# angr

**The angr Project** 

## **CONTENTS**

1	Intro	oduction 3
	1.1	Getting Support
	1.2	Citing angr
	1.3	Going further:
2	Getti	ing Started
	2.1	Installing angr
	2.2	Reporting Bugs
	2.3	Developing angr
	2.4	Help Wanted
3	Core	Concepts 15
	3.1	Core Concepts
	3.2	Loading a Binary
	3.3	Symbolic Expressions and Constraint Solving
	3.4	Machine State - memory, registers, and so on
	3.5	Simulation Managers
	3.6	Simulation and Instrumentation
	3.7	Analyses
	3.8	Symbolic Execution
	3.9	A final word of advice
4	Build	d-in Analyses 51
	4.1	Control-flow Graph Recovery (CFG)
	4.2	Backward Slicing
	4.3	Identifier
	4.4	angr Decompiler
5	Adva	anced Topics 63
	5.1	Gotchas when using angr
	5.2	Understanding the Execution Pipeline
	5.3	What's Up With Mixins, Anyway?
	5.4	Optimization considerations
	5.5	Working with File System, Sockets, and Pipes
	5.6	Intermediate Representation
	5.7	Working with Data and Conventions
	5.8	Solver Engine
	5.9	Symbolic memory addressing
	5.10	Java Support
	5.11	Symbion: Interleaving symbolic and concrete execution

			95 96
6	Exten 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Hooks and SimProcedures	07 10
7			15 15 15 18
8	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 8.8 8.9 8.10 8.11 8.12	Why is it named angr?	21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 24
9	<b>Appe</b> 9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7	ndix       1         Cheatsheet       1         List of Claripy Operations       1         List of State Options       1         CTF Challenge Examples       1         Changelog       1         Migrating to angr 9.1       1         Migrating to angr 8       1         Migrating to angr 7       1	30 31 34 38 50 50
10	10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5	Reference 1 Project 2 Plugin Ecosystem 2 Program State 2 Storage 3	57 12 22 24 09 36 78
	10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12	;	8 9 2 6 6 8

	10.15 Analysis	
	10.16 SimOS	871
	10.17 Function Signature Matching	879
	10.18 Utils	881
	10.19 Errors	890
	10.20 Distributed analysis	896
11	Indices and tables	899
Рy	thon Module Index	901
[n	dex	907

Welcome to angr's documentation! This documentation is intended to be a guide for learning angr, as well as a reference for the API. If you're new to angr,

The angr team maintains a number of libraries that are used as part of angr. These libraries are:

- archinfo Information about CPU architectures
- pyvex Python bindings to the VEX IR
- pypcode Python bindings to the Pcode IR
- ailment angr's high-level intermediate language
- cle Many-platform binary loader
- claripy Solver abstraction layer

CONTENTS 1

2 CONTENTS

#### INTRODUCTION

angr is a multi-architecture binary analysis toolkit, with the capability to perform dynamic symbolic execution (like Mayhem, KLEE, etc.) and various static analyses on binaries. If you'd like to learn how to use it, you're in the right place!

We've tried to make using angr as pain-free as possible - our goal is to create a user-friendly binary analysis suite, allowing a user to simply start up iPython and easily perform intensive binary analyses with a couple of commands. That being said, binary analysis is complex, which makes angr complex. This documentation is an attempt to help out with that, providing narrative explanation and exploration of angr and its design.

Several challenges must be overcome to programmatically analyze a binary. They are, roughly:

- Loading a binary into the analysis program.
- Translating a binary into an intermediate representation (IR).
- Performing the actual analysis. This could be:
  - A partial or full-program static analysis (i.e., dependency analysis, program slicing).
  - A symbolic exploration of the program's state space (i.e., "Can we execute it until we find an overflow?").
  - Some combination of the above (i.e., "Let's execute only program slices that lead to a memory write, to find an overflow.")

angr has components that meet all of these challenges. This documentation will explain how each component works, and how they can all be used to accomplish your goals.

## 1.1 Getting Support

To get help with angr, you can ask via:

- the slack channel: angr.slack.com, for which you can get an account here.
- opening an issue on the appropriate github repository

## 1.2 Citing angr

If you use angr in an academic work, please cite the papers for which it was developed:

```
@article{shoshitaishvili2016state,
  title={SoK: (State of) The Art of War: Offensive Techniques in Binary Analysis},
  author={Shoshitaishvili, Yan and Wang, Ruoyu and Salls, Christopher and Stephens, Nick,
→and Polino, Mario and Dutcher, Audrey and Grosen, Jessie and Feng, Siji and Hauser,
→ Christophe and Kruegel, Christopher and Vigna, Giovanni},
  booktitle={IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy},
 year={2016}
}
@article{stephens2016driller,
  title={Driller: Augmenting Fuzzing Through Selective Symbolic Execution},
  author={Stephens, Nick and Grosen, Jessie and Salls, Christopher and Dutcher, Audrey_
→and Wang, Ruoyu and Corbetta, Jacopo and Shoshitaishvili, Yan and Kruegel, Christopher
→and Vigna, Giovanni},
 booktitle={NDSS},
 year={2016}
}
@article{shoshitaishvili2015firmalice,
  title={Firmalice - Automatic Detection of Authentication Bypass Vulnerabilities in.
→Binary Firmware},
  author={Shoshitaishvili, Yan and Wang, Ruoyu and Hauser, Christophe and Kruegel,
→ Christopher and Vigna, Giovanni},
  booktitle={NDSS},
 year={2015}
```

## 1.3 Going further:

You can read this paper, explaining some of the internals, algorithms, and used techniques to get a better understanding on what's going on under the hood.

If you enjoy playing CTFs and would like to learn angr in a similar fashion, angr\_ctf will be a fun way for you to get familiar with much of the symbolic execution capability of angr. The angr\_ctf repo is maintained by @jakespringer.

**CHAPTER** 

**TWO** 

#### **GETTING STARTED**

## 2.1 Installing angr

angr is a library for Python 3.8+, and must be installed into a Python environment before it can be used.

**Tip:** It is recommended to use an isolated python environment rather than installing angr globally. Doing so reduces dependency conflicts and aids in reproducibility while debugging. Some popular tools that accomplish this include:

- venv
- · pipenv
- · virtualenv
- virtualenvwrapper
- conda

### 2.1.1 Installing from PyPI

angr is published on PyPI, and using this is the easiest and recommended way to install angr. It can be installed angr with pip:

pip install angr

**Note:** The PyPI distribution includes binary packages for most popular system configurations. If you are using a system that is not supported by the binary packages, you will need to build the C dependencies from source. See the *Installing from Source* section for more information.

#### 2.1.2 Installing from Source

angr is a collection of Python packages, each of which is published on GitHub. The easiest way to install angr from source is to use angr-dev.

To set up a development environment manually, first ensure that build dependencies are installed. These consist of python development headers, make, and a C compiler. On Ubuntu, these can be installed with:

sudo apt-get install python3-dev build-essential

Then, checkout and install the following packages, in order:

- · archinfo
- pyvex (clone with --recursive)
- cle
- · claripy
- · ailment
- angr (pip install with --no-build-isolation)

#### 2.1.3 Troubleshooting

#### angr has no attribute Project, or similar

If angr can be imported but the Project class is missing, it is likely one of two problems:

- 1. There is a script named angr.py in the working directory. Rename it to something else.
- 2. There is a folder called angr in your working directory, possibly the cloned repository. Change the working directory to somewhere else.

#### AttributeError: 'module' object has no attribute 'KS\_ARCH\_X86'

The keystone package is installed, which conflicts with the keystone-engine package, an optional dependency of angr. Uninstall keystone and install keystone-engine.

## 2.2 Reporting Bugs

If you've found something that angr isn't able to solve and appears to be a bug, please let us know!

- 1. Create a fork off of angr/binaries and angr/angr
- 2. Give us a pull request with angr/binaries, with the binaries in question
- 3. Give us a pull request for angr/angr, with testcases that trigger the binaries in angr/tests/broken\_x.py, angr/tests/broken\_y.py, etc

Please try to follow the testcase format that we have (so the code is in a test\_blah function), that way we can very easily merge that and make the scripts run.

An example is:

```
def test_some_broken_feature():
    p = angr.Project("some_binary")
    result = p.analyses.SomethingThatDoesNotWork()
    assert result == "what it should *actually* be if it worked"

if __name__ == '__main__':
    test_some_broken_feature()
```

This will *greatly* help us recreate your bug and fix it faster.

The ideal situation is that, when the bug is fixed, your testcases passes (i.e., the assert at the end does not raise an AssertionError).

Then, we can just fix the bug and rename broken\_x.py to test\_x.py and the testcase will run in our internal CI at every push, ensuring that we do not break this feature again.

## 2.3 Developing angr

These are some guidelines so that we can keep the codebase in good shape!

#### 2.3.1 pre-commit

Many angr repos contain pre-commit hooks provided by pre-commit. Installing this is as easy as pip install pre-commit. After git cloning an angr repository, if the repo contains a .pre-commit-config.yaml, run pre-commit install. Future git commits will now invoke these hooks automatically.

#### 2.3.2 Coding style

We format our code with black and otherwise try to get as close as the PEP8 code convention as is reasonable without being dumb. If you use Vim, the python-mode plugin does all you need. You can also manually configure vim to adopt this behavior.

Most importantly, please consider the following when writing code as part of angr:

- Try to use attribute access (see the @property decorator) instead of getters and setters wherever you can. This isn't Java, and attributes enable tab completion in iPython. That being said, be reasonable: attributes should be fast. A rule of thumb is that if something could require a constraint solve, it should not be an attribute.
- Use our pylintrc from the angr-dev repo. It's fairly permissive, but our CI server will fail your builds if pylint complains under those settings.
- DO NOT, under ANY circumstances, raise Exception or assert False. Use the right exception type. If there isn't a correct exception type, subclass the core exception of the module that you're working in (i.e., AngrError in angr, SimError in SimuVEX, etc) and raise that. We catch, and properly handle, the right types of errors in the right places, but AssertionError and Exception are not handled anywhere and force-terminate analyses.
- Avoid tabs; use space indentation instead. Even though it's wrong, the de facto standard is 4 spaces. It is a good idea to adopt this from the beginning, as merging code that mixes both tab and space indentation is awful.
- Avoid super long lines. It's okay to have longer lines, but keep in mind that long lines are harder to read and should be avoided. Let's try to stick to **120 characters**.
- Avoid extremely long functions, it is often better to break them up into smaller functions.
- Always use \_ instead of \_\_ for private members (so that we can access them when debugging). *You* might not think that anyone has a need to call a given function, but trust us, you're wrong.
- Format your code with black; config is already defined within pyproject.toml.

#### 2.3.3 Documentation

Document your code. Every class definition and public function definition should have some description of:

- · What it does.
- What are the type and the meaning of the parameters.
- · What it returns.

Class docstrings will be enforced by our linter. Do *not* under any circumstances write a docstring which doesn't provide more information than the name of the class. What you should try to write is a description of the environment that the class should be used in. If the class should not be instantiated by end-users, write a description of where it will be generated and how instances can be acquired. If the class should be instanciated by end-users, explain what kind of object it represents at its core, what behavior is expected of its parameters, and how to safely manage objects of its type.

We use Sphinx to generate the API documentation. Sphinx supports docstrings written in ReStructured Text with special keywords to document function and class parameters, return values, return types, members, etc.

Here is an example of function documentation. Ideally the parameter descriptions should be aligned vertically to make the docstrings as readable as possible.

```
def prune(self, filter_func=None, from_stash=None, to_stash=None):
    """
    Prune unsatisfiable paths from a stash.

    :param filter_func: Only prune paths that match this filter.
    :param from_stash: Prune paths from this stash. (default: 'active')
    :param to_stash: Put pruned paths in this stash. (default: 'pruned')
    :returns: The resulting PathGroup.
    :rtype: PathGroup
```

This format has the advantage that the function parameters are clearly identified in the generated documentation. However, it can make the documentation repetitive, in some cases a textual description can be more readable. Pick the format you feel is more appropriate for the functions or classes you are documenting.

```
def read_bytes(self, addr, n):
    """
    Read `n` bytes at address `addr` in memory and return an array of bytes.
    """
```

#### 2.3.4 Unit tests

If you're pushing a new feature and it is not accompanied by a test case it **will be broken** in very short order. Please write test cases for your stuff.

We have an internal CI server to run tests to check functionality and regression on each commit. In order to have our server run your tests, write your tests in a format acceptable to nosetests in a file matching test\_\*.py in the tests folder of the appropriate repository. A test file can contain any number of functions of the form def test\_\*(): or classes of the form class Test\*(unittest.TestCase):. Each of them will be run as a test, and if they raise any exceptions or assertions, the test fails. Do not use the nose.tools.assert\_\* functions, as we are presently trying to migrate to nose2. Use assert statements with descriptive messages or the unittest.TestCase assert methods.

Look at the existing tests for examples. Many of them use an alternate format where the test\_\* function is actually a generator that yields tuples of functions to call and their arguments, for easy parametrization of tests.

Finally, do not add docstrings to your test functions.

## 2.4 Help Wanted

**Todo:** This page is woefully out of date. We need to update it.

angr is a huge project, and it's hard to keep up. Here, we list some big TODO items that we would love community contributions for in the hope that it can direct community involvement. They (will) have a wide range of complexity, and there should be something for all skill levels!

We tag issues on our github repositories that would be good for community involvement as "Help wanted". To see the exhaustive list of these, use this github search!

#### 2.4.1 Documentation

There are many parts of angr that suffer from little or no documentation. We desperately need community help in this area.

#### **API**

We are always behind on documentation. We've created several tracking issues on github to understand what's still missing:

- 1. angr
- 2. claripy
- 3. cle
- 4. pyvex

#### **GitBook**

This book is missing some core areas. Specifically, the following could be improved:

- 1. Finish some of the TODOs floating around the book.
- 2. Organize the Examples page in some way that makes sense. Right now, most of the examples are very redundant. It might be cool to have a simple table of most of them so that the page is not so overwhelming.

#### angr course

Developing a "course" of sorts to get people started with angr would be really beneficial. Steps have already been made in this direction here, but more expansion would be beneficial.

Ideally, the course would have a hands-on component, of increasing difficulty, that would require people to use more and more of angr's capabilities.

2.4. Help Wanted 9

#### 2.4.2 Research re-implementation

Unfortunately, not everyone bases their research on angr;-). Until that's remedied, we'll need to periodically implement related work, on top of angr, to make it reusable within the scope of the framework. This section lists some of this related work that's ripe for reimplementation in angr.

#### **Redundant State Detection for Dynamic Symbolic Execution**

Bugrara, et al. describe a method to identify and trim redundant states, increasing the speed of symbolic execution by up to 50 times and coverage by 4%. This would be great to have in angr, as an ExplorationTechnique. The paper is here: http://nsl.cs.columbia.edu/projects/minestrone/papers/atc13-bugrara.pdf

#### In-Vivo Multi-Path Analysis of Software Systems

Rather than developing symbolic summaries for every system call, we can use a technique proposed by S2E for concretizing necessary data and dispatching them to the OS itself. This would make angr applicable to a *much* larger set of binaries than it can currently analyze.

While this would be most useful for system calls, once it is implemented, it could be trivially applied to any location of code (i.e., library functions). By carefully choosing which library functions are handled like this, we can greatly increase angr's scalability.

#### 2.4.3 Development

We have several projects in mind that primarily require development effort.

#### angr-management

The angr GUI, angr-management needs a *lot* of work. Here is a non-exhaustive list of what is currently missing in angr-management:

- A navigator toolbar showing content in a program's memory space, just like IDA Pro's navigator toolbar.
- A text-based disassembly view of the program.
- Better view showing details in program states during path exploration, including modifiable register view, memory view, file descriptor view, etc.
- A GUI for cross referencing.

Exposing angr's capabilities in a usable way, graphically, would be really useful!

#### **IDA Plugins**

Much of angr's functionality could be exposed via IDA. For example, angr's data dependence graph could be exposed in IDA through annotations, or obfuscated values can be resolved using symbolic execution.

#### **Additional architectures**

More architecture support would make angrall the more useful. Supporting a new architecture with angr would involve:

- 1. Adding the architecture information to archinfo
- 2. Adding an IR translation. This may be either an extension to PyVEX, producing IRSBs, or another IR entirely.
- 3. If your IR is not VEX, add a SimEngine to support it.
- 4. Adding a calling convention (angr.SimCC) to support SimProcedures (including system calls)
- 5. Adding or modifying an angr. SimOS to support initialization activities.
- 6. Creating a CLE backend to load binaries, or extending the CLE ELF backend to know about the new architecture if the binary format is ELF.

#### ideas for new architectures:

- PIC, AVR, other embedded architectures
- SPARC (there is some preliminary libVEX support for SPARC here)

#### ideas for new IRs:

- LLVM IR (with this, we can extend angr from just a Binary Analysis Framework to a Program Analysis Framework and expand its capabilities in other ways!)
- SOOT (there is no reason that angr can't analyze Java code, although doing so would require some extensions to our memory model)

#### **Environment support**

We use the concept of "function summaries" in angr to model the environment of operating systems (i.e., the effects of their system calls) and library functions. Extending this would be greatly helpful in increasing angr's utility. These function summaries can be found here.

A specific subset of this is system calls. Even more than library function SimProcedures (without which angr can always execute the actual function), we have very few workarounds for missing system calls. Every implemented system call extends the set of binaries that angr can handle.

#### 2.4.4 Design Problems

There are some outstanding design challenges regarding the integration of additional functionalities into angr.

#### Type annotation and type information usage

angr has fledgling support for types, in the sense that it can parse them out of header files. However, those types are not well exposed to do anything useful with. Improving this support would make it possible to, for example, annotate certain memory regions with certain type information and interact with them intelligently. Consider, for example, interacting with a linked list like this: print state.mem[state.regs.rax].llist.next.next.value.

(editor's note: you can actually already do this)

2.4. Help Wanted 11

#### 2.4.5 Research Challenges

Historically, angr has progressed in the course of research into novel areas of program analysis. Here, we list several self-contained research projects that can be tackled.

#### Semantic function identification/diffing

Current function diffing techniques (TODO: some examples) have drawbacks. For the CGC, we created a semantic-based binary identification engine ( https://github.com/angr/identifier) that can identify functions based on testcases. There are two areas of improvement, each of which is its own research project:

- 1. Currently, the testcases used by this component are human-generated. However, symbolic execution can be used to automatically generate testcases that can be used to recognize instances of a given function in other binaries.
- 2. By creating testcases that achieve a "high-enough" code coverage of a given function, we can detect changes in functionality by applying the set of testcases to another implementation of the same function and analyzing changes in code coverage. This can then be used as a sematic function diff.

#### Applying AFL's path selection criteria to symbolic execution

AFL does an excellent job in identifying "unique" paths during fuzzing by tracking the control flow transitions taken by every path. This same metric can be applied to symbolic exploration, and would probably do a depressingly good job, considering how simple it is.

#### 2.4.6 Overarching Research Directions

There are areas of program analysis that are not well explored. We list general directions of research here, but readers should keep in mind that these directions likely describe potential undertakings of entire PhD dissertations.

#### **Process interactions**

Almost all work in the field of binary analysis deals with single binaries, but this is often unrealistic in the real world. For example, the type of input that can be passed to a CGI program depend on pre-processing by a web server. Currently, there is no way to support the analysis of multiple concurrent processes in angr, and many open questions in the field (i.e., how to model concurrent actions).

#### Intra-process concurrency

Similar to the modeling of interactions between processes, little work has been done in understanding the interaction of concurrent threads in the same process. Currently, angr has no way to reason about this, and it is unclear from the theoretical perspective how to approach this.

A subset of this problem is the analysis of signal handlers (or hardware interrupts). Each signal handler can be modeled as a thread that can be executed at any time that a signal can be triggered. Understanding when it is meaningful to analyze these handlers is an open problem. One system that does reason about the effect of interrupts is FIE.

#### Path explosion

Many approaches (such as Veritesting) attempt to mitigate the path explosion problem in symbolic execution. However, despite these efforts, path explosion is still *the* main problem preventing symbolic execution from being mainstream.

angr provides an excellent base to implement new techniques to control path explosion. Most approaches can be easily implemented as *ExplorationTechnique* s and quickly evaluated (for example, on the CGC dataset).

2.4. Help Wanted

**CHAPTER** 

THREE

#### **CORE CONCEPTS**

## 3.1 Core Concepts

To get started with angr, you'll need to have a basic overview of some fundamental angr concepts and how to construct some basic angr objects. We'll go over this by examining what's directly available to you after you've loaded a binary!

Your first action with angr will always be to load a binary into a project. We'll use /bin/true for these examples.

```
>>> import angr
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
```

A project is your control base in angr. With it, you will be able to dispatch analyses and simulations on the executable you just loaded. Almost every single object you work with in angr will depend on the existence of a project in some form.

**Tip:** Using and exploring angr in IPython (or other Python command line interpreters) is a main use case that we design angr for. When you are not sure what interfaces are available, tab completion is your friend!

Sometimes tab completion in IPython can be slow. We find the following workaround helpful without degrading the validity of completion results:

```
# Drop this file in IPython profile's startup directory to avoid running it every time.
import IPython
py = IPython.get_ipython()
py.Completer.use_jedi = False
```

#### 3.1.1 Basic properties

First, we have some basic properties about the project: its CPU architecture, its filename, and the address of its entry point.

```
>>> import monkeyhex # this will format numerical results in hexadecimal
>>> proj.arch
<Arch AMD64 (LE)>
>>> proj.entry
0x401670
>>> proj.filename
'/bin/true'
```

- arch is an instance of an archinfo.Arch object for whichever architecture the program is compiled, in this case little-endian amd64. It contains a ton of clerical data about the CPU it runs on, which you can peruse at your leisure. The common ones you care about are arch.bits, arch.bytes (that one is a @property declaration on the main Arch class), arch.name, and arch.memory\_endness.
- *entry* is the entry point of the binary!
- *filename* is the absolute filename of the binary. Riveting stuff!

#### 3.1.2 Loading

Getting from a binary file to its representation in a virtual address space is pretty complicated! We have a module called CLE to handle that. CLE's result, called the loader, is available in the .loader property. We'll get into detail on how to use this *soon*, but for now just know that you can use it to see the shared libraries that angr loaded alongside your program and perform basic queries about the loaded address space.

```
>>> proj.loader
<Loaded true, maps [0x400000:0x5004000]>
>>> proj.loader.shared_objects # may look a little different for you!
{'ld-linux-x86-64.so.2': <ELF Object ld-2.24.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]>,
 'libc.so.6': <ELF Object libc-2.24.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c699f]>}
>>> proj.loader.min_addr
0x400000
>>> proj.loader.max_addr
0x5004000
>>> proj.loader.main_object # we've loaded several binaries into this project. Here's_
→the main one!
<ELF Object true, maps [0x400000:0x60721f]>
>>> proj.loader.main_object.execstack # sample query: does this binary have an_
→executable stack?
>>> proj.loader.main_object.pic # sample query: is this binary position-independent?
True
```

#### 3.1.3 The factory

There are a lot of classes in angr, and most of them require a project to be instantiated. Instead of making you pass around the project everywhere, we provide project.factory, which has several convenient constructors for common objects you'll want to use frequently.

This section will also serve as an introduction to several basic angr concepts. Strap in!

#### **Blocks**

First, we have project.factory.block(), which is used to extract a basic block of code from a given address. This is an important fact - *angr analyzes code in units of basic blocks*. You will get back a Block object, which can tell you lots of fun things about the block of code:

```
>>> block = proj.factory.block(proj.entry) # lift a block of code from the program's_
⊶entry point
<Block for 0x401670, 42 bytes>
>>> block.pp()
                                         # pretty-print a disassembly to stdout
0x401670:
                xor
                         ebp, ebp
0x401672:
                        r9, rdx
                mov
0x401675:
                pop
                         rsi
0x401676:
                mov
                         rdx, rsp
0x401679:
                        rsp, 0xffffffffffffff
                and
0x40167d:
                push
0x40167e:
                push
0x40167f:
                lea
                        r8, [rip + 0x2e2a]
0x401686:
                lea
                        rcx, [rip + 0x2db3]
0x40168d:
                lea
                        rdi, [rip - 0xd4]
0x401694:
                call
                         qword ptr [rip + 0x205866]
>>> block instructions
                                         # how many instructions are there?
0xb
>>> block.instruction_addrs
                                         # what are the addresses of the instructions?
[0x401670, 0x401672, 0x401675, 0x401676, 0x401679, 0x40167d, 0x40167e, 0x40167f, ...
\rightarrow 0x401686, 0x40168d, 0x401694]
```

Additionally, you can use a Block object to get other representations of the block of code:

```
>>> block.capstone  # capstone disassembly

<CapstoneBlock for 0x401670>
>>> block.vex  # VEX IRSB (that's a Python internal address,

→not a program address)

<pyvex.block.IRSB at 0x7706330>
```

#### **States**

Here's another fact about angr - the Project object only represents an "initialization image" for the program. When you're performing execution with angr, you are working with a specific object representing a *simulated program state* - a SimState. Let's grab one right now!

```
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
<SimState @ 0x401670>
```

A SimState contains a program's memory, registers, filesystem data... any "live data" that can be changed by execution has a home in the state. We'll cover how to interact with states in depth later, but for now, let's use state.regs and state.mem to access the registers and memory of this state:

```
>>> state.regs.rip # get the current instruction pointer
<BV64 0x401670>
>>> state.regs.rax
(continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
<BV64 0x1c>
>>> state.mem[proj.entry].int.resolved # interpret the memory at the entry point as a Cuint
<BV32 0x8949ed31>
```

Those aren't Python ints! Those are *bitvectors*. Python integers don't have the same semantics as words on a CPU, e.g. wrapping on overflow, so we work with bitvectors, which you can think of as an integer as represented by a series of bits, to represent CPU data in angr. Note that each bitvector has a .length property describing how wide it is in bits.

We'll learn all about how to work with them soon, but for now, here's how to convert from Python ints to bitvectors and back again:

You can store these bitvectors back to registers and memory, or you can directly store a Python integer and it'll be converted to a bitvector of the appropriate size:

```
>>> state.regs.rsi = state.solver.BVV(3, 64)
>>> state.regs.rsi
<BV64 0x3>
>>> state.mem[0x1000].long = 4
>>> state.mem[0x1000].long.resolved
<BV64 0x4>
```

The mem interface is a little confusing at first, since it's using some pretty hefty Python magic. The short version of how to use it is:

- Use array[index] notation to specify an address
- Use .<type> to specify that the memory should be interpreted as type (common values: char, short, int, long, size\_t, uint8\_t, uint16\_t...)
- From there, you can either:
  - Store a value to it, either a bitvector or a Python int
  - Use .resolved to get the value as a bitvector
  - Use .concrete to get the value as a Python int

There are more advanced usages that will be covered later!

Finally, if you try reading some more registers you may encounter a very strange looking value:

```
>>> state.regs.rdi
<BV64 reg_48_11_64{UNINITIALIZED}>
```

This is still a 64-bit bitvector, but it doesn't contain a numerical value. Instead, it has a name! This is called a *symbolic variable* and it is the underpinning of symbolic execution. Don't panic! We will discuss all of this in detail exactly two chapters from now.

#### **Simulation Managers**

If a state lets us represent a program at a given point in time, there must be a way to get it to the *next* point in time. A simulation manager is the primary interface in angr for performing execution, simulation, whatever you want to call it, with states. As a brief introduction, let's show how to tick that state we created earlier forward a few basic blocks.

First, we create the simulation manager we're going to be using. The constructor can take a state or a list of states.

```
>>> simgr = proj.factory.simulation_manager(state)
<SimulationManager with 1 active>
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x401670>]
```

A simulation manager can contain several *stashes* of states. The default stash, active, is initialized with the state we passed in. We could look at simgr.active[0] to look at our state some more, if we haven't had enough!

Now... get ready, we're going to do some execution.

```
>>> simgr.step()
```

We've just performed a basic block's worth of symbolic execution! We can look at the active stash again, noticing that it's been updated, and furthermore, that it has **not** modified our original state. SimState objects are treated as immutable by execution - you can safely use a single state as a "base" for multiple rounds of execution.

```
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x1020300>]
>>> simgr.active[0].regs.rip  # new and exciting!
<BV64 0x1020300>
>>> state.regs.rip  # still the same!
<BV64 0x401670>
```

/bin/true isn't a very good example for describing how to do interesting things with symbolic execution, so we'll stop here for now.

#### 3.1.4 Analyses

angr comes pre-packaged with several built-in analyses that you can use to extract some fun kinds of information from a program. Here they are:

```
>>> proj.analyses.
                              # Press TAB here in ipython to get an autocomplete-listing.
→ of everything:
proj.analyses.BackwardSlice
                                    proj.analyses.CongruencyCheck
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→reload_analyses
                                    proj.analyses.DDG
proj.analyses.BinaryOptimizer
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→StaticHooker
proj.analyses.BinDiff
                                    proj.analyses.DFG
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→VariableRecovery
proj.analyses.BoyScout
                                    proj.analyses.Disassembly
                                                                       proj.analyses.

¬VariableRecoveryFast
proj.analyses.CDG
                                    proj.analyses.GirlScout
                                                                        proj.analyses.
→Veritesting
proj.analyses.CFG
                                    proj.analyses.Identifier
                                                                        proj.analyses.VFG
proj.analyses.CFGEmulated
                                    proj.analyses.LoopFinder
                                                                        proj.analyses.VSA_
→DDG
proj.analyses.CFGFast
                                    proj.analyses.Reassembler
```

A couple of these are documented later in this book, but in general, if you want to find how to use a given analysis, you should look in the api documentation for *angr.analyses*. As an extremely brief example: here's how you construct and use a quick control-flow graph:

#### 3.1.5 Now what?

Having read this page, you should now be acquainted with several important angr concepts: basic blocks, states, bitvectors, simulation managers, and analyses. You can't really do anything interesting besides just use angr as a glorified debugger, though! Keep reading, and you will unlock deeper powers...

## 3.2 Loading a Binary

Previously, you saw just the barest taste of angr's loading facilities - you loaded /bin/true, and then loaded it again without its shared libraries. You also saw proj.loader and a few things it could do. Now, we'll dive into the nuances of these interfaces and the things they can tell you.

We briefly mentioned angr's binary loading component, CLE. CLE stands for "CLE Loads Everything", and is responsible for taking a binary (and any libraries that it depends on) and presenting it to the rest of angr in a way that is easy to work with.

#### 3.2.1 The Loader

Let's load examples/fauxware/fauxware and take a deeper look at how to interact with the loader.

```
>>> import angr, monkeyhex
>>> proj = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware')
>>> proj.loader
<Loaded fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x5008000]>
```

#### **Loaded Objects**

The CLE loader (cle.Loader) represents an entire conglomerate of loaded *binary objects*, loaded and mapped into a single memory space. Each binary object is loaded by a loader backend that can handle its filetype (a subclass of cle.Backend). For example, cle.ELF is used to load ELF binaries.

There will also be objects in memory that don't correspond to any loaded binary. For example, an object used to provide thread-local storage support, and an externs object used to provide unresolved symbols.

You can get the full list of objects that CLE has loaded with loader.all\_objects, as well as several more targeted classifications:

```
# All loaded objects
>>> proj.loader.all_objects
[<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>,
<ELF Object libc-2.23.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c999f]>,
<ELF Object 1d-2.23.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]>,
<ELFTLSObject Object cle##tls, maps [0x3000000:0x3015010]>,
<ExternObject Object cle##externs, maps [0x4000000:0x4008000]>,
<KernelObject Object cle##kernel, maps [0x5000000:0x5008000]>]
# This is the "main" object, the one that you directly specified when loading the project
>>> proj.loader.main_object
<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>
# This is a dictionary mapping from shared object name to object
>>> proj.loader.shared_objects
{ 'fauxware': <ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>,
  'libc.so.6': \langle ELF | Object | Libc-2.23.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c999f] \rangle,
  'ld-linux-x86-64.so.2': <ELF Object ld-2.23.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]> }
# Here's all the objects that were loaded from ELF files
# If this were a windows program we'd use all_pe_objects!
>>> proj.loader.all_elf_objects
[<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>,
<ELF Object libc-2.23.so, maps [0x1000000:0x13c999f]>,
<ELF Object 1d-2.23.so, maps [0x2000000:0x2227167]>]
# Here's the "externs object", which we use to provide addresses for unresolved imports.
→and angr internals
>>> proj.loader.extern_object
<ExternObject Object cle##externs, maps [0x4000000:0x4008000]>
# This object is used to provide addresses for emulated syscalls
>>> proj.loader.kernel_object
<KernelObject Object cle##kernel, maps [0x5000000:0x5008000]>
# Finally, you can to get a reference to an object given an address in it
>>> proj.loader.find_object_containing(0x400000)
<ELF Object fauxware, maps [0x400000:0x60105f]>
```

You can interact directly with these objects to extract metadata from them:

```
>>> obj = proj.loader.main_object (continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
# The entry point of the object
>>> obj.entry
0x400580
>>> obj.min_addr, obj.max_addr
(0x400000, 0x60105f)
# Retrieve this ELF's segments and sections
>>> obj.segments
<Regions: [<ELFSegment memsize=0xa74, filesize=0xa74, vaddr=0x400000, flags=0x5, ...</p>
\rightarrowoffset=0x0>.
           <ELFSegment memsize=0x238, filesize=0x228, vaddr=0x600e28, flags=0x6,
→offset=0xe28>]>
>>> obj.sections
<Regions: [<Unnamed | offset 0x0, vaddr 0x0, size 0x0>,
           <.interp | offset 0x238, vaddr 0x400238, size 0x1c>,
           <.note.ABI-tag | offset 0x254, vaddr 0x400254, size 0x20>,
            ...etc
# You can get an individual segment or section by an address it contains:
>>> obj.find_segment_containing(obj.entry)
<ELFSegment memsize=0xa74, filesize=0xa74, vaddr=0x400000, flags=0x5, offset=0x0>
>>> obj.find_section_containing(obj.entry)
<.text | offset 0x580, vaddr 0x400580, size 0x338>
# Get the address of the PLT stub for a symbol
>>> addr = obj.plt['strcmp']
>>> addr
0x400550
>>> obj.reverse_plt[addr]
'strcmp'
# Show the prelinked base of the object and the location it was actually mapped into...
→memory by CLE
>>> obj.linked_base
0x400000
>>> obj.mapped_base
0x400000
```

#### **Symbols and Relocations**

You can also work with symbols while using CLE. A symbol is a fundamental concept in the world of executable formats, effectively mapping a name to an address.

The easiest way to get a symbol from CLE is to use loader.find\_symbol, which takes either a name or an address and returns a Symbol object.

```
>>> strcmp = proj.loader.find_symbol('strcmp')
>>> strcmp
<Symbol "strcmp" in libc.so.6 at 0x1089cd0>
```

The most useful attributes on a symbol are its name, its owner, and its address, but the "address" of a symbol can be

ambiguous. The Symbol object has three ways of reporting its address:

- .rebased\_addr is its address in the global address space. This is what is shown in the print output.
- .linked\_addr is its address relative to the prelinked base of the binary. This is the address reported in, for example, readelf(1).
- .relative\_addr is its address relative to the object base. This is known in the literature (particularly the Windows literature) as an RVA (relative virtual address).

```
>>> strcmp.name
'strcmp'
>>> strcmp.owner
<ELF Object libc-2.23.so, maps [0x10000000:0x13c999f]>
>>> strcmp.rebased_addr
0x1089cd0
>>> strcmp.linked_addr
0x89cd0
>>> strcmp.relative_addr
0x89cd0
```

In addition to providing debug information, symbols also support the notion of dynamic linking. libc provides the strcmp symbol as an export, and the main binary depends on it. If we ask CLE to give us a strcmp symbol from the main object directly, it'll tell us that this is an *import symbol*. Import symbols do not have meaningful addresses associated with them, but they do provide a reference to the symbol that was used to resolve them, as .resolvedby.

```
>>> strcmp.is_export
True
>>> strcmp.is_import
False
# On Loader, the method is find_symbol because it performs a search operation to find.
→the symbol.
# On an individual object, the method is get_symbol because there can only be one symbol.
⇒with a given name.
>>> main_strcmp = proj.loader.main_object.get_symbol('strcmp')
>>> main_strcmp
<Symbol "strcmp" in fauxware (import)>
>>> main_strcmp.is_export
False
>>> main_strcmp.is_import
True
>>> main_strcmp.resolvedby
<Symbol "strcmp" in libc.so.6 at 0x1089cd0>
```

The specific ways that the links between imports and exports should be registered in memory are handled by another notion called *relocations*. A relocation says, "when you match [import] up with an export symbol, please write the export's address to [location], formatted as [format]." We can see the full list of relocations for an object (as Relocation instances) as obj.relocs, or just a mapping from symbol name to Relocation as obj.imports. There is no corresponding list of export symbols.

A relocation's corresponding import symbol can be accessed as .symbol. The address the relocation will write to is accessable through any of the address identifiers you can use for Symbol, and you can get a reference to the object requesting the relocation with .owner as well.

If an import cannot be resolved to any export, for example, because a shared library could not be found, CLE will automatically update the externs object (loader.extern\_obj) to claim it provides the symbol as an export.

#### 3.2.2 Loading Options

If you are loading something with angr.Project and you want to pass an option to the cle.Loader instance that Project implicitly creates, you can just pass the keyword argument directly to the Project constructor, and it will be passed on to CLE. You should look at the CLE API docs. if you want to know everything that could possibly be passed in as an option, but we will go over some important and frequently used options here.

We've discussed auto\_load\_libs already - it enables or disables CLE's attempt to automatically resolve shared library dependencies, and is on by default. Additionally, there is the opposite, except\_missing\_libs, which, if set to true, will cause an exception to be thrown whenever a binary has a shared library dependency that cannot be resolved.

You can pass a list of strings to force\_load\_libs and anything listed will be treated as an unresolved shared library dependency right out of the gate, or you can pass a list of strings to skip\_libs to prevent any library of that name from being resolved as a dependency. Additionally, you can pass a list of strings (or a single string) to ld\_path, which will be used as an additional search path for shared libraries, before any of the defaults: the same directory as the loaded program, the current working directory, and your system libraries.

If you want to specify some options that only apply to a specific binary object, CLE will let you do that too. The parameters main\_opts and lib\_opts do this by taking dictionaries of options. main\_opts is a mapping from option names to option values, while lib\_opts is a mapping from library name to dictionaries mapping option names to option values.

The options that you can use vary from backend to backend, but some common ones are:

- backend which backend to use, as either a class or a name
- base\_addr a base address to use
- entry\_point an entry point to use
- arch the name of an architecture to use

#### Example:

#### **Backends**

CLE currently has backends for statically loading ELF, PE, CGC, Mach-O and ELF core dump files, as well as loading files into a flat address space. CLE will automatically detect the correct backend to use in most cases, so you shouldn't need to specify which backend you're using unless you're doing some pretty weird stuff.

You can force CLE to use a specific backend for an object by including a key in its options dictionary, as described above. Some backends cannot autodetect which architecture to use and *must* have a arch specified. The key doesn't need to match any list of architectures; angr will identify which architecture you mean given almost any common identifier for any supported arch.

To refer to a backend, use the name from this table:

backend name	description	requires arch?
elf	Static loader for ELF files based on PyELFTools	no
pe	Static loader for PE files based on PEFile	no
mach-o	Static loader for Mach-O files. Does not support dynamic linking or rebasing.	no
cgc	Static loader for Cyber Grand Challenge binaries	no
backedcgc	Static loader for CGC binaries that allows specifying memory and register backers	no
elfcore	Static loader for ELF core dumps	no
blob	Loads the file into memory as a flat image	yes

#### 3.2.3 Symbolic Function Summaries

By default, Project tries to replace external calls to library functions by using symbolic summaries termed *SimProcedures* - effectively just Python functions that imitate the library function's effect on the state. We've implemented a whole bunch of functions as SimProcedures. These builtin procedures are available in the angr.SIM\_PROCEDURES dictionary, which is two-leveled, keyed first on the package name (libc, posix, win32, stubs) and then on the name of the library function. Executing a SimProcedure instead of the actual library function that gets loaded from your system makes analysis a LOT more tractable, at the cost of *some potential inaccuracies < Gotchas when using angr>*.

When no such summary is available for a given function:

- if auto\_load\_libs is True (this is the default), then the *real* library function is executed instead. This may or may not be what you want, depending on the actual function. For example, some of libc's functions are extremely complex to analyze and will most likely cause an explosion of the number of states for the path trying to execute them.
- if auto\_load\_libs is False, then external functions are unresolved, and Project will resolve them to a generic "stub" SimProcedure called ReturnUnconstrained. It does what its name says: it returns a unique unconstrained symbolic value each time it is called.
- if use\_sim\_procedures (this is a parameter to angr.Project, not cle.Loader) is False (it is True by default), then only symbols provided by the extern object will be replaced with SimProcedures, and they will be replaced by a stub ReturnUnconstrained, which does nothing but return a symbolic value.
- you may specify specific symbols to exclude from being replaced with SimProcedures with the parameters to angr.Project: exclude\_sim\_procedures\_list and exclude\_sim\_procedures\_func.
- Look at the code for angr.Project.\_register\_object for the exact algorithm.

The mechanism by which angr replaces library code with a Python summary is called hooking, and you can do it too! When performing simulation, at every step angr checks if the current address has been hooked, and if so, runs the hook instead of the binary code at that address. The API to let you do this is proj.hook(addr, hook), where hook is a

SimProcedure instance. You can manage your project's hooks with .is\_hooked, .unhook, and .hooked\_by, which should hopefully not require explanation.

There is an alternate API for hooking an address that lets you specify your own off-the-cuff function to use as a hook, by using proj.hook(addr) as a function decorator. If you do this, you can also optionally specify a length keyword argument to make execution jump some number of bytes forward after your hook finishes.

Furthermore, you can use proj.hook\_symbol(name, hook), providing the name of a symbol as the first argument, to hook the address where the symbol lives. One very important usage of this is to extend the behavior of angr's built-in library SimProcedures. Since these library functions are just classes, you can subclass them, overriding pieces of their behavior, and then use your subclass in a hook.

#### 3.2.4 So far so good!

By now, you should have a reasonable understanding of how to control the environment in which your analysis happens, on the level of the CLE loader and the angr Project. You should also understand that angr makes a reasonable attempt to simplify its analysis by hooking complex library functions with SimProcedures that summarize the effects of the functions.

In order to see all the things you can do with the CLE loader and its backends, look at the CLE API docs.

## 3.3 Symbolic Expressions and Constraint Solving

angr's power comes not from it being an emulator, but from being able to execute with what we call *symbolic variables*. Instead of saying that a variable has a *concrete* numerical value, we can say that it holds a *symbol*, effectively just a name. Then, performing arithmetic operations with that variable will yield a tree of operations (termed an *abstract syntax tree* or *AST*, from compiler theory). ASTs can be translated into constraints for an *SMT solver*, like z3, in order to ask questions like "given the output of this sequence of operations, what must the input have been?" Here, you'll learn how to use angr to answer this.

#### 3.3.1 Working with Bitvectors

Let's get a dummy project and state so we can start playing with numbers.

```
>>> import angr, monkeyhex
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
```

A bitvector is just a sequence of bits, interpreted with the semantics of a bounded integer for arithmetic. Let's make a few.

As you can see, you can have any sequence of bits and call them a bitvector. You can do math with them too:

```
>>> one + one_hundred
<BV64 0x65>

# You can provide normal Python integers and they will be coerced to the appropriate type: >>> one_hundred + 0x100 <BV64 0x164>

# The semantics of normal wrapping arithmetic apply
>>> one_hundred - one*200
<BV64 0xfffffffffffffffc>
```

You *cannot* say one + weird\_nine, though. It is a type error to perform an operation on bitvectors of differing lengths. You can, however, extend weird\_nine so it has an appropriate number of bits:

```
>>> weird_nine.zero_extend(64 - 27)
<BV64 0x9>
>>> one + weird_nine.zero_extend(64 - 27)
<BV64 0xa>
```

zero\_extend will pad the bitvector on the left with the given number of zero bits. You can also use sign\_extend to pad with a duplicate of the highest bit, preserving the value of the bitvector under two's compliment signed integer semantics.

Now, let's introduce some symbols into the mix.

```
# Create a bitvector symbol named "x" of length 64 bits
>>> x = state.solver.BVS("x", 64)
>>> x
<BV64 x_9_64>
>>> y = state.solver.BVS("y", 64)
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> y
<BV64 y_10_64>
```

x and y are now *symbolic variables*, which are kind of like the variables you learned to work with in 7th grade algebra. Notice that the name you provided has been been mangled by appending an incrementing counter and You can do as much arithmetic as you want with them, but you won't get a number back, you'll get an AST instead.

```
>>> x + one

<BV64 x_9_64 + 0x1>

>>> (x + one) / 2

<BV64 (x_9_64 + 0x1) / 0x2>

>>> x - y

<BV64 x_9_64 - y_10_64>
```

Technically x and y and even one are also ASTs - any bitvector is a tree of operations, even if that tree is only one layer deep. To understand this, let's learn how to process ASTs.

Each AST has a .op and a .args. The op is a string naming the operation being performed, and the args are the values the operation takes as input. Unless the op is BVV or BVS (or a few others...), the args are all other ASTs, the tree eventually terminating with BVVs or BVSs.

```
>>> tree = (x + 1) / (y + 2)
>>> tree

<BV64 (x_9_64 + 0x1) / (y_10_64 + 0x2)>
>>> tree.op
'___floordiv__'
>>> tree.args
(<BV64 x_9_64 + 0x1>, <BV64 y_10_64 + 0x2>)
>>> tree.args[0].op
'__add__'
>>> tree.args[0].args
(<BV64 x_9_64>, <BV64 0x1>)
>>> tree.args[0].args[1].op
'BVV'
>>> tree.args[0].args[1].args
(1, 64)
```

From here on out, we will use the word "bitvector" to refer to any AST whose topmost operation produces a bitvector. There can be other data types represented through ASTs, including floating point numbers and, as we're about to see, booleans.

#### 3.3.2 Symbolic Constraints

Performing comparison operations between any two similarly-typed ASTs will yield another AST - not a bitvector, but now a symbolic boolean.

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> x > 2

<Bool x_9_64 > 0x2>

>>> x + y == one_hundred + 5

<Bool (x_9_64 + y_10_64) == 0x69>

>>> one_hundred > 5

<Bool True>

>>> one_hundred > -5

<Bool False>
```

One tidbit you can see from this is that the comparisons are unsigned by default. The -5 in the last example is coerced to <BV64 0xfffffffffffffb>, which is definitely not less than one hundred. If you want the comparison to be signed, you can say one\_hundred.SGT(-5) (that's "signed greater-than"). A full list of operations can be found at the end of this chapter.

This snippet also illustrates an important point about working with angr - you should never directly use a comparison between variables in the condition for an if- or while-statement, since the answer might not have a concrete truth value. Even if there is a concrete truth value, if one > one\_hundred will raise an exception. Instead, you should use solver.is\_true and solver.is\_false, which test for concrete truthyness/falsiness without performing a constraint solve.

```
>>> yes = one == 1
>>> no = one == 2
>>> maybe = x == y
>>> state.solver.is_true(yes)
True
>>> state.solver.is_false(yes)
False
>>> state.solver.is_true(no)
False
>>> state.solver.is_false(no)
True
>>> state.solver.is_false(maybe)
False
>>> state.solver.is_true(maybe)
False
>>> state.solver.is_false(maybe)
False
```

## 3.3.3 Constraint Solving

You can treat any symbolic boolean as an assertion about the valid values of a symbolic variable by adding it as a *constraint* to the state. You can then query for a valid value of a symbolic variable by asking for an evaluation of a symbolic expression.

An example will probably be more clear than an explanation here:

```
>>> state.solver.add(x > y)
>>> state.solver.add(y > 2)
>>> state.solver.add(10 > x)
>>> state.solver.eval(x)
4
```

By adding these constraints to the state, we've forced the constraint solver to consider them as assertions that must be satisfied about any values it returns. If you run this code, you might get a different value for x, but that value will definitely be greater than 3 (since y must be greater than 2 and x must be greater than y) and less than 10. Furthermore,

if you then say state.solver.eval(y), you'll get a value of y which is consistent with the value of x that you got. If you don't add any constraints between two queries, the results will be consistent with each other.

From here, it's easy to see how to do the task we proposed at the beginning of the chapter - finding the input that produced a given output.

Note that, again, this solution only works because of the bitvector semantics. If we were operating over the domain of integers, there would be no solutions!

If we add conflicting or contradictory constraints, such that there are no values that can be assigned to the variables such that the constraints are satisfied, the state becomes *unsatisfiable*, or unsat, and queries against it will raise an exception. You can check the satisfiability of a state with state.satisfiable().

```
>>> state.solver.add(input < 2**32)
>>> state.satisfiable()
False
```

You can also evaluate more complex expressions, not just single variables.

```
# fresh state
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
>>> state.solver.add(x - y >= 4)
>>> state.solver.add(y > 0)
>>> state.solver.eval(x)
5
>>> state.solver.eval(y)
1
>>> state.solver.eval(x + y)
```

From this we can see that eval is a general purpose method to convert any bitvector into a Python primitive while respecting the integrity of the state. This is why we use eval to convert from concrete bitvectors to Python ints, too!

Also note that the x and y variables can be used in this new state despite having been created using an old state. Variables are not tied to any one state, and can exist freely.

#### 3.3.4 Floating point numbers

z3 has support for the theory of IEEE754 floating point numbers, and so angr can use them as well. The main difference is that instead of a width, a floating point number has a *sort*. You can create floating point symbols and values with FPV and FPS.

```
# fresh state
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
>>> a = state.solver.FPV(3.2, state.solver.fp.FSORT_DOUBLE)
>>> a
(continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

So there's a bit to unpack here - for starters the pretty-printing isn't as smart about floating point numbers. But past that, most operations actually have a third parameter, implicitly added when you use the binary operators - the rounding mode. The IEEE754 spec supports multiple rounding modes (round-to-nearest, round-to-zero, round-to-positive, etc), so z3 has to support them. If you want to specify the rounding mode for an operation, use the fp operation explicitly (solver.fpAdd for example) with a rounding mode (one of solver.fp.RM\_\*) as the first argument.

Constraints and solving work in the same way, but with eval returning a floating point number:

```
>>> state.solver.add(b + 2 < 0)
>>> state.solver.add(b + 2 > -1)
>>> state.solver.eval(b)
-2.49999999999996
```

This is nice, but sometimes we need to be able to work directly with the representation of the float as a bitvector. You can interpret bitvectors as floats and vice versa, with the methods raw\_to\_bv and raw\_to\_fp:

These conversions preserve the bit-pattern, as if you casted a float pointer to an int pointer or vice versa. However, if you want to preserve the value as closely as possible, as if you casted a float to an int (or vice versa), you can use a different set of methods, val\_to\_fp and val\_to\_bv. These methods must take the size or sort of the target value as a parameter, due to the floating-point nature of floats.

```
>>> a
<FP64 FPV(3.2, DOUBLE)>
>>> a.val_to_bv(12)
<BV12 0x3>
>>> a.val_to_bv(12).val_to_fp(state.solver.fp.FSORT_FLOAT)
<FP32 FPV(3.0, FLOAT)>
```

These methods can also take a signed parameter, designating the signedness of the source or target bitvector.

# 3.3.5 More Solving Methods

eval will give you one possible solution to an expression, but what if you want several? What if you want to ensure that the solution is unique? The solver provides you with several methods for common solving patterns:

- solver.eval(expression) will give you one possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.eval\_one(expression) will give you the solution to the given expression, or throw an error if more than one solution is possible.
- solver.eval\_upto(expression, n) will give you up to n solutions to the given expression, returning fewer than n if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval\_atleast(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval\_exact(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer or more than are possible.
- solver.min(expression) will give you the minimum possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.max(expression) will give you the maximum possible solution to the given expression.

Additionally, all of these methods can take the following keyword arguments:

- extra\_constraints can be passed as a tuple of constraints. These constraints will be taken into account for this evaluation, but will not be added to the state.
- cast\_to can be passed a data type to cast the result to. Currently, this can only be int and bytes, which will cause the method to return the corresponding representation of the underlying data. For example, state. solver.eval(state.solver.BVV(0x41424344, 32), cast\_to=bytes) will return b'ABCD'.

# 3.3.6 Summary

That was a lot!! After reading this, you should be able to create and manipulate bitvectors, booleans, and floating point values to form trees of operations, and then query the constraint solver attached to a state for possible solutions under a set of constraints. Hopefully by this point you understand the power of using ASTs to represent computations, and the power of a constraint solver.

In the appendix, you can find a reference for all the additional operations you can apply to ASTs, in case you ever need a quick table to look at.

# 3.4 Machine State - memory, registers, and so on

So far, we've only used angr's simulated program states (SimState objects) in the barest possible way in order to demonstrate basic concepts about angr's operation. Here, you'll learn about the structure of a state object and how to interact with it in a variety of useful ways.

# 3.4.1 Review: Reading and writing memory and registers

If you've been reading this book in order (and you should be, at least for this first section), you already saw the basics of how to access memory and registers. state.regs provides read and write access to the registers through attributes with the names of each register, and state.mem provides typed read and write access to memory with index-access notation to specify the address followed by an attribute access to specify the type you would like to interpret the memory as.

Additionally, you should now know how to work with ASTs, so you can now understand that any bitvector-typed AST can be stored in registers or memory.

Here are some quick examples for copying and performing operations on data from the state:

```
>>> import angr, claripy
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()

# copy rsp to rbp
>>> state.regs.rbp = state.regs.rsp

# store rdx to memory at 0x1000
>>> state.mem[0x1000].uint64_t = state.regs.rdx

# dereference rbp
>>> state.regs.rbp = state.mem[state.regs.rbp].uint64_t.resolved

# add rax, qword ptr [rsp + 8]
>>> state.regs.rax += state.mem[state.regs.rsp + 8].uint64_t.resolved
```

#### 3.4.2 Basic Execution

Earlier, we showed how to use a Simulation Manager to do some basic execution. We'll show off the full capabilities of the simulation manager in the next chapter, but for now we can use a much simpler interface to demonstrate how symbolic execution works: state.step(). This method will perform one step of symbolic execution and return an object called *angr.engines.successors.SimSuccessors*. Unlike normal emulation, symbolic execution can produce several successor states that can be classified in a number of ways. For now, what we care about is the . successors property of this object, which is a list containing all the "normal" successors of a given step.

Why a list, instead of just a single successor state? Well, angr's process of symbolic execution is just the taking the operations of the individual instructions compiled into the program and performing them to mutate a SimState. When a line of code like if (x > 4) is reached, what happens if x is a symbolic bitvector? Somewhere in the depths of angr, the comparison x > 4 is going to get performed, and the result is going to be <Bool  $x_32_1 > 4>$ .

That's fine, but the next question is, do we take the "true" branch or the "false" one? The answer is, we take both! We generate two entirely separate successor states - one simulating the case where the condition was true and simulating the case where the condition was false. In the first state, we add x > 4 as a constraint, and in the second state, we add !(x > 4) as a constraint. That way, whenever we perform a constraint solve using either of these successor states, the conditions on the state ensure that any solutions we get are valid inputs that will cause execution to follow the same path that the given state has followed.

To demonstrate this, let's use a *fake firmware image <../examples/fauxware/fauxware>* as an example. If you look at the *source code <../examples/fauxware/fauxware.c>* for this binary, you'll see that the authentication mechanism for the firmware is backdoored; any username can be authenticated as an administrator with the password "SOSNEAKY". Furthermore, the first comparison against user input that happens is the comparison against the backdoor, so if we step

until we get more than one successor state, one of those states will contain conditions constraining the user input to be the backdoor password. The following snippet implements this:

Don't look at the constraints on these states directly - the branch we just went through involves the result of strcmp, which is a tricky function to emulate symbolically, and the resulting constraints are *very* complicated.

The program we emulated took data from standard input, which angr treats as an infinite stream of symbolic data by default. To perform a constraint solve and get a possible value that input could have taken in order to satisfy the constraints, we'll need to get a reference to the actual contents of stdin. We'll go over how our file and input subsystems work later on this very page, but for now, just use state.posix.stdin.load(0, state.posix.stdin.size) to retrieve a bitvector representing all the content read from stdin so far.

As you can see, in order to go down the state1 path, you must have given as a password the backdoor string "SOS-NEAKY". In order to go down the state2 path, you must have given something *besides* "SOSNEAKY". z3 has helpfully provided one of the billions of strings fitting this criteria.

Fauxware was the first program angr's symbolic execution ever successfully worked on, back in 2013. By finding its backdoor using angr you are participating in a grand tradition of having a bare-bones understanding of how to use symbolic execution to extract meaning from binaries!

#### 3.4.3 State Presets

So far, whenever we've been working with a state, we've created it with project.factory.entry\_state(). This is just one of several *state constructors* available on the project factory:

- .blank\_state() constructs a "blank slate" blank state, with most of its data left uninitialized. When accessing uninitialized data, an unconstrained symbolic value will be returned.
- .entry\_state() constructs a state ready to execute at the main binary's entry point.
- .full\_init\_state() constructs a state that is ready to execute through any initializers that need to be run before the main binary's entry point, for example, shared library constructors or preinitializers. When it is finished with these it will jump to the entry point.

• .call\_state() constructs a state ready to execute a given function.

You can customize the state through several arguments to these constructors:

- All of these constructors can take an addr argument to specify the exact address to start.
- If you're executing in an environment that can take command line arguments or an environment, you can pass a list of arguments through args and a dictionary of environment variables through env into entry\_state and full\_init\_state. The values in these structures can be strings or bitvectors, and will be serialized into the state as the arguments and environment to the simulated execution. The default args is an empty list, so if the program you're analyzing expects to find at least an argv[0], you should always provide that!
- If you'd like to have argc be symbolic, you can pass a symbolic bitvector as argc to the entry\_state and full\_init\_state constructors. Be careful, though: if you do this, you should also add a constraint to the resulting state that your value for argc cannot be larger than the number of args you passed into args.
- To use the call state, you should call it with .call\_state(addr, arg1, arg2, ...), where addr is the address of the function you want to call and argN is the Nth argument to that function, either as a Python integer, string, or array, or a bitvector. If you want to have memory allocated and actually pass in a pointer to an object, you should wrap it in an PointerWrapper, i.e. angr.PointerWrapper("point to me!"). The results of this API can be a little unpredictable, but we're working on it.
- To specify the calling convention used for a function with call\_state, you can pass a SimCC instance as the
  cc argument.:raw-html-m2r:<br/>br> We try to pick a sane default, but for special cases you will need to help angr
  out.

There are several more options that can be used in any of these constructors! See the docs on the project.factory object (an angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory) for more details.

# 3.4.4 Low level interface for memory

The state.mem interface is convenient for loading typed data from memory, but when you want to do raw loads and stores to and from ranges of memory, it's very cumbersome. It turns out that state.mem is actually just a bunch of logic to correctly access the underlying memory storage, which is just a flat address space filled with bitvector data: state. memory. You can use state.memory directly with the .load(addr, size) and .store(addr, val) methods:

```
>>> s = proj.factory.blank_state()
>>> s.memory.store(0x4000, s.solver.BVV(0x0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef, 128))
>>> s.memory.load(0x4004, 6) # load-size is in bytes
<BV48 0x89abcdef0123>
```

As you can see, the data is loaded and stored in a "big-endian" fashion, since the primary purpose of state.memory is to load an store swaths of data with no attached semantics. However, if you want to perform a byteswap on the loaded or stored data, you can pass a keyword argument endness - if you specify little-endian, byteswap will happen. The endness should be one of the members of the Endness enum in the archinfo package used to hold declarative data about CPU architectures for angr. Additionally, the endness of the program being analyzed can be found as arch.memory\_endness - for instance state.arch.memory\_endness.

```
>>> import archinfo
>>> s.memory.load(0x4000, 4, endness=archinfo.Endness.LE)
<BV32 0x67452301>
```

There is also a low-level interface for register access, state.registers, that uses the exact same API as state. memory, but explaining its behavior involves a *dive* into the abstractions that angruses to seamlessly work with multiple architectures. The short version is that it is simply a register file, with the mapping between registers and offsets defined in archinfo.

## 3.4.5 State Options

There are a lot of little tweaks that can be made to the internals of angr that will optimize behavior in some situations and be a detriment in others. These tweaks are controlled through state options.

On each SimState object, there is a set (state.options) of all its enabled options. Each option (really just a string) controls the behavior of angr's execution engine in some minute way. A listing of the full domain of options, along with the defaults for different state types, can be found in *the appendix*. You can access an individual option for adding to a state through angr.options. The individual options are named with CAPITAL\_LETTERS, but there are also common groupings of objects that you might want to use bundled together, named with lowercase\_letters.

When creating a SimState through any constructor, you may pass the keyword arguments add\_options and remove\_options, which should be sets of options that modify the initial options set from the default.

# 3.4.6 State Plugins

With the exception of the set of options just discussed, everything stored in a SimState is actually stored in a *plugin* attached to the state. Almost every property on the state we've discussed so far is a plugin - memory, registers, mem, regs, solver, etc. This design allows for code modularity as well as the ability to easily *implement new kinds of data storage* for other aspects of an emulated state, or the ability to provide alternate implementations of plugins.

For example, the normal memory plugin simulates a flat memory space, but analyses can choose to enable the "abstract memory" plugin, which uses alternate data types for addresses to simulate free-floating memory mappings independent of address, to provide state.memory. Conversely, plugins can reduce code complexity: state.memory and state. registers are actually two different instances of the same plugin, since the registers are emulated with an address space as well.

#### The globals plugin

state.globals is an extremely simple plugin: it implements the interface of a standard Python dict, allowing you to store arbitrary data on a state.

#### The history plugin

state.history is a very important plugin storing historical data about the path a state has taken during execution. It is actually a linked list of several history nodes, each one representing a single round of execution—you can traverse this list with state.history.parent.parent etc.

To make it more convenient to work with this structure, the history also provides several efficient iterators over the history of certain values. In general, these values are stored as history.recent\_NAME and the iterator over them is just history.NAME. For example, for addr in state.history.bbl\_addrs: print hex(addr) will print out a basic block address trace for the binary, while state.history.recent\_bbl\_addrs is the list of basic blocks executed in the most recent step, state.history.parent.recent\_bbl\_addrs is the list of basic blocks executed in the previous step, etc. If you ever need to quickly obtain a flat list of these values, you can access .hardcopy, e.g. state.history.bbl\_addrs.hardcopy. Keep in mind though, index-based accessing is implemented on the iterators.

Here is a brief listing of some of the values stored in the history:

- history.descriptions is a listing of string descriptions of each of the rounds of execution performed on the state.
- history.bbl\_addrs is a listing of the basic block addresses executed by the state. There may be more than one
  per round of execution, and not all addresses may correspond to binary code some may be addresses at which
  SimProcedures are hooked.
- history.jumpkinds is a listing of the disposition of each of the control flow transitions in the state's history, as VEX enum strings.
- history.jump\_guards is a listing of the conditions guarding each of the branches that the state has encountered.
- history.events is a semantic listing of "interesting events" which happened during execution, such as the
  presence of a symbolic jump condition, the program popping up a message box, or execution terminating with
  an exit code.
- history.actions is usually empty, but if you add the angr.options.refs options to the state, it will be populated with a log of all the memory, register, and temporary value accesses performed by the program.

#### The callstack plugin

angr will track the call stack for the emulated program. On every call instruction, a frame will be added to the top of the tracked callstack, and whenever the stack pointer drops below the point where the topmost frame was called, a frame is popped. This allows angr to robustly store data local to the current emulated function.

Similar to the history, the callstack is also a linked list of nodes, but there are no provided iterators over the contents of the nodes - instead you can directly iterate over state.callstack to get the callstack frames for each of the active frames, in order from most recent to oldest. If you just want the topmost frame, this is state.callstack.

- callstack.func\_addr is the address of the function currently being executed
- callstack.call\_site\_addr is the address of the basic block which called the current function
- callstack.stack\_ptr is the value of the stack pointer from the beginning of the current function
- callstack.ret\_addr is the location that the current function will return to if it returns

# 3.4.7 More about I/O: Files, file systems, and network sockets

Please refer to Working with File System, Sockets, and Pipes for a more complete and detailed documentation of how I/O is modeled in angr.

# 3.4.8 Copying and Merging

A state supports very fast copies, so that you can explore different possibilities:

```
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> s = proj.factory.blank_state()
>>> s1 = s.copy()
>>> s2 = s.copy()
>>> s1.mem[0x1000].uint32_t = 0x41414141
>>> s2.mem[0x1000].uint32_t = 0x42424242
```

States can also be merged together.

```
# merge will return a tuple. the first element is the merged state
# the second element is a symbolic variable describing a state flag
# the third element is a boolean describing whether any merging was done
>>> (s_merged, m, anything_merged) = s1.merge(s2)
# this is now an expression that can resolve to "AAAA" *or* "BBBB"
>>> aaaa_or_bbbb = s_merged.mem[0x1000].uint32_t
```

**Todo:** describe limitations of merging

# 3.5 Simulation Managers

The most important control interface in angr is the SimulationManager, which allows you to control symbolic execution over groups of states simultaneously, applying search strategies to explore a program's state space. Here, you'll learn how to use it.

Simulation managers let you wrangle multiple states in a slick way. States are organized into "stashes", which you can step forward, filter, merge, and move around as you wish. This allows you to, for example, step two different stashes of states at different rates, then merge them together. The default stash for most operations is the active stash, which is where your states get put when you initialize a new simulation manager.

# 3.5.1 Stepping

The most basic capability of a simulation manager is to step forward all states in a given stash by one basic block. You do this with .step().

```
>>> import angr
>>> proj = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware', auto_load_libs=False)
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state()
>>> simgr = proj.factory.simgr(state)
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x400580>]
>>> simgr.step()
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x400540>]
```

Of course, the real power of the stash model is that when a state encounters a symbolic branch condition, both of the successor states appear in the stash, and you can step both of them in sync. When you don't really care about controlling analysis very carefully and you just want to step until there's nothing left to step, you can just use the .run() method.

```
# Step until the first symbolic branch
>>> while len(simgr.active) == 1:
... simgr.step()

>>> simgr
<SimulationManager with 2 active>
>>> simgr.active
[<SimState @ 0x400692>, <SimState @ 0x400699>]

# Step until everything terminates
>>> simgr.run()
>>> simgr
<SimulationManager with 3 deadended>
```

We now have 3 deadended states! When a state fails to produce any successors during execution, for example, because it reached an exit syscall, it is removed from the active stash and placed in the deadended stash.

# 3.5.2 Stash Management

Let's see how to work with other stashes.

To move states between stashes, use .move(), which takes from\_stash, to\_stash, and filter\_func (optional, default is to move everything). For example, let's move everything that has a certain string in its output:

We were able to just create a new stash named "authenticated" just by asking for states to be moved to it. All the states in this stash have "Welcome" in their stdout, which is a fine metric for now.

Each stash is just a list, and you can index into or iterate over the list to access each of the individual states, but there are some alternate methods to access the states too. If you prepend the name of a stash with one\_, you will be given

the first state in the stash. If you prepend the name of a stash with mp\_, you will be given a mulpyplexed version of the stash.

Of course, step, run, and any other method that operates on a single stash of paths can take a stash argument, specifying which stash to operate on.

There are lots of fun tools that the simulation manager provides you for managing your stashes. We won't go into the rest of them for now, but you should check out the API documentation. TODO: link

#### Stash types

You can use stashes for whatever you like, but there are a few stashes that will be used to categorize some special kinds of states. These are:

## Stasl Description This stash contains the states that will be stepped by default, unless an alternate stash is specified. active dead- A state goes to the deadended stash when it cannot continue the execution for some reason, including no more ender valid instructions, unsat state of all of its successors, or an invalid instruction pointer. prune When using LAZY\_SOLVES, states are not checked for satisfiability unless absolutely necessary. When a state is found to be unsat in the presence of LAZY\_SOLVES, the state hierarchy is traversed to identify when, in its history, it initially became unsat. All states that are descendants of that point (which will also be unsat, since a state cannot become un-unsat) are pruned and put in this stash. If the save\_unconstrained option is provided to the SimulationManager constructor, states that are deterunmined to be unconstrained (i.e., with the instruction pointer controlled by user data or some other source of strain symbolic data) are placed here. If the save\_unsat option is provided to the SimulationManager constructor, states that are determined to be ununsatisfiable (i.e., they have constraints that are contradictory, like the input having to be both "AAAA" and "BBBB" at the same time) are placed here.

There is another list of states that is not a stash: errored. If, during execution, an error is raised, then the state will be wrapped in an ErrorRecord object, which contains the state and the error it raised, and then the record will be inserted into errored. You can get at the state as it was at the beginning of the execution tick that caused the error with record.state, you can see the error that was raised with record.error, and you can launch a debug shell at the site of the error with record.debug(). This is an invaluable debugging tool!

# 3.5.3 Simple Exploration

An extremely common operation in symbolic execution is to find a state that reaches a certain address, while discarding all states that go through another address. Simulation manager has a shortcut for this pattern, the .explore() method.

When launching .explore() with a find argument, execution will run until a state is found that matches the find condition, which can be the address of an instruction to stop at, a list of addresses to stop at, or a function which takes a state and returns whether it meets some criteria. When any of the states in the active stash match the find condition, they are placed in the found stash, and execution terminates. You can then explore the found state, or decide to discard it and continue with the other ones. You can also specify an avoid condition in the same format as find. When a state matches the avoid condition, it is put in the avoided stash, and execution continues. Finally, the num\_find argument controls the number of states that should be found before returning, with a default of 1. Of course, if you run out of states in the active stash before finding this many solutions, execution will stop anyway.

Let's look at a simple crackme example <./examples.md#reverseme-modern-binary-exploitation—csci-4968>:

First, we load the binary.

```
>>> proj = angr.Project('examples/CSCI-4968-MBE/challenges/crackme0x00a/crackme0x00a')
```

Next, we create a SimulationManager.

```
>>> simgr = proj.factory.simgr()
```

Now, we symbolically execute until we find a state that matches our condition (i.e., the "win" condition).

```
>>> simgr.explore(find=lambda s: b"Congrats" in s.posix.dumps(1))
<SimulationManager with 1 active, 1 found>
```

Now, we can get the flag out of that state!

```
>>> s = simgr.found[0]
>>> print(s.posix.dumps(1))
Enter password: Congrats!
>>> flag = s.posix.dumps(0)
>>> print(flag)
g00dJ0B!
```

Pretty simple, isn't it?

