type that specifies a file descriptor.
     __init__(label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypePointer(pts_to, label=None, offset=0)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypePointer is a type that specifies a pointer to some other type.
     __init__(pts_to, label=None, offset=0)
              Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • pts_to – The type to which this pointer points.
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     make(pts_to)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference(refs, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeReference is a type that specifies a reference to some other type.
```

```
__init__(refs, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     make(refs)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray(elem_type, length=None, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeArray is a type that specifies a series of data laid out in sequence.
     __init__(elem_type, length=None, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • elem_type – The type of each element in the array.
                   • length – An expression of the length of the array, if known.
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, values)
angr.sim_type.SimTypeFixedSizeArray
     alias of SimTypeArray
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeString(length=None, label=None, name=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimTypeArray
     SimTypeString is a type that represents a C-style string, i.e. a NUL-terminated array of bytes.
               name (str | None) -
     __init__(length=None, label=None, name=None)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • length – An expression of the length of the string, if known.
```

```
• name (str | None) -
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
              Parameters
                  state (SimState) -
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeWString(length=None, label=None, name=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimTypeArray
     A wide-character null-terminated string, where each character is 2 bytes.
          Parameters
              name (str | None) -
     __init__(length=None, label=None, name=None)
              Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • elem_type – The type of each element in the array.
                   • length – An expression of the length of the array, if known.
                   • name (str | None) -
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, variadic=False)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeFunction is a type that specifies an actual function (i.e. not a pointer) with certain types of arguments
     and a certain return value.
          Parameters
                • args (List[SimType]) -
                • returnty (SimType / None) -
     base = False
     __init__(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, variadic=False)
              Parameters
                   • label – The type label
```

```
• args (List[SimType]) - A tuple of types representing the arguments to the function
                   • returnty (Optional[SimType]) – The return type of the function, or none for void
                   • variadic – Whether the function accepts varargs
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeCppFunction(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, ctor=False,
                                               dtor=False)
     Bases: SimTypeFunction
     SimTypeCppFunction is a type that specifies an actual C++-style function with information about arguments,
     return value, and more C++-specific properties.
          Variables
                 • ctor – Whether the function is a constructor or not.
                 • dtor – Whether the function is a destructor or not.
          Parameters
                 • args (List[SimType]) -
                 • returnty (SimType / None) -
                 • arg_names (Tuple[str]) -
                 • ctor (bool) -
                 • dtor (bool) -
     __init__(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, ctor=False, dtor=False)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label
                   • args – A tuple of types representing the arguments to the function
                   • returnty – The return type of the function, or none for void
                   • variadic – Whether the function accepts varargs
                   • arg_names (Tuple[str] | None) -
                   • ctor (bool) -
                   • dtor (bool) -
     copy()
     args: List[SimType]
     returnty: Optional[SimType]
```

```
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeLength(signed=False, addr=None, length=None, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeLong
     SimTypeLength is a type that specifies the length of some buffer in memory.
     ...I'm not really sure what the original design of this class was going for
     __init__(signed=False, addr=None, length=None, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • signed – Whether the value is signed or not
                   • label – The type label.
                   • addr – The memory address (expression).
                   • length – The length (expression).
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat(size=32)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     An IEEE754 single-precision floating point number
     __init__(size=32)
               Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     sort = FLOAT
     signed = True
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble(align_double=True)
     Bases: SimTypeFloat
     An IEEE754 double-precision floating point number
     __init__(align_double=True)
               Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     sort = DOUBLE
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
```

```
copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimStruct(fields, name=None, pack=False, align=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimType
          Parameters
              fields (Dict[str, SimType] | OrderedDict) -
     __init__(fields, name=None, pack=False, align=None)
              Parameters
                  • label – the type label.
                  • fields (Dict[str, SimType] | OrderedDict) -
     property packed
     property offsets: Dict[str, int]
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimStructValue(struct, values=None)
     Bases: object
     A SimStruct type paired with some real values
     __init__(struct, values=None)
              Parameters
                  • struct – A SimStruct instance describing the type of this struct
                  • values – A mapping from struct fields to values
     property struct
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimUnion(members, name=None, label=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimType
     fields = ('members', 'name')
     __init__(members, name=None, label=None)
              Parameters
                  • members – The members of the union, as a mapping name -> type
```

• **name** – The name of the union

```
property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimUnionValue(union, values=None)
     Bases: object
     A SimStruct type paired with some real values
     __init__(union, values=None)
              Parameters
                  • union – A SimUnion instance describing the type of this union
                  • values – A mapping from union members to values
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimCppClass(members=None, function_members=None, vtable_ptrs=None,
                                    name=None, pack=False, align=None)
     Bases: SimStruct
          Parameters
                • members (Dict[str, SimType] / None) -
                • function_members (Dict[str, SimTypeCppFunction] | None) -
                • name (str | None) -
                • pack (bool) -
     __init__(members=None, function_members=None, vtable_ptrs=None, name=None, pack=False,
               align=None)
              Parameters
                  • label – the type label.
                  • members (Dict[str, SimType] | None) -
                  • function_members (Dict[str, SimTypeCppFunction] / None) -
                  • name (str | None) -
                  • pack (bool) -
     property members
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
```

```
class angr.sim_type.SimCppClassValue(class_type, values)
     Bases: object
     A SimCppClass type paired with some real values
     __init__(class_type, values)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeNumOffset(size, signed=True, label=None, offset=0)
     Bases: SimTypeNum
     like SimTypeNum, but supports an offset of 1 to 7 to a byte aligned address to allow structs with bitfields
     __init__(size, signed=True, label=None, offset=0)
              Parameters
                   • size – The size of the integer, in bits
                   • signed – Whether the integer is signed or not
                   • label – A label for the type
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
              Parameters
                  state (SimState) -
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeRef(name, original_type)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeRef is a to-be-resolved reference to another SimType.
     SimTypeRef is not SimTypeReference.
          Parameters
              original_type (Type[SimStruct]) -
     __init__(name, original_type)
              Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • original_type (Type[SimStruct]) -
     property name: str
     set_size(v)
              Parameters
                  v(int)-
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
              Return type
```

str

```
angr.sim_type.register_types(types)
```

Pass in some types and they will be registered to the global type store.

The argument may be either a mapping from name to SimType, or a plain SimType. The plain SimType must be either a struct or union type with a name present.

```
>>> register_types(parse_types("typedef int x; typedef float y;"))
>>> register_types(parse_type("struct abcd { int ab; float cd; }"))
```

```
angr.sim_type.do_preprocess(defn, include_path=())
```

Run a string through the C preprocessor that ships with pycparser but is weirdly inaccessible?

 $\verb|angr.sim_type.parse_signature| (\textit{defn}, \textit{preprocess} = \textit{True}, \textit{predefined_types} = \textit{None}, \textit{arch} = \textit{None})|$

Parse a single function prototype and return its type

angr.sim_type.parse_defns(defn, preprocess=True, predefined_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a series of C definitions, returns a mapping from variable name to variable type object

angr.sim_type.parse_types(defn, preprocess=True, predefined_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a series of C definitions, returns a mapping from type name to type object

angr.sim_type.parse_file(defn, preprocess=True, predefined_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a series of C definitions, returns a tuple of two type mappings, one for variable definitions and one for type definitions.

Parameters

```
predefined_types (Dict[Any, SimType] / None) -
```

angr.sim_type.type_parser_singleton()

Return type

Optional[CParser]

angr.sim_type.parse_type(defn, preprocess=True, predefined_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a simple type expression into a SimType

```
>>> parse_type('int *')
```

angr.sim_type.parse_type_with_name(defn, preprocess=True, predefined_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a simple type expression into a SimType, returning a tuple of the type object and any associated name that might be found in the place a name would go in a type declaration.

```
>>> parse_type_with_name('int *foo')
```

Parameters

```
predefined_types (Dict[Any, SimType] / None) -
```

angr.sim_type.normalize_cpp_function_name(name)

Return type

str

Parameters

name (str) -

angr.sim_type.parse_cpp_file(cpp_decl, with_param_names=False)

Parameters

```
with_param_names (bool) -
```

angr.sim_type.dereference_simtype(t, type_collections, memo=None)

Return type

SimType

Parameters

- t(SimType) -
- type_collections (List[SimTypeCollection]) -
- memo (Dict[str, SimType] | None) -

Bases: object

Callable is a representation of a function in the binary that can be interacted with like a native python function.

If you set perform_merge=True (the default), the result will be returned to you, and you can get the result state with callable.result_state.

Otherwise, you can get the resulting simulation manager at callable.result_path_group.

__init__(project, addr, prototype=None, concrete_only=False, perform_merge=True, base_state=None, toc=None, cc=None, add options=None, remove options=None)

Parameters

- **project** The project to operate on
- addr The address of the function to use

The following parameters are optional:

Parameters

- **prototype** The signature of the calls you would like to make. This really shouldn't be optional.
- **concrete_only** Throw an exception if the execution splits into multiple paths
- **perform_merge** Merge all result states into one at the end (only relevant if concrete_only=False)
- base_state The state from which to do these runs
- toc The address of the table of contents for ppc64
- cc The SimCC to use for a calling convention

set_base_state(state)

Swap out the state you'd like to use to perform the call :type state: :param state: The state to use to perform the call

perform_call(*args, prototype=None)

```
call_c(c_args)
     Call this Callable with a string of C-style arguments.
         Parameters
              c_args (str) – C-style arguments.
         Returns
             The return value from the call.
         Return type
              claripy.Ast
```

10.13 Knowledge Base

```
Representing the artifacts of a project.
class angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase(project, obj=None, name=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents a "model" of knowledge about an artifact.
     Contains things like a CFG, data references, etc.
     functions: FunctionManager
     variables: VariableManager
     structured_code: StructuredCodeManager
     defs: KeyDefinitionManager
     cfgs: CFGManager
     types: TypesStore
     propagations: PropagationManager
     xrefs: XRefManager
     __init__(project, obj=None, name=None)
     property callgraph
     property unresolved_indirect_jumps
     property resolved_indirect_jumps
     has_plugin(name)
     get_plugin(name)
     register_plugin(name, plugin)
     release_plugin(name)
    K = \sim K
```

get_knowledge(requested_plugin_cls)

Type inference safe method to request a knowledge base plugin Explicitly passing the type of the requested plugin achieves two things: 1. Every location using this plugin can be easily found with an IDE by searching explicit references to the type 2. Basic type inference can deduce the result type and properly type check usages of it

If there isn't already an instance of this class None will be returned to make it clear to the caller that there is no existing knowledge of this type yet. The code that initially creates this knowledge should use the *register_plugin* method to register the initial knowledge state :type requested_plugin_cls: Type[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :param requested_plugin_cls: :rtype: Optional[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :return: Instance of the requested plugin class or null if it is not a known plugin

```
Parameters
                 requested_plugin_cls(Type[K]) -
             Return type
                 K \mid None
     request_knowledge(requested_plugin_cls)
             Return type
                 TypeVar(K, bound= KnowledgeBasePlugin)
             Parameters
                 requested_plugin_cls (Type[K]) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.Patch(addr, new bytes, comment=None)
     Bases: object
         Parameters
             comment (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, new_bytes, comment=None)
             Parameters
                 comment(str | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager(kb)
```

A placeholder-style implementation for a binary patch manager. This class should be significantly changed in the future when all data about loaded binary objects are loaded into angr knowledge base from CLE. As of now, it only stores byte-level replacements.

Patches should not overlap, but it's user's responsibility to check for and avoid overlapping patches.

Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin

```
get_patch(addr)
          Get patch at the given address.
              Parameters
                  addr (int) – The address of the patch.
              Returns
                  The patch if there is one starting at the address, or None if there isn't any.
              Return type
                  Patch or None
     get_all_patches(addr, size)
          Retrieve all patches that cover a region specified by [addr, addr+size).
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) – The address of the beginning of the region.
                  • size (int) – Size of the region.
              Returns
                  A list of patches.
              Return type
                  list
     keys()
     items()
     values()
     copy()
     static overlap(a0, a1, b0, b1)
     apply_patches_to_binary(binary_bytes=None, patches=None)
              Return type
                  bytes
              Parameters
                  • binary_bytes (bytes | None) -
                  • patches (List[Patch] / None) -
     apply_patches_to_state(state)
     property patched_entry_state
class angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlugin
     Bases: object
     copy()
     static register_default(name, cls)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes.CallsitePrototypes(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     CallsitePrototypes manages callee prototypes at call sites.
```

```
__init__(kb)
     set_prototype(callsite_block_addr, cc, prototype, manual=False)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 • callsite_block_addr(int)-
                 • cc (SimCC) -
                 • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
                 • manual (bool) -
     get_cc(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                 Optional[SimCC]
             Parameters
                 callsite_block_addr(int)-
     get_prototype(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                 Optional[SimTypeFunction]
             Parameters
                 callsite_block_addr(int)-
     get_prototype_type(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                 Optional[bool]
             Parameters
                 callsite_block_addr(int)-
     has_prototype(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                 bool
             Parameters
                 callsite_block_addr(int)-
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort
     Bases: object
     Unspecified = None
     Unknown = 'unknown'
     Integer = 'integer'
     PointerArray = 'pointer-array'
     String = 'string'
```

```
UnicodeString = 'unicode'
     SegmentBoundary = 'segment-boundary'
     CodeReference = 'code reference'
     GOTPLTEntry = 'GOT PLT Entry'
     ELFHeader = 'elf-header'
     FloatingPoint = 'fp'
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData(address, size, sort, pointer_addr=None, max_size=None,
                                                  reference size=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     MemoryData describes the syntactic content of a single address of memory.
     reference_size reflects the size of content. It can be different from size, which is the actual size of the memory
     data item in memory. The intended way to get the actual content in memory is self.content[:self.size].
          Parameters
               • address (int) -
               • size (int) -
               • sort (str | None) -
                • pointer_addr (int | None) -
               • max_size(int | None) -
               • reference_size (int | None) -
     __init__(address, size, sort, pointer_addr=None, max_size=None, reference_size=None)
              Parameters
                  • address (int) -
                  • size (int) -
                  • sort (str | None) -
                  • pointer_addr (int | None) -
                  • max_size (int | None) -
                  • reference_size (int | None) -
     addr:
             int
     size: int
     reference_size: int
     sort: Optional[str]
     max_size: Optional[int]
     pointer_addr: Optional[int]
     content: Optional[bytes]
```

```
copy()
          Make a copy of the MemoryData.
              Returns
                  A copy of the MemoryData instance.
              Return type
                  MemoryData
     fill_content(loader)
          Load data to fill self.content.
              Parameters
                  loader – The project loader.
              Returns
                  None
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False,
                                                function_address=None, block_id=None, irsb=None,
                                                 soot_block=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                                                 byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class stands for each single node in CFG.
     __init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                block_id=None, irsb=None, soot_block=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                byte string=None, is syscall=None, name=None)
          Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
          __repr__.
     addr
     size
     simprocedure_name
```

property address

```
no_ret
function_address
thumb
byte_string: Optional[bytes]
is_syscall
instruction_addrs
irsb
soot_block
has_return
block_id: Union[angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID, int]
property name
property successors
property predecessors
successors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
predecessors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
get_data_references(kb=None)
    Get the known data references for this CFGNode via the knowledge base.
        Parameters
            kb – Which knowledge base to use; uses the global KB by default if none is provided
        Returns
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
        Return type
            iter
property accessed_data_references
    Property providing a view of all the known data references for this CFGNode via the global knowledge base
        Returns
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
        Return type
            iter
property is_simprocedure
property callstack_key
serialize_to_cmessage()
    Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
        Returns
            A protobuf cmessage object.
        Return type
            protobuf.cmessage
```

```
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg=None)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
     copy()
     merge(other)
          Merges this node with the other, returning a new node that spans the both.
     to_codenode()
     property block
     syscall_name
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False,
                                                 function_address=None, block_id=None, irsb=None,
                                                 instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False, byte_string=None,
                                                 is syscall=None, name=None, input state=None,
                                                 final_states=None, syscall_name=None, looping_times=0,
                                                 depth=None, callstack key=None,
                                                 creation_failure_info=None)
     Bases: CFGNode
     The CFGNode that is used in CFGEmulated.
          Parameters
                • block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID / int)-
                • byte_string (bytes | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                block_id=None, irsb=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False, byte_string=None,
                is_syscall=None, name=None, input_state=None, final_states=None, syscall_name=None,
                looping_times=0, depth=None, callstack_key=None, creation_failure_info=None)
          Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
          __repr__.
     input_state
     looping_times
     depth
     creation_failure_info
     final_states
     return_target
     syscall
```

```
property callstack_key
     property creation_failed
     downsize()
          Drop saved states.
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind, stmt_idx,
                                                    resolved_targets=None, jumptable=False,
                                                   jumptable_addr=None, jumptable_size=None,
                                                    jumptable_entry_size=None, jumptable_entries=None,
                                                    type_{=}255)
     Bases: Serializable
          Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
                • func_addr (int) -
                • jumpkind (str) -
                • stmt_idx (int) -
               • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
                • jumptable (bool) -
               • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
                • jumptable_size(int | None) -
                • jumptable_entry_size(int | None) -
                • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
               • type_(int | None) -
     __init__(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind, stmt_idx, resolved_targets=None, jumptable=False,
               jumptable_addr=None, jumptable_size=None, jumptable_entry_size=None,
               jumptable_entries=None, type_=255)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • func_addr (int) -
                  • jumpkind (str) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
                  • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
                  • jumptable (bool) -
                  • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
                  • jumptable_size (int | None) -
                  • jumptable_entry_size (int | None) -
```

```
• jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
                 • type_(int | None) -
     addr
     ins_addr
     func_addr
     jumpkind
     stmt_idx
     resolved_targets
     jumptable
     jumptable_addr
     jumptable_size
     jumptable_entry_size
     jumptable_entries
     type
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType
     Bases: object
     Jumptable_AddressLoadedFromMemory = 0
     Jumptable_AddressComputed = 1
     Vtable = 3
     Unknown = 255
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class describes a Control Flow Graph for a specific range of code.
     __init__(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     ident
     is_arm
     graph
     jump_tables: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
     memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     insn_addr_to_memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     normalized
     edges_to_repair
```

```
property project
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
            A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
            protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg_manager=None, loader=None)
     Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
         Parameters
             cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
             A unserialized class object.
         Return type
            cls
copy()
add_node(block_id, node)
         Return type
             None
         Parameters
             • block_id(int)-
             • node (CFGNode) -
remove_node(block_id, node)
     Remove the given CFGNode instance. Note that this method does not remove the node from the graph.
         Parameters
             • block_id (int) - The Unique ID of the CFGNode.
             • node (CFGNode) – The CFGNode instance to remove.
         Return type
            None
         Returns
            None
get_node(block_id)
     Get a single node from node key.
         Parameters
            block_id (BlockID) – Block ID of the node.
         Returns
            The CFGNode
         Return type
             CFGNode
```

get_any_node(addr, is_syscall=None, anyaddr=False, force_fastpath=False)

Get an arbitrary CFGNode (without considering their contexts) from our graph.

Parameters

- addr (int) Address of the beginning of the basic block. Set anyaddr to True to support arbitrary address.
- is_syscall (Optional[bool]) Whether you want to get the syscall node or any other node. This is due to the fact that syscall SimProcedures have the same address as the targer it returns to. None means get either, True means get a syscall node, False means get something that isn't a syscall node.
- anyaddr (bool) If anyaddr is True, then addr doesn't have to be the beginning address of a basic block. By default the entire graph.nodes() will be iterated, and the first node containing the specific address is returned, which can be slow.
- **force_fastpath** (bool) If force_fastpath is True, it will only perform a dict lookup in the _nodes_by_addr dict.

Return type

Optional[CFGNode]

Returns

A CFGNode if there is any that satisfies given conditions, or None otherwise

```
get_all_nodes(addr, is_syscall=None, anyaddr=False)
```

Get all CFGNodes whose address is the specified one.

Parameters

- addr (int) Address of the node
- is_syscall (Optional[bool]) True returns the syscall node, False returns the normal CFGNode, None returns both
- anyaddr (bool) -

Return type

List[CFGNode]

Returns

all CFGNodes

${\tt get_all_nodes_intersecting_region}(\mathit{addr}, \mathit{size}{=}l)$

Get all CFGNodes that intersect the given region.

Parameters

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.

Return type

Set[CFGNode]

nodes()

An iterator of all nodes in the graph.

Returns

The iterator.

Return type

iterator

get_predecessors(cfgnode, excluding_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get predecessors of a node in the control flow graph.

Parameters

- **cfgnode** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (Optional[str]) Only return predecessors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.

Return type

List[CFGNode]

Returns

A list of predecessors

get_successors(node, excluding_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get successors of a node in the control flow graph.

Parameters

- **node** (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (*str | None*) Only return successors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.
- jumpkind -

Returns

A list of successors

Return type

list

get_successors_and_jumpkinds(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

Parameters

- **node** (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

Return type

list

get_successors_and_jumpkind(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

Parameters

• **node** (CFGNode) – The node.

• **excluding_fakeret** (*bool*) – True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

Return type

list

get_predecessors_and_jumpkinds(node, excluding fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

Parameters

- **node** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

get_predecessors_and_jumpkind(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

Parameters

- **node** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

get_all_predecessors(cfgnode, depth_limit=None)

Get all predecessors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

Parameters

- cfgnode (CFGNode) The CFGNode object
- **depth_limit** (*int*) Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

Returns

A list of predecessors in the CFG

Return type

list

get_all_successors(cfgnode, depth_limit=None)

Get all successors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

Parameters

• cfgnode (CFGNode) – The CFGNode object

• **depth_limit** (*int*) – Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

Returns

A list of successors in the CFG

Return type

list

get_branching_nodes()

Returns all nodes that has an out degree ≥ 2

```
get_exit_stmt_idx(src_block, dst_block)
```

Get the corresponding exit statement ID for control flow to reach destination block from source block. The exit statement ID was put on the edge when creating the CFG. Note that there must be a direct edge between the two blocks, otherwise an exception will be raised.

Returns

The exit statement ID

```
add_memory_data(data_addr, data_type, data_size=None)
```

Add a MemoryData entry to self.memory_data.

Parameters

- data_addr (int) Address of the data
- data_type (Optional[MemoryDataSort]) Type of the memory data
- data_size (Optional[int]) Size of the memory data, or None if unknown for now.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if a new memory data entry is added, False otherwise.

```
tidy_data_references(memory_data_addrs=None, exec_mem_regions=None, xrefs=None, seg_list=None, data_type_guessing_handlers=None)
```

Go through all data references (or the ones as specified by memory_data_addrs) and determine their sizes and types if possible.

Parameters

- memory_data_addrs (Optional[List[int]]) A list of addresses of memory data, or None if tidying all known memory data entries.
- **exec_mem_regions** (Optional[List[Tuple[int, int]]]) A list of start and end addresses of executable memory regions.
- **seg_list** (Optional[SegmentList]) The segment list that CFGFast uses during CFG recovery.
- data_type_guessing_handlers (Optional[List[Callable]]) A list of Python functions that will guess data types. They will be called in sequence to determine data types for memory data whose type is unknown.
- xrefs (XRefManager / None) -

Return type

bool

Returns

True if new data entries are found, False otherwise.

remove_node_and_graph_node(node)

Like *remove_node*, but also removes node from the graph.

Parameters

node (*CFGNode*) – The node to remove.

Return type

None

get_intersecting_functions(addr, size=1, kb=None)

Find all functions with nodes intersecting [addr, addr + size).

Parameters

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

Return type

Set[Function]

find_function_for_reflow_into_addr(addr, kb=None)

Look for a function that flows into a new node at addr.

Parameters

- addr (int) Address of new block.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

Return type

Optional[Function]

clear_region_for_reflow(addr, size=1, kb=None)

Remove nodes in the graph intersecting region [addr, addr + size).

Any functions that intersect the range, and their associated nodes in the CFG, will also be removed from the knowledge base for analysis.

Parameters

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of the region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

Return type

None

class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGManager(kb)

```
Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
__init__(kb)
new_model(prefix)
copy()
```

```
get_most_accurate()
              Return type
                  Optional[CFGModel]
              Returns
                  The most accurate CFG present in the CFGManager, or None if it does not hold any.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class describes a Control Flow Graph for a specific range of code.
     __init__(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     ident
     is_arm
     graph
     jump_tables: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
     memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     insn_addr_to_memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     normalized
     edges_to_repair
     property project
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg_manager=None, loader=None)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                 cls
     copy()
     add_node(block_id, node)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
```

- block_id(int)-
- node (CFGNode) -

remove_node(block_id, node)

Remove the given CFGNode instance. Note that this method *does not* remove the node from the graph.

Parameters

- block_id (int) The Unique ID of the CFGNode.
- **node** (*CFGNode*) The CFGNode instance to remove.

Return type

None

Returns

None

get_node(block_id)

Get a single node from node key.

Parameters

block_id (BlockID) – Block ID of the node.

Returns

The CFGNode

Return type

CFGNode

get_any_node(addr, is_syscall=None, anyaddr=False, force_fastpath=False)

Get an arbitrary CFGNode (without considering their contexts) from our graph.

Parameters

- **addr** (int) Address of the beginning of the basic block. Set anyaddr to True to support arbitrary address.
- is_syscall (Optional[bool]) Whether you want to get the syscall node or any other node. This is due to the fact that syscall SimProcedures have the same address as the targer it returns to. None means get either, True means get a syscall node, False means get something that isn't a syscall node.
- **anyaddr** (bool) If anyaddr is True, then addr doesn't have to be the beginning address of a basic block. By default the entire graph.nodes() will be iterated, and the first node containing the specific address is returned, which can be slow.
- **force_fastpath** (bool) If force_fastpath is True, it will only perform a dict lookup in the _nodes_by_addr dict.

Return type

Optional[CFGNode]

Returns

A CFGNode if there is any that satisfies given conditions, or None otherwise

```
get_all_nodes(addr, is_syscall=None, anyaddr=False)
```

Get all CFGNodes whose address is the specified one.

Parameters

• addr (int) - Address of the node

- is_syscall (Optional[bool]) True returns the syscall node, False returns the normal CFGNode, None returns both
- anyaddr (bool) -

Return type

List[CFGNode]

Returns

all CFGNodes

get_all_nodes_intersecting_region(addr, size=1)

Get all CFGNodes that intersect the given region.

Parameters

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.

Return type

Set[CFGNode]

nodes()

An iterator of all nodes in the graph.

Returns

The iterator.

Return type

iterator

get_predecessors(cfgnode, excluding_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get predecessors of a node in the control flow graph.

Parameters

- **cfgnode** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- excluding_fakeret (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- jumpkind (Optional[str]) Only return predecessors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.

Return type

List[CFGNode]

Returns

A list of predecessors

get_successors(node, excluding_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get successors of a node in the control flow graph.

- node (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (*str | None*) Only return successors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.
- jumpkind -

Returns

A list of successors

Return type

list

get_successors_and_jumpkinds(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

Parameters

- node (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

Return type

list

get_successors_and_jumpkind(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

Parameters

- node (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

Return type

list

get_predecessors_and_jumpkinds(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

Parameters

- **node** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

get_predecessors_and_jumpkind(node, excluding_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

Parameters

• **node** (*CFGNode*) – The node.

• **excluding_fakeret** (bool) – True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

get_all_predecessors(cfgnode, depth_limit=None)

Get all predecessors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

Parameters

- cfgnode (CFGNode) The CFGNode object
- **depth_limit** (*int*) Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

Returns

A list of predecessors in the CFG

Return type

list

get_all_successors(cfgnode, depth_limit=None)

Get all successors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

Parameters

- cfgnode (CFGNode) The CFGNode object
- **depth_limit** (*int*) Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

Returns

A list of successors in the CFG

Return type

list

get_branching_nodes()

Returns all nodes that has an out degree ≥ 2

```
get_exit_stmt_idx(src_block, dst_block)
```

Get the corresponding exit statement ID for control flow to reach destination block from source block. The exit statement ID was put on the edge when creating the CFG. Note that there must be a direct edge between the two blocks, otherwise an exception will be raised.

Returns

The exit statement ID

add_memory_data(data_addr, data_type, data_size=None)

Add a MemoryData entry to self.memory_data.

Parameters

- data_addr (int) Address of the data
- data_type (Optional[MemoryDataSort]) Type of the memory data
- data_size (Optional[int]) Size of the memory data, or None if unknown for now.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if a new memory data entry is added, False otherwise.

```
tidy_data_references (memory_data_addrs=None, exec_mem_regions=None, xrefs=None, seg_list=None, data_type_guessing_handlers=None)
```

Go through all data references (or the ones as specified by memory_data_addrs) and determine their sizes and types if possible.

Parameters

- memory_data_addrs (Optional[List[int]]) A list of addresses of memory data, or None if tidying all known memory data entries.
- **exec_mem_regions** (Optional[List[Tuple[int, int]]]) A list of start and end addresses of executable memory regions.
- **seg_list** (Optional[SegmentList]) The segment list that CFGFast uses during CFG recovery.
- data_type_guessing_handlers (Optional[List[Callable]]) A list of Python functions that will guess data types. They will be called in sequence to determine data types for memory data whose type is unknown.
- xrefs (XRefManager / None) -

Return type

bool

Returns

True if new data entries are found. False otherwise.

remove_node_and_graph_node(node)

Like *remove node*, but also removes node from the graph.

Parameters

```
node (CFGNode) – The node to remove.
```

Return type

None

get_intersecting_functions(addr, size=1, kb=None)

Find all functions with nodes intersecting [addr, addr + size).

Parameters

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

Return type

Set[Function]

find_function_for_reflow_into_addr(addr, kb=None)

Look for a function that flows into a new node at addr.

- addr (int) Address of new block.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

Return type

Optional[Function]

```
clear_region_for_reflow(addr, size=1, kb=None)
```

Remove nodes in the graph intersecting region [addr, addr + size).

Any functions that intersect the range, and their associated nodes in the CFG, will also be removed from the knowledge base for analysis.

Parameters

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of the region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

Return type

None

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSort
```

```
Bases: object
```

```
Unspecified = None
```

Unknown = 'unknown'

Integer = 'integer'

PointerArray = 'pointer-array'

String = 'string'

UnicodeString = 'unicode'

SegmentBoundary = 'segment-boundary'

CodeReference = 'code reference'

GOTPLTEntry = 'GOT PLT Entry'

ELFHeader = 'elf-header'

FloatingPoint = 'fp'

Bases: Serializable

MemoryData describes the syntactic content of a single address of memory.

reference_size reflects the size of *content*. It can be different from *size*, which is the actual size of the memory data item in memory. The intended way to get the actual content in memory is *self.content[:self.size]*.

- address (int) -
- size (int) -
- sort (str | None) -
- pointer_addr (int | None) -
- max_size(int | None)-

```
• reference_size (int) -
__init__(address, size, sort, pointer_addr=None, max_size=None, reference_size=None)
        Parameters
             • address (int) -
            • size (int) -
             • sort (str | None) -
             • pointer_addr (int | None) -
             • max_size(int | None)-
             • reference_size (int | None) -
addr: int
size: int
reference_size: int
sort: Optional[str]
max_size: Optional[int]
pointer_addr: Optional[int]
content: Optional[bytes]
property address
copy()
    Make a copy of the MemoryData.
        Returns
            A copy of the MemoryData instance.
        Return type
            MemoryData
fill_content(loader)
    Load data to fill self.content.
        Parameters
            loader – The project loader.
        Returns
            None
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
        Returns
            A protobuf cmessage object.
        Return type
            protobuf.cmessage
```

```
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager.CFGManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     __init__(kb)
     new_model(prefix)
     copy()
     get_most_accurate()
              Return type
                  Optional[CFGModel]
              Returns
                 The most accurate CFG present in the CFGManager, or None if it does not hold any.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNodeCreationFailure(exc_info=None,
                                                                          to_copy=None)
     Bases: object
     This class contains additional information for whenever creating a CFGNode failed. It includes a full traceback
     and the exception messages.
     __init__(exc_info=None, to_copy=None)
     short_reason
     long_reason
     traceback
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None,
                                                         no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                                                         block_id=None, irsb=None, soot_block=None,
                                                         instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                                                         byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class stands for each single node in CFG.
          Parameters
                • block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID / int)-
                • byte_string(bytes | None) -
```

```
__init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
          block_id=None, irsb=None, soot_block=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
          byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
     Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
     __repr__.
addr
size
simprocedure_name
no_ret
function_address
thumb
byte_string: Optional[bytes]
is_syscall
instruction_addrs
irsb
soot_block
has_return
block_id: Union[angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID, int]
property name
property successors
property predecessors
successors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
predecessors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
get_data_references(kb=None)
     Get the known data references for this CFGNode via the knowledge base.
         Parameters
            kb – Which knowledge base to use; uses the global KB by default if none is provided
         Returns
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
         Return type
            iter
property accessed_data_references
     Property providing a view of all the known data references for this CFGNode via the global knowledge base
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
         Return type
            iter
```

```
property is_simprocedure
     property callstack_key
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg=None)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
     copy()
     merge(other)
          Merges this node with the other, returning a new node that spans the both.
     to_codenode()
     property block
     syscall_name
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None,
                                                            no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                                                            block_id=None, irsb=None,
                                                            instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                                                            byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None,
                                                            input_state=None, final_states=None,
                                                            syscall_name=None, looping_times=0,
                                                            depth=None, callstack key=None,
                                                            creation_failure_info=None)
     Bases: CFGNode
     The CFGNode that is used in CFGEmulated.
          Parameters
                • block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID / int) -
                • byte_string (bytes | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                block_id=None, irsb=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False, byte_string=None,
                is_syscall=None, name=None, input_state=None, final_states=None, syscall_name=None,
                looping times=0, depth=None, callstack key=None, creation failure info=None)
          Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
          __repr__.
```

```
input_state
     looping_times
     depth
     creation_failure_info
     final_states
     return_target
     syscall
     property callstack_key
     property creation_failed
     downsize()
         Drop saved states.
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJumpType
     Bases: object
     Jumptable_AddressLoadedFromMemory = 0
     Jumptable_AddressComputed = 1
     Vtable = 3
     Unknown = 255
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJump(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind,
                                                                 stmt_idx, resolved_targets=None,
                                                                 jumptable=False,
                                                                 jumptable_addr=None,
                                                                 jumptable_size=None,
                                                                 jumptable_entry_size=None,
                                                                 jumptable_entries=None, type_=255)
     Bases: Serializable
         Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
               • func_addr (int) -
               • jumpkind (str) -
               • stmt_idx (int) -
               • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
               • jumptable (bool) -
               • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
               • jumptable_size(int | None) -
```

```
• jumptable_entry_size (int | None) -
               • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
               • type_(int | None) -
     __init__(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind, stmt_idx, resolved_targets=None, jumptable=False,
               jumptable_addr=None, jumptable_size=None, jumptable_entry_size=None,
               jumptable_entries=None, type_=255)
             Parameters
                 • addr (int) -
                 • ins_addr (int) -
                 • func_addr (int) -
                 • jumpkind (str) -
                 • stmt_idx (int) -
                 • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
                 • jumptable (bool) -
                 • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
                 • jumptable_size (int | None) -
                 • jumptable_entry_size (int | None) -
                 • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
                 • type_(int | None) -
     addr
     ins_addr
     func_addr
     jumpkind
     stmt_idx
     resolved_targets
     jumptable
     jumptable_addr
     jumptable_size
     jumptable_entry_size
     jumptable_entries
     type
class angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, UserDict
     A kb plugin that stores a mapping from name to TypeRef. It will return types from angr.sim_type.ALL_TYPES
```

as a default.

```
__init__(kb)
     copy()
     iter_own()
          Iterate over all the names which are stored in this object - i.e. values() without ALL_TYPES
     rename(old, new)
     unique_type_name()
               Return type
                   str
class angr.knowledge_plugins.comments.Comments(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, dict
     __init__(kb)
     copy() \rightarrow a \text{ shallow copy of } D
class angr.knowledge_plugins.data.Data(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
      __init__(kb)
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps.IndirectJumps(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, dict
     __init__(kb)
     copy() \rightarrow a \text{ shallow copy of } D
     update_resolved_addrs(indirect_address, resolved_addresses)
               Parameters
                   • indirect_address (int) -
                   • resolved_addresses (List[int]) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.labels.Labels(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     __init__(kb)
     items()
     get(addr)
          Get a label as string for a given address Same as .labels[x]
     lookup(name)
          Returns an address to a given label To show all available labels, iterate over .labels or list(b.kb.labels)
     copy()
```

```
get_unique_label(label)
```

Get a unique label name from the given label name.

Parameters

label (*str*) – The desired label name.

Returns

A unique label name.

FunctionDict is a dict where the keys are function starting addresses and map to the associated Function.

```
__init__(backref, *args, **kwargs)
```

Initialize sorted dict instance.

Optional key-function argument defines a callable that, like the *key* argument to the built-in *sorted* function, extracts a comparison key from each dictionary key. If no function is specified, the default compares the dictionary keys directly. The key-function argument must be provided as a positional argument and must come before all other arguments.

Optional iterable argument provides an initial sequence of pairs to initialize the sorted dict. Each pair in the sequence defines the key and corresponding value. If a key is seen more than once, the last value associated with it is stored in the new sorted dict.

Optional mapping argument provides an initial mapping of items to initialize the sorted dict.

If keyword arguments are given, the keywords themselves, with their associated values, are added as items to the dictionary. If a key is specified both in the positional argument and as a keyword argument, the value associated with the keyword is stored in the sorted dict.

Sorted dict keys must be hashable, per the requirement for Python's dictionaries. Keys (or the result of the key-function) must also be comparable, per the requirement for sorted lists.

```
>>> d = {'alpha': 1, 'beta': 2}
>>> SortedDict([('alpha', 1), ('beta', 2)]) == d
True
>>> SortedDict({'alpha': 1, 'beta': 2}) == d
True
>>> SortedDict(alpha=1, beta=2) == d
True
```

get(addr)

Return the value for key if key is in the dictionary, else default.

```
floor_addr(addr)
ceiling_addr(addr)
```

class angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager.FunctionManager(kb)

```
Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, Mapping
```

This is a function boundaries management tool. It takes in intermediate results during CFG generation, and manages a function map of the binary.

```
__init__(kb)
copy()
```

```
clear()
get_by_addr(addr)
         Return type
             Function
get_by_name(name)
         Return type
             Generator[Function, None, None]
         Parameters
             name (str) -
contains_addr(addr)
     Decide if an address is handled by the function manager.
     Note: this function is non-conformant with python programming idioms, but its needed for performance
     reasons.
         Parameters
             addr (int) – Address of the function.
ceiling_func(addr)
     Return the function who has the least address that is greater than or equal to addr.
         Parameters
             addr (int) – The address to query.
         Returns
             A Function instance, or None if there is no other function after addr.
         Return type
             Function or None
floor_func(addr)
     Return the function who has the greatest address that is less than or equal to addr.
         Parameters
             addr (int) – The address to query.
         Returns
             A Function instance, or None if there is no other function before addr.
         Return type
             Function or None
query(query)
     Query for a function using selectors to disambiguate. Supported variations: :rtype: Optional[Function]
         ::<name> Function <name> in the main object ::<addr>::<name> Function <name> at <addr>
         ::<obj>::<name> Function <name> in <obj>
         Parameters
             query (str) -
         Return type
             Function | None
```

function(addr=None, name=None, create=False, syscall=False, plt=None)

Get a function object from the function manager.

Pass either *addr* or *name* with the appropriate values.

Parameters

- addr (int) Address of the function.
- name (str) Name of the function.
- **create** (*bool*) Whether to create the function or not if the function does not exist.
- **syscall** (*bool*) True to create the function as a syscall, False otherwise.
- **plt** (*bool or None*) True to find the PLT stub, False to find a non-PLT stub, None to disable this restriction.

Returns

The Function instance, or None if the function is not found and create is False.

Return type

Function or None

dbg_draw(prefix='dbg_function_')

rebuild_callgraph()

Bases: Serializable

A representation of a function and various information about it.

Parameters

- is_simprocedure (bool | None) -
- is_plt(bool | None) -

__init__(function_manager, addr, name=None, syscall=None, is_simprocedure=None, binary_name=None, is_plt=None, returning=None, alignment=False)

Function constructor. If the optional parameters are not provided, they will be automatically determined upon the creation of a Function object.

Parameters

- addr The address of the function.
- is_simprocedure (bool | None) -
- is_plt(bool | None) -

The following parameters are optional.

- name (str) The name of the function.
- **syscall** (*bool*) Whether this function is a syscall or not.
- **is_simprocedure** (*bool*) Whether this function is a SimProcedure or not.
- **binary_name** (*str*) Name of the binary where this function is.

```
• alignment (bool) – If this function acts as an alignment filler. Such functions usually
             only contain nops.
transition_graph
normalized
addr
startpoint
is_alignment
bp_on_stack
retaddr_on_stack
sp_delta
prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction]
prototype_libname: Optional[str]
is_prototype_guessed: bool
prepared_registers
prepared_stack_variables
registers_read_afterwards
info
tags
ran_cca
is_syscall
is_simprocedure
is_plt
is_default_name
from_signature
binary_name
calling_convention: Optional[SimCC]
property alignment
property name
property project
```

is_plt (bool) – If this function is a PLT entry.
 returning (bool) – If this function returns.

property returning

property blocks

An iterator of all local blocks in the current function.

Returns

angr.lifter.Block instances.

property cyclomatic_complexity

The cyclomatic complexity of the function.

Cyclomatic complexity is a software metric used to indicate the complexity of a program. It is a quantitative measure of the number of linearly independent paths through a program's source code. It is computed using the formula: M = E - N + 2P, where E = the number of edges in the graph, N = the number of nodes in the graph, P = the number of connected components.

The cyclomatic complexity value is lazily computed and cached for future use. Initially this value is None until it is computed for the first time

Returns

The cyclomatic complexity of the function.

Return type

int

property xrefs

An iterator of all xrefs of the current function.

Returns

angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef instances.

property block_addrs

An iterator of all local block addresses in the current function.

Returns

block addresses.

property block_addrs_set

Return a set of block addresses for a better performance of inclusion tests.

Returns

A set of block addresses.

Return type

set

get_block(addr, size=None, byte string=None)

Getting a block out of the current function.

Parameters

- **addr** (*int*) The address of the block.
- size (int) The size of the block. This is optional. If not provided, angr will load
- byte_string (Optional[bytes]) -

Returns

get_block_size(addr)

Return type

Optional[int]

```
Parameters
             addr (int) -
property nodes: Iterable[CodeNode]
get_node(addr)
         Return type
             Block
property has_unresolved_jumps
property has_unresolved_calls
property operations
     All of the operations that are done by this functions.
property code_constants
     All of the constants that are used by this functions's code.
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
             A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
             protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
         Parameters
             cmsg -
         Return Function
             The function instantiated out of the cmsg data.
string_references(minimum_length=2)
     All of the constant string references used by this function.
         Parameters
             minimum_length – The minimum length of strings to find (default is 1)
             A generator yielding tuples of (address, string) where is address is the location of the string
             in memory.
property local_runtime_values
     Tries to find all runtime values of this function which do not come from inputs. These values are generated
     by starting from a blank state and reanalyzing the basic blocks once each. Function calls are skipped, and
     back edges are never taken so these values are often unreliable, This function is good at finding simple
     constant addresses which the function will use or calculate.
         Returns
             a set of constants
property num_arguments
property endpoints
```

property endpoints_with_type

```
property ret_sites
property jumpout_sites
property retout_sites
property callout_sites
property size
property binary
     Get the object this function belongs to. :return: The object this function belongs to.
property offset: int
     the function's binary offset (i.e., non-rebased address)
         Type
             return
property symbol: None | Symbol
     the function's Symbol, if any
         Type
             return
property pseudocode: str
     the function's pseudocode
         Type
            return
add_jumpout_site(node)
     Add a custom jumpout site.
         Parameters
            node – The address of the basic block that control flow leaves during this transition.
         Returns
             None
add_retout_site(node)
     Add a custom retout site.
```

Retout (returning to outside of the function) sites are very rare. It mostly occurs during CFG recovery when we incorrectly identify the beginning of a function in the first iteration, and then correctly identify that function later in the same iteration (function alignments can lead to this bizarre case). We will mark all edges going out of the header of that function as a outside edge, because all successors now belong to the incorrectly-identified function. This identification error will be fixed in the second iteration of CFG recovery. However, we still want to keep track of jumpouts/retouts during the first iteration so other logic in CFG recovery still work.

Parameters

node – The address of the basic block that control flow leaves the current function after a call.

Returns

None

mark_nonreturning_calls_endpoints()

Iterate through all call edges in transition graph. For each call a non-returning function, mark the source basic block as an endpoint.

This method should only be executed once all functions are recovered and analyzed by CFG recovery, so we know whether each function returns or not.

Returns

None

get_call_sites()

Gets a list of all the basic blocks that end in calls.

Return type

Iterable[int]

Returns

A view of the addresses of the blocks that end in calls.

get_call_target(callsite_addr)

Get the target of a call.

Parameters

callsite_addr – The address of a basic block that ends in a call.

Returns

The target of said call, or None if callsite_addr is not a callsite.

get_call_return(callsite_addr)

Get the hypothetical return address of a call.

Parameters

callsite_addr – The address of the basic block that ends in a call.

Returns

The likely return target of said call, or None if callsite_addr is not a callsite.

property graph

Get a local transition graph. A local transition graph is a transition graph that only contains nodes that belong to the current function. All edges, except for the edges going out from the current function or coming from outside the current function, are included.

The generated graph is cached in self._local_transition_graph.

Returns

A local transition graph.

Return type

networkx.DiGraph

graph_ex(exception_edges=True)

Get a local transition graph with a custom configuration. A local transition graph is a transition graph that only contains nodes that belong to the current function. This method allows user to exclude certain types of edges together with the nodes that are only reachable through such edges, such as exception edges.

The generated graph is not cached.

Parameters

exception_edges (*bool*) – Should exception edges and the nodes that are only reachable through exception edges be kept.

Returns

A local transition graph with a special configuration.

Return type

networkx.DiGraph

transition_graph_ex(exception_edges=True)

Get a transition graph with a custom configuration. This method allows user to exclude certain types of edges together with the nodes that are only reachable through such edges, such as exception edges.

The generated graph is not cached.

Parameters

exception_edges (*bool*) – Should exception edges and the nodes that are only reachable through exception edges be kept.

Returns

A local transition graph with a special configuration.

Return type

networkx.DiGraph

subgraph(ins_addrs)

Generate a sub control flow graph of instruction addresses based on self.graph

Parameters

ins_addrs (*iterable*) – A collection of instruction addresses that should be included in the subgraph.

Return networkx.DiGraph

A subgraph.

instruction_size(insn_addr)

Get the size of the instruction specified by *insn_addr*.

Parameters

```
insn_addr (int) – Address of the instruction
```

Return int

Size of the instruction in bytes, or None if the instruction is not found.

addr_to_instruction_addr(addr)

Obtain the address of the instruction that covers @addr.

Parameters

```
addr (int) – An address.
```

Returns

Address of the instruction that covers @addr, or None if this addr is not covered by any instruction of this function.

Return type

int or None

dbg_print()

Returns a representation of the list of basic blocks in this function.

dbg_draw(filename)

Draw the graph and save it to a PNG file.

```
property arguments
```

```
property has_return
```

property callable

normalize()

Make sure all basic blocks in the transition graph of this function do not overlap. You will end up with a CFG that IDA Pro generates.

This method does not touch the CFG result. You may call CFG {Emulated, Fast}.normalize() for that matter.

Returns

None

find_declaration(ignore_binary_name=False, binary_name_hint=None)

Find the most likely function declaration from the embedded collection of prototypes, set it to self.prototype, and update self.calling_convention with the declaration.

Parameters

- **ignore_binary_name** (bool) Do not rely on the executable or library where the function belongs to determine its source library. This is useful when working on statically linked binaries (because all functions will belong to the main executable). We will search for all libraries in angr to find the first declaration match.
- binary_name_hint (Optional[str]) Substring of the library name where this function might be originally coming from. Useful for FLIRT-identified functions in statically linked binaries.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if a declaration is found and self.prototype and self.calling_convention are updated. False if we fail to find a matching function declaration, in which case self.prototype or self.calling_convention will be kept untouched.

property demangled_name

get_unambiguous_name(display_name=None)

Get a disambiguated function name.

Parameters

```
display_name (Optional[str]) – Name to display, otherwise the function name.
```

Return type

str

Returns

The function name in the form: ::<name> when the function binary is the main object. ::<obj>::<name> when the function binary is not the main object. ::<addr>::<name> when the function binary is an unnamed non-main object, or when multiple functions with

the same name are defined in the function binary.

apply_definition(definition, calling_convention=None)

Return type

None

- definition (str) –
- calling_convention (SimCC | Type[SimCC] | None) -

```
functions_called()
              Return type
                  Set[Function]
              Returns
                  The set of all functions that can be reached from the function represented by self.
     copy()
     pp(**kwargs)
          Pretty-print the function disassembly.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser.FunctionParser
     Bases: object
     The implementation of the serialization methods for the <Function> class.
     static serialize(function)
          :return :
     static parse_from_cmsg(cmsg, function_manager=None, project=None, all_func_addrs=None)
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The data to instanciate the <Function> from.
              Return Function
class angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFunction(function_manager, addr,
                                                                             name=None, syscall=None)
     Bases: Function
     A representation of a function and various information about it.
     __init__(function_manager, addr, name=None, syscall=None)
          Function constructor for Soot
              Parameters
                  • addr – The address of the function.
                  • name – (Optional) The name of the function.
                  • syscall – (Optional) Whether this function is a syscall or not.
     transition_graph
     normalized
     addr
     is_syscall
     is_plt
     is_simprocedure
     binary_name
     bp_on_stack
     retaddr_on_stack
```

```
sp_delta
     calling_convention: Optional[SimCC]
     prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction]
     prepared_registers
     prepared_stack_variables
     registers_read_afterwards
     startpoint
     info
     tags
     normalize()
          Make sure all basic blocks in the transition graph of this function do not overlap. You will end up with a
          CFG that IDA Pro generates.
          This method does not touch the CFG result. You may call CFG {Emulated, Fast}.normalize() for that matter.
              Returns
                 None
     is_default_name
     from_signature
     prototype_libname: Optional[str]
     is_alignment
     is_prototype_guessed: bool
     ran_cca
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.VariableAccessSort
     Bases: object
     Provides enums for variable access types.
     WRITE = 0
     READ = 1
     REFERENCE = 2
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.VariableAccess(variable, access_type,
                                                                              location, offset,
                                                                              atom_hash=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Describes a variable access.
     __init__(variable, access_type, location, offset, atom_hash=None)
     variable: SimVariable
```

```
access_type: int
     location: CodeLocation
     offset: Optional[int]
     atom_hash: Optional[int]
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, variable_by_ident=None, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  • cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
                  • variable_by_ident (Dict[str, SimVariable] / None) -
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableType
     Bases: object
     Describes variable types.
     REGISTER = 0
     MEMORY = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.LiveVariables(register_region,
                                                                                stack region)
     Bases: object
     A collection of live variables at a program point.
     __init__(register_region, stack_region)
     register_region
     stack_region
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableManagerInternal(manager,
                                                                                            func_addr=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Manage variables for a function. It is meant to be used internally by VariableManager, but it's common to be
     given a reference to one in response to a query for "the variables for a given function". Maybe a better name
     would be "VariableManagerScope".
     __init__(manager, func_addr=None)
```

```
set_manager(manager)
         Parameters
             manager (VariableManager) -
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
             A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
             protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, variable_manager=None, func_addr=None, **kwargs)
     Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
         Parameters
             cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
             A unserialized class object.
         Return type
             cls
next_variable_ident(sort)
add_variable(sort, start, variable)
         Parameters
             variable (SimVariable) -
set_variable(sort, start, variable)
         Parameters
             variable (SimVariable) -
write_to(variable, offset, location, overwrite=False, atom=None)
read_from(variable, offset, location, overwrite=False, atom=None)
reference_at(variable, offset, location, overwrite=False, atom=None)
record_variable(location, variable, offset, overwrite=False, atom=None)
         Parameters
             location (CodeLocation) -
make_phi_node(block_addr, *variables)
     Create a phi variable for variables at block block_addr.
         Parameters
             • block_addr (int) – The address of the current block.
             • variables – Variables that the phi variable represents.
         Returns
             The created phi variable.
set_live_variables(addr, register_region, stack_region)
```

```
find_variables_by_insn(ins_addr, sort)
is_variable_used_at(variable, loc)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            • variable (SimVariable) -
            • loc(Tuple[int, int]) -
find_variable_by_stmt(block_addr, stmt_idx, sort, block_idx=None)
        Parameters
            block_idx (int | None) -
find_variables_by_stmt(block_addr, stmt_idx, sort, block_idx=None)
        Return type
            List[Tuple[SimVariable, int]]
        Parameters
            • block_addr (int) -
            • stmt_idx (int) -
            • sort (str) -
            • block_idx (int | None) -
find_variable_by_atom(block_addr, stmt_idx, atom, block_idx=None)
        Parameters
            block_idx (int / None) -
find_variables_by_atom(block_addr, stmt_idx, atom, block_idx=None)
        Return type
            Set[Tuple[SimVariable, int]]
        Parameters
            block_idx (int | None) -
find_variables_by_stack_offset(offset)
        Return type
            Set[SimVariable]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
find_variables_by_register(reg)
        Return type
            Set[SimVariable]
        Parameters
            reg(str | int)-
```

get_variable_accesses(variable, same_name=False)

Return type

List[VariableAccess]

Parameters

- variable (SimVariable) -
- same_name (bool) -

get_variables(sort=None, collapse_same_ident=False)

Get a list of variables.