Other examples can be found by browsing the examples.

#### **Exploration Techniques**

angr ships with several pieces of canned functionality that let you customize the behavior of a simulation manager, called *exploration techniques*. The archetypical example of why you would want an exploration technique is to modify the pattern in which the state space of the program is explored - the default "step everything at once" strategy is effectively breadth-first search, but with an exploration technique you could implement, for example, depth-first search. However, the instrumentation power of these techniques is much more flexible than that - you can totally alter the behavior of angr's stepping process. Writing your own exploration techniques will be covered in a later chapter.

To use an exploration technique, call simgr.use\_technique(tech), where tech is an instance of an ExplorationTechnique subclass. angr's built-in exploration techniques can be found under angr.exploration\_techniques.

Here's a quick overview of some of the built-in ones:

- DFS: Depth first search, as mentioned earlier. Keeps only one state active at once, putting the rest in the deferred stash until it deadends or errors.
- Explorer: This technique implements the .explore() functionality, allowing you to search for and avoid addresses.
- LengthLimiter: Puts a cap on the maximum length of the path a state goes through.
- LoopSeer: Uses a reasonable approximation of loop counting to discard states that appear to be going through a loop too many times, putting them in a spinning stash and pulling them out again if we run out of otherwise viable states.
- *ManualMergepoint*: Marks an address in the program as a merge point, so states that reach that address will be briefly held, and any other states that reach that same point within a timeout will be merged together.
- *MemoryWatcher*: Monitors how much memory is free/available on the system between simgr steps and stops exploration if it gets too low.
- Oppologist: The "operation apologist" is an especially fun gadget if this technique is enabled and angrencounters an unsupported instruction, for example a bizzare and foreign floating point SIMD op, it will concretize all the inputs to that instruction and emulate the single instruction using the unicorn engine, allowing execution to continue.
- *Spiller*: When there are too many states active, this technique can dump some of them to disk in order to keep memory consumption low.
- *Threading*: Adds thread-level parallelism to the stepping process. This doesn't help much because of Python's global interpreter locks, but if you have a program whose analysis spends a lot of time in angr's native-code dependencies (unicorn, z3, libvex) you can seem some gains.
- *Tracer*: An exploration technique that causes execution to follow a dynamic trace recorded from some other source. The dynamic tracer repository has some tools to generate those traces.
- *Veritesting*: An implementation of a CMU paper on automatically identifying useful merge points. This is so useful, you can enable it automatically with veritesting=True in the SimulationManager constructor! Note that it frequenly doesn't play nice with other techniques due to the invasive way it implements static symbolic execution.

Look at the API documentation for the *SimulationManager* and *ExplorationTechnique* classes for more information.

# 3.6 Simulation and Instrumentation

When you ask for a step of execution to happen in angr, something has to actually perform the step. angr uses a series of engines (subclasses of the SimEngine class) to emulate the effects that of a given section of code has on an input state. The execution core of angr simply tries all the available engines in sequence, taking the first one that is able to handle the step. The following is the default list of engines, in order:

- The failure engine kicks in when the previous step took us to some uncontinuable state
- The syscall engine kicks in when the previous step ended in a syscall
- The hook engine kicks in when the current address is hooked
- The unicorn engine kicks in when the UNICORN state option is enabled and there is no symbolic data in the state
- The VEX engine kicks in as the final fallback.

# 3.6.1 SimSuccessors

The code that actually tries all the engines in turn is project.factory.successors(state, \*\*kwargs), which passes its arguments onto each of the engines. This function is at the heart of state.step() and simulation\_manager.step(). It returns a SimSuccessors object, which we discussed briefly before. The purpose of SimSuccessors is to perform a simple categorization of the successor states, stored in various list attributes. They are:

At- tribut	Guard Con-	In- struc-	Description
	di- tion	tion Pointer	
succ	True (can be symbolic, but constraint to True)	Can be sym- bolic (but 256 so- lutions or less; see unconst	A normal, satisfiable successor state to the state processed by the engine. The instruction pointer of this state may be symbolic (i.e., a computed jump based on user input), so the state might actually represent <i>several</i> potential continuations of execution going forward.
unsa	False (can be symbolic, but constraint to False)	Can be symbolic.	Unsatisfiable successors. These are successors whose guard conditions can only be false (i.e., jumps that cannot be taken, or the default branch of jumps that <i>must</i> be taken).
flat	True (can be symbolic, but constraint to True).	Concrete value.	As noted above, states in the successors list can have symbolic instruction pointers. This is rather confusing, as elsewhere in the code (i.e., in SimEngineVEX.process, when it's time to step that state forward), we make assumptions that a single program state only represents the execution of a single spot in the code. To alleviate this, when we encounter states in successors with symbolic instruction pointers, we compute all possible concrete solutions (up to an arbitrary threshold of 256) for them, and make a copy of the state for each such solution. We call this process "flattening". These flat_successors are states, each of which has a different, concrete instruction pointer. For example, if the instruction pointer of a state in successors was $X+5$ , where $X$ had constraints of $X > 0x800000$ and $X <= 0x800010$ , we would flatten it into 16 different flat_successors states, one with an instruction pointer of $0x800006$ , one with $0x800007$ , and so on until $0x8000015$ .
	to True).	256 solutions).	During the flattening procedure described above, if it turns out that there are more than 256 possible solutions for the instruction pointer, we assume that the instruction pointer has been overwritten with unconstrained data (i.e., a stack overflow with user data). <i>This assumption is not sound in general</i> . Such states are placed in unconstrained_successors and not in successors.
all_	Any- thing	Can be symbolic.	This is successors + unsat_successors + unconstrained_successors.

# 3.6.2 Breakpoints

**Todo:** rewrite this to fix the narrative

Like any decent execution engine, angr supports breakpoints. This is pretty cool! A point is set as follows:

```
>>> import angr
>>> b = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware')

# get our state
>>> s = b.factory.entry_state()

# add a breakpoint. This breakpoint will drop into ipdb right before a memory write_
___happens.
>>> s.inspect.b('mem_write')

# on the other hand, we can have a breakpoint trigger right *after* a memory write_
___happens.
# we can also have a callback function run instead of opening ipdb.
>>> def debug_func(state):
... print("State %s is about to do a memory write!")
>>> s.inspect.b('mem_write', when=angr.BP_AFTER, action=debug_func)

# or, you can have it drop you in an embedded IPython!
>>> s.inspect.b('mem_write', when=angr.BP_AFTER, action=angr.BP_IPYTHON)
```

There are many other places to break than a memory write. Here is the list. You can break at BP\_BEFORE or BP\_AFTER for each of these events.

Event type	Event meaning
mem_read	Memory is being read.
mem_write	Memory is being written.
ad-	A symbolic memory access is being resolved.
dress_concretization	
reg_read	A register is being read.
reg_write	A register is being written.
tmp_read	A temp is being read.
tmp_write	A temp is being written.
expr	An expression is being created (i.e., a result of an arithmetic operation or a constant in the IR).
statement	An IR statement is being translated.
instruction	A new (native) instruction is being translated.
irsb	A new basic block is being translated.
constraints	New constraints are being added to the state.
exit	A successor is being generated from execution.
fork	A symbolic execution state has forked into multiple states.
symbolic_variable	A new symbolic variable is being created.
call	A call instruction is hit.
return	A ret instruction is hit.
simprocedure	A simprocedure (or syscall) is executed.
dirty	A dirty IR callback is executed.
syscall	A syscall is executed (called in addition to the simprocedure event).
engine_process	A SimEngine is about to process some code.

These events expose different attributes:

Event type	Attribute name	Attribute availability	Attribute meaning
mem_read	mem_read_address	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The address at which memory is
mem_read	mem_read_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression at that address.
mem_read	mem_read_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the memory read.
mem_read	mem_read_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the memory rea
mem_write	mem_write_address	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The address at which memory is
mem_write	mem_write_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the memory write.
mem_write	mem_write_expr	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The expression that is being writ
mem_write	mem_write_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the memory wr
reg_read	reg_read_offset	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The offset of the register being re
reg_read	reg_read_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the register read.
reg_read	reg_read_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression in the register.
reg_read	reg_read_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the register read
reg_write	reg_write_offset	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The offset of the register being w
reg_write	reg_write_length	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The length of the register write.
reg_write	reg_write_expr	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The expression that is being writ
reg_write	reg_write_condition	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The condition of the register writ
tmp_read	tmp_read_num	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The number of the temp being re
tmp_read	tmp_read_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression of the temp.
tmp_write	tmp_write_num	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The number of the temp written.
tmp_write	tmp_write_expr	BP_AFTER	The expression written to the ten
expr	expr	BP_BEFORE or BP_AFTER	The IR expression.
expr	expr_result	BP_AFTER	The value (e.g. AST) which the

Event type Attribute name Attribute av	vailability Attribute meaning
statement statement BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The index of the IR statement (in
instruction instruction BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the native instruc
irsb address BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the basic block.
constraints added_constraints BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The list of constraint expressions
call function_address BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the function being of
exit exit_target BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The expression representing the
exit exit_guard BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The expression representing the
exit exit_jumpkind BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The expression representing the
symbolic_variable symbolic_name BP_AFTER	The name of the symbolic variate
symbolic_variable symbolic_size BP_AFTER	The size of the symbolic variable
symbolic_variable symbolic_expr BP_AFTER	The expression representing the
address_concretization address_concretization_strategy BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimConcretizationStrategy
address_concretization address_concretization_action BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimAction object being used
address_concretization address_concretization_memory BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimMemory object on whice
address_concretization address_concretization_expr BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The AST representing the memory
address_concretization address_concretization_add_constraints BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER Whether or not constraints shoul
address_concretization address_concretization_result BP_AFTER	The list of resolved memory add
syscall syscall_name BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the system call.
simprocedure simprocedure_name BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the simprocedure.
simprocedure simprocedure_addr BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the simprocedure
simprocedure simprocedure_result BP_AFTER	1
simprocedure simprocedure BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The actual SimProcedure object.
dirty dirty_name BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The name of the dirty call.
dirty dirty_handler BP_BEFOR	RE The function that will be run to l
dirty dirty_args BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The address of the dirty.
dirty dirty_result BP_AFTER	<u> </u>
engine_process sim_engine BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimEngine that is processing
engine_process successors BP_BEFOR	RE or BP_AFTER The SimSuccessors object defini

These attributes can be accessed as members of state.inspect during the appropriate breakpoint callback to access the appropriate values. You can even modify these value to modify further uses of the values!

Additionally, each of these properties can be used as a keyword argument to inspect.b to make the breakpoint conditional:

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> s.inspect.b('instruction', when=angr.BP_AFTER, instruction=0x8000, mem_read_

--expr=0x1000)
```

Cool stuff! In fact, we can even specify a function as a condition:

That is some cool stuff!

### Caution about mem\_read breakpoint

The mem\_read breakpoint gets triggered anytime there are memory reads by either the executing program or the binary analysis. If you are using breakpoint on mem\_read and also using state.mem to load data from memory addresses, then know that the breakpoint will be fired as you are technically reading memory.

So if you want to load data from memory and not trigger any mem\_read breakpoint you have had set up, then use state.memory.load with the keyword arguments disable\_actions=True and inspect=False.

This is also true for state. find and you can use the same keyword arguments to prevent mem\_read breakpoints from firing.

# 3.7 Analyses

angr's goal is to make it easy to carry out useful analyses on binary programs. To this end, angr allows you to package analysis code in a common format that can be easily applied to any project. We will cover writing your own analyses *Writing Analyses*, but the idea is that all the analyses appear under project.analyses (for example, project.analyses.CFGFast()) and can be called as functions, returning analysis result instances.

# 3.7.1 Built-in Analyses

Name	Description
CFGFast	Constructs a fast Control Flow Graph of the program
CFGEmu- lated	Constructs an accurate Control Flow Graph of the program
VFG	Performs VSA on every function of the program, creating a <i>Value Flow Graph</i> and detecting stack variables
DDG	Calculates a <i>Data Dependency Graph</i> , allowing one to determine what statements a given value depends on
Backward- Slice	Computes a Backward Slice of a program with respect to a certain target
Identifier	Identifies common library functions in CGC binaries
More!	angr has quite a few analyses, most of which work! If you'd like to know how to use one, please submit an issue requesting documentation.

### 3.7.2 Resilience

Analyses can be written to be resilient, and catch and log basically any error. These errors, depending on how they're caught, are logged to the errors or named\_errors attribute of the analysis. However, you might want to run an analysis in "fail fast" mode, so that errors are not handled. To do this, the argument fail\_fast=True can be passed into the analysis constructor.

# 3.8 Symbolic Execution

Symbolic execution allows at a time in emulation to determine for a branch all conditions necessary to take a branch or not. Every variable is represented as a symbolic value, and each branch as a constraint. Thus, symbolic execution allows us to see which conditions allows the program to go from a point A to a point B, by resolving the constraints.

If you've read this far, you can see how the components of angr work together to make this possible. Read on to learn about how to make the leap from tools to results.

**Todo:** A real introduction to the concept of symbolic execution.

# 3.9 A final word of advice

Congratulations! If you've read this far through the book (editor's note: this comment only really applies when we've actually finished writing all the TODOs so far) then you've been introduced to all the fundamental components of angr necessary to get started with binary analysis.

Ultimately, angr is just an emulator. It is a highly instrumentable and very unique emulator with lots of considerations for environment, true, but at its core, the work you do with angr is about extracting knowledge about how a bunch of bytecode behaves on a CPU. In designing angr, we've tried to provide you with the tools and abstractions on top of this emulator to make certain common tasks more useful, but there's no problem you can't solve just by working with a SimState and observing the affects of .step().

As you read further into this book, we'll describe more technical subjects and how to tune angr's behavior for complicated scenarios. This knowledge should inform your use of angr so you can take the quickest path to a solution to any

given problem, but ultimately, you will want to solve problems by exercising creativity with the tools at your disposal. If you can take a problem and wrangle it into a form where it has defined and tractable inputs and outputs, you can absolutely use angr to achieve your goals, given that these goals involve analyzing binaries. None of the abstractions or instrumentations we provide are the end-all of how to use angr for a given task - angr is designed so it can be used in as integrated or as ad-hoc of a manner as you desire. If you see a path from problem to solution, take it.

Of course, it's very difficult to become well-acquainted with such a huge piece of technology as angr. To this end you can absolutely lean on the community (through the angr slack is the best option) to discuss angr and solving problems with it.

Good luck!

**CHAPTER** 

**FOUR** 

# **BUILD-IN ANALYSES**

# 4.1 Control-flow Graph Recovery (CFG)

angr includes analyses to recover the control-flow graph of a binary program. This also includes recovery of function boundaries, as well as reasoning about indirect jumps and other useful metadata.

### 4.1.1 General ideas

A basic analysis that one might carry out on a binary is a Control Flow Graph. A CFG is a graph with (conceptually) basic blocks as nodes and jumps/calls/rets/etc as edges.

In angr, there are two types of CFG that can be generated: a static CFG (CFGFast) and a dynamic CFG (CFGEmulated).

CFGFast uses static analysis to generate a CFG. It is significantly faster, but is theoretically bounded by the fact that some control-flow transitions can only be resolved at execution-time. This is the same sort of CFG analysis performed by other popular reverse-engineering tools, and its results are comparable with their output.

CFGEmulated uses symbolic execution to capture the CFG. While it is theoretically more accurate, it is dramatically slower. It is also typically less complete, due to issues with the accuracy of emulation (system calls, missing hardware features, and so on)

If you are unsure which CFG to use, or are having problems with CFGEmulated, try CFGFast first.

A CFG can be constructed by doing:

```
>>> import angr
# load your project
>>> p = angr.Project('/bin/true', load_options={'auto_load_libs': False})

# Generate a static CFG
>>> cfg = p.analyses.CFGFast()

# generate a dynamic CFG
>>> cfg = p.analyses.CFGEmulated(keep_state=True)
```

# 4.1.2 Using the CFG

The CFG, at its core, is a NetworkX di-graph. This means that all of the normal NetworkX APIs are available:

```
>>> print("This is the graph:", cfg.graph)
>>> print("It has %d nodes and %d edges" % (len(cfg.graph.nodes()), len(cfg.graph.

deges())))
```

The nodes of the CFG graph are instances of class CFGNode. Due to context sensitivity, a given basic block can have multiple nodes in the graph (for multiple contexts).

```
# this grabs *any* node at a given location:
>>> entry_node = cfg.get_any_node(p.entry)

# on the other hand, this grabs all of the nodes
>>> print("There were %d contexts for the entry block" % len(cfg.get_all_nodes(p.entry)))

# we can also look up predecessors and successors
>>> print("Predecessors of the entry point:", entry_node.predecessors)
>>> print("Successors of the entry point:", entry_node.successors)
>>> print("Successors (and type of jump) of the entry point:", [ jumpkind + " to " +____
-str(node.addr) for node,jumpkind in cfg.get_successors_and_jumpkind(entry_node) ])
```

#### Viewing the CFG

Control-flow graph rendering is a hard problem. angr does not provide any built-in mechanism for rendering the output of a CFG analysis, and attempting to use a traditional graph rendering library, like matplotlib, will result in an unusable image.

One solution for viewing angr CFGs is found in axt's angr-utils repository.

#### 4.1.3 Shared Libraries

The CFG analysis does not distinguish between code from different binary objects. This means that by default, it will try to analyze control flow through loaded shared libraries. This is almost never intended behavior, since this will extend the analysis time to several days, probably. To load a binary without shared libraries, add the following keyword argument to the Project constructor: load\_options={'auto\_load\_libs': False}

### 4.1.4 Function Manager

The CFG result produces an object called the *Function Manager*, accessible through cfg.kb.functions. The most common use case for this object is to access it like a dictionary. It maps addresses to Function objects, which can tell you properties about a function.

```
>>> entry_func = cfg.kb.functions[p.entry]
```

Functions have several important properties!

- entry\_func.block\_addrs is a set of addresses at which basic blocks belonging to the function begin.
- entry\_func.blocks is the set of basic blocks belonging to the function, that you can explore and disassemble using capstone.

- entry\_func.string\_references() returns a list of all the constant strings that were referred to at any point in the function. They are formatted as (addr, string) tuples, where addr is the address in the binary's data section the string lives, and string is a Python string that contains the value of the string.
- entry\_func.returning is a boolean value signifying whether or not the function can return. False indicates that all paths do not return.
- entry\_func.callable is an angr Callable object referring to this function. You can call it like a Python function with Python arguments and get back an actual result (may be symbolic) as if you ran the function with those arguments!
- entry\_func.transition\_graph is a NetworkX DiGraph describing control flow within the function itself. It resembles the control-flow graphs IDA displays on a per-function level.
- entry\_func.name is the name of the function.
- entry\_func.has\_unresolved\_calls and entry.has\_unresolved\_jumps have to do with detecting imprecision within the CFG. Sometimes, the analysis cannot detect what the possible target of an indirect call or jump could be. If this occurs within a function, that function will have the appropriate has\_unresolved\_\* value set to True.
- entry\_func.get\_call\_sites() returns a list of all the addresses of basic blocks which end in calls out to
  other functions.
- entry\_func.get\_call\_target(callsite\_addr) will, given callsite\_addr from the list of call site addresses, return where that callsite will call out to.
- entry\_func.get\_call\_return(callsite\_addr) will, given callsite\_addr from the list of call site addresses, return where that callsite should return to.

and many more!

#### 4.1.5 CFGFast details

CFGFast performs a static control-flow and function recovery. Starting with the entry point (or any user-defined points) roughly the following procedure is performed:

- 1) The basic block is lifted to VEX IR, and all its exits (jumps, calls, returns, or continuation to the next block) are collected
- 2) For each exit, if this exit is a constant address, we add an edge to the CFG of the correct type, and add the destination block to the set of blocks to be analyzed.
- 3) In the event of a function call, the destination block is also considered the start of a new function. If the target function is known to return, the block after the call is also analyzed.
- 4) In the event of a return, the current function is marked as returning, and the appropriate edges in the callgraph and CFG are updated.
- 5) For all indirect jumps (block exits with a non-constant destination) Indirect Jump Resolution is performed.

#### **Finding function starts**

CFGFast supports multiple ways of deciding where a function starts and ends.

First the binary's main entry point will be analyzed. For binaries with symbols (e.g., non-stripped ELF and PE binaries) all function symbols will be used as possible starting points. For binaries without symbols, such as stripped binaries, or binaries loaded using the blob loader backend, CFG will scan the binary for a set of function prologues defined for the binary's architecture. Finally, by default, the binary's entire code section will be scanned for executable contents, regardless of prologues or symbols.

In addition to these, as with CFGEmulated, function starts will also be considered when they are the target of a "call" instruction on the given architecture.

All of these options can be disabled

#### **FakeRets and function returns**

When a function call is observed, we first assume that the callee function eventually returns, and treat the block after it as part of the caller function. This inferred control-flow edge is known as a "FakeRet". If, in analyzing the callee, we find this not to be true, we update the CFG, removing this "FakeRet", and updating the callgraph and function blocks accordingly. As such, the CFG is recovered *twice*. In doing this, the set of blocks in each function, and whether the function returns, can be recovered and propagated directly.

# **Indirect Jump Resolution**

#### **Options**

These are the most useful options when working with CFGFast:

Option	Description
force_complete_	(Default: True) Treat the entire binary as code for the purposes of function detection. If you have a blob (e.g., mixed code and data) <i>you want to turn this off.</i>
func- tion_starts	A list of addresses, to use as entry points into the analysis.
normalize	(Default: False) Normalize the resulting functions (e.g., each basic block belongs to at most one function, back-edges point to the start of basic blocks)
	(Default: True) Perform additional analysis to attempt to find targets for every indirect jump found during CFG creation.
more!	Examine the docstring on p.analyses.CFGFast for more up-to-date options

### 4.1.6 CFGEmulated details

#### **Options**

The most common options for CFGEmulated include:

Option	Description
con-	This sets the context sensitivity level of the analysis. See the context sensitivity level section
text_sensitivity_level	below for more information. This is 1 by default.
starts	A list of addresses, to use as entry points into the analysis.
avoid_runs	A list of addresses to ignore in the analysis.
call_depth	Limit the depth of the analysis to some number calls. This is useful for checking which
	functions a specific function can directly jump to (by setting call_depth to 1).
initial_state	An initial state can be provided to the CFG, which it will use throughout its analysis.
keep_state	To save memory, the state at each basic block is discarded by default. If keep_state is True,
	the state is saved in the CFGNode.
en-	Whether to enable an intensive technique for resolving indirect jumps
able_symbolic_back_	
en-	Whether to enable another intensive technique for resolving direct jumps
able_advanced_backv	
more!	Examine the docstring on p.analyses.CFGEmulated for more up-to-date options

#### **Context Sensitivity Level**

angr constructs a CFG by executing every basic block and seeing where it goes. This introduces some challenges: a basic block can act differently in different *contexts*. For example, if a block ends in a function return, the target of that return will be different, depending on different callers of the function containing that basic block.

The context sensitivity level is, conceptually, the number of such callers to keep on the callstack. To explain this concept, let's look at the following code:

```
void error(char *error)
{
    puts(error);
}
void alpha()
    puts("alpha");
    error("alpha!");
}
void beta()
    puts("beta");
    error("beta!");
}
void main()
{
    alpha();
    beta();
}
```

The above sample has four call chains: main>alpha>puts, main>alpha>error>puts and main>beta>puts, and main>beta>error>puts. While, in this case, angr can probably execute both call chains, this becomes unfeasible for larger binaries. Thus, angr executes the blocks with states limited by the context sensitivity level. That is, each function is re-analyzed for each unique context that it is called in.

For example, the puts() function above will be analyzed with the following contexts, given different context sensitivity levels:

Level	Meaning	Contexts		
0	Callee-only	puts		
1	One caller, plus callee	alpha>puts beta>puts error>puts		
2	Two callers, plus callee	alpha>error>puts main>alpha>puts beta>error>puts main>beta>puts		
3	Three callers, plus callee	<pre>main&gt;alpha&gt;error&gt;puts main&gt;alpha&gt;puts main&gt;beta&gt;error&gt;puts main&gt;beta&gt;puts</pre>		

The upside of increasing the context sensitivity level is that more information can be gleaned from the CFG. For example, with context sensitivity of 1, the CFG will show that, when called from alpha, puts returns to alpha, when called from error, puts returns to error, and so forth. With context sensitivity of 0, the CFG simply shows that puts returns to alpha, beta, and error. This, specifically, is the context sensitivity level used in IDA. The downside of increasing the context sensitivity level is that it exponentially increases the analysis time.

# 4.2 Backward Slicing

A *program slice* is a subset of statements that is obtained from the original program, usually by removing zero or more statements. Slicing is often helpful in debugging and program understanding. For instance, it's usually easier to locate the source of a variable on a program slice.

A backward slice is constructed from a target in the program, and all data flows in this slice end at the target.

angr has a built-in analysis, called BackwardSlice, to construct a backward program slice. This section will act as a how-to for angr's BackwardSlice analysis, and followed by some in-depth discussion over the implementation choices and limitations.

# 4.2.1 First Step First

To build a BackwardSlice, you will need the following information as input.

- **Required** CFG. A control flow graph (CFG) of the program. This CFG must be an accurate CFG (CFGEmulated).
- Required Target, which is the final destination that your backward slice terminates at.
- **Optional** CDG. A control dependence graph (CDG) derived from the CFG. angr has a built-in analysis CDG for that purpose.
- **Optional** DDG. A data dependence graph (DDG) built on top of the CFG. angr has a built-in analysis DDG for that purpose.

A BackwardSlice can be constructed with the following code:

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
# - keep all input states by specifying keep_state=True.
# - store memory, register and temporary values accesses by adding the angr.options.refs_
→option set.
# Feel free to provide more parameters (for example, context_sensitivity_level) for CFG
# recovery based on your needs.
>>> cfg = b.analyses.CFGEmulated(keep_state=True,
                                 state_add_options=angr.sim_options.refs,
                                 context_sensitivity_level=2)
. . .
# Generate the control dependence graph
>>> cdg = b.analyses.CDG(cfg)
# Build the data dependence graph. It might take a while. Be patient!
>>> ddg = b.analyses.DDG(cfg)
# See where we wanna go... let's go to the exit() call, which is modeled as a
# SimProcedure.
>>> target_func = cfg.kb.functions.function(name="exit")
# We need the CFGNode instance
>>> target_node = cfg.get_any_node(target_func.addr)
# Let's get a BackwardSlice out of them!
# ``targets`` is a list of objects, where each one is either a CodeLocation
# object, or a tuple of CFGNode instance and a statement ID. Setting statement
# ID to -1 means the very beginning of that CFGNode. A SimProcedure does not
# have any statement, so you should always specify -1 for it.
>>> bs = b.analyses.BackwardSlice(cfg, cdg=cdg, ddg=ddg, targets=[ (target_node, -1) ])
# Here is our awesome program slice!
>>> print(bs)
```

Sometimes it's difficult to get a data dependence graph, or you may simply want build a program slice on top of a CFG. That's basically why DDG is an optional parameter. You can build a BackwardSlice solely based on CFG by doing:

```
>>> bs = b.analyses.BackwardSlice(cfg, control_flow_slice=True)
BackwardSlice (to [(<CFGNode exit (0x10000a0) [0]>, -1)])
```

# 4.2.2 Using The BackwardSlice Object

Before you go ahead and use BackwardSlice object, you should notice that the design of this class is fairly arbitrary right now, and it is still subject to change in the near future. We'll try our best to keep this documentation up-to-date.

#### **Members**

After construction, a BackwardSlice has the following members which describe a program slice:

Member	Mode	Meaning
runs_in_slice	CFG- only	A networkx.DiGraph instance showing addresses of blocks and SimProcedures in the program slice, as well as transitions between them
cfg_nodes_in_	CFG- only	A networkx.DiGraph instance showing CFGNodes in the program slice and transitions in between
cho- sen_statement	With DDG	A dict mapping basic block addresses to lists of statement IDs that are part of the program slice
cho- sen_exits	With DDG	A dict mapping basic block addresses to a list of "exits". Each exit in the list is a valid transition in the program slice

Each "exit" in chosen\_exit is a tuple including a statement ID and a list of target addresses. For example, an "exit" might look like the following:

```
(35, [ 0x400020 ])
```

If the "exit" is the default exit of a basic block, it'll look like the following:

```
("default", [ 0x400085 ])
```

### **Export an Annotated Control Flow Graph**

### **User-friendly Representation**

Take a look at BackwardSlice.dbg\_repr()!

# 4.2.3 Implementation Choices

### 4.2.4 Limitations

#### **Completeness**

#### **Soundness**

# 4.3 Identifier

The identifier uses test cases to identify common library functions in CGC binaries. It prefilters by finding some basic information about stack variables/arguments. The information of about stack variables can be generally useful in other projects.

```
# get all the matches
>>> p = angr.Project("../binaries/tests/i386/identifiable")
# note analysis is executed via the Identifier call
>>> idfer = p.analyses.Identifier()
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
>>> for funcInfo in idfer.func_info:
       print(hex(funcInfo.addr), funcInfo.name)
0x8048e60 memcmp
0x8048ef0 memcpy
0x8048f60 memmove
0x8049030 memset
0x8049320 fdprintf
0x8049a70 sprintf
0x8049f40 strcasecmp
0x804a0f0 strcmp
0x804a190 strcpy
0x804a260 strlen
0x804a3d0 strncmp
0x804a620 strtol
0x804aa00 strtol
0x80485b0 free
0x804aab0 free
0x804aad0 free
0x8048660 malloc
0x80485b0 free
```

4.3. Identifier 59

# 4.4 angr Decompiler

# 4.4.1 Analysis Passes

Name	Description	Sub-analysis
CFG recovery	Recover the control flow graph.	Indirect branch resolving
Indirect branch re-	Resolve the targets of indirect branches.	Jump table resolving
solving		
Removing align-		
ment blocks		
Calling convention recovery		
Stack pointer	Determine values of stack pointer at each	
analysis	instruction.	
IR Lifting	Lift the original representation to AIL,	
C	block by block.	
AIL graph build-		
ing		
Rewriting single-	Replace single-target indirect branches	
target indirect	with direct branches.	
branches  Making return	Convert Ijk_Ret jump kinds into AIL Re-	
statements	turn statements.	
Simplifying AIL	Simplify each AIL block.	Constant folding, copy propagation, dead assign-
blocks		ment elimination, peephole optimizations
Reaching defini-		
tion analysis		
Constant folding		
Copy propagation		
Dead assignment		
elimination Peephole opti-		
mizations opti-		
Simplifying AIL	Simplify the entire AIL function.	Assignment expression folding, unifying local
function	•	variables, call expression folding, reaching def-
		inition analysis
Assignment ex-	Eliminate variables that are assigned to	Copy propagation
pression folding	once and used once.	
Unifying local variables	Find local variables that are always equiv-	Copy propagation
Call expression	alent and eliminate redundant copies.  Fold call expressions into the variable	Copy propagation
folding	where its return value is stored.	Copy propagation
Call site building	Apply calling conventions to each call site	Reaching definition analysis
C	and rewrite call statements to ones with ar-	,
	guments	
Variable recovery	Identify local and global variables.	
Variable type in-	Collect type constraints and infer variable	
ference	types.	
Simplification		
passes Region identifica-	Identify single-entry, single-exit regions.	
tion	zamarj omgre ena j, omgre ent regions.	
Structure analysis	Structure each identified region to create	
4,4. angr Decomp	high-level control flow structures.	61

4.4. angr Decompiler Code generation

**CHAPTER** 

**FIVE** 

# **ADVANCED TOPICS**

# 5.1 Gotchas when using angr

This section contains a list of gotchas that users/victims of angr frequently run into.

# 5.1.1 SimProcedure inaccuracy

To make symbolic execution more tractable, angr replaces common library functions with summaries written in Python. We call these summaries SimProcedures. SimProcedures allow us to mitigate path explosion that would otherwise be introduced by, for example, strlen running on a symbolic string.

Unfortunately, our SimProcedures are far from perfect. If angr is displaying unexpected behavior, it might be caused by a buggy/incomplete SimProcedure. There are several things that you can do:

- 1. Disable the SimProcedure (you can exclude specific SimProcedures by passing options to the *angr.Project* class. This has the drawback of likely leading to a path explosion, unless you are very careful about constraining the input to the function in question. The path explosion can be partially mitigated with other angr capabilities (such as Veritesting).
- 2. Replace the SimProcedure with something written directly to the situation in question. For example, our scanf implementation is not complete, but if you just need to support a single, known format string, you can write a hook to do exactly that.
- 3. Fix the SimProcedure.

# 5.1.2 Unsupported syscalls

System calls are also implemented as SimProcedures. Unfortunately, there are system calls that we have not yet implemented in angr. There are several workarounds for an unsupported system call:

1. Implement the system call.

**Todo:** document this process

- 2. Hook the callsite of the system call (using project.hook) to make the required modifications to the state in an ad-hoc way.
- 3. Use the state.posix.queued\_syscall\_returns list to queue syscall return values. If a return value is queued, the system call will not be executed, and the value will be used instead. Furthermore, a function can be queued instead as the "return value", which will result in that function being applied to the state when the system call is triggered.

# 5.1.3 Symbolic memory model

The default memory model used by angr is inspired by Mayhem. This memory model supports limited symbolic reads and writes. If the memory index of a read is symbolic and the range of possible values of this index is too wide, the index is concretized to a single value. If the memory index of a write is symbolic at all, the index is concretized to a single value. This is configurable by changing the memory concretization strategies of state.memory.

# 5.1.4 Symbolic lengths

SimProcedures, and especially system calls such as read() and write() might run into a situation where the *length* of a buffer is symbolic. In general, this is handled very poorly: in many cases, this length will end up being concretized outright or retroactively concretized in later steps of execution. Even in cases when it is not, the source or destination file might end up looking a bit "weird".

# 5.1.5 Division by Zero

Z3 has some issues with divisions by zero. For example:

```
>>> z = z3.Solver()
>>> a = z3.BitVec('a', 32)
>>> b = z3.BitVec('b', 32)
>>> c = z3.BitVec('c', 32)
>>> z.add(a/b == c)
>>> z.add(b == 0)
>>> z.check()
>>> print(z.model().eval(b), z.model().eval(a/b))
0 4294967295
```

This makes it very difficult to handle certain situations in Claripy. We post-process the VEX IR itself to explicitly check for zero-divisions and create IRSB side-exits corresponding to the exceptional case, but SimProcedures and custom analysis code may let occurrences of zero divisions split through, which will then cause weird issues in your analysis. Be safe — when dividing, add a constraint against the denominator being zero.

# 5.2 Understanding the Execution Pipeline

If you've made it this far you know that at its core, angr is a highly flexible and intensely instrumentable emulator. In order to get the most mileage out of it, you'll want to know what happens at every step of the way when you say simgr.run().

This is intended to be a more advanced document; you'll need to understand the function and intent of SimulationManager, ExplorationTechnique, SimState, and SimEngine in order to understand what we're talking about at times! You may want to have the angr source open to follow along with this.

At every step along the way, each function will take \*\*kwargs and pass them along to the next function in the hierarchy, so you can pass parameters to any point in the hierarchy and they will trickle down to everything below.

# 5.2.1 Simulation Managers

So you've set your analysis in motion. Time to begin our journey.

#### run()

SimulationManager.run() takes several optional parameters, all of which control when to break out of the stepping loop. Notably, n, and until. n is used immediately - the run function loops, calling the step() function and passing on all its parameters until either n steps have happened or some other termination condition has occurred. If n is not provided, it defaults to 1, unless an until function is provided, in which case there will be no numerical cap on the loop. Additionally, the stash that is being used is taken into consideration, as if it becomes empty execution must terminate.

So, in summary, when you call run(), step() will be called in a loop until any of the following:

- 1. The n number of steps have elapsed
- 2. The until function returns true
- 3. The exploration techniques complete() hooks (combined via the SimulationManager.completion\_mode parameter/attribute it is by default the any builtin function but can be changed to all for example) indicate that the analysis is complete
- 4. The stash being executed becomes empty

#### An aside: explore()

SimulationManager.explore() is a very thin wrapper around run() which adds the Explorer exploration technique, since performing one-off explorations is a very common action. Its code in its entirety is below:

```
num_find += len(self._stashes[find_stash]) if find_stash in self._stashes else 0
tech = self.use_technique(Explorer(find, avoid, find_stash, avoid_stash, cfg, num_find))

try:
    self.run(stash=stash, n=n, **kwargs)
finally:
    self.remove_technique(tech)

return self
```

#### **Exploration technique hooking**

From here down, every function in the simulation manager can be instrumented by an exploration technique. The exact mechanism through which this works is that when you call SimulationManager.use\_technique(), angr monkeypatches the simulation manager to replace any function implemented in the exploration technique's body with a function which will first call the exploration technique's function, and then on the second call will call the original function. This is somewhat messy to implement and certainly not thread safe by any means, but does produce a clean and powerful interface for exploration techniques to instrument stepping behavior, either before or after the original function is called, even choosing whether or not to call the original function whatsoever. Additionally, it allows multiple exploration techniques to hook the same function, as the monkeypatched function simply becomes the "original" function for the next-applied hook.

#### step()

There is a lot of complicated logic in step() to handle degenerate cases - mostly implementing the population of the deadended stash, the save\_unsat option, and calling the filter() exploration technique hooks. Beyond this, though, most of the logic is looping through the stash specified by the stash argument and calling step\_state() on each state, then applying the dict result of step\_state() to the stash list. Finally, if the step\_func parameter is provided, it is called with the simulation manager as a parameter before the step ends.

#### step\_state()

The default step\_state(), which can be overridden or instrumented by exploration techniques, is also simple - it calls successors(), which returns a SimSuccessors object, and then translates it into a dict mapping stash names to new states which should be added to that stash. It also implements error handling - if successors() throws an error, it will be caught and an ErrorRecord will be inserted into SimulationManager.errored.

#### successors()

We've almost made it out of SimulationManager. successors(), which can also be instrumented by exploration techniques, is supposed to take a state and step it forward, returning a SimSuccessors object categorizing its successors independently of any stash logic. If the successor\_func parameter was provided, it is used and its return value is returned directly. If this parameter was not provided, we use the project.factory.successors method to tick the state forward and get our SimSuccessors.

# 5.2.2 The Engine

When we get to the actual successors generation, we need to figure out how to actually perform the execution. Hopefully, the angr documentation has been organized in a way such that by the time you reach this page, you know that a SimEngine is a device that knows how to take a state and produce its successors. There is only one "default engine" per project, but you can provide the engine parameter to specify which engine will be used to perform the step.

Keep in mind that this parameter can be provided way at the top, to .step(), .explore(), .run() or anything else that starts execution, and they will be filtered down to this level. Any additional parameters will continue being passed down, until they reach the part of the engine they are intended for. The engine will discard any parameters it doesn't understand.

Generally, the main entry point of an engine is SimEngine.process(), which can return whatever result it likes, but for simulation managers, engines are required to use SuccessorsMixin, which provides a process() method, which creates a SimSuccessors object and then calls process\_successors() so that other mixins can fill it out.

angr's default engine, the UberEngine, contains several mixins which provide the process\_successors() method:

- SimEngineFailure handles stepping states with degenerate jumpkinds
- SimEngineSyscall handles stepping states which have performed a syscall and need it executed
- HooksMixin handles stepping states which have reached a hooked address and need the hook executed
- SimEngineUnicorn executes machine code via the unicorn engine
- SootMixin executes java bytecode via the SOOT IR
- HeavyVEXMixin executes machine code via the VEX IR

Each of these mixins is implemented to fill out the SimSuccessors object if they can handle the current state, otherwise they call super() to pass the job on to the next class in the stack.

### 5.2.3 Engine mixins

SimEngineFailure handles error cases. It is only used when the previous jumpkind is one of Ijk\_EmFail, Ijk\_MapFail, Ijk\_Sig\*, Ijk\_NoDecode (but only if the address is not hooked), or Ijk\_Exit. In the first four cases, its action is to raise an exception. In the last case, its action is to simply produce no successors.

SimEngineSyscall services syscalls. It is used when the previous jumpkind is anything of the form Ijk\_Sys\*. It works by making a call into SimOS to retrieve the SimProcedure that should be run to respond to this syscall, and then running it! Pretty simple.

HooksMixin provides the hooking functionality in angr. It is used when a state is at an address that is hooked, and the previous jumpkind is *not* Ijk\_NoHook. It simply looks up the associated SimProcedure and runs it on the state! It also takes the parameter procedure, which will cause the given procedure to be run for the current step even if the address is not hooked.

SimEngineUnicorn performs concrete execution with the Unicorn Engine. It is used when the state option o .UNICORN is enabled, and a myriad of other conditions designed for maximum efficiency (described below) are met.

SootMixin performs execution over the SOOT IR. Not very important unless you are analyzing java bytecode, in which case it is very important.

SimEngineVEX is the big fellow. It is used whenever any of the previous can't be used. It attempts to lift bytes from the current address into an IRSB, and then executes that IRSB symbolically. There are a huge number of parameters that can control this process, so it is best to reference the API doc for angr.engines.vex.engine.SimEngineVEX.process() describing them.

The exact process by which SimEngineVEX digs into an IRSB is a little complicated, but essentially it runs all the block's statements in order. This code is worth reading if you want to see the true inner core of angr's symbolic execution.

# 5.2.4 When using Unicorn Engine

If you add the o.UNICORN state option, at every step SimEngineUnicorn will be invoked, and try to see if it is allowed to use Unicorn to execute concretely.

What you REALLY want to do is to add the predefined set o.unicorn (lowercase) of options to your state:

These will enable some additional functionalities and defaults which will greatly enhance your experience. Additionally, there are a lot of options you can tune on the state.unicorn plugin.

A good way to understand how unicorn works is by examining the logging output (logging.getLogger('angr.engines.unicorn\_engine').setLevel('DEBUG'); logging.getLogger('angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine').setLevel('DEBUG') from a sample run of unicorn.

Here, angr diverts to unicorn engine, beginning with the basic block at 0x4012f9. The maximum step count is set to 1000000, so if execution stays in Unicorn for 1000000 blocks, it'll automatically pop out. This is to avoid hanging in an infinite loop. The block count is configurable via the state.unicorn.max\_steps variable.

angr performs lazy mapping of data that is accessed by unicorn engine, as it is accessed. 0x401000 is the page of instructions that it is executing, 0x7fffffffffe0000 is the stack, and so on. Some of these pages are symbolic, meaning that they contain at least some data that, when accessed, will cause execution to abort out of Unicorn.

```
INFO | 2017-02-25 08:19:48,037 | angr.state_plugins.unicorn | finished emulation at 

∴0x7000080 after 3 steps: STOP_STOPPOINT
```

Execution stays in Unicorn for 3 basic blocks (a computational waste, considering the required setup), after which it reaches a simprocedure location and jumps out to execute the simproc in angr.

After the simprocedure, execution jumps back into Unicorn.

Execution bounces out of Unicorn almost right away because the binary accessed the zero-page.

```
INFO | 2017-02-25 08:19:48,120 | angr.engines.unicorn_engine | not enough runs since... clast unicorn (100)
INFO | 2017-02-25 08:19:48,125 | angr.engines.unicorn_engine | not enough runs since... clast unicorn (99)
```

To avoid thrashing in and out of Unicorn (which is expensive), we have cooldowns (attributes of the state.unicorn plugin) that wait for certain conditions to hold (i.e., no symbolic memory accesses for X blocks) before jumping back into unicorn when a unicorn run is aborted due to anything but a simprocedure or syscall. Here, the condition it's waiting for is for 100 blocks to be executed before jumping back in.

# 5.3 What's Up With Mixins, Anyway?

If you are trying to work more intently with the deeper parts of angr, you will need to understand one of the design patterns we use frequently: the mixin pattern.

In brief, the mixin pattern is where Python's subclassing features is used not to implement IS-A relationships (a Child is a kind of Person) but instead to implement pieces of functionality for a type in different classes to make more modular and maintainable code. Here's an example of the mixin pattern in action:

```
class Base:
    def add_one(self, v):
        return v + 1
class StringsMixin(Base):
    def add_one(self, v):
        coerce = type(v) is str
        if coerce:
            v = int(v)
        result = super().add_one(v)
        if coerce:
            result = str(result)
        return result
class ArraysMixin(Base):
    def add_one(self, v):
        if type(v) is list:
            return [super().add_one(v_x) for v_x in v]
        else:
            return super().add_one(v)
class FinalClass(ArraysMixin, StringsMixin, Base):
    pass
```

With this construction, we are able to define a very simple interface in the Base class, and by "mixing in" two mixins, we can create the FinalClass which has the same interface but with additional features. This is accomplished through Python's powerful multiple inheritance model, which handles method dispatch by creating a *method resolution order*, or MRO, which is unsuprisingly a list which determines the order in which methods are called as execution proceeds through super() calls. You can view a class' MRO as such:

```
FinalClass.__mro__

(FinalClass, ArraysMixin, StringsMixin, Base, object)
```

This means that when we take an instance of FinalClass and call add\_one(), Python first checks to see if FinalClass defines an add\_one, and then ArraysMixin, and so on and so forth. Furthermore, when ArraysMixin calls super().add\_one(), Python will skip past ArraysMixin in the MRO, first checking if StringsMixin defines an add\_one, and so forth.

Because multiple inheritance can create strange dependency graphs in the subclass relationship, there are rules for generating the MRO and for determining if a given mix of mixins is even allowed. This is important to understand when building complex classes with many mixins which have dependencies on each other. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A. If

there is any case in which the MRO would be ambiguous, the class construction is illegal and will throw an exception at import time.

This is complicated! If you find yourself confused, the canonical document explaining the rationale, history, and mechanics of Python's multiple inheritence can be found here.

## 5.3.1 Mixins in Claripy Solvers

Todo: Write this section

# 5.3.2 Mixins in angr Engines

The main entry point to a SimEngine is process(), but how do we determine what that does?

The mixin model is used in SimEngine and friends in order to allow pieces of functionality to be reused between static and symbolic analyses. The default engine, UberEngine, is defined as follows:

```
class UberEngine(SimEngineFailure,
    SimEngineSyscall,
    HooksMixin,
    SimEngineUnicorn,
    SuperFastpathMixin,
    TrackActionsMixin,
    SimInspectMixin,
    HeavyResilienceMixin,
    SootMixin,
    HeavyVEXMixin
):
    pass
```

Each of these mixins provides either execution through a different medium or some additional instrumentation feature. Though they are not listed here explicitly, there are some base classes implicit to this hierarchy which set up the way this class is traversed. Most of these mixins inherit from SuccessorsMixin, which is what provides the basic process() implementation. This function sets up the SimSuccessors for the rest of the mixins to fill in, and then calls process\_successors(), which each of the mixins which provide some mode of execution implement. If the mixin can handle the step, it does so and returns, otherwise it calls super().process\_successors(). In this way, the MRO for the engine class determines what the order of precedence for the engine's pieces is.

#### HeavyVEXMixin and friends

Let's take a closer look at the last mixin, HeavyVEXMixin. If you look at the module hierarchy of the angr engines submodule, you will see that the vex submodule has a lot of pieces in it which are organized by how tightly tied to particular state types or data types they are. The heavy VEX mixin is one version of the culmination of all of these. Let's look at its definition:

```
class HeavyVEXMixin(SuccessorsMixin, ClaripyDataMixin, SimStateStorageMixin, VEXMixin, 

→VEXLifter):

...
# a WHOLE lot of implementation
```

So, the heavy VEX mixin is meant to provide fully instrumented symbolic execution on a SimState. What does this entail? The mixins tell the tale.

First, the plain VEXMixin. This mixin is designed to provide the barest-bones framework for processing a VEX block. Take a look at its source code. Its main purpose is to perform the preliminary digestion of the VEX IRSB and dispatch processing of it to methods which are provided by mixins - look at the methods which are either pass or return NotImplemented. Notice that absolutely none of its code makes any assumption whatsoever of what the type of state is or even what the type of the data words inside state are. This job is delegated to other mixins, making the VEXMixin an appropriate base class for literally any analysis on VEX blocks.

The next-most interesting mixin is the ClaripyDataMixin, whose source code is here. This mixin actually integrates the fact that we are executing over the domain of Claripy ASTs. It does this by implementing some of the methods which are unimplemented in the VEXMixin, most importantly the ITE expression, all the operations, and the clean helpers.

In terms of what it looks like to actually touch the SimState, the SimStateStorageMixin provides the glue between the VEXMixin's interface for memory writes et al and SimState's interface for memory writes and such. It is unremarkable, except for a small interaction between it and the ClaripyDataMixin. The Claripy mixin also overrides the memory/register read/write functions, for the purpose of converting between the bitvector and floating-point types, since the vex interface expects to be able to load and store floats, but the SimState interface wants to load and store only bitvectors. Because of this, the claripy mixin must come before the storage mixin in the MRO. This is very much an interaction like the one in the add\_one example at the start of this page - one mixin serves as a data filtering layer for another mixin.

#### Instrumenting the data layer

Let's turn our attention to a mixin which is not included in the HeavyVEXMixin but rather mixed into the UberEngine formula explicitly: the TrackActionsMixin. This mixin implements "SimActions", which is angr parlance for dataflow tracking. Again, look at the source code. The way it does this is that it wraps and unwraps the data layer to pass around additional information about data flows. Look at how it instruments RdTmp, for instance. It immediately super()-calls to the next method in the MRO, but instead of returning that data it returns a tuple of the data and its dependencies, which depending on whether you want temporary variables to be atoms in the dataflow model, will either be just the tmp which was read or the dependencies of the value written to that tmp.

This pattern continues for every single method that this mixin touches - any expression it receives must be unpacked into the expression and its dependencies, and any result must be packaged with its dependencies before it is returned. This works because the mixin above it makes no assumptions about what data it is passing around, and the mixin below it never gets to see any dependencies whatsoever. In fact, there could be multiple mixins performing this kind of wrap-unwrap trick and they could all coexist peacefully!

Note that a mixin which instruments the data layer in this way is *obligated* to override *every single method which takes* or returns an expression value, even if it doesn't perform any operation on the expression other than doing the wrapping and unwrapping. To understand why, imagine that the mixin does not override the handle\_vex\_const expression, so immediate value loads are not annotated with dependencies. The expression value which will be returned from the mixin which does provide handle\_vex\_const will not be a tuple of (expression, deps), it will just be the expression. Imagine this execution is taking place in the context of a WrTmp(t0, Const(0)). The const expression will be passed down to the WrTmp handler along with the identifier of the tmp to write to. However, since handle\_vex\_stmt\_WrTmp will be overridden by our mixin which touches the data layer, it expects to be passed the tuple including the deps, and so it will crash when trying to unpack the not-a-tuple value.

In this way, you can sort of imagine that a mixin which instruments the data layer in this way is actually creating a contract within Python's nonexistent typesystem - you are guaranteed to receive back any types you return, but you must pass down any types you receive as return values from below.

# 5.3.3 Mixins in the memory model

Todo: write this section

# 5.4 Optimization considerations

The performance of angr as an analysis tool or emulator is greatly handicapped by the fact that lots of it is written in Python. Regardless, there are a lot of optimizations and tweaks you can use to make angr faster and lighter.

## 5.4.1 General speed tips

- *Use pypy*. Pypy is an alternate Python interpreter that performs optimized jitting of Python code. In our tests, it's a 10x speedup out of the box.
- Only use the SimEngine mixins that you need. SimEngine uses a mixin model which allows you to add and remove
  features by constructing new classes. The default engine mixes in every possible features, and the consequence
  of that is that it is slower than it needs to be. Look at the definition for UberEngine (the default SimEngine),
  copy its declaration, and remove all the base classes which provide features you don't need.
- Don't load shared libraries unless you need them. The default setting in angr is to try at all costs to find shared libraries that are compatible with the binary you've loaded, including loading them straight out of your OS libraries. This can complicate things in a lot of scenarios. If you're performing an analysis that's anything more abstract than bare-bones symbolic execution, ESPECIALLY control-flow graph construction, you might want to make the tradeoff of sacrificing accuracy for tractability. angr does a reasonable job of making sane things happen when library calls to functions that don't exist try to happen.
- *Use hooking and SimProcedures*. If you're enabling shared libraries, then you definitely want to have SimProcedures written for any complicated library function you're jumping into. If there's no autonomy requirement for this project, you can often isolate individual problem spots where analysis hangs up and summarize them with a hook.
- *Use SimInspect*. *SimInspect* is the most underused and one of the most powerful features of angr. You can hook and modify almost any behavior of angr, including memory index resolution (which is often the slowest part of any angr analysis).
- Write a concretization strategy. A more powerful solution to the problem of memory index resolution is a concretization strategy.
- Use the Replacement Solver. You can enable it with the angr.options.REPLACEMENT\_SOLVER state option. The replacement solver allows you to specify AST replacements that are applied at solve-time. If you add replacements so that all symbolic data is replaced with concrete data when it comes time to do the solve, the runtime is greatly reduced. The API for adding a replacement is state.se.\_solver.add\_replacement(old, new). The replacement solver is a bit finicky, so there are some gotchas, but it'll definitely help.

## 5.4.2 If you're performing lots of concrete or partially-concrete execution

- Use the unicorn engine. If you have unicorn engine installed, angr can be built to take advantage of it for concrete emulation. To enable it, add the options in the set angr.options.unicorn to your state. Keep in mind that while most items under angr.options are individual options, angr.options.unicorn is a bundle of options, and is thus a set. NOTE: At time of writing the official version of unicorn engine will not work with angr we have a lot of patches to it to make it work well with angr. They're all pending pull requests at this time, so sit tight. If you're really impatient, ping us about uploading our fork!
- Enable fast memory and fast registers. The state options angr.options.FAST\_MEMORY and angr.options.FAST\_REGISTERS will do this. These will switch the memory/registers over to a less intensive memory model that sacrifices accuracy for speed. TODO: document the specific sacrifices. Should be safe for mostly concrete access though. NOTE: not compatible with concretization strategies.
- Concretize your input ahead of time. This is the approach taken by driller. When creating a state with entry\_state or the like, you can create a SimFile filled with symbolic data, pass it to the initialization function as an argument entry\_state(..., stdin=my\_simfile), and then constrain the symbolic data in the SimFile to what you want the input to be. If you don't require any tracking of the data coming from stdin, you can forego the symbolic part and just fill it with concrete data. If there are other sources of input besides standard input, do the same for those.
- *Use the afterburner*. While using unicorn, if you add the UNICORN\_THRESHOLD\_CONCRETIZATION state option, angr will accept thresholds after which it causes symbolic values to be concretized so that execution can spend more time in Unicorn. Specifically, the following thresholds exist:
  - state.unicorn.concretization\_threshold\_memory this is the number of times a symbolic variable, stored in memory, is allowed to kick execution out of Unicorn before it is forcefully concretized and forced into Unicorn anyways.
  - state.unicorn.concretization\_threshold\_registers this is the number of times a symbolic variable, stored in a register, is allowed to kick execution out of Unicorn before it is forcefully concretized and forced into Unicorn anyways.
  - state.unicorn.concretization\_threshold\_instruction this is the number of times that any
    given instruction can force execution out of Unicorn (by running into symbolic data) before any symbolic
    data encountered at that instruction is concretized to force execution into Unicorn.

You can get further control of what is and isn't concretized with the following sets:

- state.unicorn.always\_concretize a set of variable names that will always be concretized to force
  execution into unicorn (in fact, the memory and register thresholds just end up causing variables to be added
  to this list).
- state.unicorn.never\_concretize a set of variable names that will never be concretized and forced into Unicorn under any condition.
- state.unicorn.concretize\_at a set of instruction addresses at which data should be concretized and forced into Unicorn. The instruction threshold causes addresses to be added to this set.

Once something is concretized with the afterburner, you will lose track of that variable. The state will still be consistent, but you'll lose dependencies, as the stuff that comes out of Unicorn is just concrete bits with no memory of what variables they came from. Still, this might be worth it for the speed in some cases, if you know what you want to (or do not want to) concretize.

# 5.4.3 Memory optimization

The golden rule for memory optimization is to make sure you're not keeping any references to data you don't care about anymore, especially related to states which have been left behind. If you find yourself running out of memory during analysis, the first thing you want to do is make sure you haven't caused a state explosion, meaning that the analysis is accumulating program states too quickly. If the state count is in control, then you can start looking for reference leaks. A good tool to do this with is https://github.com/rhelmot/dumpsterdiver, which gives you an interactive prompt for exploring the reference graph of a Python process.

One specific consideration that should be made when analyzing programs with very long paths is that the state history is designed to accumulate data infinitely. This is less of a problem than it could be because the data is stored in a smart tree structure and never copied, but it will accumulate infinitely. To downsize a state's history and free all data related to old steps, call state.history.trim().

One *particularly* problematic member of the history dataset is the basic block trace and the stack pointer trace. When using unicorn engine, these lists of ints can become huge very very quickly. To disable unicorn's capture of ip and sp data, remove the state options UNICORN\_TRACK\_BBL\_ADDRS and UNICORN\_TRACK\_STACK\_POINTERS.

# 5.5 Working with File System, Sockets, and Pipes

It's very important to be able to control the environment that emulated programs see, including how symbolic data is introduced from the environment! angr has a robust series of abstractions to help you set up the environment you want.

The root of any interaction with the filesystem, sockets, pipes, or terminals is a SimFile object. A SimFile is a *storage* abstraction that defines a sequence of bytes, symbolic or otherwise. There are several kinds of SimFiles which store their data very differently - the two easiest examples are SimFile (the base class is actually called SimFileBase), which stores files as a flat address-space of data, and SimPackets, which stores a sequence of variable-sized reads. The former is best for modeling programs that need to perform seeks on their files, and is the default storage for opened files, while the latter is best for modeling programs that depend on short-reads or use scanf, and is the default storage for stdin/stdout/stderr.

Because SimFiles can have such diverse storage mechanisms, the interface for interacting with them is *very* abstracted. You can read from the file from some position, you can write to the file at some position, you can ask how many bytes are currently stored in the file, and you can concretize the file, generating a testcase for it. If you know specifically which SimFile class you're working with, you can take much more powerful control over it, and as a result you're encouraged to manually create any files you want to work with when you create your initial state.

Specifically, each SimFile class creates its own abstraction of a "position" within the file - each read and write takes a position and returns a new position that you should use to continue from where you left off. If you're working with SimFiles of unknown type you have to treat this position as a totally opaque object with no semantics other than the contract with the read/write functions.

However! This is a very poor match to how programs generally interact with files, so angr also has a SimFileDescriptor abstraction, which provides the familiar read/write/seek/tell interfaces but will also return error conditions when the underlying storage don't support the appropriate operations - just like normal file descriptors!

You may access the mapping from file descriptor number to file descriptor object in state.posix.fd. See the API document for angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase for more details.

#### 5.5.1 Just tell me how to do what I want to do!

Okay okay!!

To create a SimFile, you should just create an instance of the class you want to use. Refer to angr. storage. file for the full instructions.

Let's go through a few illustrative examples, which cover how you can work with a concrete file, a symbolic file, a file with mixed concrete and symbolic content, or streams.

#### **Example 1: Create a file with concrete content**

```
>>> import angr
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('myconcretefile', content='hello world!\n')
```

Here's a nuance - you can't use SimFiles without a state attached, because reasons. You'll **never** have to do this in a real scenario (this operation happens automatically when you pass a SimFile into a constructor or the filesystem) but let's mock it up:

```
>>> proj = angr.Project('/bin/true')
>>> state = proj.factory.blank_state()
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

To demonstrate the behavior of these files we're going to use the fact that the default SimFile position is just the number of bytes from the start of the file. SimFile.read returns a tuple (bitvector data, actual size, new pos):

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 5)
>>> import claripy
>>> assert claripy.is_true(data == 'hello')
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 5)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(new_pos == 5)
```

Continue the read, trying to read way too much:

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(new_pos, 1000)
```

angr doesn't try to sanitize the data returned, only the size - we returned 1000 bytes! The intent is that you're only allowed to use up to actual\_size of them.

```
>>> assert len(data) == 1000*8  # bitvector sizes are in bits
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 8)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(data.get_bytes(0, 8) == ' world!\n')
>>> assert claripy.is_true(new_pos == 13)
```

## Example 2: Create a file with symbolic content and a defined size

```
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('mysymbolicfile', size=0x20)
>>> simfile.set_state(state)

>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 0x30)
>>> assert data.symbolic
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 0x20)
```

The basic SimFile provides the same interface as state.memory, so you can load data directly:

```
>>> assert simfile.load(0, actual_size) is data.get_bytes(0, 0x20)
```

#### Example 3: Create a file with constrained symbolic content

### Example 4: Create a file with some mixed concrete and symbolic content, but no EOF

```
>>> variable = claripy.BVS('myvar', 10*8)
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('mymixedfile', content=variable.concat(claripy.BVV('\n')),

--has_end=False)
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

We can always query the number of bytes stored in the file:

```
>>> assert claripy.is_true(simfile.size == 11)
```

Reads will generate additional symbolic data past the current frontier:

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 15)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(actual_size == 15)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(new_pos == 15)

>>> assert claripy.is_true(data.get_bytes(0, 10) == variable)
>>> assert claripy.is_true(data.get_bytes(10, 1) == '\n')
>>> assert data.get_bytes(11, 4).symbolic
```

#### Example 5: Create a file with a symbolic size (has\_end is implicitly true here)

```
>>> symsize = claripy.BVS('mysize', 64)
>>> state.solver.add(symsize >= 10)
>>> state.solver.add(symsize < 20)
>>> simfile = angr.SimFile('mysymsizefile', size=symsize)
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

Reads will encode all possibilities:

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 30)
>>> assert set(state.solver.eval_upto(actual_size, 30)) == set(range(10, 20))
```

The maximum size can't be easily resolved, so the data returned is 30 bytes long, and we're supposed to use it conjunction with actual\_size.

```
>>> assert len(data) == 30*8
```

Symbolic read sizes work too!

```
>>> symreadsize = claripy.BVS('myreadsize', 64)
>>> state.solver.add(symreadsize >= 5)
>>> state.solver.add(symreadsize < 30)
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, symreadsize)
```

All sizes between 5 and 20 should be possible:

```
>>> assert set(state.solver.eval_upto(actual_size, 30)) == set(range(5, 20))
```

#### Example 6: Working with streams (SimPackets)

So far, we've only used the SimFile class, which models a random-accessible file object. However, in real life, files are not everything. Streams (standard I/O, TCP, etc.) are a great example: While they hold data like a normal file does, they do not support random accesses, e.g., you cannot read out the second byte of stdin if you have already read passed that position, and you cannot modify any byte that has been previously sent out to a network endpoint. This allows us to design a simpler abstraction for streams in angr.

Believe it or not, this simpler abstraction for streams will benefit symbolic execution. Consider an example program that calls scanf N times to read in N strings. With a traditional SimFile, as we do not know the length of each input string, there does not exist any clear boundary in the file between these symbolic input strings. In this case, angr will perform N symbolic reads where each read will generate a gigantic tree of claripy ASTs, with string lengths being symbolic. This is a nightmare for constraint solving. Nevertheless, the fact that scanf is used on a stream (stdin) dictates that there will be zero overlap between individual reads, regardless of the sizes of each symbolic input string. We may as well model stdin as a stream that comprises of *consecutive packets*, instead of a file containing a sequence of bytes. Each of the packet can be of a fixed length or a symbolic length. Since there will be absolutely no byte overlap between packets, the constraints that angr will produce after executing this example program will be a lot simpler.

The key concept involved is "short reads", i.e. when you ask for n bytes but actually get back fewer bytes than that. We use a different class implementing SimFileBase, SimPackets, to automatically enable support for short reads. By default, stdin, stdout, and stderr are all SimPackets objects.

```
>>> simfile = angr.SimPackets('mypackets')
>>> simfile.set_state(state)
```

This'll just generate a single packet. For SimPackets, the position is just a packet number! If left unspecified, short\_reads is determined from a state option.

```
>>> data, actual_size, new_pos = simfile.read(0, 20, short_reads=True)
>>> assert len(data) == 20*8
>>> assert set(state.solver.eval_upto(actual_size, 30)) == set(range(21))
```

Data in a SimPackets is stored as tuples of (packet data, packet size) in .content.

So hopefully you understand sort of the kind of data that a SimFile can store and what'll happen when a program tries to interact with it with various combinations of symbolic and concrete data. Those examples only covered reads, but writes are pretty similar.

## 5.5.2 The filesystem, for real now

If you want to make a SimFile available to the program, we need to either stick it in the filesystem or serve stdin/stdout from it.

The simulated filesystem is the state.fs plugin. You can store, load, and delete files from the filesystem, with the insert, get, and delete methods. Refer to angr.state\_plugins.filesystem for details.

So to make our file available as /tmp/myfile:

```
>>> state.fs.insert('/tmp/myfile', simfile)
>>> assert state.fs.get('/tmp/myfile') is simfile
```

Then, after execution, we would extract the file from the result state and use simfile.concretize() to generate a testcase to reach that state. Keep in mind that concretize() returns different types depending on the file type - for a SimFile it's a bytestring and for SimPackets it's a list of bytestrings.

The simulated filesystem supports a fun concept of "mounts", where you can designate a subtree as instrumented by a particular provider. The most common mount is to expose a part of the host filesystem to the guest, lazily importing file data when the program asks for it:

```
>>> state.fs.mount('/', angr.SimHostFilesystem('./guest_chroot'))
```

You can write whatever kind of mount you want to instrument filesystem access by subclassing angr. SimMount!

#### 5.5.3 Stdio streams

For stdin and friends, it's a little more complicated. The relevant plugin is state.posix, which stores all abstractions relevant to a POSIX-compliant environment. You can always get a state's stdin SimFile with state.posix.stdin, but you can't just replace it - as soon as the state is created, references to this file are created in the file descriptors. Because of this you need to specify it at the time the POSIX plugin is created:

```
>>> state.register_plugin('posix', angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix(stdin=simfile, stdout=simfile, stderr=simfile))
>>> assert state.posix.stdin is simfile
>>> assert state.posix.stdout is simfile
>>> assert state.posix.stderr is simfile
```

Or, there's a nice shortcut while creating the state if you only need to specify stdin:

```
>>> state = proj.factory.entry_state(stdin=simfile)
>>> assert state.posix.stdin is simfile
```

Any of those places you can specify a SimFileBase, you can also specify a string or a bitvector (a flat SimFile with fixed size will be created to hold it) or a SimFile type (it'll be instantiated for you).

# 5.6 Intermediate Representation

In order to be able to analyze and execute machine code from different CPU architectures, such as MIPS, ARM, and PowerPC in addition to the classic x86, angr performs most of its analysis on an *intermediate representation*, a structured description of the fundamental actions performed by each CPU instruction. By understanding angr's IR, VEX (which we borrowed from Valgrind), you will be able to write very quick static analyses and have a better understanding of how angr works.

The VEX IR abstracts away several architecture differences when dealing with different architectures, allowing a single analysis to be run on all of them:

- **Register names.** The quantity and names of registers differ between architectures, but modern CPU designs hold to a common theme: each CPU contains several general purpose registers, a register to hold the stack pointer, a set of registers to store condition flags, and so forth. The IR provides a consistent, abstracted interface to registers on different platforms. Specifically, VEX models the registers as a separate memory space, with integer offsets (e.g., AMD64's rax is stored starting at address 16 in this memory space).
- **Memory access.** Different architectures access memory in different ways. For example, ARM can access memory in both little-endian and big-endian modes. The IR abstracts away these differences.
- **Memory segmentation.** Some architectures, such as x86, support memory segmentation through the use of special segment registers. The IR understands such memory access mechanisms.
- **Instruction side-effects.** Most instructions have side-effects. For example, most operations in Thumb mode on ARM update the condition flags, and stack push/pop instructions update the stack pointer. Tracking these side-effects in an *ad hoc* manner in the analysis would be crazy, so the IR makes these effects explicit.

There are lots of choices for an IR. We use VEX, since the uplifting of binary code into VEX is quite well supported. VEX is an architecture-agnostic, side-effects-free representation of a number of target machine languages. It abstracts machine code into a representation designed to make program analysis easier. This representation has four main classes of objects:

- Expressions. IR Expressions represent a calculated or constant value. This includes memory loads, register reads, and results of arithmetic operations.
- **Operations.** IR Operations describe a *modification* of IR Expressions. This includes integer arithmetic, floating-point arithmetic, bit operations, and so forth. An IR Operation applied to IR Expressions yields an IR Expression as a result.
- **Temporary variables.** VEX uses temporary variables as internal registers: IR Expressions are stored in temporary variables between use. The content of a temporary variable can be retrieved using an IR Expression. These temporaries are numbered, starting at t0. These temporaries are strongly typed (e.g., "64-bit integer" or "32-bit float").
- **Statements.** IR Statements model changes in the state of the target machine, such as the effect of memory stores and register writes. IR Statements use IR Expressions for values they may need. For example, a memory store *IR Statement* uses an *IR Expression* for the target address of the write, and another *IR Expression* for the content.
- **Blocks.** An IR Block is a collection of IR Statements, representing an extended basic block (termed "IR Super Block" or "IRSB") in the target architecture. A block can have several exits. For conditional exits from the middle of a basic block, a special *Exit* IR Statement is used. An IR Expression is used to represent the target of the unconditional exit at the end of the block.

VEX IR is actually quite well documented in the libvex\_ir.h file (https://github.com/angr/vex/blob/master/pub/libvex\_ir.h) in the VEX repository. For the lazy, we'll detail some parts of VEX that you'll likely interact with fairly frequently. To begin with, here are some IR Expressions:

IR Expres- sion	Evaluated Value	VEX Output Example
Con- stant	A constant value.	0x4:I32
Read Temp	The value stored in a VEX temporary variable.	RdTmp(t10)
Get Register	The value stored in a register.	GET:I32(16)
Load Mem- ory	The value stored at a memory address, with the address specified by another IR Expression.	LDle:I32 / LDbe:I64
Opera- tion	A result of a specified IR Operation, applied to specified IR Expression arguments.	Add32
If-Then- Else	If a given IR Expression evaluates to 0, return one IR Expression. Otherwise, return another.	ITE
Helper Func- tion	VEX uses C helper functions for certain operations, such as computing the conditional flags registers of certain architectures. These functions return IR Expressions.	func- tion_name()

These expressions are then, in turn, used in IR Statements. Here are some common ones:

IR State- ment	Meaning	VEX Output Example
Write Temp	Set a VEX temporary variable to the value of the given IR Expression.	WrTmp(t1) = (IR Ex-pression)
Put Regis- ter	Update a register with the value of the given IR Expression.	PUT(16) = (IR Expression)
Store Mem- ory	Update a location in memory, given as an IR Expression, with a value, also given as an IR Expression.	STle(0x1000) = (IR Ex-pression)
Exit	A conditional exit from a basic block, with the jump target specified by an IR Expression. The condition is specified by an IR Expression.	if (condition) goto (Boring) 0x4000A00:I32

An example of an IR translation, on ARM, is produced below. In the example, the subtraction operation is translated into a single IR block comprising 5 IR Statements, each of which contains at least one IR Expression (although, in real life, an IR block would typically consist of more than one instruction). Register names are translated into numerical indices given to the GET Expression and PUT Statement. The astute reader will observe that the actual subtraction is modeled by the first 4 IR Statements of the block, and the incrementing of the program counter to point to the next instruction (which, in this case, is located at 0x59FC8) is modeled by the last statement.

The following ARM instruction:

```
subs R2, R2, #8
```

#### Becomes this VEX IR:

```
t0 = GET:I32(16)
t1 = 0x8:I32
```

(continues on next page)

```
t3 = Sub32(t0,t1)
PUT(16) = t3
PUT(68) = 0x59FC8:I32
```

Now that you understand VEX, you can actually play with some VEX in angr: We use a library called PyVEX that exposes VEX into Python. In addition, PyVEX implements its own pretty-printing so that it can show register names instead of register offsets in PUT and GET instructions.

PyVEX is accessable through angr through the Project.factory.block interface. There are many different representations you could use to access syntactic properties of a block of code, but they all have in common the trait of analyzing a particular sequence of bytes. Through the factory.block constructor, you get a Block object that can be easily turned into several different representations. Try .vex for a PyVEX IRSB, or .capstone for a Capstone block.

Let's play with PyVEX:

```
>>> import angr
# load the program binary
>>> proj = angr.Project("/bin/true")
# translate the starting basic block
>>> irsb = proj.factory.block(proj.entry).vex
# and then pretty-print it
>>> irsb.pp()
# translate and pretty-print a basic block starting at an address
>>> irsb = proj.factory.block(0x401340).vex
>>> irsb.pp()
# this is the IR Expression of the jump target of the unconditional exit at the end of.
→the basic block
>>> print(irsb.next)
# this is the type of the unconditional exit (e.g., a call, ret, syscall, etc)
>>> print(irsb.jumpkind)
# you can also pretty-print it
>>> irsb.next.pp()
# iterate through each statement and print all the statements
>>> for stmt in irsb.statements:
        stmt.pp()
# pretty-print the IR expression representing the data, and the *type* of that IR.
→expression written by every store statement
>>> import pyvex
>>> for stmt in irsb.statements:
        if isinstance(stmt, pyvex.IRStmt.Store):
            print("Data:",)
            stmt.data.pp()
            print("")
            print("Type:",)
            print(stmt.data.result_type)
```

(continues on next page)

## 5.6.1 Condition flags computation (for x86 and ARM)

One of the most common instruction side-effects on x86 and ARM CPUs is updating condition flags, such as the zero flag, the carry flag, or the overflow flag. Computer architects usually put the concatenation of these flags (yes, concatenation of the flags, since each condition flag is 1 bit wide) into a special register (i.e. EFLAGS/RFLAGS on x86, APSR/CPSR on ARM). This special register stores important information about the program state, and is critical for correct emulation of the CPU.

VEX uses 4 registers as its "Flag thunk descriptors" to record details of the latest flag-setting operation. VEX has a lazy strategy to compute the flags: when an operation that would update the flags happens, instead of computing the flags, VEX stores a code representing this operation to the cc\_op pseudo-register, and the arguments to the operation in cc\_dep1 and cc\_dep2. Then, whenever VEX needs to get the actual flag values, it can figure out what the one bit corresponding to the flag in question actually is, based on its flag thunk descriptors. This is an optimization in the flags computation, as VEX can now just directly perform the relevant operation in the IR without bothering to compute and update the flags' value.

Amongst different operations that can be placed in cc\_op, there is a special value 0 which corresponds to OP\_COPY operation. This operation is supposed to copy the value in cc\_dep1 to the flags. It simply means that cc\_dep1 contains the flags' value. angr uses this fact to let us efficiently retrieve the flags' value: whenever we ask for the actual flags, angr computes their value, then dumps them back into cc\_dep1 and sets cc\_op = OP\_COPY in order to cache the computation. We can also use this operation to allow the user to write to the flags: we just set cc\_op = OP\_COPY to say that a new value being set to the flags, then set cc\_dep1 to that new value.

# 5.7 Working with Data and Conventions

Frequently, you'll want to access structured data from the program you're analyzing. angr has several features to make this less of a headache.

## 5.7.1 Working with types

angr has a system for representing types. These SimTypes are found in angr.types - an instance of any of these classes represents a type. Many of the types are incomplete unless they are supplamented with a SimState - their size depends on the architecture you're running under. You may do this with ty.with\_arch(arch), which returns a copy of itself, with the architecture specified.

angr also has a light wrapper around pycparser, which is a C parser. This helps with getting instances of type objects:

```
""" import angr, monkeyhex

# note that SimType objects have their __repr__ defined to return their c type name,
# so this function actually returned a SimType instance.
""" angr.types.parse_type('int')
int
""" angr.types.parse_type('char **')
char**
""" angr.types.parse_type('struct aa {int x; long y;}')
struct aa
""" angr.types.parse_type('struct aa {int x; long y;}').fields
""" orderedDict([('x', int), ('y', long)])
```

Additionally, you may parse C definitions and have them returned to you in a dict, either of variable/function declarations or of newly defined types:

```
>>> angr.types.parse_defns("int x; typedef struct llist { char* str; struct llist *next;_
→} list_node; list_node *y;")
{'x': int, 'y': struct llist*}
>>> defs = angr.types.parse_types("int x; typedef struct llist { char* str; struct llist_
→*next; } list_node; list_node *y;")
>>> defs
{'struct llist': struct llist, 'list_node': struct llist}
# if you want to get both of these dicts at once, use parse_file, which returns both in.
→a tuple.
>>> angr.types.parse_file("int x; typedef struct llist { char* str; struct llist *next; }
→ list_node; list_node *y;")
({'x': int, 'y': struct llist*},
{'struct llist': struct llist, 'list_node': struct llist})
>>> defs['list_node'].fields
OrderedDict([('str', char*), ('next', struct llist*)])
>>> defs['list_node'].fields['next'].pts_to.fields
                                                                            (continues on next page)
```

```
OrderedDict([('str', char*), ('next', struct llist*)])
# If you want to get a function type and you don't want to construct it manually,
# you can use parse_type
>>> angr.types.parse_type("int (int y, double z)")
(int, double) -> int
```

And finally, you can register struct definitions for future use:

```
>>> angr.types.register_types(angr.types.parse_type('struct abcd { int x; int y; }'))
>>> angr.types.register_types(angr.types.parse_types('typedef long time_t;'))
>>> angr.types.parse_defns('struct abcd a; time_t b;')
{'a': struct abcd, 'b': long}
```

These type objects aren't all that useful on their own, but they can be passed to other parts of angr to specify data types.

# 5.7.2 Accessing typed data from memory

Now that you know how angr's type system works, you can unlock the full power of the state.mem interface! Any type that's registered with the types module can be used to extract data from memory.

```
>>> p = angr.Project('examples/fauxware/fauxware')
>>> s = p.factory.entry_state()
>>> s.mem[0x601048]
<<untyped> <unresolvable> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long
<long (64 bits) <BV64 0x4008d0> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long.resolved
<BV64 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long.concrete
0x4008d0
>>> s.mem[0x601048].struct.abcd
<struct abcd {</pre>
  x = \langle BV32 \ 0x4008d0 \rangle
  y = \langle BV32 \ 0x0 \rangle
} at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].struct.abcd.x
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0x4008d0> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].struct.abcd.y
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0x0> at 0x60104c>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref
<<untyped> <unresolvable> at 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string
<string_t <BV64 0x534f534e45414b59> at 0x4008d0>
```

(continues on next page)

```
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string.resolved

<BV64 0x534f534e45414b59>

>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string.concrete

b'SOSNEAKY'
```

The interface works like this:

- You first use [array index notation] to specify the address you'd like to load from
- If at that address is a pointer, you may access the deref property to return a SimMemView at the address present in memory.
- You then specify a type for the data by simply accessing a property of that name. For a list of supported types, look at state.mem.types.
- You can then *refine* the type. Any type may support any refinement it likes. Right now the only refinements supported are that you may access any member of a struct by its member name, and you may index into a string or array to access that element.
- If the address you specified initially points to an array of that type, you can say .array(n) to view the data as an array of n elements.
- Finally, extract the structured data with .resolved or .concrete. .resolved will return bitvector values, while .concrete will return integer, string, array, etc values, whatever best represents the data.
- Alternately, you may store a value to memory, by assigning to the chain of properties that you've constructed. Note that because of the way Python works, x = s.mem[...].prop; x = val will NOT work, you must say s.mem[...].prop = val.

If you define a struct using register\_types(parse\_type(struct\_expr)), you can access it here as a type:

```
>>> s.mem[p.entry].struct.abcd

<struct abcd {

    .x = <BV32 0x8949ed31>,

    .y = <BV32 0x89485ed1>

} at 0x400580>
```

# 5.7.3 Working with Calling Conventions

A calling convention is the specific means by which code passes arguments and return values through function calls. angr's abstraction of calling conventions is called SimCC. You can construct new SimCC instances through the angr object factory, with p.factory.cc(...). This will give a calling convention which is guessed based your guest architecture and OS. If angr guesses wrong, you can explicitly pick one of the calling conventions in the angr. calling\_conventions module.

If you have a very wacky calling convention, you can use angr.calling\_conventions.SimCCUsercall. This will ask you to specify locations for the arguments and the return value. To do this, use instances of the SimRegArg or SimStackArg classes. You can find them in the factory - p.factory.cc.Sim\*Arg.

Once you have a SimCC object, you can use it along with a SimState object and a function prototype (a SimTypeFunction) to extract or store function arguments more cleanly. Take a look at the angr.calling\_conventions.SimCC> for details. Alternately, you can pass it to an interface that can use it to modify its own behavior, like p.factory.call\_state, or...

#### 5.7.4 Callables

Callables are a Foreign Functions Interface (FFI) for symbolic execution. Basic callable usage is to create one with myfunc = p.factory.callable(addr), and then call it! result = myfunc(args, ...) When you call the callable, angr will set up a call\_state at the given address, dump the given arguments into memory, and run a path\_group based on this state until all the paths have exited from the function. Then, it merges all the result states together, pulls the return value out of that state, and returns it.

All the interaction with the state happens with the aid of a SimCC and a SimTypeFunction, to tell where to put the arguments and where to get the return value. It will try to use a sane default for the architecture, but if you'd like to customize it, you can pass a SimCC object in the cc keyword argument when constructing the callable. The SimTypeFunction is required - you must pass the prototype parameter. If you pass a string to this parameter it will be parsed as a function declaration.

You can pass symbolic data as function arguments, and everything will work fine. You can even pass more complicated data, like strings, lists, and structures as native Python data (use tuples for structures), and it'll be serialized as cleanly as possible into the state. If you'd like to specify a pointer to a certain value, you can wrap it in a PointerWrapper object, available as p.factory.callable.PointerWrapper. The exact semantics of how pointer-wrapping work are a little confusing, but they can be boiled down to "unless you specify it with a PointerWrapper or a specific SimArrayType, nothing will be wrapped in a pointer automatically unless it gets to the end and it hasn't yet been wrapped in a pointer yet and the original type is a string, array, or tuple." The relevant code is actually in SimCC - it's the setup\_callsite function.

If you don't care for the actual return value of the call, you can say func.perform\_call(arg, ...), and then the properties func.result\_state and func.result\_path\_group will be populated. They will actually be populated even if you call the callable normally, but you probably care about them more in this case!

# 5.8 Solver Engine

angr's solver engine is called Claripy. Claripy exposes the following design:

- Claripy ASTs (the subclasses of claripy.ast.Base) provide a unified way to interact with concrete and symbolic expressions
- Frontends provide different paradigms for evaluating these expressions. For example, the FullFrontend solves expressions using something like an SMT solver backend, while LightFrontend handles them by using an abstract (and approximating) data domain backend.
- Each Frontend needs to, at some point, do actual operation and evaluations on an AST. ASTs don't support this on their own. Instead, Backends translate ASTs into backend objects (i.e., Python primitives for BackendConcrete, Z3 expressions for BackendZ3, strided intervals for BackendVSA, etc) and handle any appropriate state-tracking objects (such as tracking the solver state in the case of BackendZ3). Roughly speaking, frontends take ASTs as inputs and use backends to backend.convert() those ASTs into backend objects that can be evaluated and otherwise reasoned about.
- FrontendMixins customize the operation of Frontends. For example, ModelCacheMixin caches solutions from an SMT solver.
- The combination of a Frontend, a number of FrontendMixins, and a number of Backends comprise a claripy Solver.

Internally, Claripy seamlessly mediates the co-operation of multiple disparate backends – concrete bitvectors, VSA constructs, and SAT solvers. It is pretty badass.

Most users of angr will not need to interact directly with Claripy (except for, maybe, claripy AST objects, which represent symbolic expressions) – angr handles most interactions with Claripy internally. However, for dealing with expressions, an understanding of Claripy might be useful.

# 5.8.1 Claripy ASTs

Claripy ASTs abstract away the differences between mathematical constructs that Claripy supports. They define a tree of operations (i.e., (a + b) / c) on any type of underlying data. Claripy handles the application of these operations on the underlying objects themselves by dispatching requests to the backends.

Currently, Claripy supports the following types of ASTs:

Name	Description	Supported By (Claripy Backends)	Example Code
BV	This is a bitvector, whether symbolic (with a name) or concrete (with a value). It has a size (in bits).	BackendConcrete, BackendVSA, BackendZ3	Create a 32-bit symbolic bitvector "x": claripy.BVS('x', 32) Create a 32-bit bitvector with the value 0xc001b3475: claripy.BVV(0xc001b3a75, 32) ' <li>1i&gt;<li>li&gt;<li>Create a 32-bit "strided interval" (see VSA documentation) that can be any divisible-by-10 number between 1000 and 2000: 'claripy.SI(name='x', bits=32, lower_bound=1000, upper_bound=2000, stride=10) '</li></li></li>
FP	This is a floating-point number, whether symbolic (with a name) or concrete (with a value).	BackendConcrete, BackendZ3	upper_bound=2000, stride=10)` Create a clar- ipy.fp.FSORT_DOUBLE symbolic floating point "b": `claripy.FPS('b',
Bool	This is a boolean operation (True or False).	BackendConcrete, BackendVSA, BackendZ3	<pre>ipy.fp.FSORT_FLOA  claripy.BoolV(True), or claripy.true or claripy.false, or by comparing two ASTs (i.e., claripy.BVS('x', 32) &lt; claripy.BVS('y', 32)</pre>

All of the above creation code returns claripy. AST objects, on which operations can then be carried out. ASTs provide several useful operations.

```
>>> import claripy (continues on next page)
```

5.8. Solver Engine 87

```
>>> bv = claripy.BVV(0x41424344, 32)

# Size - you can get the size of an AST with .size()
>>> assert bv.size() == 32

# Reversing - .reversed is the reversed version of the BVV
>>> assert bv.reversed is claripy.BVV(0x44434241, 32)
>>> assert bv.reversed.reversed is bv

# Depth - you can get the depth of the AST
>>> print(bv.depth)
>>> assert bv.depth == 1
>>> x = claripy.BVS('x', 32)
>>> assert (x+bv).depth == 2
>>> assert ((x+bv)/10).depth == 3
```

Applying a condition (==, !=, etc) on ASTs will return an AST that represents the condition being carried out. For example:

```
>>> r = bv == x
>>> assert isinstance(r, claripy.ast.Bool)

>>> p = bv == bv
>>> assert isinstance(p, claripy.ast.Bool)
>>> assert p.is_true()
```

You can combine these conditions in different ways.

```
>>> q = claripy.And(claripy.Or(bv == x, bv * 2 == x, bv * 3 == x), x == 0)
>>> assert isinstance(p, claripy.ast.Bool)
```

The usefulness of this will become apparent when we discuss Claripy solvers.

In general, Claripy supports all of the normal Python operations (+, -, |, ==, etc), and provides additional ones via the Claripy instance object. Here's a list of available operations from the latter.

Name	Description	Example	
LShR	Logically shifts a bit expression (BVV, BV, SI) to the right.	claripy.LShR(x, 10)	
SignExt	Sign-extends a bit expression.	<pre>claripy.SignExt(32, x) or x. sign_extend(32)</pre>	
Ze- roExt	Zero-extends a bit expression.	<pre>claripy.ZeroExt(32, x) or x. zero_extend(32)</pre>	
Extract	Extracts the given bits (zero-indexed from the <i>right</i> , inclusive) from a bit expression.	Extract the rightmost byte of x: claripy. Extract(7, 0, x) or x[7:0]	
Concat	Concatenates several bit expressions together into a new bit expression.	<pre>claripy.Concat(x, y, z)</pre>	
Ro- tateLeft	Rotates a bit expression left.	<pre>claripy.RotateLeft(x, 8)</pre>	
Rota- teRight	Rotates a bit expression right.	<pre>claripy.RotateRight(x, 8)</pre>	
Re- verse	Endian-reverses a bit expression.	<pre>claripy.Reverse(x) or x.reversed</pre>	
And	Logical And (on boolean expressions)	claripy.And( $x == y, x > 0$ )	
Or	Logical Or (on boolean expressions)	claripy. $Or(x == y, y < 10)$	
Not	Logical Not (on a boolean expression)	claripy.Not( $x == y$ ) is the same as $x != y$	
If	An If-then-else	Choose the maximum of two expressions: $claripy.If(x > y, x, y)$	
ULE	Unsigned less than or equal to.	Check if x is less than or equal to y: claripy. ULE(x, y)	
ULT	Unsigned less than.	Check if x is less than y: $claripy.ULT(x, y)$	
UGE	Unsigned greater than or equal to.	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: claripy.UGE(x, y)	
UGT	Unsigned greater than.	Check if x is greater than y: claripy.UGT(x, y)	
SLE	Signed less than or equal to.	Check if x is less than or equal to y: claripy. SLE(x, y)	
SLT	Signed less than.	Check if x is less than y: $claripy.SLT(x, y)$	
SGE	Signed greater than or equal to.	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: claripy.SGE(x, y)	
SGT	Signed greater than.	Check if x is greater than y: claripy.SGT(x, y)	

**Note:** The default Python >, <, >=, and <= are unsigned in Claripy. This is different than their behavior in Z3, because it seems more natural in binary analysis.

5.8. Solver Engine 89

### 5.8.2 Solvers

The main point of interaction with Claripy are the Claripy Solvers. Solvers expose an API to interpret ASTs in different ways and return usable values. There are several different solvers.

Name	Description
Solver	This is analogous to a z3.Solver(). It is a solver that tracks constraints on symbolic variables and uses a constraint solver (currently, Z3) to evaluate symbolic expressions.
SolverVSA	This solver uses VSA to reason about values. It is an <i>approximating</i> solver, but produces values without performing actual constraint solves.
Solver-	This solver acts as a pass-through to a child solver, allowing the replacement of expressions on-the-fly.
Replace- ment	It is used as a helper by other solvers and can be used directly to implement exotic analyses.
Solver-	This solver combines the SolverReplacement and the Solver (VSA and Z3) to allow for approximating
Hybrid	values. You can specify whether or not you want an exact result from your evaluations, and this solver does the rest.
Solver-	This solver implements optimizations that solve smaller sets of constraints to speed up constraint solving.
Com-	
posite	

Some examples of solver usage:

```
# create the solver and an expression
>>> s = claripy.Solver()
>>> x = claripy.BVS('x', 8)
# now let's add a constraint on x
>>> s.add(claripy.ULT(x, 5))
>>> assert sorted(s.eval(x, 10)) == [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
>>> assert s.max(x) == 4
>>> assert s.min(x) == 0
# we can also get the values of complex expressions
>>> y = claripy.BVV(65, 8)
>>> z = claripy.If(x == 1, x, y)
>>> assert sorted(s.eval(z, 10)) == [1, 65]
# and, of course, we can add constraints on complex expressions
>>> s.add(z \% 5 != 0)
>>> assert s.eval(z, 10) == (1,)
>>> assert s.eval(x, 10) == (1,) # interestingly enough, since z can't be y, x can only_
→be 1!
```

Custom solvers can be built by combining a Claripy Frontend (the class that handles the actual interaction with SMT solver or the underlying data domain) and some combination of frontend mixins (that handle things like caching, filtering out duplicate constraints, doing opportunistic simplification, and so on).

# 5.8.3 Claripy Backends

Backends are Claripy's workhorses. Claripy exposes ASTs to the world, but when actual computation has to be done, it pushes those ASTs into objects that can be handled by the backends themselves. This provides a unified interface to the outside world while allowing Claripy to support different types of computation. For example, BackendConcrete provides computation support for concrete bitvectors and booleans, BackendVSA introduces VSA constructs such as StridedIntervals (and details what happens when operations are performed on them, and BackendZ3 provides support for symbolic variables and constraint solving.

There are a set of functions that a backend is expected to implement. For all of these functions, the "public" version is expected to be able to deal with claripy's AST objects, while the "private" version should only deal with objects specific to the backend itself. This is distinguished with Python idioms: a public function will be named func() while a private function will be \_func(). All functions should return objects that are usable by the backend in its private methods. If this can't be done (i.e., some functionality is being attempted that the backend can't handle), the backend should raise a BackendError. In this case, Claripy will move on to the next backend in its list.

All backends must implement a convert() function. This function receives a claripy AST and should return an object that the backend can handle in its private methods. Backends should also implement a convert() method, which will receive anything that is *not* a claripy AST object (i.e., an integer or an object from a different backend). If convert() or convert() receives something that the backend can't translate to a format that is usable internally, the backend should raise BackendError, and thus won't be used for that object. All backends must also implement any functions of the base Backend abstract class that currently raise NotImplementedError().

Claripy's contract with its backends is as follows: backends should be able to handle, in their private functions, any object that they return from their private *or* public functions. Claripy will never pass an object to any backend private function that did not originate as a return value from a private or public function of that backend. One exception to this is convert() and convert(), as Claripy can try to stuff anything it feels like into \_convert() to see if the backend can handle that type of object.

#### **Backend Objects**

To perform actual, useful computation on ASTs, Claripy uses backend objects. A BackendObject is a result of the operation represented by the AST. Claripy expects these objects to be returned from their respective backends, and will pass such objects into that backend's other functions.

# 5.9 Symbolic memory addressing

angr supports *symbolic memory addressing*, meaning that offsets into memory may be symbolic. Our implementation of this is inspired by "Mayhem". Specifically, this means that angr concretizes symbolic addresses when they are used as the target of a write. This causes some surprises, as users tend to expect symbolic writes to be treated purely symbolically, or "as symbolically" as we treat symbolic reads, but that is not the default behavior. However, like most things in angr, this is configurable.

The address resolution behavior is governed by *concretization strategies*, which are subclasses of angr. concretization\_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategy. Concretization strategies for reads are set in state.memory.read\_strategies and for writes in state.memory.write\_strategies. These strategies are called, in order, until one of them is able to resolve addresses for the symbolic index. By setting your own concretization strategies (or through the use of SimInspect address\_concretization breakpoints, described above), you can change the way angr resolves symbolic addresses.

For example, angr's default concretization strategies for writes are:

1. A conditional concretization strategy that allows symbolic writes (with a maximum range of 128 possible solutions) for any indices that are annotated with angr.plugins.symbolic\_memory.MultiwriteAnnotation.

2. A concretization strategy that simply selects the maximum possible solution of the symbolic index.

To enable symbolic writes for all indices, you can either add the SYMBOLIC\_WRITE\_ADDRESSES state option at state creation time or manually insert a angr.concretization\_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategyRange object into state.memory.write\_strategies. The strategy object takes a single argument, which is the maximum range of possible solutions that it allows before giving up and moving on to the next (presumably non-symbolic) strategy.

## 5.9.1 Writing concretization strategies

**Todo:** Write this section

# 5.10 Java Support

angr also supports symbolically executing Java code and Android apps! This also includes Android apps using a combination of compiled Java and native (C/C++) code.

**Warning:** Java support is experimental! Contribution from the community is highly encouraged! Pull requests are very welcomed!

We implemented Java support by lifting the compiled Java code, both Java and DEX bytecode, leveraging our Soot Python wrapper: pysoot. pysoot extracts a fully serializable interface from Android apps and Java code (unfortunately, as of now, it only works on Linux). For every class of the generated IR (for instance, SootMethod), you can nicely print its instructions (in a format similar to Soot shimple) using print() or str().

We then leverage the generated IR in a new angrengine able to run code in Soot IR: angr/engines/soot/engine.py. This engine is also able to automatically switch to executing native code if the Java code calls any native method using the JNI interface.

Together with the symbolic execution, we also implemented some basic static analysis, specifically a basic CFG reconstruction analysis. Moreover, we added support for string constraint solving, modifying claripy and using the CVC4 solver.

#### 5.10.1 How to install

Enabling Java support requires few more steps than typical angr installation. Assuming you installed angr-dev, activate the virtualenv and run:

```
pip install -e ./claripy[cvc4-solver]
./setup.sh pysoot
```

#### **Analyzing Android apps.**

Analyzing Android apps (.APK files, containing Java code compiled to the DEX format) requires the Android SDK. Typically, it is installed in <HOME>/Android/SDK/platforms/platform-XX/android.jar, where XX is the Android SDK version used by the app you want to analyze (you may want to install all the platforms required by the Android apps you want to analyze).

# 5.10.2 Examples

There are multiple examples available:

- Easy Java crackmes: java\_crackme1, java\_simple3, java\_simple4
- A more complex example (solving a CTF challenge): ictf2017\_javaisnotfun, blogpost
- Symbolically executing an Android app (using a mix of Java and native code): java\_androidnative1
- Many other low-level tests: test\_java

# 5.11 Symbion: Interleaving symbolic and concrete execution

Let's suppose you want to symbolically analyze a specific function of a program, but there is a huge initialization step that you want to skip because it is not necessary for your analysis, or cannot properly be emulated by angr. For example, maybe your program is running on an embedded system and you have access to a debug interface, but you can't easily replicate the hardware in a simulated environment.

This is the perfect scenario for Symbion, our interleaved execution technique!

We implemented a built-in system that let users define a ConcreteTarget that is used to "import" a concrete state of the target program from an external source into angr. Once the state is imported you can make parts of the state symbolic, use symbolic execution on this state, run your analyses, and finally concretize the symbolic parts and resume concrete execution in the external environment. By iterating this process it is possible to implement run-time and interactive advanced symbolic analyses that are backed up by the real program's execution!

Isn't that cool?

#### 5.11.1 How to install

To use this technique you'll need an implementation of a ConcreteTarget (effectively, an object that is going to be the "glue" between angr and the external process.) We ship a default one (the AvatarGDBConcreteTarget, which control an instance of a program being debugged under GDB) in the following repo https://github.com/angr/angr-targets.

Assuming you installed angr-dev, activate the virtualenv and run:

```
git clone https://github.com/angr/angr-targets.git
cd angr-targets
pip install .
```

Now you're ready to go!

### 5.11.2 Gists

Once you have created an entry state, instantiated a SimulationManager, and specified a list of *stop\_points* using the Symbion interface we are going to resume the concrete process execution.

When one of your stop\_points (effectively a breakpoint) is hit, we give control to angr. A new plugin called *concrete* is in charge of synchronizing the concrete state of the program inside a new SimState.

Roughly, synchronization does the following:

- All the registers' values (NOT marked with concrete=False in the respective arch file in archinfo) are copied
  inside the new SimState.
- The underlying memory backend is hooked in a way that all the further memory accesses triggered during symbolic execution are redirected to the concrete process.
- If the project is initialized with SimProcedure (use\_sim\_procedures=True) we are going to re-hook the external functions' addresses with a SimProcedure if we happen to have it, otherwise with a SimProcedure stub (you can control this decision by using the Options SYMBION\_KEEP\_STUBS\_ON\_SYNC). Conversely, the real code of the function is executed inside angr (Warning: do that at your own risk!)

Once this process is completed, you can play with your new SimState backed by the concrete process stopped at that particular stop\_point.

# **5.11.3 Options**

The way we synchronize the concrete process inside angr is customizable by 2 state options:

• SYMBION\_SYNC\_CLE: this option controls the synchronization of the memory mapping of the program inside angr. When the project is created, the memory mapping inside angr is different from the one inside the concrete process (this will change as soon as Symbion will be fully compatible with archr). If you want the process mapping to be fully synchronized with the one of the concrete process, set this option to the SimState before initializing the SimulationManager (Note that this is going to happen at the first synchronization of the concrete process inside angr, NOT before)

```
entry_state.options.add(angr.options.SYMBION_SYNC_CLE)
simgr = project.factory.simgr(state)
```

• SYMBION KEEP STUBS ON SYNC: this option controls how we re-hook external functions with SimProcedures. If the project has been initialized to use SimProcedures (use\_sim\_procedures=True), we are going to re-hook external functions with SimProcedures (if we have that particular implementation) or with a generic stub. If you want to execute SimProcedures for functions for which we have an available implementation and a generic stub SimProcedure for the ones we have not, set this option to the SimState before initializing the SimulationManager. In the other case, we are going to execute the real code for the external functions that miss a SimProcedure (no generic stub is going to be used).

```
entry_state.options.add(angr.options.SYMBION_KEEP_STUBS_ON_SYNC)
simgr = project.factory.simgr(state)
```

# **5.11.4 Example**

You can find more information about this technique and a complete example in our blog post: https://angr.io/blog/ angr\_symbion/. For more technical details a public paper will be available soon, or, ping @degrigis on our angr Slack channel.

# 5.12 Debug variable resolution

angr now support resolve source level variable (debug variable) in binary with debug information. This article will introduce you how to use it.

# 5.12.1 Setting up

To use it you need binary that is compiled with dwarf debuging information (ex: gcc -g) and load in angr with the option load\_debug\_info. After that you need to run project.kb.dvars.load\_from\_dwarf() to set up the feature and we're set.

Overall it looks like this:

```
# compile your binary with debug information
gcc -g -o debug_var debug_var.c
```

```
>>> import angr
>>> project = angr.Project('./examples/debug_var/simple_var', load_debug_info = True)
>>> project.kb.dvars.load_from_dwarf()
```

#### 5.12.2 Core feature

With things now set up you can view the value in the angr memory view of the debug variable within a state with: state.dvars['variable\_name'].mem or the value that it point to if it is a pointer with: state. dvars['pointer\_name'].deref.mem. Here are some example:

Given the source code in examples/debug\_var/simple\_var.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
int global_var = 100;
int main(void){
```

```
int a = 10;
int* b = &a;
printf("%d\n", *b);
{
    int a = 24;
    *b = *b + a;
    int c[] = {5, 6, 7, 8};
    printf("%d\n", a);
}
return 0;
}
```

```
# Get a state before executing printf(%d\n", *b) (line 7)
# the addr to line 7 is 0x401193 you can search for it with
>>> project.loader.main_object.addr_to_line
{...}
>>> addr = 0x401193
# Create an simulation manager and run to that addr
>>> simgr = project.factory.simgr()
>>> simgr.explore(find = addr)
<SimulationManager with 1 found>
>>> state = simgr.found[0]
# Resolve 'a' in state
>>> state.dvars['a'].mem
# Dereference pointer b
>>> state.dvars['b'].deref.mem
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0xa> at 0x7fffffffffffffffff
# It works as expected when resolving the value of b gives the address of a
>>> state.dvars['b'].mem
<reg64_t <BV64 0x7fffffffffffffff30> at 0x7fffffffffffffff88>
```

Side-note: For string type you can use .string instead of .mem to resolve it. For struct type you can resolve its member by .member\_name") .mem. For array type you can use .array(index) .mem to access the element in array.

# 5.13 Variable visibility

If you have many variable with the same name but in different scope, calling state.dvars['var\_name'] would resolve the variable with the nearest scope.

Example:

```
# Find the addr before executing printf("%d\n", a) (line 12)
# with the same method to find addr
>>> addr = 0x4011e0
# Explore until find state
>>> simgr.move(from_stash='found', to_stash='active')
<SimulationManager with 1 active>
>>> simgr.explore(find = addr)
<SimulationManager with 1 found>
>>> state = simgr.found[0]
```

(continues on next page)

Congratulation, you've now know how to resolve debug variable using angr, for more info check out the api-doc.

**CHAPTER** 

SIX

# **EXTENDING ANGR**

# 6.1 Hooks and SimProcedures

Hooks in angr are very powerful! You can use them to modify a program's behavior in any way you could imagine. However, the exact way you might want to program a specific hook may be non-obvious. This chapter should serve as a guide when programming SimProcedures.

### 6.1.1 Quick Start

Here's an example that will remove all bugs from any program:

Now, whenever program execution reaches the main function, instead of executing the actual main function, it will execute this procedure! It just prints out a message, and returns.

Now, let's talk about what happens on the edge of this function! When entering the function, where do the values that go into the arguments come from? You can define your run() function with however many arguments you like, and the SimProcedure runtime will automatically extract from the program state those arguments for you, via a *calling convention*, and call your run function with them. Similarly, when you return a value from the run function, it is placed into the state (again, according to the calling convention), and the actual control-flow action of returning from a function is performed, which depending on the architecture may involve jumping to the link register or jumping to the result of a stack pop.

It should be clear at this point that the SimProcedure we just wrote is meant to totally replace whatever function it is hooked over top of. In fact, the original use case for SimProcedures was replacing library functions. More on that later.

### **6.1.2 Implementation Context**

On a Project class, the dict project.\_sim\_procedures is a mapping from address to SimProcedure instances. When the *execution pipeline* reaches an address that is present in that dict, that is, an address that is hooked, it will execute project.\_sim\_procedures[address].execute(state). This will consult the calling convention to extract the arguments, make a copy of itself in order to preserve thread safety, and run the run() method. It is important to produce a new instance of the SimProcedure for each time it is run, since the process of running a SimProcedure necessarily involves mutating state on the SimProcedure instance, so we need separate ones for each step, lest we run into race conditions in multithreaded environments.

#### **kwargs**

This hierarchy implies that you might want to reuse a single SimProcedure in multiple hooks. What if you want to hook the same SimProcedure in several places, but tweaked slightly each time? angr's support for this is that any additional keyword arguments you pass to the constructor of your SimProcedure will end up getting passed as keyword args to your SimProcedure's run() method. Pretty cool!

## 6.1.3 Data Types

If you were paying attention to the example earlier, you noticed that when we printed out the arguments to the run() function, they came out as a weird <SAO <BV64 0xSTUFF>> class. This is a SimActionObject. Basically, you don't need to worry about it too much, it's just a thin wrapper over a normal bitvector. It does a bit of tracking of what exactly you do with it inside the SimProcedure—this is helpful for static analysis.

You may also have noticed that we directly returned the Python int 0 from the procedure. This will automatically be promoted to a word-sized bitvector! You can return a native number, a bitvector, or a SimActionObject.

When you want to write a procedure that deals with floating point numbers, you will need to specify the calling convention manually. It's not too hard, just provide a cc to the hook: `cc = project.factory.cc\_from\_arg\_kinds((True, True), ret\_fp=True) and project.hook(address, ProcedureClass(cc=mycc)) This method for passing in a calling convention works for all calling conventions, so if angr's autodetected one isn't right, you can fix that.

#### 6.1.4 Control Flow

How can you exit a SimProcedure? We've already gone over the simplest way to do this, returning a value from run(). This is actually shorthand for calling self.ret(value). self.ret() is the function which knows how to perform the specific action of returning from a function.

SimProcedures can use lots of different functions like this!

- ret(expr): Return from a function
- jump(addr): Jump to an address in the binary
- exit(code): Terminate the program
- call(addr, args, continue\_at): Call a function in the binary
- inline\_call(procedure, \*args): Call another SimProcedure in-line and return the results

That second-last one deserves some looking-at. We'll get there after a quick detour...

#### **Conditional Exits**

What if we want to add a conditional branch out of a SimProcedure? In order to do that, you'll need to work directly with the SimSuccessors object for the current execution step.

The interface for this is `self.successors.add\_successor(state, addr, guard, jumpkind). All of these parameters should have an obvious meaning if you've followed along so far. Keep in mind that the state you pass in will NOT be copied and WILL be mutated, so be sure to make a copy beforehand if there will be more work to do!

#### **SimProcedure Continuations**

How can we call a function in the binary and have execution resume within our SimProcedure? There is a whole bunch of infrastructure called the "SimProcedure Continuation" that will let you do this. When you use self.call(addr, args, continue\_at), addr is expected to be the address you'd like to call, args is the tuple of arguments you'd like to call it with, and continue\_at is the name of another method in your SimProcedure class that you'd like execution to continue at when it returns. This method must have the same signature as the run() method. Furthermore, you can pass the keyword argument cc as the calling convention that ought to be used to communicate with the callee.

When you do this, you finish your current step, and execution will start again at the next step at the function you've specified. When that function returns, it has to return to some concrete address! That address is specified by the SimProcedure runtime: an address is allocated in angr's externs segment to be used as the return site for returning to the given method call. It is then hooked with a copy of the procedure instance tweaked to run the specified continue\_at function instead of run(), with the same args and kwargs as the first time.

There are two pieces of metadata you need to attach to your SimProcedure class in order to use the continuation subsystem correctly:

- Set the class variable IS\_FUNCTION = True
- Set the class variable local\_vars to a tuple of strings, where each string is the name of an instance variable on your SimProcedure whose value you would like to persist to when you return. Local variables can be any type so long as you don't mutate their instances.

You may have guessed by now that there exists some sort of auxiliary storage in order to hold on to all this data. You would be right! The state plugin state.callstack has an entry called .procedure\_data which is used by the SimProcedure runtime to store information local to the current call frame. angr tracks the stack pointer in order to make the current top of the state.callstack a meaningful local data store. It's stuff that ought to be stored in memory in a stack frame, but the data can't be serialized and/or memory allocation is hard.

As an example, let's look at the SimProcedure that angr uses internally to run all the shared library initializers for a full\_init\_state for a linux program:

```
class LinuxLoader(angr.SimProcedure):
    NO_RET = True
    IS_FUNCTION = True
    local_vars = ('initializers',)

def rum(self):
    self.initializers = self.project.loader.initializers
    self.rum_initializer()

def rum_initializer(self):
    if len(self.initializers) == 0:
        self.project._simos.set_entry_register_values(self.state)
        self.jump(self.project.entry)
    else:
```

(continues on next page)

This is a particularly clever usage of the SimProcedure continuations. First, notice that the current project is available for use on the procedure instance. This is some powerful stuff you can get yourself into; for safety you generally only want to use the project as a read-only or append-only data structure. Here we're just getting the list of dynamic intializers from the loader. Then, for as long as the list isn't empty, we pop a single function pointer out of the list, being careful not to mutate the list, since the list object is shared across states, and then call it, returning to the run\_initializer function again. When we run out of initializers, we set up the entry state and jump to the program entry point.

Very cool!

#### 6.1.5 Global Variables

As a brief aside, you can store global variables in state.globals. This is a dictionary that just gets shallow-copied from state to successor state. Because it's only a shallow copy, its members are the same instances, so the same rules as local variables in SimProcedure continuations apply. You need to be careful not to mutate any item that is used as a global variable unless you know exactly what you're doing.

## 6.1.6 Helping out static analysis

We've already looked at the class variable IS\_FUNCTION, which allows you to use the SimProcedure continuation. There are a few more class variables you can set, though these ones have no direct benefit to you - they merely mark attributes of your function so that static analysis knows what it's doing.

- NO\_RET: Set this to true if control flow will never return from this function
- ADDS\_EXITS: Set this to true if you do any control flow other than returning
- IS\_SYSCALL: Self-explanatory

Furthermore, if you set ADDS\_EXITS = True, you'll need to define the method static\_exits(). This function takes a single parameter, a list of IRSBs that would be executed in the run-up to your function, and asks you to return a list of all the exits that you know would be produced by your function in that case. The return value is expected to be a list of tuples of (address (int), jumpkind (str)). This is meant to be a quick, best-effort analysis, and you shouldn't try to do anything crazy or intensive to get your answer.

#### 6.1.7 User Hooks

The process of writing and using a SimProcedure makes a lot of assumptions that you want to hook over a whole function. What if you don't? There's an alternate interface for hooking, a *user hook*, that lets you streamline the process of hooking sections of code.

```
>>> @project.hook(0x1234, length=5)
... def set_rax(state):
... state.regs.rax = 1
```

This is a lot simpler! The idea is to use a single function instead of an entire SimProcedure subclass. No extraction of arguments is performed, no complex control flow happens.

Control flow is controlled by the length argument. After the function finishes executing in this example, the next step will start at 5 bytes after the hooked address. If the length argument is omitted or set to zero, execution will resume executing the binary code at exactly the hooked address, without re-triggering the hook. The Ijk\_NoHook jumpkind allows this to happen.

If you want more control over control flow coming out of a user hook, you can return a list of successor states. Each successor will be expected to have state.regs.ip, state.scratch.guard, and state.scratch.jumpkind set. The IP is the target instruction pointer, the guard is a symbolic boolean representing a constraint to add to the state related to it being taken as opposed to the others, and the jumpkind is a VEX enum string, like Ijk\_Boring, representing the nature of the branch.

The general rule is, if you want your SimProcedure to either be able to extract function arguments or cause a program return, write a full SimProcedure class. Otherwise, use a user hook.

## 6.1.8 Hooking Symbols

As you should recall from the *section on loading a binary*, dynamically linked programs have a list of symbols that they must import from the libraries they have listed as dependencies, and angr will make sure, rain or shine, that every import symbol gets resolved by *some* address, whether it's a real implementation of the function or just a dummy address hooked with a do-nothing stub. As a result, you can just use the Project.hook\_symbol API to hook the address referred to by a symbol!

This means that you can replace library functions with your own code. For instance, to replace rand() with a function that always returns a consistent sequence of values:

```
>>> class NotVeryRand(SimProcedure):
...     def run(self, return_values=None):
...         rand_idx = self.state.globals.get('rand_idx', 0) % len(return_values)
...         out = return_values[rand_idx]
...         self.state.globals['rand_idx'] = rand_idx + 1
...         return out
>>> project.hook_symbol('rand', NotVeryRand(return_values=[413, 612, 1025, 1111]))
```

Now, whenever the program tries to call rand(), it'll return the integers from the return\_values array in a loop.

## 6.2 State Plugins

If you want to store some data on a state and have that information propagated from successor to successor, the easiest way to do this is with state.globals. However, this can become obnoxious with large amounts of interesting data, doesn't work at all for merging states, and isn't very object-oriented.

The solution to these problems is to write a *State Plugin* - an appendix to the state that holds data and implements an interface for dealing with the lifecycle of a state.

6.2. State Plugins 103

## 6.2.1 My First Plugin

Let's get started! All state plugins are implemented as subclasses of SimStatePlugin. Once you've read this document, you can use the API reference for this class <code>angr.state\_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin</code> to quickly review the semantics of all the interfaces you should implement.

The most important method you need to implement is copy: it should be annotated with the memo staticmethod and take a dict called the "memo"—these'll be important later—and returns a copy of the plugin. Short of that, you can do whatever you want. Just make sure to call the superclass initializer!

```
>>> import angr
>>> class MyFirstPlugin(angr.SimStatePlugin):
        def __init__(self, foo):
            super(MyFirstPlugin, self).__init__()
            self.foo = foo
        @angr.SimStatePlugin.memo
        def copy(self, memo):
            return MyFirstPlugin(self.foo)
>>> state = angr.SimState(arch='AMD64')
>>> state.register_plugin('my_plugin', MyFirstPlugin('bar'))
>>> assert state.my_plugin.foo == 'bar'
>>> state2 = state.copy()
>>> state.my_plugin.foo =
>>> state3 = state.copy()
>>> assert state2.my_plugin.foo == 'bar'
>>> assert state3.my_plugin.foo == 'baz'
```

It works! Note that plugins automatically become available as attributes on the state. state.get\_plugin(name) is also available as a more programmatic interface.

#### 6.2.2 Where's the state?

State plugins have access to the state, right? So why isn't it part of the initializer? It turns out, there are a plethora of issues related to initialization order and dependency issues, so to simplify things as much as possible, the state is not part of the initializer but is rather set onto the state in a separate phase, by using the set\_state method. You can override this state if you need to do things like propagate the state to subcomponents or extract architectural information.

Note the self.state! That's what the super set\_state sets up.

However, there's no guarantee on what order the states will be set onto the plugins in, so if you need to interact with *other plugins* for initialization, you need to override the init\_state method.

Once again, there's no guarantee on what order these will be called in, so the rule is to make sure you set yourself up good enough during set\_state so that if someone else tries to interact with you, no type errors will happen. Here's an example of a good use of init\_state, to map a memory region in the state. The use of an instance variable (presumably copied as part of copy()) ensures this only happens the first time the plugin is added to a state.

```
>>> def init_state(self):
...     if self.region is None:
...         self.region = self.state.memory.map_region(SOMEWHERE, 0x1000, 7)
```

#### Note: weak references

self.state is not the state itself, but rather a weak proxy to the state. You can still use this object as a normal state, but attempts to store it persistently will not work.

## 6.2.3 Merging

The other element besides copying in the state lifecycle is merging. As input you get the plugins to merge and a list of "merge conditions" - symbolic booleans that are the "guard conditions" describing when the values from each state should actually apply.

The important properties of the merge conditions are:

- They are mutually exclusive and span an entire domain exactly one may be satisfied at once, and there will be additional constraints to ensure that at least one must be satisfied.
- len(merge\_conditions) == len(others) + 1, since self counts too.
- zip(merge\_conditions, [self] + others) will correctly pair merge conditions with plugins.

During the merge function, you should *mutate* self to become the merged version of itself and all the others, with respect to the merge conditions. This involves using the if-then-else structure that claripy provides. Here is an example of constructing this merged structure by merging a bitvector instance variable called myvar, producing a binary tree of if-then-else expressions searching for the correct condition:

This is such a common construction that we provide a utility to perform it automatically: claripy.ite\_cases. The following code snippet is identical to the previous one:

```
self.myvar = claripy.ite_cases(zip(merge_conditions[1:], [o.myvar for o in others]), self.myvar)
```

Keep in mind that like the rest of the top-level claripy functions, ite\_cases and If are also available from state. solver, and these versions will perform SimActionObject unwrapping if applicable.

#### **Common Ancestor**

The full prototype of the merge interface is def merge(self, others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None). others and merge\_conditions have been discussed in depth already.

The common ancestor is the instance of the plugin from the most recent common ancestor of the states being merged. It may not be available for all merges, in which case it will be None. There are no rules for how exactly you should use this to improve the quality of your merges, but you may find it useful in more complex setups.

6.2. State Plugins 105

## 6.2.4 Widening

There is another kind of merging called *widening* which takes several states and produces a more general state. It is used during static analysis.

**Todo:** Explain what this means

#### 6.2.5 Serialization

In order to support serialization of states which contain your plugin, you should implement the \_\_getstate\_\_/\_setstate\_\_ magic method pair. Keep in mind the following guidelines:

- Your serialization result should *not* include the state.
- After deserialization, set\_state() will be called again.

This means that plugins are "detached" from the state and serialized in an isolated environment, and then reattached to the state on descrialization.

## 6.2.6 Plugins all the way down

You may have components within your state plugins which are large and complicated and start breaking object-orientation in order to make copy/merge work well with the state lifecycle. You're in luck! Things can be state plugins even if they aren't directly attached to a state. A great example of this is SimFile, which is a state plugin but is stored in the filesystem plugin, and is never used with SimState.register\_plugin. When you're doing this, there are a handful of rules to remember which will keep your plugins safe and happy:

- Annotate your copy function with @SimStatePlugin.memo.
- In order to prevent *divergence* while copying multiple references to the same plugin, make sure you're passing the memo (the argument to copy) to the .copy of any subplugins. This with the previous point will preserve object identity.
- In order to prevent *duplicate merging* while merging multiple references to the same plugin, there should be a concept of the "owner" of each instance, and only the owner should run the merge routine.
- While passing arguments down into sub-plugins merge() routines, make sure you unwrap others and common\_ancestor into the appropriate types. For example, if PluginA contains a PluginB, the former should do the following:

## 6.2.7 Setting Defaults

To make it so that a plugin will automatically become available on a state when requested, without having to register it with the state first, you can register it as a *default*. The following code example will make it so that whenever you access state.my\_plugin, a new instance of MyPlugin will be instanciated and registered with the state.

MyPlugin.register\_default('my\_plugin')

## **6.3 Extending the Environment Model**

One of the biggest issues you may encounter while using angr to analyze programs is an incomplete model of the environment, or the APIs, surrounding your program. This usually takes the form of syscalls or dynamic library calls, or in rare cases, loader artifacts. angr provides a convenient interface to do most of these things!

Everything discussed here involves writing SimProcedures, so make sure you know how to do that!.

Note that this page should be treated as a narrative document, not a reference document, so you should read it at least once start to end.

## 6.3.1 Setup

You *probably* want to have a development install of angr, i.e. set up with the script in the angr-dev repository. It is remarkably easy to add new API models by just implementing them in certain folders of the angr repository. This is also desirable because any work you do in this field will almost always be useful to other people, and this makes it extremely easy to submit a pull request.

However, if you want to do your development out-of-tree, you want to work against a production version of angr, or you want to make customized versions of already-implemented API functions, there are ways to incorporate your extensions programmatically. Both these techniques, in-tree and out-of-tree, will be documented at each step.

## 6.3.2 Dynamic library functions - import dependencies

This is the easiest case, and the case that SimProcedures were originally designed for.

First, you need to write a SimProcedure representing the function. Then you need to let angr know about it.

#### Case 1, in-tree development: SimLibraries and catalogues

angr has a magical folder in its repository, angr/procedures. Within it are all the SimProcedure implementations that come bundled with angr as well as information about what libraries implement what functions.

Each folder in the procedures directory corresponds to some sort of *standard*, or a body that specifies the interface part of an API and its semantics. We call each folder a *catalog* of procedures. For example, we have libc which contains the functions defined by the C standard library, and a separate folder posix which contains the functions defined by the posix standard. There is some magic which automatically scrapes these folders in the procedures directory and organizes them into the angr.SIM\_PROCEDURES dict. For example, angr/procedures/libc/printf.py contains both class printf and class \_\_printf\_chk, so there exists both angr.SIM\_PROCEDURES['libc']['printf'] and angr.SIM\_PROCEDURES['libc']['\_\_printf\_chk'].

The purpose of this categorization is to enable easy sharing of procedures among different libraries. For example, libc.so.6 contains all the C standard library functions, but so does msvcrt.dll! These relationships are represented with objects called SimLibraries which represent an actual shared library file, its functions, and their metadata. Take a look at the API reference for *SimLibrary* along with the code for setting up glibc to learn how to use it.

SimLibraries are defined in a special folder in the procedures directory, procedures/definitions. Files in here should contain an *instance*, not a subclass, of SimLibrary. The same magic that scrapes up SimProcedures will also scrape up SimLibraries and put them in angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES, keyed on each of their common names. For example, angr/procedures/definitions/linux\_loader.py contains lib = SimLibrary(); lib. set\_library\_names('ld.so', 'ld-linux.so', 'ld.so.2', 'ld-linux.so.2', 'ld-linux-x86\_64. so.2'), so you can access it via angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES['ld.so'] or angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES['ld-linux.so'] or any of the other names.

At load time, all the dynamic library dependencies are looked up in SIM\_LIBRARIES and their procedures (or stubs!) are hooked into the project's address space to summarize any functions it can. The code for this process is found here.

**SO**, the bottom line is that you can just write your own SimProcedure and SimLibrary definitions, drop them into the directory structure, and they'll automatically be applied. If you're adding a procedure to an existing library, you can just drop it into the appropriate catalog and it'll be picked up by all the libraries using that catalog, since most libraries construct their list of function implementation by batch-adding entire catalogs.

#### Case 2, out-of-tree development, tight integration

If you'd like to implement your procedures outside the angr repository, you can do that. You effectively do this by just manually adding your procedures to the appropriate SimLibrary. Just call angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES[libname]. add(name, proc\_cls) to do the registration.

Note that this will only work if you do this before the project is loaded with angr.Project. Note also that adding the procedure to angr.SIM\_PROCEDURES, i.e. adding it directly to a catalog, will *not* work, since these catalogs are used to construct the SimLibraries only at import and are used by value, not by reference.

#### Case 3, out-of-tree development, loose integration

Finally, if you don't want to mess with SimLibraries at all, you can do things purely on the project level with hook\_symbol().

## 6.3.3 Syscalls

Unlike dynamic library methods, syscall procedures aren't incorporated into the project via hooks. Instead, whenever a syscall instruction is encountered, the basic block should end with a jumpkind of Ijk\_Sys. This will cause the next step to be handled by the SimOS associated with the project, which will extract the syscall number from the state and query a specialized SimLibrary with that.

This deserves some explanation.

There is a subclass of SimLibrary called SimSyscallLibrary which is used for collecting all the functions that are part of an operating system's syscall interface. SimSyscallLibrary uses the same system for managing implementations and metadata as SimLibrary, but adds on top of it a system for managing syscall numbers for multiple ABIs (application binary interfaces, like an API but lower level). The best example for an implementation of a SimSyscallLibrary is the linux syscalls. It keeps its procedures in a normal SimProcedure catalog called linux\_kernel and adds them to the library, then adds several syscall number mappings, including separate mappings for mips-o32, mips-n32, and mips-n64.

In order for syscalls to be supported in the first place, the project's SimOS must inherit from <code>SimUserland</code>, itself a SimOS subclass. This requires the class to call SimUserland's constructor with a super() call that includes the <code>syscall\_library</code> keyword argument, specifying the specific SimSyscallLibrary that contains the appropriate procedures and mappings for the operating system. Additionally, the class's <code>configure\_project</code> must perform a super() call including the <code>abi\_list</code> keyword argument, which contains the list of ABIs that are valid for the current architecture. If the ABI for the syscall can't be determined by just the syscall number, for example, that amd64 linux programs can use either <code>int 0x80</code> or <code>syscall</code> to invoke a syscall and these two ABIs use overlapping numbers, the SimOS cal

override syscall\_abi(), which takes a SimState and returns the name of the current syscall ABI. This is determined for int80/syscall by examining the most recent jumpkind, since libVEX will produce different syscall jumpkinds for the different instructions.

Calling conventions for syscalls are a little weird right now and they ought to be refactored. The current situation requires that angr.SYSCALL\_CC be a map of maps {arch\_name: {os\_name: cc\_cls}}, where os\_name is the value of project.simos.name, and each of the calling convention classes must include an extra method called syscall\_number which takes a state and return the current syscall number. Look at the bottom of calling conventions.py to learn more about it. Not very object-oriented at all...

As a side note, each syscall is given a unique address in a special object in CLE called the "kernel object". Upon a syscall, the address for the specific syscall is set into the state's instruction pointer, so it will show up in the logs. These addresses are not hooked, they are just used to identify syscalls during analysis given only an address trace. The test for determining if an address corresponds to a syscall is project.simos.is\_syscall\_addr(addr) and the syscall corresponding to the address can be retrieved with project.simos.syscall\_from\_addr(addr).

#### Case 1, in-tree development

SimSyscallLibraries are stored in the same place as the normal SimLibraries, angr/procedures/definitions. These libraries don't have to specify any common name, but they can if they'd like to show up in SIM\_LIBRARIES for easy access.

The same thing about adding procedures to existing catalogs of dynamic library functions also applies to syscalls - implementing a linux syscall is as easy as writing the SimProcedure and dropping the implementation into angr/procedures/linux\_kernel. As long as the class name matches one of the names in the number-to-name mapping of the SimLibrary (all the linux syscall numbers are included with recent releases of angr), it will be used.

To add a new operating system entirely, you need to implement the SimOS as well, as a subclass of SimUserland. To integrate it into the tree, you should add it to the simos directory, but this is not a magic directory like procedures. Instead, you should add a line to angr/simos/\_\_init\_\_.py calling register\_simos() with the OS name as it appears in project.loader.main\_object.os and the SimOS class. Your class should do everything described above.

#### Case 2, out-of-tree development, tight integration

You can add syscalls to a SimSyscallLibrary the same way you can add functions to a normal SimLibrary, by tweaking the entries in angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES. If you're this for linux you want angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES['linux'].add(name, proc\_cls).

You can register a SimOS with angr from out-of-tree as well - the same register\_simos method is just sitting there waiting for you as angr.simos.register\_simos(name, simos\_cls).

#### Case 3, out-of-tree development, loose integration

The SimSyscallLibrary the SimOS uses is copied from the original during setup, so it is safe to mutate. You can directly fiddle with project.simos.syscall\_library to manipulate an individual project's syscalls.

You can provide a SimOS class (not an instance) directly to the Project constructor via the simos keyword argument, so you can specify the SimOS for a project explicitly if you like.

#### 6.3.4 SimData

What about when there is an import dependency on a data object? This is easily resolved when the given library is actually loaded into memory - the relocation can just be resolved as normal. However, when the library is not loaded (for example, auto\_load\_libs=False, or perhaps some dependency is simply missing), things get tricky. It is not possible to guess in most cases what the value should be, or even what its size should be, so if the guest program ever dereferences a pointer to such a symbol, emulation will go off the rails.

CLE will warn you when this might happen:

```
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: _rtld_global
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: __libc_enable_secure
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: _rtld_global_ro
[22:26:58] [cle.backends.externs] | WARNING: Symbol was allocated without a known size; emulation will fail if it is used non-opaquely: _dl_argv
```

If you see this message and suspect it is causing issues (i.e. the program is actually introspecting the value of these symbols), you can resolve it by implementing and registering a SimData class, which is like a SimProcedure but for data. Simulated data. Very cool.

A SimData can effectively specify some data that must be used to provide an unresolved import symbol. It has a number of mechanisms to make this more useful, including the ability to specify relocations and subdependencies.

Look at the SimData cle.backends.externs.simdata.SimData class reference and the existing SimData subclasses for guidelines on how to do this.

## 6.4 Writing Analyses

An analysis can be created by subclassing the angr.Analysis class. In this section, we'll create a mock analysis to show off the various features. Let's start with something simple:

This is a very simple analysis – it takes an option, and stores it. Of course, it's not useful, but this is just a demonstration.

Let's see how to run our new analysis:

```
>>> proj = angr.Project("/bin/true")
>>> mock = proj.analyses.MockAnalysis('this is my option')
>>> assert mock.option == 'this is my option'
```

## 6.4.1 Working with projects

Via some Python magic, your analysis will automatically have the project upon which you are running it under the self.project property. Use this to interact with your project and analyze it!

## 6.4.2 Analysis Resilience

Sometimes, your (or our) code might suck and analyses might throw exceptions. We understand, and we also understand that oftentimes a partial result is better than nothing. This is specifically true when, for example, running an analysis on all of the functions in a program. Even if some of the functions fails, we still want to know the results of the functions that do not.

To facilitate this, the Analysis base class provides a resilience context manager under self.\_resilience. Here's an example:

The context manager catches any exceptions thrown and logs them (as a tuple of the exception type, message, and traceback) to self.errors. These are also saved and loaded when the analysis is saved and loaded (although the traceback is discarded, as it is not picklable).

You can tune the effects of the resilience with two optional keyword parameters to self.\_resilience().

The first is name, which affects where the error is logged. By default, errors are placed in self.errors, but if name is provided, then instead the error is logged to self.named\_errors, which is a dict mapping name to a list of all the errors that were caught under that name. This allows you to easily tell where thrown without examining its traceback.

The second argument is exception, which should be the type of the exception that resilience should catch. This defaults to Exception, which handles (and logs) almost anything that could go wrong. You can also pass a tuple of exception types to this option, in which case all of them will be caught.

Using resilience has a few advantages:

1. Your exceptions are gracefully logged and easily accessible afterwards. This is really nice for writing testcases.

- 2. When creating your analysis, the user can pass fail\_fast=True, which transparently disable the resilience, which is really nice for manual testing.
- 3. It's prettier than having try except everywhere.

Have fun with analyses! Once you master the rest of angr, you can use analyses to understand anything computable!

## 6.5 Scripting angr management

**Warning:** Please note that the documentation and the API for angr management are highly in-flux. You will need to spend time reading the source code. Grep is your friend. If you have questions, please ask in the angr slack.

If you build something which uses an API and you want to make sure it doesn't break, you can contribute a testcase for the API!

This codebase is absolutely filled to the brim with one-off hacks. If you see some code and think, "hm, that doesn't seem like an extensible or best-practices way to code that", you're probably right. Cleaning up angr management's code is a top priority for us, so if you have some ideas to fix these sorts of issues, please let us know, either in an issue or a pull request!

## 6.5.1 The console, and the basic objects

angr management opens with an IPython console ready for input. This console has in its namespace several objects which are important for manipulating angr management and its data.

- First, the main\_window. This is the QMainWindow instance for the application. It contains basic functions that correspond to top-level buttons, such as loading a binary.
- Next, the workspace. This is a light object which coordinates the UI elements and manages the tabbed environment. You can use it to access any analysis-related GUI element, such as the disassembly view.
- Finally, the instance. This is angr management's data model. It contains mechanisms for synchronizing components on shared data sources, as well as logic for creating long-running jobs.

workspace is also available as an attribute on main\_window and instance is available as an attribute on workspace. If you are programming in a namespace where none of these objects are available, you can import the angrmanagment. logic.GlobalInfo object, which contains a reference to main\_window.

## 6.5.2 The ObjectContainer

angr management uses a class called ObjectContainer to implement a pub-sub model and synchronize changing object references. Let's use instance.project as an example. This is an ObjectContainer that contains the current project. You can use it in every way that you would normally use a project - you can access project.factory, project.kb, etc. However, it also has two very important features that are helpful for building UIs.

First, the pub-sub model. You can subscribe to changes to this object by calling instance.project.am\_subscribe(callback). Then, you can notify listeners of changes by calling instance.project.am\_event(). Note that events are NEVER automatically triggered - you must call am\_event in order to trigger the callbacks. One useful feature of this model is that you can provide arbitrary keyword arguments to am\_event, and they will be passed on to each callback. This means that you should always have your callbacks take \*\*kwargs in order to account for unknown parameters. This feature is particularly useful to prevent feedback loops - if you ever find yourself in a situation where you need to broadcast an event from your callback, you can add an argument that you can use as a flag not to recurse any further.

Next, object reference mutability. Let's say you have a widget that displays information about the project. Following the principle of least access, you should only provide as much information as is necessary to do the job - in this case, just the project object. If you provide the basic project object, this will cause issues when a new project is loaded. Notably, there will be a dangling reference held to the original project, preventing it from being garbage collected, and the widget will not update, continuing to show the old project's information. Now, if you provide the project's ObjectContainer, a new project can be created and inserted into the container and the reference will instantly be available to your widget. If you ever wanted to load a new project yourself, all you have to do is assign to instance.project.am\_obj and then send off an event. Combined with the event publication model, this provides an efficient way to build responsive UIs that follow the principle of least access.

One important way that you can't use the object container the same way that you would a normal object is that is None will obviously not work. To resolve this, you can use instance.project.am\_none - this will be True when no project is loaded.

One interesting feature of the ObjectContainer is that they can nest. If you have a container which contains a container which contains an object, any events sent to the inner container will also be sent to subscribers to the outer container. This allows patterns such as the list of SimStates actually containing a list of ObjectContainers which contain states, and the "current state" container actually contains one of these containers. The result of this is that UI elements can either subscribe to the current state, no matter

A full list of standard ObjectContainers that can be found in the instance \_\_init\_\_ method. There are more containers floating around for synchronizing on non-global elements - for example, the current state of the disassembly view is synchronized through its InfoDock object. Given a disassembly view instance, you can subscribe to, for example, its current selected instructions through view.infodock.selected\_insns.

## 6.5.3 Manipulating UI elements

The workspace contains methods to manipulate UI elements. Notably, you can manipulate all open tabs with the workspace.view\_manager reference. Additionally, you can pass any sort of object you like to workspace.viz() and it will attempt to visualize the object in the current window.

## 6.5.4 Writing plugins

angr management has a very flexible plugin framework. A plugin is a Python file containing a subclass of angrmanagement.plugins.BasePlugin. Plugin files will be automatically loaded from the plugins module of angr management, and also from ~/.local/share/angr-management/plugins. These paths are configurable through the program configuration, but at the time of writing, this is not exposed in the UI.

The best way to see the tools you can use while building a plugin is to read the plugin base class source code. Any method or attribute can be overridden from a base class and will be automatically called on relevant events.

#### 6.5.5 Writing tests

Look at the existing tests for examples. Generally, you can test UI components by creating the component and driving input to it via QTest. You can create a headless MainWindow instance by passing show=False to its constructor - this will also get you access to a workspace and an instance.

## **ANGR EXAMPLES**

To help you get started with angr, we've created several examples. We've tried to organize them into major categories, and briefly summarize that each example will expose you to. Enjoy!

If you want a high-level cheatsheet of the "techniques" used in the examples, see the angr strategies cheatsheet by Florent Bordignon.

To jump to a specific category:

- Introduction examples showing off the very basics of angr's functionality
- Reversing examples showing angr being used in reverse engineering tasks
- Vulnerability Discovery examples of angr being used to search for vulnerabilities
- Exploitation examples of angr being used as an exploitation assistance tool

## 7.1 Introduction

These are some introductory examples to give an idea of how to use angr's API.

#### 7.1.1 Fauxware

This is a basic script that explains how to use angr to symbolically execute a program and produce concrete input satisfying certain conditions.

Binary, source, and script are found here.

## 7.2 Reversing

These are examples that use angr to solve reverse engineering challenges. There are a lot of these. We've chosen the most unique ones, and relegated the rest to the CTF Challenges section below.

## 7.2.1 Beginner reversing example: little engine

```
Script author: Michael Reeves (github: @mastermjr)
Script runtime: 3 min 26 seconds (206 seconds)
Concepts presented:
stdin constraining, concrete optimization with Unicorn
```

This challenge is similar to the csaw challenge below, however the reversing is much more simple. The original code, solution, and writeup for the challenge can be found at the b01lers github here.

The angr solution script is here and the binary is here.

## 7.2.2 Whitehat CTF 2015 - Crypto 400

```
Script author: Yan Shoshitaishvili (github: @Zardus)
Script runtime: 30 seconds
Concepts presented: statically linked binary (manually hooking with function summaries),

—commandline argument, partial solutions
```

We solved this crackme with angr's help. The resulting script will help you understand how angr can be used for crackme *assistance*, not a full-out solve. Since angr cannot solve the actual crypto part of the challenge, we use it just to reduce the keyspace, and brute-force the rest.

You can find this script here and the binary here.

## 7.2.3 CSAW CTF 2015 Quals - Reversing 500, "wyvern"

```
Script author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)
Script runtime: 15 mins
Concepts presented: stdin constraining, concrete optimization with Unicorn
```

angr can outright solve this challenge with very little assistance from the user. The script to do so is *here* <a href="https://github.com/angr/angr-examples/tree/master/examples/csaw\_wyvern/solve.py">https://github.com/angr/angr-examples/tree/master/examples/csaw\_wyvern/solve.py</a> and the binary is here.

#### 7.2.4 TUMCTF 2016 - zwiebel

```
Script author: Fish
Script runtime: 2 hours 31 minutes with pypy and Unicorn - expect much longer with...

—CPython only
Concepts presented: self-modifying code support, concrete optimization with Unicorn
```

This example is of a self-unpacking reversing challenge. This example shows how to enable Unicorn support and self-modification support in angr. Unicorn support is essential to solve this challenge within a reasonable amount of time - simulating the unpacking code symbolically is *very* slow. Thus, we execute it concretely in unicorn/qemu and only switch into symbolic execution when needed.

You may refer to other writeup about the internals of this binary. I didn't reverse too much since I was pretty confident that angr is able to solve it :-)

The long-term goal of optimizing angr is to execute this script within 10 minutes. Pretty ambitious: P

Here is the binary and the script.

#### 7.2.5 FlareOn 2015 - Challenge 5

```
Script author: Adrian Tang (github: @tangabc)
Script runtime: 2 mins 10 secs
Concepts presented: Windows support
```

This is another reversing challenge from the FlareOn challenges.

"The challenge is designed to teach you about PCAP file parsing and traffic decryption by reverse engineering an executable used to generate it. This is a typical scenario in our malware analysis practice where we need to figure out precisely what the malware was doing on the network"

For this challenge, the author used angr to represent the desired encoded output as a series of constraints for the SAT solver to solve for the input.

For a detailed write-up please visit the author's post here and you can also find the solution from the FireEye here

## 7.2.6 Octf quals 2016 - trace

```
Script author: WGH (wgh@bushwhackers.ru)
Script runtime: 1 min 50 secs (CPython 2.7.10), 1 min 12 secs (PyPy 4.0.1)
Concepts presented: guided symbolic tracing
```

In this challenge we're given a text file with trace of a program execution. The file has two columns, address and instruction executed. So we know all the instructions being executed, and which branches were taken. But the initial data is not known.

Reversing reveals that a buffer on the stack is initialized with known constant string first, then an unknown string is appended to it (the flag), and finally it's sorted with some variant of quicksort. And we need to find the flag somehow.

angr easily solves this problem. We only have to direct it to the right direction at every branch, and the solver finds the flag at a glance.

Files are here.

#### 7.2.7 ASIS CTF Finals 2015 - license

```
Script author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)
Script runtime: 3.6 sec
Concepts presented: using the filesystem, manual symbolic summary execution
```

This is a crackme challenge that reads a license file. Rather than hooking the read operations of the flag file, we actually pass in a filesystem with the correct file created.

Here is the binary and the script.

7.2. Reversing 117

## 7.2.8 DEFCON Quals 2017 - Crackme2000

Script author: Shellphish
Script runtime: varies, but on the order of seconds
Concepts presented: automated reverse engineering

DEFCON Quals had a whole category for automatic reversing in 2017. Our scripts are here.