Parameters

- **sort** (Optional[Literal['stack', 'reg']]) Sort of the variable to get.
- collapse_same_ident Whether variables of the same identifier should be collapsed or not.

Return type

List[Union[SimStackVariable, SimRegisterVariable]]

Returns

A list of variables.

get_unified_variables(sort=None)

Get a list of unified variables.

Parameters

```
sort (Optional[Literal['stack', 'reg']]) - Sort of the variable to get.
```

Return type

List[Union[SimStackVariable, SimRegisterVariable]]

Returns

A list of variables.

get_global_variables(addr)

Get global variable by the address of the variable.

Parameters

addr (int) – Address of the variable.

Returns

A set of variables or an empty set if no variable exists.

is_phi_variable(var)

Test if var is a phi variable.

Parameters

var (SimVariable) - The variable instance.

Returns

True if var is a phi variable, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

get_phi_subvariables(var)

Get sub-variables that phi variable var represents.

Parameters

var (SimVariable) - The variable instance.

Returns

A set of sub-variables, or an empty set if var is not a phi variable.

Return type

set

get_phi_variables(block addr)

Get a dict of phi variables and their corresponding variables.

Parameters

block_addr (*int*) – Address of the block.

Returns

A dict of phi variables of an empty dict if there are no phi variables at the block.

Return type

dict

get_variables_without_writes()

Get all variables that have never been written to.

Return type

List[SimVariable]

Returns

A list of variables that are never written to.

input_variables(exclude_specials=True)

Get all variables that have never been written to.

Returns

A list of variables that are never written to.

Parameters

```
exclude_specials (bool) -
```

assign_variable_names(labels=None, types=None)

Assign default names to all SSA variables.

Parameters

labels – Known labels in the binary.

Returns

None

assign_unified_variable_names(labels=None, arg_names=None, reset=False)

Assign default names to all unified variables.

Parameters

- **labels** Known labels in the binary.
- $\bullet \ \ \textbf{arg_names} \ (\texttt{Optional[List[str]]}) Known \ argument \ names.$
- reset (bool) Reset all variable names or not.

Return type

None

```
set_variable_type(var, ty, name=None, override_bot=True, all_unified=False, mark_manual=False)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • var (SimVariable) -
                  • ty (SimType) -
                  • name (str | None) -
                  • override_bot(bool) -
                  • all_unified (bool) -
                  • mark_manual (bool) -
     get_variable_type(var)
              Return type
                  Optional[SimType]
     remove_types()
     unify_variables()
          Map SSA variables to a unified variable. Fill in self._unified_variables.
              Return type
                  None
     set_unified_variable(variable, unified)
          Set the unified variable for a given SSA variable.
              Parameters
                  • variable (SimVariable) - The SSA variable.
                  • unified (SimVariable) - The unified variable.
              Return type
                  None
              Returns
                  None
     unified_variable(variable)
          Return the unified variable for a given SSA variable,
              Parameters
                  variable (SimVariable) – The SSA variable.
              Return type
                  Optional[SimVariable]
                  The unified variable, or None if there is no such SSA variable.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     Manage variables.
```

```
__init__(kb)
     has_function_manager(key)
              Return type
                  bool
              Parameters
                  key (int) -
     get_function_manager(func_addr)
              Return type
                  VariableManagerInternal
     initialize_variable_names()
              Return type
                  None
     get_variable_accesses(variable, same_name=False)
          Get a list of all references to the given variable.
              Parameters
                  • variable (SimVariable) – The variable.
                  • same_name (bool) - Whether to include all variables with the same variable name, or just
                    based on the variable identifier.
              Return type
                  List[VariableAccess]
              Returns
                  All references to the variable.
     copy()
     static convert_variable_list(vlist, manager)
              Parameters
                  • vlist(List[Variable]) -
                  • manager (VariableManagerInternal) -
     load_from_dwarf(cu list=None)
              Parameters
                  cu_list(List[CompilationUnit] | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.DebugVariableContainer
     Bases: object
     Variable tree for variables with same name to lock up which variable is visible at a given program counter address.
     __init__()
          It is recommended to use DebugVariableManager.add_variable() instead
```

from_pc(pc)

Returns the visible variable (if any) for a given pc address.

Return type

Variable

class angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.**DebugVariable**(low_pc, high_pc, cle_variable)

Bases: DebugVariableContainer

Variables

- low_pc Start of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address (rebased)
- high_pc End of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address (rebased)
- cle_variable Original variable from cle

Parameters

- low_pc (int) -
- high_pc (int) -
- cle_variable (Variable) -

__init__(low_pc, high_pc, cle_variable)

It is recommended to use DebugVariableManager.add_variable() instead

Parameters

- low_pc (int) -
- high_pc (int) -
- cle_variable (Variable) -

from_pc(pc)

Returns the visible variable (if any) for a given pc address.

Return type

Variable

contains(dvar)

Return type

bool

Parameters

dvar (DebugVariable) -

test_unsupported_overlap(dvar)

Test for an unsupported overlapping

Parameters

dvar (DebugVariable) - Second DebugVariable to compare with

Return type

bool

Returns

True if there is an unsupported overlapping

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.DebugVariableManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     Structure to manage and access variables with different visibility scopes.
          Parameters
               kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     __init__(kb)
               Parameters
                  kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     from_name_and_pc(var_name, pc_addr)
          Get a variable from its string in the scope of pc.
               Return type
                   Variable
               Parameters
                   • var_name (str) -
                   • pc_addr (int) -
     from_name(var name)
          Get the variable container for all variables named var_name
               Parameters
                   var_name (str) – name for a variable
               Return type
                   DebugVariableContainer
     add_variable(cle_var, low_pc, high_pc)
          Add/load a variable
               Parameters
                   • cle_variable - The variable to add
                   • low_pc (int) – Start of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address
                     (rebased)
                   • high_pc (int) – End of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address
                     (rebased)
                   • cle_var (Variable) -
     add_variable_list(vlist, low_pc, high_pc)
          Add all variables in a list with the same visibility range
               Parameters
                   • vlist (List[Variable]) - A list of cle varibles to add
                   • low_pc (int) – Start of the visibility scope as program counter address (rebased)
                   • high_pc (int) – End of the visibility scope as program counter address (rebased)
     load_from_dwarf(elf_object=None, cu=None)
```

Automatically load all variables (global/local) from the DWARF debugging info

- ${\tt elf_object}$ (Optional[ELF]) Optional, when only one elf object should be considered (e.g. p.loader.main_object)
- cu (Optional[CompilationUnit]) Optional, when only one compilation unit should be considered

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager.StructuredCodeManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     __init__(kb)
     discard(key)
     available_flavors(item)
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel(func_addr=None,
                                                                             track_liveness=True)
     Bases: object
     Models the definitions, uses, and memory of a Reaching Definition State object
          Parameters
               • func_addr (int | None) -
               • track_liveness(bool) -
     __init__(func_addr=None, track_liveness=True)
             Parameters
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
                 • track_liveness (bool) -
     add_def(d)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 d (Definition) -
     kill_def(d)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 d (Definition) -
     at_new_stmt(codeloc)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 codeloc (CodeLocation) -
```

```
at_new_block(code_loc, pred_codelocs)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • pred_codelocs (List[CodeLocation]) -
make_liveness_snapshot()
        Return type
            None
find_defs_at(code_loc, op=ObservationPointType.OP_BEFORE)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
get_defs(atom, code_loc, op)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
copy()
        Return type
            ReachingDefinitionsModel
merge(model)
        Parameters
            model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
get_observation_by_insn(ins_addr, kind)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • ins_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
get_observation_by_node(node_addr, kind, node_idx=None)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
```

```
• node_addr (int | CodeLocation) -

    kind (ObservationPointType) –

                  • node_idx (int | None) -
     get_observation_by_stmt(arg1, arg2, arg3=None, *, block_idx=None)
     get_observation_by_exit(node_addr, stmt_idx, src_node_idx=None)
              Return type
                  Optional[LiveDefinitions]
              Parameters
                  • node_addr (int) -

    stmt_idx (int) -

                  • src_node_idx (int | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.KeyDefinitionManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     KeyDefinitionManager manages and caches reaching definition models for each function.
     For each function, by default we cache the entire reaching definitions model with observed results at the following
     locations: - Before each call instruction: ('insn', address of the call instruction, OP_BEFORE) - After returning
     from each call: ('node', address of the block that ends with a call, OP_AFTER)
          Parameters
              kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     __init__(kb)
              Parameters
                  kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     has_model(func_addr)
              Parameters
                  func_addr (int) -
     get_model(func_addr)
              Parameters
                  func_addr (int) -
     copy()
              Return type
                  KeyDefinitionManager
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions(arch, track_tmps=False,
                                                                       canonical_size=8, registers=None,
                                                                       stack=None, memory=None,
                                                                       heap=None, tmps=None,
                                                                       others=None, register_uses=None,
                                                                       stack_uses=None, heap_uses=None,
```

memory_uses=None,

tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)

```
Bases: object
A LiveDefinitions instance contains definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables,
```

```
Parameters
```

uncovered during the analysis.

```
• arch (Arch) -
          • track_tmps (bool) -
INITIAL\_SP\_32BIT = 2147418112
INITIAL_SP_64BIT = 140737488289792
__init__(arch, track_tmps=False, canonical_size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None,
         heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register_uses=None, stack_uses=None, heap_uses=None,
         memory_uses=None, tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)
        Parameters
            • arch (Arch) -
            • track_tmps (bool) -
project: Optional[Project]
arch
track_tmps
registers: MultiValuedMemory
stack: MultiValuedMemory
memory: MultiValuedMemory
heap: MultiValuedMemory
tmps: Dict[int, Set[Definition]]
others: Dict[Atom, MultiValues]
register_uses
stack_uses
heap_uses
memory_uses
tmp_uses: Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]
other_uses
uses_by_codeloc: Dict[CodeLocation, Set[Definition]]
property register_definitions
property stack_definitions
```

```
property memory_definitions
property heap_definitions
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
            LiveDefinitions
reset_uses()
static top(bits)
    Get a TOP value.
        Parameters
            bits (int) – Width of the TOP value (in bits).
        Returns
            The TOP value.
static is_top(expr)
    Check if the given expression is a TOP value.
        Parameters
            expr – The given expression.
        Return type
            bool
        Returns
            True if the expression is TOP, False otherwise.
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_stack_offset(addr, had_stack_base=False)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
             • symvar (BV) -
             • definition (Definition) -
```

```
Return type
            BV
        Returns
static extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            symvar (Base) -
static extract_defs_from_annotations(annos)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            annos (Iterable[Annotation]) -
static extract_defs_from_mv(mv)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
get_sp()
    Return the concrete value contained by the stack pointer.
        Return type
            int
get_sp_offset()
    Return the offset of the stack pointer.
        Return type
            Optional[int]
get_stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            offset (Base) -
stack_offset_to_stack_addr(offset)
        Return type
            int
merge(*others)
        Return type
            Tuple[LiveDefinitions, bool]
        Parameters
            others (LiveDefinitions) -
```

kill_definitions(atom)

Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not be removed during simplification.

```
Parameters
                                                              atom (Atom) -
                                            Return type
                                                              None
                                            Returns
                                                              None
\label{location} \textbf{kill\_and\_add\_definition} (\textit{atom}, \textit{code\_loc}, \textit{data}, \textit{dummy} = \textit{False}, \textit{tags} = \textit{None}, \textit{endness} = \textit{endness} = \textit{endness}
                                                                                                                                          annotated=False)
                                            Return type
                                                               Optional[MultiValues]
                                            Parameters
                                                                • atom (Atom) -
                                                                • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                                                                • data (MultiValues) -
                                                                • tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
add_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
                                            Return type
                                                               None
                                            Parameters
                                                                • atom (Atom) -
                                                                • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                                                                • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, code_loc, expr=None)
                                            Return type
                                                               None
                                            Parameters
                                                                • definition (Definition) -
                                                                • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                                                                • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(thing)
                                            Return type
                                                               Set[Definition[Atom]]
                                            Parameters
                                                               thing
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
                                                                Iterable[Definition[Atom]] / MultiValues) -
```

```
get_tmp_definitions(tmp_idx)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            tmp_idx(int) -
get_register_definitions(reg_offset, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_stack_values(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • endness (str) -
get_stack_definitions(stack_offset, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_heap_definitions(heap_addr, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • heap_addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_memory_definitions(addr, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_definitions_from_atoms(**kwargs)
```

```
get_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_values(spec)
        Return type
           Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
           spec
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
get_one_value(spec, strip_annotations=False)
        Return type
           Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            • spec(Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition[Atom]])
            • strip_annotations (bool) -
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
           Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters
            spec
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
              Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
           None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
           None
```

Parameters

- **def_** (Definition) -
- code_loc (CodeLocation) -
- expr (Any | None) -

add_stack_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)

Return type

None

Parameters

- atom (MemoryLocation) -
- code_loc (CodeLocation) -
- expr (Any | None) -

add_stack_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)

Return type

None

Parameters

- def_(Definition) -
- code_loc (CodeLocation) -
- expr (Any | None) -

add_heap_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)

Return type

None

Parameters

- atom (MemoryLocation) -
- code_loc (CodeLocation) -
- expr (Any | None) -

add_heap_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)

Return type

None

Parameters

- def_(Definition) -
- code_loc (CodeLocation) -
- expr (Any | None) -

add_memory_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)

Return type

None

Parameters

• atom (MemoryLocation) -

```
• code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use(atom, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Tmp) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
add_tmp_use_by_def(def_, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
static is_heap_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_heap_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
heap_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            offset (int | HeapAddress) -
```

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.DerefSize(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum for specialized kinds of dereferences
     NULL TERMINATE - Dereference until the first byte which could be a literal null. Return a value
     including the
          terminator.
     NULL TERMINATE = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses(uses_by_definition=None,
                                                           uses_by_location=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes uses (including the use location and the use expression) for definitions.
          Parameters
                • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     __init__(uses_by_definition=None, uses_by_location=None)
              Parameters
                   • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                   • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     add_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)
          Add a use for a given definition.
              Parameters
                   • definition (Definition) – The definition that is used.
                   • codeloc (CodeLocation) – The code location where the use occurs.
                   • expr (Optional[Any]) – The expression that uses the specified definition at this location.
     get_uses(definition)
          Retrieve the uses of a given definition.
                  definition (Definition) – The definition for which we get the uses.
              Return type
                  Set[CodeLocation]
     get_uses_with_expr(definition)
          Retrieve the uses and the corresponding expressions of a given definition.
              Parameters
                  definition (Definition) – The definition for which we get the uses and the corresponding
                  expressions.
              Return type
```

Set[Tuple[CodeLocation, Optional[Any]]]

remove_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)

Remove one use of a given definition.

Parameters

- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition of which to remove the uses.
- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location where the use is.
- **expr** (Optional[Any]) The expression that uses the definition at the given location.

Return type

None

Returns

None

remove_uses(definition)

Remove all uses of a given definition.

Parameters

definition (*Definition*) – The definition of which to remove the uses.

Returns

None

get_uses_by_location(codeloc, exprs=False)

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location.

Parameters

- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location.
- exprs (bool) -

Return type

Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]

Returns

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

```
get_uses_by_insaddr(ins_addr, exprs=False)
```

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location specified by the instruction address.

Parameters

- ins_addr (int) The instruction address.
- exprs (bool) -

Return type

Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]

Returns

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

copy()

Copy the instance.

Return type

Uses

Returns

Return a new <Uses> instance containing the same data.

```
merge(other)
          Merge an instance of <Uses> into the current instance.
              Parameters
                  other (Uses) – The other <Uses> from which the data will be added to the current instance.
              Return type
                  bool
              Returns
                  True if any merge occurred, False otherwise
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)
     Bases: Generic[A]
     An atom definition.
          Variables
                • atom – The atom being defined.
                • codeloc – Where this definition is created in the original binary code.
                • dummy – Tell whether the definition should be considered dummy or not. During simplifica-
                  tion by AILment, definitions marked as dummy will not be removed.
                • tags – A set of tags containing information about the definition gathered during analyses.
     __init__(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)
              Parameters
                   • atom (A) -
                   • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
                   • dummy (bool) -
                   • tags (Set [Tag] | None) -
             TypeVar(A, bound= Atom)
     codeloc: CodeLocation
     dummy: bool
     tags
     property offset: int
     property size: int
     matches(**kwargs)
          Return whether this definition has certain characteristics.
               Return type
                  bool
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.AtomKind(value)
     An enum indicating the class of an atom
     REGISTER = 1
```

```
MEMORY = 2
     TMP = 3
     GUARD = 4
     CONSTANT = 5
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom(size)
     Bases: object
     This class represents a data storage location manipulated by IR instructions.
     It could either be a Tmp (temporary variable), a Register, a MemoryLocation.
     __init__(size)
               Parameters
                   size – The size of the atom in bytes
     size
     property bits: int
     static from_ail_expr(expr, arch, full_reg=False)
               Return type
                   Register
               Parameters
                   • expr (Expression) -
                   • arch (Arch) -
                   • full_reg (bool) -
     static from_argument(argument, arch, full_reg=False, sp=None)
          Instanciate an Atom from a given argument.
               Parameters
                   • argument (SimFunctionArgument) – The argument to create a new atom from.
                   • registers – A mapping representing the registers of a given architecture.
                   • full_reg – Whether to return an atom indicating the entire register if the argument only
                     specifies a slice of the register.
                   • sp (Optional[int]) - The current stack offset. Optional. Only used when argument is a
                     SimStackArg.
                   • arch (Arch) -
               Return type
                  Union[Register, MemoryLocation]
     static reg(thing, size=None, arch=None)
          Create a Register atom.
               Parameters
                              (Union[str,
                                              RegisterOffset]) - The
                                                                               register
                                                                                                  (e.g.,
                     project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
```

- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

Return type

Register

Returns

The Register Atom object.

static register(thing, size=None, arch=None)

Create a Register atom.

Parameters

- **thing** (Union[str, RegisterOffset]) The register offset (e.g., project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

Return type

Register

Returns

The Register Atom object.

static mem(*addr*, *size*, *endness=None*)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

Parameters

- **addr** (Union[*SpOffset*, *HeapAddress*, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend_LE" or "Iend_BE".

Return type

MemoryLocation

Returns

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

static memory(addr, size, endness=None)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

- **addr** (Union[SpOffset, HeapAddress, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend_LE" or "Iend_BE".

```
Return type
                  MemoryLocation
              Returns
                  The MemoryLocation Atom object.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.GuardUse(target)
     Bases: Atom
     Implements a guard use.
     __init__(target)
                  size – The size of the atom in bytes
     target
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.ConstantSrc(value, size)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a constant.
          Parameters
                • value (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(value, size)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • value (int) -
     value: int
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Tmp(tmp_idx, size)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a variable used by the IR to store intermediate values.
          Parameters
                • tmp_idx (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(tmp_idx, size)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • tmp_idx (int) -
     tmp_idx
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Register(reg_offset, size, arch=None)
     Bases: Atom
```

As an IR abstracts the CPU design to target different architectures, registers are represented as a separated memory space. Thus a register is defined by its offset from the base of this memory and its size.

Represents a given CPU register.

```
Variables
                • reg_offset (int) – The offset from the base to define its place in the memory bloc.
                • size (int) – The size, in number of bytes.
          Parameters
                • reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
                • size (int) -
                • arch (Arch | None) -
     __init__(reg_offset, size, arch=None)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
                  • arch (Arch | None) -
     reg_offset
     arch
     property name: str
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.MemoryLocation(addr, size, endness=None)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a memory slice.
     It is characterized by its address and its size.
          Parameters
                • addr (SpOffset | HeapAddress | int) -
                • size (int) -
                • endness (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, endness=None)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) – The address of the beginning memory location slice.
                  • size (int) – The size of the represented memory location, in bytes.
                  • endness (str | None) -
     addr: Union[SpOffset, int, BV]
     endness
     property is_on_stack: bool
          True if this memory location is located on the stack.
     property symbolic: bool
```

class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.constants.ObservationPointType(value)

```
Bases: IntEnum
```

Enum to replace the previously generic constants This makes it possible to annotate where they are expected by typing something as ObservationPointType instead of Literal[0,1]

```
OP_BEFORE = 0
OP_AFTER = 1
```

class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.DefinitionMatchPredicate(kind=None,

```
bbl_addr=None,
ins_addr=None,
vari-
able=None,
vari-
able_manager=None,
stack_offset=None,
reg_name=None,
heap_offset=None,
global_addr=None,
tmp_idx=None,
const_val=None,
ex-
tern=None)
```

Bases: object

A dataclass indicating several facts which much all must match in order for a definition to match. Largely an internal class; don't worry about this.

```
variable: Optional[SimVariable] = None
variable_manager: Union[VariableManagerInternal, None, Literal[False]] = None
stack_offset: Optional[int] = None
reg_name: Union[str, int, None] = None
heap_offset: Optional[int] = None
global_addr: Optional[int] = None
tmp_idx: Optional[int] = None
const_val: Optional[int] = None
extern: Optional[bool] = None
static construct(predicate=None, **kwargs)
        Return type
           DefinitionMatchPredicate
        Parameters
           predicate (DefinitionMatchPredicate / None) -
normalize()
matches(defn)
        Return type
           bool
        Parameters
           defn (Definition) -
__init__(kind=None, bbl_addr=None, ins_addr=None, variable=None, variable_manager=None,
         stack_offset=None, reg_name=None, heap_offset=None, global_addr=None, tmp_idx=None,
         const_val=None, extern=None)
        Parameters
            • kind (AtomKind | Type[Atom] | None) -
            • bbl_addr (int | None) -
            • ins_addr (int | None) -
            • variable (SimVariable / None) -
            • variable_manager(VariableManagerInternal | None | Literal[False]) -
            • stack_offset (int | None) -
            • reg_name (str | int | None) -
            • heap_offset (int | None) -
            • global_addr (int | None) -
            • tmp_idx (int | None) -
            • const_val (int | None) -
            • extern (bool | None) -
```

Return type

None

Bases: Generic[A]

An atom definition.

Variables

- atom The atom being defined.
- **codeloc** Where this definition is created in the original binary code.
- **dummy** Tell whether the definition should be considered dummy or not. During simplification by AILment, definitions marked as dummy will not be removed.
- tags A set of tags containing information about the definition gathered during analyses.

__init__(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)

Parameters

- atom (A) -
- codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- dummy (bool) -
- tags (Set [Tag] | None) -

atom: TypeVar(A, bound= Atom)

codeloc: CodeLocation

dummy: bool

tags

property offset: int

property size: int

matches(**kwargs)

Return whether this definition has certain characteristics.

Return type

bool

class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environment.Environment(environment=None)

Bases: object

Represent the environment in which a program runs. It's a mapping of variable names, to *claripy.ast.Base* that should contain possible addresses, or <UNDEFINED>, at which their respective values are stored.

Note: The <Environment> object does not store the values associated with variables themselves.

```
environment (Dict[str | Undefined, Set[Base]]) -
__init__(environment=None)

Parameters
    environment (Dict[str | Undefined, Set[Base]] | None) -
```

```
get(names)
```

Parameters

names (Set[str]) – Potential values for the name of the environment variable to get the pointers of.

Return type

```
Tuple[Set[Base], bool]
```

Returns

The potential addresses of the values the environment variable can take; And a boolean value telling whether all the names were known of the internal representation (i.e. will be False if one of the queried variable was not found).

set(name, pointers)

Parameters

- **name** (Union[str, *Undefined*]) Name of the environment variable to which we will associate the pointers.
- **pointers** (Set[Base]) New addresses where the new values of the environment variable are located.

merge(*others)

Return type

```
Tuple[Environment, bool]
```

Parameters

```
others (Environment) -
```

class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_address.HeapAddress(value)

```
Bases: object
```

The representation of an address on the heap.

Parameters

```
value(int | Undefined) -
```

__init__(value)

Parameters

value(int / Undefined) -

property value

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_manager.\textbf{RDAObserverControl}(\textit{func_addr}, \\ \, \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_manager.\textbf{RDAObserverControl}(\textit{func_addr}, \\ \, \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{$

call_site_block_addr.call_site_ins_addrs)

Bases: object

Parameters

- func_addr (int) -
- call_site_block_addrs (Iterable[int]) -
- call_site_ins_addrs (Iterable[int]) -

__init__(func_addr, call_site_block_addrs, call_site_ins_addrs)

```
    call_site_block_addrs (Iterable[int]) -

                  • call_site_ins_addrs (Iterable[int]) -
     rda_observe_callback(ob_type, **kwargs)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_manager.KeyDefinitionManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     KeyDefinitionManager manages and caches reaching definition models for each function.
     For each function, by default we cache the entire reaching definitions model with observed results at the following
     locations: - Before each call instruction: ('insn', address of the call instruction, OP_BEFORE) - After returning
     from each call: ('node', address of the block that ends with a call, OP_AFTER)
          Parameters
              kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     __init__(kb)
              Parameters
                  kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     has_model(func addr)
              Parameters
                  func_addr (int) -
     get_model(func_addr)
              Parameters
                  func_addr (int) -
     copy()
              Return type
                  KeyDefinitionManager
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.DerefSize(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum for specialized kinds of dereferences
     NULL TERMINATE - Dereference until the first byte which could be a literal null. Return a value
     including the
          terminator.
     NULL\_TERMINATE = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.DefinitionAnnotation(definition)
     Bases: Annotation
     An annotation that attaches a Definition to an AST.
     __init__(definition)
     definition
```

• func_addr (int) -

property relocatable

Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.

Returns

True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.

property eliminatable

Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.

Returns

True if eliminatable, False otherwise

class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefinitions(arch,

track_tmps=False, canonical size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None, heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register uses=None, stack uses=None, heap_uses=None, memory_uses=None, tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)

Bases: object

A LiveDefinitions instance contains definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

```
• arch (Arch) -
• track_tmps (bool) -
• registers (MultiValuedMemory) -
• stack (MultiValuedMemory) -
• memory (MultiValuedMemory) -
• heap (MultiValuedMemory) -
• tmps (Dict[int, Set[Definition]]) -
• others (Dict[Atom, MultiValues]) -
• tmp_uses (Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]) -
INITIAL_SP_32BIT = 2147418112
INITIAL_SP_64BIT = 140737488289792
```

```
__init__(arch, track_tmps=False, canonical_size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None,
         heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register_uses=None, stack_uses=None, heap_uses=None,
         memory_uses=None, tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)
        Parameters
            • arch (Arch) -
            • track_tmps (bool) -
project: Optional[Project]
arch
track_tmps
registers: MultiValuedMemory
stack: MultiValuedMemory
memory: MultiValuedMemory
heap: MultiValuedMemory
tmps: Dict[int, Set[Definition]]
others: Dict[Atom, MultiValues]
register_uses
stack_uses
heap_uses
memory_uses
tmp_uses: Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]
other_uses
uses_by_codeloc: Dict[CodeLocation, Set[Definition]]
property register_definitions
property stack_definitions
property memory_definitions
property heap_definitions
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           LiveDefinitions
reset_uses()
```

```
static top(bits)
    Get a TOP value.
        Parameters
            bits (int) – Width of the TOP value (in bits).
        Returns
            The TOP value.
static is_top(expr)
    Check if the given expression is a TOP value.
        Parameters
            expr – The given expression.
        Return type
            bool
        Returns
            True if the expression is TOP, False otherwise.
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_stack_offset(addr, had_stack_base=False)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
             • symvar (BV) -
             • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            BV
        Returns
static extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
```

```
Parameters
            symvar (Base) -
static extract_defs_from_annotations(annos)
         Return type
            Set[Definition]
         Parameters
            annos (Iterable[Annotation]) -
static extract_defs_from_mv(mv)
         Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
         Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
get_sp()
     Return the concrete value contained by the stack pointer.
         Return type
            int
get_sp_offset()
     Return the offset of the stack pointer.
         Return type
            Optional[int]
get_stack_address(offset)
         Return type
            Optional[int]
         Parameters
            offset (Base) -
stack_offset_to_stack_addr(offset)
         Return type
            int
merge(*others)
         Return type
            Tuple[LiveDefinitions, bool]
         Parameters
            others (LiveDefinitions) -
kill_definitions(atom)
     Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
     be removed during simplification.
         Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
         Return type
            None
```

```
Returns
                                                       None
\label{location} \textbf{kill\_and\_add\_definition} (\textit{atom}, \textit{code\_loc}, \textit{data}, \textit{dummy} = \textit{False}, \textit{tags} = \textit{None}, \textit{endness} = \textit{endness} = \textit{endness}
                                                                                                                          annotated=False)
                                       Return type
                                                       Optional[MultiValues]
                                       Parameters
                                                         • atom (Atom) -
                                                         • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                                                         • data (MultiValues) -
                                                         • tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
add_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
                                       Return type
                                                        None
                                       Parameters
                                                         • atom (Atom) -
                                                         • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                                                         • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, code_loc, expr=None)
                                       Return type
                                                        None
                                       Parameters
                                                         • definition (Definition) -
                                                         • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                                                         • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(thing)
                                       Return type
                                                        Set[Definition[Atom]]
                                       Parameters
                                                        thing
                                                                                                                                                                                                  (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
                                                        Iterable[Definition[Atom]] / MultiValues) -
get_tmp_definitions(tmp_idx)
                                       Return type
                                                         Set[Definition]
                                       Parameters
                                                       tmp_idx (int) -
get_register_definitions(reg_offset, size)
                                       Return type
                                                        Set[Definition]
```

Parameters • reg_offset (int) -• size (int) get_stack_values(stack_offset, size, endness) Return type Optional[MultiValues] **Parameters** • stack_offset (int) -• size (int) -• endness (str) get_stack_definitions(stack_offset, size) **Return type** Set[Definition] **Parameters** • stack_offset (int) -• size (int) get_heap_definitions(heap_addr, size) **Return type** Set[Definition] **Parameters** • heap_addr (int) -• size (int) get_memory_definitions(addr, size) Return type Set[Definition] **Parameters** • addr (int) -• size (int) get_definitions_from_atoms(**kwargs) get_value_from_definition(**kwargs) get_one_value_from_definition(**kwargs) get_concrete_value_from_definition(**kwargs) get_value_from_atom(**kwargs)

get_one_value_from_atom(**kwargs)

get_concrete_value_from_atom(**kwargs)

```
get_values(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
            spec
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
get_one_value(spec, strip_annotations=False)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            • spec(Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition[Atom]])
            • strip_annotations (bool) -
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
            Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters

    spec

                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
              Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
```

```
• atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any / None) -
add_memory_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
```

• code_loc (CodeLocation) -

```
• expr (Any | None) -
     add_tmp_use(atom, code_loc)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                  • atom (Tmp) -
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
     add_tmp_use_by_def(def_, code_loc)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                  • def_ (Definition) -
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
     static is_heap_address(addr)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     static get_heap_offset(addr)
              Return type
                 Optional[int]
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     heap_address(offset)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 offset (int | HeapAddress) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.ReachingDefinitionsModel(func_addr=None,
                                                                                        track_liveness=True)
     Bases: object
     Models the definitions, uses, and memory of a ReachingDefinitionState object
          Parameters
               • func_addr (int | None) -
                • track_liveness(bool) -
```

```
__init__(func_addr=None, track_liveness=True)
        Parameters
            • func_addr (int | None) -
            • track_liveness(bool) -
add_def(d)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            d (Definition) -
kill_def(d)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            d (Definition) -
at_new_stmt(codeloc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            codeloc (CodeLocation) -
at_new_block(code_loc, pred_codelocs)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • pred_codelocs (List[CodeLocation]) -
make_liveness_snapshot()
        Return type
            None
find_defs_at(code_loc, op=ObservationPointType.OP_BEFORE)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
get_defs(atom, code_loc, op)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
```

```
• atom (Atom) -
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                  • op (int) -
     copy()
              Return type
                 ReachingDefinitionsModel
     merge(model)
              Parameters
                 model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
     get_observation_by_insn(ins_addr, kind)
              Return type
                 Optional[LiveDefinitions]
              Parameters
                  • ins_addr (int | CodeLocation) -
                  • kind (ObservationPointType) -
     get_observation_by_node(node_addr, kind, node_idx=None)
              Return type
                 Optional[LiveDefinitions]
              Parameters
                  • node_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
                  • kind (ObservationPointType) -
                  • node_idx (int | None) -
     get_observation_by_stmt(arg1, arg2, arg3=None, *, block_idx=None)
     get_observation_by_exit(node_addr, stmt_idx, src_node_idx=None)
              Return type
                 Optional[LiveDefinitions]
              Parameters
                  • node_addr (int) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
                  • src_node_idx (int | None) -
Classes to structure the different types of <Tag>s that can be attached to <Definition>s.
   Tag
           - FunctionTag
                 * ParameterTag
                 * LocalVariableTag
                 * ReturnValueTag
           - InitialValueTag
```

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.Tag(metadata=None)
     Bases: object
     A tag for a Definition that can carry different kinds of metadata.
          Parameters
              metadata (object) -
     __init__(metadata=None)
              Parameters
                 metadata (object | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.FunctionTag(function=None, metadata=None)
     Bases: Tag
     A tag for a definition created (or used) in the context of a function.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
     __init__(function=None, metadata=None)
              Parameters
                  • function (int | None) -
                  • metadata (object | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.SideEffectTag(function=None, metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definition created or used as a side-effect of a function.
     Example: The <MemoryLocation> pointed by rdi during a sprintf.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.ParameterTag(function=None, metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definition of a parameter.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.LocalVariableTag(function=None,
                                                                           metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definition of a local variable of a function.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
```

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.ReturnValueTag(function=None,
                                                                         metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definiton of a return value of a function.
          Parameters

    function (int) –

                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.InitialValueTag(metadata=None)
     Bases: Tag
     A tag for a definiton of an initial value
          Parameters
              metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.UnknownSizeTag(metadata=None)
     Bases: Tag
     A tag for a definiton of an initial value
          Parameters
              metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.undefined.Undefined
     Bases: object
     A TOP-like value indicating an unknown data source. Should live next to raw integers in DataSets.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.unknown_size.UnknownSize
     Bases: object
     A value indicating an unknown size for elements of DataSets. Should "behave" like an integer.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses.Uses(uses_by_definition=None,
                                                               uses_by_location=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes uses (including the use location and the use expression) for definitions.
          Parameters
                • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     __init__(uses_by_definition=None, uses_by_location=None)
              Parameters
                  • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                  • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     add_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)
          Add a use for a given definition.
              Parameters
                  • definition (Definition) – The definition that is used.
```

- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location where the use occurs.
- **expr** (Optional[Any]) The expression that uses the specified definition at this location.

get_uses(definition)

Retrieve the uses of a given definition.

Parameters

definition (*Definition*) – The definition for which we get the uses.

Return type

Set[CodeLocation]

get_uses_with_expr(definition)

Retrieve the uses and the corresponding expressions of a given definition.

Parameters

definition (*Definition*) – The definition for which we get the uses and the corresponding expressions.

Return type

Set[Tuple[CodeLocation, Optional[Any]]]

remove_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)

Remove one use of a given definition.

Parameters

- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition of which to remove the uses.
- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location where the use is.
- **expr** (Optional[Any]) The expression that uses the definition at the given location.

Return type

None

Returns

None

remove_uses(definition)

Remove all uses of a given definition.

Parameters

definition (*Definition*) – The definition of which to remove the uses.

Returns

None

get_uses_by_location(codeloc, exprs=False)

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location.

Parameters

- codeloc (CodeLocation) The code location.
- exprs (bool) -

Return type

Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]

Returns

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

```
get_uses_by_insaddr(ins_addr, exprs=False)
          Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location specified by the instruction address.
               Parameters
                   • ins_addr (int) – The instruction address.
                   • exprs (bool) -
               Return type
                  Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]
               Returns
                  A set of definitions that are used at the given location.
     copy()
          Copy the instance.
               Return type
                   Uses
               Returns
                   Return a new <Uses> instance containing the same data.
     merge(other)
          Merge an instance of <Uses> into the current instance.
               Parameters
                  other (Uses) – The other < Uses> from which the data will be added to the current instance.
               Return type
                  bool
               Returns
                   True if any merge occurred, False otherwise
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.import_binsync()
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.make_state(f)
     Build a writeable State instance and pass to f as the state kwarg if the state kwarg is None. Function f should
     have have at least two kwargs, user and state.
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.make_ro_state(f)
     Build a read-only State instance and pass to f as the state kwarg if the state kwarg is None. Function f should
     have have at least two kwargs, user and state.
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.init_checker(f)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncController(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     SyncController interfaces with a binsync client to push changes upwards and pull changes downwards.
          Variables
               client (binsync. Client) – The binsync client.
     __init__(kb)
     connect(user, path, bin_hash=", init_repo=False, ssh_agent_pid=None, ssh_auth_sock=None,
               remote url=None)
     property connected
```

```
commit()
update()
copy()
pull()
property has_remote
users()
status()
tally(users=None)
push_function(func, user=None, state=None)
     Push a function upwards.
         Parameters
            func (Function) – The angr Function object to push upwards.
            True if updates are made. False otherwise.
         Return type
            bool
push_comment(addr, comment, decompiled=False, user=None, state=None)
push_comments(comments, user=None, state=None)
    Push a bunch of comments upwards.
         Parameters
            comments (list) - A list of BinSync Comments
         Returns
push_stack_variables(stack_variables, var_manager, user=None, state=None)
         Parameters
             • stack_variables (List[SimStackVariable]) -
             • var_manager(VariableManagerInternal) -
         Returns
push_stack_variable(func_addr, offset, name, type_, size_, user=None, state=None)
pull_function(addr, user=None, state=None)
     Pull a function downwards.
         Parameters
             • addr (int) – Address of the function.
             • user (str) – Name of the user.
         Returns
```

The binsync.data.Function object if pulling succeeds, or None if pulling fails.

Return type

binsync.data.Function | None

```
pull_comment(addr, user=None, state=None)
```

Pull a comment downwards.

Parameters

- addr (int) Address of the comment.
- **user** (*str*) Name of the user.

Returns

a Comment object from BinSync, or None

Return type

binsync.data.Comment | None

pull_comments(func_addr, user=None, state=None)

Pull comments downwards.

Parameters

- **start_addr** (*int*) Where we want to pull comments.
- end_addr (int) Where we want to stop pulling comments (exclusive).

Returns

An iterator.

Return type

Iterable

pull_patches(user=None, state=None)

Pull patches.

Parameters

user (*str*) – Name of the user to patches from.

Returns

An iterator

Return type

Iterable

pull_stack_variables(func_addr, user=None, state=None)

Pull stack variables from a function.

@param func addr: Function address to pull from @param user: @param state: @return:

```
get_func_addr_from_addr(addr)
```

Bases: Serializable

XRef describes a reference to a MemoryData instance (if a MemoryData instance is available) or just an address.

Parameters

- ins_addr (int | None) -
- block_addr (int | None) -

```
• stmt_idx (int | None) -
               • insn_op_idx (int | None) -
               • dst (int | None) -
     __init__(ins_addr=None, block_addr=None, stmt_idx=None, insn_op_idx=None, memory_data=None,
               dst=None, xref type=None)
              Parameters
                  • ins_addr (int | None) -
                 • block_addr (int | None) -
                  • stmt_idx (int | None) -
                  • insn_op_idx (int | None) -
                  • dst (int | None) -
     ins_addr: Optional[int]
     insn_op_idx: Optional[int]
     block_addr: Optional[int]
     stmt_idx: Optional[int]
     memory_data
     type
     dst
     property type_string
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                 A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                 protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, bits=None, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                 cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                 A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                 cls
     copy()
     insn_op_type
class angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types.XRefType
     Bases: object
```

```
Offset = 0
     Read = 1
     Write = 2
     static to_string(ty)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, Serializable
     __init__(kb)
     copy()
     add_xref(xref)
     add_xrefs(xrefs)
     get_xrefs_by_ins_addr(ins_addr)
     get_xrefs_by_dst(dst)
     get_xrefs_by_dst_region(start, end)
          Get a set of XRef objects that point to a given address region bounded by start and end. Will only return
          absolute xrefs, not relative ones (like SP offsets)
     get_xrefs_by_ins_addr_region(start, end)
          Get a set of XRef objects that originate at a given address region bounded by start and end. Useful for
          finding references from a basic block or function.
              Return type
                  Set[XRef]
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg_model=None, kb=None, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.code_location.CodeLocation(block_addr, stmt_idx, sim_procedure=None, ins_addr=None,
                                             context=None, block_idx=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     Stands for a specific program point by specifying basic block address and statement ID (for IRSBs), or SimPro-
```

cedure name (for SimProcedures).

Parameters

```
• block_addr (int) -
```

- stmt_idx (int | None) -
- ins_addr (int | None) -
- context (Any) -
- block_idx (int) -

__init__(block_addr, stmt_idx, sim_procedure=None, ins_addr=None, context=None, block_idx=None, **kwargs)

Constructor.

Parameters

- block_addr (int) Address of the block
- **stmt_idx** (Optional[int]) Statement ID. None for SimProcedures or if the code location is meant to refer to the entire block.
- **sim_procedure** (*class*) The corresponding SimProcedure class.
- ins_addr (Optional[int]) The instruction address.
- **context** (Optional[Any]) A tuple that represents the context of this CodeLocation in contextful mode, or None in contextless mode.
- **kwargs** Optional arguments, will be stored, but not used in <u>__eq__</u> or <u>__hash__</u>.
- block_idx (int | None) -

block_addr: int

stmt_idx: Optional[int]

sim_procedure

ins_addr: Optional[int]

context: Optional[Tuple[int]]

block_idx

info: Optional[Dict]

property short_repr

class angr.code_location.ExternalCodeLocation(call_string=None)

Bases: CodeLocation

Stands for a program point that originates from outside an analysis' scope. i.e. a value loaded from rdi in a callee where the caller has not been analyzed.

```
Parameters
```

```
call_string(Tuple[int, ...] | None) -
__init__(call_string=None)
Constructor.
```

Parameters

• block_addr - Address of the block

- **stmt_idx** Statement ID. None for SimProcedures or if the code location is meant to refer to the entire block.
- **sim_procedure** (*class*) The corresponding SimProcedure class.
- **ins_addr** The instruction address.
- context A tuple that represents the context of this CodeLocation in contextful mode, or None in contextless mode.
- **kwargs** Optional arguments, will be stored, but not used in <u>__eq__</u> or <u>__hash__</u>.

```
• call_string (Tuple[int, ...] | None) -
     call_string
class angr.keyed_region.StoredObject(start, obj, size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(start, obj, size)
     start
     obj
     size: Union[UnknownSize, int]
     property obj_id
class angr.keyed_region.RegionObject(start, size, objects=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents one or more objects occupying one or more bytes in KeyedRegion.
     __init__(start, size, objects=None)
     start
     size
     stored_objects
     property is_empty
     property end
     property internal_objects
     includes(offset)
     split(split_at)
     add_object(obj)
     set_object(obj)
```

copy()

```
class angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion(tree=None, phi_node_contains=None, canonical_size=8)
     Bases: object
     KeyedRegion keeps a mapping between stack offsets and all objects covering that offset. It assumes no variable
     in this region overlap with another variable in this region.
     Registers and function frames can all be viewed as a keyed region.
     __init__(tree=None, phi_node_contains=None, canonical_size=8)
     copy()
     merge(other, replacements=None)
           Merge another KeyedRegion into this KeyedRegion.
               Parameters
                   other (KeyedRegion) – The other instance to merge with.
               Returns
                   None
     merge_to_top(other, replacements=None, top=None)
           Merge another KeyedRegion into this KeyedRegion, but mark all variables with different values as TOP.
               Parameters
                   • other – The other instance to merge with.
                   • replacements -
               Returns
                   self
     replace(replacements)
           Replace variables with other variables.
               Parameters
                   replacements (dict) – A dict of variable replacements.
               Returns
                   self
     dbg_repr()
           Get a debugging representation of this keyed region. :return: A string of debugging output.
     add_variable(start, variable)
           Add a variable to this region at the given offset.
               Parameters
                   • start (int) -
                   • variable (SimVariable) -
               Returns
                   None
     add_object(start, obj, object_size)
           Add/Store an object to this region at the given offset.
               Parameters
                   • start -
```

- obj -
- object_size (int) Size of the object

Returns

set_variable(start, variable)

Add a variable to this region at the given offset, and remove all other variables that are fully covered by this variable.

Parameters

- start (int) -
- variable (SimVariable) -

Returns

None

set_object(start, obj, object_size)

Add an object to this region at the given offset, and remove all other objects that are fully covered by this object.

Parameters

- start -
- obj -
- object_size -

Returns

get_base_addr(addr)

Get the base offset (the key we are using to index objects covering the given offset) of a specific offset.

Parameters

```
addr (int) -
```

Returns

Return type

int or None

get_variables_by_offset(start)

Find variables covering the given region offset.

Parameters

```
start (int) -
```

Returns

A set of variables.

Return type

set

get_objects_by_offset(start)

Find objects covering the given region offset.

Parameters

start -

Returns

get_all_variables()

Get all variables covering the current region.

Returns

A set of all variables.

10.14 Serialization

Bases: Pickler

```
class angr.serializable.Serializable
     Bases: object
     The base class of all protobuf-serializable classes in angr.
     serialize_to_cmessage()
           Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                   A protobuf cmessage object.
               Return type
                   protobuf.cmessage
     serialize()
           Serialize the class object and returns a bytes object.
               Returns
                   A bytes object.
               Return type
                   bytes
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
           Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
               Parameters
                   cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                   A unserialized class object.
               Return type
                   cls
     classmethod parse(s, **kwargs)
           Parse a bytes object and create a class object.
               Parameters
                   s (bytes) – A bytes object.
               Returns
                   A class object.
               Return type
                   cls
```

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class angr.vaults.VaultPickler(vault, file, *args, assigned_objects=(), **kwargs)

```
__init__(vault, file, *args, assigned_objects=(), **kwargs)
           A persistence-aware pickler. It will check for persistence of any objects except for those with IDs in 'as-
           signed_objects'.
     persistent_id(obj)
class angr.vaults.VaultUnpickler(vault, file, *args, **kwargs)
     Bases: Unpickler
     __init__(vault, file, *args, **kwargs)
     persistent_load(pid)
class angr.vaults.Vault
     Bases: MutableMapping
     The vault is a serializer for angr.
     keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
     __init__()
     is_stored(i)
           Checks if the provided id is already in the vault.
     load(oid)
     store(o)
     dumps(o)
           Returns a serialized string representing the object, post-deduplication.
               Parameters
                   o – the object
     loads(s)
           Deserializes a string representation of the object.
               Parameters
                   s – the string
     static close()
class angr.vaults.VaultDict(d=None)
     Bases: Vault
     A Vault that uses a dictionary for storage.
     __init__(d=None)
     is_stored(i)
           Checks if the provided id is already in the vault.
     keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
class angr.vaults.VaultDir(d=None)
     Bases: Vault
     A Vault that uses a directory for storage.
```

```
__init__(d=None)
     keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
class angr.vaults.VaultShelf(path=None)
     Bases: VaultDict
     A Vault that uses a shelve. Shelf for storage.
     __init__(path=None)
     close()
class angr.vaults.VaultDirShelf(d=None)
     Bases: VaultDict
     A Vault that uses a directory for storage, where every object is stored into a single shelve. Shelf instance. Vault-
     Dir creates a file for each object. VaultDirShelf creates only one file for a stored object and everything else it
     references.
     __init__(d=None)
     store(o)
     load(oid)
     keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
```

10.15 Analysis

```
angr.analyses.register_analysis(cls, name)

class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisLogEntry(message, exc_info=False)
    Bases: object
    __init__(message, exc_info=False)

class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysesHub(project)
    Bases: PluginVendor[A]
    This class contains functions for all the registered and runnable analyses,
    __init__(project)
    reload_analyses(**kwargs)

class angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: Protocol
    Identifier: Type[Identifier]
    CalleeCleanupFinder: Type[CalleeCleanupFinder]
    VSA_DDG: Type[VSA_DDG]
```

```
CDG: Type[CDG]
    BinDiff: Type[BinDiff]
    CFGEmulated: Type[CFGEmulated]
    CFB: Type[CFBlanket]
    CFBlanket: Type[CFBlanket]
    CFG: Type [CFG]
    CFGFast: Type[CFGFast]
    StaticHooker: Type[StaticHooker]
    DDG: Type[DDG]
    CongruencyCheck: Type[CongruencyCheck]
    Reassembler: Type[Reassembler]
    BackwardSlice: Type[BackwardSlice]
    BinaryOptimizer: Type[BinaryOptimizer]
    VFG: Type[VFG]
    LoopFinder: Type[LoopFinder]
    Disassembly: Type[Disassembly]
    Veritesting: Type[Veritesting]
    CodeTagging: Type[CodeTagging]
    BoyScout: Type[BoyScout]
    VariableRecoveryFast: Type[VariableRecoveryFast]
    VariableRecovery: Type[VariableRecovery]
    ReachingDefinitions: Type[ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis]
    CompleteCallingConventions: Type[CompleteCallingConventionsAnalysis]
    Clinic: Type[Clinic]
    Propagator: Type[PropagatorAnalysis]
    CallingConvention: Type[CallingConventionAnalysis]
    Decompiler: Type[Decompiler]
    XRefs: Type[XRefsAnalysis]
    __init__(*args, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysesHubWithDefault(project)
    Bases: AnalysesHub, KnownAnalysesPlugin
```

This class has type-hinting for all built-in analyses plugin

```
class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisFactory(project, analysis_cls)
     Bases: Generic[A]
     __init__(project, analysis_cls)
              Parameters
                  • project (Project) -
                  • analysis_cls(Type[A]) -
     prep(fail_fast=False, kb=None, progress_callback=None, show_progressbar=False)
              Return type
                  Type[TypeVar(A, bound= Analysis)]
              Parameters
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
                  • progress_callback (Callable | None) -
                  • show_progressbar (bool) -
class angr.analyses.analysis.Analysis
     Bases: object
     This class represents an analysis on the program.
          Variables
                • project – The project for this analysis.
                • kb (KnowledgeBase) – The knowledgebase object.
                • _progress_callback - A callback function for receiving the progress of this analysis. It
                  only takes one argument, which is a float number from 0.0 to 100.0 indicating the current
                  progress.
                • _show_progressbar (bool) - If a progressbar should be shown during the analysis. It's
                  independent from progress callback.
                • _progressbar (progress.Progress) – The progress bar object.
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     errors = []
     named_errors = {}
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysis.ForwardAnalysis(order_jobs=False,
                                                                                 allow merging=False,
                                                                                 allow_widening=False,
                                                                                 status callback=None,
                                                                                 graph_visitor=None)
```

Bases: Generic[AnalysisState, NodeType, JobType, JobKey]

This is my very first attempt to build a static forward analysis framework that can serve as the base of multiple static analyses in angr, including CFG analysis, VFG analysis, DDG, etc.

In short, ForwardAnalysis performs a forward data-flow analysis by traversing a graph, compute on abstract values, and store results in abstract states. The user can specify what graph to traverse, how a graph should be traversed, how abstract values and abstract states are defined, etc.

ForwardAnalysis has a few options to toggle, making it suitable to be the base class of several different styles of forward data-flow analysis implementations.

ForwardAnalysis supports a special mode when no graph is available for traversal (for example, when a CFG is being initialized and constructed, no other graph can be used). In that case, the graph traversal functionality is disabled, and the optimal graph traversal order is not guaranteed. The user can provide a job sorting method to sort the jobs in queue and optimize traversal order.