## 7.3 Vulnerability Discovery

These are examples of angr being used to identify vulnerabilities in binaries.

## 7.3.1 Beginner vulnerability discovery example: strcpy\_find

```
Script author: Kyle Ossinger (github: @k0ss)
Concepts presented: exploration to vulnerability, programmatic find condition
```

This is the first in a series of "tutorial scripts" I'll be making which use angr to find exploitable conditions in binaries. The first example is a very simple program. The script finds a path from the main entry point to strcpy, but **only** when we control the source buffer of the strcpy operation. To hit the right path, angr has to solve for a password argument, but angr solved this in less than 2 seconds on my machine using the standard Python interpreter. The script might look large, but that's only because I've heavily commented it to be more helpful to beginners. The challenge binary is here and the script is here.

#### 7.3.2 CGC crash identification

```
Script author: Antonio Bianchi, Jacopo Corbetta
Concepts presented: exploration to vulnerability
```

This is a very easy binary containing a stack buffer overflow and an easter egg. CADET\_00001 is one of the challenge released by DARPA for the Cyber Grand Challenge: link The binary can run in the DECREE VM: link A copy of the original challenge and the angr solution is provided here CADET\_00001.adapted (by Jacopo Corbetta) is the same program, modified to be runnable in an Intel x86 Linux machine.

## 7.3.3 Grub "back to 28" bug

```
Script author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)
Concepts presented: unusal target (custom function hooking required), use of exploration...
-techniques to categorize and prune the program's state space
```

This is the demonstration presented at 32c3. The script uses angr to discover the input to crash grub's password entry prompt.

script - vulnerable module

## 7.4 Exploitation

These are examples of angr's use as an exploitation assistance engine.

## 7.4.1 Insomnihack Simple AEG

```
Script author: Nick Stephens (github: @NickStephens)
Concepts presented: automatic exploit generation, global symbolic data tracking
```

Demonstration for Insomni'hack 2016. The script is a very simple implementation of AEG. script

## 7.4.2 Seculnside 2016 Quals - mbrainfuzz - symbolic exploration for exploitability conditions

```
Script author: nsr (nsr@tasteless.eu)
Script runtime: \sim 15 seconds per binary
Concepts presented: symbolic exploration guided by static analysis, using the CFG
```

Originally, a binary was given to the ctf-player by the challenge-service, and an exploit had to be crafted automatically. Four sample binaries, obtained during the ctf, are included in the example. All binaries follow the same format; the command-line argument is validated in a bunch of functions, and when every check succeeds, a memcpy() resulting into a stack-based buffer overflow is executed. angr is used to find the way through the binary to the memcpy() and to generate valid inputs to every checking function individually.

The sample binaries and the script are located here and additional information be found at the author's Write-Up.

#### 7.4.3 SECCON 2016 Quals - ropsynth

```
Script author: Yan Shoshitaishvili (github @zardus) and Nilo Redini
Script runtime: 2 minutes
Concepts presented: automatic ROP chain generation, binary modification, reasoning over
—constraints, reasoning over action history
```

This challenge required the automatic generation of ropchains, with the twist that every ropchain was succeeded by an input check that, if not passed, would terminate the application. We used symbolic execution to recover those checks, removed the checks from the binary, used angrop to build the ropchains, and instrumented them with the inputs to pass the checks.

The various challenge files are located here, with the actual solve script here.

7.4. Exploitation 119

## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

This is a collection of commonly-asked "how do I do X?" questions and other general questions about angr, for those too lazy to read this whole document.

If your question is of the form "how do I fix X issue after installing", see also the Troubleshooting section of the :ref: install instructions < Installing angr>`\_.

## 8.1 Why is it named angr?

The core of angr's analysis is on VEX IR, and when something is vexing, it makes you angry.

## 8.2 How should "angr" be stylized?

All lowercase, even at the beginning of sentences. It's an anti-proper noun.

## 8.3 Why isn't symbolic execution doing the thing I want?

The universal debugging technique for symbolic execution is as follows:

- Check your simulation manager for errored states. print(simgr) is a good place to start, and if you see anything to do with "errored", go for print(simgr.errored).
- If you have any errored states and it's not immediately obvious what you did wrong, you can get a pdb shell at the crash site by going simgr.errored[n].debug().
- If no state has reached an address you care about, you should check the path each state has gone down: import pprint; pprint.pprint(state.history.descriptions.hardcopy). This will show you a high-level summary of what the symbolic execution engine did at each step along the state's history. You will be able to see from this a basic block trace and also a list of executed simprocedures. If you're using unicorn engine, you can check state.history.bbl\_addrs.hardcopy to see what blocks were executed in each invocation of unicorn.
- If a state is going down the wrong path, you can check what constraints caused it to go that way: print(state. solver.constraints). If a state has just gone past a branch, you can check the most recent branch condition with state.history.events[-1].

## 8.4 How can I get diagnostic information about what angr is doing?

angr uses the standard logging module for logging, with every package and submodule creating a new logger.

The simplest way to get debug output is the following:

```
import logging
logging.getLogger('angr').setLevel('DEBUG')
```

You may want to use INFO or whatever else instead. By default, angr will enable logging at the WARNING level.

Each angr module has its own logger string, usually all the Python modules above it in the hierarchy, plus itself, joined with dots. For example, angr.analyses.cfg. Because of the way the Python logging module works, you can set the verbosity for all submodules in a module by setting a verbosity level for the parent module. For example, logging.getLogger('angr.analyses').setLevel('INFO') will make the CFG, as well as all other analyses, log at the INFO level.

## 8.5 Why is angr so slow?

It's complicated! Optimization considerations

## 8.6 How do I find bugs using angr?

It's complicated! The easiest way to do this is to define a "bug condition", for example, "the instruction pointer has become a symbolic variable", and run symbolic exploration until you find a state matching that condition, then dump the input as a testcase. However, you will quickly run into the state explosion problem. How you address this is up to you. Your solution may be as simple as adding an avoid condition or as complicated as implementing CMU's MAYHEM system as an Exploration Technique.

# 8.7 Why did you choose VEX instead of another IR (such as LLVM, REIL, BAP, etc)?

We had two design goals in angr that influenced this choice:

- 1. angr needed to be able to analyze binaries from multiple architectures. This mandated the use of an IR to preserve our sanity, and required the IR to support many architectures.
- 2. We wanted to implement a binary analysis engine, not a binary lifter. Many projects start and end with the implementation of a lifter, which is a time consuming process. We needed to take something that existed and already supported the lifting of multiple architectures.

Searching around the internet, the major choices were:

- LLVM is an obvious first candidate, but lifting binary code to LLVM cleanly is a pain. The two solutions are either lifting to LLVM through QEMU, which is hackish (and the only implementation of it seems very tightly integrated into S2E), or McSema, which only supported x86 at the time but has since gone through a rewrite and gotten support for x86-64 and aarch64.
- TCG is QEMU's IR, but extracting it seems very daunting as well and documentation is very scarce.

- REIL seems promising, but there is no standard reference implementation that supports all the architectures that
  we wanted. It seems like a nice academic work, but to use it, we would have to implement our own lifters, which
  we wanted to avoid.
- BAP was another possibility. When we started work on angr, BAP only supported lifting x86 code, and upto-date versions of BAP were only available to academic collaborators of the BAP authors. These were two deal-breakers. BAP has since become open, but it still only supports x86\_64, x86, and ARM.
- VEX was the only choice that offered an open library and support for many architectures. As a bonus, it is very well documented and designed specifically for program analysis, making it very easy to use in angr.

While angr uses VEX now, there's no fundamental reason that multiple IRs cannot be used. There are two parts of angr, outside of the angr.engines.vex package, that are VEX-specific:

- the jump labels (i.e., the Ijk\_Ret for returns, Ijk\_Call for calls, and so forth) are VEX enums.
- VEX treats registers as a memory space, and so does angr. While we provide accesses to state.regs.rax and friends, on the backend, this does state.registers.load(8, 8), where the first 8 is a VEX-defined offset for rax to the register file.

To support multiple IRs, we'll either want to abstract these things or translate their labels to VEX analogues.

## 8.8 Why are some ARM addresses off-by-one?

In order to encode THUMB-ness of an ARM code address, we set the lowest bit to one. This convention comes from LibVEX, and is not entirely our choice! If you see an odd ARM address, that just means the code at address - 1 is in THUMB mode.

## 8.9 How do I serialize angr objects?

Pickle will work. However, Python will default to using an extremely old pickle protocol that does not support more complex Python data structures, so you must specify a more advanced data stream format. The easiest way to do this is pickle.dumps(obj, -1).

#### 

This might crop up if you're using a CGC analysis such as driller or rex. Floating point support in angr has been disabled in the CGC analyses for a tight-knit nebula of reasons:

- Libvex's representation of floating point numbers is imprecise it converts the 80-bit extended precision format used by the x87 for computation to 64-bit doubles, making it impossible to get precise results
- There is very limited implementation support in angr for the actual primitive operations themselves as reported by libvex, so you will often get a less friendly "unsupported operation" error if you go too much further
- For what operations are implemented, the basic optimizations that allow tractability during symbolic computation (AST deduplication, operation collapsing) are not implemented for floating point ops, leading to gigantic ASTs
- There are memory corruption bugs in z3 that get triggered frighteningly easily when you're using huge workloads of mixed floating point and bitvector ops. We haven't been able to get a testcase that doesn't involve "just run angr" for the z3 guys to investigate.

Instead of trying to cope with all of these, we have simply disabled floating point support in the symbolic execution engine. To allow for execution in the presence of floating point ops, we have enabled an exploration technique called the <a href="https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py">https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py</a> <a href="https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py">https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py</a> <a href="https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py">https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py</a> <a href="https://github.com/angr/angr/blob/master/angr/exploration\_techniques/oppologist.py</a> <a href="https://g

If you're seeing this error and it's terminating the analysis, it's probably because you don't have unicorn installed or configured correctly. If you're seeing this issue just in a log somewhere, it's just the oppologist kicking in and you have nothing to worry about.

## 8.11 Why is angr's CFG different from IDA's?

Two main reasons:

- IDA does not split basic blocks at function calls. angr will, because they are a form of control flow and basic blocks end at control flow instructions. You generally do not need the supergraph for performing automated analyses.
- IDA will split basic blocks if another block jumps into the middle of it. This is called basic block normalization, and angr does not do it by default since it is unnecessary for most static analyses. You may enable it by passing normalize=True to the CFG analysis.

# 8.12 Why do I get incorrect register values when reading from a state during a SimInspect breakpoint?

libVEX will eliminate duplicate register writes within a single basic block when optimizations are enabled. Turn off IR optimization to make everything look right at all times.

In the case of the instruction pointer, libVEX will frequently omit mid-block writes even when optimizations are disabled. In this case, you should use state.scratch.ins\_addr to get the current instruction pointer.

**CHAPTER** 

NINE

## **APPENDIX**

## 9.1 Cheatsheet

The following cheatsheet aims to give an overview of various things you can do with angr and act as a quick reference to check the syntax for something without having to dig through the deeper docs.

## 9.1.1 General getting started

Some useful imports

```
import angr #the main framework import claripy #the solver engine
```

Loading the binary

## **9.1.2 States**

Create a SimState object

```
state = proj.factory.entry_state()
```

## 9.1.3 Simulation Managers

Generate a simulation manager object

```
simgr = proj.factory.simulation_manager(state)
```

## 9.1.4 Exploring and analysing states

Choosing a different Exploring strategy

```
simgr.use_technique(angr.exploration_techniques.DFS())
```

Symbolically execute until we find a state satisfying our find= and avoid= parameters

```
avoid_addr = [0x400c06, 0x400bc7]
find_addr = 0x400c10d
simgr.explore(find=find_addr, avoid=avoid_addr)
```

Symbolically execute until lambda expression is True

```
simgr.step(until=lambda sm: sm.active[0].addr >= first_jmp)
```

This is especially useful with the ability to access the current STDOUT or STDERR (1 here is the File Descriptor for STDOUT)

```
simgr.explore(find=lambda s: "correct" in s.posix.dumps(1))
```

Memory Managment on big searches (Auto Drop Stashes):

#### **Manually Exploring**

```
simgr.step(step_func=step_func, until=lambda lsm: len(sm.found) > 0)

def step_func(lsm):
    lsm.stash(filter_func=lambda state: state.addr == 0x400c06, from_stash='active', to_
    stash='avoid')
    lsm.stash(filter_func=lambda state: state.addr == 0x400bc7, from_stash='active', to_
    stash='avoid')
    lsm.stash(filter_func=lambda state: state.addr == 0x400c10, from_stash='active', to_
    stash='found')
    return lsm
```

Enable Logging output from Simulation Manager:

```
import logging
logging.getLogger('angr.sim_manager').setLevel(logging.DEBUG)
```

#### **Stashes**

Move Stash:

```
simgr.stash(from_stash="found", to_stash="active")
```

Drop Stashes:

```
simgr.drop(stash="avoid")
```

## 9.1.5 Constraint Solver (claripy)

Create symbolic object

```
sym_arg_size = 15 #Length in Bytes because we will multiply with 8 later
sym_arg = claripy.BVS('sym_arg', 8*sym_arg_size)
```

Restrict sym\_arg to typical char range

```
for byte in sym_arg.chop(8):
   initial_state.add_constraints(byte >= '\x20') # ' '
   initial_state.add_constraints(byte <= '\x7e') # '~'</pre>
```

Create a state with a symbolic argument

```
argv = [proj.filename]
argv.append(sym_arg)
state = proj.factory.entry_state(args=argv)
```

Use argument for solving:

```
sym_arg = angr.claripy.BVS("sym_arg", flag_size * 8)
argv = [proj.filename]
argv.append(sym_arg)
initial_state = proj.factory.full_init_state(args=argv, add_options=angr.options.unicorn,
    remove_options={angr.options.LAZY_SOLVES})
```

## 9.1.6 FFI and Hooking

Calling a function from ipython

```
f = proj.factory.callable(address)
f(10)
x=claripy.BVS('x', 64)
f(x) #TODO: Find out how to make that result readable
```

If what you are interested in is not directly returned because for example the function returns the pointer to a buffer you can access the state after the function returns with

```
>>> f.result_state
<SimState @ 0x1000550>
```

9.1. Cheatsheet 127

Hooking

There are already predefined hooks for libc functions (useful for statically compiled libraries)

```
proj = angr.Project('/path/to/binary', use_sim_procedures=True)
proj.hook(addr, angr.SIM_PROCEDURES['libc']['atoi']())
```

Hooking with Simprocedure:

```
class fixpid(angr.SimProcedure):
    def run(self):
        return 0x30

proj.hook(0x4008cd, fixpid())
```

#### 9.1.7 Other useful tricks

Drop into an ipython if a ctr+c is recieved (useful for debugging scripts that are running forever)

```
import signal
def killmyself():
    os.system('kill %d' % os.getpid())
def sigint_handler(signum, frame):
    print 'Stopping Execution for Debug. If you want to kill the programm issue:
    import in sys.modules:
        import in sys.modules:
        import IPython
        IPython.embed()
signal.signal(signal.SIGINT, sigint_handler)
```

Get the calltrace of a state to find out where we got stuck

```
state = simgr.active[0]
print state.callstack
```

Get a basic block

```
block = proj.factory.block(address)
block.capstone.pp() # Capstone object has pretty print and other data about the
dissassembly
block.vex.pp() # Print vex representation
```

## 9.1.8 State manipulation

Write to state:

```
aaaa = claripy.BVV(0x41414141, 32) # 32 = Bits
state.memory.store(0x6021f2, aaaa)
```

Read Pointer to Pointer from Frame:

```
poi1 = new_state.solver.eval(new_state.regs.rbp)-0x10
poi1 = new_state.mem[poi1].long.concrete
poi1 += 0x8
ptr1 = new_state.mem[poi1].long.concrete
```

Read from State:

```
key = []
for i in range(38):
    key.append(extractkey.mem[0x602140 + i*4].int.concrete)
```

Alternatively, the below expression is equivalent

```
key = extractkey.mem[0x602140].int.array(38).concrete
```

## 9.1.9 Debugging angr

Set Breakpoint at every Memory read/write:

```
new_state.inspect.b('mem_read', when=angr.BP_AFTER, action=debug_funcRead)
def debug_funcRead(state):
    print 'Read', state.inspect.mem_read_expr, 'from', state.inspect.mem_read_address
```

Set Breakpoint at specific Memory location:

9.1. Cheatsheet 129

## 9.2 List of Claripy Operations

## 9.2.1 Arithmetic and Logic

Name	Description	Example
LShR	Logically shifts an expression to the right. (the default shifts are arithmetic)	x.LShR(10)
Ro- tateLeft	Rotates an expression left	x.RotateLeft(8)
Rota- teRight	Rotates an expression right	x.RotateRight(8)
And	Logical And (on boolean expressions)	solver.And(x == y, x > 0)
Or	Logical Or (on boolean expressions)	solver.Or(x == y, y < 10)
Not	Logical Not (on a boolean expression)	solver.Not(x == y) is the same as $x != y$
If	An If-then-else	Choose the maximum of two expressions: solver. If $(x > y, x, y)$
ULE	Unsigned less than or equal to	Check if x is less than or equal to y: x.ULE(y)
ULT	Unsigned less than	Check if x is less than y: x.ULT(y)
UGE	Unsigned greater than or equal to	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: $x.UGE(y)$
UGT	Unsigned greater than	Check if x is greater than y: x.UGT(y)
SLE	Signed less than or equal to	Check if x is less than or equal to y: x.SLE(y)
SLT	Signed less than	Check if x is less than y: x.SLT(y)
SGE	Signed greater than or equal to	Check if x is greater than or equal to y: $x.SGE(y)$
SGT	Signed greater than	Check if x is greater than y: x.SGT(y)

**Todo:** Add the floating point ops

## 9.2.2 Bitvector Manipulation

Name	Description	Example
SignExt	Pad a bitvector on the left with n sign bits	x.sign_extend(n)
Ze- roExt	Pad a bitvector on the left with n zero bits	<pre>x.zero_extend(n)</pre>
Ex- tract	Extracts the given bits (zero-indexed from the <i>right</i> , inclusive) from an expression.	Extract the least significant byte of x: $x[7:0]$
Con- cat	Concatenates any number of expressions together into a new expression.	x.concat(y,)

## 9.2.3 Extra Functionality

There's a bunch of prepackaged behavior that you *could* implement by analyzing the ASTs and composing sets of operations, but here's an easier way to do it:

- You can chop a bitvector into a list of chunks of n bits with val.chop(n)
- You can endian-reverse a bitvector with x.reversed
- You can get the width of a bitvector in bits with val.length
- You can test if an AST has any symbolic components with val.symbolic
- You can get a set of the names of all the symbolic variables implicated in the construction of an AST with val.variables

## 9.3 List of State Options

## 9.3.1 State Modes

These may be enabled by passing mode=xxx to a state constructor.

Mode name	Description
symbolic	The default mode. Useful for most emulation and analysis tasks.
symbolic_appr	Symbolic mode, but enables approximations for constraint solving.
static	A preset useful for static analysis. The memory model becomes an abstract region-mapping system, "fake return" successors skipping calls are added, and more.
fastpath	A preset for extremely lightweight static analysis. Executing will skip all intensive processing to give a quick view of the behavior of code.
tracing	A preset for attempting to execute concretely through a program with a given input. Enables unicorn, enables resilience options, and will attempt to emulate access violations correctly.

## 9.3.2 Option Sets

These are sets of options, found as angr.options.xxx.

Set name	Description
common_o	Options necessary for basic execution
symbolic	Options necessary for basic symbolic execution
resilien	Options that harden angr's emulation against unsupported operations, attempting to carry on by treating the result as an unconstrained symbolic value and logging the occasion to state.history.events.
refs	Options that cause angr to keep a log of all the memory, register, and temporary references complete with dependency information in history.actions. This option consumes a lot of memory, so be careful!
approxim	Options that enable approximations of constraint solves via value-set analysis instead of calling into z3
simplifi	Options that cause data to be run through z3's simplifiers before it reaches memory or register storage
unicorn	Options that enable the unicorn engine for executing on concrete data

## 9.3.3 Options

These are individual option objects, found as  ${\tt angr.options.XXX}.$ 

Option name	Description
ABSTRACT_MEMORY	Use SimAbstractMemory to model memory as discrete regions
ABSTRACT_SOLVER	Allow splitting constraint sets during simplification
ACTION_DEPS	Track dependencies in SimActions
APPROXIMATE_GUARDS	Use VSA when evaluating guard conditions
APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_INDICES	Use VSA when evaluating memory indices
APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_SIZES	Use VSA when evaluating memory load/store sizes
APPROXIMATE_SATISFIABILITY	Use VSA when evaluating state satisfiability
AST_DEPS	Enables dependency tracking for all claripy ASTs
AUTO_REFS	An internal option used to track dependencies in SimProcedures
AVOID_MULTIVALUED_READS	Return a symbolic value without touching memory for any read that has a symbolic a
AVOID_MULTIVALUED_WRITES	Do not perfrom any write that has a symbolic address
BEST_EFFORT_MEMORY_STORING	Handle huge writes of symbolic size by pretending they are actually smaller
BREAK_SIRSB_END	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the end of each block
BREAK_SIRSB_START	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the start of each block
BREAK_SIRSTMT_END	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the end of each IR statement
BREAK_SIRSTMT_START	Debug: trigger a breakpoint at the start of each IR statement
BYPASS_ERRORED_IRCCALL	Treat clean helpers that fail with errors as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_ERRORED_IROP	Treat operations that fail with errors as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRCCALL	Treat unsupported clean helpers as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRDIRTY	Treat unsupported dirty helpers as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IREXPR	Treat unsupported IR expressions as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IROP	Treat unsupported operations as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRSTMT	Treat unsupported IR statements as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_SYSCALL	Treat unsupported syscalls as returning unconstrained symbolic values
BYPASS_VERITESTING_EXCEPTIONS	Discard emulation errors during veritesting
CACHELESS_SOLVER	enable SolverCacheless
CALLLESS	Emulate call instructions as an unconstraining of the return value register
CGC_ENFORCE_FD	CGC: make sure all reads and writes go to stdin and stdout, respectively
CGC_NON_BLOCKING_FDS	CGC: always report "data available" in fdwait
CGC_NO_SYMBOLIC_RECEIVE_LENGTH	CGC: always read the maximum amount of data requested in the receive syscall
COMPOSITE_SOLVER	Enable SolverComposite for independent constraint set optimization
CONCRETIZE	Concretize all symbolic expressions encountered during emulation
CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_FILE_READ_SIZES	Concreteize the sizes of file reads
CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_SIZES	Concretize the sizes of symbolic writes to memory
CONSERVATIVE_READ_STRATEGY	Do not use SimConcretizationStrategyAny for reads; in case of read address concretizationStrategyAny for reads address conc
CONSERVATIVE_WRITE_STRATEGY	Do not use SimConcretizationStrategyAny for writes; in case of write address concre
CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER	Set track=True for making claripy Solvers; enable use of unsat_core
COW_STATES	Copy states instead of mutating the initial state directly
DOWNSIZE_Z3	Downsize the claripy solver whenever possible to save memory
DO_CCALLS	Perform IR clean calls
DO_GETS	Perform IR register reads
DO_LOADS	Perform IR memory loads
DO_OPS	Perform IR computation operations
DO_PUTS	Perform IR register writes
DO_RET_EMULATION	For each Ijk_Call successor, add a corresponding Ijk_FakeRet successor
DO_STORES	Perform IR memory stores
	Keep in memory any state that might be a common ancestor in a merge

Option name	Description
ENABLE_NX	When in conjunction with STRICT_PAGE_ACCESS, raise a SimSegfaultException on
EXCEPTION_HANDLING	Ask all SimExceptions raised during execution to be handled by the SimOS
FAST_MEMORY	Use SimFastMemory for memory storage
FAST_REGISTERS	Use SimFastMemory for register storage
INITIALIZE_ZERO_REGISTERS	Treat the initial value of registers as zero instead of unconstrained symbolic
KEEP_IP_SYMBOLIC	Don't try to concretize successor states with symbolic instruction pointers
KEEP_MEMORY_READS_DISCRETE	In abstract memory, handle failed loads by returning a DCIS?
LAZY_SOLVES	Don't check satisfiability until absolutely necessary
MEMORY_SYMBOLIC_BYTES_MAP	Maintain a mapping of symbolic variable to which memory address it "really" corres
NO_SYMBOLIC_JUMP_RESOLUTION	Do not attempt to flatten symbolic-ip successors into discrete targets
NO_SYMBOLIC_SYSCALL_RESOLUTION	Do not attempt to flatten symbolic-syscall-number successors into discrete targets
OPTIMIZE_IR	Use LibVEX's optimization
REGION_MAPPING	Maintain a mapping of symbolic variable to which memory region it corresponds to,
REPLACEMENT_SOLVER	Enable SolverReplacement
REVERSE_MEMORY_HASH_MAP	Maintain a mapping from AST hash to which addresses it is present in
REVERSE_MEMORY_NAME_MAP	Maintain a mapping from symbolic variable name to which addresses it is present in,
SIMPLIFY_CONSTRAINTS	Run added constraints through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_EXIT_GUARD	Run branch guards through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_EXIT_STATE	Perform simplification on all successor states generated
SIMPLIFY_EXIT_TARGET	Run jump/call/branch targets through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_EXPRS	Run the results of IR expressions through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_READS	Run the results of memory reads through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_MEMORY_WRITES	Run values stored to memory through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_REGISTER_READS	Run values read from registers through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_REGISTER_WRITES	Run values written to registers through z3's simplification
SIMPLIFY_RETS	Run values returned from SimProcedures through z3's simplification
STRICT_PAGE_ACCESS	Raise a SimSegfaultException when attempting to interact with memory in a way not
SUPER_FASTPATH	Only execute the last four instructions of each block
SUPPORT_FLOATING_POINT	When disabled, throw an UnsupportedIROpError when encountering floating point or
SYMBOLIC	Enable constraint solving?
SYMBOLIC_INITIAL_VALUES	make state.solver.Unconstrained return a symbolic value instead of zero
SYMBOLIC_TEMPS	Treat each IR temporary as a symbolic variable; treat stores to them as constraint add
SYMBOLIC_WRITE_ADDRESSES	Allow writes with symbolic addresses to be processed by concretization strategies; w
TRACK_CONSTRAINTS	When disabled, don't keep any constraints added to the state
TRACK_CONSTRAINT_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each constraint added
TRACK_JMP_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each jump or branch
TRACK_MEMORY_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each memory read and write
TRACK_MEMORY_MAPPING	Keep track of which pages are mapped into memory and which are not
TRACK_OP_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each IR operation
TRACK_REGISTER_ACTIONS	Keep a SimAction for each register read and write
	Maintain a listing of all the variables in all the constraints in the solver
TRACK_SOLVER_VARIABLES	Keep a SimAction for each temporary variable read and write
TRACK_TMP_ACTIONS TRUE BET EMILIATION CHARD	With DO_RET_EMULATION, add fake returns with guard condition true instead of false
TRUE_RET_EMULATION_GUARD	Enable under-constrained symbolic execution
UNDER_CONSTRAINED_SYMEXEC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
UNICORN ACCRESSIVE CONCRETIZATION	Use unicorn engine to execute symbolically when data is concrete
UNICORN_AGGRESSIVE_CONCRETIZATION	Concretize any register variable unicorn tries to access
UNICORN_HANDLE_TRANSMIT_SYSCALL	CGC: handle the transmit syscall without leaving unicorn
UNICORN_SYM_REGS_SUPPORT	Attempt to stay in unicorn even in the presence of symbolic registers by checking that
UNICORN_THRESHOLD_CONCRETIZATION	Concretize variables if they prevent unicorn from executing too often
UNICORN_TRACK_BBL_ADDRS	Keep state.history.bbl_addrs up to date when using unicorn

Option name	Description
UNICORN_TRACK_STACK_POINTERS	Track a list of the stack pointer's value at each block in state.scratch.stack_pointer
UNICORN_ZEROPAGE_GUARD	Prevent unicorn from mapping the zero page into memory
UNINITIALIZED_ACCESS_AWARENESS	Broken/unused?
UNSUPPORTED_BYPASS_ZERO_DEFAULT	When using the resilience options, return zero instead of an unconstrained symbol
USE_SIMPLIFIED_CCALLS	Use a "simplified" set of ccalls optimized for specific cases
USE_SYSTEM_TIMES	In library functions and syscalls and hardware instructions accessing clock data, retri
VALIDATE_APPROXIMATIONS	Debug: When performing approximations, ensure that the approximation is sound by
ZERO_FILL_UNCONSTRAINED_MEMORY	Make the value of memory read from an uninitialized address zero instead of an unco

## 9.4 CTF Challenge Examples

angr is very often used in CTFs. These are example scripts resulting from that use, mostly from Shellphish but also from many others.

## 9.4.1 ReverseMe example: HackCon 2016 - angry-reverser

Script author: Stanislas Lejay (github: @P1kachu)

Script runtime: ~31 minutes

Here is the binary and the script

## 9.4.2 ReverseMe example: SecurityFest 2016 - fairlight

Script author: chuckleberryfinn (github: @chuckleberryfinn)

Script runtime: ~20 seconds

A simple reverse me that takes a key as a command line argument and checks it against 14 checks. Possible to solve the challenge using angr without reversing any of the checks.

Here is the binary and the script

## 9.4.3 ReverseMe example: DEFCON Quals 2016 - baby-re

Authors David Manouchehri (github: @Manouchehri), Stanislas Lejay (github: @Plkachu) and Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot).

Script runtime: 10 sec

Here is the binary and the script

# 9.4.4 ReverseMe example: Google CTF - Unbreakable Enterprise Product Activation (150 points)

Script 0 author: David Manouchehri (github: @Manouchehri)

Script runtime: 4.5 sec

Script 1 author: Adam Van Prooyen (github: @docileninja)

Script runtime: 6.7 sec

A Linux binary that takes a key as a command line argument and checks it against a series of constraints.

Challenge Description:

We need help activating this product – we've lost our license key :(

You're our only hope!

Here are the binary and scripts: script 0, script\_1

## 9.4.5 ReverseMe example: EKOPARTY CTF - Fuckzing reverse (250 points)

Author: Adam Van Prooyen (github: @docileninja)

Script runtime: 29 sec

A Linux binary that takes a team name as input and checks it against a series of constraints.

Challenge Description:

Hundreds of conditions to be meet, will you be able to surpass them?

Both sample binaries and the script are located here and additional information be found at the author's write-up.

## 9.4.6 ReverseMe example: WhiteHat Grant Prix Global Challenge 2015 - Re400

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

Script runtime: 5.5 sec

A Windows binary that takes a flag as argument, and tells you if the flag is correct or not.

"I have to patch out some checks that are difficult for angr to solve (e.g., it uses some bytes of the flag to decrypt some data, and see if those data are legit Windows APIs). Other than that, angr works really well for solving this challenge."

The binary and the script.

## 9.4.7 ReverseMe example: EKOPARTY CTF 2015 - rev 100

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

Script runtime: 5.5 sec

This is a painful challenge to solve with angr. I should have done things in a smarter way.

Here is the binary and the script.

## 9.4.8 ReverseMe example: ASIS CTF Finals 2015 - fake

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

Script runtime: 1 min 57 sec

The solution is pretty straight-forward.

The binary and the script.

## 9.4.9 ReverseMe example: Defcamp CTF Qualification 2015 - Reversing 100

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

angr solves this challenge with almost zero user-interference.

See the script and the binary.

## 9.4.10 ReverseMe example: Defcamp CTF Qualification 2015 - Reversing 200

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

angr solves this challenge with almost zero user-interference. Veritesting is required to retrieve the flag promptly.

The script and the binary. It takes a few minutes to run on my laptop.

## 9.4.11 ReverseMe example: MMA CTF 2015 - HowToUse

Author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)

We solved this simple reversing challenge with angr, since we were too lazy to reverse it or run it in Windows. The resulting script shows how we grabbed the flag out of the DLL.

## 9.4.12 CrackMe example: MMA CTF 2015 - SimpleHash

Author: Chris Salls (github: @salls)

This crackme is 95% solvable with angr, but we did have to overcome some difficulties. The script describes the difficulties that were encountered and how we worked around them. The binary can be found here.

## 9.4.13 ReverseMe example: FlareOn 2015 - Challenge 10

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish)

angr acts as a binary loader and an emulator in solving this challenge. I didn't have to load the driver onto my Windows box.

The script demonstrates how to hook at arbitrary program points without affecting the intended bytes to be executed (a zero-length hook). It also shows how to read bytes out of memory and decode as a string.

By the way, here is the link to the intended solution from FireEye.

## 9.4.14 ReverseMe example: FlareOn 2015 - Challenge 2

Author: Chris Salls (github: @salls)

This reversing challenge is simple to solve almost entirely with angr, and a lot faster than trying to reverse the password checking function. The script is here

#### 9.4.15 ReverseMe example: 0ctf 2016 - momo

Author: Fish Wang (github: @ltfish), ocean (github: @ocean1)

This challenge is a movfuscated binary. To find the correct password after exploring the binary with Qira it is possible to understand how to find the places in the binary where every character is checked using capstone and using angr to load the binary and brute-force the single characters of the flag. Be aware that the script is really slow. Runtime: > 1 hour.

## 9.4.16 CrackMe example: 9447 CTF 2015 - Reversing 330, "nobranch"

Author: Audrey Dutcher (github: @rhelmot)

angr cannot currently solve this problem natively, as the problem is too complex for z3 to solve. Formatting the constraints to z3 a little differently allows z3 to come up with an answer relatively quickly. (I was asleep while it was solving, so I don't know exactly how long!) The script for this is here and the binary is here.

## 9.4.17 CrackMe example: ais3\_crackme

Author: Antonio Bianchi, Tyler Nighswander

ais3\_crackme has been developed by Tyler Nighswander (tylerni7) for ais3 summer school. It is an easy crackme challenge, checking its command line argument.

## 9.4.18 ReverseMe: Modern Binary Exploitation - CSCI 4968

Author: David Manouchehri (GitHub @Manouchehri)

This folder contains scripts used to solve some of the challenges with angr. At the moment it only contains the examples from the IOLI crackme suite, but eventually other solutions will be added.

#### 9.4.19 CrackMe example: Android License Check

Author: Bernhard Mueller (GitHub @b-mueller)

A native binary for Android/ARM that validates a license key passed as a command line argument. It was created for the symbolic execution tutorial in the OWASP Mobile Testing Guide.

## 9.5 Changelog

This lists the *major* changes in angr. Tracking minor changes are left as an exercise for the reader :-)

## 9.5.1 angr 9.1

- (#2961) Refactored SimCC to support passing and returning structs and arrays by value
- (#2964) Functions from the knowledge base may now be pretty-printed, showing colors and reference arrows
- Improved import angr speed substantially
- (#2948) RDA's dep\_graph can now be used to track dependencies between temporaries, constants, guard conditions, and function calls if you want it!
- (#2929) Basic support for structs with bitfields in SimType
- There's a decompiler now

## 9.5.2 angr 9.0

• Switched to a new versioning scheme: major.minor.build\_id

#### 9.5.3 angr 8.19.7.25

- (#1503) Implement necessary helpers and information storage for call pretty printing
- (#1546) Add a new state option MEMORY\_FIND\_STRICT\_SIZE\_LIMIT
- (#1548) SimProcedure.static\_exits: Allow providing name hints
- (cle#177) Use Enums for Symbol Types
- (cle#193) Add support for "named regions"
- (claripy#151) Implement operator precedence in claripy op rendering
- · Added support for interaction recording in angr-management
- Several new simprocedure implementations
- Substantial imporvments to our CFG

## 9.5.4 angr 8.19.4.5

- (#1234) Massive improvements to CFG recovery for ARM and ARM cortex-m binaries.
- (#1416) Added support for analyzing Java programs via the Soot IR, including the ability to analyze interplay between Java code and JNI libraries. This branch was two years old!
- (#1427) Added a MemoryWatcher exploration technique to take action when the system is running out of RAM. Thanks @bannsec.
- (#1432) Added a state.heap plugin which manages the heap (with pluggable heap schemes!) and provides malloc functionality. Thanks @tgduckworth.
- Speed improvements for using the VEX engine and working with concrete data.

- Added SimLightRegisters, an alternate registers plugin that eliminates the abstraction of the register file for performance improvements at the cost of removing all instrumentability.
- version\_\_ variable has been added to all modules.
- The stack\_base kwarg for call\_state is not broken for the first time ever
- https://github.com/python/cpython/pull/11384

## 9.5.5 angr 8.19.2.4

- (#1279) Support C++ function name demangling via itanium-demangler. Thanks @fmagin.
- (#1283) security\_cookie is initialized for SimWindows. Thanks @zeroSteiner.
- (#1298) Introduce SimData. It's a cleaner interface to deal with data imports in CLE especially for those data entries that are not imported because of missing or unloaded libraries. This commit fixes long-standing issues #151 and #693.
- (#1299, #1300, #1301, #1313, #1314, #1315, #1336, #1337, #1343, ...) Multiple CFGFast-related improvements and bug fixes.
- (#1332) UnresolvableTarget is now split into two classes: UnresolvableJumpTarget and UnresolvableCallTarget. Thanks @Kyle-Kyle.
- (#1382) Add a preliminary implementation of angr decompiler. Give it a try! p = angr. Project("cfg\_loop\_unrolling", auto\_load\_libs=False); p.analyses.CFG(); print(p. analyses.Decompiler(p.kb.functions['test\_func']).codegen.text).
- (#1421) SimActions now have incrementing IDs. Thanks @bannsec.
- (#1408) ANA, angr's old identity-aware serialization backend, has been removed. Instead of non-obvious serialization behavior, all angr objects should now be pickleable. If one is not, please file an issue. For use-cases that require identity-awareness (i.e., deduplicating ASTs across states serialized at different times), an angr.vaults module has been introduced.
- Added a facility to synchronize state between angr and a running target a la avatar2
- Changed unconstrained registers/memory warning to be less obnoxious and contain useful information. Also added SYMBOL\_FILL\_UNCONSTRAINED\_REGISTERS and SYMBOL\_FILL\_UNCONSTRAINED\_MEMORY state options to silence them.

## 9.5.6 angr 8.18.10.25

- The IDA backend for CLE has been removed. It has been broken for quite some time, but now it has been disabled for your own safety.
- Surveyors have been removed! Finally! This is thanks to @danse-macabre who contributed an Exploration Technique for the Slicecutor. Backwards slicing has now been brought out of the angr dark ages.
- SimCC can now be initialized with a string containing C function prototype in its func\_ty argument
- · Similarly, Callable can now be run with its arguments instanciated from a string containing C expressions
- Tracer has been substantially refactored it will now handle more kinds of desyncs, ASLR slides, and is much more friendly for hacking. We will be continuing to improve it!
- The Oppologist and Driller have been refactored to play nice with other exploration techniques

9.5. Changelog 139

• SimProcedure continuations now have symbols in the externs object, so describe\_addr will work on them. Additionally, the representation for SimProcedure (appearing in history.descriptions and project.\_sim\_procedures among other places) has been improved to show this information.

## 9.5.7 angr 8.18.10.5

Largely a bugfix release, but with a few bonus treats:

- API documentation has been rewritten for Exploration Technique. It should be much easier to use now.
- Simulation Manager will throw an error if you pass incorrect keyword arguments (??? why was it like this)
- The save\_unconstrained flag of Simulation Manager is now on by default
- If a step produces only unsatisfiable states, they will appear in the 'unsat' stash regardless of the save\_unsat setting, since this usually indicates a bug. Add unsat to the auto\_drop parameter to restore the old behavior.

## 9.5.8 angr 8.18.10.1

Welcome to angr 8! The biggest change for this major version bump is the transition to Python 3. You can read about this, as well as a few other breaking changes, in the *Migrating to angr* 8.

- Switch to Python 3
- · Refactor to Clemory to clean up the API and speed things up drastically
- Remove object.symbols\_by\_addr (dict) and add object.symbols (sorted list); add fuzzy parameter to loader.find\_symbol
- CFGFast is much, much faster now. CFGAccurate has been renamed to CFGEmulated.
- Support for avx2 unpack instructions, courtesy of D. J. Bernstein
- · Removed support for immutable simulation managers
- angr will now show you a warning when using uninitialized memory or registers
- angr will now NOT show you a warning if you have a capstone 3.x install unless you're actually interacting with the relevant missing parts
- Many, many, many bug fixes

## 9.5.9 angr 7.8.7.1

- Remove LoopLimiter and DFG.
- (#1063) CFGAccurate can now leverage indirect jump resolvers to resolve indirect jumps.

## 9.5.10 angr 7.8.6.23

- (PyVEX!#134) We now recognize LDMDB r11, {xxx, pc} as a ret instruction for ARM.
- (#1053) CFGFast spends less time running next\_pos\_with\_sort\_not\_in(), thus it runs faster on large binaries.
- (#1080) Jump table resolvers now support resolving ARM jump tables.
- (#1081, together with the PyVEX commit 61efbdcf6303a936aa3de35011d2d1e3fe5fdea5) The memory footprint of CFGFast is noticeably smaller, especially on large binaries (over 10 MB in size).
- (#1034) Concretizing a SimFile with unconstrained size can no longer run you out of memory.
- Other minor changes and bug fixes.

## 9.5.11 angr 7.8.6.16

- The modeling of file system is refactored.
- (#808) Add a new class Control flow blanket (CFBlanket) to support generating a linear view of a control flow graph.
- (#863) Add support to AIL, the new angr intermediate language (still pretty WIP though). Merged in several
  static analyses (reaching definition analysis, VEX-to-AIL translation, redundant assignment elimination, code
  region identification, conrol flow structuring, etc.) that support the development of decompilation in the near
  future.
- (#888) SimulationManager is extensively refactored and cleaned up.
- (#892) Keystone is integrated. You can assemble instructions inside angr now.
- (#897) A new class PluginHub is added. Plugins (analyses, engines) are refactored to be based on PluginHub.
- (#899) Support of bidirectional mapping between syscall numbers and syscalls.
- (#925, #941, #942) A bunch of library function prototypes (including glibc) are added to angr.
- (#953) Fix the issue where evaluating the jump target of a jump table that contains many entries (e.g., > 512) is extremely slow.
- (#964) State options are now stored in insances of SimStateOptions. state.options is no longer a set of strings.
- (#973) Add two new exploration techniques: Stochastic and unique.
- (#996) SimType structs are now much easier to use.
- (#998) Add a new state option PRODUCE\_ZERODIV\_SUCCESSORS to generate divide-by-zero successors.
- Speed improvements and bug fixes in CFG generation (CFGFast and CFGAccurate).

## 9.5.12 angr 7.8.2.21

- Refactor of how syscall handling and SimSyscallLibrary work it is now possible to handle syscalls using multiple ABIs in the same process
- Added syscall name-number mappings from all linux ABIs, parsed from gdb
- Add Manual Mergepoint exploration technique for when veritesting is too mysterious for your tastes
- Add LoopSeer exploration technique for managing loops during symbolic exploration (credit @tyb0807)
- Add ProxyTechnique exploration technique for easily composing simple lambda-based instrumentations (credit @danse-macabre)

9.5. Changelog 141

## 9.5.13 angr 7.7.12.16

- You can now tell where the variables implicitly created by angrome from! state.solver.BVS now can take a key parameter, which describes its meaning in relation to the emulated environment. You can then use state. solver.get\_variables(...) and state.solver.describe\_variables(...) to map tags and ASTs to and from each other. Check out the API docs!
- The SimOS for a project is now a public property project.simos instead of project.\_simos. Additionally, the SimOS code structure has been shuffled around a bit it's now a subpackage instead of a submodule.
- The core components of Tracer and Driller have been refactored into Exploration Techniques and integrated into angr proper, so you can now follow instrution traces without installing another repostory! (credit @tyb0807)
- Archinfo now contains a byte\_width parameter and angr supports emulation of platforms with non-octet bytes, lord help us
- Upgraded to networkx 2 (credit @tyb0807)
- Hopefully installation issues with capstone should be fixed FOREVER
- · Minor fixes to gender

## 9.5.14 angr 7.7.9.8

Welcome to angr 7! We worked long and hard all summer to make this release the best ever. It introduces several breaking changes, so for a quick guide on the most common ways you'll need to update your scripts, take a look at the *Migrating to angr* 7.

- SimuVEX has been removed and its components have been integrated into angr
- Path has been removed and its components have been integrated into SimState, notably the new history state plugin
- PathGroup has been renamed to SimulationManager
- SimState and SimProcedure now have a reference to their parent Project, though it is verboten to use it in anything
  other than an append-only fashion
- A new class SimLibrary is used to track SimProcedure and metadata corresponding to an individual shared library
- Several CLE interfaces have been refactored up for consistency
- Hook has been removed. Hooking is now done with individual SimProcedure instances, which are shallow-copied at execution time for thread-safety.
- The state.solver interface has been cleaned up drastically

These are the major refactor-y points. As for the improvements:

- Greatly improved support for analyzing 32 bit windows binaries (partial credit @schieb)
- Unicorn will now stop for stop points and breakpoints in the middle of blocks (credit @bennofs)
- The processor flags for a state can now be accessed through state.regs.eflags on x86 and state.regs. flags on ARM (partial credit @tyb0807)
- Fledgling support for emulating exception handling. Currently the only implementation of this is support for Structured Exception Handling on Windows, see angr.SimOS.handle\_exception for details
- Fledgling support for runtime library loading by treating the CLE loader as an append-only interface, though only implemented for windows. See cle.Loader.dynamic\_load and angr.procedures.win32.dynamic\_loading for details.

- The knowledge base has been refactored into a series of plugins similar to SimState (credit @danse-macabre)
- The testcase-based function identifier we wrote for CGC has been integrated into angr as the Identifier analysis
- Improved support for writing custom VEX lifters

## 9.5.15 angr 6.7.6.9

- angr: A static data-flow analysis framework has been introduced, and implemented as part of the ForwardAnalysis class. Additionally, a few exemplary data-flow analyses, like VariableRecovery and VariableRecoveryFast, have been implemented in angr.
- angr: We introduced the notion of *variable* to the angr world. Now a VariableManager is available in the knowledge base. Variable information can be recovered by running a variable recovery analysis. Currently the variable information recovered for each function is still pretty coarse. More updates to it will arrive soon.
- angr: Fix a bug in the topological sorting in CFGUtils, which resulted in suboptimal graph node ordering after sorting.
- SimuVEX: LAZY\_SOLVES is no longer enabled by default during symbolic execution. It's still there if it's wanted, but it just caused confusion when on by default.
- SimuVEX: Thanks to @ekilmer, a few new libc SimProcedures are added.
- SimuVEX: The default memory model has been refactored for expandability. Custom pages can now be created (derive the simuvex.storage.ListPage class) and used instead of the default page classes to implement custom memory behavior for specific pages. The user-friendly API for this is pending the next release.
- angr-management: Implemented our own graph layout and edge routing algorithm. We do not rely on grandalf anymore.
- angr-management: Added support for displaying variable information for operands.
- angr-management: Added support for highlighting dependent operands when an operand is highlighted.

## 9.5.16 angr 6.7.3.26

Building off of the engine changes from the last release, we have begun to extend angr to other architectures. AVR and MSP430 are in progress. In the meantime, subwire has created a reference implementation of BrainFuck support in angr, done two different ways! Check out angr-platforms for more info!

- We have rebased our fork of VEX on the latest master branch from Valgrind (as of 2 months ago, at least...). We have also submitted our patches to VEX to upstream, so we should be able to stop maintaining a fork pretty soon.
- The way we interact with VEX has changed substancially, and should speed things up a bit.
- Loading sets of binaries with many import symbols has been sped up
- Many, many improvements to angr-management, including the switch away from enaml to using pyside directly.

9.5. Changelog 143

## 9.5.17 angr 6.7.1.13

For the last month, we have been working on a major refactor of the angr to change the way that angr reasons about the code that it analyzes. Until now, angr has been bound to the VEX intermediate representation to lift native code, supporting a wide range of architectures but not being very expandable past them. This release represents the ground work for what we call translation and execution engines. These engines are independent backends, pluggable into the angr framework, that will allow angr to reason about a wide range of targets. For now, we have restructured the existing VEX and Unicorn Engine support into this engine paradigm, but as we discuss in our blog post, the plan is to create engines to enable angr's reasoning of Java bytecode and source code, and to augment angr's environment support through the use of external dynamic sandboxes.

For now, these changes are mostly internal. We have attempted to maintain compatibility for end-users, but those building systems atop angr will have to adapt to the modern codebase. The following are the major changes:

- simuvex: we have introduced SimEngine. SimEngine is a base class for abstractions over native code. For example, angr's VEX-specific functionality is now concentrated in SimEngineVEX, and new engines (such as SimEngineLLVM) can be implemented (even outside of simuvex itself) to support the analysis of new types of code.
- simuvex: as part of the engines refactor, the SimRun class has been eliminated. Instead of different subclasses of SimRun that would be instantiated from an input state, engines each have a process function that, from an input state, produces a SimSuccessors instance containing lists of different successor states (normal, unsat, unconstrained, etc) and any engine-specific artifacts (such as the VEX statements. Take a look at successors. artifacts).
- simuvex: state.mem[x:] = y now requires a type for storage (for example state.mem[x:].dword = y).
- simuvex: the way of calling inline SimProcedures has been changed. Now you have to create a SimProcedure, and then call execute() on it and pass in a program state as well as the arguments.
- simuvex: accessing registers through SimRegNameView (like state.regs.eax) always triggers SimInspect breakpoints and creates new actions. Now you can access a register by prefixing its name with an underscore (e.g. state.regs.\_eax or state.\_ip) to avoid triggering breakpoints or creating actions.
- angr: the way hooks work has slightly changed, though is backwards-compatible. The new angr. Hook class acts as a wrapper for hooks (SimProcedures and functions), keeping things cleaner in the project. \_sim\_procedures dict.
- angr: we have deprecated the keyword argument max\_size and changed it to to size in the angr.
   Block constructor (i.e., the argument to project.factory.block and more upstream methods (path.step, path\_group.step, etc).
- angr: we have deprecated project.factory.sim\_run and changed it to to project.factory.successors, and it now generates a SimSuccessors object.
- angr: project.factory.sim\_block has been deprecated and replaced with project.factory. successors(default\_engine=True).
- angr: angr syscalls are no longer hooks. Instead, the syscall table is now in project.\_simos.syscall\_table. This will be made "public" after a usability refactor. If you were using project.is\_hooked(addr) to see if an address has a related SimProcedure, now you probably want to check if there is a related syscall as well (using project.\_simos.syscall\_table.get\_by\_addr(addr) is not None).
- pyvex: to support custom lifters to VEX, pyvex has introduced the concept of backend lifters. Lifters can be
  written in pure Python to produce VEX IR, allowing for extendability of angr's VEX-based analyses to other
  hardware architectures.

As usual, there are many other improvements and minor bugfixes.

- claripy: support unsat\_core() to get the core of unsatness of constraints. It is in fact a thin wrapper of the unsat\_core() function provided by Z3. Also a new state option CONSTRAINT\_TRACKING\_IN\_SOLVER is added to SimuVEX. That state option must be enabled if you want to use unsat\_core() on any state.
- simuvex: SimMemory.load() and SimMemory.store() now takes a new parameter disable\_actions. Setting it to True will prevent any SimAction creation.
- angr: CFGFast has a better support for ARM binaries, especially for code in THUMB mode.
- angr: thanks to an improvement in SimuVEX, CFGAccurate now uses slightly less memory than before.
- angr: len() on path trace or addr\_trace is made much faster.
- angr: Fix a crash during CFG generation or symbolic execution on platforms/architectures with no syscall defined.
- angr: as part of the refactor, BackwardSlicing is temporarily disabled. It will be re-enabled once all DDG-related refactor are merged to master.

Additionally, packaging and build-system improvements coordinated between the angr and Unicorn Engine projects have allowed angr's Unicorn support to be built on Windows. Because of this, unicorn is now a dependency for simuvex.

Looking forward, angr is poised to become a program analysis engine for binaries and more!

## 9.5.18 angr 5.6.12.3

It has been over a month since the last release 5.6.10.12. Again, we've made some significant changes and improvements on the code base.

- angr: Labels are now stored in KnowledgeBase.
- angr: Add a new analysis: Disassembly. The new Disassembly analysis provides an easy-to-use interface to render assembly of functions.
- angr: Fix the issue that ForwardAnalysis may prematurely terminate while there are still un-processed jobs.
- angr: Many small improvements and bug fixes on CFGFast.
- angr: Many small improvements and bug fixes on VFG. Bring back widening support. Fix the issue that VFG may not terminate under certain cases. Implement a new graph traversal algorithm to have an optimal traversal order. Allow state merging at non-merge-points, which allows faster convergence.
- angr-management: Display a progress during initial CFG recovery.
- angr-management: Display a "Load binary" window upon binary loading. Some analysis options can be adjusted there.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Edge routing on the graph is improved.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Support starting a new symbolic execution task from an arbitrary address in the program.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Support renaming of function names and labels.
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Support "Jump to address".
- angr-management: Disassembly view: Display resolved and unresolved jump targets. All jump targets are double-clickable.
- SimuVEX: Move region mapping from SimAbstractMemory to SimMemory. This will allow an easier conversion between SimAbstractMemory and SimSymbolicMemory, which is to say, conversion between symbolic states and static states is now possible.

9.5. Changelog 145

- SimuVEX & claripy: Provide support for unsat\_core in Z3. It returns a set of constraints that led to unsatness of the constraint set on the current state.
- archinfo: Add a new Boolean variable branch\_delay\_slot for each architecture. It is set to True on MIPS32.

## 9.5.19 angr 5.6.8.22

Major point release! An incredible number of things have changed in the month run-up to the Cyber Grand Challenge.

- Integration with Unicorn Engine supported for concrete execution. A new SimRun type, SimUnicorn, may step through many basic blocks at once, so long as there is no operation on symbolic data. Please use our fork of unicorn engine, which has many patches applied. All these patches are pending merge into upstream.
- Lots of improvements and bug fixes to CFGFast. Rumors are angr's CFG was only "optimized" for x86-64 binaries (which is really because most of our test cases are compiled as 64-bit ELFs). Now it is also "optimized" for x86 binaries:) (editor's note: angr is built with cross-architecture analysis in mind. CFG construction is pretty much the only component which has architecture-specific behavior.)
- Lots of improvements to the VFG analysis, including speed and accuracy. However, there is still a lot to be done.
- Lots of speed optimizations in general CFGFast should be 3-6x faster under CPython with much less memory usage.
- Now data dependence graph gives you a real dependence graph between variable definitions. Try data\_graph and simplified\_data\_graph on a DDG object!
- New state option simuvex.o.STRICT\_PAGE\_ACCESS will cause a SimSegfaultError to be raised whenever the guest reads/writes/executes memory that is either unmapped or doesn't have the appropriate permissions.
- Merging of paths (as opposed to states) is performed in a much smarter way.
- The behavior of the support\_selfmodifying\_code project option is changed: Before, this would allow the state to be used as a fallback source of instruction bytes when no backer from CLE is available. Now, this option makes instruction lifting use the state as the source of bytes always. When the option is disabled and execution jumps outside the normal binary, the state will be used automatically.
- Actually support self-modifying code if a basic block of code modifies itself, the block will be re-lifted before the next instruction starts.
- Syscalls are handled differently now Before you would see a SimRun for a syscall helper, now you'll just see a SimProcedure for the given syscall. Additionally, each syscall has its own address in a "syscalls segment", and syscalls are treated as jumps to this segment. This simplifies a lot of things analysis-wise.
- CFGAccurate accepts a base\_graph keyword to its constructor, e.g. CFGFast().graph, or even .graph of a function, to use as a base for analysis.
- New fast memory model for cases where symbolic-addressed reads and writes are unlikely.
- Conflicts between the find and avoid parameters to the Explorer otiegnqwvk are resolved correctly. (credit clslgrnc)
- New analysis StaticHooker which hooks library functions in unstripped statically linked binaries.
- Lifter can be used without creating an angr Project. You must manually specify the architecture and bytestring in calls to .lift() and .fresh\_block(). If you like, you can also specify the architecture as a parameter to the constructor and omit it from the lifting calls.
- Add two new analyses developed for the CGC (mostly as examples of doing static analysis with angr): Reassembler and BinaryOptimizer.

## 9.5.20 angr 4.6.6.28

In general, there have been enormous amounts of speed improvements in this release. Depending on the workload, angr should run about twice as fast. Aside from this, there have also been many submodule-specific changes:

### angr

Quite a few changes and improvements are made to CFGFast and CFGAccurate in order to have better and faster CFG recovery. The two biggest changes in CFGFast are jump table resolution and data references collection, respectively. Now CFGFast resolves indirect jumps by default. You may get a list of indirect jumps recovered in CFGFast by accessing the indirect\_jumps attribute. For many cases, it resolves the jump table accurately. Data references collection is still in alpha mode. To test data references collection, just pass collect\_data\_references=True when creating a fast CFG, and access the memory\_data attribute after the CFG is constructed.

CFG recovery on ARM binaries is also improved.

A new paradigm called an "otiegnqwvk", or an "exploration technique", allows the packaging of special logic related to path group stepping.

### **SimuVEX**

Reads/writes to the x87 fpu registers now work correctly - there is special logic that rotates a pointer into part of the register file to simulate the x87 stack.

With the recent changes to Claripy, we have configured SimuVEX to use the composite solver by default. This should be transparent, but should be considered if strange issues (or differences in behavior) arise during symbolic execution.

### **Claripy**

Fixed a bug in claripy where div\_ was not always doing unsigned division, and added new methods SDiv and SMod for signed division and signed remainder, respectively.

Claripy frontends have been completely rewritten into a mixin-centric solver design. Basic frontend functionality (i.e., calling into the solver or dealing with backends) is handled by frontends (in claripy.frontends), and additional functionality (such as caching, deciding when to simplify, etc) is handled by frontend mixins (in claripy.frontend\_mixins). This makes it considerably easier to customize solvers to your specific needE. For examples, look at claripy/solver.py.

Alongside the solver rewrite, the composite solver (which splits constraints into independent constraint sets for faster solving) has been immensely improved and is now functional and fast.

## 9.5.21 angr 4.6.6.4

Syscalls are no longer handled by simuvex.procedures.syscalls.handler. Instead, syscalls are now handled by angr.SimOS.handle\_syscall(). Previously, the address of a syscall SimProcedure is the address right after the syscall instruction (e.g. int 80h), which collides with the real basic block starting at that address, and is very confusing. Now each syscall SimProcedure has its own address, just as a normal SimProcedure. To support this, there is another region mapped for the syscall addresses, Project.\_syscall\_obj.

Some refactoring and bug fixes in CFGFast.

Claripy has been given the ability to handle *annotations* on ASTs. An annotation can be used to customize the behavior of some backends without impacting others. For more information, check the docstrings of claripy. Annotation and claripy. Backend.apply\_annotation.

9.5. Changelog 147

## 9.5.22 angr 4.6.5.25

New state constructor - call\_state. Comes with a refactor to SimCC, a refactor to callable, and the removal of PathGroup.call. All these changes are thoroughly documented, in angr/docs/advanced-topics/structured\_data.md

Refactor of SimType to make it easier to use types - they can be instanciated without a SimState and one can be added later. Comes with some usability improvements to SimMemView. Also, there's a better wrapper around PyCParser for generating SimType instances from c declarations and definitions. Again, thoroughly documented, still in the structured data doc.

CFG is now an alias to CFGFast instead of CFGAccurate. In general, CFGFast should work under most cases, and it's way faster than CFGAccurate. We believe such a change is necessary, and will make angr more approachable to new users. You will have to change your code from CFG to CFGAccurate if you are relying on specific functionalities that only exist in CFGAccurate, for example, context-sensitivity and state-preserving. An exception will be raised by angr if any parameter passed to CFG is only supported by CFGAccurate. For more detailed explanation, please take a look at the documentation of angr.analyses.CFG.

## 9.5.23 angr 4.6.3.28

PyVEX has a structural overhaul. The IRExpr, IRStmt, and IRConst modules no longer exist as submodules, and those module names are deprecated. Use pyvex.expr, pyvex.stmt, and pyvex.const if you need to access the members of those modules.

The names of the first three parameters to pyvex. IRSB (the required ones) have been changed. If you were passing the positional args to IRSB as keyword args, consider switching to positional args. The order is data, mem\_addr, arch.

The optional parameter sarge to the entry\_state and full\_init\_state constructors has been removed and replaced with an arge parameter. sarge predates being able to have claripy ASTs independent from a solver. The new system is to pass in the exact value, ast or integer, that you'd like to have as the guest program's arg count.

CLE and angr can now accept file-like streams, that is, objects that support stream.read() and stream.seek() can be passed in wherever a filepath is expected.

Documentation is much more complete, especially for PyVEX and angr's symbolic execution control components.

## 9.5.24 angr 4.6.3.15

There have been several improvements to claripy that should be transparent to users:

- There's been a refactoring of the VSA StridedInterval classes to fix cases where operations were not sound. Precision might suffer as a result, however.
- Some general speed improvements.
- We've introduced a new backend into claripy: the ReplacementBackend. This frontend generates replacement
  sets from constraints added to it, and uses these replacement sets to increase the precision of VSA. Additionally,
  we have introduced the HybridBackend, which combines this functionality with a constraint solver, allowing for
  memory index resolution using VSA.

angr itself has undergone some improvements, with API changes as a result:

• We are moving toward a new way to store information that angr has recovered about a program: the knowledge base. When an analysis recovers some truth about a program (i.e., "there's a basic block at 0x400400", or "the block at 0x400400 has a jump to 0x400500"), it gets stored in a knowledge-base. Analysis that used to store data (currently, the CFG) now store them in a knowledge base and can *share* the global knowledge base of the project, now accessible via project.kb. Over time, this knowledge base will be expanded in the course of any analysis or symbolic execution, so angr is constantly learning more information about the program it is analyzing.

- A forward data-flow analysis framework (called ForwardAnalysis) has been introduced, and the CFG was rewritten on top of it. The framework is still in alpha stage expect more changes to be made. Documentation and more details will arrive shortly. The goal is to refactor other data-flow analysis, like CFGFast, VFG, DDG, etc. to use ForwardAnalysis.
- We refactored the CFG to a) improve code readability, and b) eliminate some bad designs that linger due to historical reasons.

## 9.5.25 angr 4.5.12.?

Claripy has a new manager for backends, allowing external backends (i.e., those implemented by other modules) to be used. The result is that claripy.backend\_concrete is now claripy.backends.concrete, claripy.backend\_vsa is now claripy.backends.vsa, and so on.

## 9.5.26 angr 4.5.12.12

Improved the ability to recover from failures in instruction decoding. You can now hook specific addresses at which VEX fails to decode with project.hook, even if those addresses are not the beginning of a basic block.

## 9.5.27 angr 4.5.11.23

This is a pretty beefy release, with over half of claripy having been rewritten and major changes to other analyses. Internally, Claripy has been unified – the VSA mode and symbolic mode now work on the same structures instead of requiring structures to be created differently. This opens the door for awesome capabilities in the future, but could also result in unexpected behavior if we failed to account for something.

Claripy has had some major interface changes:

- claripy.BV has been renamed to claripy.BVS (bit-vector symbol). It can now create bitvectors out of strings (i.e., claripy.BVS(0x41, 8) and claripy.BVS("A") are identical).
- state.BV and state.BVV are deprecated. Please use state.se.BVS and state.se.BVV.
- BV.model is deprecated. If you're using it, you're doing something wrong, anyways. If you really need a specific model, convert it with the appropriate backend (i.e., claripy.backend\_concrete.convert(bv)).

There have also been some changes to analyses:

- Interface: CFG argument keep\_input\_state has been renamed to keep\_state. With this option enabled, both input and final states are kept.
- Interface: Two arguments cfg\_node and stmt\_id of BackwardSlicing have been deprecated. Instead, BackwardSlicing takes a single argument, targets. This means that we now support slicing from multiple sources.
- Performance: The speed of CFG recovery has been slightly improved. There is a noticeable speed improvement on MIPS binaries.
- Several bugs have been fixed in DDG, and some sanity checks were added to make it more usable.

And some general changes to angr itself:

• StringSpec is deprecated! You can now pass claripy bitvectors directly as arguments.

9.5. Changelog 149

# 9.6 Migrating to angr 9.1

angr 9.1 is here!

## 9.6.1 Calling Conventions and Prototypes

The main change motivating angr 9.1 is this large refactor of SimCC. Here are the breaking changes:

## SimCCs can no longer be customized

If you were using the sp\_delta, args, or ret\_val parameters to SimCC, you should use the new class SimCCUsercall, which lets (requires) you to be explicit about the locations of each argument.

## Passing SimTypes is now mandatory

Every method call on SimCC which interacts with typed data now requires a SimType to be passed in. Previously, the use of is\_fp and size was optional, but now these parameters will no longer be accepted and a SimType will be required.

This has some fairly non-intuitive consequences - in order to accommodate more esoteric calling conventions (think: passing large structs by value via an "invisible reference") you have to specify a function's return type before you can extract any of its arguments.

Additionally, some non-cc interfaces, such as call\_state and callable and SimProcedure.call(), now *require* a prototype to be passed to them. You'd be surprised how many bugs we found in our own code from enforcing this requirement!

## PointerWrapper has a new parameter

Imagine you're passing something into a function which has a parameter of type char\*. Is this a pointer to a single char or a pointer to an array of chars? The answer changes how we typecheck the values you pass in. If you're passing a PointerWrapper wrapping a large value which should be treated as an array of chars, you should construct your pointerwrapper as PointerWrapper(foo, buffer=True). The buffer argument to PointerWrapper now instructs SimCC to treat the data to be serialized as an array of the child type instead of as a scalar.

## func\_ty -> prototype

Every usage of the name func\_ty has been replaced with the name prototype. This was done for consistency between the static analysis code and the dynamic FFI.

# 9.7 Migrating to angr 8

angr has moved from Python 2 to Python 3! We took this opportunity of a major version bump to make a few breaking API changes that improve quality-of-life.

## 9.7.1 What do I need to know for migrating my scripts to Python 3?

To begin, just the standard py3k changes, the relevant parts of which we'll rehash here as a reference guide:

- Strings and bytestrings
  - Strings are now unicode by default, a new bytes type holds bytestrings
  - Bytestring literals can be constructued with the b prefix, like b'ABCD'
  - Conversion between strings and bytestrings happens with .encode() and .decode(), which use utf-8 as a default. The latin-1 codec will map byte values to their equivilant unicode codepoints
  - The ord() and chr() functions operate on strings, not bytestrings
  - Enumerating over or indexing into bytestrings produces an unsigned 8 bit integer, not a 1-byte bytestring
  - Bytestrings have all the string manipulation functions present on strings, including join, upper/lower, translate, etc
  - hex and base64 are no longer string encoding codecs. For hex, use bytes.fromhex() and bytes.hex().
     For base64 use the base64 module.

#### · Builtin functions

- print and exec are now builtin functions instead of statements
- Many builtin functions previously returning lists now return iterators, such as map, filter, and zip.
   reduce is no longer a builtin; you have to import it from functools.

#### Numbers

- The / operator is explicitly floating-point division, the // operator is explicitly integer division. The magic
  functions for overriding these ops are truediv\_\_ and floordiv\_\_
- The int and long types have been merged, there is only int now
- Dictionary objects have had their .iterkeys, .itervalues, and .iteritems methods removed, and then non-iter versions have been made to return efficient iterators
- Comparisons between objects of very different types (such as between strings and ints) will raise an exception

In terms of how this has affected angr, any string that represents data from the emulated program will be a bytestring. This means that where you previously said state.solver.eval(x, cast\_to=str) you should now say cast\_to=bytes. When creating concrete bitvectors from strings (including implicitly by just making a comparison against a string) these should be bytestrings. If they are not they will be utf-8 converted and a warning will be printed. Symbol names should be unicode strings.

For division, however, ASTs are strongly typed so they will treat both division operators as the kind of division that makes sense for their type.

## 9.7.2 Clemory API changes

The memory object in CLE (project.loader.memory, not state.memory) has had a few breaking API changes since the bytes type is much nicer to work with than the py2 string for this specific case, and the old API was an inconsistent mess.

Before	After
<pre>memory.read_bytes(addr, n) -&gt; list[str]</pre>	memory.load(addr, n) -> bytes
<pre>memory.write_bytes(addr, list[str])</pre>	<pre>memory.store(addr, bytes)</pre>
<pre>memory.get_byte(addr) -&gt; str</pre>	<pre>memory[addr] -&gt; int</pre>
<pre>memory.read_addr_at(addr) -&gt; int</pre>	<pre>memory.unpack_word(addr) -&gt; int</pre>
<pre>memory.write_addr_at(addr, value) -&gt; int</pre>	<pre>memory.pack_word(addr, value)</pre>
<pre>memory.stride_repr -&gt; list[(start, end, str)]</pre>	<pre>memory.backers() -&gt; iter[(start, bytearray)]</pre>

Additionally, pack\_word and unpack\_word now take optional size, endness, and signed parameters. We have also added memory.pack(addr, fmt, \*data) and memory.unpack(addr, fmt), which take format strings for use with the struct module.

If you were using the cbackers or read\_bytes\_c functions, the conversion is a little more complicated - we were able to remove the split notion of "backers" and "updates" and replaced all backers with bytearrays that we mutate, so we can work directly with the backer objects. The backers() function iterates through all bottom-level backer objects and their start addresses. You can provide an optional address to the function, and it will skip over all backers that end before that address.

Here is some sample code for producing a C-pointer to a given address:

```
import cffi, cle
ffi = cffi.FFI()
ld = cle.Loader('/bin/true')

addr = ld.main_object.entry
try:
    backer_start, backer = next(ld.memory.backers(addr))
except StopIteration:
    raise Exception("not mapped")

if backer_start > addr:
    raise Exception("not mapped")

cbacker = ffi.from_buffer(backer)
addr_pointer = cbacker + (addr - backer_start)
```

You should not have to use this if you aren't passing the data to a native library - the normal load methods should now be more than fast enough for intensive use.

## 9.7.3 CLE symbols changes

Previously, your mechanisms for looking up symbols by their address were loader.find\_symbol() and object. symbols\_by\_addr, where there was clearly some overlap. However, symbols\_by\_addr stayed because it was the only way to enumerate symbols in an object. This has changed! symbols\_by\_addr is deprecated and here is now object.symbols, a sorted list of Symbol objects, to enumerate symbols in a binary.

Additionally, you can now enumerate all symbols in the entire project with loader.symbols. This change has also enabled us to add a fuzzy parameter to find\_symbol (returns the first symbol before the given address) and make the output of loader.describe\_addr much nicer (shows offset from closest symbol).

## 9.7.4 Deprecations and name changes

- All parameters in cle that started with custom\_ so, custom\_base\_addr, custom\_entry\_point, custom\_offset, custom\_arch, and custom\_ld\_path have had the custom\_ removed from the beginning of their names.
- All the functions that were deprecated more than a year ago (at or before the angr 7 release) have been removed.
- state.se has been deprecated. You should have been using state.solver for the past few years.
- Support for immutable simulation managers has been removed. So far as we're aware, nobody was actually using this, and it was making debugging a pain.

# 9.8 Migrating to angr 7

The release of angr 7 introduces several departures from long-standing angr-isms. While the community has created a compatibility layer to give external code written for angr 6 a good chance of working on angr 7, the best thing to do is to port it to the new version. This document serves as a guide for this.

## 9.8.1 SimuVEX is gone

angr versions up through angr 6 split the program analysis into two modules: simuvex, which was responsible for analyzing the effects of a single piece of code (whether a basic block or a SimProcedure) on a program state, and angr, which aggregated analyses of these basic blocks into program-level analysis such as control-flow recovery, symbolic execution, and so forth. In theory, this would encourage for the encapsulation of block-level analyses, and allow other program analysis frameworks to build upon simuvex for their needs. In practice, no one (to our knowledge) used simuvex without angr, and the separation introduced frustrating limitations (such as not being able to reference the history of a state from a SimInspect breakpoint) and duplication of code (such as the need to synchronize data from state.scratch into path.history).

Realizing that SimuVEX wasn't a usable independent package, we brainstormed about merging it into angr and further noticed that this would allow us to address the frustrations resulting from their separation.

All of the SimuVEX concepts (SimStates, SimProcedures, calling conventions, types, etc) have been migrated into angr. The migration guide for common classes is bellow:

Before	After
simuvex.SimState simuvex.SimProcedure	angr.SimState
simuvex.SimEngine	angr.SimProcedure angr.SimEngine
simuvex.SimCC	angr.SimCC

And for common modules:

Before	After
simuvex.s_cc	angr.calling_conventions
simuvex.s_state	angr.sim_state
simuvex.s_procedure	angr.sim_procedure
simuvex.plugins	angr.state_plugins
simuvex.engines	angr.engines
simuvex.concretization_strategies	angr.concretization_strategies

Additionally, simuvex.SimProcedures has been renamed to angr.SIM\_PROCEDURES, since it is a global variable and not a class. There have been some other changes to its semantics, see the section on SimProcedures for details.

## 9.8.2 Removal of angr.Path

In angr, a Path object maintained references to a SimState and its history. The fact that the history was separated from the state caused a lot of headaches when trying to analyze states inside a breakpoint, and caused overhead in synchronizing data from the state to its history.

In the new model, a state's history is maintained in a SimState plugin: state.history. Since the path would now simply point to the state, we got rid of it. The mapping of concepts is roughly as follows:

Before	After
path	state
path.state	state
path.history	state.history
path.callstack	state.callstack
path.trace	state.history.descriptions
path.addr_trace	state.history.bbl_addrs
path.jumpkinds	state.history.jumpkinds
path.guards	state.history.jump_guards
path.targets	state.history.jump_targets
path.actions	state.history.actions
path.events	state.history.events
path.recent_actions	state.history.recent_actions
path.reachable	state.history.reachable()

An important behavior change about path.actions and path.recent\_actions - actions are no longer tracked by default. If you would like them to be tracked again, please add angr.options.refs to your state.

### Path Group -> Simulation Manager

Since there are no paths, there cannot be a path group. Instead, we have a Simulation Manager now (we recommend using the abbreviation "simgr" in places you were previously using "pg"), which is exactly the same as a path group except it holds states instead of paths. You can make one with project.factory.simulation\_manager(...).

### **Errored Paths**

Before, error resilience was handled at the path level, where stepping a path that caused an error would return a subclass of Path called ErroredPath, and these paths would be put in the errored stash of a path group. Now, error resilience is handled at the simulation manager level, and any state that throws an error during stepping will be wrapped in an ErrorRecord object, which is *not* a subclass of SimState, and put into the errored list attribute of the simulation manager, which is *not* a stash.

An ErrorRecord object has attributes for .state (the initial state that caused the error), .error (the error that was thrown), and .traceback (the traceback from the error). To debug these errors you can call .debug().

These changes are because we were uncomfortable making a subclass of SimState, and the ErrorRecord class then has sufficiently different semantics from a normal state that it cannot be placed in a stash.

## 9.8.3 Changes to SimProcedures

The most noticeable difference from the old version to the new version is that the catalog of built-in simprocedures are no longer organized strictly according to which library they live in. Now, they are organized according to which *standards* they conform to, which helps with re-using procedures between different libraries. For instance, the old SimProcedures['libc.so.6'] has been split up between SIM\_PROCEDURES['libc'], SIM\_PROCEDURES['glibc'], depending on what specifications each function conforms to. This allows us to reuse the libc catalog in msvcrt.dll and the MUSL libc, for example.

In order to group SimProcedures together by libraries, we have introduced a new abstraction called the SimLibrary, the definitions for which are stored in angr.procedures.definitions. Each SimLibrary object stores information about a single shared library, and can contain SimProcedure implementations, calling convention information, and type information. SimLibraries are scraped from the filesystem at import time, just like SimProcedures, and placed into angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES.

Syscalls are now categorized through a subclass of SimLibrary called SimSyscallLibrary. The API for managing syscalls through SimOS has been changed - check the API docs for the SimUserspace class.

One important implication of this change is that if you previously used a trick where you changed one of the Sim-Procedures present in the SimProcedures dict in order to change which SimProcedures would be used to hook over library functions by default, this will no longer work. Instead of SimProcedures[lib][func\_name] = proc, you now need to say SIM\_LIBRARIES[lib].add(func\_name, proc). But really you should just be using hook\_symbol anyway.

## 9.8.4 Changes to hooking

The Hook class is gone. Instead, we now can hook with individual instances of SimProcedure objects, as opposed to just the classes. A shallow copy of the SimProcedure will be made at runtime to preserve thread safety.

So, previously, where you would have done project.hook(addr, Hook(proc, ...)) or project.hook(addr, proc), you can now do project.hook(addr, proc(...)). In order to use simple functions as hooks, you can either say project.hook(addr, func) or decorate the declaration of your function with @project.hook(addr).

Having simprocedures as instances and letting them have access to the project cleans up a lot of other hacks that were present in the codebase, mostly related to the self.call(...) SimProcedure continuation system. It is no longer required to set IS\_FUNCTION = True if you intend to use self.call() while writing a SimProcedure, and each call-return target you use will have a unique address associated with it. These addresses will be allocated lazily, which does have the side effect of making address allocation nondeterministic, sometimes based on dictionary-iteration order.

## 9.8.5 Changes to loading

The hook\_symbol method will no longer attempt to redo relocations for the given symbol, instead just hooking directly over the address of the symbol in whatever library it comes from. This speeds up loading substancially and ensures more consistent behavior for when mixing and matching native library code and SimProcedure summaries.

The angr externs object has been moved into CLE, which will ALWAYS make sure that every dependency is resolved to something, never left unrelocated. Similarly, CLE provides the "kernel object" used to provide addresses for syscalls now.

Before	After
projectextern_obj	loader.extern_object
<pre>projectsyscall_obj</pre>	<pre>loader.kernel_object</pre>

Several properties and methods have been renamed in CLE in order to maintain a more consistent and explicit API. The most common changes are listed below:

Before	After
loader.whats_at()	loader.describe_addr
<pre>loader.addr_belongs_to_object()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_object_containing()</pre>
<pre>loader.find_symbol_name()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_symbol().name</pre>
whatever the hell you were doing before to look up a symbol	<pre>loader.find_symbol(name or addr)</pre>
<pre>loader.find_module_name()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_object_containing(). provides</pre>
<pre>loader.find_symbol_got_entry()</pre>	<pre>loader.find_relevant_relocations()</pre>
loader.main_bin	loader.main_object
<pre>anything.get_min_addr()</pre>	anything.min_addr
symbol.addr	symbol.linked_addr

## 9.8.6 Changes to the solver interface

We cleaned up the menagerie of functions present on state.solver (if you're still referring to it as state.se you should stop) and simplified it into a cleaner interface:

- solver.eval(expression) will give you one possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.eval\_one(expression) will give you the solution to the given expression, or throw an error if more than one solution is possible.
- solver.eval\_upto(expression, n) will give you up to n solutions to the given expression, returning fewer than n if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval\_atleast(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer than n are possible.
- solver.eval\_exact(expression, n) will give you n solutions to the given expression, throwing an error if fewer or more than are possible.
- solver.min(expression) will give you the minimum possible solution to the given expression.
- solver.max(expression) will give you the maximum possible solution to the given expression.

Additionally, all of these methods can take the following keyword arguments:

- extra\_constraints can be passed as a tuple of constraints. These constraints will be taken into account for this evaluation, but will not be added to the state.
- cast\_to can be passed a data type to cast the result to. Currently, this can only be str, which will cause the method to return the byte representation of the underlying data. For example, state.solver.eval(state.solver.BVV(0x41424344, 32, cast\_to=str) will return "ABCD".

## **API REFERENCE**

class angr.SimProcedure(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic\_return=None, returns=None, is\_syscall=False, is\_stub=False, num\_args=None, display\_name=None, library\_name=None, is\_function=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: object

A SimProcedure is a wonderful object which describes a procedure to run on a state.

You may subclass SimProcedure and override run(), replacing it with mutating self.state however you like, and then either returning a value or jumping away somehow.

A detailed discussion of programming SimProcedures may be found at https://docs.angr.io/extending-angr/simprocedures

### **Parameters**

arch – The architecture to use for this procedure

The following parameters are optional:

## **Parameters**

- **symbolic\_return** Whether the procedure's return value should be stubbed into a single symbolic variable constratined to the real return value
- **returns** Whether the procedure should return to its caller afterwards
- **is\_syscall** Whether this procedure is a syscall
- num\_args The number of arguments this procedure should extract
- **display\_name** The name to use when displaying this procedure
- library\_name The name of the library from which the function we're emulating comes
- cc The SimCC to use for this procedure
- **sim\_kwargs** Additional keyword arguments to be passed to run()
- **is\_function** Whether this procedure emulates a function

The following class variables should be set if necessary when implementing a new SimProcedure:

### **Variables**

- NO\_RET Set this to true if control flow will never return from this function
- **DYNAMIC\_RET** Set this to true if whether the control flow returns from this function or not depends on the context (e.g., libc's error() call). Must implement dynamic\_returns() method.
- ADDS\_EXITS Set this to true if you do any control flow other than returning
- IS\_FUNCTION Does this procedure simulate a function? True by default

- ARGS\_MISMATCH Does this procedure have a different list of arguments than what is provided in the function specification? This may happen when we manually extract arguments in the run() method of a SimProcedure. False by default.
- **local\_vars** If you use **self.call()**, set this to a list of all the local variable names in your class. They will be restored on return.

The following instance variables are available when working with simprocedures from the inside or the outside:

#### Variables

- project The associated angr project
- arch The associated architecture
- addr The linear address at which the procedure is executing
- cc The calling convention in use for engaging with the ABI
- canonical The canonical version of this SimProcedure. Procedures are deepcopied for
  many reasons, including to be able to store state related to a specific run and to be able to
  hook continuations.
- **kwargs** Any extra keyword arguments used to construct the procedure; will be passed to run
- display\_name See the eponymous parameter
- library\_name See the eponymous parameter
- **abi** If this is a syscall simprocedure, which ABI are we using to map the syscall numbers?
- **symbolic\_return** See the eponymous parameter
- **syscall\_number** If this procedure is a syscall, the number will be populated here.
- **returns** See eponymous parameter and NO\_RET cvar
- is\_syscall See eponymous parameter
- is\_function See eponymous parameter and cvar
- is\_stub See eponymous parameter
- **is\_continuation** Whether this procedure is the original or a continuation resulting from self.call()
- **continuations** A mapping from name to each known continuation
- **run\_func** The name of the function implementing the procedure. "run" by default, but different in continuations.
- num\_args The number of arguments to the procedure. If not provided in the parameter, extracted from the definition of self.run

The following instance variables are only used in a copy of the procedure that is actually executing on a state:

### **Variables**

- **state** The SimState we should be mutating to perform the procedure
- **successors** The SimSuccessors associated with the current step
- **arguments** The function arguments, describlized from the state
- **arg\_session** The ArgSession that was used to parse arguments out of the state, in case you need it for varargs

- **use\_state\_arguments** Whether we're using arguments extracted from the state or manually provided
- ret\_to The current return address
- ret\_expr The computed return value
- call\_ret\_expr The return value from having used self.call()
- inhibit\_autoret Whether we should avoid automatically adding an exit for returning once the run function ends
- **arg\_session** The ArgSession object that was used to extract the runtime argument values. Useful for if you want to extract variadic args.

\_\_init\_\_(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic\_return=None, returns=None, is\_syscall=False, is\_stub=False, num\_args=None, display\_name=None, library\_name=None, is\_function=None, \*\*kwargs)

state: SimState

**execute**(*state*, *successors=None*, *arguments=None*, *ret\_to=None*)

Call this method with a SimState and a SimSuccessors to execute the procedure.

Alternately, successors may be none if this is an inline call. In that case, you should provide arguments to the function.

### make\_continuation(name)

NO RET = False

 $DYNAMIC_RET = False$ 

ADDS\_EXITS = False

IS\_FUNCTION = True

 $ARGS_MISMATCH = False$ 

ALT\_NAMES = None

local\_vars: Tuple[str, ...] = ()

run(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Implement the actual procedure here!

static\_exits(blocks, \*\*kwargs)

Get new exits by performing static analysis and heuristics. This is a fast and best-effort approach to get new exits for scenarios where states are not available (e.g. when building a fast CFG).

## **Parameters**

**blocks** (*list*) – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.

#### Returns

A list of dicts. Each dict should contain the following entries: 'address', 'jumpkind', and 'namehint'.

### Return type

list

```
dynamic_returns(blocks, **kwargs)
```

Determines if a call to this function returns or not by performing static analysis and heuristics.

#### **Parameters**

**blocks** – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.

## **Return type**

bool

#### Returns

True if the call returns, False otherwise.

## property should\_add\_successors

```
set_args(args)
```

va\_arg(ty, index=None)

```
inline_call(procedure, *arguments, **kwargs)
```

Call another SimProcedure in-line to retrieve its return value. Returns an instance of the procedure with the ret\_expr property set.

### **Parameters**

- **procedure** The class of the procedure to execute
- **arguments** Any additional positional args will be used as arguments to the procedure call
- **sim\_kwargs** Any additional keyword args will be passed as sim\_kwargs to the procedure construtor

## fix\_prototype\_returnty(ret\_size)

```
ret(expr=None)
```

Add an exit representing a return from this function. If this is not an inline call, grab a return address from the state and jump to it. If this is not an inline call, set a return expression with the calling convention.

```
call(addr, args, continue_at, cc=None, prototype=None, jumpkind='Ijk_Call')
```

Add an exit representing calling another function via pointer.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address of the function to call
- args The list of arguments to call the function with
- **continue\_at** Later, when the called function returns, execution of the current procedure will continue in the named method.
- **cc** Optional: use this calling convention for calling the new function. Default is to use the current convention.
- **prototype** Optional: The prototype to use for the call. Will default to all-ints.

```
jump(addr, jumpkind='Ijk_Boring')
```

Add an exit representing jumping to an address.

```
exit(exit_code)
```

Add an exit representing terminating the program.

```
ty_ptr(ty)
```

```
property is_java
     property argument_types
     property return_type
class angr.BP(when='before', enabled=None, condition=None, action=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     A breakpoint.
     __init__(when='before', enabled=None, condition=None, action=None, **kwargs)
     check(state, when)
          Checks state state to see if the breakpoint should fire.
               Parameters
                   • state - The state.
                   • when – Whether the check is happening before or after the event.
               Returns
                   A boolean representing whether the checkpoint should fire.
     fire(state)
          Trigger the breakpoint.
               Parameters
                   state – The state.
```

## class angr.SimStatePlugin

Bases: object

This is a base class for SimState plugins. A SimState plugin will be copied along with the state when the state is branched. They are intended to be used for things such as tracking open files, tracking heap details, and providing storage and persistence for SimProcedures.

```
STRONGREF_STATE = False
__init__()
set_state(state)
     Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)
set_strongref_state(state)
copy(_memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

### static memo(f)

A decorator function you should apply to copy

```
merge(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

## Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

### Return type

bool

## classmethod register\_default(name, xtr=None)

```
init_state()
```

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

Bases: object

This is the main class of the angr module. It is meant to contain a set of binaries and the relationships between them, and perform analyses on them.

#### **Parameters**

- thing The path to the main executable object to analyze, or a CLE Loader object.
- arch (Arch) -
- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

The following parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- **default\_analysis\_mode** The mode of analysis to use by default. Defaults to 'symbolic'.
- **ignore\_functions** A list of function names that, when imported from shared libraries, should never be stepped into in analysis (calls will return an unconstrained value).
- use\_sim\_procedures Whether to replace resolved dependencies for which simprocedures are available with said simprocedures.
- **exclude\_sim\_procedures\_func** A function that, when passed a function name, returns whether or not to wrap it with a simprocedure.
- **exclude\_sim\_procedures\_list** A list of functions to *not* wrap with simprocedures.
- **arch** The target architecture (auto-detected otherwise).
- **simos** a SimOS class to use for this project.
- **engine** The SimEngine class to use for this project.
- **translation\_cache** (*bool*) If True, cache translated basic blocks rather than retranslating them.
- **selfmodifying\_code** (bool) Whether we aggressively support self-modifying code. When enabled, emulation will try to read code from the current state instead of the original memory, regardless of the current memory protections.
- **store\_function** A function that defines how the Project should be stored. Default to pickling.
- **load\_function** A function that defines how the Project should be loaded. Default to unpickling.

- analyses\_preset (angr.misc.PluginPreset) The plugin preset for the analyses provider (i.e. Analyses instance).
- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

Any additional keyword arguments passed will be passed onto cle.Loader.

#### **Variables**

- analyses The available analyses.
- **entry** The program entrypoint.
- factory Provides access to important analysis elements such as path groups and symbolic
  execution results.
- **filename** The filename of the executable.
- loader The program loader.
- **storage** Dictionary of things that should be loaded/stored with the Project.

#### **Parameters**

- arch (Arch) -
- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

#### **Parameters**

- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

## arch: Arch

property analyses: AnalysesHubWithDefault

**hook**(addr, hook=None, length=0, kwargs=None, replace=False)

Hook a section of code with a custom function. This is used internally to provide symbolic summaries of library functions, and can be used to instrument execution or to modify control flow.

When hook is not specified, it returns a function decorator that allows easy hooking. Usage:

### **Parameters**

- addr The address to hook.
- hook A angr.project.Hook describing a procedure to run at the given address. You may also pass in a SimProcedure class or a function directly and it will be wrapped in a Hook object for you.
- **length** If you provide a function for the hook, this is the number of bytes that will be skipped by executing the hook by default.
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false (default), warn and do not replace the hook. If none, warn and replace the hook.

### is\_hooked(addr)

Returns True if addr is hooked.

#### **Parameters**

addr - An address.

#### **Return type**

bool

### Returns

True if addr is hooked, False otherwise.

## hooked\_by(addr)

Returns the current hook for addr.

## **Parameters**

addr - An address.

### **Return type**

Optional[SimProcedure]

## Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

## unhook(addr)

Remove a hook.

#### **Parameters**

**addr** – The address of the hook.

## hook\_symbol(symbol\_name, simproc, kwargs=None, replace=None)

Resolve a dependency in a binary. Looks up the address of the given symbol, and then hooks that address. If the symbol was not available in the loaded libraries, this address may be provided by the CLE externs object.

Additionally, if instead of a symbol name you provide an address, some secret functionality will kick in and you will probably just hook that address, UNLESS you're on powerpc64 ABIv1 or some yet-unknown scary ABI that has its function pointers point to something other than the actual functions, in which case it'll do the right thing.

## **Parameters**

• **symbol\_name** – The name of the dependency to resolve.

- simproc The SimProcedure instance (or function) with which to hook the symbol
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false, warn and do not replace the hook. If none (default), warn and replace the hook.

#### Returns

The address of the new symbol.

### Return type

int

## symbol\_hooked\_by(symbol\_name)

Return the SimProcedure, if it exists, for the given symbol name.

### **Parameters**

**symbol\_name** (str) – Name of the symbol.

### Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

#### Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

## is\_symbol\_hooked(symbol\_name)

Check if a symbol is already hooked.

#### **Parameters**

```
symbol_name (str) – Name of the symbol.
```

## Returns

True if the symbol can be resolved and is hooked, False otherwise.

## Return type

bool

## unhook\_symbol(symbol\_name)

Remove the hook on a symbol. This function will fail if the symbol is provided by the extern object, as that would result in a state where analysis would be unable to cope with a call to this symbol.

```
rehook_symbol(new address, symbol name, stubs on sync)
```

Move the hook for a symbol to a specific address: type new\_address: :param new\_address: the new address that will trigger the SimProc execution: type symbol\_name: :param symbol\_name: the name of the symbol (f.i. strcmp): return: None

```
execute(*args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a symbolic execution helper in the simple style supported by triton and manticore. It designed to be run after setting up hooks (see Project.hook), in which the symbolic state can be checked.

This function can be run in three different ways:

- When run with no parameters, this function begins symbolic execution from the entrypoint.
- It can also be run with a "state" parameter specifying a SimState to begin symbolic execution from.
- Finally, it can accept any arbitrary keyword arguments, which are all passed to project.factory.full\_init\_state.

If symbolic execution finishes, this function returns the resulting simulation manager.

## terminate\_execution()

Terminates a symbolic execution that was started with Project.execute().

angr.load\_shellcode(shellcode, arch, start\_offset=0, load\_address=0, thumb=False, \*\*kwargs)

Load a new project based on a snippet of assembly or bytecode.

### **Parameters**

- **shellcode** (Union[bytes, str]) The data to load, as either a bytestring of instructions or a string of assembly text
- arch The name of the arch to use, or an archinfo class
- **start\_offset** The offset into the data to start analysis (default 0)
- **load\_address** The address to place the data in memory (default 0)
- **thumb** Whether this is ARM Thumb shellcode

class angr.Blade(graph, dst\_run, dst\_stmt\_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore\_sp=False, ignore\_bp=False, ignored\_regs=None, max\_level=3, base\_state=None, stop\_at\_calls=False, cross\_insn\_opt=False, max\_predecessors=10, include\_imarks=True)

Bases: object

Blade is a light-weight program slicer that works with networkx DiGraph containing CFGNodes. It is meant to be used in angr for small or on-the-fly analyses.

### **Parameters**

- graph (DiGraph) -
- dst\_run (int) -
- dst\_stmt\_idx (int) -
- direction (str) -
- ignore\_sp (bool) -
- ignore\_bp (bool) -
- max\_level (int) -
- stop\_at\_calls (bool) -
- max\_predecessors (int) -
- include\_imarks (bool) -

\_\_init\_\_(graph, dst\_run, dst\_stmt\_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore\_sp=False, ignore\_bp=False, ignored\_regs=None, max\_level=3, base\_state=None, stop\_at\_calls=False, cross\_insn\_opt=False, max\_predecessors=10, include\_imarks=True)

#### **Parameters**

- **graph** (DiGraph) A graph representing the control flow graph. Note that it does not take angr.analyses.CFGEmulated or angr.analyses.CFGFast.
- **dst\_run** (int) An address specifying the target SimRun.
- **dst\_stmt\_idx** (int) The target statement index. -1 means executing until the last statement.
- **direction** (str) 'backward' or 'forward' slicing. Forward slicing is not yet supported.
- project (angr.Project) The project instance.

- **cfg** (angr.analyses.CFGBase) the CFG instance. It will be made mandatory later.
- **ignore\_sp** (bool) Whether the stack pointer should be ignored in dependency tracking. Any dependency from/to stack pointers will be ignored if this options is True.
- **ignore\_bp** (bool) Whether the base pointer should be ignored or not.
- max\_level (int) The maximum number of blocks that we trace back for.
- **stop\_at\_calls** (bool) Limit slicing within a single function. Do not proceed when encounters a call edge.
- include\_imarks (bool) Should IMarks (instruction boundaries) be included in the slice
- max\_predecessors (int) -

### **Returns**

None

property slice

dbg\_repr(arch=None)

class angr.SimOS(project, name=None)

Bases: object

A class describing OS/arch-level configuration.

#### **Parameters**

```
project (angr.Project) -
```

\_\_init\_\_(project, name=None)

## **Parameters**

project (Project) -

## configure\_project()

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

**state\_blank**(addr=None, initial\_prefix=None, brk=None, stack\_end=None, stack\_size=8388608, stdin=None, thread\_idx=None, permissions\_backer=None, \*\*kwargs)

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

## **Parameters**

- addr The execution start address.
- initial\_prefix -
- **stack\_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack\_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

#### Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(**kwargs)
```

```
state_call(addr, *args, **kwargs)
```

 $\label{lem:prepare_call_state} \textbf{prepare\_call\_state}(\textit{calling\_state}, \textit{initial\_state} = \textit{None}, \textit{preserve\_registers} = (), \textit{preserve\_memory} = ())$ 

This function prepares a state that is executing a call instruction. If given an initial\_state, it copies over all of the critical registers to it from the calling\_state. Otherwise, it prepares the calling\_state for action.

This is mostly used to create minimalistic for CFG generation. Some ABIs, such as MIPS PIE and x86 PIE, require certain information to be maintained in certain registers. For example, for PIE MIPS, this function transfer t9, gp, and ra to the new state.

```
prepare_function_symbol(symbol_name, basic_addr=None)
```

Prepare the address space with the data necessary to perform relocations pointing to the given symbol

Returns a 2-tuple. The first item is the address of the function code, the second is the address of the relocation target.

```
handle_exception(successors, engine, exception)
```

Perform exception handling. This method will be called when, during execution, a SimException is thrown. Currently, this can only indicate a segfault, but in the future it could indicate any unexpected exceptional behavior that can't be handled by ordinary control flow.

The method may mutate the provided SimSuccessors object in any way it likes, or re-raise the exception.

#### **Parameters**

state\_full\_init(\*\*kwargs)

- successors The SimSuccessors object currently being executed on
- **engine** The engine that was processing this step
- **exception** The actual exception object

```
syscall(state, allow_unsupported=True)
syscall_abi(state)

Return type

str

syscall_cc(state)
```

## **Return type**

Optional[SimCCSyscall]

```
is\_syscall\_addr(addr)
```

syscall\_from\_addr(addr, allow unsupported=True)

syscall\_from\_number(number, allow\_unsupported=True, abi=None)

setup\_gdt(state, gdt)

Write the GlobalDescriptorTable object in the current state memory

### **Parameters**

- **state** state in which to write the GDT
- **gdt** GlobalDescriptorTable object

### Returns

```
Generate a GlobalDescriptorTable object and populate it using the value of the gs and fs register
              Parameters
                   • fs – value of the fs segment register
                   • gs – value of the gs segment register
                   • fs_size – size of the fs segment register
                   • gs_size – size of the gs segment register
              Returns
                  gdt a GlobalDescriptorTable object
class angr.Block(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False,
                    backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0,
                    strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False, cross_insn_opt=True,
                    load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Represents a basic block in a binary or a program.
     BLOCK_MAX_SIZE = 4096
     __init__(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False,
                backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0,
                strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False, cross_insn_opt=True,
                load from ro regions=False, initial regs=None)
     arch
     thumb
     addr
     size
     pp(**kwargs)
     set_initial_regs()
     static reset_initial_regs()
     property vex: IRSB
     property vex_nostmt
     property disassembly: DisassemblerBlock
          Provide a disassembly object using whatever disassembler is available
     property capstone
     property codenode
     property bytes
     property instructions
     property instruction_addrs
```

**generate\_gdt**(fs, gs, fs\_size=4294967295, gs\_size=4294967295)

### serialize\_to\_cmessage()

Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.

#### Returns

A protobuf cmessage object.

## **Return type**

protobuf.cmessage

### classmethod parse\_from\_cmessage(cmsg)

Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.

### **Parameters**

**cmsg** – The probobuf cmessage object.

#### Returns

A unserialized class object.

## Return type

cls

Bases: object

The Simulation Manager is the future future.

Simulation managers allow you to wrangle multiple states in a slick way. States are organized into "stashes", which you can step forward, filter, merge, and move around as you wish. This allows you to, for example, step two different stashes of states at different rates, then merge them together.

Stashes can be accessed as attributes (i.e. .active). A mulpyplexed stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with  $mp_{-}$ , e.g. . $mp_{-}active$ . A single state from the stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with  $one_{-}$ , e.g. . $one_{-}active$ .

Note that you shouldn't usually be constructing SimulationManagers directly - there is a convenient shortcut for creating them in Project.factory: see angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory.

The most important methods you should look at are step, explore, and use\_technique.

## **Parameters**

- **project** (angr.project.Project) A Project instance.
- stashes A dictionary to use as the stash store.
- active\_states Active states to seed the "active" stash with.
- hierarchy A StateHierarchy object to use to track the relationships between states.
- **resilience** A set of errors to catch during stepping to put a state in the **errore** list. You may also provide the values False, None (default), or True to catch, respectively, no errors, all angr-specific errors, and a set of many common errors.
- **save\_unsat** Set to True in order to introduce unsatisfiable states into the unsat stash instead of discarding them immediately.
- auto\_drop A set of stash names which should be treated as garbage chutes.
- **completion\_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.

- **techniques** A list of techniques that should be pre-set to use with this manager.
- suggestions Whether to automatically install the Suggestions exploration technique. Default True.

### **Variables**

- **errored** Not a stash, but a list of ErrorRecords. Whenever a step raises an exception that we catch, the state and some information about the error are placed in this list. You can adjust the list of caught exceptions with the *resilience* parameter.
- **stashes** All the stashes on this instance, as a dictionary.
- **completion\_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.

```
ALL = '_ALL'
DROP = '\_DROP'
__init__(project, active_states=None, stashes=None, hierarchy=None, resilience=None, save_unsat=False,
         auto drop=None, errored=None, completion mode=<built-in function any>, techniques=None,
         suggestions=True, **kwargs)
active: List[SimState]
stashed: List[SimState]
pruned: List[SimState]
unsat: List[SimState]
deadended: List[SimState]
unconstrained: List[SimState]
found: List[SimState]
one_active: SimState
one_stashed: SimState
one_pruned: SimState
one_unsat:
            SimState
one_deadended: SimState
one_unconstrained: SimState
one_found: SimState
property errored
property stashes: DefaultDict[str, List[SimState]]
mulpyplex(*stashes)
    Mulpyplex across several stashes.
        Parameters
           stashes – the stashes to mulpyplex
```

#### **Returns**

a mulpyplexed list of states from the stashes in question, in the specified order

## copy(deep=False)

Make a copy of this simulation manager. Pass deep=True to copy all the states in it as well.

If the current callstack includes hooked methods, the already-called methods will not be included in the copy.

### use\_technique(tech)

Use an exploration technique with this SimulationManager.

Techniques can be found in angr.exploration\_techniques.

#### **Parameters**

**tech** (ExplorationTechnique) – An ExplorationTechnique object that contains code to modify this SimulationManager's behavior.

#### Returns

The technique that was added, for convenience

### remove\_technique(tech)

Remove an exploration technique from a list of active techniques.

#### **Parameters**

**tech** (ExplorationTechnique) – An ExplorationTechnique object.

```
explore(stash='active', n=None, find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False, **kwargs)
```

Tick stash "stash" forward (up to "n" times or until "num\_find" states are found), looking for condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stores found states into "find\_stash' and avoided states into "avoid stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a state and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any states which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

```
run(stash='active', n=None, until=None, **kwargs)
```

Run until the SimulationManager has reached a completed state, according to the current exploration techniques. If no exploration techniques that define a completion state are being used, run until there is nothing left to run.

## **Parameters**

- stash Operate on this stash
- **n** Step at most this many times
- **until** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.

### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

### complete()

Returns whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state.

**step**(stash='active', target\_stash=None, n=None, selector\_func=None, step\_func=None, error\_list=None, successor\_func=None, until=None, filter\_func=None, \*\*run\_args)

Step a stash of states forward and categorize the successors appropriately.

The parameters to this function allow you to control everything about the stepping and categorization process

#### **Parameters**

- **stash** The name of the stash to step (default: 'active')
- target\_stash The name of the stash to put the results in (default: same as stash)
- error\_list The list to put ErroredState objects in (default: self.errored)
- **selector\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a boolean. If True, the state will be stepped. Otherwise, it will be kept as-is.
- **step\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns a SimulationManager. Will be called with the SimulationManager at every step. Note that this function should not actually perform any stepping it is meant to be a maintenance function called after each step.
- **successor\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return its successors. Otherwise, project.factory.successors will be used.
- **filter\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return the name of the stash, to which the state should be moved.
- until (DEPRECATED) If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.
- **n** (DEPRECATED) The number of times to step (default: 1 if "until" is not provided)

Additionally, you can pass in any of the following keyword args for project.factory.successors:

#### **Parameters**

- jumpkind The jumpkind of the previous exit
- addr An address to execute at instead of the state's ip.
- **stmt whitelist** A list of stmt indexes to which to confine execution.
- last\_stmt A statement index at which to stop execution.
- **thumb** Whether the block should be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode.
- backup\_state A state to read bytes from instead of using project memory.
- **opt\_level** The VEX optimization level to use.
- insn\_bytes A string of bytes to use for the block instead of the project.
- **size** The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- **num\_inst** The maximum number of instructions.
- **traceflags** traceflags to be passed to VEX. Default: 0

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

```
step_state(state, successor_func=None, error_list=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
filter(state, filter func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
selector(state, selector_func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
successors(state, successor_func=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
prune(filter_func=None, from_stash='active', to_stash='pruned')
```

Prune unsatisfiable states from a stash.

This function will move all unsatisfiable states in the given stash into a different stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Only prune states that match this filter.
- **from\_stash** Prune states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- to\_stash Put pruned states in this stash. (default: 'pruned')

#### **Returns**

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

# populate(stash, states)

Populate a stash with a collection of states.

## **Parameters**

- **stash** A stash to populate.
- **states** A list of states with which to populate the stash.

# absorb(simgr)

Collect all the states from simgr and put them in their corresponding stashes in this manager. This will not modify simgr.

```
move(from_stash, to_stash, filter_func=None)
```

Move states from one stash to another.

## **Parameters**

- **from\_stash** Take matching states from this stash.
- **to\_stash** Put matching states into this stash.
- **filter\_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

## Return type

SimulationManager

**stash**(filter\_func=None, from\_stash='active', to\_stash='stashed')

Stash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)
- **from\_stash** Take matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- to\_stash Put matching states into this stash. (default: 'stashed')

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

**SimulationManager** 

unstash(filter\_func=None, to\_stash='active', from\_stash='stashed')

Unstash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Unstash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: unstash all states)
- **from\_stash** take matching states from this stash. (default: 'stashed')
- **to\_stash** put matching states into this stash. (default: 'active')

# Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

**drop**(filter\_func=None, stash='active')

Drops states from a stash. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

## **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Drop states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: drop all states)
- **stash** Drop matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')

# Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

apply(state\_func=None, stash\_func=None, stash='active', to\_stash=None)

Applies a given function to a given stash.

## **Parameters**

• **state\_func** – A function to apply to every state. Should take a state and return a state. The returned state will take the place of the old state. If the function *doesn't* return a state, the old state will be used. If the function returns a list of states, they will replace the original states.

- **stash\_func** A function to apply to the whole stash. Should take a list of states and return a list of states. The resulting list will replace the stash. If both state\_func and stash\_func are provided state\_func is applied first, then stash\_func is applied on the results.
- **stash** A stash to work with.
- to\_stash If specified, this stash will be used to store the resulting states instead.

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

Split a stash of states into two stashes depending on the specified options.

The stash from\_stash will be split into two stashes depending on the other options passed in. If to\_stash is provided, the second stash will be written there.

stash\_splitter overrides stash\_ranker, which in turn overrides state\_ranker. If no functions are provided, the states are simply split according to the limit.

The sort done with state\_ranker is ascending.

### **Parameters**

- **stash\_splitter** A function that should take a list of states and return a tuple of two lists (the two resulting stashes).
- **stash\_ranker** A function that should take a list of states and return a sorted list of states. This list will then be split according to "limit".
- **state\_ranker** An alternative to stash\_splitter. States will be sorted with outputs of this function, which are to be used as a key. The first "limit" of them will be kept, the rest split off.
- limit For use with state\_ranker. The number of states to keep. Default: 8
- **from\_stash** The stash to split (default: 'active')
- **to\_stash** The stash to write to (default: 'stashed')

# Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

merge(merge\_func=None, merge\_key=None, stash='active', prune=True)

Merge the states in a given stash.

# **Parameters**

- **stash** The stash (default: 'active')
- **merge\_func** If provided, instead of using state.merge, call this function with the states as the argument. Should return the merged state.
- merge\_key If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a key that will compare equal for all states that are allowed to be merged together, as a first aproximation. By default: uses PC, callstack, and open file descriptors.
- **prune** Whether to prune the stash prior to merging it

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

## class angr. Analysis

Bases: object

This class represents an analysis on the program.

#### Variables

- **project** The project for this analysis.
- **kb** (KnowledgeBase) The knowledgebase object.
- \_progress\_callback A callback function for receiving the progress of this analysis. It
  only takes one argument, which is a float number from 0.0 to 100.0 indicating the current
  progress.
- \_show\_progressbar (bool) If a progressbar should be shown during the analysis. It's independent from \_progress\_callback.
- \_progressbar (progress.Progress) The progress bar object.

```
project: Project
```

kb: KnowledgeBase

errors = []

named\_errors = {}

angr.register\_analysis(cls, name)

# class angr.ExplorationTechnique

Bases: object

An otiegnqwvk is a set of hooks for a simulation manager that assists in the implementation of new techniques in symbolic exploration.

TODO: choose actual name for the functionality (techniques? strategies?)

Any number of these methods may be overridden by a subclass. To use an exploration technique, call simgr. use\_technique with an *instance* of the technique.

```
__init__()
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

• **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -

• stash (str) -

filter(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

selector(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Determine if a state should participate in the current round of stepping. Return True if the state should be stepped, and False if the state should not be stepped. To defer to the original selection procedure, return the result of simgr.selector(state, \*\*kwargs).

If the user provided a selector\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

step\_state(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

## **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

successors(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

# complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

## **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

# class angr.StateHierarchy

```
Bases: object
```

The state hierarchy holds weak references to SimStateHistory objects in a directed acyclic graph. It is useful for queries about a state's ancestry, notably "what is the best ancestor state for a merge among these states" and "what is the most recent unsatisfiable state while using LAZY\_SOLVES"

a tuple of: (list of states to merge, those states' common history, list of states to not merge

```
__init__()
get_ref(obj)
dead_ref(ref)
defer_cleanup()
add_state(s)
add_history(h)
simplify()
full_simplify()
lineage(h)
    Returns the lineage of histories leading up to h.
all_successors(h)
history_successors(h)
history_predecessors(h)
history_contains(h)
unreachable_state(state)
unreachable_history(h)
most_mergeable(states)
    Find the "most mergeable" set of states from those provided.
        Parameters
            states – a list of states
        Returns
```

yet)

Bases: PluginHub

The SimState represents the state of a program, including its memory, registers, and so forth.

#### **Parameters**

- **project** (angr.Project) The project instance.
- **arch** (archinfo.Arch | str) The architecture of the state.

#### **Variables**

- regs A convenient view of the state's registers, where each register is a property
- mem A convenient view of the state's memory, a angr.state\_plugins.view.
   SimMemView
- registers The state's register file as a flat memory region
- memory The state's memory as a flat memory region
- **solver** The symbolic solver and variable manager for this state
- inspect The breakpoint manager, a angr.state\_plugins.inspect.SimInspector
- log Information about the state's history
- **scratch** Information about the current execution step
- posix MISNOMER: information about the operating system or environment model
- **fs** The current state of the simulated filesystem
- libc Information about the standard library we are emulating
- cgc Information about the cgc environment
- uc\_manager Control of under-constrained symbolic execution
- unicorn Control of the Unicorn Engine

solver: SimSolver

posix: SimSystemPosix

registers: DefaultMemory

regs: SimRegNameView

memory: DefaultMemory

callstack: CallStack

mem: SimMemView

history: SimStateHistory

inspect: SimInspector

jni\_references: SimStateJNIReferences

## scratch: SimStateScratch

\_\_init\_\_(project=None, arch=None, plugins=None, mode=None, options=None, add\_options=None, remove\_options=None, special\_memory\_filler=None, os\_name=None, plugin\_preset='default', cle\_memory\_backer=None, dict\_memory\_backer=None, permissions\_map=None, default\_permissions=3, stack\_perms=None, stack\_end=None, stack\_size=None, regioned\_memory\_cls=None, \*\*kwargs')

# property plugins

## property se

Deprecated alias for solver

## property ip

Get the instruction pointer expression, trigger SimInspect breakpoints, and generate SimActions. Use \_ip to not trigger breakpoints or generate actions.

#### Returns

an expression

# property addr

Get the concrete address of the instruction pointer, without triggering SimInspect breakpoints or generating SimActions. An integer is returned, or an exception is raised if the instruction pointer is symbolic.

#### Returns

an int

## property arch: Arch

 $T = \sim T$ 

## get\_plugin(name)

Get the plugin named name. If no such plugin is currently active, try to activate a new one using the current preset.

## has\_plugin(name)

Return whether or not a plugin with the name name is currently active.

# register\_plugin(name, plugin, inhibit\_init=False)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

# property javavm\_memory

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the memory plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

#### Returns

The JavaVM view of the memory plugin.

# property javavm\_registers

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the registers plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

#### Returns

The JavaVM view of the registers plugin.

## simplify(\*args)

Simplify this state's constraints.

## add\_constraints(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Add some constraints to the state.

You may pass in any number of symbolic booleans as variadic positional arguments.

#### satisfiable(\*\*kwargs)

Whether the state's constraints are satisfiable

#### downsize()

Clean up after the solver engine. Calling this when a state no longer needs to be solved on will reduce memory usage.

## step(\*\*kwargs)

Perform a step of symbolic execution using this state. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.successors* can be passed to this.

#### Returns

A SimSuccessors object categorizing the results of the step.

# block(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Represent the basic block at this state's instruction pointer. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.block* can be passed to this.

## **Returns**

A Block object describing the basic block of code at this point.

## copy()

Returns a copy of the state.

## merge(\*others, \*\*kwargs)

Merges this state with the other states. Returns the merging result, merged state, and the merge flag.

## **Parameters**

- **states** the states to merge
- merge\_conditions a tuple of the conditions under which each state holds
- **common\_ancestor** a state that represents the common history between the states being merged. Usually it is only available when EFFICIENT\_STATE\_MERGING is enabled, otherwise weak-refed states might be dropped from state history instances.
- **plugin\_whitelist** a list of plugin names that will be merged. If this option is given and is not None, any plugin that is not inside this list will not be merged, and will be created as a fresh instance in the new state.
- **common\_ancestor\_history** a SimStateHistory instance that represents the common history between the states being merged. This is to allow optimal state merging when EFFICIENT\_STATE\_MERGING is disabled.

## Returns

(merged state, merge flag, a bool indicating if any merging occurred)

#### widen(\*others)

Perform a widening between self and other states :type others: :param others: :return:

# reg\_concrete(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns the contents of a register but, if that register is symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

## mem\_concrete(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns the contents of a memory but, if the contents are symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

```
stack_push(thing)
```

Push 'thing' to the stack, writing the thing to memory and adjusting the stack pointer.

## stack\_pop()

Pops from the stack and returns the popped thing. The length will be the architecture word size.

```
stack_read(offset, length, bp=False)
```

Reads length bytes, at an offset into the stack.

## **Parameters**

- **offset** The offset from the stack pointer.
- length The number of bytes to read.
- **bp** If True, offset from the BP instead of the SP. Default: False.

```
make_concrete_int(expr)
```

```
prepare_callsite(retval, args, cc='wtf')
```

```
dbg_print_stack(depth=None, sp=None)
```

Only used for debugging purposes. Return the current stack info in formatted string. If depth is None, the current stack frame (from sp to bp) will be printed out.

```
set_mode(mode)
```

property thumb

```
property with_condition
```

```
angr.default_cc(arch, platform='Linux', language=None, **kwargs)
```

Return the default calling convention for a given architecture, platform, and language combination.

#### **Parameters**

- arch (str) The architecture name.
- platform (Optional[str]) The platform name (e.g., "Linux" or "Win32").
- language (Optional[str]) The programming language name (e.g., "go").

# Return type

```
Optional[Type[SimCC]]
```

#### Returns

A default calling convention class if we can find one for the architecture, platform, and language combination, or None if nothing fits.

# class angr.PointerWrapper(value, buffer=False)

```
Bases: object
__init__(value, buffer=False)
```

# class angr.SimCC(arch)

Bases: object

A calling convention allows you to extract from a state the data passed from function to function by calls and returns. Most of the methods provided by SimCC that operate on a state assume that the program is just after a call but just before stack frame allocation, though this may be overridden with the *stack\_base* parameter to each individual method.

This is the base class for all calling conventions.

```
Parameters
         arch (Arch) -
__init__(arch)
             arch (Arch) – The Archinfo arch for this CC
ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 0
STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 0
CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = None
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = None
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
ARCH = None
CALLEE_CLEANUP = False
STACK\_ALIGNMENT = 1
property int_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store integer or pointer values.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
property memory_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can be used to store any kind of argument.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
property fp_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store floating point values.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
is_fp_arg(arg)
     This should take a SimFunctionArgument instance and return whether or not that argument is a floating-
     point argument.
     Returns True for MUST be a floating point arg,
         False for MUST NOT be a floating point arg, None for when it can be either.
class ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     A class to keep track of the state accumulated in laying parameters out into memory
```

cc

```
fp_iter
int_iter
both_iter
__init__(cc)
getstate()
setstate(state)
arg_session(ret_ty)
```

Return an arg session.

A session provides the control interface necessary to describe how integral and floating-point arguments are laid out into memory. The default behavior is that there are a finite list of int-only and fp-only argument slots, and an infinite number of generic slots, and when an argument of a given type is requested, the most slot available is used. If you need different behavior, subclass ArgSession.

You need to provide the return type of the function in order to kick off an arg layout session.

```
Parameters
```

```
ret_ty (SimType / None) -
return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
stack_space(args)
```

#### **Parameters**

args – A list of SimFunctionArguments

# Returns

The number of bytes that should be allocated on the stack to store all these args, NOT IN-CLUDING the return address.

```
return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
```

The location the return value is stored, based on its type.

# property return\_addr

The location the return address is stored.

```
next_arg(session, arg_type)
```

## **Parameters**

```
• session (ArgSession) -
```

```
• arg_type (SimType) -
```

```
static is_fp_value(val)
```

```
static guess_prototype(args, prototype=None)
```

Come up with a plausible SimTypeFunction for the given args (as would be passed to e.g. setup callsite).

You can pass a variadic function prototype in the *base\_type* parameter and all its arguments will be used, only guessing types for the variadic arguments.

```
arg_locs(prototype)
```

## Return type

List[SimFunctionArgument]

```
get_args(state, prototype, stack_base=None)
set_return_val(state, val, ty, stack_base=None, perspective_returned=False)
setup_callsite(state, ret_addr, args, prototype, stack_base=None, alloc_base=None, grow_like_stack=True)
```

This function performs the actions of the caller getting ready to jump into a function.

#### **Parameters**

- **state** The SimState to operate on
- ret\_addr The address to return to when the called function finishes
- args The list of arguments that that the called function will see
- **prototype** The signature of the call you're making. Should include variadic args concretely.
- **stack\_base** An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc\_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- grow\_like\_stack When allocating data at alloc\_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *PointerWrapper*.

If stack\_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc\_base is not provided, the stack base will be used and grow\_like\_stack will implicitly be True.

grow\_like\_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc\_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc\_base. If you set alloc\_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow\_like\_stack to False so that sequential allocations happen at increasing addresses.

**teardown\_callsite**(state, return\_val=None, prototype=None, force\_callee\_cleanup=False)

This function performs the actions of the callee as it's getting ready to return. It returns the address to return to.

# **Parameters**

- **state** The state to mutate
- return\_val The value to return
- **prototype** The prototype of the given function
- **force\_callee\_cleanup** If we should clean up the stack allocation for the arguments even if it's not the callee's job to do so

TODO: support the stack\_base parameter from setup\_callsite...? Does that make sense in this context? Maybe it could make sense by saying that you pass it in as something like the "saved base pointer" value?

static find\_cc(arch, args, sp\_delta, platform='Linux')

Pinpoint the best-fit calling convention and return the corresponding SimCC instance, or None if no fit is found.

# **Parameters**

- arch (Arch) An ArchX instance. Can be obtained from archinfo.
- **args** (List[SimFunctionArgument]) A list of arguments. It may be updated by the first matched calling convention to remove non-argument arguments.
- **sp\_delta** (int) The change of stack pointer before and after the call is made.
- platform (str) -

## Return type

Optional[SimCC]

#### Returns

A calling convention instance, or None if none of the SimCC subclasses seems to fit the arguments provided.

```
get_arg_info(state, prototype)
```

This is just a simple wrapper that collects the information from various locations prototype is as passed to self.arg\_locs and self.get\_args :param angr.SimState state: The state to evaluate and extract the values from :return: A list of tuples, where the nth tuple is (type, name, location, value) of the nth argument

class angr.SimFileBase(name=None, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=False, file\_exists=True, \*\*kwargs)
Bases: SimStatePlugin

SimFiles are the storage mechanisms used by SimFileDescriptors.

Different types of SimFiles can have drastically different interfaces, and as a result there's not much that can be specified on this base class. All the read and write methods take a pos argument, which may have different semantics per-class. 0 will always be a valid position to use, though, and the next position you should use is part of the return tuple.

Some simfiles are "streams", meaning that the position that reads come from is determined not by the position you pass in (it will in fact be ignored), but by an internal variable. This is stored as .pos if you care to read it. Don't write to it. The same lack-of-semantics applies to this field as well.

## **Variables**

- name The name of the file. Purely for cosmetic purposes
- **ident** The identifier of the file, typically autogenerated from the name and a nonce. Purely for cosmetic purposes, but does appear in symbolic values autogenerated in the file.
- **seekable** Bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed. If this is True, then pos must be a number of bytes from the start of the file.
- writable Bool indicating whether writing to this file is allowed.
- pos If the file is a stream, this will be the current position. Otherwise, None.
- **concrete** Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.
- file\_exists Set to False, if file does not exists, set to a claripy Bool if unknown, default True.

```
seekable = False

pos = None
__init__(name=None, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=False, file_exists=True, **kwargs)
static make_ident(name)
```

#### concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file. The type of the return value of this method will vary depending on which kind of SimFile you're using.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

#### **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

## Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

write(pos, data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data to the file.

#### **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

## **Returns**

The new file position pointer.

## property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# state: angr.SimState

**class** angr.**SimFile**(name=None, content=None, size=None, has\_end=None, seekable=True, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimFileBase, DefaultMemory

The normal SimFile is meant to model files on disk. It subclasses SimSymbolicMemory so loads and stores to/from it are very simple.

### **Parameters**

- name The name of the file
- content Optional initial content for the file as a string or bitvector

- size Optional size of the file. If content is not specified, it defaults to zero
- has\_end Whether the size boundary is treated as the end of the file or a frontier at
  which new content will be generated. If unspecified, will pick its value based on options.FILES\_HAVE\_EOF. Another caveat is that if the size is also unspecified this value
  will default to False.
- seekable Optional bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed, default True.
- writable Whether writing to this file is allowed
- **concrete** Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.

#### Variables

**has\_end** – Whether this file has an EOF

\_\_init\_\_(name=None, content=None, size=None, has\_end=None, seekable=True, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=None, \*\*kwargs)

## property category

reg, mem, or file.

## **Type**

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

## set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

#### property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

# concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file, as a flat bytestring.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

#### **Parameters**

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data to the file.

## **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

**merge**(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

## widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimPackets(name, write\_mode=None, content=None, writable=True, ident=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimFileBase

The SimPackets is meant to model inputs whose content is delivered a series of asynchronous chunks. The data is stored as a list of read or write results. For symbolic sizes, state.libc.max\_packet\_size will be respected. If the SHORT\_READS option is enabled, reads will return a symbolic size constrained to be less than or equal to the requested size.

A SimPackets cannot be used for both reading and writing - for socket objects that can be both read and written to you should use a file descriptor to multiplex the read and write operations into two separate file storage mechanisms.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- write\_mode Whether this file is opened in read or write mode. If this is unspecified it will be autodetected.
- **content** Some initial content to use for the file. Can be a list of bytestrings or a list of tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

# Variables

- write\_mode See the eponymous parameter
- **content** A list of packets, as tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

\_\_init\_\_(name, write\_mode=None, content=None, writable=True, ident=None, \*\*kwargs)

```
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

# property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
concretize(**kwargs)
```

Returns a list of the packets read or written as bytestrings.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read a packet from the stream.

# **Parameters**

• **pos** (*int*) – The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.

- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short\_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, \*\*kwargs)

Write a packet to the stream.

#### **Parameters**

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

#### Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say  $zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)$ 

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### **Returns**

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

**class** angr.**SimFileStream**(name=None, content=None, pos=0, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimFile

A specialized SimFile that uses a flat memory backing, but functions as a stream, tracking its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimFile constructor.

## **Variables**

```
pos – The current position in the file.
```

```
__init__(name=None, content=None, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

# set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

## **Parameters**

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(_, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

#### **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

#### Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimPacketsStream(name, pos=0, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimPackets

A specialized SimPackets that tracks its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimPackets constructor.

## Variables

**pos** – The current position in the file.

```
__init__(name, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read a packet from the stream.

## **Parameters**

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short\_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

```
write(_, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write a packet to the stream.

# **Parameters**

• **pos** (*int*) – The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.

- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

# class angr.SimFileDescriptor(simfile, flags=0)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A simple file descriptor forwarding reads and writes to a SimFile. Contains information about the current opened state of the file, such as the flags or (if relevant) the current position.

## **Variables**

- **file** The SimFile described to by this descriptor
- flags The mode that the file descriptor was opened with, a bitfield of flags

```
__init__(simfile, flags=0)
```

read\_data(size, \*\*kwargs)

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

#### **Parameters**

size – The requested length of the read

## Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

```
write_data(data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

#### **Parameters**

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

## **Returns**

The real length of the write

```
seek(offset, whence='start')
```

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

## **Parameters**

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

## **Returns**

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

# eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

# tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

# size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

#### concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying file. Returns whatever format is preferred by the file.

# property file\_exists

This should be True in most cases. Only if we opened an fd of unknown existence, ALL\_FILES\_EXIST is False and ANY\_FILE\_MIGHT\_EXIST is True, this is a symbolic boolean.

## property read\_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

## property write\_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

## property read\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

# property write\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

#### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

# copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

## Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex(read\_file, write\_file)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A file descriptor that refers to two file storage mechanisms, one to read from and one to write to. As a result, operations like seek, eof, etc no longer make sense.

#### **Parameters**

- read\_file The SimFile to read from
- write\_file The SimFile to write to

```
__init__(read_file, write_file)
```

```
read_data(size, **kwargs)
```

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

# **Parameters**

size - The requested length of the read

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

# write\_data(data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

#### **Parameters**

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

#### Returns

The real length of the write

# set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

## eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

# tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

# seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

## **Parameters**

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

## Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

### size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

## concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying files, as a tuple of (read file, write file).

## property read\_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

## property write\_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

# property read\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

## property write\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## **Return type**

bool

state: angr.SimState

## class angr.SimMount

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the base class for "mount points" in angr's simulated filesystem. Subclass this class and give it to the filesystem to intercept all file creations and opens below the mountpoint. Since this a SimStatePlugin you may also want to implement set\_state, copy, merge, etc.

# get(path\_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

# **Parameters**

**path\_elements** – A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A SimFile, or None

# insert(path\_elements, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

## **Parameters**

- path\_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

#### **Returns**

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

# delete(path\_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

# **Parameters**

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

# lookup(sim\_file)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

## **Parameters**

sim\_file - A SimFile object needs to be looked up

#### Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

# state: angr.SimState

## class angr.SimHostFilesystem(host\_path=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcreteFilesystem

Simulated mount that makes some piece from the host filesystem available to the guest.

#### **Parameters**

- host\_path (str) The path on the host to mount
- pathsep (str) The host path separator character, default os.path.sep

```
__init__(host_path=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

**class** angr.**SimHeapBrk**(heap base=None, heap size=None)

Bases: SimHeapBase

SimHeapBrk represents a trivial heap implementation based on the Unix *brk* system call. This type of heap stores virtually no metadata, so it is up to the user to determine when it is safe to release memory. This also means that it does not properly support standard heap operations like *realloc*.

This heap implementation is a holdover from before any more proper implementations were modelled. At the time, various libc (or win32) SimProcedures handled the heap in the same way that this plugin does now. To make future heap implementations plug-and-playable, they should implement the necessary logic themselves, and dependent SimProcedures should invoke a method by the same name as theirs (prepended with an underscore) upon the heap plugin. Depending on the heap implementation, if the method is not supported, an error should be raised.

Out of consideration for the original way the heap was handled, this plugin implements functionality for all relevant SimProcedures (even those that would not normally be supported together in a single heap implementation).

## **Variables**

**heap\_location** – the address of the top of the heap, bounding the allocations made starting from *heap\_base* 

```
__init__(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## allocate(sim size)

The actual allocation primitive for this heap implementation. Increases the position of the break to allocate space. Has no guards against the heap growing too large.

## **Parameters**

**sim\_size** – a size specifying how much to increase the break pointer by

#### Returns

a pointer to the previous break position, above which there is now allocated space

# release(sim\_size)

The memory release primitive for this heap implementation. Decreases the position of the break to deallocate space. Guards against releasing beyond the initial heap base.

#### **Parameters**

**sim\_size** – a size specifying how much to decrease the break pointer by (may be symbolic or not)

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say  $zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)$ 

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

## Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.SimHeapPTMalloc(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapFreelist

A freelist-style heap implementation inspired by ptmalloc. The chunks used by this heap contain heap metadata in addition to user data. While the real-world ptmalloc is implemented using multiple lists of free chunks (corresponding to their different sizes), this more basic model uses a single list of chunks and searches for free chunks using a first-fit algorithm.

**NOTE:** The plugin must be registered using register\_plugin with name heap in order to function properly.

#### **Variables**

- **heap\_base** the address of the base of the heap in memory
- heap\_size the total size of the main memory region managed by the heap in memory
- mmap\_base the address of the region from which large mmap allocations will be made
- **free\_head\_chunk** the head of the linked list of free chunks in the heap

\_\_init\_\_(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

 $\mathbf{memo}$  – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the chunks in the heap.

# allocated\_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the allocated chunks in the heap.

# free\_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the free chunks in the heap.

## chunk\_from\_mem(ptr)

Given a pointer to a user payload, return the base of the chunk associated with that payload (i.e. the chunk pointer). Returns None if ptr is null.

#### **Parameters**

**ptr** – a pointer to the base of a user payload in the heap

#### Returns

a pointer to the base of the associated heap chunk, or None if ptr is null

## malloc(sim size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc *malloc*.

## **Parameters**

**sim\_size** – the amount of memory (in bytes) to be allocated

## Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

# free(ptr)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc free.

#### **Parameters**

ptr – the location in memory to be freed

## calloc(sim nmemb, sim size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc calloc.

# **Parameters**

- sim\_nmemb the number of elements to allocated
- **sim\_size** the size of each element (in bytes)

#### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

# realloc(ptr, size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc realloc.

#### **Parameters**

- ullet **ptr** the location in memory to be reallocated
- **size** the new size desired for the allocation

### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation was freed or if no new allocation was made

# merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

## Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# **Return type**

bool

# init\_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
state: angr.SimState
```

**class** angr.**PTChunk**(base, sim\_state, heap=None)

Bases: Chunk

A chunk, inspired by the implementation of chunks in ptmalloc. Provides a representation of a chunk via a view into the memory plugin. For the chunk definitions and docs that this was loosely based off of, see glibc malloc/malloc.c, line 1033, as of commit 5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f. Alternatively, take the following link. https://sourceware.org/git/?p=glibc.git;a=blob;f=malloc/malloc.c;h=67cdfd0ad2f003964cd0f7dfe3bcd85ca98528a7;hb=5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f#11033

#### **Variables**

- base the location of the base of the chunk in memory
- **state** the program state that the chunk is resident in
- heap the heap plugin that the chunk is managed by

```
__init__(base, sim_state, heap=None)
```

# get\_size()

Returns the actual size of a chunk (as opposed to the entire size field, which may include some flags).

## get\_data\_size()

Returns the size of the data portion of a chunk.

# set\_size(size, is\_free=None)

Use this to set the size on a chunk. When the chunk is new (such as when a free chunk is shrunk to form an allocated chunk and a remainder free chunk) it is recommended that the is\_free hint be used since setting the size depends on the chunk's freeness, and vice versa.

## **Parameters**

- size size of the chunk
- is\_free boolean indicating the chunk's freeness

## set\_prev\_freeness(is\_free)

Sets (or unsets) the flag controlling whether the previous chunk is free.

#### **Parameters**

**is\_free** – if True, sets the previous chunk to be free; if False, sets it to be allocated

#### is\_prev\_free()

Returns a concrete state of the flag indicating whether the previous chunk is free or not. Issues a warning if that flag is symbolic and has multiple solutions, and then assumes that the previous chunk is free.

#### Returns

True if the previous chunk is free; False otherwise

# prev\_size()

Returns the size of the previous chunk, masking off what would be the flag bits if it were in the actual size field. Performs NO CHECKING to determine whether the previous chunk size is valid (for example, when the previous chunk is not free, its size cannot be determined).

## is\_free()

Returns a concrete determination as to whether the chunk is free.

## data\_ptr()

Returns the address of the payload of the chunk.

# next\_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately following (and adjacent to) this one, if it exists.

#### Returns

The following chunk, or None if applicable

# prev\_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately prior (and adjacent) to this one, if that chunk is free. If the prior chunk is not free, then its base cannot be located and this method raises an error.

#### Returns

If possible, the previous chunk; otherwise, raises an error

## fwd\_chunk()

Returns the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

#### Returns

If possible, the forward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

# set\_fwd\_chunk(fwd)

Sets the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

#### **Parameters**

**fwd** – the chunk to follow this chunk in the list of free chunks

## bck\_chunk()

Returns the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

#### Returns

If possible, the backward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

# set\_bck\_chunk(bck)

Sets the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

#### **Parameters**

**bck** – the chunk to precede this chunk in the list of free chunks

**class** angr.**Server**(project, spill\_yard=None, db=None, max\_workers=None, max\_states=10, staging\_max=10, bucketizer=True, recursion\_limit=1000, worker\_exit\_callback=None, techniques=None, add\_options=None, remove\_options=None)

Bases: object

Server implements the analysis server with a series of control interfaces exposed.

# Variables

- project An instance of angr.Project.
- **spill\_yard** (*str*) A directory to store spilled states.
- **db** (str) Path of the database that stores information about spilled states.
- max\_workers (int) Maximum number of workers. Each worker starts a new process.
- max\_states (int) Maximum number of active states for each worker.
- **staging\_max** (*int*) Maximum number of inactive states that are kept into memory before spilled onto the disk and potentially be picked up by another worker.
- **bucketizer** (*bool*) Use the Bucketizer exploration strategy.
- \_worker\_exit\_callback A method that will be called upon the exit of each worker.
- \_\_init\_\_(project, spill\_yard=None, db=None, max\_workers=None, max\_states=10, staging\_max=10, bucketizer=True, recursion\_limit=1000, worker\_exit\_callback=None, techniques=None, add\_options=None, remove\_options=None)

```
inc_active_workers()
```

dec\_active\_workers()

stop()

```
property active_workers
     property stopped
     on_worker_exit(worker_id, stashes)
     run()
class angr.KnowledgeBase(project, obj=None, name=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents a "model" of knowledge about an artifact.
     Contains things like a CFG, data references, etc.
     functions: FunctionManager
     variables: VariableManager
     structured_code: StructuredCodeManager
     defs: KeyDefinitionManager
     cfgs: CFGManager
     types: TypesStore
     propagations: PropagationManager
     xrefs: XRefManager
     __init__(project, obj=None, name=None)
     property callgraph
     property unresolved_indirect_jumps
     property resolved_indirect_jumps
     has_plugin(name)
     get_plugin(name)
     register_plugin(name, plugin)
     release_plugin(name)
     K = \sim K
     get_knowledge(requested_plugin_cls)
```

Type inference safe method to request a knowledge base plugin Explicitly passing the type of the requested plugin achieves two things: 1. Every location using this plugin can be easily found with an IDE by searching explicit references to the type 2. Basic type inference can deduce the result type and properly type check usages of it

If there isn't already an instance of this class None will be returned to make it clear to the caller that there is no existing knowledge of this type yet. The code that initially creates this knowledge should use the *register\_plugin* method to register the initial knowledge state :type requested\_plugin\_cls: Type[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :param requested\_plugin\_cls: :rtype: Optional[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :return: Instance of the requested plugin class or null if it is not a known plugin

# 10.1 Project

angr.project.load\_shellcode(shellcode, arch, start\_offset=0, load\_address=0, thumb=False, \*\*kwargs)

Load a new project based on a snippet of assembly or bytecode.

## **Parameters**

- **shellcode** (Union[bytes, str]) The data to load, as either a bytestring of instructions or a string of assembly text
- arch The name of the arch to use, or an archinfo class
- **start\_offset** The offset into the data to start analysis (default 0)
- **load\_address** The address to place the data in memory (default 0)
- thumb Whether this is ARM Thumb shellcode

Bases: object

This is the main class of the angr module. It is meant to contain a set of binaries and the relationships between them, and perform analyses on them.

## **Parameters**

- **thing** The path to the main executable object to analyze, or a CLE Loader object.
- arch (Arch) -
- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

The following parameters are optional.

### **Parameters**

• **default\_analysis\_mode** – The mode of analysis to use by default. Defaults to 'symbolic'.

- **ignore\_functions** A list of function names that, when imported from shared libraries, should never be stepped into in analysis (calls will return an unconstrained value).
- **use\_sim\_procedures** Whether to replace resolved dependencies for which simprocedures are available with said simprocedures.
- exclude\_sim\_procedures\_func A function that, when passed a function name, returns whether or not to wrap it with a simprocedure.
- **exclude\_sim\_procedures\_list** A list of functions to *not* wrap with simprocedures.
- **arch** The target architecture (auto-detected otherwise).
- **simos** a SimOS class to use for this project.
- **engine** The SimEngine class to use for this project.
- **translation\_cache** (*bool*) If True, cache translated basic blocks rather than retranslating them.
- **selfmodifying\_code** (bool) Whether we aggressively support self-modifying code. When enabled, emulation will try to read code from the current state instead of the original memory, regardless of the current memory protections.
- **store\_function** A function that defines how the Project should be stored. Default to pickling.
- **load\_function** A function that defines how the Project should be loaded. Default to unpickling.
- analyses\_preset (angr.misc.PluginPreset) The plugin preset for the analyses provider (i.e. Analyses instance).
- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

Any additional keyword arguments passed will be passed onto cle.Loader.

#### **Variables**

- **analyses** The available analyses.
- **entry** The program entrypoint.
- factory Provides access to important analysis elements such as path groups and symbolic
  execution results
- **filename** The filename of the executable.
- **loader** The program loader.
- **storage** Dictionary of things that should be loaded/stored with the Project.

## **Parameters**

- arch (Arch) -
- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

10.1. Project 213

\_\_init\_\_(thing, default\_analysis\_mode=None, ignore\_functions=None, use\_sim\_procedures=True, exclude\_sim\_procedures\_func=None, exclude\_sim\_procedures\_list=(), arch=None, simos=None, engine=None, load\_options=None, translation\_cache=True, selfmodifying\_code=False, support\_selfmodifying\_code=None, store\_function=None, load\_function=None, analyses\_preset=None, concrete\_target=None, eager\_ifunc\_resolution=None, \*\*kwargs')

#### **Parameters**

- load\_options (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool) -
- support\_selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -

arch: Arch

property analyses: AnalysesHubWithDefault

**hook**(addr, hook=None, length=0, kwargs=None, replace=False)

Hook a section of code with a custom function. This is used internally to provide symbolic summaries of library functions, and can be used to instrument execution or to modify control flow.

When hook is not specified, it returns a function decorator that allows easy hooking. Usage:

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address to hook.
- hook A angr.project.Hook describing a procedure to run at the given address. You may also pass in a SimProcedure class or a function directly and it will be wrapped in a Hook object for you.
- **length** If you provide a function for the hook, this is the number of bytes that will be skipped by executing the hook by default.
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false (default), warn and do not replace the hook. If none, warn and replace the hook.

#### is\_hooked(addr)

Returns True if addr is hooked.

## **Parameters**

addr - An address.

## Return type

bool

#### Returns

True if addr is hooked, False otherwise.

## hooked\_by(addr)

Returns the current hook for addr.

#### **Parameters**

addr - An address.

### Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

#### Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

#### unhook(addr)

Remove a hook.

### **Parameters**

**addr** – The address of the hook.

## hook\_symbol(symbol\_name, simproc, kwargs=None, replace=None)

Resolve a dependency in a binary. Looks up the address of the given symbol, and then hooks that address. If the symbol was not available in the loaded libraries, this address may be provided by the CLE externs object.

Additionally, if instead of a symbol name you provide an address, some secret functionality will kick in and you will probably just hook that address, UNLESS you're on powerpc64 ABIv1 or some yet-unknown scary ABI that has its function pointers point to something other than the actual functions, in which case it'll do the right thing.

#### **Parameters**

- **symbol\_name** The name of the dependency to resolve.
- **simproc** The SimProcedure instance (or function) with which to hook the symbol
- **kwargs** If you provide a SimProcedure for the hook, these are the keyword arguments that will be passed to the procedure's *run* method eventually.
- **replace** (Optional[bool]) Control the behavior on finding that the address is already hooked. If true, silently replace the hook. If false, warn and do not replace the hook. If none (default), warn and replace the hook.