```
Feel free to discuss with me (Fish) if you have any suggestions or complaints.
     __init__(order_jobs=False, allow_merging=False, allow_widening=False, status_callback=None,
                graph_visitor=None)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                   • order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                   • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                   • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                   • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) - A graph visitor to provide successors.
                   • status_callback (Callable[[Type[ForwardAnalysis]], Any] | None) -
              Returns
                  None
     property should_abort
          Should the analysis be terminated. :return: True/False
     property graph: DiGraph
     property jobs
     abort()
          Abort the analysis :return: None
     has_job(job)
          Checks whether there exists another job which has the same job key. :type job: TypeVar(JobType) :param
          job: The job to check.
              Return type
                  bool
              Returns
                   True if there exists another job with the same key, False otherwise.
              Parameters
                   job (JobType) -
     downsize()
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info.JobInfo(key, job)
```

Parameters

Stores information of each job.

__init__(*key*, *job*)

Bases: Generic[JobType, JobKey]

• **key** (*JobKey*) –

```
• job (JobType) -
     property job: JobType
          Get the latest available job.
              Returns
                  The latest available job.
     property merged_jobs
     property widened_jobs
     add_job(job, merged=False, widened=False)
          Appended a new job to this JobInfo node. :type job: :param job: The new job to append. :param bool
          merged: Whether it is a merged job or not. :param bool widened: Whether it is a widened job or not.
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graph.CallGraphVisitor(callgraph)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
          Parameters
              callgraph (networkx.DiGraph) -
     __init__(callgraph)
     successors(node)
          Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
              Parameters
                  node – The node to work with.
              Returns
                  A list of successors.
              Return type
                  list
     predecessors(node)
          Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
              Parameters
                  node – The node to work with.
                  A list of predecessors.
     sort_nodes(nodes=None)
          Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.
                  nodes (iterable) - A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be
                  used to sort.
              Returns
                  A list of sorted nodes.
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph.FunctionGraphVisitor(func,
                                                                                                 graph=None)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
          Parameters
              func (knowledge.Function) -
```

```
__init__(func, graph=None)
```

resume_with_new_graph(graph)

We can only reasonably reuse existing results if the node index of the already traversed nodes are the same as the ones from the new graph. Otherwise, we always restart.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if we are resuming, False if reset() is called.

Parameters

graph (DiGraph) -

successors(node)

Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

Parameters

node – The node to work with.

Returns

A list of successors.

Return type

list

predecessors(node)

Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

Parameters

node – The node to work with.

Returns

A list of predecessors.

sort_nodes(nodes=None)

Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.

Parameters

nodes (*iterable*) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be used to sort.

Returns

A list of sorted nodes.

back_edges()

Get a list of back edges. This function is optional. If not overriden, the traverser cannot achieve an optimal graph traversal order.

Return type

```
List[Tuple[TypeVar(NodeType), TypeVar(NodeType)]]
```

Returns

A list of back edges (source -> destination).

class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisitor

Bases: Generic[NodeType]

A graph visitor takes a node in the graph and returns its successors. Typically, it visits a control flow graph, and returns successors of a CFGNode each time. This is the base class of all graph visitors.

```
__init__()
successors(node)
     Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
         Parameters
             node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to work with.
         Returns
             A list of successors.
         Return type
             list
predecessors(node)
     Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
         Parameters
             node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to work with.
         Return type
             List[TypeVar(NodeType)]
         Returns
             A list of predecessors.
sort_nodes(nodes=None)
     Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.
             nodes (iterable) - A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be
             used to sort.
         Return type
             List[TypeVar(NodeType)]
         Returns
             A list of sorted nodes.
back_edges()
     Get a list of back edges. This function is optional. If not overriden, the traverser cannot achieve an optimal
     graph traversal order.
         Return type
             List[Tuple[TypeVar(NodeType), TypeVar(NodeType)]]
         Returns
             A list of back edges (source -> destination).
nodes()
     Return an iterator of nodes following an optimal traversal order.
         Return type
             Iterator[TypeVar(NodeType)]
         Returns
nodes_iter(**kwargs)
reset()
```

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Reset the internal node traversal state. Must be called prior to visiting future nodes.

Returns

None

next_node()

Get the next node to visit.

Return type

Optional[TypeVar(NodeType)]

Returns

A node in the graph.

all_successors(node, skip_reached_fixedpoint=False)

Returns all successors to the specific node.

Parameters

node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – A node in the graph.

Returns

A set of nodes that are all successors to the given node.

Return type

set

revisit_successors(node, include_self=True)

Revisit a node in the future. As a result, the successors to this node will be revisited as well.

Parameters

node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to revisit in the future.

Return type

None

Returns

None

revisit_node(node)

Revisit a node in the future. Do not include its successors immediately.

Parameters

node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to revisit in the future.

Return type

None

Returns

None

reached_fixedpoint(node)

Mark a node as reached fixed-point. This node as well as all its successors will not be visited in the future.

Parameters

node (TypeVar(NodeType)) - The node to mark as reached fixed-point.

Return type

None

Returns

None

class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop.LoopVisitor(loop)

Bases: GraphVisitor

```
Parameters
               loop (angr.analyses.loopfinder.Loop) - The loop to visit.
     __init__(loop)
     successors(node)
           Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
               Parameters
                   node – The node to work with.
               Returns
                   A list of successors.
               Return type
                   list
     predecessors(node)
           Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
               Parameters
                   node – The node to work with.
               Returns
                   A list of predecessors.
     sort_nodes(nodes=None)
           Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.
                   nodes (iterable) - A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be
                   used to sort.
               Returns
                   A list of sorted nodes.
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_graph.SingleNodeGraphVisitor(node)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
          Parameters
               node – The single node that should be in the graph.
     __init__(node)
     node
     node_returned
     reset()
           Reset the internal node traversal state. Must be called prior to visiting future nodes.
               Returns
                   None
     next_node()
           Get the next node to visit.
                   A node in the graph.
```

successors(node)

Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

Parameters

node – The node to work with.

Returns

A list of successors.

Return type

list

predecessors(node)

Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

Parameters

node – The node to work with.

Returns

A list of predecessors.

sort_nodes(nodes=None)

Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.

Parameters

nodes (*iterable*) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be used to sort.

Returns

A list of sorted nodes.

Bases: Analysis

Represents a backward slice of the program.

```
__init__(cfg, cdg, ddg, targets=None, cfg_node=None, stmt_id=None, control_flow_slice=False, same_function=False, no_construct=False)
```

Create a backward slice from a specific statement based on provided control flow graph (CFG), control dependence graph (CDG), and data dependence graph (DDG).

The data dependence graph can be either CFG-based, or Value-set analysis based. A CFG-based DDG is much faster to generate, but it only reflects those states while generating the CFG, and it is neither sound nor accurate. The VSA based DDG (called VSA_DDG) is based on static analysis, which gives you a much better result.

Parameters

- cfg The control flow graph.
- cdg The control dependence graph.
- **ddg** The data dependence graph.
- **targets** A list of "target" that specify targets of the backward slices. Each target can be a tuple in form of (cfg_node, stmt_idx), or a CodeLocation instance.
- **cfg_node** Deprecated. The target CFGNode to reach. It should exist in the CFG.
- **stmt_id** Deprecated. The target statement to reach.

- **control_flow_slice** True/False, indicates whether we should slice only based on CFG. Sometimes when acquiring DDG is difficult or impossible, you can just create a slice on your CFG. Well, if you don't even have a CFG, then...
- **no_construct** Only used for testing and debugging to easily create a BackwardSlice object.

dbg_repr(max_display=10)

Debugging output of this slice.

Parameters

max_display – The maximum number of SimRun slices to show.

Returns

A string representation.

dbg_repr_run(run_addr)

Debugging output of a single SimRun slice.

Parameters

run addr – Address of the SimRun.

Returns

A string representation.

annotated_cfg(start_point=None)

Returns an AnnotatedCFG based on slicing result.

is_taint_related_to_ip(simrun_addr, stmt_idx, taint_type, simrun_whitelist=None)

Query in taint graph to check if a specific taint will taint the IP in the future or not. The taint is specified with the tuple (simrun_addr, stmt_idx, taint_type).

Parameters

- simrun_addr Address of the SimRun.
- **stmt_idx** Statement ID.
- taint_type Type of the taint, might be one of the following: 'reg', 'tmp', 'mem'.
- **simrun_whitelist** A list of SimRun addresses that are whitelisted, i.e. the tainted exit will be ignored if it is in those SimRuns.

Returns

True/False

is_taint_impacting_stack_pointers(simrun_addr, stmt_idx, taint_type, simrun_whitelist=None)

Query in taint graph to check if a specific taint will taint the stack pointer in the future or not. The taint is specified with the tuple (simrun_addr, stmt_idx, taint_type).

Parameters

- **simrun_addr** Address of the SimRun.
- **stmt_idx** Statement ID.
- taint_type Type of the taint, might be one of the following: 'reg', 'tmp', 'mem'.
- **simrun_whitelist** A list of SimRun addresses that are whitelisted.

Returns

True/False.

```
project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
exception angr.analyses.bindiff.UnmatchedStatementsException
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.bindiff.Difference(diff_type, value_a, value_b)
     Bases: object
     __init__(diff_type, value_a, value_b)
\textbf{class} \texttt{ angr.analyses.bindiff.ConstantChange} (\textit{offset, value\_a, value\_b})
     Bases: object
     __init__(offset, value_a, value_b)
angr.analyses.bindiff.differing_constants(block_a, block_b)
     Compares two basic blocks and finds all the constants that differ from the first block to the second.
          Parameters
                • block_a – The first block to compare.
                • block_b – The second block to compare.
          Returns
              Returns a list of differing constants in the form of ConstantChange, which has the offset in the
              block and the respective constants.
angr.analyses.bindiff.compare_statement_dict(statement_1, statement_2)
class angr.analyses.bindiff.NormalizedBlock(block, function)
     Bases: object
     __init__(block, function)
class angr.analyses.bindiff.NormalizedFunction(function)
     Bases: object
          Parameters
              function (Function) -
     __init__(function)
              Parameters
                  function (Function) -
class angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff(function_a, function_b, bindiff=None)
     Bases: object
     This class computes the a diff between two functions.
          Parameters
                • function_a (Function) -
                • function_b (Function) -
```

__init__(function_a, function_b, bindiff=None)

Parameters

- **function_a** (*Function*) The first angr Function object to diff.
- **function_b** (*Function*) The second angr Function object.
- **bindiff** An optional Bindiff object. Used for some extra normalization during basic block comparison.

property probably_identical

Whether or not these two functions are identical.

Type

returns

property identical_blocks

A list of block matches which appear to be identical

Type

returns

property differing_blocks

A list of block matches which appear to differ

Type

returns

property blocks_with_differing_constants

A list of block matches which appear to differ

Type

return

property block_matches

property unmatched_blocks

static get_normalized_block(addr, function)

Parameters

- addr Where to start the normalized block.
- **function** A function containing the block address.

Returns

A normalized basic block.

block_similarity(block_a, block_b)

Parameters

- block_a The first block address.
- block_b The second block address.

Returns

The similarity of the basic blocks, normalized for the base address of the block and function call addresses.

blocks_probably_identical(block_a, block_b, check_constants=False)

Parameters

- **block_a** The first block address.
- **block_b** The second block address.
- **check_constants** Whether or not to require matching constants in blocks.

Returns

Whether or not the blocks appear to be identical.

Bases: Analysis

This class computes the a diff between two binaries represented by angr Projects

__init__(other_project, enable_advanced_backward_slicing=False, cfg_a=None, cfg_b=None)

Parameters

other_project - The second project to diff

functions_probably_identical(func_a_addr, func_b_addr, check_consts=False)

Compare two functions and return True if they appear identical.

Parameters

- **func_a_addr** The address of the first function (in the first binary).
- **func_b_addr** The address of the second function (in the second binary).

Returns

Whether or not the functions appear to be identical.

property identical_functions

A list of function matches that appear to be identical

Type

returns

property differing_functions

A list of function matches that appear to differ

Type

returns

differing_functions_with_consts()

Returns

A list of function matches that appear to differ including just by constants

property differing_blocks

A list of block matches that appear to differ

Type

returns

property identical_blocks

return A list of all block matches that appear to be identical

```
property blocks_with_differing_constants
                             A dict of block matches with differing constants to the tuple of constants
                                        Type
                                                  return
               property unmatched_functions
               get_function_diff(function_addr_a, function_addr_b)
                                        Parameters
                                                   • function_addr_a – The address of the first function (in the first binary)
                                                   • function_addr_b – The address of the second function (in the second binary)
                                        Returns
                                                  the FunctionDiff of the two functions
               project: Project
               kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.boyscout.BoyScout(cookiesize=1)
               Bases: Analysis
               Try to determine the architecture and endieness of a binary blob
               __init__(cookiesize=1)
               project: Project
               kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.calling_convention.CallSiteFact(return_value_used)
               Bases: object
               Store facts about each call site.
               __init__(return_value_used)
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.calling\_convention. } {\bf Update Arguments Option}
               Bases: object
               Enums for controlling the argument updating behavior in _adjust_cc.
               DoNotUpdate = 0
               AlwaysUpdate = 1
               UpdateWhenCCHasNoArgs = 2
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.calling\_convention. } {\bf CallingConventionAnalysis} ({\it func}, {\it cfg=None}, {\it conventionAnalysis}) ({\it conventionAnalys
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 analyze_callsites=False,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 caller_func_addr=None,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 callsite_block_addr=None,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 callsite_insn_addr=None,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                func_graph=None)
               Bases: Analysis
```

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Analyze the calling convention of a function and guess a probable prototype.

The calling convention of a function can be inferred at both its call sites and the function itself. At call sites, we consider all register and stack variables that are not alive after the function call as parameters to this function. In the function itself, we consider all register and stack variables that are read but without initialization as parameters. Then we synthesize the information from both locations and make a reasonable inference of calling convention of this function.

Variables

- **_function** The function to recover calling convention for.
- _variable_manager A handy accessor to the variable manager.
- **_cfg** A reference of the CFGModel of the current binary. It is used to discover call sites of the current function in order to perform analysis at call sites.
- analyze_callsites True if we should analyze all call sites of the current function to determine the calling convention and arguments. This can be time-consuming if there are many call sites to analyze.
- cc The recovered calling convention for the function.

Parameters

```
func (Function | int | str | None) -
cfg (CFGModel | None) -
analyze_callsites (bool) -
caller_func_addr (int | None) -
callsite_block_addr (int | None) -
callsite_insn_addr (int | None) -
```

• func_graph (DiGraph | None) -

__init__(func, cfg=None, analyze_callsites=False, caller_func_addr=None, callsite_block_addr=None, callsite_insn_addr=None, func_graph=None)

Parameters

```
• func (Function | int | str | None) -
• cfg (CFGModel | None) -
• analyze_callsites (bool) -
• caller_func_addr (int | None) -
• callsite_block_addr (int | None) -
• callsite_insn_addr (int | None) -
• func_graph (DiGraph | None) -

project: Project
kb: KnowledgeBase
is_va_start_amd64(func)

Return type
    Tuple[bool, Optional[int]]

Parameters
    func (Function) -
```

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.} \\ \textbf{CompleteCallingConventionsAnalysis} \\ (\textit{recover_variables} = \textit{False} \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.} \\ \textbf{completeCallingConventionsAnalysis} \\ \textbf{(\textit{recover_variables} = \textit{False})} \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf$

```
low_priority=False,
force=False,
cfg=None,
ana-
lyze callsites=False,
skip signature matched
max_function_blocks=No
max function size=None
work-
ers=0,
cc_callback=None,
priori-
tize_func_addrs=None,
skip_other_funcs=False,
auto_start=True,
func_graphs=None)
```

Bases: Analysis

Implements full-binary calling convention analysis. During the initial analysis of a binary, you may set *recover_variables* to True so that it will perform variable recovery on each function before performing calling convention analysis.

Parameters

- cfg (CFGModel / None) -
- analyze_callsites (bool) -
- skip_signature_matched_functions (bool) -
- max_function_blocks(int | None) -
- max_function_size (int | None) -
- workers (int) -
- cc_callback (Callable | None) -
- prioritize_func_addrs (Iterable[int] | None) -
- skip_other_funcs (bool) -
- auto_start (bool) -
- func_graphs (Dict[int, networkx.DiGraph] | None) -

__init__(recover_variables=False, low_priority=False, force=False, cfg=None, analyze_callsites=False, skip_signature_matched_functions=False, max_function_blocks=None, max_function_size=None, workers=0, cc_callback=None, prioritize_func_addrs=None, skip_other_funcs=False, auto_start=True, func_graphs=None)

Parameters

- **recover_variables** Recover variables on each function before performing calling convention analysis.
- **low_priority** Run in the background periodically release GIL.
- **force** Perform calling convention analysis on functions even if they have calling conventions or prototypes already specified (or previously recovered).

- **cfg** (Optional[CFGMode1]) The control flow graph model, which will be passed to CallingConventionAnalysis.
- analyze_callsites (bool) Consider artifacts at call sites when performing calling convention analysis.
- **skip_signature_matched_functions** (bool) Do not perform calling convention analysis on functions that match against existing FLIRT signatures.
- max_function_blocks (Optional[int]) Do not perform calling convention analysis on functions with more than the specified number of blocks. Setting it to None disables this check.
- max_function_size (Optional[int]) Do not perform calling convention analysis on functions whose sizes are more than max_function_size. Setting it to None disables this check.
- workers (int) Number of multiprocessing workers.
- cc_callback (Callable | None) -
- prioritize_func_addrs (Iterable[int] | None) -
- skip_other_funcs (bool) -
- auto_start (bool) -
- func_graphs (Dict[int, DiGraph] | None) -

work()

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

prioritize_functions(func_addrs_to_prioritize)

Prioritize the analysis of specified functions.

Parameters

 $\label{lem:func_addrs_to_prioritize} \textbf{(Iterable[int])} - A \ collection \ of \ function \ addresses \ to \ analyze \ first.$

static function_needs_variable_recovery(func)

Check if running variable recovery on the function is the only way to determine the calling convention of the this function.

We do not need to run variable recovery to determine the calling convention of a function if: - The function is a SimProcedure. - The function is a PLT stub. - The function is a library function and we already know its prototype.

Parameters

func – The function object.

Returns

True if we must run VariableRecovery before we can determine what the calling convention of this function is. False otherwise.

Return type

bool

exception angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchyError(msg)

Bases: Exception

```
__init__(msg)
exception angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.NoConcreteDispatch(msg)
     Bases: SootClassHierarchyError
     __init__(msg)
class angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy
     Bases: Analysis
     Generate complete hierarchy.
     __init__()
     init_hierarchy()
     has_super_class(cls)
     is_subclass_including(cls_child, cls_parent)
     is_subclass(cls_child, cls_parent)
     is_visible_method(cls, method)
     is_visible_class(cls_from, cls_to)
     get_super_classes(cls)
     get_super_classes_including(cls)
     get_implementers(interface)
     get_sub_interfaces_including(interface)
     get_sub_interfaces(interface)
     get_sub_classes(cls)
     get_sub_classes_including(cls)
     resolve_abstract_dispatch(cls, method)
     resolve_concrete_dispatch(cls, method)
     resolve_special_dispatch(method, container)
     resolve_invoke(invoke_expr, method, container)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanketView(cfb)
     Bases: object
     A view into the control-flow blanket.
     __init__(cfb)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.MemoryRegion(addr, size, type_, object_, cle_region)
     Bases: object
```

```
__init__(addr, size, type_, object_, cle_region)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.Unknown(addr, size, bytes_=None, object_=None, segment=None,
                                          section=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, size, bytes_=None, object_=None, segment=None, section=None)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket(exclude region types=None, on object added=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     A Control-Flow Blanket is a representation for storing all instructions, data entries, and bytes of a full program.
     Region types: - section - segment - extern - tls - kernel
          Parameters
                • exclude_region_types (Set[str] | None) -
                • on_object_added(Callable[[int, Any], None] | None) -
     __init__(exclude_region_types=None, on_object_added=None)
              Parameters
                   • on_object_added (Optional[Callable[[int, Any], None]]) - Callable with parame-
                    ters (addr, obj) called after an object is added to the blanket.
                   • exclude_region_types (Set[str] | None) -
     property regions
          Return all memory regions.
     floor_addr(addr)
     floor_item(addr)
     floor_items(addr=None, reverse=False)
     ceiling_addr(addr)
     ceiling_item(addr)
     ceiling_items(addr=None, reverse=False, include_first=True)
     add_obj(addr, obj)
          Adds an object obj to the blanket at the specified address addr
     add_function(func)
          Add a function func and all blocks of this function to the blanket.
     dbg_repr()
          The debugging representation of this CFBlanket.
              Returns
                  The debugging representation of this CFBlanket.
              Return type
                  str
     project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

exception angr.analyses.cfg.cfg.OutdatedError

Bases: Exception

class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg.CFG(**kwargs)

Bases: CFGFast

tl;dr: CFG is just a wrapper around CFGFast for compatibility issues. It will be fully replaced by CFGFast in future releases. Feel free to use CFG if you intend to use CFGFast. Please use CFGEmulated if you *have to* use the old, slow, dynamically-generated version of CFG.

For multiple historical reasons, angr's CFG is accurate but slow, which does not meet what most people expect. We developed CFGFast for light-speed CFG recovery, and renamed the old CFG class to CFGEmulated. For compability concerns, CFG was kept as an alias to CFGEmulated.

However, so many new users of angr would load up a binary and generate a CFG immediately after running "pip install angr", and draw the conclusion that "angr's CFG is so slow - angr must be unusable!" Therefore, we made the hard decision: CFG will be an alias to CFGFast, instead of CFGEmulated.

To ease the transition of your existing code and script, the following changes are made:

- A CFG class, which is a sub class of CFGFast, is created.
- You will see both a warning message printed out to stderr and an exception raised by angr if you are passing CFG any parameter that only CFGEmulated supports. This exception is not a sub class of AngrError, so you wouldn't capture it with your old code by mistake.
- In the near future, this wrapper class will be removed completely, and CFG will be a simple alias to CFGFast.

We expect most interfaces are the same between CFGFast and CFGEmulated. Apparently some functionalities (like context-sensitivity, and state keeping) only exist in CFGEmulated, which is when you want to use CFGEmulated instead.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

Parameters

- binary The binary to recover CFG on. By default the main binary is used.
- **objects** A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- pickle_intermediate_results (bool) If we want to store the intermediate results or not.
- **symbols** (*bool*) Get function beginnings from symbols in the binary.
- **function_prologues** (*boo1*) Scan the binary for function prologues, and use those positions as function beginnings
- **resolve_indirect_jumps** (*boo1*) Try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **force_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **force_complete_scan** (*bool*) Perform a complete scan on the binary and maximize the number of identified code blocks.

- **data_references** (*boo1*) Enables the collection of references to data used by individual instructions. This does not collect 'cross-references', particularly those that involve multiple instructions. For that, see *cross_references*
- **cross_references** (*boo1*) Whether CFGFast should collect "cross-references" from the entire program or not. This will populate the knowledge base with references to and from each recognizable address constant found in the code. Note that, because this performs constant propagation on the entire program, it may be much slower and consume more memory. This option implies *data_references=True*.
- **normalize** (*bool*) Normalize the CFG as well as all function graphs after CFG recovery.
- **start_at_entry** (*boo1*) Begin CFG recovery at the entry point of this project. Setting it to False prevents CFGFast from viewing the entry point as one of the starting points of code scanning.
- **function_starts** (*list*) A list of extra function starting points. CFGFast will try to resume scanning from each address in the list.
- **extra_memory_regions** (*list*) A list of 2-tuple (start-address, end-address) that shows extra memory regions. Integers falling inside will be considered as pointers.
- **indirect_jump_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- base_state A state to use as a backer for all memory loads
- **detect_tail_calls** (*bool*) Enable aggressive tail-call optimization detection.
- elf_eh_frame (bool) Retrieve function starts (and maybe sizes later) from the .eh_frame of ELF binaries.
- **skip_unmapped_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- indirect_calls_always_return Should CFG assume indirect calls must return or not. Assuming indirect calls must return will significantly reduce the number of constant propagation runs, but may reduce the overall CFG recovery precision when facing non-returning indirect calls. By default, we only assume indirect calls always return for large binaries (region > 50KB).
- jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls Whether JumpTableResolver should resolve indirect calls or not. Most indirect calls in C++ binaries or UEFI binaries cannot be resolved using jump table resolver and must be resolved using their specific resolvers. By default, we will only disable JumpTableResolver from resolving indirect calls for large binaries (region > 50 KB).
- **start** (*int*) (Deprecated) The beginning address of CFG recovery.
- end (int) (Deprecated) The end address of CFG recovery.
- arch_options (CFGArchOptions) Architecture-specific options.
- **extra_arch_options** (*dict*) Any key-value pair in kwargs will be seen as an arch-specific option and will be used to set the option value in self._arch_options.

Extra parameters that angr. Analysis takes:

Parameters

- **progress_callback** Specify a callback function to get the progress during CFG recovery.
- show_progressbar (boo1) Should CFGFast show a progressbar during CFG recovery or not.

Returns

None

Bases: object

A PendingJob is whatever will be put into our pending_exit list. A pending exit is an entry that created by the returning of a call or syscall. It is "pending" since we cannot immediately figure out whether this entry will be executed or not. If the corresponding call/syscall intentially doesn't return, then the pending exit will be removed. If the corresponding call/syscall returns, then the pending exit will be removed as well (since a real entry is created from the returning and will be analyzed later). If the corresponding call/syscall might return, but for some reason (for example, an unsupported instruction is met during the analysis) our analysis does not return properly, then the pending exit will be picked up and put into remaining_jobs list.

__init__(caller_func_addr, returning_source, state, src_block_id, src_exit_stmt_idx, src_exit_ins_addr, call_stack)

Parameters

- **returning_source** Address of the callee function. It might be None if address of the callee is not resolvable.
- **state** The state after returning from the callee function. Of course there is no way to get a precise state without emulating the execution of the callee, but at least we can properly adjust the stack and registers to imitate the real returned state.
- call_stack A callstack.

class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.**CFGEmulated**(context_sensitivity_level=1, start=None,

avoid_runs=None, enable_function_hints=False, call_depth=None, call_tracing_filter=None, initial_state=None, starts=None, keep_state=False, indirect_jump_target_limit=100000, resolve_indirect_jumps=True, enable_advanced_backward_slicing=False, enable_symbolic_back_traversal=False, indirect_jump_resolvers=None, additional_edges=None, no_construct=False, normalize=False, max_iterations=1, address_whitelist=None, base_graph=None, iropt_level=None, max_steps=None, state_add_options=None, model=None)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, CFGBase

This class represents a control-flow graph.

tag: Optional[str] = 'CFGEmulated'

All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- **context_sensitivity_level** The level of context-sensitivity of this CFG (see documentation for further details). It ranges from 0 to infinity. Default 1.
- avoid_runs A list of runs to avoid.
- **enable_function_hints** Whether to use function hints (constants that might be used as exit targets) or not.
- **call_depth** How deep in the call stack to trace.
- **call_tracing_filter** Filter to apply on a given path and jumpkind to determine if it should be skipped when call_depth is reached.
- **initial_state** An initial state to use to begin analysis.
- **starts** (*iterable*) A collection of starting points to begin analysis. It can contain the following three different types of entries: an address specified as an integer, a 2-tuple that includes an integer address and a jumpkind, or a SimState instance. Unsupported entries in starts will lead to an AngrCFGError being raised.
- **keep_state** Whether to keep the SimStates for each CFGNode.
- **resolve_indirect_jumps** Whether to enable the indirect jump resolvers for resolving indirect jumps
- **enable_advanced_backward_slicing** Whether to enable an intensive technique for resolving indirect jumps

- **enable_symbolic_back_traversal** Whether to enable an intensive technique for resolving indirect jumps
- **indirect_jump_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- additional_edges A dict mapping addresses of basic blocks to addresses of successors to manually include and analyze forward from.
- **no_construct** (*bool*) Skip the construction procedure. Only used in unit-testing.
- **normalize** (bool) If the CFG as well as all Function graphs should be normalized or not.
- max_iterations (int) The maximum number of iterations that each basic block should be "executed". 1 by default. Larger numbers of iterations are usually required for complex analyses like loop analysis.
- address_whitelist (iterable) A list of allowed addresses. Any basic blocks outside of this collection of addresses will be ignored.
- base_graph (networkx.DiGraph) A basic control flow graph to follow. Each node inside this graph must have the following properties: addr and size. CFG recovery will strictly follow nodes and edges shown in the graph, and discard any contorl flow that does not follow an existing edge in the base graph. For example, you can pass in a Function local transition graph as the base graph, and CFGEmulated will traverse nodes and edges and extract useful information.
- **iropt_level** (*int*) The optimization level of VEX IR (0, 1, 2). The default level will be used if *iropt_level* is None.
- max_steps (int) The maximum number of basic blocks to recover forthe longest path from each start before pausing the recovery procedure.
- **state_add_options** State options that will be added to the initial state.
- **state_remove_options** State options that will be removed from the initial state.

copy()

Make a copy of the CFG.

Return type

CFGEmulated

Returns

A copy of the CFG instance.

resume(starts=None, max_steps=None)

Resume a paused or terminated control flow graph recovery.

Parameters

- **starts** (*iterable*) A collection of new starts to resume from. If *starts* is None, we will resume CFG recovery from where it was paused before.
- max_steps (int) The maximum number of blocks on the longest path starting from each start before pausing the recovery.

Returns

None

remove_cycles()

Forces graph to become acyclic, removes all loop back edges and edges between overlapped loop headers and their successors.

downsize()

Remove saved states from all CFGNodes to reduce memory usage.

Returns

None

unroll_loops(max_loop_unrolling_times)

Unroll loops for each function. The resulting CFG may still contain loops due to recursion, function calls, etc.

Parameters

max_loop_unrolling_times (*int*) – The maximum iterations of unrolling.

Returns

None

force_unroll_loops(max_loop_unrolling_times)

Unroll loops globally. The resulting CFG does not contain any loop, but this method is slow on large graphs.

Parameters

max_loop_unrolling_times (*int*) – The maximum iterations of unrolling.

Returns

None

immediate_dominators(start, target_graph=None)

Get all immediate dominators of sub graph from given node upwards.

Parameters

- start(str) id of the node to navigate forwards from.
- target_graph (networkx.classes.digraph.DiGraph) graph to analyse, default is self.graph.

Returns

each node of graph as index values, with element as respective node's immediate dominator.

Return type

dict

immediate_postdominators(end, target_graph=None)

Get all immediate postdominators of sub graph from given node upwards.

Parameters

- **start** (*str*) id of the node to navigate forwards from.
- **target_graph** (networkx.classes.digraph.DiGraph) graph to analyse, default is self.graph.

Returns

each node of graph as index values, with element as respective node's immediate dominator.

Return type

dict

remove_fakerets()

Get rid of fake returns (i.e., Ijk_FakeRet edges) from this CFG

Returns

None

get_topological_order(cfg_node)

Get the topological order of a CFG Node.

Parameters

cfg_node – A CFGNode instance.

Returns

An integer representing its order, or None if the CFGNode does not exist in the graph.

get_subgraph(starting_node, block_addresses)

Get a sub-graph out of a bunch of basic block addresses.

Parameters

- starting_node (CFGNode) The beginning of the subgraph
- **block_addresses** (*iterable*) A collection of block addresses that should be included in the subgraph if there is a path between *starting_node* and a CFGNode with the specified address, and all nodes on the path should also be included in the subgraph.

Returns

A new CFG that only contain the specific subgraph.

Return type

CFGEmulated

get_function_subgraph(start, max_call_depth=None)

Get a sub-graph of a certain function.

Parameters

- **start** The function start. Currently it should be an integer.
- max_call_depth Call depth limit. None indicates no limit.

Returns

A CFG instance which is a sub-graph of self.graph

property context_sensitivity_level

property graph

property unresolvables

Get those SimRuns that have non-resolvable exits.

Returns

A set of SimRuns

Return type

set

property deadends

Get all CFGNodes that has an out-degree of 0

Returns

A list of CFGNode instances

Return type

list

Bases: Analysis

The base class for control flow graphs.

tag: Optional[str] = None

__init__(sort, context_sensitivity_level, normalize=False, binary=None, objects=None, regions=None, exclude_sparse_regions=True, skip_specific_regions=True, force_segment=False, base_state=None, resolve_indirect_jumps=True, indirect_jump_resolvers=None, indirect_jump_target_limit=100000, detect_tail_calls=False, low_priority=False, skip_unmapped_addrs=True, sp_tracking_track_memory=True, model=None)

Parameters

- **sort** (*str*) 'fast' or 'emulated'.
- **context_sensitivity_level** (*int*) The level of context-sensitivity of this CFG (see documentation for further details). It ranges from 0 to infinity.
- **normalize** (*bool*) Whether the CFG as well as all Function graphs should be normalized.
- **binary** (*cle.backends.Backend*) The binary to recover CFG on. By default, the main binary is used.
- **objects** A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default, it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- **force_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **base_state** (angr.SimState) A state to use as a backer for all memory loads.
- **resolve_indirect_jumps** (*bool*) Whether to try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **indirect_jump_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- indirect_jump_target_limit (int) Maximum indirect jump targets to be recovered.
- **skip_unmapped_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- **detect_tail_calls** (*bool*) Aggressive tail-call optimization detection. This option is only respected in make functions().

- **sp_tracking_track_memory** (*bool*) Whether or not to track memory writes if tracking the stack pointer. This increases the accuracy of stack pointer tracking, especially for architectures without a base pointer. Only used if detect_tail_calls is enabled.
- **model** (*None or* CFGModel) The CFGModel instance to write to. A new CFGModel instance will be created and registered with the knowledge base if *model* is None.

```
Returns
            None
property model:
                   CFGModel
     Get the CFGModel instance. :return: The CFGModel instance that this analysis currently uses.
property normalized
property context_sensitivity_level
property functions
     A reference to the FunctionManager in the current knowledge base.
            FunctionManager with all functions
         Return type
            angr.knowledge_plugins.FunctionManager
make_copy(copy_to)
     Copy self attributes to the new object.
         Parameters
            copy_to (CFGBase) – The target to copy to.
         Returns
            None
copy()
output()
generate_index()
     Generate an index of all nodes in the graph in order to speed up get_any_node() with anyaddr=True.
         Returns
            None
get_predecessors(**kwargs)
get_successors(**kwargs)
get_successors_and_jumpkind(**kwargs)
get_all_predecessors(**kwargs)
get_all_successors(**kwargs)
get_node(**kwargs)
```

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get_any_node(**kwargs)

get_all_nodes(**kwargs)

```
nodes(**kwargs)
nodes_iter(**kwargs)
get_loop_back_edges()
get_branching_nodes(**kwargs)
get_exit_stmt_idx(**kwargs)
property graph: networkx.DiGraph[CFGNode]
remove_edge(block_from, block_to)
is_thumb_addr(addr)
normalize()
```

Normalize the CFG, making sure that there are no overlapping basic blocks.

Note that this method will not alter transition graphs of each function in self.kb.functions. You may call normalize() on each Function object to normalize their transition graphs.

Returns

None

mark_function_alignments()

Find all potential function alignments and mark them.

Note that it is not always correct to simply remove them, because these functions may not be actual alignments but part of an actual function, and is incorrectly marked as an individual function because of failures in resolving indirect jumps. An example is in the test binary x86_64/dir_gcc_-00 0x40541d (indirect jump at 0x4051b0). If the indirect jump cannot be correctly resolved, removing function 0x40541d will cause a missing label failure in reassembler.

Returns

None

make_functions()

Revisit the entire control flow graph, create Function instances accordingly, and correctly put blocks into each function.

Although Function objects are crated during the CFG recovery, they are neither sound nor accurate. With a pre-constructed CFG, this method rebuilds all functions bearing the following rules:

- A block may only belong to one function.
- Small functions lying inside the startpoint and the endpoint of another function will be merged with the other function
- Tail call optimizations are detected.
- PLT stubs are aligned by 16.

Returns

None

exception angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.ContinueScanningNotification

Bases: RuntimeError

A notification raised by _next_code_addr_core() to indicate no code address is found and _next_code_addr_core() should be invoked again.

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.ARMDecodingMode
     Bases: object
     Enums indicating decoding mode for ARM code.
     ARM = 0
     THUMB = 1
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.DecodingAssumption(addr, size, mode)
     Bases: object
     Describes the decoding mode (ARM/THUMB) for a given basic block identified by its address.
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • size (int) -
                • mode (int) -
     __init__(addr, size, mode)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • size (int) -
                  • mode (int) -
     add_data_seg(addr, size)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • size (int) -
class angr.analyses.cfg_fast.FunctionReturn(callee_func_addr, caller_func_addr, call_site_addr,
                                                       return_to)
     Bases: object
     FunctionReturn describes a function call in a specific location and its return location. Hashable and equatable
     __init__(callee_func_addr, caller_func_addr, call_site_addr, return_to)
     callee_func_addr
     caller_func_addr
     call_site_addr
     return_to
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs(functions, deregister_job_callback)
     Bases: object
     A collection of pending jobs during CFG recovery.
```

```
__init__(functions, deregister_job_callback)
     add_job(job)
     pop_job(returning=True)
           Pop a job from the pending jobs list.
           When returning == True, we prioritize the jobs whose functions are known to be returning (func-
           tion.returning is True). As an optimization, we are sorting the pending jobs list according to
          job.function.returning.
               Parameters
                   returning (bool) – Only pop a pending job if the corresponding function returns.
                   A pending job if we can find one, or None if we cannot find any that satisfies the requirement.
               Return type
                   angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob
     cleanup()
           Remove those pending exits if: a) they are the return exits of non-returning SimProcedures b) they are the
           return exits of non-returning syscalls b) they are the return exits of non-returning functions
               Returns
                   None
     add_returning_function(func_addr)
           Mark a function as returning.
               Parameters
                   func_addr (int) – Address of the function that returns.
               Returns
                   None
     add_nonreturning_function(func_addr)
           Mark a function as not returning.
               Parameters
                   func_addr (int) – Address of the function that does not return.
               Returns
                   None
     clear_updated_functions()
           Clear the updated_functions set.
               Returns
                   None
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionEdge
     Bases: object
     Describes an edge in functions' transition graphs. Base class for all types of edges.
     apply(cfg)
     src_func_addr
     stmt_idx
```

```
ins_addr
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr,
                                                                 to_outside=False, dst_func_addr=None,
                                                                 stmt idx=None, ins addr=None,
                                                                 is_exception=False)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a transition edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr, to_outside=False, dst_func_addr=None, stmt_idx=None,
               ins_addr=None, is_exception=False)
     src_node
     dst_addr
     to_outside
     dst_func_addr
     is_exception
     apply(cfg)
class angr.analyses.cfg_fast.FunctionCallEdge(src_node, dst_addr, ret_addr, src_func_addr,
                                                          syscall=False, stmt_idx=None, ins_addr=None)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a call edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(src_node, dst_addr, ret_addr, src_func_addr, syscall=False, stmt_idx=None, ins_addr=None)
     src_node
     dst_addr
     ret_addr
     syscall
     apply(cfg)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEdge(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr,
                                                             confirmed=None)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a FakeReturn (also called fall-through) edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr, confirmed=None)
     src_node
     dst_addr
     confirmed
     apply(cfg)
```

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge(ret_from_addr, ret_to_addr, dst_func_addr)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a return (from a function call or a syscall) edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(ret_from_addr, ret_to_addr, dst_func_addr)
     ret_from_addr
     ret_to_addr
     dst_func_addr
     apply(cfg)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJobType(value)
     Bases: Enum
     Defines the type of work of a CFGJob
     NORMAL = 0
     FUNCTION_PROLOGUE = 1
     COMPLETE\_SCANNING = 2
     IFUNC_HINTS = 3
     DATAREF_HINTS = 4
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob(addr, func_addr, jumpkind, ret_target=None, last_addr=None,
                                             src_node=None, src_ins_addr=None, src_stmt_idx=None,
                                             returning_source=None, syscall=False, func_edges=None,
                                             job_type=CFGJobType.NORMAL, gp=None)
     Bases: object
     Defines a job to work on during the CFG recovery
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • func_addr (int) -
                • jumpkind (str) -
                • ret_target (int | None) -
                • last_addr (int | None) -
                • src_node (CFGNode / None) -
                • src_ins_addr (int | None) -
                • src_stmt_idx (int | None) -
                • syscall (bool) -
                • func_edges (List | None) -
                • job_type (CFGJobType) -
                • gp (int | None) -
```

__init__(addr, func_addr, jumpkind, ret_target=None, last_addr=None, src_node=None, $src_ins_addr=None, src_stmt_idx=None, returning_source=None, syscall=False,$ func_edges=None, job_type=CFGJobType.NORMAL, gp=None)

Parameters

addr

func_addr

jumpkind

last_addr

src_node

syscall

job_type

apply_function_edges(cfg, clear=False)

gp

```
• addr (int) -
            • func_addr (int) -
            • jumpkind (str) -
            • ret_target (int | None) -
            • last_addr (int | None) -
            • src_node (CFGNode / None) -
            • src_ins_addr (int | None) -
            • src_stmt_idx (int | None) -
            • syscall (bool) -
            • func_edges (List | None) -
            • job_type (CFGJobType) -
            • gp (int | None) -
ret_target
src_ins_addr
src_stmt_idx
returning_source
add_function_edge(edge)
```

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast(binary=None, objects=None, regions=None,
                                                 pickle_intermediate_results=False, symbols=True,
                                                function prologues=True, resolve indirect jumps=True,
                                                 force_segment=False, force_smart_scan=True,
                                                 force complete scan=False,
                                                 indirect jump target limit=100000, data references=True,
                                                 cross references=False, normalize=False,
                                                 start_at_entry=True, function_starts=None,
                                                 extra_memory_regions=None,
                                                 data_type_guessing_handlers=None, arch_options=None,
                                                 indirect_jump_resolvers=None, base_state=None,
                                                 exclude_sparse_regions=True, skip_specific_regions=True,
                                                 heuristic_plt_resolving=None, detect_tail_calls=False,
                                                 low_priority=False, cfb=None, model=None,
                                                 elf_eh_frame=True, exceptions=True,
                                                 skip_unmapped_addrs=True, nodecode_window_size=512,
                                                 nodecode_threshold=0.3, nodecode_step=16483,
                                                 indirect calls always return=None,
                                                 jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls=None, start=None,
                                                 end=None, collect data references=None,
```

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[CFGNode, CFGNode, CFGJob, int], CFGBase

We find functions inside the given binary, and build a control-flow graph in very fast manners: instead of simulating program executions, keeping track of states, and performing expensive data-flow analysis, CFGFast will only perform light-weight analyses combined with some heuristics, and with some strong assumptions.

extra_cross_references=None, **extra_arch_options)

In order to identify as many functions as possible, and as accurate as possible, the following operation sequence is followed:

Active scanning

- If the binary has "function symbols" (TODO: this term is not accurate enough), they are starting points of the code scanning
- If the binary does not have any "function symbol", we will first perform a function prologue scanning on the entire binary, and start from those places that look like function beginnings
- Otherwise, the binary's entry point will be the starting point for scanning

Passive scanning

After all active scans are done, we will go through the whole image and scan all code pieces

Due to the nature of those techniques that are used here, a base address is often not required to use this analysis routine. However, with a correct base address, CFG recovery will almost always yield a much better result. A custom analysis, called GirlScout, is specifically made to recover the base address of a binary blob. After the base address is determined, you may want to reload the binary with the new base address by creating a new Project object, and then re-recover the CFG.

```
PRINTABLES = b'0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ!"#$%&\
'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^_`{|}~ \t\n\r'

SPECIAL_THUNKS = {'AMD64':
{b'\xe8\x07\x00\x00\x00\xf3\x90\x0f\xae\xe8\xeb\xf9H\x89\x04$\xc3': ('jmp', 'rax'),
b'\xe8\x07\x00\x00\x00\xf3\x90\x0f\xae\xe8\xeb\xf9H\x8dd$\x08\xc3': ('ret',)}}

tag: Optional[str] = 'CFGFast'
```

__init__(binary=None, objects=None, regions=None, pickle_intermediate_results=False, symbols=True, function_prologues=True, resolve_indirect_jumps=True, force_segment=False, force_smart_scan=True, force_complete_scan=False, indirect_jump_target_limit=100000, data_references=True, cross_references=False, normalize=False, start_at_entry=True, function_starts=None, extra_memory_regions=None, data_type_guessing_handlers=None, arch_options=None, indirect_jump_resolvers=None, base_state=None, exclude_sparse_regions=True, skip_specific_regions=True, heuristic_plt_resolving=None, detect_tail_calls=False, low_priority=False, cfb=None, model=None, elf_eh_frame=True, exceptions=True, skip_unmapped_addrs=True, nodecode_window_size=512, nodecode_threshold=0.3, nodecode_step=16483, indirect_calls_always_return=None, jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls=None, start=None, end=None, collect_data_references=None, extra_cross_references=None, **extra_arch_options)

Parameters

- **binary** The binary to recover CFG on. By default the main binary is used.
- objects A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- pickle_intermediate_results (bool) If we want to store the intermediate results or not.
- **symbols** (*bool*) Get function beginnings from symbols in the binary.
- **function_prologues** (*bool*) Scan the binary for function prologues, and use those positions as function beginnings
- **resolve_indirect_jumps** (*bool*) Try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **force_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **force_complete_scan** (*bool*) Perform a complete scan on the binary and maximize the number of identified code blocks.
- data_references (bool) Enables the collection of references to data used by individual instructions. This does not collect 'cross-references', particularly those that involve multiple instructions. For that, see *cross_references*
- **cross_references** (*boo1*) Whether CFGFast should collect "cross-references" from the entire program or not. This will populate the knowledge base with references to and from each recognizable address constant found in the code. Note that, because this performs constant propagation on the entire program, it may be much slower and consume more memory. This option implies *data_references=True*.
- **normalize** (bool) Normalize the CFG as well as all function graphs after CFG recovery.
- **start_at_entry** (*boo1*) Begin CFG recovery at the entry point of this project. Setting it to False prevents CFGFast from viewing the entry point as one of the starting points of code scanning.
- **function_starts** (*list*) A list of extra function starting points. CFGFast will try to resume scanning from each address in the list.
- **extra_memory_regions** (*1ist*) A list of 2-tuple (start-address, end-address) that shows extra memory regions. Integers falling inside will be considered as pointers.

- **indirect_jump_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- base_state A state to use as a backer for all memory loads
- **detect_tail_calls** (*bool*) Enable aggressive tail-call optimization detection.
- elf_eh_frame (bool) Retrieve function starts (and maybe sizes later) from the .eh frame of ELF binaries.
- **skip_unmapped_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- indirect_calls_always_return (Optional[bool]) Should CFG assume indirect calls must return or not. Assuming indirect calls must return will significantly reduce the number of constant propagation runs, but may reduce the overall CFG recovery precision when facing non-returning indirect calls. By default, we only assume indirect calls always return for large binaries (region > 50KB).
- jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls (Optional[boo1]) Whether JumpTableResolver should resolve indirect calls or not. Most indirect calls in C++ binaries or UEFI binaries cannot be resolved using jump table resolver and must be resolved using their specific resolvers. By default, we will only disable JumpTableResolver from resolving indirect calls for large binaries (region > 50 KB).
- **start** (*int*) (Deprecated) The beginning address of CFG recovery.
- end (int) (Deprecated) The end address of CFG recovery.
- arch_options (CFGArchOptions) Architecture-specific options.
- **extra_arch_options** (*dict*) Any key-value pair in kwargs will be seen as an arch-specific option and will be used to set the option value in self._arch_options.

Extra parameters that angr. Analysis takes:

Parameters

- **progress_callback** Specify a callback function to get the progress during CFG recovery.
- show_progressbar (boo1) Should CFGFast show a progressbar during CFG recovery or not.
- indirect_calls_always_return (bool | None) -
- jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls (bool | None) -

Returns

None

```
property graph
property memory_data
property jump_tables
property insn_addr_to_memory_data
```

```
do_full_xrefs(overlay_state=None)
          Perform xref recovery on all functions.
              Parameters
                  overlay (SimState) – An overlay state for loading constant data.
              Returns
                  None
     copy()
     indirect_jumps: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     output()
     generate_code_cover(**kwargs)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_arch_options.CFGArchOptions(arch, **options)
     Bases: object
     Stores architecture-specific options and settings, as well as the detailed explanation of those options and settings.
     Suppose ao is the CFGArchOptions object, and there is an option called ret jumpkind heuristics, you can access
     it by ao.ret jumpkind heuristics and set its value via ao.ret jumpkind heuristics = True
          Variables
                • OPTIONS (dict) – A dict of all default options for different architectures.
                • arch (archinfo.Arch) – The architecture object.
                • _options (dict) – Values of all CFG options that are specific to the current architecture.
     OPTIONS = {'ARMCortexM': {'pattern_match_ifuncs': (<class 'bool'>, True),
     'ret_jumpkind_heuristics': (<class 'bool'>, True), 'switch_mode_on_nodecode':
     (<class 'bool'>, False)}, 'ARMEL': {'pattern_match_ifuncs': (<class 'bool'>, True),
     'ret_jumpkind_heuristics': (<class 'bool'>, True), 'switch_mode_on_nodecode':
     (<class 'bool'>, True)}, 'ARMHF': {'pattern_match_ifuncs': (<class 'bool'>, True),
     'ret_jumpkind_heuristics': (<class 'bool'>, True), 'switch_mode_on_nodecode':
     (<class 'bool'>, True)}}
     __init__(arch, **options)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  • arch (archinfo.Arch) – The architecture instance.
                  • options (dict) - Architecture-specific options, which will be used to initialize this object.
     arch = None
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID(addr, callsite_tuples, jump_type)
     Bases: object
     A context-sensitive key for a SimRun object.
     __init__(addr, callsite_tuples, jump_type)
```

```
callsite_repr()
     static new(addr, callstack_suffix, jumpkind)
     property func_addr
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.FunctionKey(addr, callsite_tuples)
     Bases: object
     A context-sensitive key for a function.
     __init__(addr, callsite_tuples)
     callsite_repr()
     static new(addr, callsite_tuples)
class angr.analyses.cfg_job_base.CFGJobBase(addr, state, context_sensitivity_level, block_id=None,
                                                       src_block_id=None, src_exit_stmt_idx=None,
                                                       src_ins_addr=None, jumpkind=None,
                                                       call_stack=None, is_narrowing=False, skip=False,
                                                       final_return_address=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes an entry in CFG or VFG. Only used internally by the analysis.
          Parameters
                • state (SimState) -
                • jumpkind(str / None) -
     __init__(addr, state, context sensitivity level, block id=None, src block id=None,
               src_exit_stmt_idx=None, src_ins_addr=None, jumpkind=None, call_stack=None,
               is_narrowing=False, skip=False, final_return_address=None)
              Parameters
                  • state (SimState) -
                  • jumpkind(str / None) -
     property call_stack
     call_stack_copy()
     get_call_stack_suffix()
     property func_addr
     property current_stack_pointer
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.amd64_elf_got.AMD64ElfGotResolver(project)
     Bases: IndirectJumpResolver
     A timeless indirect jump resolver that resolves GOT entries on AMD64 ELF binaries.
     __init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(*cfg*, *addr*, *func_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func_graph_complete=True*, **kwargs)

Resolve an indirect jump.

Parameters

- cfg The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (int) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func_graph_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

Return type

tuple

 $\textbf{class} \texttt{ angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.arm_elf_fast.} \textbf{ArmElfFastResolver} (\textit{project})$

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

Resolves the indirect jump in ARM ELF binaries where all internal function calls are performed in the following manner:

```
ldr r3, [pc+#0x124] ; load a constant from the constant_pool
blx r3
```

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

• addr (int) – Basic block address of this indirect jump.

- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind, func_graph_complete=True, **kwargs)

The main resolving function.

Parameters

- cfg A CFG instance.
- addr (int) Address of the IRSB.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function.
- block The IRSB.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- func_graph_complete(bool) -

Returns

Return type

tuple

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_pe_iat.X86PeIatResolver(project)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

A timeless indirect jump resolver for IAT in x86 PEs.