## Returns

The address of the new symbol.

### Return type

int

## symbol\_hooked\_by(symbol\_name)

Return the SimProcedure, if it exists, for the given symbol name.

## **Parameters**

**symbol\_name** (str) – Name of the symbol.

## Return type

Optional[SimProcedure]

#### Returns

None if the address is not hooked.

## is\_symbol\_hooked(symbol\_name)

Check if a symbol is already hooked.

10.1. Project 215

#### **Parameters**

**symbol\_name** (str) – Name of the symbol.

#### Returns

True if the symbol can be resolved and is hooked, False otherwise.

## Return type

bool

### unhook\_symbol(symbol name)

Remove the hook on a symbol. This function will fail if the symbol is provided by the extern object, as that would result in a state where analysis would be unable to cope with a call to this symbol.

```
rehook_symbol(new_address, symbol_name, stubs_on_sync)
```

Move the hook for a symbol to a specific address: type new\_address: :param new\_address: the new address that will trigger the SimProc execution: type symbol\_name: :param symbol\_name: the name of the symbol (f.i. strcmp): return: None

```
execute(*args, **kwargs)
```

This function is a symbolic execution helper in the simple style supported by triton and manticore. It designed to be run after setting up hooks (see Project.hook), in which the symbolic state can be checked.

This function can be run in three different ways:

- When run with no parameters, this function begins symbolic execution from the entrypoint.
- It can also be run with a "state" parameter specifying a SimState to begin symbolic execution from.
- Finally, it can accept any arbitrary keyword arguments, which are all passed to project.factory.full\_init\_state.

If symbolic execution finishes, this function returns the resulting simulation manager.

## terminate\_execution()

Terminates a symbolic execution that was started with Project.execute().

#### **class** angr.factory.**AngrObjectFactory**(project, default\_engine=None)

Bases: object

This factory provides access to important analysis elements.

#### **Parameters**

```
default_engine (Type[SimEngine] | None) -
__init__(project, default_engine=None)
```

## **Parameters**

```
default_engine (Type[SimEngine] / None) -
```

snippet(addr, jumpkind=None, \*\*block opts)

```
successors(*args, engine=None, **kwargs)
```

Perform execution using an engine. Generally, return a SimSuccessors object classifying the results of the run.

## **Parameters**

- **state** The state to analyze
- **engine** The engine to use. If not provided, will use the project default.
- addr optional, an address to execute at instead of the state's ip
- jumpkind optional, the jumpkind of the previous exit

• **inline** – This is an inline execution. Do not bother copying the state.

Additional keyword arguments will be passed directly into each engine's process method.

## blank\_state(\*\*kwargs)

Returns a mostly-uninitialized state object. All parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address the state should start at instead of the entry point.
- **initial\_prefix** If this is provided, all symbolic registers will hold symbolic values with names prefixed by this string.
- **fs** A dictionary of file names with associated preset SimFile objects.
- **concrete\_fs** bool describing whether the host filesystem should be consulted when opening files.
- **chroot** A path to use as a fake root directory, Behaves similarly to a real chroot. Used only when concrete\_fs is set to True.
- **kwargs** Any additional keyword args will be passed to the SimState constructor.

#### Returns

The blank state.

## Return type

SimState

## entry\_state(\*\*kwargs)

Returns a state object representing the program at its entry point. All parameters are optional.

## **Parameters**

- addr The address the state should start at instead of the entry point.
- **initial\_prefix** If this is provided, all symbolic registers will hold symbolic values with names prefixed by this string.
- **fs** a dictionary of file names with associated preset SimFile objects.
- **concrete\_fs** boolean describing whether the host filesystem should be consulted when opening files.
- **chroot** a path to use as a fake root directory, behaves similar to a real chroot. used only when concrete\_fs is set to True.
- **argc** a custom value to use for the program's argc. May be either an int or a bitvector. If not provided, defaults to the length of args.
- args a list of values to use as the program's argv. May be mixed strings and bitvectors.
- **env** a dictionary to use as the environment for the program. Both keys and values may be mixed strings and bitvectors.

## Returns

The entry state.

#### Return type

SimState

10.1. Project 217

### full\_init\_state(\*\*kwargs)

Very much like <code>entry\_state()</code>, except that instead of starting execution at the program entry point, execution begins at a special SimProcedure that plays the role of the dynamic loader, calling each of the initializer functions that should be called before execution reaches the entry point.

It can take any of the arguments that can be provided to entry\_state, except for addr.

## call\_state(addr, \*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a state object initialized to the start of a given function, as if it were called with given parameters.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address the state should start at instead of the entry point.
- args Any additional positional arguments will be used as arguments to the function call.

The following parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- base\_state Use this SimState as the base for the new state instead of a blank state.
- cc Optionally provide a SimCC object to use a specific calling convention.
- ret\_addr Use this address as the function's return target.
- stack\_base An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc\_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- grow\_like\_stack When allocating data at alloc\_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses
- toc The address of the table of contents for ppc64
- **initial\_prefix** If this is provided, all symbolic registers will hold symbolic values with names prefixed by this string.
- **fs** A dictionary of file names with associated preset SimFile objects.
- **concrete\_fs** bool describing whether the host filesystem should be consulted when opening files.
- **chroot** A path to use as a fake root directory, Behaves similarly to a real chroot. Used only when concrete\_fs is set to True.
- **kwargs** Any additional keyword args will be passed to the SimState constructor.

#### **Returns**

The state at the beginning of the function.

### Return type

SimState

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *SimCC.PointerWrapper*. Any value that can't fit in a register will be automatically put in a PointerWrapper.

If stack\_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc\_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. You might not like the results if you provide stack\_base but not alloc\_base.

grow\_like\_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc\_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc\_base. If you set alloc\_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow\_like\_stack to False so that sequencial allocations happen at increasing addresses.

## simulation\_manager(thing=None, \*\*kwargs)

Constructs a new simulation manager.

#### **Parameters**

- **thing** (Union[List[SimState], SimState, None]) What to put in the new Simulation-Manager's active stash (either a SimState or a list of SimStates).
- kwargs Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the SimulationManager constructor

#### **Returns**

The new SimulationManager

## **Return type**

angr.sim\_manager.SimulationManager

Many different types can be passed to this method:

- If nothing is passed in, the SimulationManager is seeded with a state initialized for the program entry point, i.e. <code>entry\_state()</code>.
- If a SimState is passed in, the SimulationManager is seeded with that state.
- If a list is passed in, the list must contain only SimStates and the whole list will be used to seed the SimulationManager.

```
simgr(*args, **kwargs)
```

Alias for simulation\_manager to save our poor fingers

**callable**(addr, prototype=None, concrete\_only=False, perform\_merge=True, base\_state=None, toc=None, cc=None, add\_options=None, remove\_options=None)

A Callable is a representation of a function in the binary that can be interacted with like a native python function.

### **Parameters**

- addr The address of the function to use
- **prototype** The prototype of the call to use, as a string or a SimTypeFunction
- **concrete\_only** Throw an exception if the execution splits into multiple states
- **perform\_merge** Merge all result states into one at the end (only relevant if concrete only=False)
- base\_state The state from which to do these runs
- toc The address of the table of contents for ppc64
- cc The SimCC to use for a calling convention

#### Returns

A Callable object that can be used as a interface for executing guest code like a python function.

## Return type

angr.callable.Callable

10.1. Project 219

cc()

```
Return a SimCC (calling convention) parameterized for this project.
          Relevant subclasses of SimFunctionArgument are SimRegArg and SimStackArg, and shortcuts to them can
          be found on this cc object.
          For stack arguments, offsets are relative to the stack pointer on function entry.
     function_prototype()
          Return a default function prototype parameterized for this project and SimOS.
     block(addr, size=None, max_size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False, backup_state=None,
             extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0, insn_bytes=None,
             insn text=None, strict block end=None, collect data refs=False, cross insn opt=True,
             load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     fresh_block(addr, size, backup state=None)
class angr.block.DisassemblerBlock(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     Bases: object
     Helper class to represent a block of dissassembled target architecture instructions
     __init__(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     addr
     insns
     thumb
     arch
     pp()
class angr.block.DisassemblerInsn
     Bases: object
     Helper class to represent a disassembled target architecture instruction
     property size: int
     property address: int
     property mnemonic: str
     property op_str: str
class angr.block.CapstoneBlock(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     Bases: DisassemblerBlock
     Deep copy of the capstone blocks, which have serious issues with having extended lifespans outside of capstone
class angr.block.CapstoneInsn(capstone insn)
     Bases: DisassemblerInsn
     Represents a capstone instruction.
     __init__(capstone_insn)
```

```
insn
     property size: int
     property address: int
     property mnemonic: str
     property op_str: str
class angr.block.Block(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None,
                          thumb=False, backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None,
                          num_inst=None, traceflags=0, strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False,
                          cross_insn_opt=True, load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Represents a basic block in a binary or a program.
     BLOCK_MAX_SIZE = 4096
     __init__(addr, project=None, arch=None, size=None, byte_string=None, vex=None, thumb=False,
               backup_state=None, extra_stop_points=None, opt_level=None, num_inst=None, traceflags=0,
               strict_block_end=None, collect_data_refs=False, cross_insn_opt=True,
               load_from_ro_regions=False, initial_regs=None)
     arch
     thumb
     addr
     size
     pp(**kwargs)
     set_initial_regs()
     static reset_initial_regs()
     property vex: IRSB
     property vex_nostmt
     property disassembly: DisassemblerBlock
          Provide a disassembly object using whatever disassembler is available
     property capstone
     property codenode
     property bytes
     property instructions
     property instruction_addrs
```

10.1. Project 221

```
serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.block.SootBlock(addr, project=None, arch=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents a Soot IR basic block.
     __init__(addr, project=None, arch=None)
     property soot
     property size
```

# 10.2 Plugin Ecosystem

property codenode

```
class angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub
```

Bases: Generic[P]

A plugin hub is an object which contains many plugins, as well as the notion of a "preset", or a backer that can provide default implementations of plugins which cater to a certain circumstance.

Objects in angr like the SimState, the Analyses hub, the SimEngine selector, etc all use this model to unify their mechanisms for automatically collecting and selecting components to use. If you're familiar with design patterns this is a configurable Strategy Pattern.

Each PluginHub subclass should have a corresponding Plugin subclass, and perhaps a PluginPreset subclass if it wants its presets to be able to specify anything more interesting than a list of defaults.

```
__init__()
classmethod register_default(name, plugin_cls, preset='default')
classmethod register_preset(name, preset)
```

Register a preset instance with the class of the hub it corresponds to. This allows individual plugin objects to automatically register themselves with a preset by using a classmethod of their own with only the name of the preset to register with.

### property plugin\_preset

Get the current active plugin preset

## property has\_plugin\_preset: bool

Check whether or not there is a plugin preset in use on this hub right now

### use\_plugin\_preset(preset)

Apply a preset to the hub. If there was a previously active preset, discard it.

Preset can be either the string name of a preset or a PluginPreset instance.

## discard\_plugin\_preset()

Discard the current active preset. Will release any active plugins that could have come from the old preset.

## get\_plugin(name)

Get the plugin named name. If no such plugin is currently active, try to activate a new one using the current preset.

## Return type

TypeVar(P)

#### **Parameters**

name (str) -

#### has\_plugin(name)

Return whether or not a plugin with the name name is currently active.

## register\_plugin(name, plugin)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

## **Parameters**

name (str) -

## release\_plugin(name)

Deactivate and remove the plugin with name name.

## class angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset

```
Bases: object
```

A plugin preset object contains a mapping from name to a plugin class. A preset can be active on a hub, which will cause it to handle requests for plugins which are not already present on the hub.

Unlike Plugins and PluginHubs, instances of PluginPresets are defined on the module level for individual presets. You should register the preset instance with a hub to allow plugins to easily add themselves to the preset without an explicit reference to the preset itself.

```
__init__()
```

## activate(hub)

This method is called when the preset becomes active on a hub.

#### deactivate(hub)

This method is called when the preset is discarded from the hub.

## add\_default\_plugin(name, plugin\_cls)

Add a plugin to the preset.

## list\_default\_plugins()

Return a list of the names of available default plugins.

#### request\_plugin(name)

Return the plugin class which is registered under the name name, or raise NoPlugin if the name isn't available.

#### **Return type**

Type[TypeVar(P)]

#### **Parameters**

name (str) -

copy()

Return a copy of self.

## class angr.misc.plugins.PluginVendor

Bases: Generic[P], PluginHub[P]

A specialized hub which serves only as a plugin vendor, never having any "active" plugins. It will directly return the plugins provided by the preset instead of instanciating them.

## release\_plugin(name)

Deactivate and remove the plugin with name name.

## register\_plugin(name, plugin)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

## class angr.misc.plugins.VendorPreset

Bases: PluginPreset

A specialized preset class for use with the PluginVendor.

# 10.3 Program State

```
angr.sim_state.arch_overrideable(f)
```

Bases: PluginHub

The SimState represents the state of a program, including its memory, registers, and so forth.

#### **Parameters**

- project (angr.Project) The project instance.
- arch (archinfo.Arch | str) The architecture of the state.

## Variables

- regs A convenient view of the state's registers, where each register is a property
- mem A convenient view of the state's memory, a angr.state\_plugins.view.
   SimMemView
- registers The state's register file as a flat memory region
- memory The state's memory as a flat memory region

- solver The symbolic solver and variable manager for this state
- inspect The breakpoint manager, a angr.state\_plugins.inspect.SimInspector
- log Information about the state's history
- scratch Information about the current execution step
- posix MISNOMER: information about the operating system or environment model
- **fs** The current state of the simulated filesystem
- libc Information about the standard library we are emulating
- cgc Information about the cgc environment
- uc\_manager Control of under-constrained symbolic execution
- unicorn Control of the Unicorn Engine

solver: SimSolver

posix: SimSystemPosix

registers: DefaultMemory

regs: SimRegNameView

memory: DefaultMemory

callstack: CallStack

mem: SimMemView

history: SimStateHistory

inspect: SimInspector

jni\_references: SimStateJNIReferences

scratch: SimStateScratch

\_\_init\_\_(project=None, arch=None, plugins=None, mode=None, options=None, add\_options=None, remove\_options=None, special\_memory\_filler=None, os\_name=None, plugin\_preset='default', cle\_memory\_backer=None, dict\_memory\_backer=None, permissions\_map=None, default\_permissions=3, stack\_perms=None, stack\_end=None, stack\_size=None, regioned\_memory\_cls=None, \*\*kwargs')

## property plugins

#### property se

Deprecated alias for solver

### property ip

Get the instruction pointer expression, trigger SimInspect breakpoints, and generate SimActions. Use \_ip to not trigger breakpoints or generate actions.

#### Returns

an expression

10.3. Program State

## property addr

Get the concrete address of the instruction pointer, without triggering SimInspect breakpoints or generating SimActions. An integer is returned, or an exception is raised if the instruction pointer is symbolic.

#### Returns

an int

## property arch: Arch

 $T = \sim T$ 

## get\_plugin(name)

Get the plugin named name. If no such plugin is currently active, try to activate a new one using the current preset.

## has\_plugin(name)

Return whether or not a plugin with the name name is currently active.

## register\_plugin(name, plugin, inhibit\_init=False)

Add a new plugin plugin with name name to the active plugins.

## property javavm\_memory

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the memory plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

#### Returns

The JavaVM view of the memory plugin.

## property javavm\_registers

In case of an JavaVM with JNI support, a state can store the registers plugin twice; one for the native and one for the java view of the state.

#### Returns

The JavaVM view of the registers plugin.

## simplify(\*args)

Simplify this state's constraints.

## add\_constraints(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Add some constraints to the state.

You may pass in any number of symbolic booleans as variadic positional arguments.

## satisfiable(\*\*kwargs)

Whether the state's constraints are satisfiable

## downsize()

Clean up after the solver engine. Calling this when a state no longer needs to be solved on will reduce memory usage.

```
step(**kwargs)
```

Perform a step of symbolic execution using this state. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.successors* can be passed to this.

## Returns

A SimSuccessors object categorizing the results of the step.

### **block**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Represent the basic block at this state's instruction pointer. Any arguments to *AngrObjectFactory.block* can be passed to this.

#### Returns

A Block object describing the basic block of code at this point.

## copy()

Returns a copy of the state.

```
merge(*others, **kwargs)
```

Merges this state with the other states. Returns the merging result, merged state, and the merge flag.

#### **Parameters**

- **states** the states to merge
- merge\_conditions a tuple of the conditions under which each state holds
- **common\_ancestor** a state that represents the common history between the states being merged. Usually it is only available when EFFICIENT\_STATE\_MERGING is enabled, otherwise weak-refed states might be dropped from state history instances.
- **plugin\_whitelist** a list of plugin names that will be merged. If this option is given and is not None, any plugin that is not inside this list will not be merged, and will be created as a fresh instance in the new state.
- **common\_ancestor\_history** a SimStateHistory instance that represents the common history between the states being merged. This is to allow optimal state merging when EFFICIENT STATE MERGING is disabled.

## Returns

(merged state, merge flag, a bool indicating if any merging occurred)

## widen(\*others)

Perform a widening between self and other states :type others: :param others: :return:

```
reg_concrete(*args, **kwargs)
```

Returns the contents of a register but, if that register is symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

```
mem_concrete(*args, **kwargs)
```

Returns the contents of a memory but, if the contents are symbolic, raises a SimValueError.

### stack\_push(thing)

Push 'thing' to the stack, writing the thing to memory and adjusting the stack pointer.

### stack\_pop()

Pops from the stack and returns the popped thing. The length will be the architecture word size.

```
stack_read(offset, length, bp=False)
```

Reads length bytes, at an offset into the stack.

#### **Parameters**

- **offset** The offset from the stack pointer.
- **length** The number of bytes to read.
- **bp** If True, offset from the BP instead of the SP. Default: False.

## make\_concrete\_int(expr)

10.3. Program State 227

```
prepare_callsite(retval, args, cc='wtf')
     dbg_print_stack(depth=None, sp=None)
          Only used for debugging purposes. Return the current stack info in formatted string. If depth is None, the
          current stack frame (from sp to bp) will be printed out.
     set_mode(mode)
     property thumb
     property with_condition
class angr.sim_state_options.StateOption(name, types, default='_NO_DEFAULT_VALUE',
                                               description=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes a state option.
     __init__(name, types, default='_NO_DEFAULT_VALUE', description=None)
     name
     types
     default
     description
     property has_default_value
     one_type()
class angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions(thing)
     Bases: object
```

A per-state manager of state options. An option can be either a key-valued entry or a Boolean switch (which can be seen as a key-valued entry whose value can only be either True or False).

```
OPTIONS = { 'ABSTRACT_MEMORY': <O ABSTRACT_MEMORY[bool]>, 'ABSTRACT_SOLVER': <O
    ABSTRACT_SOLVER[bool]>, 'ACTION_DEPS': <0 ACTION_DEPS[bool]>, 'ADD_AUTO_REFS': <0
    ADD_AUTO_REFS[bool]>, 'ALLOW_SEND_FAILURES': <O ALLOW_SEND_FAILURES[bool]>,
     'ALL_FILES_EXIST': <O ALL_FILES_EXIST[bool]>, 'ANY_FILE_MIGHT_EXIST': <O
    ANY_FILE_MIGHT_EXIST[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_FIRST': <0 APPROXIMATE_FIRST[bool]>,
     'APPROXIMATE_GUARDS': <O APPROXIMATE_GUARDS[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_INDICES': <O
    APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_INDICES[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_SIZES': <0
    APPROXIMATE_MEMORY_SIZES[bool]>, 'APPROXIMATE_SATISFIABILITY': <0
    APPROXIMATE_SATISFIABILITY[bool]>, 'AST_DEPS': <0 AST_DEPS[bool]>, 'AUTO_REFS': <0
    AUTO_REFS[bool]>, 'AVOID_MULTIVALUED_READS': <O AVOID_MULTIVALUED_READS[bool]>,
     'AVOID_MULTIVALUED_WRITES': <O AVOID_MULTIVALUED_WRITES[bool]>,
     'BEST_EFFORT_MEMORY_STORING': <O BEST_EFFORT_MEMORY_STORING[bool]>,
     'BYPASS_ERRORED_IRCCALL': <0 BYPASS_ERRORED_IRCCALL[bool]>, 'BYPASS_ERRORED_IROP':
    <0 BYPASS_ERRORED_IROP[bool]>, 'BYPASS_ERRORED_IRSTMT': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_ERRORED_IRSTMT[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRCCALL': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRCCALL[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRDIRTY': <0
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRDIRTY[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IREXPR': <0
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IREXPR[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IROP': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IROP[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRSTMT': <0</pre>
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_IRSTMT[bool]>, 'BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_SYSCALL': <0
    BYPASS_UNSUPPORTED_SYSCALL[boo1]>, 'BYPASS_VERITESTING_EXCEPTIONS': <0
    BYPASS_VERITESTING_EXCEPTIONS[bool]>, 'CACHELESS_SOLVER': <0
    CACHELESS_SOLVER[bool]>, 'CALLLESS': <0 CALLLESS[bool]>, 'CGC_ENFORCE_FD': <0
    CGC_ENFORCE_FD[bool]>, 'CGC_NON_BLOCKING_FDS': <0 CGC_NON_BLOCKING_FDS[bool]>,
     'CGC_NO_SYMBOLIC_RECEIVE_LENGTH': <O CGC_NO_SYMBOLIC_RECEIVE_LENGTH[bool]>,
     'COMPOSITE_SOLVER': <O COMPOSITE_SOLVER[bool]>, 'CONCRETIZE': <O CONCRETIZE[bool]>,
     'CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_FILE_READ_SIZES': <0
    CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_FILE_READ_SIZES[bool]>, 'CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_SIZES': <0
    CONCRETIZE_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_SIZES[bool]>, 'CONSERVATIVE_READ_STRATEGY': <0
    CONSERVATIVE_READ_STRATEGY[bool]>, 'CONSERVATIVE_WRITE_STRATEGY': <0
    CONSERVATIVE_WRITE_STRATEGY[bool]>, 'CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER': <0
    CONSTRAINT_TRACKING_IN_SOLVER[bool]>, 'COPY_STATES': <0 COPY_STATES[bool]>,
     'CPUID_SYMBOLIC': <O CPUID_SYMBOLIC[bool]>, 'DOWNSIZE_Z3': <O DOWNSIZE_Z3[bool]>,
     'DO_CCALLS': <0 DO_CCALLS[bool]>, 'DO_RET_EMULATION': <0 DO_RET_EMULATION[bool]>,
     'EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING': <O EFFICIENT_STATE_MERGING[bool]>, 'ENABLE_NX': <O
    ENABLE_NX[bool]>, 'EXCEPTION_HANDLING': <O EXCEPTION_HANDLING[bool]>,
     'EXTENDED_IROP_SUPPORT': <O EXTENDED_IROP_SUPPORT[bool]>, 'FAST_MEMORY': <O
    FAST_MEMORY[bool]>, 'FAST_REGISTERS': <0 FAST_REGISTERS[bool]>, 'FILES_HAVE_EOF': <0
    FILES_HAVE_EOF[bool]>, 'HYBRID_SOLVER': <0 HYBRID_SOLVER[bool]>,
     'JAVA_IDENTIFY_GETTER_SETTER': <O JAVA_IDENTIFY_GETTER_SETTER[bool]>,
     'JAVA_TRACK_ATTRIBUTES': <0 JAVA_TRACK_ATTRIBUTES[bool]>, 'KEEP_IP_SYMBOLIC': <0
    KEEP_IP_SYMBOLIC[bool]>, 'KEEP_MEMORY_READS_DISCRETE': <0</pre>
    KEEP_MEMORY_READS_DISCRETE[bool]>, 'LAZY_SOLVES': <0 LAZY_SOLVES[bool]>,
     'MEMORY_CHUNK_INDIVIDUAL_READS': < MEMORY_CHUNK_INDIVIDUAL_READS[bool]>,
     'MEMORY_FIND_STRICT_SIZE_LIMIT': <0 MEMORY_FIND_STRICT_SIZE_LIMIT[bool]>,
     'MEMORY_SYMBOLIC_BYTES_MAP': <0 MEMORY_SYMBOLIC_BYTES_MAP[bool]>,
     'NO_CROSS_INSN_OPT': <O NO_CROSS_INSN_OPT[bool]>, 'NO_IP_CONCRETIZATION': <O
    NO_IP_CONCRETIZATION[bool]>, 'NO_SYMBOLIC_JUMP_RESOLUTION': <0
    NO_SYMBOLIC_JUMP_RESOLUTION[bool]>, 'NO_SYMBOLIC_SYSCALL_RESOLUTION': <0
    NO_SYMBOLIC_SYSCALL_RESOLUTION[bool]>, 'OPTIMIZE_IR': <0 OPTIMIZE_IR[bool]>,
     'PRODUCE_ZERODIV_SUCCESSORS': <0 PRODUCE_ZERODIV_SUCCESSORS[bool]>,
     'REGION_MAPPING': <0 REGION_MAPPING[bool]>, 'REPLACEMENT_SOLVER': <0</pre>
    REPLACEMENT_SOLVER[bool]>, 'REVERSE_MEMORY_HASH_MAP': <0
    REVERSE_MEMORY_HASH_MAP[bool]>, 'REVERSE_MEMORY_NAME_MAP': <0
    REVERSE_MEMORY_NAME_MAP[bool]>, 'SHORT_READS': <O SHORT_READS[bool]>,
     <u>'SIMPLIFY_CONSTRAINTS': <O SIMPLIFY_CONSTRAINTS[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_EXIT_GUARD': <O</u>
10.3. SProgram_Exate_GUARD[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_EXIT_STATE': <0 SIMPLIFY_EXIT_STATE[bool]>, 229
     'SIMPLIFY_EXIT_TARGET': <O SIMPLIFY_EXIT_TARGET[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY_EXPRS': <O
```

SIMPLIFY\_EXPRS[bool]>, 'SIMPLIFY\_MEMORY\_READS': <O SIMPLIFY\_MEMORY\_READS[bool]>,

'SIMPLIFY\_MEMORY\_WRITES': <O SIMPLIFY\_MEMORY\_WRITES[bool]>,

```
__init__(thing)
```

#### **Parameters**

**thing** – Either a set of Boolean switches to enable, or an existing SimStateOptions instance.

#### add(boolean switch)

[COMPATIBILITY] Enable a Boolean switch.

#### **Parameters**

**boolean\_switch** (*str*) – Name of the Boolean switch.

## Returns

None

## update(boolean\_switches)

[COMPATIBILITY] In order to be compatible with the old interface, you can enable a collection of Boolean switches at the same time by doing the following:

```
>>> state.options.update({sim_options.SYMBOLIC, sim_options.ABSTRACT_MEMORY})
```

or

```
>>> state.options.update(sim_options.unicorn)
```

#### **Parameters**

**boolean\_switches** (set) – A collection of Boolean switches to enable.

## Returns

None

#### remove(name)

Drop a state option if it exists, or raise a KeyError if the state option is not set.

[COMPATIBILITY] Remove a Boolean switch.

### **Parameters**

**name** (str) – Name of the state option.

### **Returns**

NNone

## discard(name)

Drop a state option if it exists, or silently return if the state option is not set.

[COMPATIBILITY] Disable a Boolean switch.

#### **Parameters**

**name** (str) – Name of the Boolean switch.

## Returns

None

## difference(boolean\_switches)

[COMPATIBILITY] Make a copy of the current instance, and then discard all options that are in boolean switches.

## **Parameters**

**boolean\_switches** (set) – A collection of Boolean switches to disable.

#### Returns

A new SimStateOptions instance.

## copy()

Get a copy of the current SimStateOptions instance.

#### Returns

A new SimStateOptions instance.

### Return type

SimStateOptions

## **tally**(*exclude\_false=True*, *description=False*)

Return a string representation of all state options.

#### **Parameters**

- **exclude\_false** (*bool*) Whether to exclude Boolean switches that are disabled.
- **description** (*bool*) Whether to display the description of each option.

#### Returns

A string representation.

## Return type

Sfi

## classmethod register\_option(name, types, default=None, description=None)

Register a state option.

#### **Parameters**

- **name** (*str*) Name of the state option.
- **types** A collection of allowed types of this state option.
- **default** The default value of this state option.
- **description** (*str*) The description of this state option.

## Returns

None

## classmethod register\_bool\_option(name, description=None)

Register a Boolean switch as state option. This is equivalent to cls.register\_option(name, set([bool]), description=description)

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) Name of the state option.
- **description** (*str*) The description of this state option.

## Returns

None

## ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.state\_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin}$

Bases: object

This is a base class for SimState plugins. A SimState plugin will be copied along with the state when the state is branched. They are intended to be used for things such as tracking open files, tracking heap details, and providing storage and persistence for SimProcedures.

STRONGREF\_STATE = False

```
__init__()
state: SimState
set_state(state)
    Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)
set_strongref_state(state)
copy(_memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
static memo(f)
```

A decorator function you should apply to copy

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins

• **common\_ancestor** – a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

#### **Returns**

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

classmethod register\_default(name, xtr=None)

```
init_state()
```

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

Bases: object

A breakpoint.

\_\_init\_\_(when='before', enabled=None, condition=None, action=None, \*\*kwargs)

check(state, when)

Checks state state to see if the breakpoint should fire.

## **Parameters**

- state The state.
- when Whether the check is happening before or after the event.

## Returns

A boolean representing whether the checkpoint should fire.

### fire(state)

Trigger the breakpoint.

## **Parameters**

**state** – The state.

## class angr.state\_plugins.inspect.SimInspector

Bases: SimStatePlugin

The breakpoint interface, used to instrument execution. For usage information, look here: https://docs.angr.io/core-concepts/simulation#breakpoints

```
BP_AFTER = 'after'
BP_BEFORE = 'before'
```

```
BP_BOTH = 'both'
```

```
__init__()
```

```
action(event_type, when, **kwargs)
```

Called from within the engine when events happens. This function checks all breakpoints registered for that event and fires the ones whose conditions match.

```
make_breakpoint(event_type, *args, **kwargs)
```

Creates and adds a breakpoint which would trigger on *event\_type*. Additional arguments are passed to the *BP* constructor.

#### Returns

The created breakpoint, so that it can be removed later.

```
b(event_type, *args, **kwargs)
```

Creates and adds a breakpoint which would trigger on *event\_type*. Additional arguments are passed to the *BP* constructor.

#### **Returns**

The created breakpoint, so that it can be removed later.

## add\_breakpoint(event\_type, bp)

Adds a breakpoint which would trigger on event\_type.

### **Parameters**

- event\_type The event type to trigger on
- **bp** The breakpoint

## Returns

The created breakpoint.

```
remove_breakpoint(event_type, bp=None, filter_func=None)
```

Removes a breakpoint.

#### **Parameters**

- **bp** The breakpoint to remove.
- **filter\_func** A filter function to specify whether each breakpoint should be removed or not.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## downsize()

Remove previously stored attributes from this plugin instance to save memory. This method is supposed to be called by breakpoint implementors. A typical workflow looks like the following:

```
>>> # Add `attr0` and `attr1` to `self.state.inspect`
>>> self.state.inspect(xxxxxx, attr0=yyyy, attr1=zzzz)
>>> # Get new attributes out of SimInspect in case they are modified by the user
>>> new_attr0 = self.state._inspect.attr0
>>> new_attr1 = self.state._inspect.attr1
>>> # Remove them from SimInspect
>>> self.state._inspect.downsize()
```

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

#### Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

## Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

## set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

state: angr.SimState

## ${\bf class} \ {\tt angr.state\_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc}$

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This state plugin keeps track of various libc stuff:

```
LOCALE_ARRAY = [b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02 ', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00',
    b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x02\x00', b'\x01`', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8',
    b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x08\xd8', b'\x04\xc0'
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x08\xd5', b'\x08\xd5', b'\x08\xd5', b'\x08\xd5', b'\x08\xd5', b'\x08\xd5',
    b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5',
    b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5',
    b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5',
    b'\x08\xc5', b'\x08\xc5', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x08\xd6', b'\x08\xd6', b'\x08\xd6', b'\x08\xd6',
    b'\x08\xd6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6',
    b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6',
    b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6',
    b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x08\xc6', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0',
    b'\x04\xc0', b'\x04\xc0', b'\x02\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00'
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
                                                                                       237
10.3. рР қодия ббі фіф '\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
    b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00', b'\x00\x00',
```

b'\x00\x00', b'\x00'\x00'

```
TOLOWER_LOC_ARRAY = [128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139,
140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156,
157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173,
174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190,
191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207,
208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224,
225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241,
242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 4294967295, 0, 1,
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,
25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45,
46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 97, 98,
99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115,
116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101,
102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118,
119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135,
136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152,
153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169,
170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186,
187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203,
204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220,
221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237,
238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254,
255]
TOUPPER_LOC_ARRAY = [128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139,
140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156,
157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173,
174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190,
191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207,
208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224,
225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241,
242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 4294967295, 0, 1,
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,
25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45,
46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66,
67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87,
88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76,
77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127,
128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144,
145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161,
162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178,
179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195,
196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212,
213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229,
230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246,
247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255]
__init__()
```

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

**merge**(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

#### property errno

ret\_errno(val)

state: angr.SimState

## class angr.state\_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS

Bases: SimMount

get(path)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

#### **Parameters**

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

#### **Parameters**

- path\_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

## Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

## delete(path)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

#### **Parameters**

**path\_elements** – A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

## Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

#### lookup()

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

## Parameters

**sim\_file** – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

## Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

merge(others, conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to

resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

#### Return type

bool

## copy(\_)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

10.3. Program State 241

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

## class angr.state\_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS

Bases: SimMount

The virtual file system mounted at /proc (as of now, on Linux).

#### get(path)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

#### **Parameters**

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A SimFile, or None

## insert(path, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

#### **Parameters**

- path\_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

#### Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

## delete(path)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

### **Parameters**

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

## lookup(\_)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

#### **Parameters**

**sim\_file** – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

### **Returns**

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

merge(others, conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

#### copy()

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

#### state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Data storage and interaction mechanisms for states with an environment conforming to posix. Available as state.posix.

 $SIG_BLOCK = 0$ 

 $SIG_UNBLOCK = 1$ 

 $SIG_SETMASK = 2$ 

EPERM = 1

ENOENT = 2

ESRCH = 3

EINTR = 4

EIO = 5

ENXIO = 6

E2BIG = 7

ENOEXEC = 8

EBADF = 9

ECHILD = 10

EAGAIN = 11

ENOMEM = 12

EACCES = 13

EFAULT = 14

ENOTBLK = 15

EBUSY = 16

EEXIST = 17

EXDEV = 18

ENODEV = 19

ENOTDIR = 20

EISDIR = 21

```
EINVAL = 22
ENFILE = 23
EMFILE = 24
ENOTTY = 25
ETXTBSY = 26
EFBIG = 27
ENOSPC = 28
ESPIPE = 29
EROFS = 30
EMLINK = 31
EPIPE = 32
EDOM = 33
ERANGE = 34
```

\_\_init\_\_(stdin=None, stdout=None, stderr=None, fd=None, sockets=None, socket\_queue=None, argv=None, argc=None, environ=None, auxv=None, tls\_modules=None, sigmask=None, pid=None, ppid=None, uid=None, gid=None, brk=None)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## property closed\_fds

## init\_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
set_brk(new_brk)
```

## set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

open(name, flags, preferred\_fd=None)

Open a symbolic file. Basically open(2).

### **Parameters**

- name (string or bytes) Path of the symbolic file, as a string or bytes.
- **flags** File operation flags, a bitfield of constants from open(2), as an AST

10.3. Program State 245

• **preferred\_fd** – Assign this fd if it's not already claimed.

#### Returns

The file descriptor number allocated (maps through posix.get\_fd to a SimFileDescriptor) or -1 if the open fails.

mode from open(2) is unsupported at present.

```
open_socket(ident)
```

```
get_fd(fd, create file=True)
```

Looks up the SimFileDescriptor associated with the given number (an AST). If the number is concrete and does not map to anything, return None. If the number is symbolic, constrain it to an open fd and create a new file for it. Set create\_file to False if no write-access is planned (i.e. fd is read-only).

```
get_concrete_fd(fd, create_file=True)
```

Same behavior as get\_fd(fd), only the result is a concrete integer fd (or -1) instead of a SimFileDescriptor.

close(fd)

Closes the given file descriptor (an AST). Returns whether the operation succeeded (a concrete boolean)

fstat(fd)

```
fstat_with_result(sim fd)
```

```
sigmask(sigsetsize=None)
```

Gets the current sigmask. If it's blank, a new one is created (of sigsetsize).

#### Parameters

**sigsetsize** – the size (in *bytes* of the sigmask set)

### Returns

the sigmask

sigprocmask(how, new\_mask, sigsetsize, valid\_ptr=True)

Updates the signal mask.

## **Parameters**

- how the "how" argument of sigprocmask (see manpage)
- new\_mask the mask modification to apply
- **sigsetsize** the size (in *bytes* of the sigmask set)
- valid\_ptr is set if the new\_mask was not NULL

**merge**(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

# dump\_file\_by\_path(path, \*\*kwargs)

Returns the concrete content for a file by path.

# **Parameters**

- path file path as string
- **kwargs** passed to state.solver.eval

# Returns

file contents as string

```
dumps(fd, **kwargs)
```

Returns the concrete content for a file descriptor.

BACKWARD COMPATIBILITY: if you ask for file descriptors 0 1 or 2, it will return the data from stdin, stdout, or stderr as a flat string.

# **Parameters**

**fd** – A file descriptor.

### Returns

The concrete content.

# Return type

stı

state: angr.SimState

Bases: tuple

### st\_atime

Alias for field number 10

## st\_atimensec

Alias for field number 11

## st\_blksize

Alias for field number 8

# st\_blocks

Alias for field number 9

### st\_ctime

Alias for field number 14

# st\_ctimensec

Alias for field number 15

## st\_dev

Alias for field number 0

# st\_gid

Alias for field number 5

### st\_ino

Alias for field number 1

# st\_mode

Alias for field number 3

## st\_mtime

Alias for field number 12

# st\_mtimensec

Alias for field number 13

# st\_nlink

Alias for field number 2

# st\_rdev

Alias for field number 6

# st\_size

Alias for field number 7

#### st\_uid

Alias for field number 4

Bases: SimStatePlugin

angr's emulated filesystem. Available as state.fs. When constructing, all parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- **files** A mapping from filepath to SimFile
- pathsep The character used to separate path elements, default forward slash.
- cwd The path of the current working directory to use
- **mountpoints** A mapping from filepath to SimMountpoint

### **Variables**

- pathsep The current pathsep
- **cwd** The current working directory
- unlinks A list of unlink operations, tuples of filename and simfile. Be careful, this list is shallow-copied from successor to successor, so don't mutate anything in it without copying.

\_\_init\_\_(files=None, pathsep=None, cwd=None, mountpoints=None)

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# property unlinks

## set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

## Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

# chdir(path)

Changes the current directory to the given path

# get(path)

Get a file from the filesystem. Returns a SimFile or None.

# insert(path, simfile)

Insert a file into the filesystem. Returns whether the operation was successful.

# delete(path)

Remove a file from the filesystem. Returns whether the operation was successful.

This will add a fs\_unlink event with the path of the file and also the index into the unlinks list.

## mount(path, mount)

Add a mountpoint to the filesystem.

## unmount(path)

Remove a mountpoint from the filesystem.

### get\_mountpoint(path)

Look up the mountpoint servicing the given path.

#### Returns

A tuple of the mount and a list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the specified file.

state: angr.SimState

# class angr.state\_plugins.filesystem.SimMount

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the base class for "mount points" in angr's simulated filesystem. Subclass this class and give it to the filesystem to intercept all file creations and opens below the mountpoint. Since this a SimStatePlugin you may also want to implement set\_state, copy, merge, etc.

get(path\_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

#### **Parameters**

**path\_elements** – A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A SimFile, or None

insert(path\_elements, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

### **Parameters**

- path\_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

### Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

## delete(path\_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

#### Parameters

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

### lookup(sim file)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

# **Parameters**

**sim\_file** – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

#### Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

state: angr.SimState

# class angr.state\_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem(pathsep='/')

Bases: SimMount

Abstract SimMount allowing the user to import files from some external source into the guest

## **Parameters**

pathsep (str) – The host path separator character, default os.path.sep

```
__init__(pathsep='/')
```

# get(path\_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file lookups.

#### **Parameters**

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

#### Returns

A SimFile, or None

# insert(path\_elements, simfile)

Implement this function to instrument file creation.

#### **Parameters**

- path\_elements A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file
- **simfile** The file to insert

#### Returns

A bool indicating whether the insert occurred

# delete(path\_elements)

Implement this function to instrument file deletion.

#### **Parameters**

path\_elements - A list of path elements traversing from the mountpoint to the file

# Returns

A bool indicating whether the delete occurred

# lookup(sim\_file)

Look up the path of a SimFile in the mountpoint

#### **Parameters**

**sim\_file** – A SimFile object needs to be looked up

# Returns

A string representing the path of the file in the mountpoint Or None if the SimFile does not exist in the mountpoint

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

## state: angr.SimState

```
class angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimHostFilesystem(host_path=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimConcreteFilesystem

Simulated mount that makes some piece from the host filesystem available to the guest.

#### **Parameters**

- host\_path (str) The path on the host to mount
- pathsep (str) The host path separator character, default os.path.sep

```
__init__(host_path=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# state: angr.SimState

```
angr.state_plugins.solver.timed_function(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.enable_timing()
angr.state_plugins.solver.disable_timing()
angr.state_plugins.solver.error_converter(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_bool(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_not_bool(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_scalar(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_tuple(f)
angr.state_plugins.solver.concrete_path_list(f)
class angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver(solver=None, all_variables=None, temporal_tracked_variables=None, eternal_tracked_variables=None)
```

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the plugin you'll use to interact with symbolic variables, creating them and evaluating them. It should be available on a state as state.solver.

Any top-level variable of the claripy module can be accessed as a property of this object.

```
__init__(solver=None, all_variables=None, temporal_tracked_variables=None, eternal_tracked_variables=None)
```

### reload\_solver(constraints=None)

Reloads the solver. Useful when changing solver options.

#### **Parameters**

**constraints** (*list*) – A new list of constraints to use in the reloaded solver instead of the current one

# get\_variables(\*keys)

Iterate over all variables for which their tracking key is a prefix of the values provided.

Elements are a tuple, the first element is the full tracking key, the second is the symbol.

```
>>> list(s.solver.get_variables('file', 2))
[(('file', 2, 0), <BV8 file_2_0_8_8>)]
```

## register\_variable(v, key, eternal=True)

Register a value with the variable tracking system

# **Parameters**

- **v** The BVS to register
- **key** A tuple to register the variable under

## Parma eternal

Whether this is an eternal variable, default True. If False, an incrementing counter will be appended to the key.

# describe\_variables(v)

Given an AST, iterate over all the keys of all the BVS leaves in the tree which are registered.

**Unconstrained**(name, bits, uninitialized=True, inspect=True, events=True, key=None, eternal=False, \*\*kwargs)

Creates an unconstrained symbol or a default concrete value (0), based on the state options.

# **Parameters**

- **name** The name of the symbol.
- **bits** The size (in bits) of the symbol.
- uninitialized Whether this value should be counted as an "uninitialized" value in the course of an analysis.
- **inspect** Set to False to avoid firing SimInspect breakpoints
- events Set to False to avoid generating a SimEvent for the occasion

- **key** Set this to a tuple of increasingly specific identifiers (for example, ('mem', 0xffbeff00) or ('file', 4, 0x20) to cause it to be tracked, i.e. accessable through solver.get\_variables.
- **eternal** Set to True in conjunction with setting a key to cause all states with the same ancestry to retrieve the same symbol when trying to create the value. If False, a counter will be appended to the key.

#### Returns

an unconstrained symbol (or a concrete value of 0).

**BVS**(name, size, min=None, max=None, stride=None, uninitialized=False, explicit\_name=None, key=None, eternal=False, inspect=True, events=True, \*\*kwargs)

Creates a bit-vector symbol (i.e., a variable). Other keyword parameters are passed directly on to the constructor of claripy.ast.BV.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the symbol.
- **size** The size (in bits) of the bit-vector.
- min The minimum value of the symbol. Note that this only work when using VSA.
- max The maximum value of the symbol. Note that this **only** work when using VSA.
- **stride** The stride of the symbol. Note that this **only** work when using VSA.
- uninitialized Whether this value should be counted as an "uninitialized" value in the course of an analysis.
- **explicit\_name** Set to True to prevent an identifier from appended to the name to ensure uniqueness.
- **key** Set this to a tuple of increasingly specific identifiers (for example, ('mem', 0xffbeff00) or ('file', 4, 0x20) to cause it to be tracked, i.e. accessable through solver.get\_variables.
- **eternal** Set to True in conjunction with setting a key to cause all states with the same ancestry to retrieve the same symbol when trying to create the value. If False, a counter will be appended to the key.
- **inspect** Set to False to avoid firing SimInspect breakpoints
- events Set to False to avoid generating a SimEvent for the occasion

### Returns

A BV object representing this symbol.

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

### downsize()

Frees memory associated with the constraint solver by clearing all of its internal caches.

### property constraints

Returns the constraints of the state stored by the solver.

eval\_to\_ast(e, n, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None)

Evaluate an expression, using the solver if necessary. Returns AST objects.

## **Parameters**

- **e** the expression
- **n** the number of desired solutions
- **extra\_constraints** extra constraints to apply to the solver
- **exact** if False, returns approximate solutions

#### Returns

a tuple of the solutions, in the form of claripy AST nodes

## Return type

tuple

max(e, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)

Return the maximum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra\_constraints: :param extra\_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the maximum possible value of e (backend object)

**min**(e, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)

Return the minimum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra\_constraints: :param extra\_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the minimum possible value of e (backend object)

solution(e, v, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None)

Return True if v is a solution of expr with the extra constraints, False otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

- **e** An expression (an AST) to evaluate
- **v** The proposed solution (an AST)
- **extra\_constraints** Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

#### Returns

True if v is a solution of expr, False otherwise

is\_true(e, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None)

If the expression provided is absolutely, definitely a true boolean, return True. Note that returning False doesn't necessarily mean that the expression can be false, just that we couldn't figure that out easily.

#### **Parameters**

- **e** An expression (an AST) to evaluate
- extra\_constraints Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

### Returns

True if v is definitely true, False otherwise

# is\_false(e, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None)

If the expression provided is absolutely, definitely a false boolean, return True. Note that returning False doesn't necessarily mean that the expression can be true, just that we couldn't figure that out easily.

#### **Parameters**

- e An expression (an AST) to evaluate
- extra\_constraints Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

### **Returns**

True if *v* is definitely false, False otherwise

### unsat\_core(extra\_constraints=())

This function returns the unsat core from the backend solver.

#### **Parameters**

**extra\_constraints** – Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve.

#### Returns

The unsat core.

## satisfiable(extra constraints=(), exact=None)

This function does a constraint check and checks if the solver is in a sat state.

#### **Parameters**

- extra\_constraints Extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to s for this solve
- **exact** If False, return approximate solutions.

## Returns

True if sat, otherwise false

### add(\*constraints)

Add some constraints to the solver.

## **Parameters**

constraints – Pass any constraints that you want to add (ASTs) as varargs.

# CastType = ~CastType

```
eval_upto(e, n, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression, using the solver if necessary. Returns primitives as specified by the *cast\_to* parameter. Only certain primitives are supported, check the implementation of *\_cast\_to* to see which ones.

# **Parameters**

- **e** the expression
- **n** the number of desired solutions
- extra\_constraints extra constraints to apply to the solver
- **exact** if False, returns approximate solutions
- cast\_to desired type of resulting values

#### Returns

a tuple of the solutions, in the form of Python primitives

# Return type

tuple

```
eval(e, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get any possible solution. The desired output types can be specified using the *cast\_to* parameter. *extra\_constraints* can be used to specify additional constraints the returned values must satisfy.

## **Parameters**

- **e** the expression to get a solution for
- kwargs Any additional kwargs will be passed down to eval\_upto
- cast\_to desired type of resulting values

## Raises

**SimUnsatError** – if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints

#### Returns

```
eval_one(e, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get the only possible solution. Errors if either no or more than one solution is returned. A kwarg parameter *default* can be specified to be returned instead of failure!

### **Parameters**

- e the expression to get a solution for
- cast\_to desired type of resulting values
- **default** A value can be passed as a kwarg here. It will be returned in case of failure.
- kwargs Any additional kwargs will be passed down to eval\_upto

# Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- SimValueError if more than one solution was found to satisfy the given constraints

# Returns

The value for e

# state: angr.SimState

```
eval_atmost(e, n, cast to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get at most n possible solutions. Errors if either none or more than n solutions are returned.

## **Parameters**

- **e** the expression to get a solution for
- $\mathbf{n}$  the inclusive upper limit on the number of solutions
- cast\_to desired type of resulting values
- **kwargs** Any additional kwargs will be passed down to *eval\_upto*

# Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- SimValueError if more than n solutions were found to satisfy the given constraints

### Returns

The solutions for e

```
eval_atleast(e, n, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get at least n possible solutions. Errors if less than n solutions were found.

#### **Parameters**

- e the expression to get a solution for
- $\mathbf{n}$  the inclusive lower limit on the number of solutions
- cast\_to desired type of resulting values
- **kwargs** Any additional kwargs will be passed down to *eval\_upto*

### Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- **SimValueError** if less than *n* solutions were found to satisfy the given constraints

### **Returns**

The solutions for e

```
eval_exact(e, n, cast_to=None, **kwargs)
```

Evaluate an expression to get exactly the n possible solutions. Errors if any number of solutions other than n was found to exist.

#### **Parameters**

- e the expression to get a solution for
- $\mathbf{n}$  the inclusive lower limit on the number of solutions
- cast\_to desired type of resulting values
- **kwargs** Any additional kwargs will be passed down to *eval\_upto*

#### Raises

- SimUnsatError if no solution could be found satisfying the given constraints
- SimValueError if any number of solutions other than n were found to satisfy the given constraints

### Returns

The solutions for e

```
min_int(e, extra_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)
```

Return the minimum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra\_constraints: :param extra\_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the minimum possible value of e (backend object)

max\_int(e, extra\_constraints=(), exact=None, signed=False)

Return the maximum value of expression e.

:param e : expression (an AST) to evaluate :type extra\_constraints: :param extra\_constraints: extra constraints (as ASTs) to add to the solver for this solve :param exact : if False, return approximate solutions. :param signed : Whether the expression should be treated as a signed value. :return: the maximum possible value of e (backend object)

```
unique(e, **kwargs)
```

Returns True if the expression e has only one solution by querying the constraint solver. It does also add that unique solution to the solver's constraints.

```
symbolic(e)
```

Returns True if the expression e is symbolic.

```
single_valued(e)
```

Returns True whether e is a concrete value or is a value set with only 1 possible value. This differs from unique in that this does not query the constraint solver.

```
simplify(e=None)
```

Simplifies *e*. If *e* is None, simplifies the constraints of this state.

## variables(e)

Returns the symbolic variables present in the AST of *e*.

```
class angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog(log=None)
```

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
__init__(log=None)

property actions

add_event(event_type, **kwargs)

add_action(action)

extend_actions(new_actions)

events_of_type(event_type)

actions_of_type(action_type)

property fresh_constraints

copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

clear()

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Stores the address of the function you're in and the value of SP at the VERY BOTTOM of the stack, i.e. points to the return address.

### **Parameters**

```
next_frame (CallStack | None) -
```

\_\_init\_\_(call\_site\_addr=0, func\_addr=0, stack\_ptr=0, ret\_addr=0, jumpkind='Ijk\_Call', next\_frame=None, invoke\_return\_variable=None)

#### **Parameters**

```
next_frame (CallStack / None) -
```

state: angr.SimState

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

#### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### **Returns**

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

# property current\_function\_address

Address of the current function.

#### Returns

the address of the function

## **Return type**

int

# property current\_stack\_pointer

Get the value of the stack pointer.

## Returns

Value of the stack pointer

# Return type

int

# property current\_return\_target

Get the return target.

# Returns

The address of return target.

# Return type

int

# static stack\_suffix\_to\_string(stack\_suffix)

Convert a stack suffix to a human-readable string representation. :param tuple stack\_suffix: The stack suffix. :return: A string representation :rtype: str

# property top

Returns the element at the top of the callstack without removing it.

#### Returns

A CallStack.

# push(cf)

Push the frame cf onto the stack. Return the new stack.

pop()

```
Pop the top frame from the stack. Return the new stack.
     call(callsite addr, addr, retn target=None, stack pointer=None)
           Push a stack frame into the call stack. This method is called when calling a function in CFG recovery.
               Parameters
                   • callsite_addr (int) – Address of the call site
                   • addr (int) - Address of the call target
                   • retn_target (int or None) - Address of the return target
                   • stack_pointer (int) – Value of the stack pointer
               Returns
                   None
     ret(retn_target=None)
           Pop one or many call frames from the stack. This method is called when returning from a function in CFG
           recovery.
               Parameters
                   retn_target (int) – The target to return to.
               Returns
                   None
     dbg_repr()
           Debugging representation of this CallStack object.
               Returns
                   Details of this CalLStack
               Return type
                   str
     stack_suffix(context_sensitivity_level)
           Generate the stack suffix. A stack suffix can be used as the key to a SimRun in CFG recovery.
               Parameters
                   context_sensitivity_level (int) – Level of context sensitivity.
               Returns
                   A tuple of stack suffix.
               Return type
                   tuple
class angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStackAction(callstack_hash, callstack_depth, action,
                                                               callframe=None, ret_site_addr=None)
     Bases: object
     Used in callstack backtrace, which is a history of callstacks along a path, to record individual actions occurred
     each time the callstack is changed.
     __init__(callstack_hash, callstack_depth, action, callframe=None, ret_site_addr=None)
class angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRegisters(reg_map=None, registers=None)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

```
__init__(reg_map=None, registers=None)
```

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
resolve_register(offset, size)
load(offset, size=None, **kwargs)
store(offset, value, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)
state: angr.SimState
```

**class** angr.state\_plugins.history.**SimStateHistory**(parent=None, clone=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This class keeps track of historically-relevant information for paths.

```
STRONGREF_STATE = True
__init__(parent=None, clone=None)
init_state()
```

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
set_strongref_state(state)
```

```
property addr
```

**merge**(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

## Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

# **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# trim()

Discard the ancestry of this state.

**filter\_actions**(start\_block\_addr=None, end\_block\_addr=None, block\_stmt=None, insn\_addr=None, read\_from=None, write\_to=None)

Filter self.actions based on some common parameters.

```
[start_block_addr, end_block_addr]
```

#### **Parameters**

- **start\_block\_addr** Only return actions generated in blocks starting at this address.
- end\_block\_addr Only return actions generated in blocks ending at this address.
- **block\_stmt** Only return actions generated in the nth statement of each block.
- insn\_addr Only return actions generated in the assembly instruction at this address.
- read\_from Only return actions that perform a read from the specified location.
- write\_to Only return actions that perform a write to the specified location.

Notes: If IR optimization is turned on, reads and writes may not occur in the instruction they originally came from. Most commonly, If a register is read from twice in the same block, the second read will not happen, instead reusing the temp the value is already stored in.

Valid values for read\_from and write\_to are the string literals 'reg' or 'mem' (matching any read or write to registers or memory, respectively), any string (representing a read or write to the named register), and any integer (representing a read or write to the memory at this address).

## demote()

Demotes this history node, causing it to drop the strong state reference.

```
reachable()
add_event(event_type, **kwargs)
add_action(action)
extend_actions(new_actions)
subscribe_actions()
property recent_constraints
property recent_actions
property block_count
property lineage
property parents
property events
property actions
property jumpkinds
property jump_guards
property jump_targets
property jump_sources
property descriptions
```

```
property bbl_addrs
     property ins_addrs
     property stack_actions
     closest_common_ancestor(other)
           Find the common ancestor between this history node and 'other'.
               Parameters
                   other – the PathHistory to find a common ancestor with.
                   the common ancestor SimStateHistory, or None if there isn't one
     constraints_since(other)
           Returns the constraints that have been accumulated since other.
                   other - a prior PathHistory object
               Returns
                   a list of constraints
     make_child()
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.state_plugins.history.TreeIter(start, end=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(start, end=None)
     property hardcopy
     count(v)
           Count occurrences of value v in the entire history. Note that the subclass must implement the __reversed__
           method, otherwise an exception will be thrown. :param object v: The value to look for :return: The number
           of occurrences :rtype: int
class angr.state_plugins.history.HistoryIter(start, end=None)
     Bases: TreeIter
class angr.state_plugins.history.LambdaAttrIter(start, f, **kwargs)
     Bases: TreeIter
     __init__(start, f, **kwargs)
\textbf{class} \  \, \textbf{angr.state\_plugins.history.LambdaIterIter} (\textit{start}, f, \textit{reverse=True}, **kwargs)
     Bases: LambdaAttrIter
     __init__(start, f, reverse=True, **kwargs)
class angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB(omit_fp=False, adjust_stack=False)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     Initialize or update a state from gdb dumps of the stack, heap, registers and data (or arbitrary) segments.
```

## **\_\_init\_\_**(omit\_fp=False, adjust\_stack=False)

## **Parameters**

- omit\_fp The frame pointer register is used for something else. (i.e. —omit\_frame\_pointer)
- adjust\_stack Use different stack addresses than the gdb session (not recommended).

# set\_stack(stack\_dump, stack\_top)

Stack dump is a dump of the stack from gdb, i.e. the result of the following gdb command:

```
dump binary memory [stack_dump] [begin_addr] [end_addr]
```

We set the stack to the same addresses as the gdb session to avoid pointers corruption.

#### **Parameters**

- **stack\_dump** The dump file.
- **stack\_top** The address of the top of the stack in the gdb session.

# set\_heap(heap\_dump, heap\_base)

Heap dump is a dump of the heap from gdb, i.e. the result of the following gdb command:

dump binary memory [stack\_dump] [begin] [end]

#### **Parameters**

- **heap\_dump** The dump file.
- **heap\_base** The start address of the heap in the gdb session.

### set\_data(addr, data dump)

Update any data range (most likely use is the data segments of loaded objects)

## set\_regs(regs\_dump)

Initialize register values within the state

# **Parameters**

**regs\_dump** – The output of info registers in gdb.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# state: angr.SimState

# class angr.state\_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This state plugin keeps track of CGC state.

EBADF = 1

```
EFAULT = 2
EINVAL = 3
ENOMEM = 4
ENOSYS = 5
EPIPE = 6
FD_SETSIZE = 1024
max_allocation = 268435456
__init__()
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
peek_input()
discard_input(num_bytes)
peek_output()
discard_output(num_bytes)
addr_invalid(a)
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

# get\_max\_sinkhole(length)

Find a sinkhole which is large enough to support *length* bytes.

This uses first-fit. The first sinkhole (ordered in descending order by their address) which can hold *length* bytes is chosen. If there are more than *length* bytes in the sinkhole, a new sinkhole is created representing the remaining bytes while the old sinkhole is removed.

# add\_sinkhole(address, length)

Add a sinkhole.

Allow the possibility for the program to reuse the memory represented by the address length pair.

### state: angr.SimState

This file contains objects to track additional information during a trace or modify symbolic variables during a trace.

The ChallRespInfo plugin tracks variables in stdin and stdout to enable handling of challenge response It handles atoi/int2str in a special manner since path constraints will usually prevent their values from being modified

The Zen plugin simplifies expressions created from variables in the flag page (losing some accuracy) to avoid situations where they become to complex for z3, but the actual equation doesn't matter much. This can happen in challenge response if all of the values in the flag page are multiplied together before being printed.

## class angr.state\_plugins.trace\_additions.FormatInfo

```
Bases: object
copy()
```

```
compute(state)
     get_type()
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoStrToInt(addr, func_name, str_arg_num, base,
                                                                  base_arg, allows_negative)
     Bases: FormatInfo
     __init__(addr, func_name, str_arg_num, base, base_arg, allows_negative)
     copy()
     compute(state)
     get_type()
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoIntToStr(addr, func_name, int_arg_num,
                                                                  str_dst_num, base, base_arg)
     Bases: FormatInfo
     __init__(addr, func_name, int_arg_num, str_dst_num, base, base_arg)
     copy()
     compute(state)
     get_type()
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoDontConstrain(addr, func_name,
                                                                       check_symbolic_arg)
     Bases: FormatInfo
     __init__(addr, func_name, check_symbolic_arg)
     copy()
     compute(state)
     get_type()
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.int2base(x, base)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.generic_info_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.end_info_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.exit_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.syscall_hook(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.constraint_hook(state)
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     This state plugin keeps track of the reads and writes to symbolic addresses
     __init__()
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePluqin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

```
Parameters
                 others – the other state plugin
             Returns
                 True if the state plugin is actually widened.
             Return type
                 bool
     static get_byte(var name)
     lookup_original(replacement)
     pop_from_backup()
     get_stdin_indices(variable)
     get_stdout_indices(variable)
     get_real_len(input_val, base, result_bv, allows_negative)
     get_possible_len(input_val, base, allows_negative)
     get_same_length_constraints()
     static atoi_dumps(state, require_same_length=True)
     static prep_tracer(state, format_infos=None)
     state: SimState
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.zen_hook(state, expr)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.zen_memory_write(state)
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.zen_register_write(state)
class angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin(max_depth=13)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     __init__(max_depth=13)
     static get_flag_rand_args(expr)
     get_expr_depth(expr)
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

# **Parameters**

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

### **Returns**

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# Parameters

**others** – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

### get\_flag\_bytes(ast)

filter\_constraints(constraints)

```
analyze_transmit(state, buf)
static prep_tracer(state)
state: SimState

class angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals(backer=None)
Bases: SimStatePlugin
    __init__(backer=None)
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# **Return type**

bool

#### keys()

values()

items()

get(k, alt=None)

pop(k, alt=None)

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# state: angr.SimState

class angr.state\_plugins.uc\_manager.SimUCManager(man=None)

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
__init__(man=None)
assign(dst_addr_ast)
```

Assign a new region for under-constrained symbolic execution.

#### **Parameters**

**dst\_addr\_ast** – the symbolic AST which address of the new allocated region will be assigned to.

#### Returns

as ast of memory address that points to a new region

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
{\tt get\_alloc\_depth}(addr)
```

# is\_bounded(ast)

Test whether an AST is bounded by any existing constraint in the related solver.

#### **Parameters**

**ast** – an claripy.AST object

### **Returns**

True if there is at least one related constraint, False otherwise

state: angr.SimState

```
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

class angr.state\_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch(scratch=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Implements the scratch state plugin.

```
__init__(scratch=None)
```

state: angr.SimState

property priv

push\_priv(priv)

pop\_priv()

set\_tyenv(tyenv)

tmp\_expr(tmp)

Returns the Claripy expression of a VEX temp value.

## **Parameters**

- **tmp** the number of the tmp
- **simplify** simplify the tmp before returning it

# Returns

a Claripy expression of the tmp

**store\_tmp**(tmp, content, reg\_deps=None, tmp\_deps=None, deps=None, \*\*kwargs)

Stores a Claripy expression in a VEX temp value. If in symbolic mode, this involves adding a constraint for the tmp's symbolic variable.

### **Parameters**

- **tmp** the number of the tmp
- **content** a Claripy expression of the content
- **reg\_deps** the register dependencies of the content
- tmp\_deps the temporary value dependencies of the content

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePluqin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

clear()

**class** angr.state\_plugins.preconstrainer.**SimStatePreconstrainer**(constrained\_addrs=None)

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

This state plugin manages the concept of preconstraining - adding constraints which you would like to remove later.

#### **Parameters**

**constrained\_addrs** – SimActions for memory operations whose addresses should be constrained during crash analysis

```
__init__(constrained_addrs=None)
```

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

## copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# preconstrain(value, variable)

Add a preconstraint that variable == value to the state.

## **Parameters**

- value The concrete value. Can be a bitvector or a bytestring or an integer.
- **variable** The BVS to preconstrain.

# preconstrain\_file(content, simfile, set\_length=False)

Preconstrain the contents of a file.

### **Parameters**

- **content** The content to preconstrain the file to. Can be a bytestring or a list thereof.
- **simfile** The actual simfile to preconstrain

# preconstrain\_flag\_page(magic\_content)

Preconstrain the data in the flag page.

#### **Parameters**

**magic\_content** – The content of the magic page as a bytestring.

## remove\_preconstraints(to\_composite\_solver=True, simplify=True)

Remove the preconstraints from the state.

If you are using the zen plugin, this will also use that to filter the constraints.

## **Parameters**

• **to\_composite\_solver** — Whether to convert the replacement solver to a composite solver. You probably want this if you're switching from tracing to symbolic analysis.

• **simplify** – Whether to simplify the resulting set of constraints.

```
reconstrain()
```

Split the solver. If any of the subsolvers time out after a short timeout (10 seconds), re-add the preconstraints associated with each of its variables. Hopefully these constraints still allow us to do meaningful things to the state.

```
state: angr.SimState
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MEM_PATCH
     Bases: Structure
     struct mem_update_t
     address
          Structure/Union member
     length
          Structure/Union member
     next
          Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.TRANSMIT_RECORD
     Bases: Structure
     struct transmit_record_t
     count
          Structure/Union member
     data
          Structure/Union member
     fd
          Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.TaintEntityEnum
     Bases: object
     taint_entity_enum_t
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_REG = 0
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_TMP = 1
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_MEM = 2
     TAINT\_ENTITY\_NONE = 3
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MemoryValue
     Bases: Structure
     struct memory_value_t
     address
          Structure/Union member
```

is\_value\_set

Structure/Union member

# is\_value\_symbolic

Structure/Union member

### value

Structure/Union member

## class angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.RegisterValue

Bases: Structure

struct register\_value\_t

### offset

Structure/Union member

#### size

Structure/Union member

#### value

Structure/Union member

# class angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.VEXStmtDetails

Bases: Structure

struct sym\_vex\_stmt\_details\_t

# has\_memory\_dep

Structure/Union member

### memory\_values

Structure/Union member

# memory\_values\_count

Structure/Union member

## stmt\_idx

Structure/Union member

# class angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.BlockDetails

Bases: Structure

struct sym\_block\_details\_ret\_t

## block\_addr

Structure/Union member

## block\_size

Structure/Union member

# block\_trace\_ind

Structure/Union member

# has\_symbolic\_exit

Structure/Union member

# register\_values

Structure/Union member

# register\_values\_count

Structure/Union member

10.3. Program State 285

```
symbolic_vex_stmts
         Structure/Union member
     symbolic_vex_stmts_count
         Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
     Bases: object
     enum stop_t
     STOP_NORMAL = 0
     STOP\_STOPPOINT = 1
     STOP\_ERROR = 2
     STOP_SYSCALL = 3
     STOP_EXECNONE = 4
     STOP\_ZEROPAGE = 5
     STOP_NOSTART = 6
     STOP\_SEGFAULT = 7
     STOP\_ZERO\_DIV = 8
     STOP_NODECODE = 9
     STOP\_HLT = 10
     STOP\_VEX\_LIFT\_FAILED = 11
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_PC = 12
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_READ_ADDR = 13
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_READ_SYMBOLIC_TRACKING_DISABLED = 14
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_ADDR = 15
     STOP\_SYMBOLIC\_BLOCK\_EXIT\_CONDITION = 16
     STOP_SYMBOLIC_BLOCK_EXIT_TARGET = 17
     STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_PUTI = 18
     STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_STOREG = 19
     STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_STMT\_LOADG = 20
     STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_STMT\_CAS = 21
     STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_STMT\_LLSC = 22
     STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_DIRTY = 23
```

 $STOP\_UNSUPPORTED\_EXPR\_GETI = 24$ 

```
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_UNKNOWN = 25
    STOP_UNSUPPORTED_EXPR_UNKNOWN = 26
    STOP_UNKNOWN_MEMORY_WRITE_SIZE = 27
    STOP_SYSCALL\_ARM = 28
    STOP_X86_CPUID = 29
    stop_message = {0: 'Reached maximum steps', 1: 'Hit a stop point', 2: 'Something
    wrong', 3: 'Unable to handle syscall', 4: 'Fetching empty page', 5: 'Accessing
    zero page', 6: 'Failed to start', 7: 'Permissions or mapping error', 8:
    by zero', 9: 'Instruction decoding error', 10: 'hlt instruction encountered', 11:
     'Failed to lift block to VEX', 12: 'Instruction pointer became symbolic', 13:
     'Attempted to read from symbolic address', 14: 'Attempted to read symbolic data
    from memory but symbolic tracking is disabled', 15: 'Attempted to write to symbolic
    address', 16: "Guard condition of block's exit statement is symbolic", 17:
    of default exit of block is symbolic', 18: 'Symbolic taint propagation for PutI
    statement not yet supported', 19: 'Symbolic taint propagation for StoreG statement
    not yet supported', 20: 'Symbolic taint propagation for LoadG statement not yet
    supported', 21: 'Symbolic taint propagation for CAS statement not yet supported',
    22: 'Symbolic taint propagation for LLSC statement not yet supported', 23:
     'Symbolic taint propagation for Dirty statement not yet supported', 24: 'Symbolic
    taint propagation for GetI expression not yet supported', 25: 'Canoo propagate
    symbolic taint for unsupported VEX statement type', 26: 'Cannot propagate symbolic
    taint for unsupported VEX expression', 27: 'Unicorn failed to determine size of
    memory write', 28: 'ARM syscalls are currently not supported by SimEngineUnicorn',
    29: 'Block executes cpuid which should be handled in VEX engine'}
    symbolic_stop_reasons = {12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 28, 29}
    unsupported_reasons = {11, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26}
    static name_stop(num)
    static get_stop_msg(stop_reason)
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.StopDetails
    Bases: Structure
    struct stop_details_t
    block addr
         Structure/Union member
    block size
         Structure/Union member
    stop_reason
         Structure/Union member
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SimOSEnum
    Bases: object
    enum simos_t
    SIMOS\_CGC = 0
```

10.3. Program State 287

```
SIMOS_LINUX = 1
     SIMOS_OTHER = 2
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MemoryMappingError
     Bases: Exception
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.AccessingZeroPageError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.FetchingZeroPageError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SegfaultError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
exception angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MixedPermissonsError
     Bases: MemoryMappingError
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.AggressiveConcretizationAnnotation(addr)
     Bases: SimplificationAvoidanceAnnotation
     __init__(addr)
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper(arch, cache_key, thumb=False)
     Bases: Uc
     __init__(arch, cache_key, thumb=False)
     hook_add(htype, callback, user_data=None, begin=1, end=0, arg1=0)
     hook_del(h)
     mem_map(addr, size, perms=7)
     mem_map_ptr(addr, size, perms, ptr)
     mem_unmap(addr, size)
     mem_reset()
     hook_reset()
     reset()
class angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn(syscall hooks=None, cache key=None,
                                                    unicount=None, symbolic_var_counts=None,
                                                    symbolic_inst_counts=None, concretized_asts=None,
                                                    always_concretize=None, never_concretize=None,
                                                    concretize_at=None,
                                                    concretization threshold memory=None,
                                                    concretization_threshold_registers=None,
                                                    concretization_threshold_instruction=None,
                                                    cooldown_symbolic_stop=2,
                                                    cooldown_unsupported_stop=2,
                                                    cooldown_nonunicorn_blocks=100,
                                                    cooldown_stop_point=1, max_steps=1000000)
     Bases: SimStatePlugin
     setup the unicorn engine for a state
```

## UC\_CONFIG = {}

\_\_init\_\_(syscall\_hooks=None, cache\_key=None, unicount=None, symbolic\_var\_counts=None, symbolic\_inst\_counts=None, concretized\_asts=None, always\_concretize=None, never\_concretize=None, concretize\_at=None, concretization\_threshold\_memory=None, concretization\_threshold\_registers=None, concretization\_threshold\_instruction=None, cooldown\_symbolic\_stop=2, cooldown\_unsupported\_stop=2, cooldown\_nonunicorn\_blocks=100, cooldown\_stop\_point=1, max\_steps=1000000)

Initializes the Unicorn plugin for angr. This plugin handles communication with UnicornEngine.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

```
Parameters
            others – the other state plugin
         Returns
            True if the state plugin is actually widened.
         Return type
            bool
set_state(state)
     Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)
property uc
static delete_uc()
set_last_block_details(details)
set_stops(stop_points)
set_tracking(track_bbls, track_stack)
hook()
uncache_region(addr, length)
clear_page_cache()
setup(syscall_data=None, fd_bytes=None)
start(step=None)
get_recent_bbl_addrs()
get_stop_details()
finish(succ state)
destroy(succ_state)
set_regs()
    setting unicorn registers
setup_flags()
setup_gdt(fs, gs)
read_msr(msr=3221225728)
```

write\_msr(val, msr=3221225728)

```
get_regs(succ state)
```

loading registers from unicorn. If succ\_state is not None, update it instead of self.state. Needed when handling symbolic exits in native interface

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This class keeps track of loop-related information for states. Note that we have 2 counters for loop iterations (trip counts): the first recording the number of times one of the back edges (or continue edges) of a loop is taken, whereas the second recording the number of times the loop header (or loop entry) is executed. These 2 counters may differ since compilers usually optimize loops hence completely change the loop structure at the binary level. This is supposed to be used with *LoopSeer* exploration technique, which monitors loop execution. For the moment, the only thing we want to analyze is loop trip counts, but nothing prevents us from extending this plugin for other loop analyses.