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(*cfg*, *addr*, *func_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func_graph_complete=True*, **kwargs)

Resolve an indirect jump.

Parameters

- cfg The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func_graph_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

Return type

tuple

```
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.mips\_elf\_fast.\textbf{enable\_profiling}()
```

angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.disable_profiling()

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.} \\ \textbf{OverwriteTmpValueCallback} \\ (\textit{gp_value}) \\ \textbf{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.} \\ \textbf{OverwriteTmpValueCallback} \\ \textbf{(gp_value)} \\ \textbf{(g$

Bases: object

Overwrites temporary values during resolution

```
__init__(gp_value)
```

overwrite_tmp_value(state)

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.MipsElfFastResolver(project)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

A timeless indirect jump resolver for R9-based indirect function calls in MIPS ELFs.

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind, func_graph_complete=True, **kwargs)

Wrapper for _resolve that slowly increments the max_depth used by Blade for finding sources until we can resolve the addr or we reach the default max_depth

Parameters

- cfg A CFG instance.
- addr (int) IRSB address.
- **func_addr** (*int*) The function address.
- **block** (*pyvex.IRSB*) The IRSB.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- func_graph_complete(bool) -

Returns

If it was resolved and targets alongside it

Return type

tuple

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_elf_pic_plt.\textbf{X86ElfPicPltResolver}(\textit{project}) \\$

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

In X86 ELF position-independent code, PLT stubs uses ebx to resolve library calls, where ebx stores the address to the beginning of the GOT. We resolve the target by forcing ebx to be the beginning of the GOT and simulate the execution in fast path mode.

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (str) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

 $\textbf{resolve}(\textit{cfg}, \textit{addr}, \textit{func_addr}, \textit{block}, \textit{jumpkind}, \textit{func_graph_complete} = \textit{True}, **kwargs)$

Resolve an indirect jump.

Parameters

- **cfg** The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.

- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func_graph_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

Return type

tuple

 $angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.default_resolvers.default_indirect_jump_resolvers(obj, project)$

 $\textbf{exception} \ \ \textbf{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.} \textbf{NotAJumpTableNotification}$

Bases: AngrError

Exception raised to indicate this is not (or does not appear to be) a jump table.

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.UninitReadMeta

Bases: object

Uninitialized read remapping details.

uninit_read_base = 201326592

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.AddressTransformationTypes(value)

Bases: int, Enum

Address transformation operations.

Assignment = 0

SignedExtension = 1

UnsignedExtension = 2

Truncation = 3

0r1 = 4

ShiftLeft = 5

ShiftRight = 6

Add = 7

Load = 8

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.AddressTransformation(op,

operands, first_load=False)

Bases: object

Describe and record an address transformation operation.

Parameters

```
• op (AddressTransformationTypes) -
                • operands (List) -
                • first_load (bool) -
     __init__(op, operands, first_load=False)
              Parameters
                  • op (AddressTransformationTypes) -
                  • operands (List) -
                  • first_load (bool) -
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.AddressOperand
     Bases: object
     The class for the singleton class AddressSingleton. It represents the address being transformed before using as
     an indirect jump target.
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.Tmp(tmp_idx)
     Bases: object
     For modeling Tmp variables.
     __init__(tmp_idx)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTargetBaseAddr(stmt_loc, stmt,
                                                                                       base_addr=None,
                                                                                       tmp_1=None
     Bases: object
     Model for jump targets and their data origin.
     __init__(stmt_loc, stmt, tmp, base_addr=None, tmp_l=None)
     property base_addr_available
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.ConstantValueManager(project, kb,
                                                                                         func)
     Bases: object
     Manages the loading of registers who hold constant values.
          Parameters
              func (Function) –
     __init__(project, kb, func)
              Parameters
                  func (Function) -
     project
     kb
     func
     mapping
```

(continues on next page)

```
reg_read_callback(state)
              Parameters
                  state (SimState) -
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTableProcessorState(arch)
     Bases: object
     The state used in JumpTableProcessor.
     __init__(arch)
     arch
     is_jumptable
     stmts_to_instrument
     regs_to_initialize
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.RegOffsetAnnotation(reg_offset)
     Bases: Annotation
     Register Offset annotation.
          Parameters
              reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
     __init__(reg_offset)
              Parameters
                  reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
     reg_offset
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTableProcessor(project, indi-
                                                                                        rect_jump_node_pred_addrs,
                                                                                        bp_sp_diff=256)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight
     Implements a simple and stupid data dependency tracking for stack and register variables.
     Also determines which statements to instrument during static execution of the slice later. For example, the
     following example is not uncommon in non-optimized binaries:
         mov [rbp+var_54], 1
     loc_4051a6:
          cmp [rbp+var_54], 6
               loc_405412 (default)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
loc_4051b0:
   mov eax, [rbp+var_54]
   mov rax, qword [rax*8+0x223a01]
    jmp rax
```

We want to instrument the first instruction and replace the constant 1 with a symbolic variable, otherwise we will

```
not be able to recover all jump targets later in block 0x4051b0.
          Parameters
              indirect_jump_node_pred_addrs (Set[int]) -
     __init__(project, indirect_jump_node_pred_addrs, bp_sp_diff=256)
              Parameters
                 indirect_jump_node_pred_addrs (Set[int]) -
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.StoreHook
     Bases: object
     Hook for memory stores.
     static hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.LoadHook
     Bases: object
     Hook for memory loads.
     __init__()
     hook_before(state)
     hook_after(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.PutHook
     Bases: object
     Hook for register writes.
     static hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.RegisterInitializerHook(reg_offset,
                                                                                            reg_bits,
                                                                                            value)
     Bases: object
     Hook for register init.
     __init__(reg_offset, reg_bits, value)
     hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.BSSHook(project, bss_regions)
     Bases: object
     Hook for BSS read/write.
     __init__(project, bss_regions)
```

solve_calls=True)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

A generic jump table resolver.

This is a fast jump table resolution. For performance concerns, we made the following assumptions:

- The final jump target comes from the memory.
- The final jump target must be directly read out of the memory, without any further modification or altering.

Progressively larger program slices will be analyzed to determine jump table location and size. If the size of the table cannot be determined, a *guess* will be made based on how many entries in the table *appear* valid.

```
Parameters
```

```
resolve_calls (bool) -

__init__(project, resolve_calls=True)

Parameters
    resolve_calls (bool) -

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)
```

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(*cfg*, *addr*, *func_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func_graph_complete=True*, **kwargs)
Resolves jump tables.

Parameters

- cfg A CFG instance.
- addr (int) IRSB address.
- **func_addr** (*int*) The function address.
- **block** (*pyvex.IRSB*) The IRSB.
- func_graph_complete(bool) -

Returns

A bool indicating whether the indirect jump is resolved successfully, and a list of resolved targets

Return type

tuple

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver.\textbf{ConstantResolver}(\textit{project})$

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

Resolve an indirect jump by running a constant propagation on the entire function and check if the indirect jump can be resolved to a constant value. This resolver must be run after all other more specific resolvers.

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind, func_graph_complete=True, **kwargs)

This function does the actual resolve. Our process is easy: Propagate all values inside the function specified, then extract the tmp_var used for the indirect jump from the basic block. Use the tmp var to locate the constant value stored in the replacements. If not present, returns False tuple.

Parameters

- cfg CFG with specified function
- addr (int) Address of indirect jump
- **func_addr** (int) Address of function of indirect jump
- **block** (*Block*) Block of indirect jump (Block object)
- jumpkind (str) VEX jumpkind (Ijk_Boring or Ijk_Call)
- func_graph_complete(bool) -

Returns

Bool tuple with replacement address

```
Bases: object
```

```
__init__(project, timeless=False, base_state=None)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

Parameters

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

resolve(*cfg*, *addr*, *func_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func_graph_complete=True*, **kwargs)

Resolve an indirect jump.

Parameters

- **cfg** The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

• **func_graph_complete** (bool) – True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

Return type

tuple

Parameters

- binary The binary to recover CFG on. By default the main binary is used.
- **objects** A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- pickle_intermediate_results (bool) If we want to store the intermediate results or not.
- **symbols** (*bool*) Get function beginnings from symbols in the binary.
- **function_prologues** (*bool*) Scan the binary for function prologues, and use those positions as function beginnings
- **resolve_indirect_jumps** (*bool*) Try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **force_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **force_complete_scan** (*bool*) Perform a complete scan on the binary and maximize the number of identified code blocks.
- data_references (bool) Enables the collection of references to data used by individual instructions. This does not collect 'cross-references', particularly those that involve multiple instructions. For that, see *cross_references*
- **cross_references** (*boo1*) Whether CFGFast should collect "cross-references" from the entire program or not. This will populate the knowledge base with references to and from each recognizable address constant found in the code. Note that, because this performs constant propagation on the entire program, it may be much slower and consume more memory. This option implies *data references=True*.
- normalize (bool) Normalize the CFG as well as all function graphs after CFG recovery.
- **start_at_entry** (*bool*) Begin CFG recovery at the entry point of this project. Setting it to False prevents CFGFast from viewing the entry point as one of the starting points of code scanning.
- **function_starts** (*list*) A list of extra function starting points. CFGFast will try to resume scanning from each address in the list.
- **extra_memory_regions** (*list*) A list of 2-tuple (start-address, end-address) that shows extra memory regions. Integers falling inside will be considered as pointers.

- **indirect_jump_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- base_state A state to use as a backer for all memory loads
- **detect_tail_calls** (*bool*) Enable aggressive tail-call optimization detection.
- elf_eh_frame (bool) Retrieve function starts (and maybe sizes later) from the .eh frame of ELF binaries.
- **skip_unmapped_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- indirect_calls_always_return Should CFG assume indirect calls must return or not. Assuming indirect calls must return will significantly reduce the number of constant propagation runs, but may reduce the overall CFG recovery precision when facing non-returning indirect calls. By default, we only assume indirect calls always return for large binaries (region > 50KB).
- jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls Whether JumpTableResolver should resolve indirect calls or not. Most indirect calls in C++ binaries or UEFI binaries cannot be resolved using jump table resolver and must be resolved using their specific resolvers. By default, we will only disable JumpTableResolver from resolving indirect calls for large binaries (region > 50 KB).
- **start** (*int*) (Deprecated) The beginning address of CFG recovery.
- end (int) (Deprecated) The end address of CFG recovery.
- arch_options (CFGArchOptions) Architecture-specific options.
- **extra_arch_options** (*dict*) Any key-value pair in kwargs will be seen as an arch-specific option and will be used to set the option value in self._arch_options.

Extra parameters that angr. Analysis takes:

Parameters

- progress_callback Specify a callback function to get the progress during CFG recovery.
- show_progressbar (bool) Should CFGFast show a progressbar during CFG recovery or not.

Returns

None

normalize()

Normalize the CFG, making sure that there are no overlapping basic blocks.

Note that this method will not alter transition graphs of each function in self.kb.functions. You may call normalize() on each Function object to normalize their transition graphs.

Returns

None

make_functions()

Revisit the entire control flow graph, create Function instances accordingly, and correctly put blocks into each function.

Although Function objects are crated during the CFG recovery, they are neither sound nor accurate. With a pre-constructed CFG, this method rebuilds all functions bearing the following rules:

- A block may only belong to one function.
- Small functions lying inside the startpoint and the endpoint of another function will be merged with the other function
- Tail call optimizations are detected.
- PLT stubs are aligned by 16.

Returns

None

```
indirect_jumps: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
project: Project
kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.analyses.cdg.CDG(cfg, start=None, no_construct=False)
    Bases: Analysis
    Implements a control dependence graph.
    __init__(cfg, start=None, no_construct=False)
        Constructor.
```

Parameters

- cfg The control flow graph upon which this control dependence graph will build
- **start** The starting point to begin constructing the control dependence graph
- **no_construct** Skip the construction step. Only used in unit-testing.

```
property graph
```

```
get_post_dominators()
```

Return the post-dom tree

```
get_dependants(run)
```

Return a list of nodes that are control dependent on the given node in the control dependence graph

```
get_guardians(run)
```

Return a list of nodes on whom the specific node is control dependent in the control dependence graph

```
project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
pp(imarks=False)
          Pretty print the graph. @imarks determine whether the printed graph represents instructions (coarse
          grained) for easier navigation, or exact statements.
class angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTags
     Bases: object
     HAS\_XOR = 'HAS\_XOR'
     HAS_BITSHIFTS = 'HAS_BITSHIFTS'
     HAS\_SQL = 'HAS\_SQL'
     LARGE_SWITCH = 'LARGE_SWITCH'
class angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging(func)
     Bases: Analysis
     __init__(func)
     analyze()
     has_xor()
          Detects if there is any xor operation in the function.
              Returns
                  Tags
     has_bitshifts()
          Detects if there is any bitwise operation in the function.
              Returns
                  Tags.
     has_sql()
          Detects if there is any reference to strings that look like SQL queries.
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB(project=None)
     Bases: object
     AngrDB provides a storage solution for an angr project, its knowledge bases, and some other types of data. It is
     designed to use an SQL-based database as the storage backend.
     ALL_TABLES = ['objects']
     VERSION = 1
     __init__(project=None)
     static open_db(db_str='sqlite:///:memory:')
     static session_scope(Session)
```

```
static save_info(session, key, value)
     Save an information entry to the database.
         Parameters

    session –

    key –

             • value -
         Returns
static get_info(session, key)
     Get an information entry from the database.
         Parameters
             • session -

    key –

         Returns
update_dbinfo(session, extra_info=None)
     Update the information in database.
         Parameters
             • session -
             • extra_info (Dict[str, str] | None) -
         Returns
get_dbinfo(session, extra_info=None)
     Get database information.
         Parameters
             • session -
             • extra_info (Dict[str, str] | None) -
         Returns
             A dict of information entries.
db_compatible(version)
     Checks if the given database version is compatible with the current AngrDB class.
         Parameters
             version (int) – The version of the database.
         Returns
             True if compatible, False otherwise.
```

Return type

bool

dump(db_path, kbs=None, extra_info=None)

Parameters

- **kbs** (List[KnowledgeBase] / None) -
- extra_info (Dict[str, Any] | None) -

```
load(db_path, kb_names=None, other_kbs=None, extra_info=None)
               Parameters
                   • db_path (str) -
                   • kb_names (List[str] | None) -
                   • other_kbs (Dict[str, KnowledgeBase] / None) -
                   • extra_info (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
class angr.angrdb.models.DbInformation(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Stores information related to the current database. Basically a key-value store.
     id
     key
     value
     __init__(**kwargs)
          A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
          Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
          Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
          any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbObject(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a binary object.
     id
     main_object
     path
     content
     backend
     backend_args
     __init__(**kwargs)
          A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
          Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
          Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
          any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a knowledge base.
     id
```

```
name
     cfgs
     funcs
     xrefs
     comments
     labels
     var_collections
     structured_code
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a CFGFast instance.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     ident
     blob
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a Function instance.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     addr
     blob
```

```
__init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a VariableManagerInternal instance.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     func_addr
     ident
     blob
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbStructuredCode(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a StructuredCode instance.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     func_addr
     flavor
     expr_comments
     stmt_comments
     configuration
     const_formats
```

ite_exprs

```
__init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models an XRefManager instance.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     blob
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbComment(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a comment.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     addr
     comment
     type
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbLabel(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a label.
     id
     kb_id
```

```
kb
     addr
     name
     __init__(**kwargs)
          A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
          Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
          Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
          any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model.CFGModelSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a CFGModel.
     static dump(session, db_kb, ident, cfg_model)
              Parameters

    session –

                   • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) – The database object for KnowledgeBase.
                   • ident (str) – Identifier of the CFG model.
                   • cfg_model (CFGModel) – The CFG model to dump.
              Returns
                  None
     static load(session, db_kb, ident, cfg_manager, loader=None)
class angr.angrdb.serializers.comments.CommentsSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize comments to/from a database session.
     static dump(session, db_kb, comments)
              Parameters
                   • session -
                   • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                   • comments (Comments) -
              Returns
                  None
     static load(session, db_kb, kb)
              Parameters

    session –

                   • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                   • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
              Returns
```

```
class angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs.FunctionManagerSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a function manager and its functions.
     static dump(session, db_kb, func_manager)
              Parameters

    session –

                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • func_manager (FunctionManager) -
              Returns
     static load(session, db_kb, kb)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
                  A loaded function manager.
class angr.angrdb.serializers.kb.KnowledgeBaseSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a KnowledgeBase object.
     static dump(session, kb)
              Parameters
                  • session – The database session object.
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) – The KnowledgeBase instance to serialize.
              Returns
                  None
     static load(session, project, name)
              Parameters
                  session -
              Returns
class angr.angrdb.serializers.labels.LabelsSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize labels to/from a database session.
     static dump(session, db_kb, labels)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • labels (Labels) -
```

```
None
     static load(session, db_kb, kb)
             Parameters
                 • session -
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
             Returns
class angr.angrdb.serializers.loader.LoaderSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a CLE Loader object into/from an angr DB.
     backend2name = {<class 'cle.backends.blob.Blob'>: 'blob', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.elf.elf.ELF'>: 'elf', <class 'cle.backends.elf.elfcore.ELFCore'>:
     'elfcore', <class 'cle.backends.cgc.cgc.CGC'>: 'cgc', <class
     'cle.backends.cgc.backedcgc.BackedCGC'>: 'backedcgc', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.coff.Coff'>: 'COFF', <class 'cle.backends.ihex.Hex'>: 'hex', <class
     'cle.backends.java.apk.Apk'>: 'apk', <class 'cle.backends.java.jar.Jar'>: 'jar',
     <class 'cle.backends.macho.macho.MachO'>: 'mach-o', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.minidump.Minidump'>: 'minidump', <class
     'cle.backends.named_region.NamedRegion'>: 'named_region', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.pe.pe.PE'>: 'pe', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.static_archive.StaticArchive'>: 'AR', <class 'cle.backends.te.TE'>:
     'te', <class 'cle.backends.uefi_firmware.UefiFirmware'>: 'uefi', <class
     'cle.backends.xbe.XBE'>: 'xbe'}
     static dump(session, loader)
     static load(session)
class angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs.XRefsSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize an XRefs object to/from a database session.
     static dump(session, db_kb, xrefs)
             Parameters
                 • session -
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • xrefs (XRefManager) -
             Returns
     static load(session, db_kb, kb, cfg_model=None)
             Parameters
                 • session -
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
```

Returns

```
• cfg_model (CFGModel) -
              Returns
class angr.angrdb.serializers.variables.VariableManagerSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a variable manager and its variables.
     static dump(session, db_kb, var_manager)
              Parameters
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • var_manager (VariableManager) -
     static dump_internal(session, db_kb, internal_manager, func_addr, ident=None)
              Parameters
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • internal_manager (VariableManagerInternal) -
                  • func_addr (int) -
     static load(session, db_kb, kb, ident=None)
              Parameters
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     static load_internal(db_varcoll, variable_manager)
              Return type
                  VariableManagerInternal
              Parameters
                 variable_manager (VariableManager) -
class angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code.StructuredCodeManagerSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a structured code manager.
     static dump(session, db_kb, code_manager)
              Parameters

    session –

                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • code_manager (StructuredCodeManager) -
              Returns
     static dict_strkey_to_intkey(d)
              Return type
                 Dict[int, Any]
              Parameters
                 d(Dict[str, Any]) -
```

```
static load(session, db_kb, kb)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
              Return type
                 StructuredCodeManager
              Returns
                 A loaded structured code manager
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.recursive_structurer.RecursiveStructurer(region,
                                                                                              cond_proc=None,
                                                                                              func=None,
                                                                                              struc-
                                                                                              turer_cls=None,
                                                                                              im-
                                                                                              prove_structurer=True,
                                                                                              **kwargs)
     Bases: Analysis
     Recursively structure a region and all of its subregions.
         Parameters
               • func (Function / None) -
               • structurer_cls (Type | None) -
     __init__(region, cond_proc=None, func=None, structurer_cls=None, improve_structurer=True, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • func (Function | None) -
                  • structurer_cls (Type | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_class_from_name(name)
          Return type
              Optional[Type]
         Parameters
             name (str) -
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.dream.**DreamStructurer**(region, parent_map=None,

Bases: StructurerBase

10.15. Analysis

condition_processor=None,

parent_region=None,

case_entry_to_switch_head=None,

685

func=None,

**kwargs)

Parameters

Structure a region using a structuring algorithm that is similar to the one in Dream decompiler (described in the "no more gotos" paper). Note that this implementation has quite a few improvements over the original described version and *should not* be used to evaluate the performance of the original algorithm described in that paper.

The current function graph is provided so that we can detect certain edge cases, for example, jump table entries no longer exist due to empty node removal during structuring or prior steps.

```
• func (Function / None) -
               • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
     NAME: str = 'dream'
     __init__(region, parent_map=None, condition_processor=None, func=None,
              case_entry_to_switch_head=None, parent_region=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 • func (Function / None) -
                 • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
exception angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.EmptyBlockNotice
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.MultiNode(nodes, addr=None,
                                                                          idx=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(nodes, addr=None, idx=None)
     nodes
     addr
     idx
     copv()
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.BaseNode
     Bases: object
     static test_empty_node(node)
     static test_empty_condition_node(cond_node)
     addr: Optional[int]
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SequenceNode(addr, nodes=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
```

```
__init__(addr, nodes=None)
              Parameters
                  addr (int | None) -
     addr: Optional[int]
     nodes
     add_node(node)
     insert_node(pos, node)
     remove_node(node)
     node_position(node)
     copy()
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
\textbf{class} \  \, \textbf{angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer\_nodes.} \\ \textbf{CodeNode} (\textit{node}, \textit{reaching\_condition})
     Bases: BaseNode
     __init__(node, reaching_condition)
     node
     reaching_condition
     property addr
     property idx
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
     copy()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ConditionNode(addr,
                                                                                       reaching_condition,
                                                                                       condition,
                                                                                       true_node,
                                                                                      false_node=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
          Parameters
              addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, reaching_condition, condition, true_node, false_node=None)
     addr: Optional[int]
     reaching_condition
     condition
     true_node
     false_node
```

```
dbg_repr(indent=0)
     node
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.CascadingConditionNode(addr,
                                                                                          tion and nodes,
                                                                                          else_node=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
               • addr (int | None) -
               • condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[Any, BaseNode]]) -
               • else_node (BaseNode) -
     __init__(addr, condition_and_nodes, else_node=None)
             Parameters
                 • condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[Any, BaseNode]]) -
                 • else_node (BaseNode / None) -
     addr: Optional[int]
     condition_and_nodes
     else_node
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.LoopNode(sort, condition,
                                                                           sequence_node,
                                                                           addr=None,
                                                                           continue addr=None,
                                                                           initializer=None,
                                                                           iterator=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(sort, condition, sequence_node, addr=None, continue_addr=None, initializer=None,
              iterator=None)
     sort
     condition
     sequence_node
     initializer
     iterator
     copy()
     property addr
     property continue_addr
```

```
dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.BreakNode(addr, target)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, target)
     addr: Optional[int]
     target
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ContinueNode(addr, target)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, target)
     addr: Optional[int]
     target
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ConditionalBreakNode(addr,
                                                                                       condition,
                                                                                       target)
     Bases: BreakNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, condition, target)
     condition
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SwitchCaseNode(switch_expr,
                                                                                 cases,
                                                                                 default_node,
                                                                                 addr=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
               • cases (OrderedDict[int | Tuple[int, ...], SequenceNode]) -
               • addr (int | None) -
     __init__(switch_expr, cases, default_node, addr=None)
             Parameters
                cases (OrderedDict[int | Tuple[int, ...], SequenceNode]) -
```

```
switch_expr
     cases: OrderedDict[Union[int, Tuple[int, ...]], SequenceNode]
     default_node
     addr: Optional[int]
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.IncompleteSwitchCaseNode(addr,
                                                                                               head.
                                                                                               cases)
     Bases: BaseNode
     Describes an incomplete set of switch-case nodes. Usually an intermediate result. Should always be restructured
     into a SwitchCaseNode by the end of structuring. Only used in Phoenix structurer.
          Parameters
               • addr (int | None) -
               • cases (List) -
     __init__(addr, head, cases)
             Parameters
                 cases (List) -
     addr: Optional[int]
     head
     cases: List
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.IncompleteSwitchCaseHeadStatement(*args,
                                                                                                         **kwargs)
     Bases: Statement
     Describes a switch-case head. This is only created by LoweredSwitchSimplifier.
     __init__(idx, switch_variable, case_addrs, **kwargs)
     switch_variable
     case_addrs: List[Tuple[Block, Union[int, str], int, Optional[int], int]]
     addr
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_base.StructurerBase(region,
                                                                                  parent_map=None,
                                                                                  condi-
                                                                                  tion_processor=None,
                                                                                  func=None,
                                                                                  case_entry_to_switch_head=None,
                                                                                  par-
                                                                                  ent_region=None,
                                                                                  im-
                                                                                  prove structurer=True,
                                                                                   **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: Analysis
     The base class for analysis passes that structures a region.
     The current function graph is provided so that we can detect certain edge cases, for example, jump table entries
     no longer exist due to empty node removal during structuring or prior steps.
          Parameters
                • func (Function / None) -
                • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
     NAME: str = None
     __init__(region, parent_map=None, condition_processor=None, func=None,
               case_entry_to_switch_head=None, parent_region=None, improve_structurer=True, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • func (Function / None) -
                  • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
     static replace_nodes(graph, old_node_0, new_node, old_node_1=None, self_loop=True)
     static replace_node_in_node(parent_node, old_node, new_node)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • parent_node (BaseNode) -
                  • old_node (BaseNode | Block) -
                  • new_node (BaseNode | Block) -
     static is_a_jump_target(stmt, addr)
              Return type
                  bool
              Parameters
                  • stmt (Conditional Jump) -
                  • addr (int) -
exception angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.GraphChangedNotification
     Bases: Exception
     A notification for graph that is currently worked on being changed. Once this notification is caught, the graph
     schema matching process for the current region restarts.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.MultiStmtExprMode(value)
     Bases: str, Enum
```

Mode of multi-statement expression creation during structuring.

NEVER = 'Never'

ALWAYS = 'Always'

```
MAX_ONE_CALL = 'Only when less than one call'
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.PhoenixStructurer(region,

parent_map=None, condition_processor=None, func=None, case_entry_to_switch_head=None, parent_region=None, improve_structurer=True, use_multistmtexprs=MultiStmtExprMode.MA **kwargs)

Bases: StructurerBase

Structure a region using a structuring algorithm that is similar to the one in Phoenix decompiler (described in the "phoenix decompiler" paper). Note that this implementation has quite a few improvements over the original described version and *should not* be used to evaluate the performance of the original algorithm described in that paper.

Parameters

- func (Function / None) -
- case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
- use_multistmtexprs (MultiStmtExprMode) -

NAME: str = 'phoenix'

__init__(region, parent_map=None, condition_processor=None, func=None, case_entry_to_switch_head=None, parent_region=None, improve_structurer=True, use_multistmtexprs=MultiStmtExprMode.MAX_ONE_CALL, **kwargs)

Parameters

- func (Function / None) -
- case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
- use_multistmtexprs (MultiStmtExprMode) -

static dump_graph(graph, path)

Return type

None

Parameters

- graph (DiGraph) -
- path (*str*) –

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

exception angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.HasCallNotification

Bases: Exception

Notifies the existence of a call statement.

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.AILBlockTempCollector(**kwargs)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Collects any temporaries used in a block.
     __init__(**kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.AILSimplifier(func, func graph=None,
                                                                    remove_dead_memdefs=False,
                                                                   stack_arg_offsets=None,
                                                                    unify_variables=False,
                                                                   ail_manager=None, gp=None,
                                                                   narrow_expressions=False,
                                                                    only_consts=False,
                                                                   fold_callexprs_into_conditions=False,
                                                                    use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     Perform function-level simplifications.
          Parameters
                • stack_arg_offsets (Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
               • ail_manager (Manager | None) -
                • gp (int | None) -
     __init__(func, func graph=None, remove dead memdefs=False, stack arg offsets=None,
               unify_variables=False, ail_manager=None, gp=None, narrow_expressions=False,
               only_consts=False, fold_callexprs_into_conditions=False,
               use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True)
              Parameters
                  • stack_arg_offsets(Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
                  • ail_manager (Manager | None) -
                  • gp (int | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
exception angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.RemoveNodeNotice
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker(graph, handler,
                                                                      replace_nodes=False)
     Bases: object
     Walks an AIL graph and optionally replaces each node with a new node.
          Parameters
              replace_nodes (bool) -
     __init__(graph, handler, replace_nodes=False)
              Parameters
                 replace_nodes (bool) -
```

```
walk()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.HasCallExprWalker
     Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
     Test if an expression contains a call expression inside.
     __init__()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.BlockSimplifier(block, func addr=None,
                                                                        remove dead memdefs=False,
                                                                        stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                        peephole_optimizations=None,
                                                                        stack_arg_offsets=None,
                                                                        cached_reaching_definitions=None,
                                                                        cached_propagator=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Simplify an AIL block.
          Parameters
               • block (Block / None) -
                • func_addr (int | None) -
                • peephole_optimizations (Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                  Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] / None) -
                • stack_arg_offsets (Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
     __init__(block, func_addr=None, remove_dead_memdefs=False, stack_pointer_tracker=None,
               peephole optimizations=None, stack arg offsets=None, cached reaching definitions=None,
               cached_propagator=None)
              Parameters
                  • block (Optional[Block]) – The AIL block to simplify. Setting it to None to skip calling
                   self._analyze(), which is useful in test cases.
                  • func_addr (int | None) -
                  • peephole_optimizations(Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                    Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
                  • stack_arg_offsets(Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.callsite_maker.CallSiteMaker(block, reaching_definitions=None,
                                                                   stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                   ail_manager=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Add calling convention, declaration, and args to a call site.
     __init__(block, reaching_definitions=None, stack_pointer_tracker=None, ail_manager=None)
     project: Project
```

```
kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewriter_base.CCallRewriterBase(ccall, arch)
     Bases: object
     The base class for CCall rewriters.
          Parameters
              ccall (VEXCCallExpression) -
     __init__(ccall, arch)
              Parameters
                 ccall (VEXCCallExpression) -
     arch
     result: Optional[Expression]
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.amd64_ccalls.AMD64CCallRewriter(ccall, arch)
     Bases: CCallRewriterBase
     Implements ccall rewriter for AMD64.
          Parameters
              ccall (VEXCCallExpression) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.BlockCache(rd, prop)
     Bases: tuple
     prop
          Alias for field number 1
     rd
          Alias for field number 0
class angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.ClinicMode(value)
     Bases: Enum
     Analysis mode for Clinic.
     DECOMPILE = 1
     COLLECT_DATA_REFS = 2
class angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.DataRefDesc(data_addr, data_size, block_addr, stmt_idx,
                                                        ins_addr, data_type_str)
     Bases: object
     The fields of this class is compatible with items inside IRSB.data_refs.
          Parameters
               • data_addr (int) -
               • data_size (int) -
               • block_addr (int) -
               • stmt_idx (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
               • data_type_str (str) -
```

```
data_addr: int
     data_size: int
     block_addr: int
     stmt_idx: int
     ins_addr: int
     data_type_str: str
     __init__(data_addr, data_size, block_addr, stmt_idx, ins_addr, data_type_str)
              Parameters
                  • data_addr (int) -
                  • data_size (int) -
                  • block_addr (int) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
                  • ins_addr(int)-
                  • data_type_str(str)-
              Return type
                 None
class angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic(func, remove_dead_memdefs=False,
                                                  exception_edges=False, sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
                                                  fold_callexprs_into_conditions=False,
                                                  insert_labels=True, optimization_passes=None,
                                                  cfg=None, peephole_optimizations=None,
                                                  must_struct=None, variable_kb=None,
                                                  reset_variable_names=False,
                                                  rewrite ites to diamonds=True, cache=None,
                                                  mode=ClinicMode.DECOMPILE)
     Bases: Analysis
     A Clinic deals with AILments.
          Parameters
                • peephole_optimizations (Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                  Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] / None) -
                • must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
                • cache (DecompilationCache / None) -
                • mode (ClinicMode) -
     __init__(func, remove_dead_memdefs=False, exception_edges=False, sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
               fold_callexprs_into_conditions=False, insert_labels=True, optimization_passes=None, cfg=None,
               peephole_optimizations=None, must_struct=None, variable_kb=None,
               reset_variable_names=False, rewrite_ites_to_diamonds=True, cache=None,
               mode=ClinicMode.DECOMPILE)
```

Parameters

```
• peephole_optimizations(Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] /
              Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] / None) -
             • must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
             • cache (DecompilationCache / None) -
             • mode (ClinicMode) -
block(addr, size)
     Get the converted block at the given specific address with the given size.
        Parameters
             • addr (int) -
             • size (int) -
        Returns
dbg_repr()
        Returns
copy_graph()
    Copy AIL Graph.
        Return type
            DiGraph
        Returns
            A copy of the All graph.
parse_variable_addr(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[Tuple[Any, Any]]
        Parameters
            addr (Expression) -
new_block_addr()
     Return a block address that does not conflict with any existing blocks.
        Return type
            int
        Returns
            The block address.
static remove_empty_nodes(graph)
        Return type
            DiGraph
        Parameters
            graph (DiGraph) -
project: Project
kb: KnowledgeBase
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.ConditionProcessor(arch, condi-
                                                                                tion_mapping=None)
     Bases: object
     Convert between claripy AST and AIL expressions. Also calculates reaching conditions of all nodes on a graph.
     __init__(arch, condition_mapping=None)
     clear()
     recover_edge_condition(graph, src, dst)
              Parameters
                  graph (DiGraph) -
     recover_edge_conditions(region, graph=None)
              Return type
                 Dict
     recover_reaching_conditions(region, graph=None, with_successors=False,
                                     case_entry_to_switch_head=None)
              Parameters
                 case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
     remove_claripy_bool_asts(node, memo=None)
     classmethod get_last_statement(block)
          This is the buggy version of get_last_statements, because, you know, there can always be more than
          one last statement due to the existence of branching statements (like, If-then-else). All methods using
          get_last_statement() should switch to get_last_statements() and properly handle multiple last statements.
     classmethod get_last_statements(block)
              Return type
                 List[Optional[Statement]]
     EXC_COUNTER = 1000
     convert_claripy_bool_ast(cond, memo=None)
          Convert recovered reaching conditions from claripy ASTs to ailment Expressions
              Returns
                 None
     convert_claripy_bool_ast_core(cond, memo)
     claripy_ast_from_ail_condition(condition, nobool=False)
              Return type
                  Bool
              Parameters
                 nobool (bool) -
     static claripy_ast_to_sympy_expr(ast, memo=None)
```

```
static sympy_expr_to_claripy_ast(expr, memo)
             Parameters
                 memo (Dict) -
     static simplify_condition(cond, depth_limit=8, variables_limit=8)
     static simplify_condition_deprecated(cond)
     create_jump_target_var(jumptable_head_addr)
             Parameters
                 jumptable_head_addr(int)-
class angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options.DecompilationOption(name, description,
                                                                                 value_type, cls,
                                                                                 param,
                                                                                 value_range=None,
                                                                                 category='General',
                                                                                 default value=None,
                                                                                 clears_cache=True,
                                                                                 candi-
                                                                                 date_values=None,
                                                                                 convert=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes a decompilation option.
          Parameters
               • candidate_values (List | None) -
               • convert (Callable | None) -
     __init__(name, description, value_type, cls, param, value_range=None, category='General',
               default_value=None, clears_cache=True, candidate_values=None, convert=None)
             Parameters
                 • candidate_values (List | None) -
                 • convert (Callable | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options.0
     alias of DecompilationOption
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options.get_structurer_option()
         Return type
             Optional[DecompilationOption]
class angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.DecompilationCache(addr)
     Bases: object
     Caches key data structures that can be used later for refining decompilation results, such as retyping variables.
     __init__(addr)
     addr
     type_constraints: Optional[Set]
```

```
var_to_typevar: Optional[Dict]
     codegen: Optional[BaseStructuredCodeGenerator]
     clinic: Optional[Clinic]
     ite_exprs: Optional[Set[Tuple[int, Any]]]
     binop_operators: Optional[Dict[OpDescriptor, str]]
     property local_types
class angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.Decompiler(func, cfg=None, options=None,
                                                           optimization_passes=None,
                                                           sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
                                                           variable_kb=None,
                                                           peephole_optimizations=None,
                                                           vars_must_struct=None, flavor='pseudocode',
                                                           expr_comments=None, stmt_comments=None,
                                                           ite exprs=None, binop operators=None,
                                                           decompile=True, regen clinic=True,
                                                           update_memory_data=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     The decompiler analysis.
     Run this on a Function object for which a normalized CFG has been constructed. The fully processed output can
     be found in result.codegen.text
          Parameters
               • func (Function | str | int) -
               • cfg (CFGFast / CFGModel / None) -
               • peephole_optimizations (Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                 Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
               • vars_must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
               • update_memory_data(bool) -
     __init__(func, cfg=None, options=None, optimization_passes=None, sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
               variable_kb=None, peephole_optimizations=None, vars_must_struct=None, flavor='pseudocode',
               expr_comments=None, stmt_comments=None, ite_exprs=None, binop_operators=None,
               decompile=True, regen_clinic=True, update_memory_data=True)
             Parameters
                 • func (Function | str | int) -
                 • cfg (CFGFast / CFGModel / None) -
                 • peephole_optimizations(Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                   Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
                 • vars_must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
                 • update_memory_data(bool) -
```

```
Re-run type inference on an existing variable recovery result, then rerun codegen to generate new results.
              Returns
              Parameters
                   • type_constraints (Set) -
                   • var_to_typevar (Dict) -
     find_data_references_and_update_memory_data(seq_node)
              Parameters
                  seq_node (SequenceNode) -
     static options_to_params(options)
          Convert decompilation options to a dict of params.
              Parameters
                  options (List[Tuple[DecompilationOption, Any]]) – The decompilation options.
              Return type
                  Dict[str, Any]
              Returns
                  A dict of keyword arguments.
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.empty_node_remover.EmptyNodeRemover(node, clar-
                                                                               ipy_ast_conditions=True)
     Bases: object
     Rewrites a node and its children to remove empty nodes.
     The following optimizations are performed at the same time: - Convert if (A) \{\ \} else \{\ \dots\ \} to if (!A) \{\ \dots\ \}
     else { }
          Variables
               _claripy_ast_conditions - True if all node conditions are claripy ASTs. False if all node
              conditions are AIL expressions.
          Parameters
              claripy_ast_conditions(bool) -
     __init__(node, claripy_ast_conditions=True)
              Parameters
                  claripy_ast_conditions (bool) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.expression_narrower.ExpressionNarrowingWalker(target_expr)
     Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
     Walks a statement or an expression and extracts the operations that are applied on the given expression.
```

reflow_variable_types(type_constraints, var_to_typevar, codegen)

The previous expression is always used in the succeeding expression.

& 0xff (rax & 0xff) + 0x1

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For example, for target expression rax, (rax & 0xff) + 0x1 means the following operations are applied on rax: rax

```
Parameters
              target_expr (Expression) -
     __init__(target_expr)
              Parameters
                  target_expr (Expression) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion(head, graph, successors,
                                                                graph_with_successors, cyclic, full_graph,
                                                                cyclic_ancestor=False)
     Bases: object
     GraphRegion represents a region of nodes.
          Variables
                • head – The head of the region.
                • graph – The region graph.
                • successors – A set of successors of nodes in the graph. These successors do not belong to
                  the current region.
                • graph_with_successors – The region graph that includes successor nodes.
          Parameters
                • successors (Set | None) -
                • graph_with_successors (DiGraph | None) -
                • full_graph (DiGraph | None) -
                • cyclic_ancestor (bool) -
     __init__(head, graph, successors, graph_with_successors, cyclic, full_graph, cyclic_ancestor=False)
              Parameters
                  • successors (Set | None) -
                  • graph_with_successors (DiGraph | None) -
                  • full_graph (DiGraph | None) -
                  • cyclic_ancestor (bool) -
     head
     graph
     successors
     graph_with_successors
     full_graph
     cyclic
     cyclic_ancestor
```

```
copy()
             Return type
                 GraphRegion
     recursive_copy(nodes_map=None)
     property addr
     static dbg_get_repr(obj, ident=0)
     dbg_print(ident=0)
     replace_region(sub_region, updated_sub_region, replace_with, virtualized_edges)
             Parameters
                 • sub_region (GraphRegion) -
                 • updated_sub_region (GraphRegion) -
                 • virtualized_edges (Set[Tuple[Any, Any]]) -
     replace_region_with_region(sub_region, replace_with)
             Parameters
                 • sub_region (GraphRegion) -
                 • replace_with (GraphRegion) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.jump_target_collector.JumpTargetCollector(node)
     Bases: object
     Collect all jump targets.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.jumptable_entry_condition_rewriter.JumpTableEntryConditionRewriter(jumpta
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Remove artificial jump table entry conditions that ConditionProcessor introduced when dealing with jump tables.
     __init__(jumptable_entry_conds)
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.get_optimization_passes(arch, platform)
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.get_default_optimization_passes(arch, platform)
         Parameters
               • arch (Arch | str) -
               • platform (str | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_optimization_pass(opt_pass,
                                                                               enable_by_default)
         Parameters
             enable_by_default (bool) -
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BlockWalker(project)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
          Parameters
              project (Project) -
     __init__(project)
              Parameters
                  project (Project) -
     walk(block)
              Parameters
                  block (Block) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.ConstantDereferencesSimplifier(func,
                                                                                                             **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Makes the following simplifications:
     *(*(const_addr)) ==> *(value) iff *const_addr == value
     ARCHES = None
     PLATFORMS = None
     STAGE: int = 1
     NAME = 'Simplify constant dereferences'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Makes the following simplifications::\n\n *(*(const_addr)) ==>
     *(value) iff *const_addr == value'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
exception
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.MultipleBlocksException
     Bases: Exception
     An exception that is raised in get block() where multiple blocks satisfy the criteria but only one block was
     requested.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.OptimizationPassStage(value)
     Bases: Enum
     Enums about optimization pass stages.
     Note that the region identification pass (RegionIdentifier) may modify existing AIL blocks without updating the
     topology of the original AIL graph. For example, loop successor refinement may modify create a new AIL block
     with an artificial address, and alter existing jump targets of jump statements and conditional jump statements to
     point to this new block. However, loop successor refinement does not update the topology of the original AIL
     graph, which means this new AIL block does not exist in the original AIL graph. As a result, until this behavior
     of RegionIdentifier changes in the future, DURING_REGION_IDENTIFICATION optimization passes should
     not modify existing jump targets.
     AFTER\_AIL\_GRAPH\_CREATION = 0
```

```
AFTER_SINGLE_BLOCK_SIMPLIFICATION = 1
     AFTER_MAKING_CALLSITES = 2
     AFTER\_GLOBAL\_SIMPLIFICATION = 3
     AFTER_VARIABLE_RECOVERY = 4
     BEFORE\_REGION\_IDENTIFICATION = 5
     DURING_REGION_IDENTIFICATION = 6
     AFTER_STRUCTURING = 7
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.BaseOptimizationPass(func)
     Bases: object
     The base class for any optimization pass.
     ARCHES = []
     PLATFORMS = []
     STAGE: int = None
     STRUCTURING: Optional[str] = None
     NAME = 'N/A'
     DESCRIPTION = 'N/A'
     __init__(func)
     property project
     property kb
     analyze()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.OptimizationPass(func,
                                                                                              blocks_by_addr=None
                                                                                              blocks_by_addr_and_i
                                                                                              graph=None,
                                                                                              vari-
                                                                                              able_kb=None,
                                                                                              gion_identifier=None,
                                                                                              reach-
                                                                                              ing_definitions=None,
                                                                                              **kwargs)
     Bases: BaseOptimizationPass
     The base class for any function-level graph optimization pass.
     __init__(func, blocks_by_addr=None, blocks_by_addr_and_idx=None, graph=None, variable_kb=None,
               region_identifier=None, reaching_definitions=None, **kwargs)
     property blocks_by_addr: Dict[int, Set[Block]]
```

```
property blocks_by_addr_and_idx: Dict[Tuple[int, int | None], Block]
     new_block_addr()
          Return a block address that does not conflict with any existing blocks.
              Return type
                  int
              Returns
                  The block address.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.SequenceOptimizationPass(func,
     Bases: BaseOptimizationPass
     The base class for any sequence node optimization pass.
     ARCHES = []
     PLATFORMS = []
     STAGE: int = None
     __init__(func, seq=None, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.StructuringOptimizationPass(func,
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     The base class for any optimization pass that requires structuring. Optimization passes that inherit from this
     class should directly depend on structuring artifacts, such as regions and gotos. Otherwise, they should use
     OptimizationPass. This is the heaviest (computation time) optimization pass class.
     ARCHES = None
     PLATFORMS = None
     STAGE: int = 6
     __init__(func, prevent_new_gotos=True, strictly_less_gotos=False, recover_structure_fails=True,
               max_opt_iters=1, simplify_ail=True, **kwargs)
     analyze()
          Wrapper for _analyze() that verifies the graph is structurable before and after the optimization.
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canary_simplifier.s2u(s, bits)
```

seq=None, **kwargs)

> prevent ne strictly recover si max_op simplify ail **kwarg

**kwarg

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canary_simplifier.StackCanarySimplifier(func,
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Removes stack canary checks from decompilation results.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64']
     PLATFORMS = ['cgc', 'linux']
     STAGE: int = 3
     NAME = 'Simplify stack canaries'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Removes stack canary checks from decompilation results.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.base_ptr_save_simplifier.BasePointerSaveSimplifier(fi
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Removes the effects of base pointer stack storage at function invocation and restoring at function return.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMEL', 'ARMHF', 'ARMCortexM', 'MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['cgc', 'linux']
     STAGE: int = 3
     NAME = 'Simplify base pointer saving'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Removes the effects of base pointer stack storage at function
     invocation and restoring at function return.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier.DivSimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimplifierAILEngine
     An AIL pass for the div simplifier
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier.DivSimplifier(func,
                                                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Simplifies various division optimizations back to "div".
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMCortexM', 'ARMHF', 'ARMEL']
     PLATFORMS = None
     STAGE: int = 3
     NAME = 'Simplify arithmetic division'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Simplifies various division optimizations back to "div".'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
```

```
exception
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.NodeFoundNotification
     Bases: Exception
     A notification that the target node has been found.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.BlockLocator(block)
     Bases: RegionWalker
     Recursively locate block in a GraphRegion instance.
     It might be reasonable to move this class into its own file.
     __init__(block)
     walk_node(region, node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.ExpressionReplacer(block_addr,
                                                                                                  get_expr,
                                                                                                  call-
                                                                                                  back)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Replace expressions.
     __init__(block_addr, target_expr, callback)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.ITEExprConverter(func,
                                                                                                ite exprs=None,
                                                                                                **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Transform specific expressions into If-Then-Else expressions, or tertiary expressions in C when given a single-
     use expression address. Requires outside analysis to provide the target expressions.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMEL', 'ARMHF', 'ARMCortexM', 'MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['windows', 'linux', 'cgc']
     STAGE: int = 6
     NAME = 'Transform single-use expressions that were assigned to in different If-Else
     branches into ternary expressions'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Transform specific expressions into If-Then-Else expressions, or
     tertiary expressions in C when\n given a single-use expression address. Requires
     outside analysis to provide the target expressions.'
     __init__(func, ite_exprs=None, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simplifier.Case(original_node,
                                                                                          node_type,
                                                                                          vari-
                                                                                          able_hash,
                                                                                          expr,
                                                                                          value,
                                                                                          target,
                                                                                          tar-
                                                                                          get idx,
```

next_addr)

ble gra

```
Bases: object
     Describes a case in a switch-case construct.
          Parameters
                • node_type (str | None) -
                • value (int / str) -
                • target_idx (int | None) -
     __init__(original_node, node_type, variable_hash, expr, value, target, target_idx, next_addr)
              Parameters
                  • node_type (str | None) -
                  • value (int | str) -
                  • target_idx (int | None) -
     original_node
     node_type
     variable hash
     expr
     value
     target
     target_idx
     next_addr
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simplifier.StableVarExprHasher(expr)
     Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
     Obtain a stable hash of an AIL expression with respect to all variables and all operations applied on variables.
          Parameters
              expr (Expression) -
     __init__(expr)
              Parameters
                 expr (Expression) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simplifier.LoweredSwitchSimplifier(fun.
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Recognize and simplify lowered switch-case constructs.
```

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ARCHES = ['AMD64']

```
PLATFORMS = ['linux', 'windows']
     STAGE: int = 6
     NAME = 'Convert lowered switch-cases (if-else) to switch-cases'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Convert lowered switch-cases (if-else) to switch-cases. Only works
     when the Phoenix structuring algorithm is in use.'
     STRUCTURING: Optional[str] = ['phoenix']
     __init__(func, blocks_by_addr=None, blocks_by_addr_and_idx=None, graph=None, **kwargs)
     static restore_graph(node, last_stmt, graph, full_graph)
             Parameters
                 • last_stmt (IncompleteSwitchCaseHeadStatement) -
                 • graph (DiGraph) -
                 • full_graph (DiGraph) -
     static cases_issubset(cases_0, cases_1)
         Test if cases_0 is a subset of cases_1.
             Return type
                 bool
             Parameters
                 • cases_0 (List[Case]) -

    cases_1 (List[Case]) -

class
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier.MultiSimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimplifierAILEngine
     An AIL pass for the multi simplifier
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier.MultiSimplifier(func,
                                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Implements several different arithmetic optimizations.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux', 'windows']
     STAGE: int = 3
     NAME = 'Simplify various arithmetic expressions'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Implements several different arithmetic optimizations.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplifier.ModSimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimplifierAILEngine
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplifier.ModSimplifier(func,
                                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Simplifies optimized forms of modulo computation back to "mod".
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMCortexM', 'ARMHF', 'ARMEL']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux', 'windows']
     STAGE: int = 3
     NAME = 'Simplify optimized mod forms'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Simplifies optimized forms of modulo computation back to "mod".'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_base.SimplifierAILState(arch,
                                                                                           ables=None)
     Bases: object
     The abstract state used in SimplifierAILEngine.
     __init__(arch, variables=None)
     copy()
     merge(*others)
     store_variable(old, new)
     get_variable(old)
     remove_variable(old)
     filter_variables(atom)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_base.SimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEngineLight
     Essentially implements a peephole optimization engine for AIL statements (because we do not perform memory
     or register loads).
     __init__()
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
                 state – The state to proceed from
             Returns
                 The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.OuterWalker(desc)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     A sequence walker that finds nodes and invokes expression replacer to replace expressions.
```

```
__init__(desc)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.ExpressionReplacer(block_addr,
                                                                                                get_expr_predicate,
                                                                                                call-
                                                                                                back)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Replace expressions.
     __init__(block_addr, target_expr_predicate, callback)
\textbf{class} \ \texttt{angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes.expr\_op\_swapper.0pDescriptor} (block\_addr,
                                                                                         stmt idx,
                                                                                         ins_addr,
                                                                                         op)
     Bases: object
     Describes a specific operator.
          Parameters
               • block_addr (int) -
               • stmt_idx (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
               • op (str) -
     __init__(block_addr, stmt_idx, ins_addr, op)
              Parameters
                  • block_addr (int) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • op (str) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.ExprOpSwapper(func,
                                                                                           binop_operators=None,
                                                                                           **kwargs)
     Bases: SequenceOptimizationPass
     Swap operands (and the operator accordingly) in a BinOp expression.
         Parameters
              binop_operators (Dict[OpDescriptor, str] | None) -
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMEL', 'ARMHF', 'ARMCortexM', 'MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['windows', 'linux', 'cgc']
     STAGE: int = 7
     NAME = 'Swap operands of expressions as requested'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Swap operands (and the operator accordingly) in a BinOp expression.'
```

```
__init__(func, binop_operators=None, **kwargs)
                                           Parameters
                                                      binop_operators (Dict[OpDescriptor, str] | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_area_simplifier.s2u(s, bits)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_area_simplifier.RegisterSaveAreaSimpli
                Bases: OptimizationPass
                Optimizes away register spilling effects, including callee-saved registers.
                ARCHES = None
                PLATFORMS = None
                STAGE: int = 1
                NAME = 'Simplify register save areas'
                DESCRIPTION = 'Optimizes away register spilling effects, including callee-saved
                registers.'
                __init__(func, **kwargs)
\textbf{class} \ \texttt{angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes.ret\_addr\_save\_simplifier.} \textbf{RetAddrSaveSimplifier} (\textit{func}, \textit{func}, \textit{func}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         **kwa
                Bases: OptimizationPass
                Removes code in function prologues and epilogues for saving and restoring return address registers (ra, lr, etc.),
                generally seen in non-leaf functions.
                ARCHES = ['MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
                PLATFORMS = ['linux']
                STAGE: int = 3
                NAME = 'Simplify return address storage'
                DESCRIPTION = 'Removes code in function prologues and epilogues for saving and
                restoring return address registers (ra, lr, etc.), \n generally seen in non-leaf
                functions.'
                 __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_getpc_simplifier.X86GccGetPcSimplifier(func,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         **kwa
                Bases: OptimizationPass
                Simplifies __x86.get_pc_thunk calls.
                ARCHES = ['X86']
                PLATFORMS = ['linux']
                STAGE: int = 1
                NAME = 'Simplify getpc()'
```

```
DESCRIPTION = 'Simplifies __x86.get_pc_thunk calls.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase(project,
                                                                                                func_addr=None)
     Bases: object
     The base class for all peephole optimizations that are applied on AIL statements.
         Parameters
               • project (Project / None) -
               • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
               • func_addr (int | None) -
     NAME = 'Peephole Optimization - Statement'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Peephole Optimization - Statement'
     stmt_classes = None
     __init__(project, kb, func_addr=None)
             Parameters
                 • project (Project / None) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
     project: Optional[Project]
     kb: Optional[KnowledgeBase]
     func_addr: Optional[int]
     optimize(stmt, stmt_idx=None, block=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 stmt_idx(int | None) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.PeepholeOptimizationMultiStmtBase(project,
                                                                                                      func\_addr=N
     Bases: object
     The base class for all peephole optimizations that are applied on multiple AIL statements at once.
         Parameters
               • project (Project / None) -
               • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
               • func_addr (int | None) -
     NAME = 'Peephole Optimization - Multi-statement'
```

DESCRIPTION = 'Peephole Optimization - Multi-statement'

```
stmt_classes = None
     __init__(project, kb, func_addr=None)
             Parameters
                 • project (Project / None) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
     project: Optional[Project]
     kb: Optional[KnowledgeBase]
     func_addr: Optional[int]
     optimize(stmts, stmt_idx=None, block=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 • stmts(List[Statement]) -
                 • stmt_idx (int | None) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.PeepholeOptimizationExprBase(project,
                                                                                               kb,
                                                                                               func addr=None)
     Bases: object
     The base class for all peephole optimizations that are applied on AIL expressions.
         Parameters
               • project (Project / None) -
               • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
               • func_addr (int | None) -
     NAME = 'Peephole Optimization - Expression'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Peephole Optimization - Expression'
     expr_classes = None
     __init__(project, kb, func_addr=None)
             Parameters
                 • project (Project / None) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
     project: Optional[Project]
     kb: Optional[KnowledgeBase]
     func_addr: Optional[int]
     optimize(expr, **kwargs)
```

```
static find_definition(ail_expr, stmt_idx, block)
               Return type
                   None
               Parameters
                   • ail_expr(Expression) -
                   • stmt_idx (int) -
                   • block (Block) -
     static is_bool_expr(ail_expr)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier.RegionIdentifier(func, cond_proc=None,
                                                                                graph=None,
                                                                                update_graph=True,
                                                                                largest_successor_tree_outside_loop=True,
                                                                                force_loop_single_exit=True,
                                                                                complete_successors=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     Identifies regions within a function graph and creates a recursive GraphRegion object. Note, that the analysis
     may modify the graph in-place. If you want to keep the original graph, set the update_graph parameter to False.
     __init__(func, cond_proc=None, graph=None, update_graph=True,
                largest successor tree outside loop=True, force loop single exit=True,
                complete_successors=False)
     static slice_graph(graph, node, frontier, include_frontier=False)
           Generate a slice of the graph from the head node to the given frontier.
               Parameters
                   • graph (networkx.DiGraph) – The graph to work on.
                   • node – The starting node in the graph.
                   • frontier – A list of frontier nodes.
                   • include_frontier (bool) – Whether the frontier nodes are included in the slice or not.
               Returns
                   A subgraph.
               Return type
                   networkx.DiGraph
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_cond_transformer.CascadingConditionTransform
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Identifies and transforms if \{\ldots\} else \{if\{\ldots\}\} else \{\ldots\}\} to if\{\ldots\} else if \{\ldots\} else if \{\ldots\}.
      __init__(node)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_ifs.CascadingIfsRemover(node)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Coalesce cascading If constructs. Transforming the following construct:
     if (cond_a) {
         if (cond_b) {
              true_body
         } else { }
     } else { }
     into:
     if (cond_a and cond_b) {
         true_body
     } else { }
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.LocationBase
     Bases: object
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.StatementLocation(block_addr,
                                                                                        block idx,
                                                                                        stmt_idx)
     Bases: LocationBase
     __init__(block_addr, block_idx, stmt_idx)
     block_addr
     block idx
     stmt_idx
     copy()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionLocation(block_addr,
                                                                                         block\_idx,
                                                                                         stmt\_idx,
                                                                                         expr_idx)
     Bases: LocationBase
     __init__(block_addr, block_idx, stmt_idx, expr_idx)
     block_addr
     block_idx
     stmt_idx
     expr_idx
     statement_location()
             Return type
                 StatementLocation
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ConditionLocation(cond_node_addr,
                                                                                            case idx=None)
     Bases: LocationBase
          Parameters
              case_idx (int | None) -
     __init__(cond_node_addr, case_idx=None)
              Parameters
                 case_idx(int | None) -
     node_addr
     case_idx
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ConditionalBreakLocation(node_addr)
     Bases: LocationBase
     __init__(node addr)
     node_addr
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.MultiStatementExpressionAssignmentFinder
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Process statements in MultiStatementExpression objects and find assignments.
     __init__(stmt_handler)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionUseFinder
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Find where each variable is used.
     Additionally, determine if the expression being walked has load expressions inside. Such expressions can only
     be safely folded if there are no Store statements between the expression defining location and its use sites. For
     example, we can only safely fold variable assignments that use Load() when there are no Store()s between the
     assignment and its use site. Otherwise, the loaded expression may get updated later by a Store() statement.
     Here is a real AIL block:
     v16 = ((int)v23->field_5) + 1 & 255;
     v23->field_5 = ((char)(((int)v23->field_5) + 1 & 255));
     v13 = printf("Recieved packet %d for connection with %d\n", v16, a0 & 255);
     In this case, folding v16 into the last printf() expression would be incorrect, since v23->field_5 is updated by the
     second statement.
     __init__()
     uses: DefaultDict[SimVariable, Set[Tuple[Expression,
     Optional[ExpressionLocation]]]]
     has_load
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionCounter(node, vari-
                                                                                            able manager)
```

Bases: SequenceWalker

Find all expressions that are assigned once and only used once.

```
__init__(node, variable_manager)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionReplacer(assignments,
                                                                                            uses,
                                                                                            vari-
                                                                                            able_manager)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
          Parameters
                • assignments (Dict) -
                • uses (Dict) -
     __init__(assignments, uses, variable_manager)
              Parameters
                  • assignments (Dict) -
                  • uses (Dict) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionFolder(assignments,
                                                                                          uses, node,
                                                                                          vari-
                                                                                          able_manager)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
          Parameters
                • assignments (Dict) -
                • uses (Dict) -
     __init__(assignments, uses, node, variable_manager)
              Parameters
                  • assignments (Dict) -
                  • uses (Dict) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.StoreStatementFinder(node,
                                                                                              inter-
                                                                                              vals)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Determine if there are any Store statements between two given statements.
     This class overrides _handle_Sequence() and _handle_MultiNode() to ensure they traverse nodes from top to
     bottom.
          Parameters
              intervals (Iterable[Tuple[StatementLocation, LocationBase]]) -
     __init__(node, intervals)
              Parameters
                 intervals (Iterable[Tuple[StatementLocation, LocationBase]]) -
     has_store(start, end)
              Return type
                 bool
```

```
Parameters
```

```
• start (StatementLocation) -
```

```
• end (StatementLocation) -
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.goto.GotoSimplifier(node, function=None, kb=None)

Bases: SequenceWalker

Remove unnecessary Jump statements. This simplifier also has the side effect of detecting Gotos that can't be reduced in the structuring and eventual decompilation output. Because of this, when this analysis is run, gotos in decompilation will be detected and stored in the kb.gotos. See the _handle_irreducible_goto function below.

TODO: Move the recording of Gotos outside this function

```
__init__(node, function=None, kb=None)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.if_.IfSimplifier(node)
```

Bases: SequenceWalker

Remove unnecessary jump or conditional jump statements if they jump to the successor right afterwards.

```
__init__(node)
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifelse.IfElseFlattener(node, functions)

Bases: SequenceWalker

Remove unnecessary else branches and make the else node a direct successor of the previous If node if the If node always returns.

```
__init__(node, functions)
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.loop.LoopSimplifier(node, functions)

```
Bases: SequenceWalker
```

Simplifies loops.

```
__init__(node, functions)
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.node_address_finder.NodeAddressFinder(node)

```
Bases: SequenceWalker
```

Walk the entire node and collect all addresses of nodes.

```
__init__(node)
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.region_simplifier.RegionSimplifier(func,

```
re-
gion,
vari-
able_kb=None,
sim-
plify_switches=True,
sim-
plify_ifelse=True)
```

Bases: Analysis

Simplifies a given region.

Parameters

op, value, node, parent=None)

```
• simplify_switches (bool) -
                                                                         • simplify_ifelse (bool) -
                         __init__(func, region, variable_kb=None, simplify_switches=True, simplify_ifelse=True)
                                                                 Parameters
                                                                                   • simplify_switches (bool) -
                                                                                   • simplify_ifelse(bool) -
                         project: Project
                        kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.CmpOp(value)
                         Bases: Enum
                         All supported comparison operators.
                        LT = 0
                        GT = 1
                        EQ = 2
                        NE = 3
\textbf{class} \texttt{ angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.switch\_cluster\_simplifier.ConditionalRegion(\textit{variable}, \textit{variable}, \textit{varia
                         Bases: object
                         Describes a conditional region.
                                              Parameters
                                                                         • op (CmpOp) –
                                                                         • value (int) -
                                                                         • node (ConditionNode / Block) -
                         __init__(variable, op, value, node, parent=None)
                                                                 Parameters
                                                                                   • op (CmpOp) –
                                                                                   • value (int) -
                                                                                   • node (ConditionNode | Block) -
                         variable
                         qo
                         value
                        node
```

```
parent
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchCaseRegion(variable,
                                                                                                       node.
                                                                                                       par-
                                                                                                       ent=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes an already-recovered switch region.
          Parameters
             node (SwitchCaseNode) -
     __init__(variable, node, parent=None)
             Parameters
                 node (SwitchCaseNode) -
     variable
     node
     parent
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchClusterFinder(node)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Find comparisons and switches in order to identify switch clusters.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchClusterReplacer(region.
                                                                                                             re-
                                                                                                             place_
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Replace an identified switch cluster with a newly created SwitchCase node.
     __init__(region, to_replace, replace_with)
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.is_simple_jump_node(node,
                                                                                                    case_addrs,
                                                                                                    tar-
                                                                                                    gets=None)
          Return type
             bool
          Parameters
             targets (Set[int] | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.filter_cond_regions(cond_regions,
                                                                                                    case_addrs)
     Remove all conditional regions that cannot be merged into switch(es).
          Return type
             List[ConditionalRegion]
```

Parameters

```
• cond_regions (List[ConditionalRegion]) -
```

```
• case_addrs (Set[int]) -
```

 $angr. analyses. decompiler. region_simplifiers. switch_cluster_simplifier. \textbf{update_switch_case_list} (\textit{cases}, \textit{cases}, \textit{case}, \textit{ca$

old_case_id new case i

Update cases in-place. Make new_case_id directly jump to old_case_id.

Return type

None

Parameters

- cases (List[Tuple[int | Tuple[int, ...], SequenceNode]]) -
- old_case_id(int | Tuple[int, ...]) -
- new_case_id(int)-

 $angr. analyses. decompiler. region_simplifiers. switch_cluster_simplifier. \textbf{simplify_switch_clusters} (\textit{region}, var2condn) \\$

var2condn var2switch

Identify switch clusters and simplify each of them.

Parameters

- **region** The region to simplify.
- var2condnodes (Dict[Any, List[ConditionalRegion]]) A dict that stores the mapping from (potential) switch variables to conditional regions.
- var2switches (Dict[Any, List[SwitchCaseRegion]]) A dict that stores the mapping from switch variables to switch-case regions.

Returns

None

angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.simplify_lowered_switches(region,

var2cond functions)

Identify a lowered switch and simplify it into a switch-case if possible.

Parameters

- region (SequenceNode) The region to simplify.
- var2condnodes (Dict[Any, List[ConditionalRegion]]) A dict that stores the mapping from (potential) switch variables to conditional regions.

Returns

None

angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.simplify_lowered_switches_core(reg

vai coi fun

tio

Return type

bool

```
Parameters
              region (SequenceNode) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.FindFirstNodeInSet(node_set)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Find the first node out of a set of node appearing in a SequenceNode (and its tree).
          Parameters
              node_set (Set [BaseNode]) -
     __init__(node_set)
              Parameters
                  node_set (Set [BaseNode]) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_expr_simplifier.SwitchExpressionSimplifier(node
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Identifies switch expressions that adds or minuses a constant, removes the constant from the switch expression,
     and adjust all case expressions accordingly.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker
     Bases: object
     A simple traverser class that walks GraphRegion instances.
     __init__()
     walk(region)
              Parameters
                  region (GraphRegion) -
     walk_node(region, node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.redundant_label_remover.RedundantLabelRemover(node,
                                                                                         jump_targets)
     Bases: object
     Remove redundant labels.
     This optimization pass contains two separate passes. The first pass (self._walker0) finds all redundant labels
     (e.g., two or more labels for the same location) and records the replacement label for redundant labels in
     self._new_jump_target. The second pass (self._walker1) removes all redundant labels that (a) are not referenced
     anywhere (determined by jump_targets), or (b) are deemed replaceable by the first pass.
              jump_targets (Set[Tuple[int, int | None]]) -
     __init__(node, jump_targets)
              Parameters
                  jump_targets (Set[Tuple[int, int | None]]) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker(handlers=None,
                                                                        exception_on_unsupported=False,
                                                                        update_seqnode_in_place=True,
                                                                       force_forward_scan=False)
```

```
Bases: object
     Walks a SequenceNode and all its nodes, recursively.
          Parameters
             force\_forward\_scan\ (bool) -
     __init__(handlers=None, exception_on_unsupported=False, update_seqnode_in_place=True,
               force_forward_scan=False)
             Parameters
                 force_forward_scan (bool) -
     walk(sequence)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionMappingElement(start, length,
                                                                                      obj)
     Bases: object
     __init__(start, length, obj)
     start: int
     length: int
     obi
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionMapping
     Bases: object
     DUPLICATION_CHECK = True
     __init__()
     items()
     add_mapping(start_pos, length, obj)
     get_node(pos)
             Parameters
                 pos (int) -
     get_element(pos)
             Return type
                 Optional[PositionMappingElement]
             Parameters
                 pos (int) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.InstructionMappingElement(ins_addr,
                                                                                         posmap_pos)
     Bases: object
     __init__(ins_addr, posmap_pos)
     ins_addr: int
     posmap_pos: int
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.InstructionMapping
    Bases: object
    __init__()
    items()
    add_mapping(ins_addr, posmap_pos)
    get_nearest_pos(ins_addr)
             Return type
                Optional[int]
             Parameters
                ins_addr(int)-
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.BaseStructuredCodeGenerator(flavor=None)
    Bases: object
    __init__(flavor=None)
    reapply_options(options)
    regenerate_text()
             Return type
                None
    reload_variable_types()
             Return type
                None
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.unpack_typeref(ty)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.unpack_pointer(ty)
         Return type
             Optional[SimType]
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.unpack_array(ty)
         Return type
             Optional[SimType]
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.squash_array_reference(ty)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.qualifies_for_simple_cast(ty1, ty2)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.qualifies_for_implicit_cast(ty1, ty2)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.extract_terms(expr)
         Return type
             Tuple[int, List[Tuple[int, CExpression]]]
             expr (CExpression) -
```

```
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.is_machine_word_size_type(type_, arch)
          Return type
              bool
          Parameters
                • type_(SimType) -
                • arch (Arch) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.guess_value_type(value, project)
          Return type
              Optional[SimType]
          Parameters
                • value (int) -
                • project (Project) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.type_to_c_repr_chunks(ty, name=None,
                                                                               name type=None,
                                                                               full=False, indent str=")
     Helper generator function to turn a SimType into generated tuples of (C-string, AST node).
          Parameters
              ty (SimType) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstruct(codegen)
     Bases: object
     Represents a program construct in C. Acts as the base class for all other representation constructions.
     __init__(codegen)
     codegen: StructuredCodeGenerator
     c_repr(indent=0, pos_to_node=None, pos_to_addr=None, addr_to_pos=None)
          Creates the C representation of the code and displays it by constructing a large string. This function is called
          by each program function that needs to be decompiled. The map_pos_to_node and map_pos_to_addr act
          as position maps for the location of each variable and statement to be tracked for later GUI operations. The
          map_pos_to_addr also contains expressions that are nested inside of statements.
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     static indent_str(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunction(addr, name, functy, arg_list,
                                                                        statements, variables in use,
                                                                        variable_manager,
                                                                        demangled name=None,
                                                                        show_demangled_name=True,
                                                                        omit_header=False, **kwargs)
     Bases: CConstruct
     Represents a function in C.
          Parameters
                • functy (SimTypeFunction) -
```

```
• arg_list(List[CVariable]) -
     __init__(addr, name, functy, arg_list, statements, variables_in_use, variable_manager,
               demangled_name=None, show_demangled_name=True, omit_header=False, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 • functy (SimTypeFunction) -
                 • arg_list(List[CVariable]) -
     addr
     name
     functy
     arg_list
     statements
     variables_in_use
     variable_manager: VariableManagerInternal
     demangled_name
     unified_local_vars: Dict[SimVariable, Set[Tuple[CVariable, SimType]]]
     show_demangled_name
     omit_header
     get_unified_local_vars()
             Return type
                 Dict[SimVariable, Set[Tuple[CVariable, SimType]]]
     variable_list_repr_chunks(indent=0)
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     headerless_c_repr_chunks(indent=0)
     full_c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStatement(codegen)
     Bases: CConstruct
     Represents a statement in C.
         Parameters
             codegen (StructuredCodeGenerator) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CExpression(collapsed=False, **kwargs)
     Bases: CConstruct
     Base class for C expressions.
     __init__(collapsed=False, **kwargs)
     collapsed
```

```
property type
     set_type(v)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStatements(statements, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a sequence of statements in C.
     __init__(statements, **kwargs)
     statements
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILBlock(block, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a block of AIL statements.
     __init__(block, **kwargs)
     block
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLoop(codegen)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a loop in C.
          Parameters
             codegen (StructuredCodeGenerator) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CWhileLoop(condition, body, tags=None,
                                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases: CLoop
     Represents a while loop in C.
     __init__(condition, body, tags=None, **kwargs)
     condition
     body
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDoWhileLoop(condition, body, tags=None,
                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: CLoop
     Represents a do-while loop in C.
     __init__(condition, body, tags=None, **kwargs)
     condition
     body
```

```
tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CForLoop(initializer, condition, iterator, body,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a for-loop in C.
     __init__(initializer, condition, iterator, body, tags=None, **kwargs)
     initializer
     condition
     iterator
     body
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfElse(condition_and_nodes,
                                                                    else node=None,
                                                                    simplify_else_scope=False,
                                                                    cstyle_ifs=True, tags=None,
                                                                    **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents an if-else construct in C.
          Parameters
              condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[CExpression, CStatement | None]]) -
     __init__(condition_and_nodes, else_node=None, simplify_else_scope=False, cstyle_ifs=True, tags=None,
               **kwargs)
              Parameters
                 condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[CExpression, CStatement | None]]) -
     condition_and_nodes
     else_node
     simplify_else_scope
     cstyle_ifs
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfBreak(condition, cstyle_ifs=True,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents an if-break statement in C.
```

```
__init__(condition, cstyle_ifs=True, tags=None, **kwargs)
     condition
     cstyle_ifs
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBreak(tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a break statement in C.
     __init__(tags=None, **kwargs)
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CContinue(tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a continue statement in C.
     __init__(tags=None, **kwargs)
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CSwitchCase(switch, cases, default,
                                                                       tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a switch-case statement in C.
     __init__(switch, cases, default, tags=None, **kwargs)
     switch
     cases: List[Tuple[Union[int, Tuple[int]], CStatements]]
     default
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAssignment(lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     a = b
     __init__(lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
     lhs
     rhs
```

```
tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCall(callee_target, callee_func,
                                                                           args, returning=True,
                                                                           ret expr=None, tags=None,
                                                                           is_expr=False,
                                                                           show demangled name=True,
                                                                           show_disambiguated_name=True,
                                                                           **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement, CExpression
     func(arg0, arg1)
          Variables
                • callee_func (Function) – The function getting called.
                • is_expr - True if the return value of the function is written to ret_expr; Essentially, ret_expr
                  = call().
          Parameters
                • is_expr(bool) -
                • show_disambiguated_name (bool) -
     __init__(callee_target, callee_func, args, returning=True, ret_expr=None, tags=None, is_expr=False,
               show_demangled_name=True, show_disambiguated_name=True, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • is_expr(bool) -
                  • show_disambiguated_name (bool) -
     callee_target
     callee_func: Optional[Function]
     args
     returning
     ret_expr
     tags
     is_expr
     show_demangled_name
     show_disambiguated_name
     property prototype: SimTypeFunction | None
     property type
```

```
c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
              Parameters
                  • indent – Number of whitespace indentation characters.
                  • asexpr (bool) – True if this call is used as an expression (which means we will skip the
                    generation of semicolons and newlines at the end of the call).
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CReturn(retval, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     __init__(retval, tags=None, **kwargs)
     retval
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CGoto(target, target_idx, tags=None,
                                                                  **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     __init__(target, target_idx, tags=None, **kwargs)
     target: Union[int, CExpression]
     target_idx
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnsupportedStatement(stmt, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     A wrapper for unsupported AIL statement.
     __init__(stmt, **kwargs)
     stmt
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLabel(name, ins_addr, block_idx, tags=None,
                                                                   **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a label in C code.
          Parameters
                • name (str) -
                • ins_addr (int) -
                • block_idx (int | None) -
```

```
__init__(name, ins_addr, block_idx, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • name (str) -
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • block_idx (int / None) -
     name
     ins_addr
     block_idx
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructField(struct_type, offset, field,
                                                                          tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
          Parameters
              struct_type (SimStruct) -
     __init__(struct_type, offset, field, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  struct_type (SimStruct) -
     struct_type
     offset
     field
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFakeVariable(name, ty, tags=None,
                                                                           **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     An uninterpreted name to display in the decompilation output. Pretty much always represents an error?
          Parameters
                • name (str) -
                • ty (SimType) -
     __init__(name, ty, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • name (str) –
                  • ty (SimType) -
```

```
name
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariable(variable, unified_variable=None,
                                                                      variable_type=None, tags=None,
                                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     CVariable represents access to a variable with the specified type (variable_type).
     variable must be a SimVariable.
          Parameters
              variable (SimVariable) -
     __init__(variable, unified_variable=None, variable_type=None, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                 variable (SimVariable) -
     variable: SimVariable
     unified_variable: Optional[SimVariable]
     variable_type: SimType
     tags
     property type
     property name
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIndexedVariable(variable, index,
                                                                              variable_type=None,
                                                                              tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Represent a variable (an array) that is indexed.
          Parameters
                • variable (CExpression) -
                • index (CExpression) -
     __init__(variable, index, variable_type=None, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • variable (CExpression) -
                  • index (CExpression) -
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
```

```
collapsed
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariableField(variable, field,
                                                                           var_is_ptr=False,
                                                                           tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Represent a field of a variable.
          Parameters
               • variable (CExpression) -
               • field (CStructField) -
               • var_is_ptr(bool) -
     __init__(variable, field, var_is_ptr=False, tags=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                  • variable (CExpression) -
                  • field (CStructField) -
                  • var_is_ptr(bool) -
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     collapsed
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnaryOp(op, operand, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Unary operations.
         Parameters
             operand (CExpression) -
     __init__(op, operand, tags=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 operand (CExpression) -
     op
     operand
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinaryOp(op, lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Binary operations.
         Parameters
             tags (dict | None) -
```

```
__init__(op, lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 tags (dict | None) -
     op
     lhs
     rhs
     tags
     common_type
     static compute_common_type(op, lhs_ty, rhs_ty)
              Return type
                 SimType
              Parameters
                 • op (str) -
                 • lhs_ty(SimType) -
                 • rhs_ty (SimType) -
     property type
     property op_precedence
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CTypeCast(src_type, dst_type, expr,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
          Parameters
               • src_type (SimType / None) -
               • dst_type (SimType) -
               • expr (CExpression) -
     __init__(src_type, dst_type, expr, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • src_type (SimType / None) -
                 • dst_type (SimType) -
                  • expr (CExpression) -
     src_type
     dst_type
     expr
     tags
```

```
property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstant(value, type_,
                                                                     reference_values=None,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
          Parameters
               • type_(SimType) -
                • tags (Dict | None) -
     __init__(value, type_, reference_values=None, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • type_(SimType) -
                  • tags (Dict | None) -
     value
     reference_values
     tags
     property fmt
     property fmt_hex
     property fmt_neg
     property fmt_char
     property fmt_float
     property type
     static str_to_c_str(_str, prefix=")
              Parameters
                 prefix (str) -
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     fmt_int(value)
          Format an integer using the format setup of the current node.
              Parameters
                 value (int) – The integer value to format.
              Return type
                 str
              Returns
                 The formatted string.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CRegister(reg, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
```

```
__init__(reg, tags=None, **kwargs)
     reg
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CITE(cond, iftrue, iffalse, tags=None,
                                                                **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     __init__(cond, iftrue, iffalse, tags=None, **kwargs)
     cond
     iftrue
     iffalse
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CMultiStatementExpression(stmts, expr,
                                                                                       tags=None,
                                                                                       **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     (stmt0, stmt1, stmt2, expr)
          Parameters
               • stmts (CStatements) -
               • expr (CExpression) -
     __init__(stmts, expr, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • stmts (CStatements) -
                  • expr (CExpression) -
     stmts
     expr
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDirtyExpression(dirty, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Ideally all dirty expressions should be handled and converted to proper conversions during conversion from VEX
     to AIL. Eventually this class should not be used at all.
     __init__(dirty, **kwargs)
     dirty
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CClosingObject(opening_symbol)
     Bases: object
     A class to represent all objects that can be closed by it's corresponding character. Examples: (), {}, []
     __init__(opening_symbol)
     opening_symbol
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CArrayTypeLength(text)
     Bases: object
     A class to represent the type information of fixed-size array lengths. Examples: In "char foo[20]", this would be
     the "[20]".
     __init__(text)
     text
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructFieldNameDef(name)
     Bases: object
     A class to represent the name of a defined field in a struct. Needed because it's not a CVariable or a CStructField
     (because CStructField is the access of a CStructField). Example: In "struct foo { int bar; }, this would be "bar".
     __init__(name)
     name
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCodeGenerator(func, sequence,
                                                                                        indent=0,
                                                                                        cfg=None, vari-
                                                                                        able_kb=None,
                                                                                        func_args=None,
                                                                                        binop_depth_cutoff=16,
                                                                                        show casts=True,
                                                                                        braces_on_own_lines=True,
                                                                                        use_compound_assignments=True
                                                                                        show_local_types=True,
                                                                                        com-
                                                                                        ment_gotos=False,
                                                                                        cstyle_null_cmp=True,
                                                                                        flavor=None,
                                                                                        stmt_comments=None,
                                                                                        expr_comments=None,
                                                                                        show_externs=True,
                                                                                        externs=None,
                                                                                        const_formats=None,
                                                                                        show demangled name=True,
                                                                                        show_disambiguated_name=True,
                                                                                        ail graph=None,
                                                                                        sim-
                                                                                        plify_else_scope=True,
                                                                                        cstyle_ifs=True,
                                                                                        omit_func_header=False)
     Bases: BaseStructuredCodeGenerator, Analysis
          Parameters
                • func_args (List[SimVariable] / None) -
                • binop_depth_cutoff (int) -
     __init__(func, sequence, indent=0, cfg=None, variable_kb=None, func_args=None,
               binop_depth_cutoff=16, show_casts=True, braces_on_own_lines=True,
               use_compound_assignments=True, show_local_types=True, comment_gotos=False,
               cstyle_null_cmp=True, flavor=None, stmt_comments=None, expr_comments=None,
               show_externs=True, externs=None, const_formats=None, show_demangled_name=True,
               show_disambiguated_name=True, ail_graph=None, simplify_else_scope=True, cstyle_ifs=True,
               omit_func_header=False)
              Parameters
                  • func_args (List[SimVariable] / None) -
                  • binop_depth_cutoff(int)-
     reapply_options(options)
     cleanup()
          Remove existing rendering results.
     regenerate_text()
```

Re-render text and re-generate all sorts of mapping information.

Return type None

```
RENDER_TYPE
         alias of Tuple[str, PositionMapping, PositionMapping, InstructionMapping, Dict[Any,
         Set[Any]]]
    render_text(cfunc)
             Return type
                Tuple[str, PositionMapping, PositionMapping, InstructionMapping, Dict[Any,
                Set[Any]]]
             Parameters
                cfunc (CFunction) -
    reload_variable_types()
             Return type
                None
    default_simtype_from_size(n, signed=True)
             Return type
                SimType
             Parameters
                • n(int)-
                • signed (bool) -
    project: Project
    kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCodeWalker
    Bases: object
    classmethod handle(obj)
    classmethod handle_default(obj)
    classmethod handle_CFunction(obj)
    classmethod handle_CStatements(obj)
    classmethod handle_CWhileLoop(obj)
    classmethod handle_CDoWhileLoop(obj)
    classmethod handle_CForLoop(obj)
    classmethod handle_CIfElse(obj)
    classmethod handle_CIfBreak(obj)
    classmethod handle_CSwitchCase(obj)
    classmethod handle_CAssignment(obj)
    classmethod handle_CFunctionCall(obj)
    classmethod handle_CReturn(obj)
```

```
classmethod handle_CGoto(obj)
     classmethod handle_CIndexedVariable(obj)
     classmethod handle_CVariableField(obj)
     classmethod handle_CUnaryOp(obj)
     classmethod handle_CBinaryOp(obj)
     classmethod handle_CTypeCast(obj)
     classmethod handle_CITE(obj)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.MakeTypecastsImplicit
     Bases: CStructuredCodeWalker
     classmethod collapse(dst_ty, child)
             Return type
                 CExpression
             Parameters
                 • dst_ty (SimType) -
                 • child (CExpression) -
     classmethod handle_CAssignment(obj)
     classmethod handle_CFunctionCall(obj)
             Parameters
                 obj (CFunctionCall) -
     classmethod handle_CReturn(obj)
             Parameters
                 obj (CReturn) -
     classmethod handle_CBinaryOp(obj)
             Parameters
                 obj (CBinaryOp) -
     classmethod handle_CTypeCast(obj)
             Parameters
                 obj (CTypeCast) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.FieldReferenceCleanup
     Bases: CStructuredCodeWalker
     classmethod handle_CTypeCast(obj)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.PointerArithmeticFixer
     Bases: CStructuredCodeWalker
     Before calling this fixer class, pointer arithmetics are purely integer-based and ignoring the pointer type.
     For example, in the following case:
     struct A* a_ptr; // assume struct A is 24 bytes in size a_ptr = a_ptr + 24;
```

```
It means adding 24 to the address of a_ptr, without considering the size of struct A. This fixer class will make
     pointer arithmetics aware of the pointer type. In this case, the fixer class will convert the code to a_ptr = a_ptr +
     classmethod handle_CBinaryOp(obj)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.StructuredCodeGenerator
     alias of CStructuredCodeGenerator
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import.ImportedLine(addr)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import.ImportSourceCode(function,
                                                                                          vor='source',
                                                                                          source_root=None,
                                                                                          encoding='utf-
                                                                                          8')
     Bases: BaseStructuredCodeGenerator, Analysis
     __init__(function, flavor='source', source_root=None, encoding='utf-8')
     regenerate_text()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dummy.DummyStructuredCodeGenerator(flavor,
                                                                                                expr_comments=None,
                                                                                                stmt_comments=None,
                                                                                                con-
                                                                                                figu-
                                                                                                ra-
                                                                                                tion=None,
                                                                                                const_formats=None)
     Bases: BaseStructuredCodeGenerator
     A dummy structured code generator that only stores user-specified information.
          Parameters
              flavor (str) -
     __init__(flavor, expr_comments=None, stmt_comments=None, configuration=None, const_formats=None)
              Parameters
                  flavor (str) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.remove_last_statement(node)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.append_statement(node, stmt)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.replace_last_statement(node, old_stmt, new_stmt)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.extract_jump_targets(stmt)
     Extract concrete goto targets from a Jump or a Conditional Jump statement.
```

Parameters stmt –

 ${f stmt}$ – The statement to analyze.

Returns

A list of known concrete jump targets.

Return type

list

angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.switch_extract_cmp_bounds(last_stmt)

Check the last statement of the switch-case header node, and extract lower+upper bounds for the comparison.

Parameters

last_stmt (ConditionalJump) – The last statement of the switch-case header node.

Return type

```
Optional[Tuple[Any, int, int]]
```

Returns

A tuple of (comparison expression, lower bound, upper bound), or None

```
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.get_ast_subexprs(claripy_ast)
```

angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.insert_node(parent, insert_location, node, node_idx, label=None)

Parameters

```
• insert_location (str) -
```

```
• node_idx (int | Tuple[int] | None) -
```

```
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.to_ail_supergraph(transition_graph)
```

Takes an AIL graph and converts it into a AIL graph that treats calls and redundant jumps as parts of a bigger block instead of transitions. Calls to returning functions do not terminate basic blocks.

Based on region_identifier super_graph

Return type

DiGraph

Returns

A converted super transition graph

Parameters

```
transition_graph (DiGraph) -
```

 $\verb"angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.is_empty_node(node)$

Return type

bool

angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.is_empty_or_label_only_node(node)

Return type

bool

angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.has_nonlabel_statements(block)

Return type

bool

Parameters

block (Block) -

```
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.first_nonlabel_statement(block)
          Return type
              Optional[Statement]
          Parameters
              block (Block | MultiNode) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.last_nonlabel_statement(block)
          Return type
              Optional[Statement]
          Parameters
             block (Block) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.first_nonlabel_node(seq)
          Return type
              Union[BaseNode, Block, None]
          Parameters
              seq (SequenceNode) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.remove_labels(graph)
          Parameters
              graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.add_labels(graph)
          Parameters
              graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.update_labels(graph)
     A utility function to recreate the labels for every node in an AIL graph. This useful when you are working with
     a graph where only _some_ of the nodes have labels.
          Parameters
              graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.structured_node_is_simple_return(node, graph)
          Return type
             bool
          Parameters
               • node (SequenceNode / MultiNode) -
               • graph (DiGraph) -
     Will check if a "simple return" is contained within the node a simple returns looks like this: if (cond) {
          // simple return ... return 0;
```

10.15.1 }

```
Returns true on any block ending in linear statements and a return.
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.is_statement_terminating(stmt, functions)
          Return type
              bool
          Parameters
              stmt (Statement) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_exprs(block, expr_opts)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_expr(expr, expr_opts)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.copy_graph(graph)
     Copy AIL Graph.
          Returns
              A copy of the AII graph.
          Parameters
              graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_stmts(block, stmt_opts)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.match_stmt_classes(all_stmts, idx, stmt_class_seq)
          Return type
              bool
          Parameters
                • all_stmts(List) -
                • idx (int) -
               • stmt_class_seq(Iterable[type]) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_multistmts(block, stmt_opts)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.decompile_functions(path, functions=None, structurer=None,
                                                          catch_errors=False)
     Decompile a binary into a set of functions.
          Parameters
                • path – The path to the binary to decompile.
                • functions – The functions to decompile. If None, all functions will be decompiled.
                • structurer – The structuring algorithms to use.
```

• catch_errors – The structuring algorithms to use.

Return type

Optional[str]

Returns

The decompilation of all functions appended in order.

```
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.calls_in_graph(graph)
     Counts the number of calls in an graph full of AIL Blocks
          Return type
              int
          Parameters
              graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.find_block_by_addr(graph, addr)
          Parameters
                • graph (DiGraph) -
                • addr (int) -
class angr.analyses.ddg.AST(op, *operands)
     Bases: object
     A mini implementation for AST
     __init__(op, *operands)
class angr.analyses.ddg.ProgramVariable(variable, location, initial=False, arch=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes a variable in the program at a specific location.
          Variables
                • variable (SimVariable) - The variable.
                • location (CodeLocation) – Location of the variable.
     __init__(variable, location, initial=False, arch=None)
     property short_repr
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGJob(cfg_node, call_depth)
     Bases: object
     __init__(cfg_node, call_depth)
class angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions
     Bases: object
     A collection of live definitions with some handy interfaces for definition killing and lookups.
     __init__()
          Constructor.
     branch()
          Create a branch of the current live definition collection.
              Returns
                  A new LiveDefinition instance.
              Return type
                  angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions
```

copy()

Make a hard copy of self.

Returns

A new LiveDefinition instance.

Return type

angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions

add_def(variable, location, size_threshold=32)

Add a new definition of variable.

Parameters

- **variable** (SimVariable) The variable being defined.
- **location** (CodeLocation) Location of the variable being defined.
- **size_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable.

Returns

True if the definition was new, False otherwise

Return type

bool

add_defs(variable, locations, size_threshold=32)

Add a collection of new definitions of a variable.

Parameters

- variable (SimVariable) The variable being defined.
- **locations** (*iterable*) A collection of locations where the variable was defined.
- **size_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable.

Returns

True if any of the definition was new, False otherwise

Return type

bool

kill_def(variable, location, size_threshold=32)

Add a new definition for variable and kill all previous definitions.

Parameters

- variable (SimVariable) The variable to kill.
- **location** (CodeLocation) The location where this variable is defined.
- **size_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable.

Returns

None

lookup_defs(variable, size_threshold=32)

Find all definitions of the variable.

Parameters

- variable (SimVariable) The variable to lookup for.
- **size_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable. For example, if the variable is 100 byte long, only the first *size_threshold* bytes are considered.

```
Returns
                  A set of code locations where the variable is defined.
               Return type
                   set
     items()
          An iterator that returns all live definitions.
               Returns
                   The iterator.
               Return type
                   iter
     itervariables()
          An iterator that returns all live variables.
               Returns
                   The iterator.
               Return type
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewItem(ddg, variable, simplified=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(ddg, variable, simplified=False)
     property depends_on
     property dependents
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewInstruction(cfg, ddg, insn_addr, simplified=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(cfg, ddg, insn_addr, simplified=False)
     property definitions: List[DDGViewItem]
          Get all definitions located at the current instruction address.
               Returns
                   A list of ProgramVariable instances.
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGView(cfg, ddg, simplified=False)
     Bases: object
     A view of the data dependence graph.
     __init__(cfg, ddg, simplified=False)
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDG(cfg, start=None, call_depth=None, block_addrs=None)
     Bases: Analysis
```

This is a fast data dependence graph directly generated from our CFG analysis result. The only reason for its existence is the speed. There is zero guarantee for being sound or accurate. You are supposed to use it only when you want to track the simplest data dependence, and you do not care about soundness or accuracy.

For a better data dependence graph, please consider performing a better static analysis first (like Value-set Analysis), and then construct a dependence graph on top of the analysis result (for example, the VFG in angr).

The DDG is based on a CFG, which should ideally be a CFGEmulated generated with the following options:

- keep_state=True to keep all input states
- · state_add_options=angr.options.refs to store memory, register, and temporary value accesses

You may want to consider a high value for context_sensitivity_level as well when generating the CFG.

Also note that since we are using states from CFG, any improvement in analysis performed on CFG (like a points-to analysis) will directly benefit the DDG.

__init__(*cfg*, *start=None*, *call_depth=None*, *block_addrs=None*)

Parameters

- **cfg** Control flow graph. Please make sure each node has an associated *state* with it, e.g. by passing the keep_state=True and state_add_options=angr.options.refs arguments to CFGEmulated.
- **start** An address, Specifies where we start the generation of this data dependence graph.
- **call_depth** None or integers. A non-negative integer specifies how deep we would like to track in the call tree. None disables call_depth limit.
- **block_addrs** (*iterable or None*) A collection of block addresses that the DDG analysis should be performed on.

property graph

A networkx DiGraph instance representing the dependence relations between statements. :rtype: networkx.DiGraph

Type

returns

property data_graph

Get the data dependence graph.

Returns

A networkx DiGraph instance representing data dependence.

Return type

networkx.DiGraph

property simplified_data_graph

return:

property ast_graph

pp()

Pretty printing.

dbg_repr()

Representation for debugging.

get_predecessors(code_location)

Returns all predecessors of the code location.

Parameters

code_location - A CodeLocation instance.

Returns

A list of all predecessors.

function_dependency_graph(func)

Get a dependency graph for the function func.

Parameters

func – The Function object in CFG.function_manager.

Returns

A networkx.DiGraph instance.

data_sub_graph(pv, simplified=True, killing_edges=False, excluding_types=None)

Get a subgraph from the data graph or the simplified data graph that starts from node pv.

Parameters

- pv (ProgramVariable) The starting point of the subgraph.
- **simplified** (*bool*) When True, the simplified data graph is used, otherwise the data graph is used.
- **killing_edges** (*bool*) Are killing edges included or not.
- **excluding_types** (*iterable*) Excluding edges whose types are among those excluded types.

Returns

A subgraph.

Return type

networkx.MultiDiGraph

find_definitions(variable, location=None, simplified_graph=True)

Find all definitions of the given variable.

Parameters

- variable (SimVariable) -
- **simplified_graph** (*bool*) True if you just want to search in the simplified graph instead of the normal graph. Usually the simplified graph suffices for finding definitions of register or memory variables.

Returns

A collection of all variable definitions to the specific variable.

Return type

list

find_consumers(var_def, simplified_graph=True)

Find all consumers to the specified variable definition.

Parameters

- var_def (ProgramVariable) The variable definition.
- **simplified_graph** (*boo1*) True if we want to search in the simplified graph, False otherwise.

Returns

A collection of all consumers to the specified variable definition.

Return type

list

find_killers(var_def, simplified_graph=True)

Find all killers to the specified variable definition.

Parameters

- var_def (ProgramVariable) The variable definition.
- simplified_graph (bool) True if we want to search in the simplified graph, False otherwise.

Returns

A collection of all killers to the specified variable definition.

Return type

list

find_sources(var_def, simplified_graph=True)

Find all sources to the specified variable definition.

Parameters

- var_def (ProgramVariable) The variable definition.
- **simplified_graph** (*boo1*) True if we want to search in the simplified graph, False otherwise.

Returns

A collection of all sources to the specified variable definition.

Return type

list

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.analyses.flirt.FlirtAnalysis(sig=None)

Bases: Analysis

FlirtAnalysis accomplishes two purposes:

- If a FLIRT signature file is specified, it will match the given signature file against the current binary and rename recognized functions accordingly.
- If no FLIRT signature file is specified, it will use strings to determine possible libraries embedded in the current binary, and then match all possible signatures for the architecture.

Parameters

```
sig(FlirtSignature | str | None) -
    __init__(sig=None)

    Parameters
        sig(FlirtSignature | str | None) -
    project: Project
    kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression(op, operands)
    Bases: object
```

```
Add = 0
     Sub = 1
     0r = 2
     And = 4
     RShift = 8
     LShift = 16
     Mul = 32
     Xor = 64
     CONST_TYPES = (<class 'int'>, <class 'ailment.expression.Const'>)
     __init__(op, operands)
     σο
     operands
     static try_unpack_const(expr)
class angr.engines.light.data.RegisterOffset(bits, reg, offset)
     Bases: object
     __init__(bits, reg, offset)
     reg
     offset
     property bits
     property symbolic
class angr.engines.light.data.SpOffset(bits, offset, is_base=False)
     Bases: RegisterOffset
     __init__(bits, offset, is_base=False)
     is_base
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightMixin(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     A mixin base class for engines meant to perform static analysis
     __init__(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     static sp_offset(bits, offset)
              Parameters
                  • bits (int) -
                  • offset (int) -
```

```
static extract_offset_to_sp(spoffset_expr)
          Extract the offset to the original stack pointer.
              Parameters
                  spoffset_expr (Base) – The claripy AST to parse.
              Return type
                  Optional[int]
              Returns
                  The offset to the original stack pointer, or None if spoffset_expr is not a supported type of
                  SpOffset expression.
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLight
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin, SimEngine
     A full-featured engine base class, suitable for static analysis
     __init__()
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                  state - The state to proceed from
              Returns
                 The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightVEXMixin(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin
     A mixin for doing static analysis on VEX
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightAILMixin(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin
     A mixin for doing static analysis on AIL
angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightVEX
     alias of SimEngineLightVEXMixin
angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightAIL
     alias of SimEngineLightAILMixin
class angr.analyses.propagator.values.Top(size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(size)
     size
     property bits
class angr.analyses.propagator.values.Bottom
     Bases: object
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXVariable
     Bases: object
```

```
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXMemVar(addr, size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, size)
     addr
     size
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXReg(offset, size)
     Bases: VEXVariable
     __init__(offset, size)
     offset
     size
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXTmp(tmp)
     Bases: VEXVariable
     __init__(tmp)
     tmp
class angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base.SimEnginePropagatorBase(stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                           project=None,
                                                                           propagate tmps=True,
                                                                           arch=None,
                                                                           reaching definitions=None,
                                                                           immedi-
                                                                           ate_stmt_removal=False,
                                                                           bp_as_gpr=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLight
          Parameters
                • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
               • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
               • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     __init__(stack_pointer_tracker=None, project=None, propagate_tmps=True, arch=None,
               reaching_definitions=None, immediate_stmt_removal=False, bp_as_gpr=False)
              Parameters
                  • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel | None) -
                  • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
                  • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                 state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                 The result. Whatever you want;)
```

```
class angr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex.SimEnginePropagatorVEX(stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                         project=None,
                                                                         propagate tmps=True,
                                                                         arch=None,
                                                                         reaching_definitions=None, im-
                                                                         mediate stmt removal=False,
                                                                         bp_as_gpr=False)
     Bases: TopCheckerMixin, SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEnginePropagatorBase
          Parameters
                • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
                • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
                • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     state: PropagatorVEXState
class angr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail.SimEnginePropagatorAIL(stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                         project=None,
                                                                         propagate_tmps=True,
                                                                         arch=None,
                                                                         reaching_definitions=None, im-
                                                                         mediate_stmt_removal=False,
                                                                         bp\_as\_gpr=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEnginePropagatorBase
     The All engine for Propagator.
          Parameters
               • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
                • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
                • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     state: PropagatorAILState
     extract_offset_to_sp(expr)
          Extract the offset to the original stack pointer.
              Parameters
                  • spoffset_expr – The claripy AST to parse.
                  • expr (Base | StackBaseOffset) -
              Return type
                 Optional[int]
                 The offset to the original stack pointer, or None if spoffset_expr is not a supported type of
                 SpOffset expression.
     is_using_outdated_def(expr, expr_defat, current_loc, avoid=None)
              Return type
                 Tuple[bool, bool]
```

Parameters

```
    expr (Expression) –
    expr_defat (CodeLocation / None) –
    current_loc (CodeLocation) –
    avoid (Expression / None) –
```

should_force_replace(stmt, new_expr)

Determine if the expression should be replaced.

We always replace the expression if:

- the current statement is an indirect jump. this is to ensure the dynamically calculated jump targets are always using the originally defined expressions, which usually leads to better decompilation output.
- the current statement is a return to make void functions (even when we incorrectly determine that they return something) look better in general.
- the current statement has a shift-right operation and the source expression has a shift-right operation. this is to support the peephole optimizations for division and modulo.

Parameters

```
• stmt (Statement) -
```

• new_expr (Expression) -

Return type

bool

Returns

```
static has_tmpexpr(expr)
```

Return type

bool

Parameters

expr (Expression) -

class angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition_walker.OutdatedDefinitionWalker(expr,

```
expr_defat,
cur-
rent_loc,
state,
arch,
avoid=None,
ex-
tract_offset_to_sp=None,
rda=None)
```

Bases: AILBlockWalker

Walks an AIL expression to find outdated definitions.

Parameters

```
• expr_defat (CodeLocation) -
```

- current_loc (CodeLocation) -
- state (PropagatorAILState) -
- arch (Arch) -

```
• avoid (Expression | None) -
                • extract_offset_to_sp(Callable) -
                • rda (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
     __init__(expr, expr_defat, current_loc, state, arch, avoid=None, extract_offset_to_sp=None, rda=None)
              Parameters
                  • expr_defat (CodeLocation) -
                  • current_loc (CodeLocation) -
                  • state (PropagatorAILState) –
                  • arch (Arch) -
                  • avoid (Expression | None) -
                  • extract_offset_to_sp(Callable | None) -
                  • rda (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
class angr.analyses.propagator.tmpvar_finder.TmpvarFinder(expr)
     Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
     Walks an AIL expression to find Tmp expressions.
          Parameters
              expr (Expression) -
     __init__(expr)
              Parameters
                 expr (Expression) -
class angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.PropagatorAnalysis(func=None, block=None,
                                                                    func_graph=None,
                                                                    base_state=None, max_iterations=3,
                                                                     load callback=None,
                                                                    stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                     only consts=False,
                                                                     completed_funcs=None,
                                                                     do_binops=True, store_tops=True,
                                                                     vex_cross_insn_opt=False,
                                                                    func_addr=None, gp=None,
                                                                     cache_results=False,
                                                                     key_prefix=None,
                                                                     reaching_definitions=None,
                                                                     immediate stmt removal=False,
                                                                    profiling=False)
```

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis

PropagatorAnalysis implements copy propagation. It propagates values (either constant values or variables) and expressions inside a block or across a function.

Propagator Analysis supports both VEX and AIL. The VEX propagator only performs constant propagation. The AIL propagator performs both constant propagation and copy propagation of depth-N expressions.