**\_\_init\_\_**(back\_edge\_trip\_counts=None, header\_trip\_counts=None, current\_loop=None)

#### **Parameters**

- back\_edge\_trip\_counts Dictionary that stores back edge based trip counts for each loop. Keys are address of loop headers.
- header\_trip\_counts Dictionary that stores header based trip counts for each loop. Keys are address of loop headers.
- **current\_loop** List of currently running loops. Each element is a tuple (loop object, list of loop exits).

**merge**(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say  $zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)$ 

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with  ${\tt SimStatePlugin.memo}$ 

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## state: angr.SimState

### Bases: SimStatePlugin

```
__init__(segment_registers_initialized=False, segment_registers_callback_initialized=False, whitelist=None, fs_register_bp=None, already_sync_objects_addresses=None)
```

### copy(\_memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(_others, _merge_conditions, _common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say  $zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)$ 

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

## Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# **Return type**

bool

### widen( others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

#### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

## sync()

Handle the switch between the concrete execution and angr. This method takes care of: 1- Synchronize registers. 2- Set a concrete target to the memory backer so the memory reads are redirected in the concrete process memory. 3- If possible restore the SimProcedures with the real addresses inside the concrete process. 4- Set an inspect point to sync the segments register as soon as they are read during the symbolic execution. 5- Flush all the pages loaded until now.

#### Returns

## state: angr.SimState

class angr.state\_plugins.javavm\_classloader.SimJavaVmClassloader(initialized\_classes=None)

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

JavaVM Classloader is used as an interface for resolving and initializing Java classes.

```
__init__(initialized classes=None)
```

```
get_class(class_name, init_class=False, step_func=None)
```

Get a class descriptor for the class.

### **Parameters**

- class name (str) Name of class.
- init\_class (bool) Whether the class initializer <clinit> should be executed.
- **step\_func** (*func*) Callback function executed at every step of the simulation manager during the execution of the main <clinit> method

## get\_superclass(class )

Get the superclass of the class.

#### get\_class\_hierarchy(base class)

Walks up the class hierarchy and returns a list of all classes between base class (inclusive) and java.lang.Object (exclusive).

# is\_class\_initialized(class\_)

Indicates whether the classes initializing method <clinit> was already executed on the state.

```
init_class(class , step func=None)
```

This method simulates the loading of a class by the JVM, during which parts of the class (e.g. static fields) are initialized. For this, we run the class initializer method <clinit> (if available) and update the state accordingly.

# Note: Initialization is skipped, if the class has already been

initialized (or if it's not loaded in CLE).

## property initialized\_classes

List of all initialized classes.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

**merge**(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

## Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

### Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimStatePlugin

Management of the mapping between opaque JNI references and the corresponding Java objects.

\_\_init\_\_(local\_refs=None, global\_refs=None)

lookup(opaque\_ref)

Lookups the object that was used for creating the reference.

create\_new\_reference(obj, global\_ref=False)

Create a new reference thats maps to the given object.

### **Parameters**

- **obj** Object which gets referenced.
- **global\_ref** (*bool*) Whether a local or global reference is created.

## clear\_local\_references()

Clear all local references.

delete\_reference(opaque\_ref, global\_ref=False)

Delete the stored mapping of a reference.

### **Parameters**

- **opaque\_ref** Reference which should be removed.
- **global\_ref** (*bool*) Whether opaque\_ref is a local or global reference.

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## **Return type**

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_base.SimHeapBase(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the base heap class that all heap implementations should subclass. It defines a few handlers for common heap functions (the libc memory management functions). Heap implementations are expected to override these functions regardless of whether they implement the SimHeapLibc interface. For an example, see the SimHeapBrk implementation, which is based on the original libc SimProcedure implementations.

## **Variables**

- **heap\_base** the address of the base of the heap in memory
- heap\_size the total size of the main memory region managed by the heap in memory

• mmap\_base – the address of the region from which large mmap allocations will be made

```
__init__(heap base=None, heap size=None)
```

## copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## init\_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

## state: angr.SimState

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_heap\_brk.SimHeapBrk(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapBase

SimHeapBrk represents a trivial heap implementation based on the Unix *brk* system call. This type of heap stores virtually no metadata, so it is up to the user to determine when it is safe to release memory. This also means that it does not properly support standard heap operations like *realloc*.

This heap implementation is a holdover from before any more proper implementations were modelled. At the time, various libc (or win32) SimProcedures handled the heap in the same way that this plugin does now. To make future heap implementations plug-and-playable, they should implement the necessary logic themselves, and dependent SimProcedures should invoke a method by the same name as theirs (prepended with an underscore) upon the heap plugin. Depending on the heap implementation, if the method is not supported, an error should be raised.

Out of consideration for the original way the heap was handled, this plugin implements functionality for all relevant SimProcedures (even those that would not normally be supported together in a single heap implementation).

## Variables

**heap\_location** – the address of the top of the heap, bounding the allocations made starting from *heap base* 

```
__init__(heap_base=None, heap_size=None)
```

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

### allocate(sim size)

The actual allocation primitive for this heap implementation. Increases the position of the break to allocate space. Has no guards against the heap growing too large.

#### **Parameters**

**sim\_size** – a size specifying how much to increase the break pointer by

#### Returns

a pointer to the previous break position, above which there is now allocated space

## release(sim\_size)

The memory release primitive for this heap implementation. Decreases the position of the break to deallocate space. Guards against releasing beyond the initial heap base.

#### **Parameters**

**sim\_size** – a size specifying how much to decrease the break pointer by (may be symbolic or not)

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

### **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

### **Returns**

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

## Return type

bool

# state: angr.SimState

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_freelist.Chunk(base, sim\_state)

Bases: object

The sort of chunk as would typically be found in a freelist-style heap implementation. Provides a representation of a chunk via a view into the memory plugin. Chunks may be adjacent, in different senses, to as many as four other chunks. For any given chunk, two of these chunks are adjacent to it in memory, and are referred to as the "previous" and "next" chunks throughout this implementation. For any given free chunk, there may also be two significant chunks that are adjacent to it in some linked list of free chunks. These chunks are referred to the "backward" and "foward" chunks relative to the chunk in question.

### Variables

- base the location of the base of the chunk in memory
- **state** the program state that the chunk is resident in

```
__init__(base, sim_state)
```

# get\_size()

Returns the actual size of a chunk (as opposed to the entire size field, which may include some flags).

#### get\_data\_size()

Returns the size of the data portion of a chunk.

# set\_size(size)

Sets the size of the chunk, preserving any flags.

## data\_ptr()

Returns the address of the payload of the chunk.

## is\_free()

Returns a concrete determination as to whether the chunk is free.

# next\_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately following (and adjacent to) this one.

#### prev\_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately prior (and adjacent) to this one.

## fwd\_chunk()

Returns the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

### set\_fwd\_chunk(fwd)

Sets the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

### **Parameters**

**fwd** – the chunk to follow this chunk in the list of free chunks

## bck\_chunk()

Returns the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

### set\_bck\_chunk(bck)

Sets the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

#### **Parameters**

**bck** – the chunk to precede this chunk in the list of free chunks

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_heap\_freelist.SimHeapFreelist(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapLibc

A freelist-style heap implementation. Distinguishing features of such heaps include chunks containing heap metadata in addition to user data and at least (but often more than) one linked list of free chunks.

### chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the chunks in the heap.

## allocated\_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the allocated chunks in the heap.

### free\_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the free chunks in the heap.

## chunk\_from\_mem(ptr)

Given a pointer to a user payload, return the chunk associated with that payload.

#### **Parameters**

**ptr** – a pointer to the base of a user payload in the heap

#### Returns

the associated heap chunk

```
print_heap_state()
```

print\_all\_chunks()

state: angr.SimState

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_heap\_libc.SimHeapLibc(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapBase

A class of heap that implements the major libc heap management functions.

## malloc(sim\_size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc malloc.

#### **Parameters**

sim\_size - the amount of memory (in bytes) to be allocated

#### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

10.3. Program State 301

## free(ptr)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc free.

### **Parameters**

**ptr** – the location in memory to be freed

calloc(sim\_nmemb, sim\_size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc calloc.

#### **Parameters**

- sim\_nmemb the number of elements to allocated
- **sim\_size** the size of each element (in bytes)

#### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

realloc(ptr, size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc realloc.

### **Parameters**

- ptr the location in memory to be reallocated
- **size** the new size desired for the allocation

#### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation was freed or if no new allocation was made

state: angr.SimState

```
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.silence_logger()
```

angr.state\_plugins.heap.heap\_ptmalloc.unsilence\_logger(level)

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_ptmalloc.PTChunk(base, sim\_state, heap=None)

Bases: Chunk

A chunk, inspired by the implementation of chunks in ptmalloc. Provides a representation of a chunk via a view into the memory plugin. For the chunk definitions and does that this was loosely based off of, see glibc malloc/malloc.c, line 1033, as of commit 5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f. Alternatively, take the following link. https://sourceware.org/git/?p=glibc.git;a=blob;f=malloc/malloc.c;h=67cdfd0ad2f003964cd0f7dfe3bcd85ca98528a7;hb=5a580643111ef6081be7b4c7bd1997a5447c903f#l1033

# Variables

- base the location of the base of the chunk in memory
- **state** the program state that the chunk is resident in
- heap the heap plugin that the chunk is managed by

```
__init__(base, sim_state, heap=None)
```

### get\_size()

Returns the actual size of a chunk (as opposed to the entire size field, which may include some flags).

## get\_data\_size()

Returns the size of the data portion of a chunk.

### set\_size(size, is\_free=None)

Use this to set the size on a chunk. When the chunk is new (such as when a free chunk is shrunk to form an allocated chunk and a remainder free chunk) it is recommended that the is\_free hint be used since setting the size depends on the chunk's freeness, and vice versa.

#### **Parameters**

- size size of the chunk
- is\_free boolean indicating the chunk's freeness

## set\_prev\_freeness(is\_free)

Sets (or unsets) the flag controlling whether the previous chunk is free.

#### **Parameters**

is\_free - if True, sets the previous chunk to be free; if False, sets it to be allocated

## is\_prev\_free()

Returns a concrete state of the flag indicating whether the previous chunk is free or not. Issues a warning if that flag is symbolic and has multiple solutions, and then assumes that the previous chunk is free.

#### Returns

True if the previous chunk is free; False otherwise

#### prev\_size()

Returns the size of the previous chunk, masking off what would be the flag bits if it were in the actual size field. Performs NO CHECKING to determine whether the previous chunk size is valid (for example, when the previous chunk is not free, its size cannot be determined).

## is\_free()

Returns a concrete determination as to whether the chunk is free.

# data\_ptr()

Returns the address of the payload of the chunk.

## next\_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately following (and adjacent to) this one, if it exists.

# Returns

The following chunk, or None if applicable

# prev\_chunk()

Returns the chunk immediately prior (and adjacent) to this one, if that chunk is free. If the prior chunk is not free, then its base cannot be located and this method raises an error.

## **Returns**

If possible, the previous chunk; otherwise, raises an error

## fwd\_chunk()

Returns the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

## Returns

If possible, the forward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

## set\_fwd\_chunk(fwd)

Sets the chunk following this chunk in the list of free chunks.

### **Parameters**

**fwd** – the chunk to follow this chunk in the list of free chunks

10.3. Program State 303

## bck\_chunk()

Returns the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks. If this chunk is not free, then it resides in no such list and this method raises an error.

#### Returns

If possible, the backward chunk; otherwise, raises an error

## set\_bck\_chunk(bck)

Sets the chunk backward from this chunk in the list of free chunks.

### **Parameters**

**bck** – the chunk to precede this chunk in the list of free chunks

Bases: object

\_\_init\_\_(chunk, cond=<function PTChunkIterator.<lambda>>)

class angr.state\_plugins.heap\_heap\_ptmalloc.SimHeapPTMalloc(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

Bases: SimHeapFreelist

A freelist-style heap implementation inspired by ptmalloc. The chunks used by this heap contain heap metadata in addition to user data. While the real-world ptmalloc is implemented using multiple lists of free chunks (corresponding to their different sizes), this more basic model uses a single list of chunks and searches for free chunks using a first-fit algorithm.

**NOTE:** The plugin must be registered using register\_plugin with name heap in order to function properly.

#### **Variables**

- **heap\_base** the address of the base of the heap in memory
- heap\_size the total size of the main memory region managed by the heap in memory
- mmap\_base the address of the region from which large mmap allocations will be made
- **free\_head\_chunk** the head of the linked list of free chunks in the heap

\_\_init\_\_(heap\_base=None, heap\_size=None)

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

# **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the chunks in the heap.

### allocated\_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the allocated chunks in the heap.

## free\_chunks()

Returns an iterator over all the free chunks in the heap.

## chunk\_from\_mem(ptr)

Given a pointer to a user payload, return the base of the chunk associated with that payload (i.e. the chunk pointer). Returns None if ptr is null.

#### **Parameters**

**ptr** – a pointer to the base of a user payload in the heap

### **Returns**

a pointer to the base of the associated heap chunk, or None if ptr is null

## malloc(sim\_size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc *malloc*.

## **Parameters**

**sim\_size** – the amount of memory (in bytes) to be allocated

#### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

# free(ptr)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc free.

#### **Parameters**

ptr – the location in memory to be freed

### calloc(sim nmemb, sim size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc calloc.

## **Parameters**

- sim\_nmemb the number of elements to allocated
- **sim\_size** the size of each element (in bytes)

#### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation failed

## realloc(ptr, size)

A somewhat faithful implementation of libc realloc.

### **Parameters**

- ullet **ptr** the location in memory to be reallocated
- **size** the new size desired for the allocation

### Returns

the address of the allocation, or a NULL pointer if the allocation was freed or if no new allocation was made

## merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

10.3. Program State 305

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

# widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

# init\_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

```
state: angr.SimState
```

```
angr.state_plugins.heap.utils.concretize(x, solver, sym_handler)
```

For now a lot of naive concretization is done when handling heap metadata to keep things manageable. This idiom showed up a lot as a result, so to reduce code repetition this function uses a callback to handle the one or two operations that varied across invocations.

### **Parameters**

- $\mathbf{x}$  the item to be concretized
- **solver** the solver to evaluate the item with

• sym\_handler – the handler to be used when the item may take on more than one value

#### Returns

a concrete value for the item

## class angr.state\_plugins.symbolizer.SimSymbolizer

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
```

The symbolizer state plugin ensures that pointers that are stored in memory are symbolic. This allows for the tracking of and reasoning over these pointers (for example, to reason about memory disclosure).

```
__init__()
```

## init\_state()

Use this function to perform any initialization on the state at plugin-add time

## set\_symbolization\_for\_all\_pages()

Sets the symbolizer to symbolize pointers to all pages as they are written to memory...

## set\_symbolized\_target\_range(base, length)

All pointers to the target range will be symbolized as they are written to memory.

Due to optimizations, the \_pages\_ containing this range will be set as symbolization targets, not just the range itself.

## resymbolize()

Re-symbolizes all pointers in memory. This can be called to symbolize any pointers to target regions that were written (and not mangled beyond recognition) before symbolization was set.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

## state: angr.SimState

### **class** angr.state\_plugins.debug\_variables.**SimDebugVariable**(state, addr, var type)

```
Bases: object
```

A SimDebugVariable will get dynamically created when queriyng for variable in a state with the SimDebugVariablePlugin. It features a link to the state, an address and a type.

#### **Parameters**

```
• state (SimState) -
```

• var\_type (VariableType) -

**\_\_init\_\_**(*state*, *addr*, *var\_type*)

## **Parameters**

• state (SimState) -

```
• var_type (VariableType) -
     static from_cle_variable(state, cle_variable, dwarf_cfa)
             Return type
                 SimDebugVariable
             Parameters
                 • state (SimState) -
                 • cle_variable (Variable) -
     property mem_untyped: SimMemView
     property mem: SimMemView
     property string: SimMemView
     with_type(sim_type)
             Return type
                 SimMemView |
             Parameters
                sim_type (SimType) -
     property resolvable
     property resolved
     property concrete
     store(value)
     property deref: SimDebugVariable
     array(i)
             Return type
                 SimDebugVariable
     member(member_name)
             Return type
                 SimDebugVariable
             Parameters
                member_name (str) -
class angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariablePlugin
```

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is the plugin you'll use to interact with (global/local) program variables. These variables have a name and a visibility scope which depends on the pc address of the state. With this plugin, you can access/modify the value of such variable or find its memory address. For creating program varibles, or for importing them from cle, see the knowledge plugin debug\_variables. Run p.kb.dvars.load\_from\_dwarf() before using this plugin.

# **Example**

```
>>> p = angr.Project("various_variables", load_debug_info=True)
>>> p.kb.dvars.load_from_dwarf()
>>> state = # navigate to the state you want
>>> state.dvars.get_variable("pointer2").deref.mem
<int (32 bits) <BV32 0x1> at 0x404020>
```

#### get\_variable(var\_name)

Returns the visible variable (if any) with name var\_name based on the current state.ip.

#### Return type

SimDebugVariable

#### **Parameters**

var\_name (str) -

### property dwarf\_cfa

Returns the current cfa computation. Set this property to the correct value if needed.

```
property dwarf_cfa_approx
```

state: angr.SimState

# 10.4 Storage

class angr.state\_plugins.view.SimRegNameView

```
Bases: SimStatePlugin
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

10.4. Storage 309

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

## Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

### Return type

bool

get(reg\_name)

state: angr.SimState

**class** angr.state\_plugins.view.**SimMemView**(ty=None, addr=None, state=None)

Bases: SimStatePlugin

This is a convenient interface with which you can access a program's memory.

The interface works like this:

- You first use [array index notation] to specify the address you'd like to load from
- If at that address is a pointer, you may access the deref property to return a SimMemView at the address
  present in memory.
- You then specify a type for the data by simply accessing a property of that name. For a list of supported types, look at state.mem.types.

- You can then *refine* the type. Any type may support any refinement it likes. Right now the only refinements supported are that you may access any member of a struct by its member name, and you may index into a string or array to access that element.
- If the address you specified initially points to an array of that type, you can say .array(n) to view the data as an array of n elements.
- Finally, extract the structured data with .resolved or .concrete. .resolved will return bitvector values, while .concrete will return integer, string, array, etc values, whatever best represents the data.
- Alternately, you may store a value to memory, by assigning to the chain of properties that you've constructed. Note that because of the way python works, x = s.mem[...].prop; x = val will NOT work, you must say s.mem[...].prop = val.

# For example:

```
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long
<long (64 bits) <BV64 0x4008d0> at 0x601048>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].long.resolved
<BV64 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref
<<untyped> <unresolvable> at 0x4008d0>
>>> s.mem[0x601048].deref.string.concrete
'SOSNEAKY'
```

### **Parameters**

```
state (SimState) -
```

\_\_init\_\_(ty=None, addr=None, state=None)

## set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

10.4. Storage 311

types = {'CharT': char, 'FILE\_t': struct FILE\_t, '\_Bool': bool, '\_ENTRY': struct \_ENTRY, '\_IO\_codecvt': struct \_IO\_codecvt, '\_IO\_iconv\_t': struct \_IO\_iconv\_t, '\_IO\_lock\_t': struct pthread\_mutex\_t, '\_IO\_marker': struct \_IO\_marker, '\_IO\_wide\_data': struct \_IO\_wide\_data, '\_\_clock\_t': uint32\_t, '\_\_dev\_t': uint64\_t, '\_\_gid\_t': unsigned int, '\_\_ino64\_t': unsigned long long, '\_\_ino\_t': unsigned long, '\_\_int128': int128\_t, '\_\_int256': int256\_t, '\_\_mbstate\_t': struct \_\_mbstate\_t, '\_\_mode\_t': unsigned int, '\_\_nlink\_t': unsigned int, '\_\_off64\_t': long long, '\_\_off\_t': long, '\_\_pid\_t': int, '\_\_suseconds\_t': int64\_t, '\_\_time\_t': long, '\_\_uid\_t': unsigned int, '\_obstack\_chunk': struct \_obstack\_chunk, 'aiocb': struct aiocb, 'aiocb64': struct aiocb64, 'aioinit': struct aioinit, 'argp': struct argp, 'argp\_child': struct argp\_child, 'argp\_option': struct argp\_option, 'argp\_parser\_t': (int, char\*, struct argp\_state\*) -> int, 'argp\_state': struct argp\_state, 'basic\_string': string\_t, 'bool': bool, 'byte': uint8\_t, 'cc\_t': char, 'char': char, 'clock\_t': uint32\_t, 'crypt\_data': struct crypt\_data, 'dirent': struct dirent, 'dirent64': struct dirent64, 'double': double, 'drand48\_data': struct <anon>, 'dword': uint32\_t, 'error\_t': int, 'exit\_status': struct exit\_status, 'float': float, 'fstab': struct fstab, 'group': struct group, 'hostent': struct hostent, 'hsearch\_data': struct hsearch\_data, 'if\_nameindex': struct if\_nameindex, 'in\_addr': struct in\_addr, 'in\_port\_t': uint16\_t, 'ino64\_t': unsigned long long, 'ino\_t': unsigned long, 'int': int, 'int16\_t': int16\_t,
'int32\_t': int32\_t, 'int64\_t': int64\_t, 'int8\_t': int8\_t, 'iovec': struct <anon>, 'itimerval': struct itimerval, 'lconv': struct lconv, 'long': long, 'long double': double, 'long int': long, 'long long': long long, 'long long int': long long, 'long signed': long, 'long unsigned int': unsigned long, 'mallinfo': struct mallinfo, 'mallinfo2': struct mallinfo2, 'mntent': struct mntent, 'netent': struct netent, 'ntptimeval': struct ntptimeval, 'obstack': struct obstack, 'off64\_t': long long, 'off\_t': long, 'option': struct option, 'passwd': struct passwd, 'pid\_t': int, 'printf\_info': struct printf\_info, 'protoent': struct protoent, 'ptrdiff\_t': long, 'qword': uint64\_t, 'random\_data': struct <anon>, 'rlim64\_t': uint64\_t, 'rlim\_t': unsigned long, 'rlimit': struct rlimit, 'rlimit64': struct rlimit64, 'rusage': struct rusage, 'sa\_family\_t': unsigned short, 'sched\_param': struct sched\_param, 'sembuf': struct sembuf, 'servent': struct servent, 'sgttyb': struct sgttyb, 'short': short, 'short int': short, 'sigevent': struct sigevent, 'signed': int, 'signed char': char, 'signed int': int, 'signed long': long, 'signed long int': long, 'signed long long': long long, 'signed long long int': long long, 'signed short': short, 'signed short int': short, 'sigstack': struct sigstack, 'sigval': union sigval { sival\_int int; sival\_ptr void\*; }, 'size\_t': size\_t, 'sockaddr': struct sockaddr, 'sockaddr\_in': struct sockaddr\_in, 'speed\_t': long, 'ssize': size\_t, 'ssize\_t': size\_t, 'stat': struct stat, 'stat64': struct stat64, 'string': string\_t, 'struct iovec': struct iovec, 'struct timespec': struct timespec, 'struct timeval': struct timeval, 'tcflag\_t': unsigned long, 'termios': struct termios, 'time\_t': long, 'timespec': struct timeval, 'timeval': struct timeval, 'timex': struct timex, 'timezone': struct timezone, 'tm': struct tm, 'tms': struct tms, 'uint16\_t': uint16\_t, 'uint32\_t': uint32\_t, 'uint64\_t': uint64\_t, 'uint8\_t': uint8\_t, 'uintptr\_t': unsigned long, 'unsigned': unsigned int, 'unsigned \_\_int128': uint128\_t, 'unsigned \_\_int256': uint256\_t, 'unsigned char': char, 'unsigned int': unsigned int, 'unsigned long': unsigned long, 'unsigned long int': unsigned long, 'unsigned long long': unsigned long long, 'unsigned long int': unsigned long long, 'unsigned short': unsigned short, 'unsigned short int': unsigned short, 'utimbuf': struct utimbuf, 'utmp': struct utmp, 'utmpx': struct utmx, 'utsname': struct utsname, 'va\_list': struct va\_list[1], 'void': void, 'vtimes': struct vtimes, 'wchar\_t': short, 'winsize': struct winsize, 'word': uint16\_t, 'wstring': wstring\_t}

```
state: angr.SimState = None
struct: StructMode
with_type(sim_type)
```

Returns a copy of the SimMemView with a type.

```
Parameters
```

```
sim_type (SimType) – The new type.
```

## **Return type**

SimMemView

### Returns

The typed SimMemView copy.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

## **Parameters**

10.4. Storage 313

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

## Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

## widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

## **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

```
property resolvable
property resolved
property concrete
property deref: SimMemView
array(n)
```

## **Return type**

SimMemView

# member(member\_name)

If self is a struct and member\_name is a member of the struct, return that member element. Otherwise raise an exception.

## Return type

SimMemView

# **Parameters**

 $member_name(str) -$ 

store(value)

```
class angr.state_plugins.view.StructMode(view)
```

```
Bases: object
__init__(view)
```

# class angr.storage.file.Flags

Bases: object
O\_RDONLY = 0

 $O_WRONLY = 1$ 

```
O_RDWR = 2
O_ACCMODE = 3
O_APPEND = 1024
O_ASYNC = 8192
O_{CLOEXEC} = 524288
O_{CREAT} = 64
O_DIRECT = 16384
O_DIRECTORY = 65536
O_DSYNC = 4096
0_EXCL = 128
O LARGEFILE = 32768
O_NOATIME = 262144
O_NOCTTY = 256
O_NOFOLLOW = 131072
O_NONBLOCK = 2048
O_NDELAY = 2048
O_PATH = 2097152
0_{SYNC} = 1052672
O_TMPFILE = 4259840
O_TRUNC = 512
```

Bases: SimStatePlugin

SimFiles are the storage mechanisms used by SimFileDescriptors.

Different types of SimFiles can have drastically different interfaces, and as a result there's not much that can be specified on this base class. All the read and write methods take a pos argument, which may have different semantics per-class. 0 will always be a valid position to use, though, and the next position you should use is part of the return tuple.

Some simfiles are "streams", meaning that the position that reads come from is determined not by the position you pass in (it will in fact be ignored), but by an internal variable. This is stored as .pos if you care to read it. Don't write to it. The same lack-of-semantics applies to this field as well.

## **Variables**

- name The name of the file. Purely for cosmetic purposes
- **ident** The identifier of the file, typically autogenerated from the name and a nonce. Purely for cosmetic purposes, but does appear in symbolic values autogenerated in the file.

10.4. Storage 315

- **seekable** Bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed. If this is True, then pos must be a number of bytes from the start of the file.
- writable Bool indicating whether writing to this file is allowed.
- pos If the file is a stream, this will be the current position. Otherwise, None.
- **concrete** Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.
- **file\_exists** Set to False, if file does not exists, set to a claripy Bool if unknown, default True.

```
seekable = False
```

# pos = None

\_\_init\_\_(name=None, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=False, file\_exists=True, \*\*kwargs)

## static make\_ident(name)

```
concretize(**kwargs)
```

Return a concretization of the contents of the file. The type of the return value of this method will vary depending on which kind of SimFile you're using.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

#### **Parameters**

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

## Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(pos, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

## **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

# Returns

The new file position pointer.

# property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimFileBase, DefaultMemory

The normal SimFile is meant to model files on disk. It subclasses SimSymbolicMemory so loads and stores to/from it are very simple.

## **Parameters**

- name The name of the file
- content Optional initial content for the file as a string or bitvector
- size Optional size of the file. If content is not specified, it defaults to zero
- has\_end Whether the size boundary is treated as the end of the file or a frontier at
  which new content will be generated. If unspecified, will pick its value based on options.FILES\_HAVE\_EOF. Another caveat is that if the size is also unspecified this value
  will default to False.
- seekable Optional bool indicating whether seek operations on this file should succeed, default True.
- writable Whether writing to this file is allowed
- concrete Whether or not this file contains mostly concrete data. Will be used by some SimProcedures to choose how to handle variable-length operations like fgets.

## Variables

has\_end - Whether this file has an EOF

\_\_init\_\_(name=None, content=None, size=None, has\_end=None, seekable=True, writable=True, ident=None, concrete=None, \*\*kwargs)

### property category

reg, mem, or file.

### Type

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

### property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

# concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file, as a flat bytestring.

read(pos, size, \*\*kwargs)

Read some data from the file.

10.4. Storage 317

### **Parameters**

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data to the file.

#### **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

#### Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

## **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

### Return type

bool

#### widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### **Returns**

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

**class** angr.storage.file.**SimFileStream**(name=None, content=None, pos=0, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimFile

A specialized SimFile that uses a flat memory backing, but functions as a stream, tracking its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimFile constructor.

#### **Variables**

```
pos – The current position in the file.
```

```
__init__(name=None, content=None, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

# set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

read(pos, size, \*\*kwargs)

Read some data from the file.

# **Parameters**

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

# Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(_, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

#### **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

#### Returns

The new file position pointer.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

Bases: SimFileBase

The SimPackets is meant to model inputs whose content is delivered a series of asynchronous chunks. The data is stored as a list of read or write results. For symbolic sizes, state.libc.max\_packet\_size will be respected. If the SHORT\_READS option is enabled, reads will return a symbolic size constrained to be less than or equal to the requested size.

A SimPackets cannot be used for both reading and writing - for socket objects that can be both read and written to you should use a file descriptor to multiplex the read and write operations into two separate file storage mechanisms.

### **Parameters**

- **name** The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- write\_mode Whether this file is opened in read or write mode. If this is unspecified it will be autodetected.
- **content** Some initial content to use for the file. Can be a list of bytestrings or a list of tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

# Variables

- write\_mode See the eponymous parameter
- **content** A list of packets, as tuples of content ASTs and size ASTs.

\_\_init\_\_(name, write\_mode=None, content=None, writable=True, ident=None, \*\*kwargs)

### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

# property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

### concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Returns a list of the packets read or written as bytestrings.

### read(pos, size, \*\*kwargs)

Read a packet from the stream.

#### **Parameters**

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short\_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

write(pos, data, size=None, events=True, \*\*kwargs)

Write a packet to the stream.

#### **Parameters**

- pos (int) The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

#### Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with  ${\tt SimStatePlugin.memo}$ 

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
   [o.foo for o in others],
   merge_conditions,
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

common\_ancestor=common\_ancestor.foo if common\_ancestor is not None else None

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

# widen( )

)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

#### Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimPacketsStream(name, pos=0, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimPackets

A specialized SimPackets that tracks its position internally.

The pos argument to the read and write methods will be ignored, and will return None. Instead, there is an attribute pos on the file itself, which will give you what you want.

### **Parameters**

- name The name of the file, for cosmetic purposes
- pos The initial position of the file, default zero
- **kwargs** Any other keyword arguments will go on to the SimPackets constructor.

# Variables

**pos** – The current position in the file.

```
__init__(name, pos=0, **kwargs)
```

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read a packet from the stream.

#### **Parameters**

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to read from the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.
- **short\_reads** Whether to replace the size with a symbolic value constrained to less than or equal to the original size. If unspecified, will be chosen based on the state option.

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read) and the actual size of the read.

write( , data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

Write a packet to the stream.

#### **Parameters**

- **pos** (*int*) The packet number to write in the sequence of the stream. May be None to append to the stream.
- data The data to write, as a string or bitvector.
- **size** The optional size to write. May be symbolic; must be constrained to at most the size of data.

#### Returns

The next packet to use after this

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

# **Parameters**

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

**merge**(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

# class angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase

Bases: SimStatePlugin

The base class for implementations of POSIX file descriptors.

All file descriptors should respect the CONCRETIZE\_SYMBOLIC\_{READ,WRITE}\_SIZES state options.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Reads some data from the file, storing it into memory.

### **Parameters**

- pos The address to read data from file
- **size** The requested length of the read

#### Returns

The real length of the read

```
write(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Writes some data, loaded from the state, into the file.

# **Parameters**

- **pos** The address to read the data to write from in memory
- **size** The requested size of the write

#### **Returns**

The real length of the write

```
read_data(size, **kwargs)
```

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

#### **Parameters**

size – The requested length of the read

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

### write\_data(data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

#### **Parameters**

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

#### **Returns**

The real length of the write

## **seek**(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

#### **Parameters**

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

#### **Returns**

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

# tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

### eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

### size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

# property read\_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

#### property write\_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

# property read\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

# property write\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

# concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretizeation of the data in the underlying file. Has different return types to represent different data structures on a per-class basis.

Any arguments passed to this will be passed onto state.solver.eval.

### property file\_exists

This should be True in most cases. Only if we opened an fd of unknown existence, ALL\_FILES\_EXIST is False and ANY FILE MIGHT EXIST is True, this is a symbolic boolean.

state: angr.SimState

# class angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor(simfile, flags=0)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A simple file descriptor forwarding reads and writes to a SimFile. Contains information about the current opened state of the file, such as the flags or (if relevant) the current position.

#### **Variables**

- **file** The SimFile described to by this descriptor
- flags The mode that the file descriptor was opened with, a bitfield of flags

\_\_init\_\_(simfile, flags=0)

# read\_data(size, \*\*kwargs)

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

#### **Parameters**

**size** – The requested length of the read

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

write\_data(data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

### **Parameters**

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

### **Returns**

The real length of the write

seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

#### **Parameters**

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

# Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

# size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

#### concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying file. Returns whatever format is preferred by the file.

# property file\_exists

This should be True in most cases. Only if we opened an fd of unknown existence, ALL\_FILES\_EXIST is False and ANY\_FILE\_MIGHT\_EXIST is True, this is a symbolic boolean.

#### property read\_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

# property write\_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

# property read\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

# property write\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

# set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

# copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

memo - A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

### widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

# Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

### Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex(read\_file, write\_file)

Bases: SimFileDescriptorBase

A file descriptor that refers to two file storage mechanisms, one to read from and one to write to. As a result, operations like seek, eof, etc no longer make sense.

#### **Parameters**

- read\_file The SimFile to read from
- write\_file The SimFile to write to

\_\_init\_\_(read\_file, write\_file)

read\_data(size, \*\*kwargs)

Reads some data from the file, returning the data.

# **Parameters**

size – The requested length of the read

#### Returns

A tuple of the data read and the real length of the read

# write\_data(data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

Write some data, provided as an argument into the file.

#### **Parameters**

- data A bitvector to write into the file
- **size** The requested size of the write (may be symbolic)

#### Returns

The real length of the write

# set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

### eof()

Return the EOF status. May be a symbolic boolean.

### tell()

Return the current position, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

# seek(offset, whence='start')

Seek the file descriptor to a different position in the file.

#### **Parameters**

- offset The offset to seek to, interpreted according to whence
- whence What the offset is relative to; one of the strings "start", "current", or "end"

### Returns

A symbolic boolean describing whether the seek succeeded or not

#### size()

Return the size of the data stored in the file in bytes, or None if the concept doesn't make sense for the given file.

# concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the underlying files, as a tuple of (read file, write file).

# property read\_storage

Return the SimFile backing reads from this fd

#### property write\_storage

Return the SimFile backing writes to this fd

# property read\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

#### property write\_pos

Return the current position of the read file pointer.

If the underlying read file is a stream, this will return the position of the stream. Otherwise, will return the position of the file descriptor in the file.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen( )

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

### Return type

bool

### state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots(name, read\_sizes, ident=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimFileBase

SimPacketsSlots is the new SimDialogue, if you've ever seen that before.

The idea is that in some cases, the only thing you really care about is getting the lengths of reads right, and some of them should be short reads, and some of them should be truncated. You provide to this class a list of read lengths, and it figures out the length of each read, and delivers some content.

This class will NOT respect the position argument you pass it - this storage is not stateless.

#### seekable = False

```
__init__(name, read_sizes, ident=None, **kwargs)
```

# concretize(\*\*kwargs)

Return a concretization of the contents of the file. The type of the return value of this method will vary depending on which kind of SimFile you're using.

```
read(pos, size, **kwargs)
```

Read some data from the file.

# **Parameters**

- **pos** The offset in the file to read from.
- **size** The size to read. May be symbolic.

# Returns

A tuple of the data read (a bitvector of the length that is the maximum length of the read), the actual size of the read, and the new file position pointer.

```
write(pos, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Write some data to the file.

#### **Parameters**

- pos The offset in the file to write to. May be ignored if the file is a stream or device.
- data The data to write as a bitvector
- **size** The optional size of the data to write. If not provided will default to the length of the data. Must be constrained to less than or equal to the size of the data.

### **Returns**

The new file position pointer.

### property size

The number of data bytes stored by the file at present. May be a symbolic value.

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# state: angr.SimState

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

#### Return type

bool

widen( )

```
The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general
          state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior
          regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.
               Parameters
                  others – the other state plugin
               Returns
                   True if the state plugin is actually widened.
               Return type
                   bool
angr.storage.memory_object.obj_bit_size(o)
class angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject(obj, base, endness, length=None, byte_width=8)
     Bases: object
     A SimMemoryObject is a reference to a byte or several bytes in a specific object in memory. It should be used
     only by the bottom layer of memory.
     __init__(obj, base, endness, length=None, byte_width=8)
     is_bytes
     base
     object
     length
     endness
     size()
     property variables
     property cache_key
     property symbolic
     property last_addr
     includes(x)
     bytes_at(addr, length, allow_concrete=False, endness='Iend_BE')
class angr.storage.memory_object.SimLabeledMemoryObject(obj, base, endness, length=None,
                                                                   byte_width=8, label=None)
     Bases: SimMemoryObject
     __init__(obj, base, endness, length=None, byte_width=8, label=None)
     label
angr.storage.memory_object.bv_slice(value, offset, size, rev, bw)
     Extremely cute utility to pretend you've serialized a value to stored bytes, sliced it a la python slicing, and then
     deserialized those bytes to an integer again.
```

Parameters

- value (BV) The bitvector to slice
- **offset** (int) The byte offset from the first stored byte to slice from, or a negative offset from the end.
- **size** (int) The number of bytes to return. If None, return all bytes from the offset to the end. If larger than the number of bytes from the offset to the end, return all bytes from the offset to the end.
- rev (bool) Whether the pretend-serialization should be little-endian
- **bw** (int) The byte width

# Return type

BV

#### Returns

The new bitvector

```
class angr.storage.pcap.PCAP(path, ip_port_tup, init=True)
```

```
Bases: object
```

```
__init__(path, ip_port_tup, init=True)
```

initialize(path)

recv(length)

copy()

# class angr.concretization\_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategy(filter=None, exact=True)

Bases: object

Concretization strategies control the resolution of symbolic memory indices in SimuVEX. By subclassing this class and setting it as a concretization strategy (on state.memory.read\_strategies and state.memory.write\_strategies), SimuVEX's memory index concretization behavior can be modified.

```
__init__(filter=None, exact=True)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

# **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

```
concretize(memory, addr, **kwargs)
```

Concretizes the address into a list of values. If this strategy cannot handle this address, returns None.

# copy()

Returns a copy of the strategy, if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, returns self.

#### merge(others)

Merges this strategy with others (if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, is a no-op.

# 10.5 Memory Mixins

```
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin(memory_id=None, endness='Iend_BE')
    Bases: SimStatePlugin
    SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD = False
    __init__(memory_id=None, endness='Iend_BE')
    copy(memo)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

### property category

reg, mem, or file.

# **Type**

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

# property variable\_key\_prefix

```
find(addr, data, max_search, **kwargs)
load(addr, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, **kwargs)
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

#### **Parameters**

others – the other state plugin

#### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

# Return type

bool

```
permissions(addr, permissions=None, **kwargs)
```

```
map_region(addr, length, permissions, init_zero=False, **kwargs)
```

```
unmap_region(addr, length, **kwargs)
```

```
concrete_load(addr, size, writing=False, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS\_CONCRETE\_LOAD to True and implement concrete\_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

#### **Parameters**

- **addr** The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing -

# Return type

memoryview

#### Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

# Return type

None

## **Returns**

None

replace\_all(old, new)

#### **Parameters**

- old (BV) -
- new (BV) -

copy\_contents(dst, src, size, condition=None, \*\*kwargs)

Override this method to provide faster copying of large chunks of data.

#### **Parameters**

- **dst** The destination of copying.
- **src** The source of copying.
- **size** The size of copying.
- **condition** The storing condition.
- **kwargs** Other parameters.

#### **Returns**

None

state: angr.SimState

# class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.DefaultMemory(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

HexDumperMixin, UnwrapperMixin, NameResolutionMixin, SmartFindMixin, DataNormalizationMixin, InspectMixinHigh, ActionsMixinHigh, SimplificationMixin. UnderconstrainedMixin, SizeConcretizationMixin, SizeNormalizationMixin, AddressConcretizationMixin, ActionsMixinLow, ConditionalMixin, ConvenientMappingsMixin, DirtyAddrsMixin, StackAllocationMixin, ConcreteBackerMixin, ClemoryBackerMixin, UltraPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin. DictBackerMixin. PrivilegedPagingMixin, SymbolicMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin

# class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.DefaultListPagesMemory(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: HexDumperMixin. SmartFindMixin, UnwrapperMixin, NameResolutionMixin. DataNormalizationMixin, SimplificationMixin, ActionsMixinHigh, UnderconstrainedMixin, SizeConcretizationMixin, SizeNormalizationMixin, InspectMixinHigh, AddressConcretizationMixin, ActionsMixinLow, ConditionalMixin, ConvenientMappingsMixin, DirtyAddrsMixin. StackAllocationMixin. ClemoryBackerMixin. DictBackerMixin, PrivilegedPagingMixin, ListPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, SymbolicMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin

# **class** angr.storage.memory\_mixins.**FastMemory**(uninitialized\_read\_handler=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: NameResolutionMixin, SimpleInterfaceMixin, SimplificationMixin, InspectMixinHigh, ConditionalMixin, ExplicitFillerMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, SlottedMemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

```
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.AbstractMemory(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases:
                     UnwrapperMixin,
                                           NameResolutionMixin,
                                                                       DataNormalizationMixin.
     SimplificationMixin,
                             InspectMixinHigh,
                                                   ActionsMixinHigh,
                                                                         UnderconstrainedMixin,
     SizeConcretizationMixin, SizeNormalizationMixin, ActionsMixinLow, ConditionalMixin,
     RegionedAddressConcretizationMixin, RegionedMemoryMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.RegionedMemory(related_function_addr=None, **kwargs)
                     RegionCategoryMixin,
                                                 MemoryRegionMetaMixin,
                                                                               StaticFindMixin,
                       NameResolutionMixin, DataNormalizationMixin, SimplificationMixin,
     UnwrapperMixin,
     SizeConcretizationMixin.
                                    SizeNormalizationMixin.
                                                                   AddressConcretizationMixin.
                                  DirtyAddrsMixin,
                                                                               DictBackerMixin,
     ConvenientMappingsMixin,
                                                       ClemoryBackerMixin,
     UltraPagesMixin, DefaultFillerMixin, AbstractMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.LabeledMemory(*args, top_func=None, **kwargs)
     Bases:
                 SizeNormalizationMixin,
                                             ListPagesWithLabelsMixin,
                                                                           DefaultFillerMixin,
     TopMergerMixin, LabelMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin
     LabeledMemory is used in static analysis. It allows storing values with labels, such as Definition.
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.MultiValuedMemory(*args,
                                                      skip_missing_values_during_merging=False,
                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases:
                     SizeNormalizationMixin,
                                                   MVListPagesMixin,
                                                                           DefaultFillerMixin,
     MultiValueMergerMixin, PagedMemoryMixin
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.KeyValueMemory(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: KeyValueMemoryMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.JavaVmMemory (memory id='mem', stack=None, heap=None,
                                                 vm_static_table=None, load_strategies=None,
                                                 store_strategies=None, max_array_size=1000,
                                                 **kwargs)
     Bases: JavaVmMemoryMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.name_resolution_mixin.NameResolutionMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                end-
                                                                                ness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     This mixin allows you to provide register names as load addresses, and will automatically translate this to an
     offset and size.
     store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
     load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.smart_find_mixin.SmartFindMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                      endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
```

Memory mixin providing basic searching over concrete and symbolic data.

**find**(addr, data, max\_search, default=None, endness=None, chunk\_size=None, max\_symbolic\_bytes=None, condition=None, char\_size=1, \*\*kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

\_\_init\_\_(special\_memory\_filler=None, \*\*kwargs)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

**\_\_init\_\_**(uninitialized\_read\_handler=None, \*\*kwargs)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### Parameters

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
     Normalizes the data field for a store and the fallback field for a load to be BVs.
     store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
     load(addr, size=None, fallback=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixin.HexDumperMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     hex_dump(start, size, word_size=4, words_per_row=4, endianness='Iend_BE', symbolic_char='?',
                unprintable_char='.', solve=False, extra_constraints=None, inspect=False,
                disable_actions=True)
           Returns a hex dump as a string. The solver, if enabled, is called once for every byte potentially making this
           function very slow. It is meant to be used mainly as a "visualization" for debugging.
           Warning: May read and display more bytes than size due to rounding. Particularly, if size is less than, or
           not a multiple of word_size*words_per_line.
               Parameters
                   • start – starting address from which to print
                   • size – number of bytes to display
                   • word_size – number of bytes to group together as one space-delimited unit
                   • words_per_row - number of words to display per row of output
                   • endianness – endianness to use when displaying each word (ASCII representation is un-
                     changed)
                   • symbolic_char – the character to display when a byte is symbolic and has multiple solu-
                     tions
                   • unprintable_char – the character to display when a byte is not printable
                   • solve – whether or not to attempt to solve (warning: can be very slow)
                   • extra_constraints – extra constraints to pass to the solver is solve is True
                   • inspect – whether or not to trigger SimInspect breakpoints for the memory load
                   • disable_actions – whether or not to disable SimActions for the memory load
               Returns
                   hex dump as a string
               angr.SimState
     state:
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstrained_mixin.UnderconstrainedMixin(*args,
                                                                                                **kwargs)
     Bases: MemoryMixin
```

\_\_init\_\_(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     load(addr, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_mixin.SimpleInterfaceMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                         end-
                                                                                         ness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     load(addr, size=None, endness=None, condition=None, fallback=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinHigh(memory_id=None,
                                                                          endness='Iend BE')
     Bases: MemorvMixin
     load(addr, size=None, condition=None, fallback=None, disable actions=False, action=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, size=None, disable actions=False, action=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinLow(memory_id=None,
                                                                         endness='Iend_BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
     load(addr, action=None, **kwargs)
     store(addr, data, action=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  action (SimActionData | None) -
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.symbolic_merger_mixin.SymbolicMergerMixin(memory_id=None,
                                                                                       ness='Iend\_BE')
     Bases: MemoryMixin
```

#### state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

Provides basic services related to normalizing sizes. After this mixin, sizes will always be a plain int. Assumes that the data is a BV.

- load will throw a TypeError if no size is provided
- store will default to len(data)//byte width if no size is provided

```
load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
state: angr.SimState
```

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin allows memory to process symbolic sizes. It will not touch any sizes which are not ASTs with non-BVV ops. Assumes that the data is a BV.

- symbolic load sizes will be concretized as their maximum and a warning will be logged
- · symbolic store sizes will be dispatched as several conditional stores with concrete sizes

# **Parameters**

- concretize\_symbolic\_write\_size(bool) -
- max\_concretize\_count(int | None) -
- max\_symbolic\_size (int) -
- raise\_memory\_limit\_error (bool) -
- size\_limit(int)-

\_\_init\_\_(concretize\_symbolic\_write\_size=False, max\_concretize\_count=256, max\_symbolic\_size=4194304, raise\_memory\_limit\_error=False, size\_limit=257, \*\*kwargs)

# **Parameters**

- concretize\_symbolic\_write\_size (bool) -
- max\_concretize\_count(int | None) -
- max\_symbolic\_size (int) -
- raise\_memory\_limit\_error (bool) -
- size\_limit(int)-

#### copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
load(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
state: angr.SimState
```

Bases: MemoryMixin
store(addr, data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.address\_concretization\_mixin.MultiwriteAnnotation

Bases: Annotation

### property eliminatable

state: angr.SimState

Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.

#### Returns

True if eliminatable, False otherwise

# property relocateable

Bases: MemoryMixin

The address concretization mixin allows symbolic reads and writes to be handled sanely by dispatching them as a number of conditional concrete reads/writes. It provides a "concretization strategies" interface allowing the process of serializing symbolic addresses into concrete ones to be specified.

```
__init__(read_strategies=None, write_strategies=None, **kwargs)
```

#### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

\*\*kwargs)

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

**merge**(others, merge conditions, common ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

# Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

#### Return type

bool

concretize\_write\_addr(addr, strategies=None, condition=None)

Concretizes an address meant for writing.

### **Parameters**

- addr An expression for the address.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).
- **condition** Any extra constraints that should be observed when determining address satisfiability

### **Returns**

A list of concrete addresses.

```
concretize_read_addr(addr, strategies=None, condition=None)
```

Concretizes an address meant for reading.

#### **Parameters**

- addr An expression for the address.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).

#### Returns

A list of concrete addresses.

```
load(addr, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, **kwargs)
permissions(addr, permissions=None, **kwargs)
map_region(addr, length, permissions, **kwargs)
unmap_region(addr, length, **kwargs)
concrete_load(addr, size, *args, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS\_CONCRETE\_LOAD to True and implement concrete\_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

### **Parameters**

- addr The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing -

#### Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

```
state: angr.SimState
```

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
```

**store**(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, endness=None, inspect=True, \*\*kwargs)

**load**(addr, size=None, condition=None, endness=None, inspect=True, \*\*kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

 ${\bf class} \ \, {\bf angr.storage.memory\_mixins.conditional\_store\_mixin.ConditionalMixin} \\ {\it (memory\_id=None, end-none, end-n$ 

ness='Iend\_BE')

Bases: MemoryMixin

**load**(addr, condition=None, fallback=None, \*\*kwargs)

**store**(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, \*\*kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

A memory mixin for merging labels. Labels come from SimLabeledMemoryObject.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo=None)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

 ${\bf class} \ \, {\bf angr.storage.memory\_mixins.simplification\_mixin.SimplificationMixin} \\ {\it (memory\_id=None, end-none)} \\ {\it end-none, mixins.simplification\_mixin.SimplificationMixin} \\ {\it (memory\_id=None, end-none)} \\ {\it (memory$ 

 $ness='Iend\_BE')$ 

Bases: MemoryMixin

store(addr, data, \*\*kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin processes SimActionObjects by passing on their .ast field.

store(addr, data, size=None, condition=None, \*\*kwargs)

**load**(addr, size=None, condition=None, fallback=None, \*\*kwargs)

find(addr, what, max\_search, default=None, \*\*kwargs)

copy\_contents(dst, src, size, condition=None, \*\*kwargs)

Override this method to provide faster copying of large chunks of data.

### **Parameters**

- **dst** The destination of copying.
- **src** The source of copying.
- **size** The size of copying.
- **condition** The storing condition.
- **kwargs** Other parameters.

#### Returns

None

#### state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.convenient\_mappings\_mixin.ConvenientMappingsMixin(\*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

Implements mappings between names and hashes of symbolic variables and these variables themselves.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

#### copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
store(addr, data, size=None, **kwargs)
```

```
get_symbolic_addrs()
```

```
addrs_for_name(n)
```

Returns addresses that contain expressions that contain a variable named n.

```
addrs_for_hash(h)
```

Returns addresses that contain expressions that contain a variable with the hash of *h*.

```
replace_all(old, new)
```

Replaces all instances of expression old with expression new.

#### **Parameters**

- **old** (BV) A claripy expression. Must contain at least one named variable (to make it possible to use the name index for speedup).
- **new** (BV) The new variable to replace it with.

```
state: angr.SimState
```

mo\_cmp=r \*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryObjectSetMixin, PageBase

MVListPage allows storing multiple values at the same location, thus allowing weak updates.

Each store() may take a value or multiple values, and a "weak" parameter to specify if this store is a weak update or not. Each load() returns an iterator of all values stored at that location.

```
__init__(memory=None, content=None, sinkhole=None, mo_cmp=None, **kwargs)
```

# copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

# Return type

**MVListPage** 

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, page\_addr=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, \*\*kwargs)

### Return type

```
List[Tuple[int, Union[SimMemoryObject, SimLabeledMemoryObject]]]
```

**store**(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, weak=False, \*\*kwargs)

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address to start erasing.
- size The number of bytes for erasing.

# Return type

None

# Returns

None

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
  [o.foo for o in others],
  merge_conditions,
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

 ${\tt common\_ancestor\_common\_ancestor.foo} \ \, \textbf{if} \ \, \textbf{common\_ancestor} \ \, \textbf{is} \ \, \textbf{not None else None} \\ \textbf{)}$ 

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver. union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** (List[MVListPage]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged
- page\_addr (int | None) -
- changed\_offsets (Set[int] | None) -

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

### **Return type**

bool

changed\_bytes(other, page\_addr=None)

#### **Parameters**

- **other** (MVListPage) -
- page\_addr (int | None) -

content\_gen(index)

state: angr.SimState

Bases: object

Represents a byte vector where each byte can have one or multiple values.

As an implementation optimization (so that we do not create excessive sets and dicts), self.\_single\_value stores a claripy AST when this MultiValues object represents only one value at offset 0.

# **Parameters**

```
v(Bits | MultiValues | None | Dict[int, Set[Bits]]) -
__init__(v=None, offset_to_values=None)

Parameters
    v(Bits | MultiValues | None | Dict[int, Set[Bits]]) -
add_value(offset, value)
```

# Return type

None

**Parameters** 

```
• offset (int) -
                  • value (Bits) -
     one_value()
             Return type
                 Optional[Bits]
     merge(mv)
              Return type
                 MultiValues
             Parameters
                 mv (MultiValues) -
     keys()
              Return type
                 Set[int]
     values()
             Return type
                 Iterator[Set[Bits]]
     items()
             Return type
                 Iterator[Tuple[int, Set[Bits]]]
     count()
              Return type
                 int
     extract(offset, length, endness)
              Return type
                 MultiValues
              Parameters
                 • offset (int) -
                  • length (int) -
                  • endness (str) -
     concat(other)
              Return type
                 MultiValues
             Parameters
                 other (MultiValues | Bits | bytes) -
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.top_merger_mixin.TopMergerMixin(*args, top_func=None,
                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: MemoryMixin
```

A memory mixin for merging values in memory to TOP.

```
__init__(*args, top_func=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

annotation\_limit=256, top\_func=None, phi\_maker=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

```
__init__(*args, element_limit=5, annotation_limit=256, top_func=None, phi_maker=None, **kwargs)
```

```
copy(memo=None)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixin.PagedMemoryMixin(page\_size=4096,

```
de-
fault_permissions=3,
permis-
sions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: MemoryMixin

A bottom-level storage mechanism. Dispatches reads to individual pages, the type of which is the PAGE\_TYPE class variable.

SUPPORTS\_CONCRETE\_LOAD = True

# PAGE\_TYPE: Type[TypeVar(PageType, bound= PageBase)] = None

\_\_init\_\_(page\_size=4096, default\_permissions=3, permissions\_map=None, page\_kwargs=None, \*\*kwargs)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, \*\*kwargs)

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) -
- size (int | None) -

**store**(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, \*\*kwargs)

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) -
- size (int | None) -

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

# **Return type**

None

#### Returns

None

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** (Iterable[*PagedMemoryMixin*]) the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

```
permissions(addr, permissions=None, **kwargs)
map_region(addr, length, permissions, init_zero=False, **kwargs)
unmap_region(addr, length, **kwargs)
concrete_load(addr, size, writing=False, with_bitmap=False, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS\_CONCRETE\_LOAD to True and implement concrete\_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

# **Parameters**

- addr The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing -

#### Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

```
changed_bytes(other)
```

# Return type

Set[int]

changed\_pages(other)

#### **Return type**

Dict[int, Optional[Set[int]]]

```
copy_contents(dst, src, size, condition=None, **kwargs)
```

Override this method to provide faster copying of large chunks of data.

### **Parameters**

- **dst** The destination of copying.
- **src** The source of copying.
- **size** The size of copying.
- **condition** The storing condition.
- **kwargs** Other parameters.

### **Returns**

None

### flush\_pages(white\_list)

Flush all pages not included in the *white\_list* by removing their pages. Note, this will not wipe them from memory if they were backed by a memory\_backer, it will simply reset them to their initial state. Returns the list of pages that were cleared consisting of (addr, length) tuples. :type white\_list: :param white\_list: white list of regions in the form of (start, end) to exclude from the flush :return: a list of memory page ranges that were flushed :rtype: list

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixin.LabeledPagesMixin(page\_size=4096,

```
de-
fault_permissions=3,
permis-
sions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

load\_with\_labels(addr, size=None, endness=None, \*\*kwargs)

### Return type

Tuple[Base, Tuple[Tuple[int, int, int, Any]]]

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) -
- size (int | None) -

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixin.ListPagesMixin(page\_size=4096,

```
de-
fault_permissions=3,
permis-
sions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

PAGE\_TYPE

alias of ListPage

state: angr.SimState

```
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.MVListPagesMixin(*args,
                                                                                               skip_missing_values_during
                                                                                               **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
     PAGE_TYPE
          alias of MVListPage
     __init__(*args, skip_missing_values_during_merging=False, **kwargs)
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.ListPagesWithLabelsMixin(page_size=4096,
                                                                                                        fault_permissions
                                                                                                        per-
                                                                                                        mis-
                                                                                                        sions_map=None
                                                                                                        page_kwargs=No
                                                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: LabeledPagesMixin, ListPagesMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.MVListPagesWithLabelsMixin(*args,
                                                                                                          skip_missing_1
                                                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: LabeledPagesMixin, MVListPagesMixin
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.UltraPagesMixin(page_size=4096,
                                                                                             de-
                                                                                             fault_permissions=3,
                                                                                             permis-
                                                                                             sions_map=None,
                                                                                             page_kwargs=None,
                                                                                              **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
     PAGE_TYPE
          alias of UltraPage
```

```
state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.NotMemoryview(obj, offset,
                                                                                           size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(obj, offset, size)
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.ClemoryBackerMixin(cle memory backer=Non
                                                                                                 **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
          Parameters
              cle_memory_backer(None | Loader | Clemory) -
     __init__(cle_memory_backer=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  cle_memory_backer (None | Loader | Clemory) -
     copy(memo)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
          In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with
          SimStatePlugin.memo
          The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its
          initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!
              Parameters
                  memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to
                  avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.ConcreteBackerMixin(cle_memory_backer=Notes)
                                                                                                  **kwargs)
     Bases: ClemoryBackerMixin
          Parameters
              cle_memory_backer(None | Loader | Clemory) -
     state: angr.SimState
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins.DictBackerMixin(dict memory backer=None,
                                                                                             **kwargs)
     Bases: PagedMemoryMixin
     __init__(dict_memory_backer=None, **kwargs)
     state: angr.SimState
     copy(memo)
          Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself
          to memo if it ends up making a new copy.
```

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with

10.5. Memory Mixins

SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

Bases: PagedMemoryMixin

This mixin adds automatic allocation for a stack region based on the stack\_end and stack\_size parameters.

```
__init__(stack_end=None, stack_size=None, stack_perms=None, **kwargs)
```

### copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
allocate_stack_pages(addr, size, **kwargs)
```

Pre-allocates pages for the stack without triggering any logic related to reading from them.

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) The highest address that should be mapped
- **size** (int) The number of bytes to be allocated. byte 1 is the one at addr, byte 2 is the one before that, and so on.

#### Returns

A list of the new page objects

# state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.privileged\_mixin.PrivilegedPagingMixin(page\_size=4096,

```
de-
fault_permissions=3,
per-
mis-
sions_map=None,
page_kwargs=None,
**kwargs)
```

\*\*kwargs)

 $Bases: {\it Paged Memory Mixin}$ 

A mixin for paged memory models which will raise SimSegfaultExceptions if STRICT\_PAGE\_ACCESS is enabled and a segfault condition is detected.

Segfault conditions include: - getting a page for reading which is non-readable - getting a page for writing which is non-writable - creating a page

The latter condition means that this should be inserted under any mixins which provide other implementations of \_initialize\_page.

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.PageBase(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: HistoryTrackingMixin, RefcountMixin, CooperationBase, ISPOMixin, PermissionsMixin, MemoryMixin

This is a fairly succinct definition of the contract between PagedMemoryMixin and its constituent pages:

- Pages must implement the MemoryMixin model for loads, stores, copying, merging, etc
- However, loading/storing may not necessarily use the same data domain as PagedMemoryMixin. In order
  to do more efficient loads/stores across pages, we use the CooperationBase interface which allows the page
  class to determine how to generate and unwrap the objects which are actually stored.
- To support COW, we use the RefcountMixin and the ISPOMixin (which adds the contract element that memory=self be passed to every method call)
- Pages have permissions associated with them, stored in the PermissionsMixin.

Read the docstrings for each of the constituent classes to understand the nuances of their functionalities

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.refcount\_mixin.RefcountMixin(\*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin adds a locked reference counter and methods to manipulate it, to facilitate copy-on-write optimizations.

\_\_init\_\_(\*\*kwargs)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

### acquire\_unique()

Call this function to return a version of this page which can be used for writing, which may or may not be the same object as before. If you use this you must immediately replace the shared reference you previously had with the new unique copy.

### acquire\_shared()

Call this function to indicate that this page has had a reference added to it and must be copied before it can be acquired uniquely again. Creating the object implicitly starts it with one shared reference.

### Return type

None

### release\_shared()

Call this function to indicate that this page has had a shared reference to it released

# Return type

None

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

This mixin adds a permissions field and properties for extracting the read/write/exec permissions. It does NOT add permissions checking.

```
__init__(permissions=None, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

property perm\_read

property perm\_write

property perm\_exec

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.history\_tracking\_mixin.HistoryTrackingMixin(\*args,

\*\*kwargs

Bases: RefcountMixin, MemoryMixin

Tracks the history of memory writes.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

store(addr, data, size=None, \*\*kwargs)

copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

### acquire\_unique()

Call this function to return a version of this page which can be used for writing, which may or may not be the same object as before. If you use this you must immediately replace the shared reference you previously had with the new unique copy.

parents()

changed\_bytes(other, \*\*kwargs)

Return type

Optional[Set[int]]

all\_bytes\_changed\_in\_history()

Return type

Set[int]

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryMixin

An implementation of the International Stateless Persons Organisation, a mixin which should be applied as a bottom layer for memories which have no state and must redirect certain operations to a parent memory. Main usecase is for memory region classes which are stored within other memories, such as pages.

set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.cooperation.CooperationBase

Bases: object

Any given subclass of this class which is not a subclass of MemoryMixin should have the property that any subclass it which *is* a subclass of MemoryMixin should all work with the same datatypes

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.cooperation.MemoryObjectMixin

Bases: CooperationBase

Uses SimMemoryObjects in region storage. With this, load will return a list of tuple (address, MO) and store will take a MO.

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.cooperation.MemoryObjectSetMixin

Bases: CooperationBase

Uses sets of SimMemoryObjects in region storage.

 ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.cooperation.} {\bf BasicClaripyCooperation}$ 

Bases: CooperationBase

Mix this (along with PageBase) into a storage class which supports loading and storing claripy bitvectors and it will be able to work as a page in the paged memory model.

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.list\_page.ListPage(memory=None,

content=None, sinkhole=None, mo\_cmp=None,

\*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryObjectMixin, PageBase

This class implements a page memory mixin with lists as the main content store.

```
__init__(memory=None, content=None, sinkhole=None, mo_cmp=None, **kwargs)
```

### copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, endness=None, page\_addr=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, \*\*kwargs)

```
store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, **kwargs)
```

```
erase(addr, size=None, **kwargs)
```

Set [addr:addr+size) to uninitialized. In many cases this will be faster than overwriting those locations with new values. This is commonly used during static data flow analysis.

#### **Parameters**

- **addr** The address to start erasing.
- **size** The number of bytes for erasing.

### Return type

None

### Returns

None

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
   [o.foo for o in others],
   merge_conditions,
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

common\_ancestor=common\_ancestor.foo if common\_ancestor is not None else None
)

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver. union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- **others** (List[*ListPage*]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged
- page\_addr (int | None) -
- changed\_offsets (Set[int] | None) -

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

### Return type

bool

changed\_bytes(other, page\_addr=None)

#### **Parameters**

- other (ListPage) -
- page\_addr (int | None) -

state: angr.SimState

Bases: MemoryObjectMixin, PageBase

Default page implementation

```
SUPPORTS\_CONCRETE\_LOAD = True
```

```
__init__(memory=None, init_zero=False, **kwargs)
```

classmethod new\_from\_shared(data, memory=None, \*\*kwargs)

### copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

load(addr, size=None, page\_addr=None, endness=None, memory=None, cooperate=False, \*\*kwargs)

**store**(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, memory=None, page\_addr=None, cooperate=False, \*\*kwargs)

#### **Parameters**

```
data (int | SimMemoryObject) –size (int | None) –
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** (List[*UltraPage*]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged
- page\_addr (int | None) -
- changed\_offsets (Set[int] | None) -

### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

## Return type

bool

```
concrete_load(addr, size, **kwargs)
```

Set SUPPORTS\_CONCRETE\_LOAD to True and implement concrete\_load if reading concrete bytes is faster in this memory model.

#### **Parameters**

- **addr** The address to load from.
- **size** Size of the memory read.
- writing -

#### Returns

A memoryview into the loaded bytes.

changed\_bytes(other, page\_addr=None)

# Return type

Set[int]

state: angr.SimState

replace\_all\_with\_offsets(offsets, old, new, memory=None)

#### **Parameters**

- offsets (Iterable[int]) -
- old (BV) -
- new (BV) -

> stack\_region\_m generic\_region\_ stack\_size=655. cle\_memory\_ba dict\_memory\_ba regioned\_memory \*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

Regioned memory. This mixin manages multiple memory regions. Each address is represented as a tuple of (region ID, offset into the region), which is called a regioned address.

Converting absolute addresses into regioned addresses: We map an absolute address to a region by looking up which region this address belongs to in the region map. Currently this is only enabled for stack. Heap support has not landed yet.

When start analyzing a function, the user should call set\_stack\_address\_mapping() to create a new region mapping. Likewise, when exiting from a function, the user should cancel the previous mapping by calling unset\_stack\_address\_mapping().

#### **Parameters**

- write\_targets\_limit(int) -
- read\_targets\_limit(int)-
- stack\_region\_map (RegionMap / None) -
- generic\_region\_map (RegionMap / None) -

```
stack_size (int) -
cle_memory_backer (Optional) -
dict_memory_backer (Dict | None) -
regioned_memory_cls (type | None) -
__init__(write_targets_limit=2048, read_targets_limit=4096, stack_region_map=None, generic_region_map=None, stack_size=65536, cle_memory_backer=None, dict_memory_backer=None, regioned_memory_cls=None, **kwargs)
```

copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

**load**(addr, size=None, endness=None, condition=None, \*\*kwargs)

#### **Parameters**

```
• size (BV | int | None) -
```

• condition (Bool | None) -

store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, \*\*kwargs)

### **Parameters**

```
size(int | None) -
```

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others (Iterable[RegionedMemoryMixin]) the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

### Return type

bool

**find**(addr, data, max search, \*\*kwargs)

### **Parameters**

```
addr (int | Bits) -
```

#### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

replace\_all(old, new)

### **Parameters**

- old (BV) -
- new (BV) -

set\_stack\_address\_mapping(absolute\_address, region\_id, related\_function\_address=None)

Create a new mapping between an absolute address (which is the base address of a specific stack frame) and a region ID.