Propagator Analysis performs certain arithmetic operations between constants, including but are not limited to:

addition

- · subtraction
- multiplication
- division
- xor

It also performs the following memory operations:

- Loading values from a known address
- Writing values to a stack variable

```
__init__(func=None, block=None, func_graph=None, base_state=None, max_iterations=3, load_callback=None, stack_pointer_tracker=None, only_consts=False, completed_funcs=None, do_binops=True, store_tops=True, vex_cross_insn_opt=False, func_addr=None, gp=None, cache_results=False, key_prefix=None, reaching_definitions=None, immediate_stmt_removal=False, profiling=False)
```

Constructor

Parameters

- **order_jobs** (*bool*) If all jobs should be ordered or not.
- allow_merging (bool) If job merging is allowed.
- allow_widening (bool) If job widening is allowed.
- graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) A graph visitor to provide successors.
- func_addr (int | None) -
- gp (int | None) -
- cache_results (bool) -
- key_prefix (str | None) -
- reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
- immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
- profiling (bool) -

Returns

None

```
property prop_key: Tuple[str | None, str, int, bool, bool, bool]
```

Gets a key that represents the function and the "flavor" of the propagation result.

property replacements

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

Bases: SimEngineLightMixin

```
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions(arch, track_tmps=False,
                                                               canonical_size=8, registers=None,
                                                               stack=None, memory=None, heap=None,
                                                               tmps=None, others=None,
                                                               register_uses=None, stack_uses=None,
                                                               heap uses=None, memory uses=None,
                                                               tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)
     Bases: object
     A LiveDefinitions instance contains definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables,
     uncovered during the analysis.
          Parameters
               • arch (Arch) -
               • track_tmps (bool) -
               • registers (MultiValuedMemory) -
               • stack (MultiValuedMemory) -
               • memory (MultiValuedMemory) -
               • heap (MultiValuedMemory) -
               • tmps (Dict[int, Set[Definition]]) -
               • others (Dict[Atom, MultiValues]) -
               • tmp_uses(Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]) -
     INITIAL SP 32BIT = 2147418112
     INITIAL SP 64BIT = 140737488289792
     __init__(arch, track tmps=False, canonical size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None,
               heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register_uses=None, stack_uses=None, heap_uses=None,
               memory_uses=None, tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)
             Parameters
                  • arch (Arch) -
                  • track_tmps (bool) -
     project: Optional[Project]
     arch
     track_tmps
     registers: MultiValuedMemory
     stack: MultiValuedMemory
     memory: MultiValuedMemory
```

heap: MultiValuedMemory

tmps: Dict[int, Set[Definition]]

others: Dict[Atom, MultiValues]

```
register_uses
stack_uses
heap_uses
memory_uses
tmp_uses: Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]
other_uses
uses_by_codeloc: Dict[CodeLocation, Set[Definition]]
property register_definitions
property stack_definitions
property memory_definitions
property heap_definitions
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
            LiveDefinitions
reset_uses()
static top(bits)
    Get a TOP value.
        Parameters
            bits (int) – Width of the TOP value (in bits).
        Returns
            The TOP value.
static is_top(expr)
    Check if the given expression is a TOP value.
        Parameters
            expr – The given expression.
        Return type
            bool
        Returns
            True if the expression is TOP, False otherwise.
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
```

```
Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_stack_offset(addr, had_stack_base=False)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
            • symvar (BV) -
            • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            BV
        Returns
static extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            symvar (Base) -
static extract_defs_from_annotations(annos)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            annos (Iterable[Annotation]) -
static extract_defs_from_mv(mv)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
get_sp()
    Return the concrete value contained by the stack pointer.
        Return type
            int
get_sp_offset()
    Return the offset of the stack pointer.
        Return type
            Optional[int]
get_stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
```

```
Parameters
            offset (Base) -
stack_offset_to_stack_addr(offset)
         Return type
             int
merge(*others)
        Return type
            Tuple[LiveDefinitions, bool]
         Parameters
            others (LiveDefinitions) -
kill_definitions(atom)
     Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
    be removed during simplification.
         Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
         Return type
            None
        Returns
            None
kill_and_add_definition(atom, code_loc, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None,
                           annotated=False)
         Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
         Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
             • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
             • data (MultiValues) -
             • tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
add_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
         Return type
            None
         Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
             • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
             • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, code_loc, expr=None)
         Return type
            None
```

Parameters

```
• definition (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(thing)
        Return type
            Set[Definition[Atom]]
        Parameters
                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
            thing
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]] / MultiValues) -
get_tmp_definitions(tmp_idx)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            tmp_idx (int) -
get_register_definitions(reg_offset, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_stack_values(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • endness (str) –
get_stack_definitions(stack_offset, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_heap_definitions(heap_addr, size)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • heap_addr (int) -
```

```
• size (int) -
get_memory_definitions(addr, size)
        Return type
           Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_definitions_from_atoms(**kwargs)
get_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_values(spec)
        Return type
           Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
           spec
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
get_one_value(spec, strip_annotations=False)
        Return type
           Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            • spec(Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition[Atom]])
            • strip_annotations (bool) -
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
           Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
              Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
           None
```

```
Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
```

Parameters

```
• def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use(atom, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Tmp) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
add_tmp_use_by_def(def_, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
static is_heap_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
```

```
static get_heap_offset(addr)
              Return type
                  Optional[int]
              Parameters
                  addr (Base) -
     heap_address(offset)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  offset (int | HeapAddress) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ObservationPointType(value)
     Bases: IntEnum
     Enum to replace the previously generic constants This makes it possible to annotate where they are expected by
     typing something as ObservationPointType instead of Literal[0,1]
     OP\_BEFORE = 0
     OP\_AFTER = 1
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.AtomKind(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum indicating the class of an atom
     REGISTER = 1
     MEMORY = 2
     TMP = 3
     GUARD = 4
     CONSTANT = 5
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom(size)
     Bases: object
     This class represents a data storage location manipulated by IR instructions.
     It could either be a Tmp (temporary variable), a Register, a MemoryLocation.
     __init__(size)
              Parameters
                  size – The size of the atom in bytes
     size
     property bits: int
     static from_ail_expr(expr, arch, full_reg=False)
              Return type
                  Register
              Parameters
```

- expr (Expression) -
- arch (Arch) -
- full_reg (bool) -

static from_argument(argument, arch, full_reg=False, sp=None)

Instanciate an Atom from a given argument.

Parameters

- **argument** (SimFunctionArgument) The argument to create a new atom from.
- **registers** A mapping representing the registers of a given architecture.
- **full_reg** Whether to return an atom indicating the entire register if the argument only specifies a slice of the register.
- **sp** (Optional[int]) The current stack offset. Optional. Only used when argument is a SimStackArg.
- arch (Arch) -

Return type

Union[Register, MemoryLocation]

static reg(thing, size=None, arch=None)

Create a Register atom.

Parameters

- **thing** (Union[str, RegisterOffset]) The register offset (e.g., project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

Return type

Register

Returns

The Register Atom object.

static register(thing, size=None, arch=None)

Create a Register atom.

Parameters

- **thing** (Union[str, RegisterOffset]) The register offset (e.g., project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

Return type

Register

Returns

The Register Atom object.

static mem(*addr*, *size*, *endness=None*)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

Parameters

- **addr** (Union[*SpOffset*, *HeapAddress*, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend_LE" or "Iend_BE".

Return type

MemoryLocation

Returns

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

static memory(addr, size, endness=None)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

Parameters

- **addr** (Union[*SpOffset*, *HeapAddress*, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend_LE" or "Iend_BE".

Return type

MemoryLocation

Returns

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Register(reg_offset, size, arch=None)

Bases: Atom

Represents a given CPU register.

As an IR abstracts the CPU design to target different architectures, registers are represented as a separated memory space. Thus a register is defined by its offset from the base of this memory and its size.

Variables

- **reg_offset** (*int*) The offset from the base to define its place in the memory bloc.
- **size** (*int*) The size, in number of bytes.

Parameters

- reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
- **size** (*int*) -
- arch (Arch | None) -

__init__(reg_offset, size, arch=None)

Parameters

• size(int) – The size of the atom in bytes

```
• reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
                  • arch (Arch | None) -
     reg_offset
     arch
     property name: str
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.MemoryLocation(addr, size, endness=None)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a memory slice.
     It is characterized by its address and its size.
          Parameters
                • addr (SpOffset | int | BV) -
                • size (int) -
                • endness (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, endness=None)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) – The address of the beginning memory location slice.
                  • size (int) – The size of the represented memory location, in bytes.
                  • endness (str | None) -
     addr: Union[SpOffset, int, BV]
     endness
     property is_on_stack: bool
          True if this memory location is located on the stack.
     property symbolic: bool
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Tmp(tmp_idx, size)
     Represents a variable used by the IR to store intermediate values.
          Parameters
                • tmp_idx (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(tmp_idx, size)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • tmp_idx (int) -
     tmp_idx
```

```
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.GuardUse(target)
     Bases: Atom
     Implements a guard use.
     __init__(target)
              Parameters
                  size – The size of the atom in bytes
     target
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ConstantSrc(value, size)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a constant.
          Parameters
                • value (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(value, size)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • value (int) -
     value: int
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)
     Bases: Generic[A]
     An atom definition.
          Variables
                • atom – The atom being defined.
                • codeloc – Where this definition is created in the original binary code.
                • dummy – Tell whether the definition should be considered dummy or not. During simplifica-
                  tion by AILment, definitions marked as dummy will not be removed.
                • tags – A set of tags containing information about the definition gathered during analyses.
     __init__(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)
              Parameters
                  • atom (A) –
                  • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
                  • dummy (bool) -
                  • tags (Set [Tag] | None) -
     atom: TypeVar(A, bound= Atom)
     codeloc: CodeLocation
     dummy: bool
```

```
tags
```

property offset: int
property size: int
matches(**kwargs)

Return whether this definition has certain characteristics.

Return type bool

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis(subject=None,

func_graph=None, $max_iterations=3$, track_tmps=False, track_consts=True, observation points=None, init_state=None, init_context=None, state_initializer=None, cc=None, function handler=None, observe all=False, visited blocks=None, dep_graph=True, observe_callback=None, $canonical_size=8$, stack_pointer_tracker=None, use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True, interfunction_level=0, track_liveness=True, func_addr=None)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[ReachingDefinitionsState, NodeType, object, object], Analysis

ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis is a text-book implementation of a static data-flow analysis that works on either a function or a block. It supports both VEX and AIL. By registering observers to observation points, users may use this analysis to generate use-def chains, def-use chains, and reaching definitions, and perform other traditional data-flow analyses such as liveness analysis.

- I've always wanted to find a better name for this analysis. Now I gave up and decided to live with this name for the foreseeable future (until a better name is proposed by someone else).
- Aliasing is definitely a problem, and I forgot how aliasing is resolved in this implementation. I'll leave this as a post-graduation TODO.
- Some more documentation and examples would be nice.

__init__(subject=None, func_graph=None, max_iterations=3, track_tmps=False, track_consts=True, observation_points=None, init_state=None, init_context=None, state_initializer=None, cc=None, function_handler=None, observe_all=False, visited_blocks=None, dep_graph=True, observe_callback=None, canonical_size=8, stack_pointer_tracker=None, use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True, interfunction_level=0, track_liveness=True, func_addr=None)

Parameters

• **subject** (Union[Subject, Block, Block, Function, str, None]) – The subject of the analysis: a function, or a single basic block

- **func_graph** Alternative graph for function.graph.
- max_iterations The maximum number of iterations before the analysis is terminated.
- **track_tmps** Whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration during the analysis.
- **observation_points** (*iterable*) A collection of tuples of ("node"]"insn", ins_addr, OP_TYPE) defining where reaching definitions should be copied and stored. OP_TYPE can be OP_BEFORE or OP_AFTER.
- **init_state** (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsState]) An optional initialization state. The analysis creates and works on a copy. Default to None: the analysis then initialize its own abstract state, based on the given <Subject>.
- **init_context** If init_state is not given, this is used to initialize the context field of the initial state's CodeLocation. The only default-supported type which may go here is a tuple of integers, i.e. a callstack. Anything else requires a custom FunctionHandler.
- cc Calling convention of the function.
- **function_handler** (Optional[FunctionHandler]) The function handler to update the analysis state and results on function calls.
- **observe_all** Observe every statement, both before and after.
- **visited_blocks** A set of previously visited blocks.
- **dep_graph** (Union[*DepGraph*, bool, None]) An initial dependency graph to add the result of the analysis to. Set it to None to skip dependency graph generation.
- **canonical_size** The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **dep_graph** Set this to True to generate a dependency graph for the subject. It will be available as *result.dep_graph*.
- **interfunction_level** (int) The number of functions we should recurse into. This parameter is only used if function_handler is not provided.
- **track_liveness** (bool) Whether to track liveness information. This can consume sizeable amounts of RAM on large functions. (e.g. ~15GB for a function with 4k nodes)
- **state_initializer** (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
- func_addr (int | None) -

```
property observed_results: Dict[Tuple[str, int, int], LiveDefinitions]
property all_definitions
property all_uses
property one_result
property dep_graph: DepGraph
property visited_blocks
get_reaching_definitions(**kwargs)
get_reaching_definitions_by_insn(ins_addr, op_type)
get_reaching_definitions_by_node(node_addr, op_type)
```

node_observe(node_addr, state, op_type, node_idx=None)

Parameters

- node_addr (int) Address of the node.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The analysis state.
- **op_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP_BEFORE, OP_AFTER.
- **node_idx** (Optional[int]) ID of the node. Used in AIL to differentiate blocks with the same address.

Return type

None

insn_observe(insn_addr, stmt, block, state, op_type)

Parameters

- insn_addr (int) Address of the instruction.
- **stmt** (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) The statement.
- **block** (Union[*Block*, Block]) The current block.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The abstract analysis state.
- **op_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP_BEORE, OP_AFTER.

Return type

None

stmt_observe(stmt_idx, stmt, block, state, op_type)

Parameters

- stmt_idx (int) -
- stmt (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) -
- block (Union[Block, Block]) -
- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- op_type (ObservationPointType) -

Return type

None

Returns

exit_observe(node_addr, exit_stmt_idx, block, state, node_idx=None)

Parameters

- node_addr (int) -
- exit_stmt_idx (int) -
- block (Block / Block) -
- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- node_idx (int | None) -

```
property subject
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     callsites_to(target)
             Return type
                 Iterable[FunctionCallRelationships]
             Parameters
                 target (int | str | Function) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel(func_addr=None,
                                                                         track_liveness=True)
     Bases: object
     Models the definitions, uses, and memory of a ReachingDefinitionState object
          Parameters
               • func_addr (int | None) -
               • track_liveness (bool) -
     __init__(func_addr=None, track_liveness=True)
             Parameters
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
                 • track_liveness(bool) -
     add_def(d)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 d (Definition) -
     kill_def(d)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 d (Definition) -
     at_new_stmt(codeloc)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 codeloc (CodeLocation) -
     at_new_block(code_loc, pred_codelocs)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
```

```
• code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • pred_codelocs (List[CodeLocation]) -
make_liveness_snapshot()
        Return type
            None
find_defs_at(code_loc, op=ObservationPointType.OP_BEFORE)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
get_defs(atom, code_loc, op)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
copy()
        Return type
            ReachingDefinitionsModel
merge(model)
        Parameters
           model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
get_observation_by_insn(ins_addr, kind)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • ins_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
get_observation_by_node(node_addr, kind, node_idx=None)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • node_addr (int | CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
            • node_idx (int | None) -
```

Parameters

- node_addr (int) -
- stmt_idx (int) -
- src_node_idx (int | None) -

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState(codeloc, arch, subject,

track_tmps=False, track_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc_value=None, live_definitions=None, canonical_size=8, heap_allocator=None, environment=None, sp_adjusted=False, all_definitions=None, initializer=None)

Bases: object

Represents the internal state of the Reaching Definitions Analysis.

It contains a data class LiveDefinitions, which stores both definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

Parameters

- **subject** (*Subject*) The subject being analyzed.
- **track_tmps** (bool) Only tells whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration when representing the state of the analysis. Should be set to true when the analysis has counted uses and definitions for temporary variables, false otherwise.
- analysis (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis]) The analysis that generated the state represented by this object.
- **rtoc_value** When the targeted architecture is ppc64, the initial function needs to know the *rtoc_value*.
- live_definitions (Optional[LiveDefinitions]) -
- canonical_size (int) The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **heap_allocator** (Optional[*HeapAllocator*]) Mechanism to model the management of heap memory.
- **environment** (Optional[*Environment*]) Representation of the environment of the analyzed program.
- codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- arch (Arch) -
- track_consts (bool) -

```
• sp_adjusted(bool) -
          • all_definitions (Set[Definition] / None) -
          • initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
    Variables
        arch – The architecture targeted by the program.
__init__(codeloc, arch, subject, track_tmps=False, track_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc_value=None,
         live_definitions=None, canonical_size=8, heap_allocator=None, environment=None,
         sp_adjusted=False, all_definitions=None, initializer=None)
        Parameters
            • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
            • arch (Arch) -
            • subject (Subject) -
            • track_tmps (bool) -
            • track_consts(bool) -
            • analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis / None) -
            • live_definitions (LiveDefinitions / None) -
            • canonical_size (int) -
            • heap_allocator (HeapAllocator / None) -
            • environment (Environment | None) -
            • sp_adjusted(bool) -
            • all_definitions (Set[Definition] / None) -
            • initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
codeloc
arch: Arch
analysis
all_definitions: Set[Definition]
heap_allocator
codeloc_uses: Set[Definition]
exit_observed: bool
live_definitions
top(bits)
        Parameters
            bits (int) -
is_top(*args)
```

```
heap_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            offset (int / HeapAddress) -
static is_heap_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_heap_offset(addr)
         Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            \pmb{\text{offset}}\,(\textit{int})\,-\,
is_stack_address(addr)
         Return type
            bool
         Parameters
            addr (Base) -
get_stack_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
             • symvar (Base) -
             • definition (Definition) -
         Return type
            Base
         Returns
```

```
annotate_mv_with_def(mv, definition)
        Return type
           MultiValues
        Parameters
           • mv (MultiValues) -
           • definition (Definition) -
extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
           Iterator[Definition]
        Parameters
           symvar (Base) -
property tmps
property tmp_uses
property register_uses
property registers: MultiValuedMemory
property stack: MultiValuedMemory
property stack_uses
property heap: MultiValuedMemory
property heap_uses
property memory_uses
property memory: MultiValuedMemory
property uses_by_codeloc
get_sp()
        Return type
           int
get_stack_address(offset)
        Return type
           int
        Parameters
           offset (Base) -
property environment
property dep_graph
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           Reaching Definitions State
```

```
merge(*others)
         Return type
            Tuple[ReachingDefinitionsState, bool]
move_codelocs(new_codeloc)
         Return type
            None
         Parameters
            new_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
kill_definitions(atom)
     Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
     be removed during simplification.
         Return type
            None
         Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
kill_and_add_definition(atom, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None, annotated=False,
                           uses=None, override codeloc=None)
         Return type
            Tuple[Optional[MultiValues], Set[Definition]]
         Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
             • data (MultiValues) -
             • tags (Set[Tag] / None) -
             • annotated (bool) -
             • uses (Set[Definition] | None) -
             • override_codeloc (CodeLocation / None) -
add_use(atom, expr=None)
         Return type
            None
         Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
             • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
         Return type
            None
         Parameters
             • definition (Definition) -
             • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_tmp_use(tmp, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • tmp (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(stack_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_heap_use(heap_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • heap_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(atom)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            atom (Atom | Definition | Iterable[Atom] | Iterable[Definition]) -
get_values(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom]) -
get_one_value(spec, strip_annotations=False)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            • spec (Atom / Definition) -
            • strip_annotations (bool) -
```

```
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
              Return type
                  Union[int, bytes, None]
              Parameters
                  • spec (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom]) -
                  • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
     mark_guard(target)
     mark_const(value, size)
              Parameters
                  • value (int) -
                  • size (int) -
     downsize()
     pointer_to_atoms(**kwargs)
     pointer_to_atom(**kwargs)
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
              Parameters
                  pointer
                                       (MultiValues | Atom | Definition | Iterable[Atom] |
                    Iterable[Definition] | int | BV | HeapAddress | SpOffset) -
                  • size (int | DerefSize) -
                  • endness (str) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler(interfunction_level=0)
     Bases: object
     A mechanism for summarizing a function call's effect on a program for ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis.
          Parameters
              interfunction_level (int) -
     __init__(interfunction_level=0)
              Parameters
                  interfunction_level (int) -
     hook(analysis)
          Attach this instance of the function handler to an instance of RDA.
              Return type
                  FunctionHandler
              Parameters
                  analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis) -
     make_function_codeloc(target, callsite, callsite_func_addr)
          The RDA engine will call this function to transform a callsite CodeLocation into a callee CodeLocation.
              Parameters
```

```
    target (None | int | MultiValues) –
    callsite (CodeLocation) –
    callsite_func_addr (int | None) –
    handle_function(state, data)
    The main entry point for the function handler. Called expected to undate the state and the data as per the continuous
```

The main entry point for the function handler. Called with a RDA state and a FunctionCallData, it is expected to update the state and the data as per the contracts described on FunctionCallData.

You can override this method to take full control over how data is processed, or override any of the following to use the higher-level interface (data.depends()):

- handle_impl_<function name> used for <function name>.
- handle_local_function used for any function (excluding plt stubs) whose address is inside the main binary.
- handle_external_function used for any function or plt stub whose address is outside the main binary.
- handle_indirect_function used for any function whose target cannot be resolved.
- handle_generic_function used as a default if none of the above are overridden.

Each of them take the same signature as *handle_function*.

Parameters

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_generic_function(state, data)

Parameters

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_indirect_function(state, data)

Return type

None

Parameters

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_local_function(state, data)

Return type

None

Parameters

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_external_function(state, data)

Return type

None

Parameters

```
• state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • data (FunctionCallData) -
recurse_analysis(state, data)
    Precondition: data, function MUST NOT BE NONE in order to call this method.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • data (FunctionCallData) -
static c_args_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            List[Set[Atom]]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static c_return_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            Set[Atom]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static caller_saved_regs_as_atoms(state, cc)
        Return type
            Set[Register]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
```

• cc (SimCC) — static stack_pointer_as_atom(state)

Return type Register class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData(callsite_codeloc, function_codeloc,

address_multi, address=None,
symbol=None, function=None,
name=None, cc=None, prototype=None,
args_atoms=None, args_values=None,
ret_atoms=None, redefine_locals=True,
visited_blocks=None, effects=<factory>,
ret_values=None,
ret_values_deps=None,
caller_will_handle_single_ret=False,
guessed_cc=False,
guessed_prototype=False,
retaddr_popped=False)

Bases: object

A bundle of intermediate data used when computing the sum effect of a function during ReachingDefinitions-Analysis.

RDA engine contract:

- Construct one of these before calling *FunctionHandler.handle_function*. Fill it with as many fields as you can realistically provide without duplicating effort.
- Provide *callsite_codeloc* as either the call statement (AIL) or the default exit of the default statement of the calling block (VEX)
- Provide function_codeloc as the callee address with stmt_idx=0`.

Function handler contract:

- If redefine_locals is unset, do not adjust any artifacts of the function call abstraction, such as the stack pointer, the caller saved registers, etc.
- If caller_will_handle_single_ret is set, and there is a single entry in *ret_atoms*, do not apply to the state effects modifying this atom. Instead, set *ret_values* and *ret_values_deps* to the values and deps which are used constructing these values.

Parameters

```
callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) –
function_codeloc (CodeLocation) –
address_multi (MultiValues | None) –
address (int | None) –
symbol (Symbol | None) –
function (Function | None) –
name (str | None) –
cc (SimCC | None) –
prototype (SimTypeFunction | None) –
args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) –
args_values (List[MultiValues] | None) –
ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) –
redefine_locals (bool) –
```

```
• visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
         • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
         • ret_values (MultiValues / None) -
         • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] / None) -
         • caller_will_handle_single_ret(bool) -
         • guessed_cc (bool) -
         • guessed_prototype (bool) -
         • retaddr_popped (bool) -
callsite_codeloc: CodeLocation
function_codeloc: CodeLocation
address_multi: Optional[MultiValues]
address: Optional[int] = None
symbol: Optional[Symbol] = None
function: Optional[Function] = None
name: Optional[str] = None
cc: Optional[SimCC] = None
prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction] = None
args_atoms: Optional[List[Set[Atom]]] = None
args_values: Optional[List[MultiValues]] = None
ret_atoms: Optional[Set[Atom]] = None
redefine_locals: bool = True
visited_blocks: Optional[Set[int]] = None
effects: List[FunctionEffect]
ret_values: Optional[MultiValues] = None
ret_values_deps: Optional[Set[Definition]] = None
caller_will_handle_single_ret: bool = False
guessed_cc: bool = False
guessed_prototype: bool = False
retaddr_popped: bool = False
```

has_clobbered(dest)

Determines whether the given atom already has effects applied

Return type

bool

Parameters

```
dest (Atom) -
```

depends(dest, *sources, value=None, apply_at_callsite=False, tags=None)

Mark a single effect of the current function, including the atom being modified, the input atoms on which that output atom depends, the precise (or imprecise!) value to store, and whether the effect should be applied during the function or afterwards, at the callsite.

The tags are used to annotate the Definition of the Atom that will be created, when the function effects are applied to the state.

The atom being modified may be None to mark uses of the source atoms which do not have any explicit sinks.

Parameters

- dest (Atom | Iterable[Atom] | None) -
- sources (Atom / Iterable[Atom]) -
- value (MultiValues | BV | bytes | int | None) -
- apply_at_callsite (bool) -
- tags (Set[Tag] / None) -

reset_prototype(prototype, state, soft_reset=False)

Return type

Set[Atom]

Parameters

- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- soft_reset (bool) -

__init__(callsite_codeloc, function_codeloc, address_multi, address=None, symbol=None, function=None, name=None, cc=None, prototype=None, args_atoms=None, args_values=None, ret_atoms=None, redefine_locals=True, visited_blocks=None, effects=<factory>, ret_values=None, ret_values_deps=None, caller_will_handle_single_ret=False, guessed_cc=False, guessed_prototype=False, retaddr_popped=False)

Parameters

- callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- function_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- address_multi (MultiValues / None) -
- address (int | None) -
- symbol (Symbol | None) -
- function (Function / None) -
- name (str | None) -

```
• cc (SimCC / None) -
                 • prototype (SimTypeFunction / None) -
                 • args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) -
                 • args_values (List[MultiValues] / None) -
                 • ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
                 • redefine_locals (bool) -
                 • visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
                 • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
                 • ret_values (MultiValues | None) -
                 • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] | None) -
                 • caller_will_handle_single_ret (bool) -
                 • guessed_cc (bool) -
                 • guessed_prototype (bool) -
                 • retaddr_popped (bool) -
             Return type
                 None
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.get_all_definitions(region)
         Return type
             Set[Definition]
         Parameters
             region (MultiValuedMemory) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallSite(caller_func_addr, block_addr,
                                                                  callee_func_addr)
     Bases: object
     Describes a call site on a CFG.
         Parameters
               • caller_func_addr(int)-
               • block_addr (int | None) -
               • callee_func_addr(int)-
     __init__(caller_func_addr, block_addr, callee_func_addr)
             Parameters
                 • caller_func_addr (int) -
                 • block_addr (int | None) -
                 • callee_func_addr(int)-
     caller_func_addr
     callee_func_addr
```

block_addr class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallTrace(target) Bases: object Describes a series of functions calls to get from one function (current_function_address()) to another function or a basic block (self.target). **Parameters** target (int) -__init__(target) **Parameters** target (int) target callsites: List[CallSite] current_function_address() Return type int step_back(caller_func_addr, block_addr, callee_func_addr) Return type **CallTrace Parameters** • caller_func_addr(int)-• block_addr (int | None) includes_function(func_addr) Return type bool **Parameters** func_addr (int) copy() Return type **CallTrace** class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_vex.SimEngineRDVEX(project, functions=None, *function handler=None*) Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight Implements the VEX execution engine for reaching definition analysis. **__init__**(project, functions=None, function_handler=None)

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process(state, *args, block=None, fail_fast=False, visited_blocks=None, dep_graph=None, **kwargs)

The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.

state – The state to proceed from

Parameters

Returns

The result. Whatever you want;)

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis} (\textit{subject=None}, \textit{reaching_definitions.reaching_def$

func_graph=Non max_iterations=3 track tmps=False track_consts=Tru observation_points=Non init_state=None, init_context=Non state_initializer= cc=None, function_handler=No observe_all=False, visited_blocks=Non dep_graph=True. serve_callback=1 canoni $cal_size=8$, stack_pointer_tra use_callee_saved interfunc $tion_level=0$, track_liveness=T func addr=None

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[ReachingDefinitionsState, NodeType, object, object], Analysis

ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis is a text-book implementation of a static data-flow analysis that works on either a function or a block. It supports both VEX and AIL. By registering observers to observation points, users may use this analysis to generate use-def chains, def-use chains, and reaching definitions, and perform other traditional data-flow analyses such as liveness analysis.

- I've always wanted to find a better name for this analysis. Now I gave up and decided to live with this name for the foreseeable future (until a better name is proposed by someone else).
- Aliasing is definitely a problem, and I forgot how aliasing is resolved in this implementation. I'll leave this as a post-graduation TODO.
- Some more documentation and examples would be nice.

```
__init__(subject=None, func_graph=None, max_iterations=3, track_tmps=False, track_consts=True, observation_points=None, init_state=None, init_context=None, state_initializer=None, cc=None, function_handler=None, observe_all=False, visited_blocks=None, dep_graph=True, observe_callback=None, canonical_size=8, stack_pointer_tracker=None, use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True, interfunction_level=0, track_liveness=True, func_addr=None)
```

Parameters

- **subject** (Union[Subject, Block, Block, Function, str, None]) The subject of the analysis: a function, or a single basic block
- **func_graph** Alternative graph for function.graph.
- max_iterations The maximum number of iterations before the analysis is terminated.
- track_tmps Whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration during the analysis.
- **observation_points** (*iterable*) A collection of tuples of ("node"]"insn", ins_addr, OP_TYPE) defining where reaching definitions should be copied and stored. OP_TYPE can be OP_BEFORE or OP_AFTER.
- **init_state** (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsState]) An optional initialization state. The analysis creates and works on a copy. Default to None: the analysis then initialize its own abstract state, based on the given <Subject>.
- **init_context** If init_state is not given, this is used to initialize the context field of the initial state's CodeLocation. The only default-supported type which may go here is a tuple of integers, i.e. a callstack. Anything else requires a custom FunctionHandler.
- cc Calling convention of the function.
- **function_handler** (Optional[FunctionHandler]) The function handler to update the analysis state and results on function calls.
- **observe_all** Observe every statement, both before and after.
- **visited_blocks** A set of previously visited blocks.
- **dep_graph** (Union[*DepGraph*, bool, None]) An initial dependency graph to add the result of the analysis to. Set it to None to skip dependency graph generation.
- **canonical_size** The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **dep_graph** Set this to True to generate a dependency graph for the subject. It will be available as *result.dep_graph*.
- **interfunction_level** (int) The number of functions we should recurse into. This parameter is only used if function_handler is not provided.
- **track_liveness** (bool) Whether to track liveness information. This can consume sizeable amounts of RAM on large functions. (e.g. ~15GB for a function with 4k nodes)
- state_initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
- func_addr (int | None) -

model: ReachingDefinitionsModel

 $function_calls: \ \ Dict[CodeLocation, \ FunctionCallRelationships]$

property observed_results: Dict[Tuple[str, int, int], LiveDefinitions]

property all_definitions

property all_uses

```
property one_result
property dep_graph: DepGraph
property visited_blocks
get_reaching_definitions(**kwargs)
get_reaching_definitions_by_insn(ins_addr, op_type)
get_reaching_definitions_by_node(node_addr, op_type)
node_observe(node_addr, state, op_type, node_idx=None)
```

Parameters

- node_addr (int) Address of the node.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The analysis state.
- **op_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP_BEFORE, OP_AFTER.
- **node_idx** (Optional[int]) ID of the node. Used in AIL to differentiate blocks with the same address.

Return type

None

insn_observe(insn_addr, stmt, block, state, op_type)

Parameters

- insn_addr (int) Address of the instruction.
- **stmt** (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) The statement.
- **block** (Union[*Block*, Block]) The current block.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The abstract analysis state.
- **op_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP_BEORE, OP_AFTER.

Return type

None

stmt_observe(stmt_idx, stmt, block, state, op_type)

Parameters

- stmt_idx (int) -
- **stmt** (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) -
- block (Union[Block, Block]) -
- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- op_type (ObservationPointType) -

Return type

None

Returns

```
exit_observe(node_addr, exit_stmt_idx, block, state, node_idx=None)
             Parameters
                 • node_addr (int) -
                 • exit_stmt_idx (int) -
                 • block (Block / Block) -
                 • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
                 • node_idx (int | None) -
     property subject
    project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     callsites_to(target)
             Return type
                 Iterable[FunctionCallRelationships]
             Parameters
                target (int | str | Function) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.FunctionCallRelationships(callsite, target,
                                                                                  args_defns,
                                                                                  other input defns,
                                                                                  ret_defns,
                                                                                  other_output_defns)
     Bases: object
         Parameters
               • callsite (CodeLocation) -
               • target (int | None) -
               • args_defns (List[Set[Definition]]) -
               • other_input_defns (Set[Definition]) -
               • ret_defns (Set[Definition]) -
               • other_output_defns (Set[Definition]) -
     callsite: CodeLocation
     target: Optional[int]
     args_defns: List[Set[Definition]]
     other_input_defns: Set[Definition]
     ret_defns: Set[Definition]
     other_output_defns: Set[Definition]
```

```
__init__(callsite, target, args_defns, other_input_defns, ret_defns, other_output_defns)
              Parameters
                   • callsite (CodeLocation) -
                   • target (int | None) -
                   • args_defns (List[Set[Definition]]) -
                   • other_input_defns (Set[Definition]) -
                   • ret_defns (Set[Definition]) -
                   • other_output_defns (Set[Definition]) -
              Return type
                  None
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph(graph=None)
     Bases: object
     The representation of a dependency graph: a directed graph, where nodes are definitions, and edges represent
     uses.
     Mostly a wrapper around a <networkx.DiGraph>.
          Parameters
              graph (networkx.DiGraph [Definition] / None) -
     __init__(graph=None)
              Parameters
                  graph – A graph where nodes are definitions, and edges represent uses.
     property graph: networkx.DiGraph[Definition]
     add_node(node)
              Parameters
                  node (Definition) – The definition to add to the definition-use graph.
              Return type
                  None
     add_edge(source, destination, **labels)
          The edge to add to the definition-use graph. Will create nodes that are not yet present.
              Parameters
                   • source (Definition) – The "source" definition, used by the "destination".
                   • destination (Definition) – The "destination" definition, using the variable defined by
                    "source".
                   • labels – Optional keyword arguments to represent edge labels.
              Return type
                  None
     nodes()
              Return type
                  networkx.classes.reportviews.NodeView[Definition]
```

predecessors(node)

Parameters

node (*Definition*) – The definition to get the predecessors of.

Return type

Iterator[Definition]

transitive_closure(definition)

Compute the "transitive closure" of a given definition. Obtained by transitively aggregating the ancestors of this definition in the graph.

Note: Each definition is memoized to avoid any kind of recomputation across the lifetime of this object.

Parameters

definition – The Definition to get transitive closure for.

Returns

A graph of the transitive closure of the given definition.

Return type

networkx.DiGraph[Definition[Atom]]

contains_atom(atom)

Return type

bool

Parameters

atom (Atom) -

add_dependencies_for_concrete_pointers_of(values, definition, cfg, loader)

When a given definition holds concrete pointers, make sure the <MemoryLocation>s they point to are present in the dependency graph; Adds them if necessary.

Parameters

- values (Iterable[Union[Base, int]]) -
- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition which has data that can contain concrete pointers.
- cfg (CFGModel) The CFG, containing information about memory data.
- loader (Loader) -

find_definitions(**kwargs)

Filter the definitions present in the graph based on various criteria. Parameters can be any valid keyword args to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*

Return type

List[Definition]

find_all_predecessors(starts, **kwargs)

Filter the ancestors of the given start node or nodes that match various criteria. Parameters can be any valid keyword args to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*

find_all_successors(starts, **kwargs)

Filter the descendents of the given start node or nodes that match various criteria. Parameters can be any valid keyword args to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*

Return type

List[Definition]

Parameters

```
starts (Definition | Iterable[Definition]) -
```

```
find_path(starts, ends, **kwargs)
```

Find a path between the given start node or nodes and the given end node or nodes. All the intermediate steps in the path must match the criteria given in kwargs. The kwargs can be any valid parameters to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*.

This algorithm has exponential time and space complexity. Use at your own risk. Want to do better? Do it yourself or use networkx and eat the cost of indirection and/or cloning.

Return type

```
Optional[Tuple[Definition, ...]]
```

Parameters

- starts (Definition | Iterable [Definition]) -
- ends (Definition | Iterable[Definition]) -

find_paths(starts, ends, **kwargs)

Find all non-overlapping simple paths between the given start node or nodes and the given end node or nodes. All the intermediate steps in the path must match the criteria given in kwargs. The kwargs can be any valid parameters to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*.

This algorithm has exponential time and space complexity. Use at your own risk. Want to do better? Do it yourself or use networkx and eat the cost of indirection and/or cloning.

Return type

```
Iterator[Tuple[Definition, ...]]
```

Parameters

- starts (Definition | Iterable[Definition]) -
- ends (Definition | Iterable [Definition]) -

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocator.HeapAllocator(canonical_size)

Bases: object

A simple modelisation to help represent heap memory management during a <ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis>: - Act as if allocations were always done in consecutive memory segments; - Take care of the size not to screw potential pointer arithmetic (avoid overlapping segments).

The content of the heap itself is modeled using a <KeyedRegion> attribute in the <LiveDefinitions> state; This class serves to generate consistent heap addresses to be used by the aforementionned.

Note: This has **NOT** been made to help detect heap vulnerabilities.

Parameters

```
canonical_size (int) -
__init__(canonical size)
```

Parameters

canonical_size (int) – The concrete size an <UNKNOWN_SIZE> defaults to.

allocate(size)

Gives an address for a new memory chunck of <size> bytes.

Parameters

size (Union[int, *UnknownSize*]) – The requested size for the chunck, in number of bytes.

Return type

HeapAddress

Returns

The address of the chunck.

free(address)

Mark the chunck pointed by <address> as freed.

Parameters

address (Union[Undefined, HeapAddress]) – The address of the chunck to free.

property allocated_addresses

The list of addresses that are currently allocated on the heap.

Type

return

 $angr. analyses. reaching_definitions. function_handler. \textbf{get_exit_livedefinitions} (func, rda_model)$

Get LiveDefinitions at all exits of a function, merge them, and return.

Parameters

- func (Function) -
- rda_model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionEffect(dest,

sources, value=None, sources_defns=None, apply_at_callsite=False, tags=None)

Bases: object

A single effect that a function summary may apply to the state. This is largely an implementation detail; use *FunctionCallData.depends* instead.

Parameters

```
• dest (Atom / None) -
```

- sources (Set[Atom]) -
- value (MultiValues / None) -
- sources_defns (Set[Definition] / None) -
- apply_at_callsite (bool) -
- tags (Set [Tag] | None) -

dest: Optional[Atom]

sources: Set[Atom]

value: Optional[MultiValues] = None

sources_defns: Optional[Set[Definition]] = None

apply_at_callsite: bool = False

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionCallData(callsite_codeloc,

```
function codeloc,
address_multi,
address=None,
symbol=None,
function=None,
name=None,
cc=None.
prototype=None,
args_atoms=None,
args_values=None,
ret_atoms=None,
rede-
fine_locals=True,
ited_blocks=None,
ef-
fects=<factory>,
ret values=None,
ret_values_deps=None,
caller_will_handle_single_ret=False
guessed_cc=False,
guessed_prototype=False,
re-
taddr_popped=False)
```

Bases: object

A bundle of intermediate data used when computing the sum effect of a function during ReachingDefinitions-Analysis.

RDA engine contract:

- Construct one of these before calling *FunctionHandler.handle_function*. Fill it with as many fields as you can realistically provide without duplicating effort.
- Provide *callsite_codeloc* as either the call statement (AIL) or the default exit of the default statement of the calling block (VEX)
- Provide function_codeloc as the callee address with stmt_idx=0`.

Function handler contract:

- If redefine_locals is unset, do not adjust any artifacts of the function call abstraction, such as the stack pointer, the caller saved registers, etc.
- If caller_will_handle_single_ret is set, and there is a single entry in *ret_atoms*, do not apply to the state effects modifying this atom. Instead, set *ret_values* and *ret_values_deps* to the values and deps which are used constructing these values.

Parameters

```
• callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
         • function_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
         • address_multi (MultiValues / None) -
          • address (int | None) -
          • symbol (Symbol | None) -
          • function (Function | None) -
          • name (str | None) -
          • cc (SimCC / None) -
          • prototype (SimTypeFunction / None) -
          • args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) -
          • args_values (List[MultiValues] / None) -
         • ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
         • redefine_locals (bool) -
          • visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
          • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
         • ret_values (MultiValues | None) -
          • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] / None) -
          • caller_will_handle_single_ret (bool) -

    guessed_cc (bool) -

          • guessed_prototype (bool) -
         • retaddr_popped (bool) -
callsite_codeloc: CodeLocation
function_codeloc: CodeLocation
address_multi: Optional[MultiValues]
address: Optional[int] = None
symbol: Optional[Symbol] = None
function: Optional[Function] = None
name: Optional[str] = None
```

```
cc: Optional[SimCC] = None
prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction] = None
args_atoms: Optional[List[Set[Atom]]] = None
args_values: Optional[List[MultiValues]] = None
ret_atoms: Optional[Set[Atom]] = None
redefine_locals: bool = True
visited_blocks: Optional[Set[int]] = None
effects: List[FunctionEffect]
ret_values: Optional[MultiValues] = None
ret_values_deps: Optional[Set[Definition]] = None
caller_will_handle_single_ret: bool = False
guessed_cc: bool = False
guessed_prototype: bool = False
retaddr_popped: bool = False
has_clobbered(dest)
    Determines whether the given atom already has effects applied
       Return type
           bool
       Parameters
           dest (Atom) -
```

depends(dest, *sources, value=None, apply_at_callsite=False, tags=None)

Mark a single effect of the current function, including the atom being modified, the input atoms on which that output atom depends, the precise (or imprecise!) value to store, and whether the effect should be applied during the function or afterwards, at the callsite.

The tags are used to annotate the Definition of the Atom that will be created, when the function effects are applied to the state.

The atom being modified may be None to mark uses of the source atoms which do not have any explicit sinks.

Parameters

```
    dest (Atom | Iterable[Atom] | None) -
    sources (Atom | Iterable[Atom]) -
    value (MultiValues | BV | bytes | int | None) -
    apply_at_callsite (bool) -
    tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
```

```
reset_prototype(prototype, state, soft_reset=False)
```

Return type

Set[Atom]

Parameters

- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- soft_reset (bool) -

__init__(callsite_codeloc, function_codeloc, address_multi, address=None, symbol=None, function=None, name=None, cc=None, prototype=None, args_atoms=None, args_values=None, ret_atoms=None, redefine_locals=True, visited_blocks=None, effects=<factory>, ret_values=None, ret_values=None, caller_will_handle_single_ret=False, guessed_cc=False, guessed_prototype=False, retaddr_popped=False)

Parameters

- callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- function_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- address_multi (MultiValues / None) -
- address (int | None) -
- symbol (Symbol | None) -
- function (Function / None) -
- name (str | None) -
- cc (SimCC / None) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction / None) -
- args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) -
- args_values (List[MultiValues] | None) -
- ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
- redefine_locals(bool) -
- visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
- effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
- ret_values (MultiValues / None) -
- ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] / None) -
- caller_will_handle_single_ret (bool) -
- guessed_cc (bool) -
- guessed_prototype (bool) –
- retaddr_popped (bool) -

Return type

None

```
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionCallDataUnwrapped(inner)
    Bases: FunctionCallData
```

A subclass of FunctionCallData which asserts that many of its members are non-None at construction time. Typechecks be gone!

Parameters

Update a wrapper function to look like the wrapped function

wrapper is the function to be updated wrapped is the original function assigned is a tuple naming the attributes assigned directly from the wrapped function to the wrapper function (defaults to functools.WRAPPER_ASSIGNMENTS) updated is a tuple naming the attributes of the wrapper that are updated with the corresponding attribute from the wrapped function (defaults to functools.WRAPPER_UPDATES)

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionHandler(interfunction_level=0)
 Bases: object

A mechanism for summarizing a function call's effect on a program for ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis.

Parameters

hook(analysis)

```
interfunction_level (int) -
__init__(interfunction_level=0)

Parameters
    interfunction_level (int) -
```

Attach this instance of the function handler to an instance of RDA.

Return type

FunctionHandler

Parameters

```
analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis) -
```

make_function_codeloc(target, callsite, callsite_func_addr)

The RDA engine will call this function to transform a callsite CodeLocation into a callee CodeLocation.

Parameters

```
    target (None | int | MultiValues) –
    callsite (CodeLocation) –
    callsite_func_addr (int | None) –
```

handle_function(state, data)

The main entry point for the function handler. Called with a RDA state and a FunctionCallData, it is expected to update the state and the data as per the contracts described on FunctionCallData.

You can override this method to take full control over how data is processed, or override any of the following to use the higher-level interface (data.depends()):

- handle_impl_<function name> used for <function name>.
- handle_local_function used for any function (excluding plt stubs) whose address is inside the main binary.
- handle_external_function used for any function or plt stub whose address is outside the main binary.
- handle_indirect_function used for any function whose target cannot be resolved.
- handle_generic_function used as a default if none of the above are overridden.

Each of them take the same signature as *handle_function*.

Parameters

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_generic_function(state, data)

Parameters

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_indirect_function(state, data)

Return type

None

Parameters

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_local_function(state, data)

Return type

None

Parameters

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle_external_function(state, data)

Return type

None

Parameters

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

```
recurse_analysis(state, data)
    Precondition: data.function MUST NOT BE NONE in order to call this method.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • data (FunctionCallData) -
static c_args_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            List[Set[Atom]]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static c_return_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            Set[Atom]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static caller_saved_regs_as_atoms(state, cc)
        Return type
            Set[Register]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
static stack_pointer_as_atom(state)
        Return type
```

Register

class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitionsState(codeloc, arch,

subject, track_tmps=False, track_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc_value=None, live_definitions=None, canonical_size=8, heap_allocator=None, environment=None, sp_adjusted=False, all_definitions=None, initializer=None)

Bases: object

Represents the internal state of the Reaching Definitions Analysis.

It contains a data class LiveDefinitions, which stores both definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

Parameters

- **subject** (*Subject*) The subject being analyzed.
- **track_tmps** (bool) Only tells whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration when representing the state of the analysis. Should be set to true when the analysis has counted uses and definitions for temporary variables, false otherwise.
- analysis (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis]) The analysis that generated the state represented by this object.
- **rtoc_value** When the targeted architecture is ppc64, the initial function needs to know the *rtoc_value*.
- live_definitions (Optional[LiveDefinitions]) -
- canonical_size (int) The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **heap_allocator** (Optional[*HeapAllocator*]) Mechanism to model the management of heap memory.
- **environment** (Optional[*Environment*]) Representation of the environment of the analyzed program.
- codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- arch (Arch) -
- track_consts(bool) -
- sp_adjusted(bool) -
- all_definitions (Set[Definition]) -
- initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -

Variables

arch – The architecture targeted by the program.

__init__(codeloc, arch, subject, track_tmps=False, track_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc_value=None, live_definitions=None, canonical_size=8, heap_allocator=None, environment=None, sp_adjusted=False, all_definitions=None, initializer=None)

```
Parameters
            • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
            • arch (Arch) -
            • subject (Subject) -
            • track_tmps (bool) -
            • track_consts(bool) -
            • analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis / None) -
            • live_definitions (LiveDefinitions / None) -
            • canonical_size (int) -
            • heap_allocator (HeapAllocator / None) -
            • environment (Environment / None) -
            • sp_adjusted (bool) -
            • all_definitions (Set[Definition] / None) -
            • initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
codeloc
arch: Arch
analysis
all_definitions: Set[Definition]
heap_allocator
codeloc_uses: Set[Definition]
exit_observed: bool
live_definitions
top(bits)
        Parameters
           bits (int) -
is_top(*args)
heap_address(offset)
        Return type
           BV
        Parameters
           offset (int | HeapAddress) -
```

```
static is_heap_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_heap_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
get_stack_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
            • symvar (Base) -
            • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            Base
        Returns
annotate_mv_with_def(mv, definition)
        Return type
            MultiValues
        Parameters
            • mv (MultiValues) -
            • definition (Definition) -
```

```
extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
           Iterator[Definition]
        Parameters
           symvar (Base) -
property tmps
property tmp_uses
property register_uses
property registers: MultiValuedMemory
property stack: MultiValuedMemory
property stack_uses
property heap: MultiValuedMemory
property heap_uses
property memory_uses
property memory: MultiValuedMemory
property uses_by_codeloc
get_sp()
        Return type
           int
get_stack_address(offset)
        Return type
           int
        Parameters
           offset (Base) -
property environment
property dep_graph
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           ReachingDefinitionsState
merge(*others)
        Return type
           Tuple[ReachingDefinitionsState, bool]
move_codelocs(new_codeloc)
        Return type
           None
```

```
new_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
kill_definitions(atom)
    Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
    be removed during simplification.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
kill_and_add_definition(atom, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None, annotated=False,
                           uses=None, override_codeloc=None)
        Return type
            Tuple[Optional[MultiValues], Set[Definition]]
        Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
            • data (MultiValues) -
             • tags (Set [Tag] | None) -
             • annotated (bool) -
             • uses (Set[Definition] | None) -
             • override_codeloc (CodeLocation / None) -
add_use(atom, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
             • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
             • definition (Definition) -
             • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use(tmp, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
             • tmp (int) -
             • expr (Any | None) -
```

Parameters

```
add_tmp_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(stack_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use(heap_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • heap_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_heap_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(atom)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
           atom (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition]) -
get_values(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom]) -
get_one_value(spec, strip_annotations=False)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            • spec (Atom / Definition) -
            • strip_annotations (bool) -
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
           Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters
            • spec (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
mark_guard(target)
```

```
mark_const(value, size)
             Parameters
                 • value (int) -
                 • size (int) -
     downsize()
     pointer_to_atoms(**kwargs)
     pointer_to_atom(**kwargs)
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
             Parameters
                 pointer
                                      (MultiValues | Atom | Definition | Iterable[Atom] |
                   Iterable[Definition] | int | BV | HeapAddress | SpOffset) -
                 • size (int | DerefSize) -
                 • endness (str) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.SubjectType(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enumeration.
     Function = 1
     Block = 2
     CallTrace = 3
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subject(content, func_graph=None, cc=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(content, func_graph=None, cc=None)
         The thing being analysed, and the way (visitor) to analyse it.
             Parameters
                 • content (Union[ailment.Block, angr.Block, Function]) - Thing to be anal-
                   ysed.
                 • func_graph (networkx.DiGraph) – Alternative graph for function.graph.
                 • cc (SimCC) – Calling convention of the function.
     property cc
     property content
     property func_graph
     property type
     property visitor: FunctionGraphVisitor | SingleNodeGraphVisitor
```

```
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail.SimEngineRDAIL(project,
                                                                               function_handler=None,
                                                                               stack pointer tracker=None,
                                                                               use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True,
                                                                               bp_as_gpr=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEngineLight
          Parameters
                • function_handler (FunctionHandler | None) -
                • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     arch: Arch
     state: ReachingDefinitionsState
     __init__(project, function handler=None, stack pointer tracker=None,
                use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True, bp_as_gpr=False)
              Parameters
                   • function_handler (FunctionHandler / None) -
                  • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     process(state, *args, dep_graph=None, visited_blocks=None, block=None, fail_fast=False, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                  state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                  The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.analyses.cfq_slice_to_sink.cfq_slice_to_sink.CFGSliceToSink(target,
                                                                                    transitions=None)
     Bases: object
     The representation of a slice of a CFG.
     __init__(target, transitions=None)
              Parameters
                   • target (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function) - The tar-
                    geted sink, to which every path in the slice leads.
                   • transitions (Dict[int,List[int]]) - A mapping representing transitions in the
                    graph. Indexes are source addresses and values a list of destination addresses, for which
                    there exists a transition in the slice from source to destination.
     property transitions
          The transitions in the slice.
              Type
                  return Dict[int,List[int]]
     property transitions_as_tuples
          The list of transitions as pairs of (source, destination).
                  return List[Tuple[int,int]]
```

property target

return angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function: The targeted sink function, from which the slice is constructed.

property nodes: List[int]

The complete list of addresses present in the slice.

Type

return

property entrypoints

Entrypoints are all source addresses that are not the destination address of any transition.

Return List[int]

The list of entrypoints addresses.

add_transitions(transitions)

Add the given transitions to the current slice.

Parameters

transitions (Dict[int,List[int]]) — The list of transitions to be added to self.transitions.

Return Dict[int,List[int]]

Return the updated list of transitions.

is_empty()

Test if a given slice does not contain any transition.

Return bool

True if the <CFGSliceToSink> instance does not contain any transitions. False otherwise.

path_between(source, destination, visited=None)

Check the existence of a path in the slice between two given node adresses.

Parameters

- **source** (int) The source address.
- **destination** (int) The destination address.
- visited (Optional[Set[Any]]) Used to avoid infinite recursion if loops are present in the slice.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if there is a path between the source and the destination in the CFG, False if not, or if we have been unable to decide (because of loops).

angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph.slice_callgraph(callgraph, cfg_slice_to_sink)

Slice a callgraph, keeping only the nodes present in the <CFGSliceToSink> representation, and th transitions for which a path exists.

Note that this function mutates the graph passed as an argument.

Parameters

- **callgraph** (networkx.MultiDiGraph) The callgraph to update.
- **cfg_slice_to_sink** (CFGSliceToSink) The representation of the slice, containing the data to update the callgraph from.

angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph.slice_cfg_graph(graph, cfg_slice_to_sink)

Slice a CFG graph, keeping only the transitions and nodes present in the <CFGSliceToSink> representation.

Note that this function mutates the graph passed as an argument.

Parameters

- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) The graph to slice.
- **cfg_slice_to_sink** (CFGSliceToSink) The representation of the slice, containing the data to update the CFG from.

Return networkx.DiGraph

The sliced graph.

angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph.slice_function_graph(function_graph, cfg_slice_to_sink) Slice a function graph, keeping only the nodes present in the <CFGSliceToSink> representation.

Because the <CFGSliceToSink> is build from the CFG, and the function graph is *NOT* a subgraph of the CFG, edges of the function graph will no be present in the <CFGSliceToSink> transitions. However, we use the fact that if there is an edge between two nodes in the function graph, then there must exist a path between these two nodes in the slice; Proof idea: - The <CFGSliceToSink> is backward and recursively constructed; - If a node is in the slice, then all its predecessors will be (transitively); - If there is an edge between two nodes in the function graph, there is a path between them in the CFG; - So: The origin node is a transitive predecessor of the destination one, hence if destination is in the slice, then origin will be too.

In consequence, in the end, removing the only nodes not present in the slice, and their related transitions gives us the expected result: a function graph representing (a higher view of) the flow in the slice.

Note that this function mutates the graph passed as an argument.

Parameters

- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) The graph to slice.
- **cfg_slice_to_sink** (CFGSliceToSink) The representation of the slice, containing the data to update the CFG from.

Return networkx.DiGraph

The sliced graph.

Some utilitary functions to manage our representation of transitions:

A dictionary, indexed by int (source addresses), which values are list of ints (target addresses).

angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.transitions.merge_transitions(transitions, existing_transitions)

Merge two dictionaries of transitions together.

Parameters

- **transitions** (*Dict[int,List[int]]*) Some transitions.
- **existing_transitions** (*Dict[int,List[int]]*) Other transitions.

Return Dict[int,List[int]]

The merge of the two parameters.

class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.BottomType

Bases: object

The bottom value for register values.

```
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Constant(val)
     Bases: object
     Represents a constant value.
     __init__(val)
     val
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Register(offset, bitlen)
     Bases: object
     Represent a register.
     __init__(offset, bitlen)
     offset
     bitlen
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.OffsetVal(reg, offset)
     Bases: object
     Represent a value with an offset added.
     __init__(reg, offset)
     property reg
     property offset
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.FrozenStackPointerTrackerState(regs, memory,
                                                                                   is_tracking_memory)
     Bases: object
     Abstract state for StackPointerTracker analysis with registers and memory values being in frozensets.
     __init__(regs, memory, is_tracking_memory)
     regs
     memory
     is_tracking_memory
     unfreeze()
     merge(other)
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerState(regs, memory,
                                                                            is_tracking_memory)
     Bases: object
     Abstract state for StackPointerTracker analysis.
     __init__(regs, memory, is_tracking_memory)
     regs
     memory
```

```
is_tracking_memory
     give_up_on_memory_tracking()
     store(addr, val)
     load(addr)
     get(reg)
     put(reg, val)
     copy()
     freeze()
     merge(other)
exception angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.CouldNotResolveException
     Bases: Exception
     An exception used in StackPointerTracker analysis to represent internal resolving failures.
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTracker(func, reg_offsets, block=None,
                                                                     track_memory=True)
     Bases: Analysis, ForwardAnalysis
     Track the offset of stack pointer at the end of each basic block of a function.
     __init__(func, reg_offsets, block=None, track_memory=True)
              Parameters
                 • func (Function / None) -
                  • reg_offsets (Set[int]) -
                  • block (Block / None) -
     offset_after(addr, reg)
     offset_before(addr, reg)
     offset_after_block(block_addr, reg)
     offset_before_block(block_addr, reg)
     constant_after(addr, reg)
     constant_before(addr, reg)
     constant_after_block(block_addr, reg)
     constant_before_block(block_addr, reg)
     property inconsistent
     inconsistent_for(reg)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
```

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.StackLocationAnnotation(offset)
     Bases: Annotation
     __init__(offset)
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.VariableSourceAnnotation(block_addr,
                                                                                       stmt\_idx,
                                                                                       ins addr)
     Bases: Annotation
     __init__(block_addr, stmt_idx, ins_addr)
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
     static from_state(state)
angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.parse_stack_pointer(sp)
     Convert multiple supported forms of stack pointer representations into stack offsets.
          Parameters
              sp – A stack pointer representation.
          Returns
              A stack pointer offset.
          Return type
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.VariableAnnotation(addr_and_variables)
     Bases: Annotation
          Parameters
              addr_and_variables (List[Tuple[int, SimVariable]]) -
     __init__(addr_and_variables)
              Parameters
                  addr_and_variables(List[Tuple[int, SimVariable]]) -
```

addr_and_variables

property relocatable

Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.

Returns

True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.

property eliminatable

Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.

Returns

True if eliminatable, False otherwise

class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.VariableRecoveryBase(func,

max_iterations,
store_live_variables)

Bases: Analysis

The base class for VariableRecovery and VariableRecoveryFast.

Parameters

```
store_live_variables (bool) -
```

__init__(func, max_iterations, store_live_variables)

Parameters

store_live_variables (bool) -

get_variable_definitions(block_addr)

Get variables that are defined at the specified block.

Parameters

block_addr (*int*) – Address of the block.

Returns

A set of variables.

initialize_dominance_frontiers()

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.VariableRecoveryStateBase(block_addr,
                                                                                                     anal-
                                                                                                     y-
                                                                                                     sis,
                                                                                                     arch,
                                                                                                     func,
                                                                                                     stack_region=None,
                                                                                                     reg-
                                                                                                     is-
                                                                                                     ter_region=None,
                                                                                                     global_region=None.
                                                                                                     type-
                                                                                                     vars=None,
                                                                                                     type_constraints=No.
                                                                                                     func_typevar=None,
                                                                                                     de-
                                                                                                     layed_type_constrain
                                                                                                     stack_offset_typevars
                                                                                                     project=None)
     Bases: object
     The base abstract state for variable recovery analysis.
     __init__(block_addr, analysis, arch, func, stack_region=None, register_region=None, global_region=None,
               typevars=None, type_constraints=None, func_typevar=None, delayed_type_constraints=None,
               stack_offset_typevars=None, project=None)
     static top(bits)
              Return type
                  BV
     static is_top(thing)
              Return type
                  bool
     static extract_variables(expr)
              Return type
                  Generator[Tuple[int, Union[SimVariable, SpOffset]], None, None]
              Parameters
                  expr (Base) -
     static annotate_with_variables(expr, addr_and_variables)
              Return type
                  Base
              Parameters
                  • expr (Base) -
                  • addr_and_variables (Iterable[Tuple[int, SimVariable | SpOffset]]) -
     stack_address(offset)
              Return type
                  Base
```

```
Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
is_global_variable_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static extract_stack_offset_from_addr(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[Base]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
get_stack_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
stack_addr_from_offset(offset)
        Return type
            int
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
property func_addr
property dominance_frontiers
property variable_manager
property variables
get_variable_definitions(block_addr)
    Get variables that are defined at the specified block.
            block_addr (int) – Address of the block.
        Returns
            A set of variables.
```

```
add_type_constraint(constraint)
          Add a new type constraint.
              Parameters
                  constraint -
              Returns
     add_type_constraint_for_function(func_typevar, constraint)
          Add a new type constraint for a specified function.
              Parameters
                  • func_typevar -
                  • constraint -
              Returns
     downsize()
          Remove unnecessary members.
              Return type
                  None
              Returns
                 None
     static downsize_region(region)
          Get rid of unnecessary references in region so that it won't avoid garbage collection on those referenced
          objects.
              Parameters
                 region (MultiValuedMemory) – A MultiValuedMemory region.
              Return type
                  MultiValuedMemory
              Returns
                 None
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast.VariableRecoveryFastState(block_addr,
```

```
anal-
y-
sis,
arch,
func,
stack_region=None,
reg-
is-
ter_region=None,
global_region=None.
type-
vars=None,
type_constraints=No.
```

func_typevar=None,

layed_type_constrain stack_offset_typevars project=None, ret_val_size=None)

de-

Bases: VariableRecoveryStateBase

The abstract state of variable recovery analysis.

Variables

- **stack_region** (KeyedRegion) The stack store.
- **register_region** (KeyedRegion) The register store.

__init__(block_addr, analysis, arch, func, stack_region=None, register_region=None, global_region=None, typevars=None, typevars=None, typevars=None, func_typevar=None, delayed_type_constraints=None, stack_offset_typevars=None, project=None, ret_val_size=None)

copy()

merge(others, successor=None)

Merge two abstract states.

For any node A whose dominance frontier that the current node (at the current program location) belongs to, we create a phi variable V' for each variable V that is defined in A, and then replace all existence of V with V' in the merged abstract state.

Parameters

others (Tuple[VariableRecoveryFastState]) – Other abstract states to merge.

Return type

Tuple[VariableRecoveryFastState, bool]

Returns

The merged abstract state.

downsize()

Remove unnecessary members.

Return type

None

Returns

None

class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast.VariableRecoveryFast(func,

func_graph=None,
max_iterations=2,
low_priority=False,
track_sp=True,
func_args=None,
store_live_variables=False,
unify_variables=True)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, VariableRecoveryBase

Recover "variables" from a function by keeping track of stack pointer offsets and pattern matching VEX statements.

If calling conventions are recovered prior to running VariableRecoveryFast, variables can be recognized more accurately. However, it is not a requirement. In this case, the function graph you pass must contain information indicating the call-out sites inside the analyzed function. These graph edges must be annotated with either "type": "call" or "outside": True.

```
__init__(func, func_graph=None, max_iterations=2, low_priority=False, track_sp=True, func_args=None,
               store_live_variables=False, unify_variables=True)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                  • order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                  • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                  • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                  • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) - A graph visitor to provide successors.
                  • func (Function | str | int) -
                  • func_graph (DiGraph | None) -
                  • max_iterations (int) -
                  • func_args (List[SimVariable] | None) -
              Returns
                  None
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery.VariableRecoveryState(block_addr,
                                                                                          analysis, arch,
                                                                                         func, con-
                                                                                         crete_states,
                                                                                          stack_region=None,
                                                                                          regis-
                                                                                          ter_region=None)
     Bases: VariableRecoveryStateBase
     The abstract state of variable recovery analysis.
          Variables
              variable_manager (angr.knowledge.variable_manager.VariableManager) - The
              variable manager.
     __init__(block_addr, analysis, arch, func, concrete_states, stack_region=None, register_region=None)
     property concrete_states
     get_concrete_state(addr)
              Parameters
                  addr -
              Returns
     copy()
     register_callbacks(concrete_states)
              Parameters
                  concrete_states -
              Returns
```

```
merge(others, successor=None)
```

Merge two abstract states.

Parameters

others (Tuple[VariableRecoveryState]) – Other abstract states to merge.

Returns

The merged abstract state.

Return type

VariableRecoveryState, and a boolean that indicates if any merge has happened.

class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery.VariableRecovery(func,

max_iterations=20, store_live_variables=False)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, VariableRecoveryBase

Recover "variables" from a function using forced execution.

While variables play a very important role in programming, it does not really exist after compiling. However, we can still identify and recovery their counterparts in binaries. It is worth noting that not every variable in source code can be identified in binaries, and not every recognized variable in binaries have a corresponding variable in the original source code. In short, there is no guarantee that the variables we identified/recognized in a binary are the same variables in its source code.

This analysis uses heuristics to identify and recovers the following types of variables: - Register variables. - Stack variables. - Heap variables. (not implemented yet) - Global variables. (not implemented yet)

This analysis takes a function as input, and performs a data-flow analysis on nodes. It runs concrete execution on every statement and hooks all register/memory accesses to discover all places that are accessing variables. It is slow, but has a more accurate analysis result. For a fast but inaccurate variable recovery, you may consider using VariableRecoveryFast.

This analysis follows SSA, which means every write creates a new variable in registers or memory (statck, heap, etc.). Things may get tricky when overlapping variable (in memory, as you cannot really have overlapping accesses to registers) accesses exist, and in such cases, a new variable will be created, and this new variable will overlap with one or more existing variables. A decision procedure (which is pretty much TODO) is required at the end of this analysis to resolve the conflicts between overlapping variables.

```
__init__(func, max_iterations=20, store_live_variables=False)
```

Parameters

func (*knowledge*. *Function*) – The function to analyze.

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEngineVRBase

The engine for variable recovery on AIL.

state: VariableRecoveryFastState

block: Block

__init__(*args, call_info=None, **kwargs)

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex.SimEngineVRVEX(*args, call_info=None,
                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineVRBase
     Implements the VEX engine for variable recovery analysis.
     state: VariableRecoveryStateBase
     __init__(*args, call_info=None, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.RichR(data, variable=None, typevar=None,
                                                                type_constraints=None)
     Bases: object
     A rich representation of calculation results. The variable recovery data domain.
          Parameters
                • data (Base) -
                • typevar (TypeVariable / None) -
     __init__(data, variable=None, typevar=None, type_constraints=None)
              Parameters
                  • data (Base) -
                  • typevar (TypeVariable | None) -
     data: Base
     variable
     typevar
     type_constraints
     property bits
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.SimEngineVRBase(project, kb)
     Bases: SimEngineLight
     The base class for variable recovery analyses. Contains methods for basic interactions with the state, like loading
     and storing data.
     state: VariableRecoveryStateBase
     __init__(project, kb)
     property func_addr
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                  state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                  The result. Whatever you want ;)
```

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanner.VEXIRSBScanner(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin
     Scan the VEX IRSB to determine if any argument-passing registers should be narrowed by detecting cases of
     loading the whole register and immediately narrowing the register before writing to the tmp.
     __init__(*args, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.lifter.TypeLifter(bits)
     Bases: object
     Lift SimTypes to type constants.
          Parameters
              bits (int) -
     __init__(bits)
              Parameters
                 bits (int) -
     bits
     memo
     lift(ty)
              Parameters
                 ty (SimType) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.SketchNodeBase
     Bases: object
     The base class for nodes in a sketch.
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.SketchNode(typevar)
     Bases: SketchNodeBase
     Represents a node in a sketch graph.
          Parameters
              typevar (TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
     __init__(typevar)
              Parameters
                 typevar (TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
     typevar: Union[TypeVariable, DerivedTypeVariable]
     upper_bound
     lower_bound
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.RecursiveRefNode(target)
     Bases: SketchNodeBase
     Represents a cycle in a sketch graph.
     This is equivalent to sketches. Label Node in the reference implementation of retypd.
          Parameters
              target (DerivedTypeVariable) -
```

```
__init__(target)
             Parameters
                 target (DerivedTypeVariable) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.Sketch(solver, root)
     Bases: object
     Describes the sketch of a type variable.
         Parameters
               • solver (SimpleSolver) -
               • root (TypeVariable) -
     __init__(solver, root)
             Parameters
                 • solver (SimpleSolver) –
                 • root (TypeVariable) -
            SketchNode
     root:
     graph
     node_mapping: Dict[Union[TypeVariable, DerivedTypeVariable], SketchNodeBase]
     solver
     lookup(typevar)
             Return type
                 Optional[SketchNodeBase]
                 typevar (TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
     add_edge(src, dst, label)
             Parameters
                 • src (SketchNodeBase) -
                 • dst (SketchNodeBase) -
     add_constraint(constraint)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 constraint (TypeConstraint) -
     static flatten_typevar(derived_typevar)
             Return type
                 Union[DerivedTypeVariable, TypeVariable, TypeConstant]
             Parameters
                 derived_typevar (TypeVariable / TypeConstant / DerivedTypeVariable) -
```

```
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.ConstraintGraphTag(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enumeration.
     LEFT = 0
     RIGHT = 1
     UNKNOWN = 2
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.FORGOTTEN(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enumeration.
     PRE_FORGOTTEN = 0
     POST_FORGOTTEN = 1
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.ConstraintGraphNode(typevar, variance, tag, forgotten)
     Bases: object
         Parameters
               • typevar (TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
               • variance (Variance) -
               • tag (ConstraintGraphTag) -
               • forgotten (FORGOTTEN) -
     __init__(typevar, variance, tag, forgotten)
             Parameters
                 • typevar (TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
                 • variance (Variance) -
                 • tag (ConstraintGraphTag) -
                 • forgotten (FORGOTTEN) -
     typevar
     variance
     tag
     forgotten
     forget_last_label()
             Return type
                 Optional[Tuple[ConstraintGraphNode, BaseLabel]]
     recall(label)
             Return type
                 ConstraintGraphNode
             Parameters
                 label (BaseLabel) -
```

```
inverse()
```

Return type

ConstraintGraphNode

inverse_wo_tag()

Invert the variance only.

Return type

ConstraintGraphNode

class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.SimpleSolver(bits, constraints, typevars)

Bases: object

SimpleSolver is, by its name, a simple solver. Most of this solver is based on the (complex) simplification logic that the retypd paper describes and the retypd re-implementation (https://github.com/GrammaTech/retypd) implements. Additionally, we add some improvements to allow type propagation of known struct names, among a few other improvements.

Parameters

```
bits (int) -
```

__init__(*bits*, *constraints*, *typevars*)

Parameters

bits (int) -

solve()

Steps

For each type variable, - Infer the shape in its sketch - Build the constraint graph - Collect all constraints - Apply constraints to derive the lower and upper bounds

infer_shapes(typevars, constraints)

Computing sketches from constraint sets. Implements Algorithm E.1 in the retypd paper.

Return type

Tuple[Dict, Dict[TypeVariable, Sketch]]

Parameters

- typevars (Set[TypeVariable]) -
- constraints (Set[TypeConstraint]) -

compute_quotient_graph(constraints)

Compute the quotient graph (the constraint graph modulo ~ in Algorithm E.1 in the retypd paper) with respect to a given set of type constraints.

Parameters

```
constraints (Set[TypeConstraint]) -
```

join(t1, t2)

Return type

TypeConstant

Parameters

- t1 (TypeConstant / TypeVariable) -
- t2 (TypeConstant / TypeVariable) -

```
meet(t1, t2)
              Return type
                  TypeConstant
              Parameters
                  • t1 (TypeConstant / TypeVariable) -
                  • t2 (TypeConstant / TypeVariable) -
     static abstract(t)
              Return type
                  Union[TypeConstant, TypeVariable]
              Parameters
                  t(TypeConstant / TypeVariable) -
     determine(equivalent_classes, sketches, solution, nodes=None)
          Determine C-like types from sketches.
              Parameters
                  • equivalent_classes (Dict[TypeVariable, TypeVariable]) - A dictionary mapping
                    each type variable from its representative in the equivalence class over ~.
                  • sketches – A dictionary storing sketches for each type variable.
                  • solution (Dict) – The dictionary storing C-like types for each type variable. Output.
                  • nodes (Optional[Set[SketchNode]]) - Optional. Nodes that should be considered in
                    the sketch.
              Return type
                  None
              Returns
                  None
class angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.SimTypeTempRef(typevar)
     Bases: SimType
     __init__(typevar)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     c_repr()
class angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator(arch=None)
     Bases: object
     Translate type variables to SimType equivalence.
     __init__(arch=None)
     struct_name()
     tc2simtype(tc)
```

```
simtype2tc(simtype)
             Return type
                 TypeConstant
             Parameters
                 simtype (SimType) -
     backpatch(st, translated)
             Parameters
                 • st (sim_type.SimType) -
                 • translated (dict) -
             Returns
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeConstraint
     Bases: object
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Equivalence(type_a, type_b)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     __init__(type_a, type_b)
     type_a
     type_b
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Existence(type_)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     __init__(type_)
     type_
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
```

```
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Subtype(sub_type, super_type)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
          Parameters
               • sub_type (TypeConstant / TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
               • super_type (TypeConstant / TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
     __init__(sub_type, super_type)
             Parameters
                 • sub_type (TypeConstant / TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
                 • super_type (TypeConstant / TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable) -
     super_type
     sub_type
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Add(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     Describes the constraint that type_r == type0 + type1
     __init__(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     type_0
     type_1
     type_r
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Sub(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     Describes the constraint that type_r == type0 - type1
     __init__(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     type_0
```

```
type_1
     type_r
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariable(idx=None, name=None)
     Bases: object
         Parameters
               • idx (int | None) -
               • name (str | None) -
     __init__(idx=None, name=None)
             Parameters
                 • idx (int | None) -
                 • name (str | None) -
     idx: int
     name
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.DerivedTypeVariable(type_var, label, labels=None,
                                                               idx=None)
     Bases: TypeVariable
         Parameters
               • type_var (TypeVariable / TypeConstant) -
               • labels (Iterable[BaseLabel] / None) -
               • idx (int) -
     __init__(type_var, label, labels=None, idx=None)
             Parameters
                 • type_var (TypeVariable / DerivedTypeVariable / None) -
                 • labels (Iterable [BaseLabel] | None) -
     type_var: Union[TypeVariable, TypeConstant]
```

```
labels: Tuple[BaseLabel]
     one_label()
             Return type
                Optional[BaseLabel]
    path()
             Return type
                Tuple[BaseLabel]
     longest_prefix()
             Return type
                Union[TypeVariable, DerivedTypeVariable, None]
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                str
             Parameters
                mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariables
     Bases: object
     __init__()
     copy()
     add_type_variable(var, codeloc, typevar)
             Parameters
                 • var (SimVariable) -
                 • typevar (TypeVariable) -
     get_type_variable(var, codeloc)
    has_type_variable_for(var, codeloc)
             Parameters
                var (SimVariable) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.BaseLabel
     Bases: object
     property variance: Variance
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncIn(loc)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(loc)
     loc
```

```
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncOut(loc)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(loc)
     loc
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Load
     Bases: BaseLabel
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Store
     Bases: BaseLabel
     property variance: Variance
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.AddN(n)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(n)
     n
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.SubN(n)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(n)
     n
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.ConvertTo(to_bits)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(to_bits)
     to_bits
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.ReinterpretAs(to_type, to_bits)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(to_type, to_bits)
     to_type
     to_bits
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.HasField(bits, offset)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(bits, offset)
     bits
     offset
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.IsArray
     Bases: BaseLabel
```

Bases: Analysis

A spiritual tribute to the long-standing typehoon project that @jmg (John Grosen) worked on during his days in the angr team. Now I feel really bad of asking the poor guy to work directly on VEX IR without any fancy static analysis support as we have right now...

Typehoon analysis implements a pushdown system that simplifies and solves type constraints. Our type constraints are largely an implementation of the paper Polymorphic Type Inference for Machine Code by Noonan, Loginov, and Cok from GrammaTech (with missing functionality support and bugs, of course). Type constraints are collected by running VariableRecoveryFast (maybe VariableRecovery later as well) on a function, and then solved using this analysis.

User may specify ground truth, which will override all types at certain program points during constraint solving.

Parameters

```
• var_mapping (Dict[SimVariable, Set[TypeVariable]] / None) -
```

```
• must_struct (Set[TypeVariable] | None) -
```

__init__(constraints, func_var, ground_truth=None, var_mapping=None, must_struct=None)

Parameters

- constraints -
- **ground_truth** A set of SimType-style solutions for some or all type variables. They will be respected during type solving.
- var_mapping (Optional[Dict[SimVariable, Set[TypeVariable]]]) -
- must_struct (Optional[Set[TypeVariable]]) -

update_variable_types(func_addr, var_to_typevars)

Parameters

```
func_addr(int | str)-
```

pp_constraints()

Pretty-print constraints between *variables* using the variable mapping.

Return type

None

pp_solution()

Pretty-print solutions using the variable mapping.

Return type

None

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

All type constants used in type inference. They can be mapped, translated, or rewritten to C-style types.

angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.memoize(f)

class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeConstant

Bases: object

```
SIZE = None
    pp_str(mapping)
            Return type
                str
    property size: int
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TopType
    Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.BottomType
    Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int
    Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int1
    Bases: Int
    SIZE = 1
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int8
    Bases: Int
    SIZE = 1
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int16
    Bases: Int
    SIZE = 2
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int32
    Bases: Int
    SIZE = 4
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int64
    Bases: Int
    SIZE = 8
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int128
    Bases: Int
    SIZE = 16
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.FloatBase
    Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Float
    Bases: FloatBase
    SIZE = 4
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Double
    Bases: FloatBase
```

```
SIZE = 8
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer(basetype)
     Bases: TypeConstant
         Parameters
             basetype (TypeConstant / None) –
     __init__(basetype)
             Parameters
                 basetype (TypeConstant | None) -
     new(basetype)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer32(basetype=None)
     Bases: Pointer, Int32
     32-bit pointers.
     __init__(basetype=None)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer64(basetype=None)
     Bases: Pointer, Int64
     64-bit pointers.
     __init__(basetype=None)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Array(element=None, count=None)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(element=None, count=None)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Struct(fields=None, name=None, field_names=None)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(fields=None, name=None, field_names=None)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Function(params, outputs)
     Bases: TypeConstant
         Parameters
               • params (List) -
               • outputs (List) -
     __init__(params, outputs)
             Parameters
                 • params (List) -
                 • outputs (List) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeVariableReference(typevar)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(typevar)
```

```
angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.int_type(bits)
          Return type
              Optional[Int]
          Parameters
              bits (int) -
angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.float_type(bits)
          Return type
              Optional[FloatBase]
          Parameters
              bits (int) -
class angr.analyses.identifier.identify.FuncInfo
     Bases: object
     __init__()
class angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier(cfg=None, require_predecessors=True,
                                                          only find=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     __init__(cfg=None, require_predecessors=True, only_find=None)
     run(only_find=None)
     can_call_same_name(addr, name)
     get_func_info(func)
     static constrain_all_zero(before_state, state, regs)
     identify_func(function)
     check_tests(cfg_func, match_func)
     map_callsites()
     do_trace(addr_trace, reverse_accesses, func_info)
     get_call_args(func, callsite)
     static get_reg_name(arch, reg_offset)
              Parameters
                  • arch – the architecture
                  • reg_offset – Tries to find the name of a register given the offset in the registers.
              Returns
                  The register name
     find_stack_vars_x86(func)
     static make_initial_state(project, stack_length)
              Returns
                 an initial state with a symbolic stack and good options for rop
```

```
static make_symbolic_state(project, reg_list, stack_length=80)
          converts an input state into a state with symbolic registers :return: the symbolic state
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.loopfinder.Loop(entry, entry_edges, break_edges, continue_edges, body_nodes, graph,
                                        subloops)
     Bases: object
     __init__(entry, entry_edges, break_edges, continue_edges, body_nodes, graph, subloops)
class angr.analyses.loopfinder.LoopFinder(functions=None, normalize=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     Extracts all the loops from all the functions in a binary.
     __init__(functions=None, normalize=True)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.VariableTypes
     Bases: object
     Iterator = 'Iterator'
     HasNext = 'HasNext'
     Next = 'Next'
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.AnnotatedVariable(variable, type_)
     Bases: object
     __init__(variable, type_)
     variable
     type
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.Condition(op, val0, val1)
     Bases: object
     Equal = '=='
     NotEqual = '!='
     __init__(op, val0, val1)
     classmethod from_opstr(opstr)
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.SootBlockProcessor(state, block, loop, defuse)
     Bases: object
     __init__(state, block, loop, defuse)
     process()
```

```
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysisState(block)
     Bases: object
     __init__(block)
     copy()
     merge(state)
     add_loop_exit_stmt(stmt_idx, condition=None)
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysis(loop, defuse)
     Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis
     Analyze a loop and recover important information about the loop (e.g., invariants, induction variables) in a static
     manner.
     __init__(loop, defuse)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                  • order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                  • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                  • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                  • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) - A graph visitor to provide successors.
              Returns
                 None
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
exception angr.analyses.veritesting.VeritestingError
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.veritesting.CallTracingFilter(project, depth, blacklist=None)
     Bases: object
     Filter to apply during CFG creation on a given state and jumpkind to determine if it should be skipped at a certain
     depth
     whitelist = {<class 'angr.procedures.cgc.transmit.transmit'>, <class</pre>
     'angr.procedures.libc.fgetc.fgetc'>, <class 'angr.procedures.posix.read.read'>,
     <class 'angr.procedures.glibc.__ctype_b_loc.__ctype_b_loc'>, <class</pre>
     'angr.procedures.cgc.receive.receive'>, <class
     'angr.procedures.libc.strcmp.strcmp'>, <class 'angr.procedures.libc.strlen.strlen'>,
     <class 'angr.procedures.libc.atoi.atoi'>}
     cfg_cache = {}
     __init__(project, depth, blacklist=None)
     filter(call_target_state, jumpkind)
          The call will be skipped if it returns True.
              Parameters
```

- call_target_state The new state of the call target.
- **jumpkind** The Jumpkind of this call.

Returns

True if we want to skip this call, False otherwise.

Bases: Analysis

An exploration technique made for condensing chunks of code to single (nested) if-then-else constraints via CFG accurate to conduct Static Symbolic Execution SSE (conversion to single constraint)

```
cfg_cache = {}
```

```
all_stashes = ('successful', 'errored', 'deadended', 'deviated', 'unconstrained')
```

__init__(input_state, boundaries=None, loop_unrolling_limit=10, enable_function_inlining=False, terminator=None, deviation_filter=None)

SSE stands for Static Symbolic Execution, and we also implemented an extended version of Veritesting (Avgerinos, Thanassis, et al, ICSE 2014).

Parameters

- **input_state** The initial state to begin the execution with.
- boundaries Addresses where execution should stop.
- **loop_unrolling_limit** The maximum times that Veritesting should unroll a loop for.
- **enable_function_inlining** Whether we should enable function inlining and syscall inlining.
- **terminator** A callback function that takes a state as parameter. Veritesting will terminate if this function returns True.
- **deviation_filter** A callback function that takes a state as parameter. Veritesting will put the state into "deviated" stash if this function returns True.

is_not_in_cfg(s)

Returns if s.addr is not a proper node in our CFG.

Parameters

s (SimState) – The SimState instance to test.

Returns bool

False if our CFG contains p.addr, True otherwise.

is_overbound(state)

Filter out all states that run out of boundaries or loop too many times.

param SimState state: SimState instance to check returns bool: True if outside of mem/loop_ctr boundary

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.analyses.vfg.VFGJob(*args, **kwargs)

Bases: CFGJobBase

A job descriptor that contains local variables used during VFG analysis.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
              Return type
                 None
     property block_id: BlockID | None
     callstack_repr(kb)
              Parameters
                 kb (KnowledgeBase) -
class angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob(block_id, state, call_stack, src_block_id, src_stmt_idx, src_ins_addr)
     Bases: object
     Describes a pending job during VFG analysis.
          Parameters
                • block_id (BlockID) -
                • state (SimState) -
                • call_stack (CallStack) -
                • src_block_id (BlockID) -
                • src_stmt_idx (int) -
                • src_ins_addr (int) -
     __init__(block_id, state, call_stack, src_block_id, src_stmt_idx, src_ins_addr)
              Parameters
                  • block_id (BlockID) -
                  • state (SimState) -
                  • call_stack (CallStack) -
                  • src_block_id (BlockID) -
                  • src_stmt_idx (int) -
                  • src_ins_addr (int) -
              Return type
                 None
     block_id
     state
     call_stack
     src_block_id
     src_stmt_idx
     src_ins_addr
```

class angr.analyses.vfg.AnalysisTask Bases: object An analysis task describes a task that should be done before popping this task out of the task stack and discard it. __init__() Return type None property done class angr.analyses.vfg.FunctionAnalysis(function_address, return_address) Bases: AnalysisTask Analyze a function, generate fix-point states from all endpoints of that function, and then merge them to one state. **Parameters** • function_address(int)-• return_address (int | None) -__init__(function_address, return_address) **Parameters** • function_address (int) -• return_address (int | None) -Return type None property done: bool class angr.analyses.vfg.CallAnalysis(address, return_address, function_analysis_tasks=None, mergeable_plugins=None) Bases: AnalysisTask Analyze a call by analyze all functions this call might be calling, collect all final states generated by analyzing those functions, and merge them into one state. **Parameters**

```
• address (int) -
• return_address (None) -
• function_analysis_tasks (List[Any] | None) -
• mergeable_plugins (Tuple[str, str] | None) -
__init__(address, return_address, function_analysis_tasks=None, mergeable_plugins=None)

Parameters
• address (int) -
• return_address (None) -
• function_analysis_tasks (List[Any] | None) -
```

```
• mergeable_plugins (Tuple[str, str] | None) -
              Return type
                  None
     property done: bool
     register_function_analysis(task)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  task (FunctionAnalysis) -
     add_final_job(job)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  job (VFGJob) -
     merge_jobs()
              Return type
                  VFGJob
class angr.analyses.vfg.VFGNode(addr, key, state=None)
     Bases: object
     A descriptor of nodes in a Value-Flow Graph
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • key (BlockID) -
                • state (SimState / None) -
     __init__(addr, key, state=None)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • key (BlockID) -
                  • state (SimState) -
              Return type
                  None
     append_state(s, is_widened_state=False)
          Appended a new state to this VFGNode. :type s: :param s: The new state to append :type is_widened_state:
          :param is_widened_state: Whether it is a widened state or not.
class angr.analyses.vfg.VFG(cfg=None, context_sensitivity_level=2, start=None, function_start=None,
                                 interfunction_level=0, initial_state=None, avoid_runs=None,
                                 remove_options=None, timeout=None, max_iterations_before_widening=8,
                                 max_iterations=40, widening_interval=3, final_state_callback=None,
                                 status_callback=None, record_function_final_states=False)
```

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[SimState, VFGNode, VFGJob, BlockID], Analysis

This class represents a control-flow graph with static analysis result.

Perform abstract interpretation analysis starting from the given function address. The output is an invariant at the beginning (or the end) of each basic block.

Steps:

- Generate a CFG first if CFG is not provided.
- Identify all merge points (denote the set of merge points as Pw) in the CFG.
- Cut those loop back edges (can be derived from Pw) so that we gain an acyclic CFG.
- Identify all variables that are 1) from memory loading 2) from initial values, or 3) phi functions.
 Denote
 the set of those variables as S_{var}.
- Start real AI analysis and try to compute a fix point of each merge point. Perform widening/narrowing only on variables in S_{var}.

```
__init__(cfg=None, context_sensitivity_level=2, start=None, function_start=None, interfunction_level=0, initial_state=None, avoid_runs=None, remove_options=None, timeout=None, max_iterations_before_widening=8, max_iterations=40, widening_interval=3, final_state_callback=None, status_callback=None, record_function_final_states=False)
```

Parameters

- **cfg** (Optional[*CFGEmulated*]) The control-flow graph to base this analysis on. If none is provided, we will construct a CFGEmulated.
- **context_sensitivity_level** (int) The level of context-sensitivity of this VFG. It ranges from 0 to infinity. Default 2.
- **function_start** (Optional[int]) The address of the function to analyze.
- interfunction_level (int) The level of interfunction-ness to be
- initial_state (Optional[SimState]) A state to use as the initial one
- avoid_runs (Optional[List[int]]) A list of runs to avoid
- **remove_options** (Optional[Set[str]]) State options to remove from the initial state. It only works when *initial_state* is None
- timeout (int) -
- **final_state_callback** (Optional[Callable[[SimState, CallStack], Any]]) callback function when countering final state
- status_callback (Optional[Callable[[VFG], Any]]) callback function used in _analysis_core_baremetal
- start (int | None) -
- ullet max_iterations_before_widening (int) -
- max_iterations (int) -
- widening_interval (int) -
- record_function_final_states (bool) -

```
Return type
                  None
     property function_initial_states
     property function_final_states
     get_any_node(addr)
          Get any VFG node corresponding to the basic block at @addr. Note that depending on the context sensitivity
          level, there might be multiple nodes corresponding to different contexts. This function will return the first
          one it encounters, which might not be what you want.
              Return type
                  Optional[VFGNode]
              Parameters
                  addr (int) -
     get_all_nodes(addr)
              Return type
                  Generator[VFGNode, None, None]
     irsb_from_node(node)
     copy()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.DefUseChain(def_loc, use_loc, variable)
     Bases: object
     Stand for a def-use chain. it is generated by the DDG itself.
     __init__(def_loc, use_loc, variable)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                   • def loc -
                   • use loc -
                   • variable -
              Returns
class angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.VSA_DDG(yfg=None, start_addr=None, interfunction_level=0,
                                          context_sensitivity_level=2, keep_data=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     A Data dependency graph based on VSA states. That means we don't (and shouldn't) expect any symbolic
     expressions.
     __init__(vfg=None, start_addr=None, interfunction_level=0, context_sensitivity_level=2,
                keep_data=False)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
```

- **vfg** An already constructed VFG. If not specified, a new VFG will be created with other specified parameters. *vfg* and *start_addr* cannot both be unspecified.
- **start_addr** The address where to start the analysis (typically, a function's entry point).
- interfunction_level See VFG analysis.
- context_sensitivity_level See VFG analysis.
- **keep_data** Whether we keep set of addresses as edges in the graph, or just the cardinality of the sets, which can be used as a "weight".

```
get_predecessors(code_location)
```

Returns all predecessors of *code_location*.

Parameters

code_location – A CodeLocation instance.

Returns

A list of all predecessors.

```
get_all_nodes(simrun_addr, stmt_idx)
```

Get all DDG nodes matching the given basic block address and statement index.

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.vtable.Vtable(vaddr, size, func_addrs=None)
```

Bases: object

This contains the addr, size and function addresses of a Vtable

```
__init__(vaddr, size, func_addrs=None)
```

class angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder

Bases: Analysis

__init__()

This analysis locates Vtables in a binary based on heuristics taken from - "Reconstruction of Class Hierarchies for Decompilation of C++ Programs"

```
is_cross_referenced(addr)
is_function(addr)
analyze()
create_extract_vtable(start_addr, sec_size)
project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.analyses.find_objects_static.**PossibleObject**(size, addr, class_name=None)

Bases: object

This holds the address and class name of possible class instances. The address that it holds in mapped outside the binary so it is only valid in this analysis. TO DO: map the address to its uses in the registers/memory locations in the instructions

```
__init__(size, addr, class name=None)
class angr.analyses.find_objects_static.NewFunctionHandler(max_addr=None,
                                                                        new func addr=None, project=None)
     Bases: FunctionHandler
     This handles calls to the function new(), by recording the size parameter passed to it and also assigns a
           address outside the mapped binary to the newly created space(possible object).
           It also tracks if the function called right after new() is passed the same 'this' pointer and is a constructor, if
           so we mark it as an instance of the class the constructor belongs to. (only for non stripped binaries)
     __init__(max_addr=None, new_func_addr=None, project=None)
     hook(analysis)
           Attach this instance of the function handler to an instance of RDA.
     handle local function(state, data)
               Parameters
                   • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) –
                   • data (FunctionCallData) -
class angr.analyses.find_objects_static.StaticObjectFinder
     Bases: Analysis
     This analysis tries to find objects on the heap based on calls to new(), and subsequent calls to
     constructors with the 'this' pointer
     __init__()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.class_identifier.ClassIdentifier
     Bases: Analysis
     This is a class identifier for non stripped or partially stripped binaries, it identifies classes based on the demangled
     function names, and also assigns functions to their respective classes based on their names. It also uses the results
     from the VtableFinder analysis to assign the corresponding vtable to the classes.
           self.classes contains a mapping between class names and SimCppClass objects
           e.g. A::tool() and A::qux() belong to the class A
     __init__()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece
     Bases: object
     addr = None
     ident = nan
```

```
render(formatting=None)
     getpiece(formatting, column)
     width(formatting)
     height(formatting)
     static color(string, coloring, formatting)
     highlight(string, formatting=None)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.FunctionStart(func)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(func)
         Constructor.
             Parameters
                 func (angr.knowledge.Function) – The function instance.
     height(formatting)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Label(addr, name)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(addr, name)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.IROp(addr, seq, obj, irsb)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
          Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • seq (int) -
               • obj (IRStmt | PcodeOp) -
               • irsb (IRSB | IRSB) -
     __init__(addr, seq, obj, irsb)
             Parameters
                 • addr (int) -
                 • seq (int) -
                 • obj (IRStmt | PcodeOp) -
                 • irsb (IRSB | IRSB) -
     addr: int
     seq: int
     obj: Union[IRStmt, PcodeOp]
     irsb: Union[IRSB, IRSB]
class angr.analyses.disassembly.BlockStart(block, parentfunc, project)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
```

```
__init__(block, parentfunc, project)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Hook(block)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(block)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction(insn, parentblock, project=None)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(insn, parentblock, project=None)
     property mnemonic
     reload_format()
     dissect_instruction()
     dissect_instruction_for_arm()
     static split_arm_op_string(op_str)
             Parameters
                op_str(str)-
     dissect_instruction_by_default()
     static split_op_string(insn_str)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpression(expr)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(expr)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionTarget(target_stmt_idx)
     Bases: SootExpression
     __init__(target_stmt_idx)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionStaticFieldRef(field)
     Bases: SootExpression
     __init__(field)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke(invoke_type, expr)
     Bases: SootExpression
     Virtual = 'virtual'
     Static = 'static'
     Special = 'special'
     __init__(invoke_type, expr)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootStatement(block_addr, raw_stmt)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(block addr, raw stmt)
```

```
property stmt_idx
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Opcode(parentinsn)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(parentinsn)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Operand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     property cs_operand
     static build(operand_type, op_num, children, parentinsn)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.ConstantOperand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: Operand
class angr.analyses.disassembly.RegisterOperand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: Operand
     property register
class angr.analyses.disassembly.MemoryOperand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: Operand
     __init__(op_num, children, parentinsn)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.OperandPiece
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     addr = None
     parentop = None
     ident = None
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Register(reg, prefix=")
     Bases: OperandPiece
     __init__(reg, prefix=")
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Value(val, render_with_sign)
     Bases: OperandPiece
     __init__(val, render_with_sign)
     property project
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Comment(addr, text)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(addr, text)
     height(formatting)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.FuncComment(func)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
```

```
__init__(func)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Disassembly(function=None, ranges=None, thumb=False,
                                                                                                                                                                                                  include_ir=False, block_bytes=None)
                    Bases: Analysis
                    Produce formatted machine code disassembly.
                                       Parameters
                                                              • function (Function / None) -
                                                              • ranges (Sequence[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
                                                              • thumb (bool) -
                                                              • include_ir (bool) -
                                                              • block_bytes (bytes | None) -
                    __init__(function=None, ranges=None, thumb=False, include_ir=False, block_bytes=None)
                                                       Parameters
                                                                      • function (Function | None) -
                                                                      • ranges (Sequence[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
                                                                      • thumb (bool) -
                                                                      • include_ir (bool) -
                                                                      • block_bytes (bytes | None) -
                    project: Project
                    kb: KnowledgeBase
                    func_lookup(block)
                    parse_block(block)
                                       Parse instructions for a given block node
                                                       Return type
                                                                     None
                                                       Parameters
                                                                    block (BlockNode) -
                    \textbf{render} (\textit{formatting} = \textit{None}, \textit{show}\_\textit{edges} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{bytes} = \textit{False}, \textit{ascii}\_\textit{only} = \textit{None}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{bytes} = \textit{False}, \textit{ascii}\_\textit{only} = \textit{None}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{bytes} = \textit{False}, \textit{ascii}\_\textit{only} = \textit{None}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{bytes} = \textit{False}, \textit{ascii}\_\textit{only} = \textit{None}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{bytes} = \textit{False}, \textit{ascii}\_\textit{only} = \textit{None}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True}, \textit{show}\_\textit{addresses} = \textit{True},
                                                   color=True)
                                       Render the disassembly to a string, with optional edges and addresses.
                                       Color will be added by default, if enabled. To disable color pass an empty formatting dict.
                                                       Return type
                                                                      str
                                                       Parameters
                                                                      • show_edges (bool) -
                                                                      • show_addresses (bool) -
                                                                      • show_bytes (bool) -
```

```
• ascii_only (bool | None) -
                 • color (bool) –
angr.analyses.disassembly_utils.decode_instruction(arch, instr)
exception angr.analyses.reassembler.BinaryError
     Bases: Exception
exception angr.analyses.reassembler.InstructionError
     Bases: BinaryError
exception angr.analyses.reassembler.ReassemblerFailureNotice
     Bases: BinaryError
angr.analyses.reassembler.string_escape(s)
angr.analyses.reassembler.fill_reg_map()
angr.analyses.reassembler.split_operands(s)
angr.analyses.reassembler.is_hex(s)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Label(binary, name, original_addr=None)
     Bases: object
     g_label_ctr = count(0)
     __init__(binary, name, original_addr=None)
     property operand_str
     property offset
     static new_label(binary, name=None, function_name=None, original_addr=None, data_label=False)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.DataLabel(binary, original_addr, name=None)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, original_addr, name=None)
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.FunctionLabel(binary, function name, original addr, plt=False)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, function_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     property function_name
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.ObjectLabel(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     property symbol_name
     property operand_str
```

```
class angr.analyses.reassembler.NotypeLabel(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     property symbol_name
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.SymbolManager(binary, cfg)
     Bases: object
     SymbolManager manages all symbols in the binary.
     __init__(binary, cfg)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis instance.
                   • cfg (angr.analyses.CFG) – The CFG analysis instance.
              Returns
                  None
     get_unique_symbol_name(symbol_name)
     new_label(addr, name=None, is_function=None, force=False)
     label_got(addr, label)
          Mark a certain label as assigned (to an instruction or a block of data).
              Parameters
                   • addr (int) – The address of the label.
                   • label (angr.analyses.reassembler.Label) – The label that is just assigned.
              Returns
                  None
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Operand(binary, insn_addr, insn_size, capstone_operand, operand_str,
                                               mnemonic, operand_offset, syntax=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(binary, insn_addr, insn_size, capstone_operand, operand_str, mnemonic, operand_offset,
                syntax=None)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) - The Binary analysis.
                   • insn_addr (int) – Address of the instruction.
                   • capstone_operand -
                   • operand_str (str) – the string representation of this operand
                   • mnemonic (str) – Mnemonic of the instruction that this operand belongs to.
                   • operand_offset (int) – offset of the operand into the instruction.
                   • syntax (str) – Provide a way to override the default syntax coming from binary.
```

```
Returns
                  None
     assembly()
     property is_immediate
     property symbolized
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Instruction(binary, addr, size, insn_bytes, capstone_instr)
     Bases: object
     High-level representation of an instruction in the binary
     __init__(binary, addr, size, insn_bytes, capstone_instr)
              Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) - The Binary analysis
                   • addr (int) – Address of the instruction
                   • size (int) – Size of the instruction
                   • insn_bytes (str) – Instruction bytes
                   • capstone_instr - Capstone Instr object.
              Returns
                  None
     assign_labels()
     dbg_comments()
     assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
              Returns
class angr.analyses.reassembler.BasicBlock(binary, addr, size, x86_getpc_retsite=False)
     Bases: object
     BasicBlock represents a basic block in the binary.
          Parameters
              x86_getpc_retsite(bool) -
     __init__(binary, addr, size, x86_getpc_retsite=False)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis.
                   • addr (int) – Address of the block
                   • size (int) - Size of the block
                   • x86_getpc_retsite(bool) -
              Returns
                  None
     assign_labels()
```

```
assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
```

instruction_addresses()

class angr.analyses.reassembler.**Procedure**(binary, function=None, addr=None, size=None, name=None, section='.text', asm_code=None)

Bases: object

Procedure in the binary.

__init__(binary, function=None, addr=None, size=None, name=None, section='.text', asm_code=None)
Constructor.

Parameters

- binary (Reassembler) The Binary analysis.
- **function** (angr.knowledge.Function) The function it represents
- addr (int) Address of the function. Not required if *function* is provided.
- **size** (*int*) Size of the function. Not required if *function* is provided.
- **section** (*str*) Which section this function comes from.

Returns

None

property name

Get function name from the labels of the very first block. :return: Function name if there is any, None otherwise :rtype: string

property is_plt

If this function is a PLT entry or not. :return: True if this function is a PLT entry, False otherwise :rtype: bool

assign_labels()

assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)

Get the assembly manifest of the procedure.

Parameters

- comments -
- symbolized -

Returns

A list of tuples (address, basic block assembly), ordered by basic block addresses

Return type

list

instruction_addresses()

Get all instruction addresses in the binary.

Returns

A list of sorted instruction addresses.

Return type

list

```
class angr.analyses.reassembler.ProcedureChunk(project, addr, size)
     Bases: Procedure
     Procedure chunk.
     __init__(project, addr, size)
          Constructor.
              Parameters

    project –

                   • addr -
                   • size -
              Returns
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Data(binary, memory_data=None, section=None, section_name=None,
                                           name=None, size=None, sort=None, addr=None,
                                           initial_content=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(binary, memory_data=None, section=None, section_name=None, name=None, size=None,
                sort=None, addr=None, initial_content=None)
     property content
     shrink(new_size)
          Reduce the size of this block
              Parameters
                  new_size (int) – The new size
              Returns
                  None
     desymbolize()
          We believe this was a pointer and symbolized it before. Now we want to desymbolize it.
          The following actions are performed: - Reload content from memory - Mark the sort as 'unknown'
              Returns
                  None
     assign_labels()
     assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Relocation(addr, ref_addr, sort)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, ref_addr, sort)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler(syntax='intel', remove cgc attachments=True,
                                                    log_relocations=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     High-level representation of a binary with a linear representation of all instructions and data regions. After
     calling "symbolize", it essentially acts as a binary reassembler.
     Tested on CGC, x86 and x86-64 binaries.
```

```
Discliamer: The reassembler is an empirical solution. Don't be surprised if it does not work on some binaries.
__init__(syntax='intel', remove_cgc_attachments=True, log_relocations=True)
property instructions
     Get a list of all instructions in the binary
             A list of (address, instruction)
         Return type
             tuple
property relocations
property inserted_asm_before_label
property inserted_asm_after_label
property main_executable_regions
     return:
property main_nonexecutable_regions
     return:
section_alignment(section_name)
     Get the alignment for the specific section. If the section is not found, 16 is used as default.
         Parameters
             section_name (str) – The section.
         Returns
             The alignment in bytes.
         Return type
             int
main_executable_regions_contain(addr)
         Parameters
             addr -
         Returns
main_executable_region_limbos_contain(addr)
     Sometimes there exists a pointer that points to a few bytes before the beginning of a section, or a few bytes
     after the beginning of the section. We take care of that here.
         Parameters
             addr (int) – The address to check.
             A 2-tuple of (bool, the closest base address)
         Return type
             tuple
main_nonexecutable_regions_contain(addr)
         Parameters
             addr (int) – The address to check.
```

Returns

True if the address is inside a non-executable region, False otherwise.

Return type

bool

```
main_nonexecutable_region_limbos_contain(addr, tolerance_before=64, tolerance_after=64)
```

Sometimes there exists a pointer that points to a few bytes before the beginning of a section, or a few bytes after the beginning of the section. We take care of that here.

Parameters

addr (*int*) – The address to check.

Returns

A 2-tuple of (bool, the closest base address)

Return type

tuple

register_instruction_reference(insn_addr, ref_addr, sort, operand_offset)

```
register_data_reference(data_addr, ref_addr)
```

```
add_label(name, addr)
```

Add a new label to the symbol manager.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the label.
- addr (int) Address of the label.

Returns

None

```
insert_asm(addr, asm_code, before_label=False)
```

Insert some assembly code at the specific address. There must be an instruction starting at that address.

Parameters

- addr (int) Address of insertion
- asm_code (str) The assembly code to insert

Returns

None

append_procedure(name, asm_code)

Add a new procedure with specific name and assembly code.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) The name of the new procedure.
- **asm_code** (*str*) The assembly code of the procedure

Returns

None

append_data(name, initial_content, size, readonly=False, sort='unknown')

Append a new data entry into the binary with specific name, content, and size.

Parameters

• name (str) – Name of the data entry. Will be used as the label.

```
• initial_content (bytes) – The initial content of the data entry.
             • size (int) – Size of the data entry.
             • readonly (bool) – If the data entry belongs to the readonly region.
             • sort (str) – Type of the data.
         Returns
            None
remove_instruction(ins_addr)
         Parameters
             ins_addr -
         Returns
randomize_procedures()
         Returns
symbolize()
assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
remove_cgc_attachments()
     Remove CGC attachments.
         Returns
             True if CGC attachments are found and removed, False otherwise
         Return type
            bool
remove_unnecessary_stuff()
     Remove unnecessary functions and data
         Returns
             None
remove_unnecessary_stuff_glibc()
project: Project
kb: KnowledgeBase
fast_memory_load(addr, size, data_type, endness='Iend_LE')
     Load memory bytes from loader's memory backend.
         Parameters
             • addr (int) – The address to begin memory loading.
             • size (int) – Size in bytes.
             • data_type – Type of the data.
             • endness (str) – Endianness of this memory load.
         Returns
            Data read out of the memory.
         Return type
```

int or bytes or str or None

```
class angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck(throw=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     This is an analysis to ensure that angr executes things identically with different execution backends (i.e., unicorn
     vs vex).
     __init__(throw=False)
          Initializes a CongruencyCheck analysis.
               Parameters
                   throw – whether to raise an exception if an incongruency is found.
     set_state_options(left_add_options=None, left_remove_options=None, right_add_options=None,
                           right remove options=None)
          Checks that the specified state options result in the same states over the next depth states.
     set_states(left_state, right_state)
          Checks that the specified paths stay the same over the next depth states.
     set_simgr(simgr)
     run(depth=None)
          Checks that the paths in the specified path group stay the same over the next depth bytes.
          The path group should have a "left" and a "right" stash, each with a single path.
     compare_path_group(pg)
     compare_states(sl, sr)
          Compares two states for similarity.
     compare_paths(pl, pr)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.static_hooker.StaticHooker(library, binary=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     This analysis works on statically linked binaries - it finds the library functions statically linked into the binary
     and hooks them with the appropriate simprocedures.
     Right now it only works on unstripped binaries, but hey! There's room to grow!
     __init__(library, binary=None)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.ConstantPropagation(constant, constant_assignment_loc,
                                                                    constant_consuming_loc)
     Bases: object
     __init__(constant, constant_assignment_loc, constant_consuming_loc)
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.RedundantStackVariable(argument, stack_variable,
                                                                        stack_variable_consuming_locs)
     Bases: object
```

```
__init__(argument, stack_variable, stack_variable_consuming_locs)
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.RegisterReallocation(stack_variable, register_variable,
                                                                    stack variable sources,
                                                                    stack variable consumers,
                                                                    prologue_addr, prologue_size,
                                                                    epilogue_addr, epilogue_size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(stack_variable, register_variable, stack_variable_sources, stack_variable_consumers,
                prologue_addr, prologue_size, epilogue_addr, epilogue_size)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                   • stack_variable (SimStackVariable) -
                   • register_variable (SimRegisterVariable) -
                   • stack_variable_sources (list) -
                   • stack_variable_consumers (list) -
                   • prologue_addr (int) -
                   • prologue_size (int) -
                   • epilogue_addr (int) -
                   • epilogue_size (int) -
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.DeadAssignment(pv)
     Bases: object
     __init__(pv)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  pv (angr.analyses.ddg.ProgramVariable) – The assignment to remove.
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.BinaryOptimizer(cfg, techniques)
     Bases: Analysis
     This is a collection of binary optimization techniques we used in Mechanical Phish during the finals of Cyber
     Grand Challange. It focuses on dealing with some serious speed-impacting code constructs, and sort of worked
     on some CGC binaries compiled with O0. Use this analysis as a reference of how to use data dependency graph
     and such.
     There is no guarantee that BinaryOptimizer will ever work on non-CGC binaries. Feel free to give us PR or MR,
     but please do not ask for support of non-CGC binaries.
     BLOCKS_THRESHOLD = 500
     __init__(cfg, techniques)
     optimize()
     project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder.CalleeCleanupFinder(starts=None, hook_all=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     __init__(starts=None, hook all=False)
     analyze(addr)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.dominance_frontier.DominanceFrontier(func, exception_edges=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     Computes the dominance frontier of all nodes in a function graph, and provides an easy-to-use interface for
     querying the frontier information.
     __init__(func, exception_edges=False)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.init_finder.SimEngineInitFinderVEX(project, replacements, overlay,
                                                               pointers only=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight
     The VEX engine class for InitFinder.
     __init__(project, replacements, overlay, pointers_only=False)
     static is_concrete(expr)
              Return type
                  bool
class angr.analyses.init_finder.InitializationFinder(func=None, func_graph=None, block=None,
                                                             max_iterations=1, replacements=None,
                                                             overlay=None, pointers_only=False)
     Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis
     Finds possible initializations for global data sections and generate an overlay to be used in other analyses later
     __init__(func=None, func_graph=None, block=None, max_iterations=1, replacements=None,
               overlay=None, pointers_only=False)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                  • order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                  • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                  • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                  • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) - A graph visitor to provide successors.
              Returns
                  None
```

```
project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.analyses.xrefs.**SimEngineXRefsVEX**(xref_manager, project=None, replacements=None)

Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight

The VEX engine class for XRefs analysis.

__init__(xref_manager, project=None, replacements=None)

add_xref(xref_type, from_loc, to_loc)

static extract_value_if_concrete(expr)

Extract the concrete value from expr if it is a concrete claripy AST.

Parameters

expr – A claripy AST.

Return type

Optional[int]

Returns

A concrete value or None if nothing concrete can be extracted.

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis

XRefsAnalysis recovers in-depth x-refs (cross-references) in disassembly code.

Here is an example:

```
.text:
000023C8
                          LDR
                                   R2, =time_now
000023CA
                          LDR
                                   R3, [R2]
000023CC
                          ADDS
                                   R3, #1
                                   R3, [R2]
000023CE
                          STR
000023D0
                                   LR
                          BX
.bss:
1FFF36F4 time_now
                          % 4
```

You will have the following x-refs for time_now:

```
23c8 - offset
23ca - read access
23ce - write access
```

__init__(func=None, func_graph=None, block=None, max_iterations=1, replacements=None)
Constructor

Parameters

- order_jobs (bool) If all jobs should be ordered or not.
- allow_merging (bool) If job merging is allowed.
- **allow_widening** (*bool*) If job widening is allowed.
- graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) A graph visitor to provide successors.

```
Returns
                 None
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.ProxiNodeTypes
     Bases: object
     Node Type Enums
     Empty = 0
     String = 1
     Function = 2
     FunctionCall = 3
     Integer = 4
     Unknown = 5
     Variable = 6
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.BaseProxiNode(type_, ref_at=None)
     Bases: object
     Base class for all nodes in a proximity graph.
         Parameters
               • type_(int)-
               • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(type_, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 • type_(int)-
                 • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.FunctionProxiNode(func, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Proximity node showing current and expanded function calls in graph.
         Parameters
             ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(func, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.VariableProxiNode(addr, name, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Variable arg node
         Parameters
             ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
```

```
__init__(addr, name, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.StringProxiNode(addr, content, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     String arg node
         Parameters
             ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(addr, content, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.CallProxiNode(callee, ref_at=None, args=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Call node
         Parameters
               • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
               • args (Tuple[BaseProxiNode] | None) -
     __init__(callee, ref_at=None, args=None)
             Parameters
                 • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
                 • args (Tuple[BaseProxiNode] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.IntegerProxiNode(value, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Int arg node
         Parameters
               • value (int) -
               • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(value, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 • value (int) -
                 • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.UnknownProxiNode(dummy_value)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Unknown arg node
         Parameters
             dummy_value (str) -
```

```
__init__(dummy_value)
              Parameters
                 dummy_value (str) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.ProximityGraphAnalysis(func, cfg_model, xrefs,
                                                                  decompilation=None,
                                                                  expand_funcs=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Generate a proximity graph.
          Parameters
               • func (Function) -
               • cfg_model (CFGModel) -
               • xrefs (XRefManager) -
               • decompilation (Decompiler / None) -
                • expand_funcs (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(func, cfg_model, xrefs, decompilation=None, expand_funcs=None)
              Parameters
                  • func (Function) -
                  • cfg_model (CFGModel) -
                  • xrefs (XRefManager) -
                  • decompilation (Decompiler / None) -
                  • expand_funcs (Set[int] | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
Defines analysis that will generate a dynamic data-dependency graph
class angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.NodalAnnotation(node)
     Bases: Annotation
     Allows a node to be stored as an annotation to a BV in a DefaultMemory instance
          Parameters
             node (BaseDepNode) -
     __init__(node)
              Parameters
                 node (BaseDepNode) -
     property relocatable: bool
          Can not be relocated in a simplification
     property eliminatable
          Can not be eliminated in a simplification
```

end_at=None, block_addrs=None)

Bases: Analysis

This is a DYNAMIC data dependency graph that utilizes a given SimState to produce a DDG graph that is accurate to the path the program took during execution.

This analysis utilizes the SimActionData objects present in the provided SimState's action history to generate the dependency graph.

Parameters

- end_state (SimState) -
- start_from (int | None) -
- end_at (int | None) -
- block_addrs (List[int] | None) -

__init__(end_state, start_from=None, end_at=None, block_addrs=None)

Parameters

- end_state (SimState) Simulation state used to extract all SimActionData
- start_from (Optional[int]) An address or None, Specifies where to start generation of DDG
- end_at (Optional[int]) An address or None, Specifies where to end generation of DDG
- block_addrs (List[int] / None) List of block addresses that the DDG analysis should be run on
- block_addrs -

```
property graph: DiGraph | None
```

property simplified_graph: DiGraph | None

property sub_graph: DiGraph | None

get_data_dep(g_node, include_tmp_nodes, backwards)

Return type

Optional[DiGraph]

Parameters

- g_node (BaseDepNode) -
- include_tmp_nodes (bool) -
- backwards (bool) -

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location.SimActLocation(bbl_addr, ins_addr, stmt_idx)
     Bases: object
     Structure-like class used to bundle the instruction address and statement index of a given SimAction in order to
     uniquely identify a given SimAction
          Parameters
                • bbl_addr (int) -
                • ins_addr (int) -
                • stmt_idx (int) -
     __init__(bbl_addr, ins_addr, stmt_idx)
              Parameters
                  • bbl_addr (int) -
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location.ParsedInstruction(ins_addr, min_stmt_idx,
                                                                          max_stmt_idx)
     Bases: object
     Used by parser to facilitate linking with recent ancestors in an efficient manner
          Parameters
                • ins_addr (int) -
                • min_stmt_idx (int) -
                • max_stmt_idx (int) -
     __init__(ins_addr, min_stmt_idx, max_stmt_idx)
              Parameters
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • min_stmt_idx (int) -
                  • max_stmt_idx (int) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.DepNodeTypes
     Bases: object
     Enumeration of types of BaseDepNode supported by this analysis
     Memory = 1
     Register = 2
     Tmp = 3
     Constant = 4
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.BaseDepNode(type_, sim_act)
     Bases: object
```

Base class for all nodes in a data-dependency graph

```
Parameters
                • type_(int)-
                • sim_act (SimActionData) -
     __init__(type_, sim_act)
              Parameters
                  • type_(int)-
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
     value_tuple()
              Return type
                  Tuple[BV, int]
              Returns
                  A tuple containing the node's value as a BV and as an evaluated integer
     property ast: BV
     property type: int
          Getter :return: An integer defined in DepNodeTypes, represents the subclass type of this DepNode.
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.ConstantDepNode(sim_act, value)
     Bases: BaseDepNode
     Used to create a DepNode that will hold a constant, numeric value Uniquely identified by its value
          Parameters
                • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                • value (int) -
     __init__(sim_act, value)
              Parameters
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                  • value (int) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.MemDepNode(sim_act, addr)
     Bases: BaseDepNode
     Used to represent SimActions of type MEM
          Parameters
                • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                • addr (int) -
     __init__(sim_act, addr)
              Parameters
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                  • addr (int) -
     property width: int
```

```
classmethod cast_to_mem(base_dep_node)
          Casts a BaseDepNode into a MemDepNode
             Parameters
                 base_dep_node (BaseDepNode) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.VarDepNode(type_, sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
     Bases: BaseDepNode
     Abstract class for representing SimActions of TYPE reg or tmp
          Parameters
               • type_(int)-
               • sim_act (SimActionData) -
               • reg(int)-
               • arch_name (str) -
     __init__(type_, sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
             Parameters
                 • type_(int)-
                 • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                 • reg(int)-
                 • arch_name (str) -
     property display_name: str
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.TmpDepNode(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
     Bases: VarDepNode
     Used to represent SimActions of type TMP
          Parameters
               • sim_act (SimActionData) -
               • reg (int) -
               • arch_name (str) -
     __init__(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
             Parameters
                 • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                 • reg(int)-
                 • arch_name (str) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.RegDepNode(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
     Bases: VarDepNode
     Base class for representing SimActions of TYPE reg
          Parameters
               • sim_act (SimActionData) -
               • reg(int)-
```

```
• arch_name (str) -
__init__(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
        Parameters
            • sim_act (SimActionData) -
            • reg (int) -
            • arch_name (str) -
property reg_size: int
```

exception angr.blade.BadJumpkindNotification

Bases: Exception

Notifies the caller that the jumpkind is bad (e.g., Ijk_NoDecode)

class angr.blade.**Blade**(graph, dst_run, dst_stmt_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore_sp=False, ignore_bp=False, ignored_regs=None, max_level=3, base_state=None, stop_at_calls=False, cross_insn_opt=False, max_predecessors=10, include_imarks=True)

Bases: object

Blade is a light-weight program slicer that works with networkx DiGraph containing CFGNodes. It is meant to be used in angr for small or on-the-fly analyses.

Parameters

- graph (DiGraph) -
- dst_run(int)-
- dst_stmt_idx (int) -
- direction (str) -
- ignore_sp (bool) -
- ignore_bp (bool) -
- max_level (int) -
- stop_at_calls (bool) -
- max_predecessors (int) -
- include_imarks (bool) -

__init__(graph, dst_run, dst_stmt_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore_sp=False, ignore_bp=False, ignored_regs=None, max_level=3, base_state=None, stop_at_calls=False, cross_insn_opt=False, max_predecessors=10, include_imarks=True)

Parameters

- graph (DiGraph) A graph representing the control flow graph. Note that it does not take angr.analyses.CFGEmulated or angr.analyses.CFGFast.
- **dst_run** (int) An address specifying the target SimRun.
- dst_stmt_idx (int) The target statement index. -1 means executing until the last statement.
- direction (str) 'backward' or 'forward' slicing. Forward slicing is not yet supported.
- **project** (angr.Project) The project instance.

```
• cfg (angr.analyses.CFGBase) – the CFG instance. It will be made mandatory later.
```

- **ignore_sp** (bool) Whether the stack pointer should be ignored in dependency tracking. Any dependency from/to stack pointers will be ignored if this options is True.
- **ignore_bp** (bool) Whether the base pointer should be ignored or not.
- max_level (int) The maximum number of blocks that we trace back for.
- **stop_at_calls** (bool) Limit slicing within a single function. Do not proceed when encounters a call edge.
- include_imarks (bool) Should IMarks (instruction boundaries) be included in the slice.
- max_predecessors (int) -

Returns

None

property slice

dbg_repr(arch=None)

class angr.slicer.**SimLightState**(temps=None, regs=None, stack_offsets=None, options=None)

Bases: object

Represents a program state. Only used in SimSlicer.

__init__(temps=None, regs=None, stack_offsets=None, options=None)

temps

regs

stack_offsets

options

Bases: object

A super lightweight intra-IRSB slicing class.

Parameters

```
include_imarks (bool) -
```

__init__(arch, statements, target_tmps=None, target_regs=None, target_stack_offsets=None, inslice_callback=None, inslice_callback_infodict=None, include_imarks=True)

Parameters

include_imarks (bool) -

class angr.annocfg.**AnnotatedCFG**(project, cfg=None, detect_loops=False)

Bases: object

AnnotatedCFG is a control flow graph with statement whitelists and exit whitelists to describe a slice of the program.

```
__init__(project, cfg=None, detect_loops=False)
Constructor.
```

Parameters

- **project** The angr Project instance
- **cfg** Control flow graph.
- detect_loops -

from_digraph(digraph)

Initialize this AnnotatedCFG object with a networkx.DiGraph consisting of the following form of nodes:

Tuples like (block address, statement ID)

Those nodes are connected by edges indicating the execution flow.

Parameters

```
digraph (networkx.DiGraph) - A networkx.DiGraph object
```

```
get_addr(run)
add_block_to_whitelist(block)
add_statements_to_whitelist(block, stmt_ids)
add_exit_to_whitelist(run_from, run_to)
set_last_statement(block_addr, stmt_id)
add_loop(loop_tuple)
```

A loop tuple contains a series of IRSB addresses that form a loop. Ideally it always starts with the first IRSB that we meet during the execution.

```
should_take_exit(addr_from, addr_to)
should_execute_statement(addr, stmt_id)
get_run(addr)
get_whitelisted_statements(addr)
```

Returns

True if all statements are whitelisted

```
get_last_statement_index(addr)
```

Get the statement index of the last statement to execute in the basic block specified by addr.

Parameters

```
addr (int) - Address of the basic block.
```

Returns

The statement index of the last statement to be executed in the block. Usually if the default exit is taken, it will be the last statement to execute. If the block is not in the slice or we should never take any exit going to this block, None is returned.

Return type

int or None

```
get_loops()
```

```
get_targets(source_addr)
     dbg_repr()
     dbg_print_irsb(irsb_addr, project=None)
          Pretty-print an IRSB with whitelist information
     keep_path(path)
          Given a path, returns True if the path should be kept, False if it should be cut.
     merge_points(path)
     successor_func(path)
          Callback routine that takes in a path, and returns all feasible successors to path group. This callback routine
          should be passed to the keyword argument "successor_func" of PathGroup.step().
              Parameters
                  path – A Path instance.
              Returns
                  A list of all feasible Path successors.
angr.codenode.repr_addr(addr)
class angr.codenode.CodeNode(addr, size, graph=None, thumb=False)
     Bases: object
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(addr, size, graph=None, thumb=False)
              Parameters
                   • addr (int) -
                   • size (int) -
     addr:
             int
     size:
             int
     thumb
     successors()
              Return type
                  List[CodeNode]
     predecessors()
     is_hook = None
class angr.codenode.BlockNode(addr, size, bytestr=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CodeNode
          Parameters
                 • addr (int) -
```

• size (int) -

```
is_hook = False
     __init__(addr, size, bytestr=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  addr (int) -
     bytestr
class angr.codenode.SootBlockNode(addr, size, stmts, **kwargs)
     Bases: BlockNode
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(addr, size, stmts, **kwargs)
     stmts
class angr.codenode.HookNode(addr, size, sim_procedure, **kwargs)
     Bases: CodeNode
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • size (int) -
     is_hook = True
     __init__(addr, size, sim_procedure, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  sim_procedure (type) - the the sim_procedure class
     sim_procedure
class angr.codenode.SyscallNode(addr, size, sim_procedure, **kwargs)
     Bases: HookNode
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • size (int) -
     is_hook = False
     sim_procedure
```

10.16 SimOS

```
Manage OS-level configuration.
angr.simos.register_simos(name, cls)
class angr.simos.simos.SimOS(project, name=None)
     Bases: object
     A class describing OS/arch-level configuration.
           Parameters
               project (angr.Project) -
     __init__(project, name=None)
               Parameters
                   project (Project) -
     configure_project()
           Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).
     state_blank(addr=None, initial_prefix=None, brk=None, stack_end=None, stack_size=8388608,
                    stdin=None, thread_idx=None, permissions_backer=None, **kwargs)
           Initialize a blank state.
           All parameters are optional.
               Parameters
                    • addr – The execution start address.
                    • initial_prefix -
                    • stack_end – The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
                    • stack_size - The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
                    • brk – The address of the process' break.
               Returns
                   The initialized SimState.
           Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor
     state_entry(**kwargs)
     state_full_init(**kwargs)
     state_call(addr, *args, **kwargs)
     prepare_call_state(calling_state, initial_state=None, preserve_registers=(), preserve_memory=())
           This function prepares a state that is executing a call instruction. If given an initial_state, it copies over all
           of the critical registers to it from the calling_state. Otherwise, it prepares the calling_state for action.
```

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transfer t9, gp, and ra to the new state.

This is mostly used to create minimalistic for CFG generation. Some ABIs, such as MIPS PIE and x86 PIE, require certain information to be maintained in certain registers. For example, for PIE MIPS, this function

```
prepare_function_symbol(symbol_name, basic_addr=None)
```

Prepare the address space with the data necessary to perform relocations pointing to the given symbol

Returns a 2-tuple. The first item is the address of the function code, the second is the address of the relocation target.

```
handle_exception(successors, engine, exception)
```

Perform exception handling. This method will be called when, during execution, a SimException is thrown. Currently, this can only indicate a segfault, but in the future it could indicate any unexpected exceptional behavior that can't be handled by ordinary control flow.

The method may mutate the provided SimSuccessors object in any way it likes, or re-raise the exception.

Parameters

- successors The SimSuccessors object currently being executed on
- **engine** The engine that was processing this step
- **exception** The actual exception object

Return type

Optional[SimCCSyscal1]

```
is_syscall_addr(addr)
```

syscall_from_addr(addr, allow_unsupported=True)

syscall_from_number(number, allow_unsupported=True, abi=None)

setup_gdt(state, gdt)

Write the GlobalDescriptorTable object in the current state memory

Parameters

- state state in which to write the GDT
- **gdt** GlobalDescriptorTable object

Returns

```
generate_gdt(fs, gs, fs_size=4294967295, gs_size=4294967295)
```

Generate a GlobalDescriptorTable object and populate it using the value of the gs and fs register

Parameters

- **fs** value of the fs segment register
- gs value of the gs segment register
- **fs_size** size of the fs segment register
- gs_size size of the gs segment register

Returns

gdt a GlobalDescriptorTable object

```
class angr.simos.simos.GlobalDescriptorTable(addr, limit, table, gdt_sel, cs_sel, ds_sel, es_sel, ss_sel, fs_sel, gs_sel)

Bases: object
__init__(addr, limit, table, gdt_sel, cs_sel, ds_sel, es_sel, ss_sel, fs_sel, gs_sel)

class angr.simos.linux.SimLinux(project, **kwargs)

Bases: SimUserland

OS-specific configuration for *nix-y OSes.
__init__(project, **kwargs)

configure_project()

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

syscall_abi(state)

Optionally, override this function to determine which abi is being used for the state's current syscall.

state_blank(fs=None, concrete_fs=False, chroot=None, cwd=None, pathsep=b'/", thread_idx=None, init_libc=False, **kwargs)
```

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- addr The execution start address.
- initial_prefix -
- **stack_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(args=None, env=None, argc=None, **kwargs)
set_entry_register_values(state)
state_full_init(**kwargs)
prepare_function_symbol(symbol_name, basic_addr=None)
```

Prepare the address space with the data necessary to perform relocations pointing to the given symbol.

Returns a 2-tuple. The first item is the address of the function code, the second is the address of the relocation target.

```
initialize_segment_register_x64(state, concrete_target)
```

Set the fs register in the angr to the value of the fs register in the concrete process

Parameters

- state state which will be modified
- concrete_target concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

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Returns

None

```
initialize_gdt_x86(state, concrete_target)
```

Create a GDT in the state memory and populate the segment registers. Rehook the vsyscall address using the real value in the concrete process memory

Parameters

- state state which will be modified
- **concrete_target** concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

Returns

```
get_segment_register_name()
```

class angr.simos.cgc.SimCGC(project, **kwargs)

Bases: SimUserland

Environment configuration for the CGC DECREE platform

```
__init__(project, **kwargs)
```

state_blank(flag_page=None, allocate_stack_page_count=256, **kwargs)

Parameters

- flag_page Flag page content, either a string or a list of BV8s
- allocate_stack_page_count Number of pages to pre-allocate for stack

state_entry(add_options=None, **kwargs)

Bases: SimOS

This is a base class for any SimOS that wants to support syscalls.

It uses the CLE kernel object to provide addresses for syscalls. Syscalls will be emulated as a jump to one of these addresses, where a SimProcedure from the syscall library provided at construction time will be executed.

```
__init__(project, syscall_library=None, syscall_addr_alignment=4, **kwargs)
```

```
configure_project(abi_list=None)
```

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

syscall_cc(state)

Return type

SimCCSyscall

syscall(state, allow_unsupported=True)

Given a state, return the procedure corresponding to the current syscall. This procedure will have .syscall_number, .display_name, and .addr set.

Parameters

- **state** The state to get the syscall number from
- **allow_unsupported** Whether to return a "dummy" sycall instead of raising an unsupported exception

```
syscall_abi(state)
```

Optionally, override this function to determine which abi is being used for the state's current syscall.

```
is_syscall_addr(addr)
```

Return whether or not the given address corresponds to a syscall implementation.

```
syscall_from_addr(addr, allow_unsupported=True)
```

Get a syscall SimProcedure from an address.

Parameters

- addr The address to convert to a syscall SimProcedure
- **allow_unsupported** Whether to return a dummy procedure for an unsupported syscall instead of raising an exception.

Returns

The SimProcedure for the syscall, or None if the address is not a syscall address.

```
syscall_from_number(number, allow_unsupported=True, abi=None)
```

Get a syscall SimProcedure from its number.

Parameters

- **number** The syscall number
- **allow_unsupported** Whether to return a "stub" syscall for unsupported numbers instead of throwing an error
- **abi** The name of the abi to use. If None, will assume that the abis have disjoint numbering schemes and pick the right one.

Returns

configure_project()

The SimProcedure for the syscall

```
class angr.simos.windows.SecurityCookieInit(value)
    Bases: Enum
    An enumeration.
NONE = 0
RANDOM = 1
STATIC = 2
SYMBOLIC = 3
class angr.simos.windows.SimWindows(project)
    Bases: SimOS
Environment for the Windows Win32 subsystem. Does not support syscalls currently.
__init__(project)
```

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

state_entry(args=None, env=None, argc=None, **kwargs)

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```
state_blank(thread idx=None, **kwargs)
```

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- addr The execution start address.
- initial_prefix -
- **stack_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- **stack_size** The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

handle_exception(successors, engine, exception)

Perform exception handling. This method will be called when, during execution, a SimException is thrown. Currently, this can only indicate a segfault, but in the future it could indicate any unexpected exceptional behavior that can't be handled by ordinary control flow.

The method may mutate the provided SimSuccessors object in any way it likes, or re-raise the exception.

Parameters

- successors The SimSuccessors object currently being executed on
- engine The engine that was processing this step
- exception The actual exception object

```
initialize_segment_register_x64(state, concrete_target)
```

Set the gs register in the angr to the value of the fs register in the concrete process

Parameters

- state state which will be modified
- **concrete_target** concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

Returns

None

initialize_gdt_x86(state, concrete_target)

Create a GDT in the state memory and populate the segment registers.

Parameters

- **state** state which will be modified
- **concrete_target** concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

Returns

the created GlobalDescriptorTable object

```
get_segment_register_name()
```

```
class angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimOS

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

state_blank(addr=None, **kwargs)

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

Parameters

- **addr** The execution start address.
- initial_prefix -
- **stack_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(args=None, **kwargs)
```

Create an entry state.

Parameters

args – List of SootArgument values (optional).

static generate_symbolic_cmd_line_arg(state, max_length=1000)

Generates a new symbolic cmd line argument string. :return: The string reference.

```
state_call(addr, *args, **kwargs)
```

Create a native or a Java call state.

Parameters

- addr Soot or native addr of the invoke target.
- args List of SootArgument values.

static get_default_value_by_type(type_, state)

Java specify defaults values for primitive and reference types. This method returns the default value for a given type.

Parameters

- **type** (*str*) Name of type.
- **state** (SimState) Current SimState.

Returns

Default value for this type.

static cast_primitive(state, value, to_type)

Cast the value of primtive types.

Parameters

- value Bitvector storing the primitive value.
- **to_type** Name of the targeted type.

Returns

Resized value.

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static init_static_field(state, field_class_name, field_name, field_type)

Initialize the static field with an allocated, but not initialized, object of the given type.

Parameters

- **state** State associated to the field.
- **field_class_name** Class containing the field.
- **field_name** Name of the field.
- **field_type** Type of the field and the new object.

```
static get_cmd_line_args(state)
```

```
get_addr_of_native_method(soot_method)
```

Get address of the implementation from a native declared Java function.

Parameters

soot_method – Method descriptor of a native declared function.

Returns

CLE address of the given method.

```
get_native_type(java_type)
```

Maps the Java type to a SimTypeReg representation of its native counterpart. This type can be used to indicate the (well-defined) size of native JNI types.

Returns

A SymTypeReg with the JNI size of the given type.

```
get_method_native_type(method)
```

property native_arch

Arch of the native simos.

Type

return

```
get_native_cc()
```

Returns

SimCC object for the native simos.

```
angr.simos.javavm.prepare_native_return_state(native_state)
```

Hook target for native function call returns.

Recovers and stores the return value from native memory and toggles the state, s.t. execution continues in the Soot engine.

Note: Redirection needed for pickling.

10.17 Function Signature Matching

```
Bases: object
```

This class describes a FLIRT signature.

Parameters

- arch (str) -
- platform (str) -
- sig_name (str) -
- sig_path (str) -
- unique_strings (Set[str] | None) -
- compiler (str / None) -
- compiler_version(str | None) -
- os_name(str | None) -
- os_version(str | None) -

__init__(arch, platform, sig_name, sig_path, unique_strings=None, compiler=None, compiler_version=None, os_name=None, os_version=None)

Parameters

- arch (str) -
- platform (str) -
- sig_name (str) -
- sig_path (str) -
- unique_strings (Set[str] | None) -
- compiler (str / None) -
- compiler_version (str | None) -
- os_name(str | None) -
- os_version(str | None) -

angr.flirt.FS

alias of FlirtSignature

$\verb"angr.flirt.load_signatures"(path)$

Recursively load all FLIRT signatures under a specific path.

Parameters

path (str) – Location of FLIRT signatures.

Return type

None

```
angr.flirt.build_sig.get_basic_info(ar_path)
     Get basic information of the archive file.
          Return type
              Dict[str, str]
          Parameters
              ar_path(str)-
angr.flirt.build_sig.get_unique_strings(ar_path)
     For Linux libraries, this method requires ar (from binutils), nm (from binutils), and strings.
          Return type
              List[str]
          Parameters
              ar_path(str)-
angr.flirt.build_sig.run_pelf(pelf_path, ar_path, output_path)
          Parameters
                • pelf_path(str)-
                • ar_path (str) -
                • output_path (str) -
angr.flirt.build_sig.run_sigmake(sigmake_path, sig_name, pat_path, sig_path)
          Parameters
                • sigmake_path(str)-
                • sig_name (str) -
                • pat_path (str) -
                • sig_path (str) -
angr.flirt.build_sig.process_exc_file(exc_path)
     We are doing the stupidest thing possible: For each batch of conflicts, we pick the most likely result baed on a
     set of predefined rules.
     TODO: Add caller-callee-based de-duplication.
          Parameters
              exc_path (str) -
angr.flirt.build_sig.main()
10.18 Utils
angr.utils.looks_like_sql(s)
     Determine if string s looks like an SQL query.
          Parameters
              s(str) – The string to detect.
          Return type
```

bool

Returns

True if the string looks like an SQL, False otherwise.

```
angr.utils.algo.binary_insert(lst, elem, key, lo=0, hi=None)
```

Insert an element into a sorted list, and keep the list sorted.

The major difference from bisect_left is that this function supports a key method, so user doesn't have to create the key array for each insertion.

Parameters

- **1st** (*1ist*) The list. Must be pre-ordered.
- **element** (*object*) An element to insert into the list.
- **key** (*func*) A method to get the key for each element in the list.
- **lo** (*int*) Lower bound of the search.
- **hi** (*int*) Upper bound of the search.
- elem (Any) -

Return type

None

Returns

None

```
angr.utils.constants.is_alignment_mask(n)
```

```
class angr.utils.cowdict.ChainMapCOW(*args, collapse_threshold=None)
```

Bases: ChainMap

Implements a copy-on-write version of ChainMap that supports auto-collapsing.

```
__init__(*args, collapse_threshold=None)
```

Initialize a ChainMap by setting *maps* to the given mappings. If no mappings are provided, a single empty dictionary is used.

copy()

New ChainMap or subclass with a new copy of maps[0] and refs to maps[1:]

clean()

class angr.utils.cowdict.DefaultChainMapCOW(default_factory, *args, collapse_threshold=None)

Bases: ChainMapCOW

Implements a copy-on-write version of ChainMap with default values that supports auto-collapsing.

```
__init__(default_factory, *args, collapse_threshold=None)
```

Initialize a ChainMap by setting *maps* to the given mappings. If no mappings are provided, a single empty dictionary is used.

clean()

class angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist.DynamicDictList(max_size=None, content=None)

Bases: Generic[VT]

A list-like container class that internally uses dicts to store values when the number of values is less than the threshold *LIST2DICT_THRESHOLD*. Keys must be ints.

The default thresholds are determined according to experiments described at https://github.com/angr/angr/pull/3471#issuecomment-1236515950.

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```
__init__(max_size=None, content=None)
              Parameters
                  • max_size(int | None) -
                  • content (DynamicDictList | Dict[int, VT] | List[VT] | None) -
     list_content: Optional[List[TypeVar(VT)]]
     max size
     dict_content: Optional[Dict[int, TypeVar(VT)]]
     real_length()
              Return type
                  int
angr.utils.enums_conv.cfg_jumpkind_to_pb(jk)
angr.utils.enums_conv.func_edge_type_to_pb(jk)
angr.utils.enums_conv.cfg_jumpkind_from_pb(pb)
angr.utils.enums_conv.func_edge_type_from_pb(pb)
angr.utils.env.is_pyinstaller()
     Detect if we are currently running as a PyInstaller-packaged program.
          Return type
              bool
          Returns
              True if we are running as a PyInstaller-packaged program. False if we are running in Python
              directly (e.g., development mode).
angr.utils.graph.shallow_reverse(g)
     Make a shallow copy of a directional graph and reverse the edges. This is a workaround to solve the issue that
     one cannot easily make a shallow reversed copy of a graph in NetworkX 2, since networkx.reverse(copy=False)
     now returns a GraphView, and GraphViews are always read-only.
          Parameters
              g (networkx.DiGraph) – The graph to reverse.
          Return type
              DiGraph
          Returns
              A new networkx.DiGraph that has all nodes and all edges of the original graph, with edges re-
              versed.
angr.utils.graph.inverted_idoms(graph)
     Invert the given graph and generate the immediate dominator tree on the inverted graph. This is useful for
     computing post-dominators.
          Parameters
              graph (DiGraph) – The graph to invert and generate immediate dominator tree for.
          Return type
              Tuple[DiGraph, Optional[Dict]]
```

Returns

A tuple of the inverted graph and the immediate dominator tree.

angr.utils.graph.to_acyclic_graph(graph, ordered_nodes=None, loop_heads=None)

Convert a given DiGraph into an acyclic graph.

Parameters

- graph (DiGraph) The graph to convert.
- ordered_nodes (Optional[List]) A list of nodes sorted in a topological order.
- loop_heads (Optional[List]) A list of known loop head nodes.

Return type

DiGraph

Returns

The converted acyclic graph.

angr.utils.graph.dfs_back_edges(graph, start_node)

Perform an iterative DFS traversal of the graph, returning back edges.

Parameters

- **graph** The graph to traverse.
- **start_node** The node where to start the traversal.

Returns

An iterator of 'backward' edges.

angr.utils.graph.subgraph_between_nodes(graph, source, frontier, include_frontier=False)

For a directed graph, return a subgraph that includes all nodes going from a source node to a target node.

Parameters

- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) The directed graph.
- **source** The source node.
- **frontier** (*list*) A collection of target nodes.
- **include_frontier** (*bool*) Should nodes in frontier be included in the subgraph.

Returns

A subgraph.

Return type

networkx.DiGraph

angr.utils.graph.dominates(idom, dominator_node, node)

angr.utils.graph.compute_dominance_frontier(graph, domtree)

Compute a dominance frontier based on the given post-dominator tree.

This implementation is based on figure 2 of paper An Efficient Method of Computing Static Single Assignment Form by Ron Cytron, etc.

Parameters

- **graph** The graph where we want to compute the dominance frontier.
- **domtree** The dominator tree

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Returns

```
A dict of dominance frontier
class angr.utils.graph.TemporaryNode(label)
     Bases: object
     A temporary node.
     Used as the start node and end node in post-dominator tree generation. Also used in some test cases.
     __init__(label)
class angr.utils.graph.ContainerNode(obj)
     Bases: object
     A container node.
     Only used in dominator tree generation. We did this so we can set the index property without modifying the
     original object.
     __init__(obj)
     index
     property obj
class angr.utils.graph.Dominators(graph, entry_node, successors_func=None, reverse=False)
     Bases: object
     Describes dominators in a graph.
     __init__(graph, entry_node, successors_func=None, reverse=False)
     dom: DiGraph
class angr.utils.graph.PostDominators(graph, entry_node, successors_func=None)
     Bases: Dominators
     Describe post-dominators in a graph.
     __init__(graph, entry_node, successors_func=None)
     property post_dom: DiGraph
     dom: DiGraph
class angr.utils.graph.SCCPlaceholder(scc_id)
     Bases: object
     Describes a placeholder for strongly-connected-components in a graph.
     __init__(scc_id)
     scc_id
class angr.utils.graph.GraphUtils
     Bases: object
```

A helper class with some static methods and algorithms implemented, that in fact, might take more than just normal CFGs.

static find_merge_points(function_addr, function_endpoints, graph)

Given a local transition graph of a function, find all merge points inside, and then perform a quasitopological sort of those merge points.

A merge point might be one of the following cases: - two or more paths come together, and ends at the same address. - end of the current function

Parameters

- **function_addr** (*int*) Address of the function.
- **function_endpoints** (*list*) Endpoints of the function. They typically come from Function.endpoints.
- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) A local transition graph of a function. Normally it comes from Function.graph.

Returns

A list of ordered addresses of merge points.

Return type

list

static find_widening_points(function_addr, function_endpoints, graph)

Given a local transition graph of a function, find all widening points inside.

Correctly choosing widening points is very important in order to not lose too much information during static analysis. We mainly consider merge points that has at least one loop back edges coming in as widening points.

Parameters

- **function_addr** (*int*) Address of the function.
- **function_endpoints** (*list*) Endpoints of the function, typically coming from Function.endpoints.
- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) A local transition graph of a function, normally Function.graph.

Returns

A list of addresses of widening points.

Return type

list

static reverse_post_order_sort_nodes(graph, nodes=None)

Sort a given set of nodes in reverse post ordering.

Parameters

- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) A local transition graph of a function.
- **nodes** (*iterable*) A collection of nodes to sort.

Returns

A list of sorted nodes.

Return type

list

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static quasi_topological_sort_nodes(graph, nodes=None, loop_heads=None)

Sort a given set of nodes from a graph based on the following rules:

- if A -> B and not B -> A, then we have A < B # - if A -> B and B -> A, then the ordering is undefined

Following the above rules gives us a quasi-topological sorting of nodes in the graph. It also works for cyclic graphs.

Parameters

- **graph** (DiGraph) A local transition graph of the function.
- nodes (Optional[List]) A list of nodes to sort. None if you want to sort all nodes inside the graph.
- loop_heads (Optional[List]) A list of nodes that should be treated loop heads.

Return type

List

Returns

A list of ordered nodes.

```
angr.utils.lazy_import.lazy_import(name)
```

```
angr.utils.loader.is_pc(project, ins_addr, addr)
```

Check if the given address is program counter (PC) or not. This function is for handling the case on some bizarre architectures where PC is always the currently executed instruction address plus a constant value.

Parameters

- **project** (*Project*) An angr Project instance.
- **ins_addr** (int) The address of an instruction. We calculate PC using this instruction address.
- addr (int) The address to check against.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if the given instruction address is the PC, False otherwise.

```
angr.utils.loader.is_in_readonly_section(project, addr)
```

Check if the specified address is inside a read-only section.

Parameters

- **project** (*Project*) An angr Project instance.
- addr (int) The address to check.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if the given address belongs to a read-only section, False otherwise.

```
angr.utils.loader.is_in_readonly_segment(project, addr)
```

Check if the specified address is inside a read-only segment.

Parameters

• **project** (*Project*) – An angr Project instance.

• addr (int) – The address to check.

Return type

bool

Returns

True if the given address belongs to a read-only segment, False otherwise.

```
angr.utils.library.get_function_name(s)
```

Get the function name from a C-style function declaration string.

Parameters

s (*str*) – A C-style function declaration string.

Returns

The function name.

Return type

str

```
angr.utils.library.register_kernel_types()
```

```
angr.utils.library.convert_cproto_to_py(c_decl)
```

Convert a C-style function declaration string to its corresponding SimTypes-based Python representation.

Parameters

c_decl (*str*) – The C-style function declaration string.

Return type

```
Tuple[str, SimTypeFunction, str]
```

Returns

A tuple of the function name, the prototype, and a string representing the SimType-based Python representation.

```
angr.utils.library.convert_cppproto_to_py(cpp_decl, with_param_names=False)
```

Pre-process a C++-style function declaration string to its corresponding SimTypes-based Python representation.

Parameters

- **cpp_decl** (str) The C++-style function declaration string.
- with_param_names (bool) -

Return type

```
Tuple[Optional[str], Optional[SimTypeCppFunction], Optional[str]]
```

Returns

A tuple of the function name, the prototype, and a string representing the SimType-based Python representation.

angr.utils.library.parsedcprotos2py(parsed_cprotos, fd_spots=frozenset({})), remove_sys_prefix=False)

Parse a list of C function declarations and output to Python code that can be embedded into angr.procedures.definitions.

```
>>> # parse the list of glibc C prototypes and output to a file
>>> from angr.procedures.definitions import glibc
>>> with open("glibc_protos", "w") as f: f.write(cprotos2py(glibc._libc_c_decls))
```

Parameters

parsed_cprotos (List[Tuple[str, *SimTypeFunction*, str]]) – A list of tuples where each tuple is (function name, parsed C function prototype, the original function declaration).

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Return type

str

Returns

A Python string.

angr.utils.library.cprotos2py(cprotos, fd_spots=frozenset({}), remove_sys_prefix=False)

Parse a list of C function declarations and output to Python code that can be embedded into angr.procedures.definitions.

```
>>> # parse the list of glibc C prototypes and output to a file
>>> from angr.procedures.definitions import glibc
>>> with open("glibc_protos", "w") as f: f.write(cprotos2py(glibc._libc_c_decls))
```

Parameters

cprotos (List[str]) – A list of C prototype strings.

Return type

str

Returns

A Python string.

```
angr.utils.library.get_cpp_function_name(demangled name, specialized=True, qualified=True)
```

```
angr.utils.timing.timethis(func)
```

```
angr.utils.formatting.setup_terminal()
```

Check if we are running in a TTY. If so, make sure the terminal supports ANSI escape sequences. If not, disable colorized output. Sets global *ansi_color_enabled* to True if colorized output should be enabled by default.

```
angr.utils.formatting.ansi_color(s, color)
```

Colorize string *s* by wrapping in ANSI escape sequence for given *color*.

This function does not consider whether escape sequences are functional or not; it is up to the caller to determine if its appropriate. Check global *ansi_color_enabled* value in this module.

Return type

str

Parameters

- **s** (*str*) –
- color (str | None) -

Draw an edge by adding Unicode box and arrow glyphs to beginning of each line in a list of lines.

Parameters

- **buf** (Sequence[str]) Output buffer, used to render formatted edges.
- **ref** (Sequence[str]) Reference buffer, used to calculate edge depth.
- start (int) Start line.
- end (int) End line, where arrow points.

- **formatter** (Optional[Callable[[str], str]]) Optional callback function used to format the edge before writing it to output buffer.
- **dashed** (bool) Render edge line dashed instead of solid.
- **ascii_only** (Optional[bool]) Render edge using ASCII characters only. If unspecified, guess by stdout encoding.

Returns

```
class angr.utils.mp.Closure(f: Callable[[...], None], args: List[Any], kwargs: Dict[str, Any])
     Bases: tuple
     A pickle-able lambda; note that f, args, and kwargs must be pickleable
          Parameters
                • f (Callable[[...], None]) -
                • args (List[Any]) -
                • kwargs (Dict[str, Any]) -
     f: Callable[..., None]
          Alias for field number 0
     args: List[Any]
          Alias for field number 1
     kwargs: Dict[str, Any]
          Alias for field number 2
class angr.utils.mp.Initializer(*, _manual=True)
     Bases: object
     A singleton class with global state used to initialize a multiprocessing. Process
          Parameters
              _manual (bool) -
     classmethod get()
          A wrapper around init since this class is a singleton
              Return type
                   Initializer
     __init__(*, _manual=True)
              Parameters
                  _manual (bool) -
     register(f, *args, **kwargs)
          A shortcut for adding Closures as initializers
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                   • f (Callable[[...], None]) -
                   • args (Any) -
```

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• kwargs (Any) -

initialize()

Initialize a multiprocessing. Process Set the current global initalizer to the same state as this initalizer, then calls each initalizer

Return type

None

angr.utils.mp.mp_context()

10.19 Errors

```
exception angr.errors.AngrError
    Bases: Exception
exception angr.errors.AngrValueError
    Bases: AngrError, ValueError
exception angr.errors.AngrLifterError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrExitError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrPathError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrVaultError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.PathUnreachableError
    Bases: AngrPathError
exception angr.errors.SimulationManagerError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrInvalidArgumentError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrSurveyorError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrAnalysisError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrBladeError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrBladeSimProcError
    Bases: AngrBladeError
exception angr.errors.AngrAnnotatedCFGError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrBackwardSlicingError
```

Bases: AngrError

```
exception angr.errors.AngrGirlScoutError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrCallableError
    Bases: AngrSurveyorError
exception angr.errors.AngrCallableMultistateError
    Bases: AngrCallableError
exception angr.errors.AngrSyscallError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrSimOSError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrAssemblyError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrTypeError
    Bases: AngrError, TypeError
exception angr.errors.AngrMissingTypeError
    Bases: AngrTypeError
exception angr.errors.AngrIncongruencyError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrForwardAnalysisError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrSkipJobNotice
    Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrDelayJobNotice
    Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrJobMergingFailureNotice
    Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrJobWideningFailureNotice
    Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrCFGError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrVFGError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrVFGRestartAnalysisNotice
    Bases: AngrVFGError
exception angr.errors.AngrDataGraphError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrDDGError
```

Bases: AngrAnalysisError

10.19. Errors 903

```
exception angr.errors.AngrLoopAnalysisError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrExplorationTechniqueError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrExplorerError
    Bases: AngrExplorationTechniqueError
exception angr.errors.AngrDirectorError
    Bases: Angr Exploration Technique Error\\
exception angr.errors.AngrTracerError
    Bases: Angr Exploration Technique Error\\
exception angr.errors.AngrVariableRecoveryError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrDBError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrCorruptDBError
    Bases: AngrDBError
exception angr.errors.AngrIncompatibleDBError
    Bases: AngrDBError
exception angr.errors.TracerEnvironmentError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimError
    Bases: Exception
    bbl_addr = None
    stmt_idx = None
    ins_addr = None
    executed_instruction_count = None
    guard = None
    record_state(state)
exception angr.errors.SimStateError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimMergeError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryMissingError(missing_addr, missing_size, *args)
    Bases: SimMemoryError
    __init__(missing_addr, missing_size, *args)
```

```
exception angr.errors.SimAbstractMemoryError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimRegionMapError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryLimitError
     Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryAddressError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimFastMemoryError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimEventError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimPosixError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimFilesystemError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSymbolicFilesystemError
    Bases: SimFilesystemError
exception angr.errors.SimFileError
    Bases: SimMemoryError, SimFilesystemError
exception angr.errors.SimHeapError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimUnsupportedError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSolverError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSolverModeError
    Bases: SimSolverError
exception angr.errors.SimSolverOptionError
    Bases: SimSolverError
exception angr.errors.SimValueError
     Bases: SimSolverError
exception angr.errors.SimUnsatError
    Bases: SimValueError
exception angr.errors.SimOperationError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedIROpError
    Bases: SimOperationError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.SimExpressionError
    Bases: SimError
```

10.19. Errors 905

```
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedIRExprError
     Bases: SimExpressionError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.SimCCallError
     Bases: SimExpressionError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedCCallError
     Bases: SimCCallError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.SimUninitializedAccessError(expr type, expr)
     Bases: SimExpressionError
     __init__(expr_type, expr)
exception angr.errors.SimStatementError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedIRStmtError
     Bases: SimStatementError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedDirtyError
     Bases: \ \textit{UnsupportedIRStmtError}, \ \textit{SimUnsupportedError}
exception angr.errors.SimMissingTempError
     Bases: SimValueError, IndexError
exception angr.errors.SimEngineError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimIRSBError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimTranslationError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimProcedureError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimProcedureArgumentError
     Bases: SimProcedureError
exception angr.errors.SimShadowStackError
     Bases: SimProcedureError
exception angr.errors.SimFastPathError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimIRSBNoDecodeError
     Bases: SimIRSBError
exception angr.errors.AngrUnsupportedSyscallError
     Bases: AngrSyscallError, SimProcedureError, SimUnsupportedError
angr.errors.UnsupportedSyscallError
     alias of AngrUnsupportedSyscallError
exception angr.errors.SimReliftException(state)
     Bases: SimEngineError
```

```
__init__(state)
exception angr.errors.SimSlicerError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimActionError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimCCError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUCManagerError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUCManagerAllocationError
     Bases: SimUCManagerError
exception angr.errors.SimUnicornUnsupport
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUnicornError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUnicornSymbolic
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimEmptyCallStackError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimStateOptionsError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimException
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSegfaultException(addr, reason, original_addr=None)
     Bases: SimException, SimMemoryError
     __init__(addr, reason, original_addr=None)
angr.errors.SimSegfaultError
     alias of SimSegfaultException
exception angr.errors.SimZeroDivisionException
     Bases: SimException, SimOperationError
exception angr.errors.AngrNoPluginError
     Bases: AngrError
\textbf{exception} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{angr.errors.} \textbf{SimConcreteMemoryError}
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimConcreteRegisterError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimConcreteBreakpointError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedNodeTypeError
     Bases: AngrError, NotImplementedError
```

10.19. Errors 907

10.20 Distributed analysis

```
class angr.distributed.server.Server(project, spill_yard=None, db=None, max_workers=None,
                                            max\_states=10, staging\_max=10, bucketizer=True,
                                            recursion_limit=1000, worker_exit_callback=None,
                                            techniques=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)
     Bases: object
     Server implements the analysis server with a series of control interfaces exposed.
          Variables
                 • project – An instance of angr. Project.
                 • spill_yard (str) – A directory to store spilled states.
                 • db (str) – Path of the database that stores information about spilled states.
                • max_workers (int) – Maximum number of workers. Each worker starts a new process.
                 • max_states (int) – Maximum number of active states for each worker.
                 • staging_max (int) – Maximum number of inactive states that are kept into memory before
                   spilled onto the disk and potentially be picked up by another worker.
                 • bucketizer (bool) – Use the Bucketizer exploration strategy.
                 • _worker_exit_callback - A method that will be called upon the exit of each worker.
      __init__(project, spill_yard=None, db=None, max_workers=None, max_states=10, staging_max=10,
                bucketizer=True, recursion_limit=1000, worker_exit_callback=None, techniques=None,
                add_options=None, remove_options=None)
     inc_active_workers()
     dec_active_workers()
     stop()
     property active_workers
     property stopped
     on_worker_exit(worker_id, stashes)
     run()
class angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper(vault, db)
     Bases: ExplorationTechnique
     Dumps and drops states that are not "active".
     __init__(vault, db)
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
          Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to
          do the actual processing.
               Parameters
                   • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

• stash (str) -

```
class angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotifier(server_state)
     Bases: ExplorationTechnique
     Force the exploration to stop if the server.stop is True.
          Parameters
              server_state (Dict) -
     __init__(server_state)
              Parameters
                  server_state (Dict) -
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
          Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to
          do the actual processing.
              Parameters
                  • simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
                  • stash (str) -
class angr.distributed.worker.Worker(worker_id, server, server_state, recursion_limit=None,
                                           techniques=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)
     Bases: object
     Worker implements a worker thread/process for conducting a task.
     __init__(worker_id, server, server_state, recursion_limit=None, techniques=None, add_options=None,
                remove_options=None)
     start()
     run(initializer)
              Parameters
                  initializer (Initializer) -
```

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