### **Parameters**

- absolute\_address (int) The absolute memory address.
- **region\_id** (str) The region ID.
- related\_function\_address (Optional[int]) Related function address.

### unset\_stack\_address\_mapping(absolute address)

Remove a stack mapping.

#### **Parameters**

 $absolute\_address\ (int)$  – An absolute memory address that is the base address of the stack frame to destroy.

### stack\_id(function\_address)

Return a memory region ID for a function. If the default region ID exists in the region mapping, an integer will appended to the region name. In this way we can handle recursive function calls, or a function that appears more than once in the call frame.

This also means that  $stack\_id()$  should only be called when creating a new stack frame for a function. You are not supposed to call this function every time you want to map a function address to a stack ID.

```
Parameters
                  function_address (int) – Address of the function.
              Return type
                  str
              Returns
                  ID of the new memory region.
     set_stack_size(size)
              Parameters
                  size (int) -
              angr.SimState
     state:
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.AddressWrapper(region, re-
                                                                                         gion_base_addr,
                                                                                         address,
                                                                                         is_on_stack,
                                                                                         func-
                                                                                         tion_address)
     Bases: object
     AddressWrapper is used in SimAbstractMemory, which provides extra meta information for an address (or a
     ValueSet object) that is normalized from an integer/BVV/StridedInterval.
          Parameters
                • region (str) -
                • region_base_addr (int) -
                • is_on_stack(bool)-
                • function_address(int | None) -
     __init__(region, region_base_addr, address, is_on_stack, function_address)
          Constructor for the class AddressWrapper.
              Parameters
                  • region (str) – Name of the memory regions it belongs to.
                  • region_base_addr (int) - Base address of the memory region
                  • address – An address (not a ValueSet object).
                  • is_on_stack (bool) – Whether this address is on a stack region or not.
                  • function_address (Optional[int]) – Related function address (if any).
     region
     region_base_addr
     address
     is_on_stack
     function_address
```

```
to_valueset(state)
          Convert to a ValueSet instance
              Parameters
                  state – A state
              Returns
                  The converted ValueSet instance
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.RegionDescriptor(region_id,
                                                                                            base address,
                                                                                            re-
                                                                                            lated_function_address=None)
     Bases: object
     Descriptor for a memory region ID.
     __init__(region_id, base_address, related_function_address=None)
     region_id
     base_address
     related_function_address
class angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.RegionMap(is_stack)
     Bases: object
     Mostly used in SimAbstractMemory, RegionMap stores a series of mappings between concrete memory address
     ranges and memory regions, like stack frames and heap regions.
     __init__(is_stack)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                  is_stack – Whether this is a region map for stack frames or not. Different strategies apply
                  for stack regions.
     property is_empty
     property stack_base
     property region_ids
     copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
     map(absolute_address, region_id, related_function_address=None)
          Add a mapping between an absolute address and a region ID. If this is a stack region map, all stack regions
          beyond (lower than) this newly added regions will be discarded.
              Parameters
                   • absolute_address – An absolute memory address.
                   • region_id – ID of the memory region.
```

• related\_function\_address – A related function address, mostly used for stack regions.

### unmap\_by\_address(absolute\_address)

Removes a mapping based on its absolute address.

#### **Parameters**

**absolute\_address** – An absolute address

absolutize(region\_id, relative\_address)

Convert a relative address in some memory region to an absolute address.

#### **Parameters**

- region\_id The memory region ID
- **relative\_address** The relative memory offset in that memory region

#### Returns

An absolute address if converted, or an exception is raised when region id does not exist.

relativize(absolute\_address, target\_region\_id=None)

Convert an absolute address to the memory offset in a memory region.

Note that if an address belongs to heap region is passed in to a stack region map, it will be converted to an offset included in the closest stack frame, and vice versa for passing a stack address to a heap region. Therefore you should only pass in address that belongs to the same category (stack or non-stack) of this region map.

### **Parameters**

absolute\_address - An absolute memory address

#### Returns

A tuple of the closest region ID, the relative offset, and the related function address.

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.region\_category\_mixin.RegionCategoryMixin(memory\_id=No

ness='Iend\_BE'

Bases: MemoryMixin

# property category

reg, mem, or file.

# Type

Return the category of this SimMemory instance. It can be one of the three following categories

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.static\_find\_mixin.StaticFindMixin(memory\_id=None,

end-

ness='Iend\_BE')

Bases: SmartFindMixin

Implements data finding for abstract memory.

**find**(addr, data, max\_search, default=None, endness=None, chunk\_size=None, max\_symbolic\_bytes=None, condition=None, char\_size=1, \*\*kwargs)

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.abstract\_address\_descriptor.
AbstractAddressDescriptor

Bases: object

AbstractAddressDescriptor describes a list of region+offset tuples. It provides a convenient way for accessing the cardinality (the total number of addresses) without enumerating or creating all addresses in static mode.

```
__init__()
```

property cardinality

add\_regioned\_address(region, addr)

#### **Parameters**

- region (str) -
- addr (StridedInterval) -

clear()

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
__init__(related_function_addr=None, **kwargs)
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

# **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
property is_stack
```

property related\_function\_addr

```
get_abstract_locations(addr, size)
```

Get a list of abstract locations that is within the range of [addr, addr + size]

This implementation is pretty slow. But since this method won't be called frequently, we can live with the bad implementation for now.

### **Parameters**

- addr Starting address of the memory region.
- **size** Size of the memory region, in bytes.

#### Returns

A list of covered AbstractLocation objects, or an empty list if there is none.

**store**(addr, data, bbl\_addr=None, stmt\_id=None, ins\_addr=None, endness=None, \*\*kwargs)

**load**(addr, size=None, bbl\_addr=None, stmt\_idx=None, ins\_addr=None, \*\*kwargs)

merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- **merge\_conditions** a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

### **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### **Returns**

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

### Return type

bool

### dbg\_print(indent=0)

Print out debugging information

```
state: angr.SimState
```

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.abstract\_merger\_mixin.AbstractMergerMixin(memory\_id=No end-

ness='Iend BE'

Bases: MemoryMixin

state: angr.SimState

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.regioned\_address\_concretization\_mixin.RegionedAddressC

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
__init__(read_strategies=None, write_strategies=None, **kwargs)
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

```
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

### **Parameters**

memo – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
   [o.foo for o in others],
   merge_conditions,
   common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver. union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

### Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

**class** angr.storage.memory\_mixins.slotted\_memory.**SlottedMemoryMixin**(width=None, \*\*kwargs)

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
__init__(width=None, **kwargs)
set_state(state)
```

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

# copy(memo)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

# Parameters

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
merge(others, merge_conditions, common_ancestor=None)
```

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
   [o.foo for o in others],
   merge_conditions,
```

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
{\tt common\_ancestor\_common\_ancestor.foo\ if\ common\_ancestor\ is\ not\ None\ else\ None})
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

#### **Parameters**

- others the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- common\_ancestor a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

```
load(addr, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)
store(addr, data, size=None, endness=None, **kwargs)
changed_bytes(other)
state: angr.SimState
```

```
Bases: object
__init__(type_, value)
type
value
```

```
Bases: MemoryMixin
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
load(key, none_if_missing=False, **kwargs)
store(key, data, type_=None, **kwargs)
copy(memo=None, **kwargs)
```

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

```
state: angr.SimState
```

class angr.storage.memory\_mixins.javavm\_memory.javavm\_memory\_mixin.JavaVmMemoryMixin(memory\_id='mem',

stack=None, heap=None, vm\_static\_table=None, load\_strategies=None, store\_strategies=None, max\_array\_size=1000, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: MemoryMixin

\_\_init\_\_(memory\_id='mem', stack=None, heap=None, vm\_static\_table=None, load\_strategies=None, store\_strategies=None, max\_array\_size=1000, \*\*kwargs)

### static get\_new\_uuid()

Generate a unique id within the scope of the JavaVM memory. This, for example, is used for distinguishing memory objects of the same type (e.g. multiple instances of the same class).

```
store(addr, data, frame=0)
```

load(addr, frame=0, none\_if\_missing=False)

push\_stack\_frame()

pop\_stack\_frame()

property stack

store\_array\_element(array, idx, value)

store\_array\_elements(array, start\_idx, data)

Stores either a single element or a range of elements in the array.

### **Parameters**

- **array** Reference to the array.
- **start\_idx** Starting index for the store.
- data Either a single value or a list of values.

load\_array\_element(array, idx)

load\_array\_elements(array, start\_idx, no\_of\_elements)

Loads either a single element or a range of elements from the array.

# **Parameters**

- **array** Reference to the array.
- **start\_idx** Starting index for the load.
- no\_of\_elements Number of elements to load.

### concretize\_store\_idx(idx, strategies=None)

Concretizes a store index.

#### **Parameters**

- idx An expression for the index.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).
- min\_idx Minimum value for a concretized index (inclusive).
- max\_idx Maximum value for a concretized index (exclusive).

#### Returns

A list of concrete indexes.

### concretize\_load\_idx(idx, strategies=None)

Concretizes a load index.

#### **Parameters**

- idx An expression for the index.
- **strategies** A list of concretization strategies (to override the default).
- min\_idx Minimum value for a concretized index (inclusive).
- max\_idx Maximum value for a concretized index (exclusive).

#### Returns

A list of concrete indexes.

### set\_state(state)

Sets a new state (for example, if the state has been branched)

# copy(memo=None, \*\*kwargs)

Should return a copy of the plugin without any state attached. Should check the memo first, and add itself to memo if it ends up making a new copy.

In order to simplify using the memo, you should annotate implementations of this function with SimStatePlugin.memo

The base implementation of this function constructs a new instance of the plugin's class without calling its initializer. If you super-call down to it, make sure you instanciate all the fields in your copy method!

#### **Parameters**

**memo** – A dictionary mapping object identifiers (id(obj)) to their copied instance. Use this to avoid infinite recursion and diverged copies.

### merge(others, merge\_conditions, common\_ancestor=None)

Should merge the state plugin with the provided others. This will be called by state.merge() after copying the target state, so this should mutate the current instance to merge with the others.

Note that when multiple instances of a single plugin object (for example, a file) are referenced in the state, it is important that merge only ever be called once. This should be solved by designating one of the plugin's referees as the "real owner", who should be the one to actually merge it. This technique doesn't work to resolve the similar issue that arises during copying because merging doesn't produce a new reference to insert.

There will be n others and n+1 merge conditions, since the first condition corresponds to self. To match elements up to conditions, say zip([self] + others, merge\_conditions)

When implementing this, make sure that you "deepen" both others and common\_ancestor before calling sub-elements' merge methods, e.g.

```
self.foo.merge(
    [o.foo for o in others],
    merge_conditions,
    common_ancestor=common_ancestor.foo if common_ancestor is not None else None
)
```

During static analysis, merge\_conditions can be None, in which case you should use state.solver.union(values). TODO: fish please make this less bullshit

There is a utility state.solver.ite\_cases which will help with constructing arbitrarily large merged ASTs. Use it like self.bar = self.state.solver.ite\_cases(zip(conditions[1:], [o.bar for o in others]), self.bar)

### **Parameters**

- **others** the other state plugins to merge with
- merge\_conditions a symbolic condition for each of the plugins
- **common\_ancestor** a common ancestor of this plugin and the others being merged

#### Returns

True if the state plugins are actually merged.

# Return type

bool

#### widen(others)

The widening operation for plugins. Widening is a special kind of merging that produces a more general state from several more specific states. It is used only during intensive static analysis. The same behavior regarding copying and mutation from merge should be followed.

# **Parameters**

**others** – the other state plugin

### Returns

True if the state plugin is actually widened.

### Return type

bool

state: angr.SimState

# 10.6 Concretization Strategies

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization\_strategies.single.SimConcretizationStrategySingle} (\textit{filter=None}, \\ \textit{exact=True})$ 

 $Bases: {\it SimConcretizationStrategy}$ 

Concretization strategy that ensures a single solution for an address.

class angr.concretization\_strategies.eval.SimConcretizationStrategyEval(limit, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves an address into some limited number of solutions. Always handles the concretization, but only returns a maximum of limit number of solutions. Therefore, should only be used as the fallback strategy.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization\_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretizationStrategyNorepeats(repeat\_expr,

repeat\_constraints=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves addresses, without repeating.

**\_\_init\_\_**(repeat\_expr, repeat\_constraints=None, \*\*kwargs)

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

### copy()

Returns a copy of the strategy, if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, returns self.

### merge(others)

Merges this strategy with others (if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, is a no-op.

class angr.concretization\_strategies.solutions.SimConcretizationStrategySolutions(limit,

\*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves an address into some limited number of solutions.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

 $Initializes\ the\ base\ SimConcretizationStrategy.$ 

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization\_strategies.nonzero\_range.SimConcretizationStrategyNonzeroRange(limit,

\*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves a range in a non-zero location.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

class angr.concretization\_strategies.range.SimConcretizationStrategyRange(limit, \*\*kwargs)

```
Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy
```

Concretization strategy that resolves addresses to a range.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

**class** angr.concretization\_strategies.max.**SimConcretizationStrategyMax**( $max\_addr=None$ )

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that returns the maximum address.

## **Parameters**

```
max_addr(int | None)-
```

\_\_init\_\_(max\_addr=None)

 $Initializes\ the\ base\ Sim Concretization Strategy.$ 

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.
- max\_addr (int | None) -

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization\_strategies.norepeats\_range}. \textbf{SimConcretizationStrategyNorepeatsRange} (\textit{repeat\_expr.range}) \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization\_strategies.norepeats\_range}. \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretizationStrategyNorepeatsRange} (\textit{repeat\_expr.range}) \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{concretization\_strategies.norepeats\_range}. \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{class\_range}. \\ \textbf{c$ 

min=None, granularity=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves a range, with no repeats.

**\_\_init\_\_**(repeat\_expr, min=None, granularity=None, \*\*kwargs)

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

### copy()

Returns a copy of the strategy, if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, returns self.

### merge(others)

Merges this strategy with others (if there is data that should be kept separate between states. If not, is a no-op.

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that returns any non-zero solution.

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that returns any single solution.

 ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.concretization\_strategies.controlled\_data. {\bf SimConcretizationStrategyControlledData} ({\it limit}, {\bf class}) \ {\bf class} \ {\bf class} \ {\bf class} \ {\bf concretizationStrategyControlledData} ({\it limit}, {\bf class}) \ {\bf class} \ {\bf class}$ 

fixed\_addrs,
\*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that constraints the address to controlled data. Controlled data consists of symbolic data and the addresses given as arguments. memory.

```
__init__(limit, fixed_addrs, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

### **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.concretization\_strategies.unlimited\_range.} \\ \textbf{SimConcretizationStrategyUnlimitedRange} (\textit{limit}, \textit{limit}, \textit{l$ 

\*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimConcretizationStrategy

Concretization strategy that resolves addresses to a range without checking if the number of possible addresses is within the limit.

```
__init__(limit, **kwargs)
```

Initializes the base SimConcretizationStrategy.

# **Parameters**

- **filter** A function, taking arguments of (SimMemory, claripy.AST) that determins if this strategy can handle resolving the provided AST.
- **exact** A flag (default: True) that determines if the convenience resolution functions provided by this class use exact or approximate resolution.

# 10.7 Simulation Manager

Bases: object

The Simulation Manager is the future future.

Simulation managers allow you to wrangle multiple states in a slick way. States are organized into "stashes", which you can step forward, filter, merge, and move around as you wish. This allows you to, for example, step two different stashes of states at different rates, then merge them together.

Stashes can be accessed as attributes (i.e. .active). A mulpyplexed stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with  $mp_{-}$ , e.g. . $mp_{-}active$ . A single state from the stash can be retrieved by prepending the name with  $one_{-}$ , e.g. . $one_{-}active$ .

Note that you shouldn't usually be constructing SimulationManagers directly - there is a convenient shortcut for creating them in Project.factory: see angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory.

The most important methods you should look at are step, explore, and use\_technique.

#### **Parameters**

- project (angr.project.Project) A Project instance.
- **stashes** A dictionary to use as the stash store.
- active\_states Active states to seed the "active" stash with.
- hierarchy A StateHierarchy object to use to track the relationships between states.
- **resilience** A set of errors to catch during stepping to put a state in the **errore** list. You may also provide the values False, None (default), or True to catch, respectively, no errors, all angr-specific errors, and a set of many common errors.
- **save\_unsat** Set to True in order to introduce unsatisfiable states into the unsat stash instead of discarding them immediately.
- auto\_drop A set of stash names which should be treated as garbage chutes.
- **completion\_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.
- **techniques** A list of techniques that should be pre-set to use with this manager.
- **suggestions** Whether to automatically install the Suggestions exploration technique. Default True.

### **Variables**

- **errored** Not a stash, but a list of ErrorRecords. Whenever a step raises an exception that we catch, the state and some information about the error are placed in this list. You can adjust the list of caught exceptions with the *resilience* parameter.
- **stashes** All the stashes on this instance, as a dictionary.
- **completion\_mode** A function describing how multiple exploration techniques with the complete hook set will interact. By default, the builtin function any.

ALL = '\_ALL'

```
DROP = '\_DROP'
__init__(project, active_states=None, stashes=None, hierarchy=None, resilience=None, save_unsat=False,
          auto_drop=None, errored=None, completion_mode=<built-in function any>, techniques=None,
          suggestions=True, **kwargs)
active: List[SimState]
stashed: List[SimState]
pruned: List[SimState]
unsat: List[SimState]
deadended: List[SimState]
unconstrained: List[SimState]
found: List[SimState]
one_active: SimState
one_stashed: SimState
one_pruned: SimState
one_unsat: SimState
one_deadended: SimState
one_unconstrained: SimState
one found: SimState
property errored
property stashes: DefaultDict[str, List[SimState]]
mulpyplex(*stashes)
    Mulpyplex across several stashes.
        Parameters
            stashes – the stashes to mulpyplex
            a mulpyplexed list of states from the stashes in question, in the specified order
copy(deep=False)
    Make a copy of this simulation manager. Pass deep=True to copy all the states in it as well.
    If the current callstack includes hooked methods, the already-called methods will not be included in the
    copy.
use_technique(tech)
    Use an exploration technique with this SimulationManager.
    Techniques can be found in angr.exploration_techniques.
```

tech (ExplorationTechnique) - An ExplorationTechnique object that contains code to

**Parameters** 

modify this SimulationManager's behavior.

#### **Returns**

The technique that was added, for convenience

### remove\_technique(tech)

Remove an exploration technique from a list of active techniques.

### **Parameters**

tech (ExplorationTechnique) - An ExplorationTechnique object.

```
explore(stash='active', n=None, find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False, **kwargs)
```

Tick stash "stash" forward (up to "n" times or until "num\_find" states are found), looking for condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stores found states into "find\_stash' and avoided states into "avoid stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a state and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any states which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

```
run(stash='active', n=None, until=None, **kwargs)
```

Run until the SimulationManager has reached a completed state, according to the current exploration techniques. If no exploration techniques that define a completion state are being used, run until there is nothing left to run.

### **Parameters**

- **stash** Operate on this stash
- **n** Step at most this many times
- **until** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.

### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

### complete()

Returns whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state.

```
step(stash='active', target_stash=None, n=None, selector_func=None, step_func=None, error_list=None, successor_func=None, until=None, filter_func=None, **run_args)
```

Step a stash of states forward and categorize the successors appropriately.

The parameters to this function allow you to control everything about the stepping and categorization process.

#### **Parameters**

- **stash** The name of the stash to step (default: 'active')
- target\_stash The name of the stash to put the results in (default: same as stash)
- error\_list The list to put ErroredState objects in (default: self.errored)

- **selector\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a boolean. If True, the state will be stepped. Otherwise, it will be kept as-is.
- **step\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns a SimulationManager. Will be called with the SimulationManager at every step. Note that this function should not actually perform any stepping it is meant to be a maintenance function called after each step.
- **successor\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return its successors. Otherwise, project.factory.successors will be used.
- **filter\_func** If provided, should be a function that takes a state and return the name of the stash, to which the state should be moved.
- **until** (DEPRECATED) If provided, should be a function that takes a SimulationManager and returns True or False. Stepping will terminate when it is True.
- **n** (DEPRECATED) The number of times to step (default: 1 if "until" is not provided)

Additionally, you can pass in any of the following keyword args for project.factory.successors:

#### **Parameters**

- **jumpkind** The jumpkind of the previous exit
- addr An address to execute at instead of the state's ip.
- **stmt\_whitelist** A list of stmt indexes to which to confine execution.
- last\_stmt A statement index at which to stop execution.
- **thumb** Whether the block should be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode.
- backup\_state A state to read bytes from instead of using project memory.
- **opt\_level** The VEX optimization level to use.
- **insn\_bytes** A string of bytes to use for the block instead of the project.
- **size** The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- **num\_inst** The maximum number of instructions.
- **traceflags** traceflags to be passed to VEX. Default: 0

### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

```
step_state(state, successor_func=None, error_list=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
filter(state, filter_func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
selector(state, selector_func=None)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
successors(state, successor_func=None, **run_args)
```

Don't use this function manually - it is meant to interface with exploration techniques.

```
prune(filter_func=None, from_stash='active', to_stash='pruned')
```

Prune unsatisfiable states from a stash.

This function will move all unsatisfiable states in the given stash into a different stash.

#### **Parameters**

- filter\_func Only prune states that match this filter.
- **from\_stash** Prune states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- to\_stash Put pruned states in this stash. (default: 'pruned')

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### **Return type**

SimulationManager

### populate(stash, states)

Populate a stash with a collection of states.

#### **Parameters**

- **stash** A stash to populate.
- **states** A list of states with which to populate the stash.

### absorb(simgr)

Collect all the states from simgr and put them in their corresponding stashes in this manager. This will not modify simgr.

**move**(from\_stash, to\_stash, filter\_func=None)

Move states from one stash to another.

### **Parameters**

- **from\_stash** Take matching states from this stash.
- to\_stash Put matching states into this stash.
- **filter\_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)

### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

*SimulationManager* 

**stash**(filter\_func=None, from\_stash='active', to\_stash='stashed')

Stash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Stash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: stash all states)
- **from\_stash** Take matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')
- **to\_stash** Put matching states into this stash. (default: 'stashed')

### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

unstash(filter\_func=None, to\_stash='active', from\_stash='stashed')

Unstash some states. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Unstash states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: unstash all states)
- **from\_stash** take matching states from this stash. (default: 'stashed')
- to\_stash put matching states into this stash. (default: 'active')

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### **Return type**

SimulationManager

drop(filter\_func=None, stash='active')

Drops states from a stash. This is an alias for move(), with defaults for the stashes.

#### **Parameters**

- **filter\_func** Drop states that match this filter. Should be a function that takes a state and returns True or False. (default: drop all states)
- **stash** Drop matching states from this stash. (default: 'active')

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

# Return type

SimulationManager

apply(state\_func=None, stash\_func=None, stash='active', to\_stash=None)

Applies a given function to a given stash.

### **Parameters**

- **state\_func** A function to apply to every state. Should take a state and return a state. The returned state will take the place of the old state. If the function *doesn't* return a state, the old state will be used. If the function returns a list of states, they will replace the original states.
- **stash\_func** A function to apply to the whole stash. Should take a list of states and return a list of states. The resulting list will replace the stash. If both state\_func and stash\_func are provided state\_func is applied first, then stash\_func is applied on the results.
- **stash** A stash to work with.
- to\_stash If specified, this stash will be used to store the resulting states instead.

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

Split a stash of states into two stashes depending on the specified options.

The stash from\_stash will be split into two stashes depending on the other options passed in. If to\_stash is provided, the second stash will be written there.

stash\_splitter overrides stash\_ranker, which in turn overrides state\_ranker. If no functions are provided, the states are simply split according to the limit.

The sort done with state\_ranker is ascending.

#### **Parameters**

- **stash\_splitter** A function that should take a list of states and return a tuple of two lists (the two resulting stashes).
- **stash\_ranker** A function that should take a list of states and return a sorted list of states. This list will then be split according to "limit".
- **state\_ranker** An alternative to stash\_splitter. States will be sorted with outputs of this function, which are to be used as a key. The first "limit" of them will be kept, the rest split off.
- limit For use with state\_ranker. The number of states to keep. Default: 8
- **from\_stash** The stash to split (default: 'active')
- to\_stash The stash to write to (default: 'stashed')

#### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

merge(merge\_func=None, merge\_key=None, stash='active', prune=True)

Merge the states in a given stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **stash** The stash (default: 'active')
- **merge\_func** If provided, instead of using state.merge, call this function with the states as the argument. Should return the merged state.
- merge\_key If provided, should be a function that takes a state and returns a key that will compare equal for all states that are allowed to be merged together, as a first aproximation. By default: uses PC, callstack, and open file descriptors.
- prune Whether to prune the stash prior to merging it

### Returns

The simulation manager, for chaining.

### Return type

SimulationManager

class angr.sim\_manager.ErrorRecord(state, error, traceback)

Bases: object

A container class for a state and an error that was thrown during its execution. You can find these in Simulation-Manager.errored.

#### Variables

- **state** The state that encountered an error, at the point in time just before the erroring step began.
- **error** The error that was thrown.
- **traceback** The traceback for the error that was thrown.

```
__init__(state, error, traceback)
```

debug()

Launch a postmortem debug shell at the site of the error.

reraise()

# class angr.state\_hierarchy.StateHierarchy

Bases: object

The state hierarchy holds weak references to SimStateHistory objects in a directed acyclic graph. It is useful for queries about a state's ancestry, notably "what is the best ancestor state for a merge among these states" and "what is the most recent unsatisfiable state while using LAZY\_SOLVES"

```
__init__()
get_ref(obj)
dead_ref(ref)
defer_cleanup()
add_state(s)
add_history(h)
simplify()
full_simplify()
lineage(h)
     Returns the lineage of histories leading up to h.
all_successors(h)
history_successors(h)
history_predecessors(h)
history_contains(h)
unreachable_state(state)
unreachable_history(h)
most_mergeable(states)
     Find the "most mergeable" set of states from those provided.
         Parameters
             states – a list of states
         Returns
            a tuple of: (list of states to merge, those states' common history, list of states to not merge
             yet)
```

# 10.8 Exploration Techniques

# class angr.exploration\_techniques.ExplorationTechnique

Bases: object

An otiegnqwvk is a set of hooks for a simulation manager that assists in the implementation of new techniques in symbolic exploration.

TODO: choose actual name for the functionality (techniques? strategies?)

Any number of these methods may be overridden by a subclass. To use an exploration technique, call simgr. use\_technique with an *instance* of the technique.

```
__init__()
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

filter(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

selector(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Determine if a state should participate in the current round of stepping. Return True if the state should be stepped, and False if the state should not be stepped. To defer to the original selection procedure, return the result of simgr.selector(state, \*\*kwargs).

If the user provided a selector\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

### step\_state(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

successors(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

# complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

### **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Slicecutor is an exploration that executes provided code slices.

### **Parameters**

```
force_sat (bool) -
```

\_\_init\_\_(annotated\_cfg, force\_taking\_exit=False, force\_sat=False)

All parameters except *annotated\_cfg* are optional.

### **Parameters**

• annotated\_cfg - The AnnotatedCFG that provides the code slice.

- **force\_taking\_exit** Set to True if you want to create a successor based on our slice in case of unconstrained successors.
- **force\_sat** (bool) If a branch specified by the slice is unsatisfiable, set this option to True if you want to force it to be satisfiable and be taken anyway.

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### Parameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \, (\text{angr.SimulationManager}) - \text{The simulation manager to which you have just been added}$ 

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) —
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr**(angr.SimulationManager)—
- state (angr.SimState) -

successors(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

# class angr.exploration\_techniques.DrillerCore(trace, fuzz\_bitmap=None)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique that symbolically follows an input looking for new state transitions.

It has to be used with Tracer exploration technique. Results are put in 'diverted' stash.

```
__init__(trace, fuzz_bitmap=None)
```

:param trace : The basic block trace. :type fuzz\_bitmap: :param fuzz\_bitmap: AFL's bitmap of state transitions. Defaults to saying every transition is worth satisfying.

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been
added

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

**class** angr.exploration\_techniques.**LoopSeer**(cfg=None, functions=None, loops=None,

use\_header=False, bound=None, bound\_reached=None,
discard\_stash='spinning', limit\_concrete\_loops=True)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This exploration technique monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data (well, currently it is just the loop trip counts, but feel free to add something else).

\_\_init\_\_(cfg=None, functions=None, loops=None, use\_header=False, bound=None, bound\_reached=None, discard\_stash='spinning', limit\_concrete\_loops=True)

- cfg Normalized CFG is required.
- **functions** Function(s) containing the loop(s) to be analyzed.
- **loops** Specific group of Loop(s) to be analyzed, if this is None we run the LoopFinder analysis.
- **use\_header** Whether to use header based trip counter to compare with the bound limit.
- **bound** Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound\_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ\_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- discard\_stash Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.
- limit\_concrete\_loops If False, do not limit a loop back-edge if it is the only successor (Defaults to True to maintain the original behavior)

### setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\textbf{angr.SimulationManager}) - \textbf{The simulation manager to which you have just been added}$ 

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr**(angr.SimulationManager)—
- state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique that follows an angr path with a concrete input. The tracing result is the state at the last address of the trace, which can be found in the 'traced' stash.

If the given concrete input makes the program crash, you should provide crash\_addr, and the crashing state will be found in the 'crashed' stash.

- **trace** The basic block trace.
- resiliency Should we continue to step forward even if qemu and angr disagree?
- **keep\_predecessors** Number of states before the final state we should log.
- **crash\_addr** If the trace resulted in a crash, provide the crashing instruction pointer here, and the 'crashed' stash will be populated with the crashing state.
- syscall\_data Data related to various syscalls recorded by tracer for replaying

- **copy\_states** Whether COPY\_STATES should be enabled for the tracing state. It is off by default because most tracing workloads benefit greatly from not performing copying. You want to enable it if you want to see the missed states. It will be re-added for the last 2% of the trace in order to set the predecessors list correctly. If you turn this on you may want to enable the LAZY\_SOLVES option.
- **mode** Tracing mode.
- aslr Whether there are aslr slides. if not, tracer uses trace address as state address.
- follow\_unsat Whether unsatisfiable states should be treated as potential successors or not.

### **Variables**

**predecessors** – A list of states in the history before the final state.

\_\_init\_\_(trace=None, resiliency=False, keep\_predecessors=1, crash\_addr=None, syscall\_data=None, copy\_states=False, fast\_forward\_to\_entry=True, mode='strict', aslr=True, follow\_unsat=False)

### set\_fd\_data(fd\_data)

Set concrete bytes of various fds read by the program

### **Parameters**

```
fd_data(Dict[int, bytes]) -
```

### setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

### complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

#### **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

# filter(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

classmethod crash\_windup(state, crash addr)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Search for up to "num\_find" paths that satisfy condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stashes found paths into "find\_stash" and avoided paths into "avoid\_stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a path and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any paths which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

If either the "find" or "avoid" parameter is a function returning a boolean, and a path triggers both conditions, it will be added to the find stash, unless "avoid\_priority" is set to True.

```
__init__(find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False)
```

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

```
\textbf{simgr} \ (\texttt{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

# complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

### **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

class angr.exploration\_techniques.Threading(threads=8, local\_stash='thread\_local')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Enable multithreading.

This is only useful in paths where a lot of time is taken inside z3, doing constraint solving. This is because of python's GIL, which says that only one thread at a time may be executing python code.

```
__init__(threads=8, local_stash='thread_local')
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', error_list=None, target_stash=None, **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

inner\_step(state, simgr, \*\*kwargs)

```
successors(simgr, state, engine=None, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

```
• simgr (angr.SimulationManager) –
```

• state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.DFS(deferred\_stash='deferred')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Depth-first search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be stashed in the 'deferred' stash. When we run out of active paths to step, we take the longest one from deferred and continue.

```
__init__(deferred_stash='deferred')
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\textbf{angr.SimulationManager}) - \textbf{The simulation manager to which you have just been added}$ 

step(simgr, stash='active', \*\*kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.LengthLimiter(max\_length, drop=False)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Length limiter on paths.

```
__init__(max_length, drop=False)
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.Veritesting(\*\*options)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Enable veritesting. This technique, described in a paper[1] from CMU, attempts to address the problem of state explosions in loops by performing smart merging.

[1] https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~aavgerin/papers/veritesting-icse-2014.pdf

```
__init__(**options)
```

```
step_state(simgr, state, successor_func=None, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.Oppologist

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Oppologist is an exploration technique that forces uncooperative code through qemu.

```
__init__()
```

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique for directed symbolic execution.

A control flow graph (using CFGEmulated) is built and refined during symbolic execution. Each time the execution reaches a block that is outside of the CFG, the CFG recovery will be triggered with that state, with a maximum recovery depth (100 by default). If we see a basic block during state stepping that is not yet in the control flow graph, we go back to control flow graph recovery and "peek" more blocks forward.

When stepping a simulation manager, all states are categorized into three different categories:

- Might reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are prioritized.
- Will not reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are de-prioritized. However, there is a little chance for those states to be explored as well in order to prevent over-fitting.

```
__init__(peek_blocks=100, peek_functions=5, goals=None, cfg_keep_states=False,
                goal_satisfied_callback=None, num_fallback_states=5)
          Constructor.
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
               Parameters
                   • simgr -
                   • stash-
                   • kwargs -
               Returns
     add_goal(goal)
           Add a goal.
               Parameters
                   goal (BaseGoal) – The goal to add.
               Returns
                   None
class angr.exploration_techniques.ExecuteAddressGoal(addr)
     Bases: BaseGoal
     A goal that prioritizes states reaching (or are likely to reach) certain address in some specific steps.
     __init__(addr)
     check(cfg, state, peek_blocks)
           Check if the specified address will be executed
               Parameters
                   • cfg -
                   • state -
                   • peek_blocks (int) -
               Returns
               Return type
                   bool
     check_state(state)
          Check if the current address is the target address.
               Parameters
                   state (angr.SimState) – The state to check.
               Returns
                   True if the current address is the target address, False otherwise.
               Return type
                   bool
```

# class angr.exploration\_techniques.CallFunctionGoal(function, arguments)

Bases: BaseGoal

A goal that prioritizes states reaching certain function, and optionally with specific arguments. Note that constraints on arguments (and on function address as well) have to be identifiable on an accurate CFG. For example, you may have a CallFunctionGoal saying "call printf with the first argument being 'Hello, world'", and CFGEmulated must be able to figure our the first argument to printf is in fact "Hello, world", not some symbolic strings that will be constrained to "Hello, world" during symbolic execution (or simulation, however you put it).

### REQUIRE\_CFG\_STATES = True

**\_\_init\_\_**(function, arguments)

check(cfg, state, peek\_blocks)

Check if the specified function will be reached with certain arguments.

#### **Parameters**

- cfg -
- state -
- · peek\_blocks -

### Returns

# check\_state(state)

Check if the specific function is reached with certain arguments

#### Parameters

```
state (angr.SimState) - The state to check
```

### Returns

True if the function is reached with certain arguments, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

**class** angr.exploration\_techniques.**Spiller**( $src\_stash='active'$ , min=5, max=10,

staging\_stash='spill\_stage', staging\_min=10, staging\_max=20, pickle\_callback=None, unpickle\_callback=None, post\_pickle\_callback=None, priority\_key=None, vault=None, states\_collection=None)

# Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Automatically spill states out. It can spill out states to a different stash, spill them out to ANA, or first do the former and then (after enough states) the latter.

```
__init__(src_stash='active', min=5, max=10, staging_stash='spill_stage', staging_min=10, staging_max=20, pickle_callback=None, unpickle_callback=None, post_pickle_callback=None, priority_key=None, vault=None, states_collection=None)
```

Initializes the spiller.

- max the number of states that are *not* spilled
- **src\_stash** the stash from which to spill states (default: active)
- **staging\_stash** the stash *to* which to spill states (default: "spill\_stage")

- **staging\_max** the number of states that can be in the staging stash before things get spilled to ANA (default: None. If staging\_stash is set, then this means unlimited, and ANA will not be used).
- **priority\_key** a function that takes a state and returns its numerical priority (MAX\_INT is lowest priority). By default, self.state\_priority will be used, which prioritizes by object ID.
- **vault** an angr.Vault object to handle storing and loading of states. If not provided, an angr.vaults.VaultShelf will be created with a temporary file.

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

static state\_priority(state)

class angr.exploration\_techniques.ManualMergepoint(address, wait\_counter=10, prune=True)

```
Bases: ExplorationTechnique
```

```
__init__(address, wait_counter=10, prune=True)
```

### setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### Parameters

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been
added

```
mark_nofilter(simgr, stash)
```

```
mark_okfilter(simgr, stash)
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This meta technique could be used to hook a couple of simulation manager methods without actually creating a new exploration technique, for example:

class SomeComplexAnalysis(Analysis):

# def do\_something():

 $simgr = self.project.factory.simulation\_manager() \ simgr.use\_tech(ProxyTechnique(step\_state=self.\_step\_state)) \\ simgr.run()$ 

### def step state(self, state):

# Do stuff! pass

In the above example, the \_step\_state method can access all the necessary stuff, hidden in the analysis instance, without passing that instance to a one-shot-styled exploration technique.

\_\_init\_\_(setup=None, step\_state=None, step=None, successors=None, filter=None, selector=None, complete=None)

# **class** angr.exploration\_techniques.**StochasticSearch**(start\_state, restart\_prob=0.0001)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Stochastic Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be discarded. Before each pass through, weights are randomly assigned to each basic block. These weights form a probability distribution for determining which state remains after splits. When we run out of active paths to step, we start again from the start state.

\_\_init\_\_(start\_state, restart\_prob=0.0001)

### **Parameters**

- **start\_state** The initial state from which exploration stems.
- restart\_prob The probability of randomly restarting the search (default 0.0001).

step(simgr, stash='active', \*\*kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.UniqueSearch(similarity\_func=None, deferred\_stash='deferred')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Unique Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be deferred. The state that is explored depends on how unique it is relative to the other deferred states. A path's uniqueness is determined by its average similarity between the other (deferred) paths. Similarity is calculated based on the supplied *similarity\_func*, which by default is: The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path.

\_\_init\_\_(similarity\_func=None, deferred\_stash='deferred')

#### **Parameters**

- **similarity\_func** How to calculate similarity between two states.
- **deferred\_stash** Where to store the deferred states.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
static similarity(state a, state b)
```

The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state\_a: :param state\_a: The first state to compare :type state\_b: :param state\_b: The second state to compare

```
static sequence_matcher_similarity(state_a, state_b)
```

The *difflib.SequenceMatcher* ratio between the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state\_a: :param state\_a: The first state to compare :type state\_b: :param state\_b: The second state to compare

**class** angr.exploration\_techniques.**Symbion**(find=None, memory\_concretize=None,

register\_concretize=None, timeout=0, find\_stash='found')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Symbion exploration technique uses the SimEngineConcrete available to step a SimState.

### **Parameters**

- find address or list of addresses that we want to reach, these will be translated into breakpoints inside the concrete process using the ConcreteTarget interface provided by the user inside the SimEngineConcrete.
- memory\_concretize list of tuples (address, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
  in the concrete process memory.
- register\_concretize list of tuples (reg\_name, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
- timeout how long we should wait the concrete target to reach the breakpoint

\_\_init\_\_(find=None, memory\_concretize=None, register\_concretize=None, timeout=0, find\_stash='found')

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
step_state(simgr, *args, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

### complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

### **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

class angr.exploration\_techniques.MemoryWatcher(min\_memory=512, memory\_stash='lowmem')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Memory Watcher

#### **Parameters**

- min\_memory (int, optional) Minimum amount of free memory in MB before stopping execution (default: 95% memory use)
- **memory\_stash** (*str*, *optional*) What to call the low memory stash (default: 'lowmem')

At each step, keep an eye on how much memory is left on the system. Stash off states to effectively stop execution if we're below a given threshold.

```
__init__(min_memory=512, memory_stash='lowmem')
```

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

# class angr.exploration\_techniques.Bucketizer

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Loop bucketization: Pick log(n) paths out of n possible paths, and stash (or drop) everything else.

```
__init__()
```

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

LocalLoopSeer monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data without relying on a control flow graph.

**\_\_init\_\_**(bound=None, bound\_reached=None, discard\_stash='spinning')

#### **Parameters**

- **bound** Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound\_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ\_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- **discard\_stash** Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### Darameters

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\texttt{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added$ 

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.Timeout(timeout=None)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Timeout exploration technique that stops an active exploration if the run time exceeds a predefined timeout

```
__init__(timeout=None)
```

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

step(simgr, stash='active', \*\*kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.Suggestions

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique which analyzes failure cases and logs suggestions for how to mitigate them in future analyses.

```
__init__()
```

step(simgr, stash='active', \*\*kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- **stash** (*str*) –

static report(state, event)

class angr.exploration\_techniques.timeout.Timeout(timeout=None)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Timeout exploration technique that stops an active exploration if the run time exceeds a predefined timeout

```
__init__(timeout=None)
```

### setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.dfs.DFS(deferred\_stash='deferred')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Depth-first search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be stashed in the 'deferred' stash. When we run out of active paths to step, we take the longest one from deferred and continue.

```
__init__(deferred_stash='deferred')
```

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Search for up to "num\_find" paths that satisfy condition "find", avoiding condition "avoid". Stashes found paths into "find\_stash" and avoided paths into "avoid\_stash".

The "find" and "avoid" parameters may be any of:

- · An address to find
- · A set or list of addresses to find
- A function that takes a path and returns whether or not it matches.

If an angr CFG is passed in as the "cfg" parameter and "find" is either a number or a list or a set, then any paths which cannot possibly reach a success state without going through a failure state will be preemptively avoided.

If either the "find" or "avoid" parameter is a function returning a boolean, and a path triggers both conditions, it will be added to the find stash, unless "avoid\_priority" is set to True.

```
__init__(find=None, avoid=None, find_stash='found', avoid_stash='avoid', cfg=None, num_find=1, avoid_priority=False)
```

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

# complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

### **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

**class** angr.exploration\_techniques.lengthlimiter.**LengthLimiter**(max length, drop=False)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Length limiter on paths.

```
__init__(max_length, drop=False)
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

• **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –

```
• stash (str) -
class angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint.ManualMergepoint(address,
                                                                                 wait_counter=10,
                                                                                 prune=True)
     Bases: ExplorationTechnique
     __init__(address, wait_counter=10, prune=True)
     setup(simgr)
          Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.
                  simgr (angr. SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been
                  added
     mark_nofilter(simgr, stash)
     mark_okfilter(simgr, stash)
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
          Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to
          do the actual processing.
              Parameters
                  • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
                  • stash (str) -
class angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesBase
     Bases: object
     The base class of pickled states
     sort()
          Sort pickled states.
     add(prio, sid)
          Add a newly pickled state.
              Parameters
                  • prio (int) – Priority of the state.
                  • sid (str) – Persistent ID of the state.
              Returns
                  None
     pop_n(n)
          Pop the top N states.
              Parameters
                  n (int) – Number of states to take.
              Returns
                  A list of states.
class angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesList
     Bases: PickledStatesBase
```

List-backed pickled state storage.

```
__init__()
      sort()
           Sort pickled states.
      add(prio, sid)
           Add a newly pickled state.
               Parameters
                    • prio (int) – Priority of the state.
                    • sid (str) – Persistent ID of the state.
               Returns
                   None
     pop_n(n)
           Pop the top N states.
               Parameters
                   n (int) – Number of states to take.
               Returns
                   A list of states.
class angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesDb(db_str='sqlite:///:memory:')
      Bases: PickledStatesBase
      Database-backed pickled state storage.
      __init__(db_str='sqlite:///:memory:')
      sort()
           Sort pickled states.
      add(prio, sid, taken=False, stash='spilled')
           Add a newly pickled state.
               Parameters
                    • prio (int) – Priority of the state.
                    • sid (str) – Persistent ID of the state.
               Returns
                   None
     pop_n(n, stash='spilled')
           Pop the top N states.
               Parameters
                   n (int) – Number of states to take.
               Returns
                   A list of states.
      get_recent_n(n, stash='spilled')
      count()
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Automatically spill states out. It can spill out states to a different stash, spill them out to ANA, or first do the former and then (after enough states) the latter.

```
__init__(src_stash='active', min=5, max=10, staging_stash='spill_stage', staging_min=10, staging_max=20, pickle_callback=None, unpickle_callback=None, post_pickle_callback=None, priority_key=None, vault=None, states_collection=None)
```

Initializes the spiller.

### **Parameters**

- max the number of states that are *not* spilled
- **src\_stash** the stash from which to spill states (default: active)
- **staging\_stash** the stash *to* which to spill states (default: "spill\_stage")
- **staging\_max** the number of states that can be in the staging stash before things get spilled to ANA (default: None. If staging\_stash is set, then this means unlimited, and ANA will not be used).
- **priority\_key** a function that takes a state and returns its numerical priority (MAX\_INT is lowest priority). By default, self.state\_priority will be used, which prioritizes by object ID.
- **vault** an angr. Vault object to handle storing and loading of states. If not provided, an angr. vaults. Vault Shelf will be created with a temporary file.

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.

Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.

Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example, any mapped columns or relationships.

class angr.exploration\_techniques.threading.Threading(threads=8, local\_stash='thread\_local')

```
Bases: ExplorationTechnique
```

Enable multithreading.

This is only useful in paths where a lot of time is taken inside z3, doing constraint solving. This is because of python's GIL, which says that only one thread at a time may be executing python code.

```
__init__(threads=8, local_stash='thread_local')
```

```
step(simgr, stash='active', error_list=None, target_stash=None, **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
inner_step(state, simgr, **kwargs)
```

```
successors(simgr, state, engine=None, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- **state** (angr.SimState) -

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.exploration\_techniques.veritesting.} \textbf{Veritesting} (\texttt{**options})$ 

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Enable veritesting. This technique, described in a paper[1] from CMU, attempts to address the problem of state explosions in loops by performing smart merging.

```
[1] https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~aavgerin/papers/veritesting-icse-2014.pdf
```

```
__init__(**options)
```

```
step_state(simgr, state, successor_func=None, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to

look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.tracer.TracingMode

Bases: object

# Variables

- **Strict** Strict mode, the default mode, where an exception is raised immediately if tracer's path deviates from the provided trace.
- **Permissive** Permissive mode, where tracer attempts to force the path back to the provided trace when a deviation happens. This does not always work, especially when the cause of deviation is related to input that will later be used in exploit generation. But, it might work magically sometimes.
- **CatchDesync** CatchDesync mode, catch desync because of sim\_procedures. It might be a sign of something interesting.

```
Strict = 'strict'
     Permissive = 'permissive'
     CatchDesync = 'catch_desync'
exception angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.TracerDesyncError(msg, deviating_addr=None,
                                                                       deviating_trace_idx=None)
     Bases: AngrTracerError
     An error class to report tracing Tracing desyncronization error
     __init__(msg, deviating_addr=None, deviating_trace_idx=None)
class angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.RepHook(mnemonic)
     Bases: object
     Hook rep movs/stos to speed up constraint solving TODO: This should be made an exploration technique later
     __init__(mnemonic)
     run(state)
class angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.Tracer(trace=None, resiliency=False, keep_predecessors=1,
                                                      crash_addr=None, syscall_data=None,
                                                      copy_states=False, fast_forward_to_entry=True,
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique that follows an angr path with a concrete input. The tracing result is the state at the last address of the trace, which can be found in the 'traced' stash.

If the given concrete input makes the program crash, you should provide crash\_addr, and the crashing state will be found in the 'crashed' stash.

mode='strict', aslr=True, follow\_unsat=False)

- trace The basic block trace.
- resiliency Should we continue to step forward even if qemu and angr disagree?
- **keep\_predecessors** Number of states before the final state we should log.
- **crash\_addr** If the trace resulted in a crash, provide the crashing instruction pointer here, and the 'crashed' stash will be populated with the crashing state.
- syscall\_data Data related to various syscalls recorded by tracer for replaying
- copy\_states Whether COPY\_STATES should be enabled for the tracing state. It is off by default because most tracing workloads benefit greatly from not performing copying. You want to enable it if you want to see the missed states. It will be re-added for the last 2% of the trace in order to set the predecessors list correctly. If you turn this on you may want to enable the LAZY\_SOLVES option.
- mode Tracing mode.
- aslr Whether there are aslr slides, if not, tracer uses trace address as state address.
- follow\_unsat Whether unsatisfiable states should be treated as potential successors or not.

### Variables

**predecessors** – A list of states in the history before the final state.

\_\_init\_\_(trace=None, resiliency=False, keep\_predecessors=1, crash\_addr=None, syscall\_data=None, copy\_states=False, fast\_forward\_to\_entry=True, mode='strict', aslr=True, follow\_unsat=False)

### set\_fd\_data(fd data)

Set concrete bytes of various fds read by the program

### **Parameters**

```
fd_data(Dict[int, bytes]) -
```

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added

# complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

# **Parameters**

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

# filter(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

#### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- **state** (angr.SimState) –

classmethod crash\_windup(state, crash addr)

**class** angr.exploration\_techniques.driller\_core.DrillerCore(trace, fuzz\_bitmap=None)

```
Bases: ExplorationTechnique
```

An exploration technique that symbolically follows an input looking for new state transitions.

It has to be used with Tracer exploration technique. Results are put in 'diverted' stash.

```
__init__(trace, fuzz_bitmap=None)
```

:param trace : The basic block trace. :type fuzz\_bitmap: :param fuzz\_bitmap: AFL's bitmap of state transitions. Defaults to saying every transition is worth satisfying.

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### Parameters

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

### **Parameters**

• **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -

• stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Slicecutor is an exploration that executes provided code slices.

### **Parameters**

```
force_sat (bool) -
```

**\_\_init\_\_**(annotated\_cfg, force\_taking\_exit=False, force\_sat=False)

All parameters except *annotated\_cfg* are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- annotated\_cfg The AnnotatedCFG that provides the code slice.
- **force\_taking\_exit** Set to True if you want to create a successor based on our slice in case of unconstrained successors.
- **force\_sat** (bool) If a branch specified by the slice is unsatisfiable, set this option to True if you want to force it to be satisfiable and be taken anyway.

### setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\textbf{angr.SimulationManager}) - \textbf{The simulation manager to which you have just been added}$ 

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
step_state(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

```
• simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

```
• state (angr.SimState) -
```

class angr.exploration\_techniques.director.BaseGoal(sort)

Bases: object

```
REQUIRE_CFG_STATES = False
```

```
__init__(sort)
```

check(cfg, state, peek\_blocks)

### **Parameters**

- **cfg** (angr.analyses.CFGEmulated) An instance of CFGEmulated.
- **state** (angr.SimState) The state to check.
- peek\_blocks (int) Number of blocks to peek ahead from the current point.

# Returns

True if we can determine that this condition is definitely satisfiable if the path is taken, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

# check\_state(state)

Check if the current state satisfies the goal.

### **Parameters**

```
state (angr.SimState) – The state to check.
```

#### Returns

True if it satisfies the goal, False otherwise.

### Return type

bool

 ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.exploration\_techniques.director. {\bf ExecuteAddressGoal}} (addr)$ 

Bases: BaseGoal

A goal that prioritizes states reaching (or are likely to reach) certain address in some specific steps.

```
__init__(addr)
```

check(cfg, state, peek\_blocks)

Check if the specified address will be executed

```
• cfg -
```

• state -

• peek\_blocks (int) -

### Returns

# Return type

bool.

# check\_state(state)

Check if the current address is the target address.

#### **Parameters**

state (angr.SimState) - The state to check.

### Returns

True if the current address is the target address, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

class angr.exploration\_techniques.director.CallFunctionGoal(function, arguments)

Bases: BaseGoal

A goal that prioritizes states reaching certain function, and optionally with specific arguments. Note that constraints on arguments (and on function address as well) have to be identifiable on an accurate CFG. For example, you may have a CallFunctionGoal saying "call printf with the first argument being 'Hello, world'", and CFGEmulated must be able to figure our the first argument to printf is in fact "Hello, world", not some symbolic strings that will be constrained to "Hello, world" during symbolic execution (or simulation, however you put it).

# REQUIRE\_CFG\_STATES = True

\_\_init\_\_(function, arguments)

check(cfg, state, peek\_blocks)

Check if the specified function will be reached with certain arguments.

### **Parameters**

- cfa -
- state -
- peek\_blocks -

### Returns

# check\_state(state)

Check if the specific function is reached with certain arguments

### **Parameters**

```
state (angr.SimState) - The state to check
```

#### Returns

True if the function is reached with certain arguments, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

An exploration technique for directed symbolic execution.

A control flow graph (using CFGEmulated) is built and refined during symbolic execution. Each time the execution reaches a block that is outside of the CFG, the CFG recovery will be triggered with that state, with a maximum recovery depth (100 by default). If we see a basic block during state stepping that is not yet in the control flow graph, we go back to control flow graph recovery and "peek" more blocks forward.

When stepping a simulation manager, all states are categorized into three different categories:

- Might reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are prioritized.
- Will not reach the destination within the peek depth. Those states are de-prioritized. However, there is a little chance for those states to be explored as well in order to prevent over-fitting.

```
__init__(peek_blocks=100, peek_functions=5, goals=None, cfg_keep_states=False, goal_satisfied_callback=None, num_fallback_states=5)

Constructor.

step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)

Parameters
```

- simgr -
- stash –
- kwargs —

### Returns

```
add_goal(goal)
```

Add a goal.

### **Parameters**

goal (BaseGoal) - The goal to add.

### Returns

None

class angr.exploration\_techniques.oppologist.Oppologist

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Oppologist is an exploration technique that forces uncooperative code through qemu.

```
__init__()
```

successors(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

```
• simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

• state (angr.SimState) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This exploration technique monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data (well, currently it is just the loop trip counts, but feel free to add something else).

\_\_init\_\_(cfg=None, functions=None, loops=None, use\_header=False, bound=None, bound\_reached=None, discard\_stash='spinning', limit\_concrete\_loops=True)

### **Parameters**

- cfg Normalized CFG is required.
- **functions** Function(s) containing the loop(s) to be analyzed.
- loops Specific group of Loop(s) to be analyzed, if this is None we run the LoopFinder analysis.
- use\_header Whether to use header based trip counter to compare with the bound limit.
- bound Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound\_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ\_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- **discard\_stash** Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.
- limit\_concrete\_loops If False, do not limit a loop back-edge if it is the only successor (Defaults to True to maintain the original behavior)

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

#### **Parameters**

simgr (angr.SimulationManager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added

# filter(simgr, state, \*\*kwargs)

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.local\_loop\_seer.LocalLoopSeer(bound=None,

bound\_reached=None,
discard\_stash='spinning')

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

LocalLoopSeer monitors exploration and maintains all loop-related data without relying on a control flow graph.

\_\_init\_\_(bound=None, bound\_reached=None, discard\_stash='spinning')

### **Parameters**

- **bound** Limit the number of iterations a loop may be executed.
- **bound\_reached** If provided, should be a function that takes the LoopSeer and the succ\_state. Will be called when loop execution reach the given bound. Default to moving states that exceed the loop limit to a discard stash.
- **discard\_stash** Name of the stash containing states exceeding the loop limit.

# setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
filter(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform filtering on which stash a state should be inserted into.

If the state should be filtered, return the name of the stash to move the state to. If you want to modify the state before filtering it, return a tuple of the stash to move the state to and the modified state. To defer to the original categorization procedure, return the result of simgr.filter(state, \*\*kwargs)

If the user provided a filter\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- state (angr.SimState) -

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

**class** angr.exploration\_techniques.stochastic.**StochasticSearch**(start\_state, restart\_prob=0.0001)

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Stochastic Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be discarded. Before each pass through, weights are randomly assigned to each basic block. These weights form a probability distribution for determining which state remains after splits. When we run out of active paths to step, we start again from the start state.

```
__init__(start_state, restart_prob=0.0001)
```

#### **Parameters**

- **start\_state** The initial state from which exploration stems.
- restart\_prob The probability of randomly restarting the search (default 0.0001).

step(simgr, stash='active', \*\*kwargs)

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- simgr(angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Unique Search.

Will only keep one path active at a time, any others will be deferred. The state that is explored depends on how unique it is relative to the other deferred states. A path's uniqueness is determined by its average similarity between the other (deferred) paths. Similarity is calculated based on the supplied *similarity\_func*, which by default is: The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path.

```
__init__(similarity func=None, deferred stash='deferred')
```

#### **Parameters**

- **similarity\_func** How to calculate similarity between two states.
- **deferred\_stash** Where to store the deferred states.

setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\textbf{simgr} \ (\texttt{angr.SimulationManager}) - The \ simulation \ manager \ to \ which \ you \ have \ just \ been \ added$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

#### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (str) -

### **static similarity**(*state a, state b*)

The (L2) distance between the counts of the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state\_a: :param state\_a: The first state to compare :type state\_b: :param state\_b: The second state to compare

```
static sequence_matcher_similarity(state_a, state_b)
```

The *difflib.SequenceMatcher* ratio between the state addresses in the history of the path. :type state\_a: :param state\_a: The first state to compare :type state\_b: :param state\_b: The second state to compare

### Bases: ExplorationTechnique

This meta technique could be used to hook a couple of simulation manager methods without actually creating a new exploration technique, for example:

class SomeComplexAnalysis(Analysis):

# def do\_something():

simgr = self.project.factory.simulation\_manager() simgr.use\_tech(ProxyTechnique(step\_state=self.\_step\_state)) simgr.run()

# def \_step\_state(self, state): # Do stuff! pass

In the above example, the \_step\_state method can access all the necessary stuff, hidden in the analysis instance, without passing that instance to a one-shot-styled exploration technique.

```
__init__(setup=None, step_state=None, step=None, successors=None, filter=None, selector=None, complete=None)
```

### angr.exploration\_techniques.common.condition\_to\_lambda(condition, default=False)

Translates an integer, set, list or function into a lambda that checks if state's current basic block matches some condition.

# **Parameters**

- **condition** An integer, set, list or lambda to convert to a lambda.
- **default** The default return value of the lambda (in case condition is None). Default: false.

# Returns

A tuple of two items: a lambda that takes a state and returns the set of addresses that it matched from the condition, and a set that contains the normalized set of addresses to stop at, or None if no addresses were provided statically.

# Bases: ExplorationTechnique

The Symbion exploration technique uses the SimEngineConcrete available to step a SimState.

#### **Parameters**

- find address or list of addresses that we want to reach, these will be translated into breakpoints inside the concrete process using the ConcreteTarget interface provided by the user inside the SimEngineConcrete.
- **memory\_concretize** list of tuples (address, symbolic variable) that are going to be written in the concrete process memory.
- register\_concretize list of tuples (reg\_name, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
- timeout how long we should wait the concrete target to reach the breakpoint

```
__init__(find=None, memory_concretize=None, register_concretize=None, timeout=0, find_stash='found')
setup(simgr)
```

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) -
- stash (*str*) –

```
step_state(simgr, *args, **kwargs)
```

Determine the categorization of state successors into stashes. The result should be a dict mapping stash names to the list of successor states that fall into that stash, or None as a stash name to use the original stash name.

If you would like to directly work with a *SimSuccessors* object, you can obtain it with simgr. successors(state, \*\*kwargs). This is not recommended, as it denies other hooks the opportunity to look at the successors. Therefore, the usual technique is to call simgr.step\_state(state, \*\*kwargs) and then mutate the returned dict before returning it yourself.

..note:: This takes precedence over the *filter* hook - *filter* is only applied to states returned from here in the None stash.

### **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- state (angr.SimState) -

# complete(simgr)

Return whether or not this manager has reached a "completed" state, i.e. SimulationManager.run() should halt.

This is the one hook which is *not* subject to the nesting rules of hooks. You should *not* call simgr. complete, you should make your own decision and return True or False. Each of the techniques' completion checkers will be called and the final result will be compted with simgr.completion\_mode.

```
simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
```

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Memory Watcher

#### **Parameters**

- min\_memory (int, optional) Minimum amount of free memory in MB before stopping execution (default: 95% memory use)
- **memory\_stash** (*str*, *optional*) What to call the low memory stash (default: 'lowmem')

At each step, keep an eye on how much memory is left on the system. Stash off states to effectively stop execution if we're below a given threshold.

```
__init__(min_memory=512, memory_stash='lowmem')
```

### setup(simgr)

Perform any initialization on this manager you might need to do.

### **Parameters**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{simgr} (angr. Simulation Manager}) - The simulation manager to which you have just been added \\ \end{tabular}$ 

```
step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
```

Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing.

# **Parameters**

- **simgr** (angr.SimulationManager) –
- stash (str) -

class angr.exploration\_techniques.bucketizer.Bucketizer

Bases: ExplorationTechnique

Loop bucketization: Pick log(n) paths out of n possible paths, and stash (or drop) everything else.

```
__init__()
```

```
successors(simgr, state, **kwargs)
```

Perform the process of stepping a state forward, returning a SimSuccessors object.

To defer to the original succession procedure, return the result of simgr.successors(state, \*\*kwargs). Be careful about not calling this method (e.g. calling project.factory.successors manually) as it denies other hooks the opportunity to instrument the step. Instead, you can mutate the kwargs for the step before calling the original, and mutate the result before returning it yourself.

If the user provided a successor\_func in their step or run command, it will appear here.

### **Parameters**

- simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
- **state** (angr.SimState) -

angr.exploration\_techniques.suggestions.ast\_weight(ast, memo=None)

## angr class angr.exploration\_techniques.suggestions.Suggestions Bases: ExplorationTechnique An exploration technique which analyzes failure cases and logs suggestions for how to mitigate them in future analyses. \_\_init\_\_() step(simgr, stash='active', \*\*kwargs) Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, \*\*kwargs) in order to do the actual processing. **Parameters** • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -• stash (str) static report(state, event) 10.9 Simulation Engines class angr.engines.UberEngine(\*args, \*\*kwargs) SimEngineFailure. SimEngineSyscall, HooksMixin. SimEngineUnicorn, SuperFastpathMixin, TrackActionsMixin, SimInspectMixin, HeavyResilienceMixin, SootMixin, HeavyVEXMixin, TLSMixin irsb state stmt\_idx successors: Optional[SimSuccessors]

```
class angr.engines.UberEnginePcode(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimEngineFailure, SimEngineSyscall, HooksMixin, HeavyPcodeMixin

class angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBase(project=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: object

tmps

Even more basey of a base class for SimEngine. Used as a base by mixins which want access to the project but for which having method *process* (contained in *SimEngine*) doesn't make sense

```
__init__(project=None, **kwargs)
```

class angr.engines.engine.SimEngine(project=None, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SimEngineBase

A SimEngine is a class which understands how to perform execution on a state. This is a base class.

```
abstract process(state, **kwargs)
```

The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.

## **Parameters**

**state** – The state to proceed from

## Returns

The result. Whatever you want;)

```
class angr.engines.engine.TLSMixin(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: object
```

Mix this class into any class that defines \_\_tls to make all of the attributes named in that list into thread-local properties.

MAGIC MAGIC MAGIC

```
class angr.engines.engine.TLSProperty(name)
    Bases: object
```

```
class angr.engines.engine.SuccessorsMixin(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: SimEngine
```

\_\_init\_\_(name)

A mixin for SimEngine which implements process to perform common operations related to symbolic execution and dispatches to a process\_successors method to fill a SimSuccessors object with the results.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)

process(state, *args, **kwargs)
```

Perform execution with a state.

You should only override this method in a subclass in order to provide the correct method signature and docstring. You should override the \_process method to do your actual execution.

## **Parameters**

- **state** The state with which to execute. This state will be copied before modification.
- **inline** This is an inline execution. Do not bother copying the state.
- force\_addr Force execution to pretend that we're working at this concrete address

## **Returns**

A SimSuccessors object categorizing the execution's successor states

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

- **state** The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

## **class** angr.engines.successors.**SimSuccessors**(addr, initial\_state)

Bases: object

This class serves as a categorization of all the kinds of result states that can come from a SimEngine run.

#### Variables

- addr (int) The address at which execution is taking place, as a python int
- initial\_state The initial state for which execution produced these successors
- **engine** The engine that produced these successors
- sort A string identifying the type of engine that produced these successors
- **processed** (bool) Whether or not the processing succeeded
- **description** (*str*) A textual description of the execution step

The successor states produced by this run are categorized into several lists:

#### Variables

- **artifacts** (*dict*) Any analysis byproducts (for example, an IRSB) that were produced during execution
- **successors** The "normal" successors. IP may be symbolic, but must have reasonable number of solutions
- unsat\_successors Any successor which is unsatisfiable after its guard condition is added.
- all\_successors successors + unsat\_successors
- **flat\_successors** The normal successors, but any symbolic IPs have been concretized. There is one state in this list for each possible value an IP may be concretized to for each successor state.
- **unconstrained\_successors** Any state for which during the flattening process we find too many solutions.

A more detailed description of the successor lists may be found here: https://docs.angr.io/core-concepts/simulation#simsuccessors

```
__init__(addr, initial_state)
```

classmethod failure()

property is\_empty

Add a successor state of the SimRun. This procedure stores method parameters into state.scratch, does some housekeeping, and calls out to helper functions to prepare the state and categorize it into the appropriate successor lists.

- **state** (SimState) The successor state.
- **target** The target (of the jump/call/ret).
- **guard** The guard expression.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind (call, ret, jump, or whatnot).

- add\_guard (bool) Whether to add the guard constraint (default: True).
- exit\_stmt\_idx (int) The ID of the exit statement, an integer by default. 'default' stands for the default exit, and None means it's not from a statement (for example, from a SimProcedure).
- **exit\_ins\_addr** (*int*) The instruction pointer of this exit, which is an integer by default.
- **source** (*int*) The source of the jump (i.e., the address of the basic block).

## class angr.engines.procedure.ProcedureMixin

Bases: object

A mixin for SimEngine which adds the process\_procedure method for calling a SimProcedure and adding its results to a SimSuccessors.

process\_procedure(state, successors, procedure, ret\_to=None, arguments=None, \*\*kwargs)

## class angr.engines.procedure.ProcedureEngine(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: ProcedureMixin, SuccessorsMixin

A SimEngine that you may use if you only care about processing SimProcedures. *Requires* the procedure kwarg to be passed to process.

## process\_successors(successors, procedure=None, \*\*kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

#### **Parameters**

- state The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

## class angr.engines.hook.HooksMixin(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

A SimEngine mixin which adds a SimSuccessors handler which will look into the project's hooks and run the hook at the current address.

Will respond to the following parameters provided to the step stack:

- procedure: A SimProcedure instance to force-run instead of consulting the current hooks
- ret\_to: An address to force-return-to at the end of the procedure

## process\_successors(successors, procedure=None, \*\*kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple

subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

## **Parameters**

- state The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.syscall.SimEngineSyscall(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

A SimEngine mixin which adds a successors handling step that checks if a syscall was just requested and if so handles it as a step.

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

#### **Parameters**

- state The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.failure.SimEngineFailure(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

- **state** The state to manipulate
- **successors** The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

```
class angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, ProcedureMixin

Execution engine based on Soot.

**lift\_soot**(addr=None, the binary=None, \*\*kwargs)

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

#### **Parameters**

- state The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

```
get_unconstrained_simprocedure()
```

```
classmethod setup_callsite(state, args, ret_addr, ret_var=None)
```

```
static setup_arguments(state, args)
```

static prepare\_return\_state(state, ret\_value=None)

static terminate\_execution(statement, state, successors)

```
static prepare_native_return_state(native_state)
```

Hook target for native function call returns.

Recovers and stores the return value from native memory and toggles the state, s.t. execution continues in the Soot engine.

## class angr.engines.unicorn.SimEngineUnicorn(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin

Concrete execution in the Unicorn Engine, a fork of qemu.

Responds to the following parameters in the step stack:

- step: How many basic blocks we want to execute
- extra\_stop\_points: A collection of addresses at which execution should halt

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
process_successors(successors, **kwargs)
```

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple

subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

## **Parameters**

- **state** The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

class angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete(project)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin

Concrete execution using a concrete target provided by the user.

```
__init__(project)
```

**process\_successors**(successors, extra\_stop\_points=None, memory\_concretize=None, register\_concretize=None, timeout=0, \*args, \*\*kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

## **Parameters**

- state The state to manipulate
- successors The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.

to\_engine(state, extra\_stop\_points, memory\_concretize, register\_concretize, timeout)

Handle the concrete execution of the process This method takes care of: 1- Set the breakpoints on the addresses provided by the user 2- Concretize the symbolic variables and perform the write inside the concrete process 3- Continue the program execution.

## **Parameters**

- state The state with which to execute
- extra\_stop\_points list of a addresses where to stop the concrete execution and return to the simulated one
- memory\_concretize list of tuples (address, symbolic variable) that are going to be written in the concrete process memory.
- register\_concretize list of tuples (reg\_name, symbolic variable) that are going to be written
- timeout how long we should wait the concrete target to reach the breakpoint

## Returns

None

## static check\_concrete\_target\_methods(concrete\_target)

Check if the concrete target methods return the correct type of data :return: True if the concrete target is compliant

class angr.engines.pcode.engine.HeavyPcodeMixin(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: SuccessorsMixin, PcodeLifterEngineMixin, PcodeEmulatorMixin

Execution engine based on P-code, Ghidra's IR.

Responds to the following parameters to the step stack:

- irsb: The P-Code IRSB object to use for execution. If not provided one will be lifted.
- skip\_stmts: The number of statements to skip in processing
- last\_stmt: Do not execute any statements after this statement
- thumb: Whether the block should be force to be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode. (FIXME)
- extra\_stop\_points:

An extra set of points at which to break basic blocks

- insn\_bytes: A string of bytes to use for the block instead of the project.
- size: The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- num\_inst: The maximum number of instructions.

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

**process\_successors**(successors, irsb=None, insn\_text=None, insn\_bytes=None, thumb=False, size=None, num\_inst=None, extra\_stop\_points=None, \*\*kwargs)

Implement this function to fill out the SimSuccessors object with the results of stepping state.

In order to implement a model where multiple mixins can potentially handle a request, a mixin may implement this method and then perform a super() call if it wants to pass on handling to the next mixin.

Keep in mind python's method resolution order when composing multiple classes implementing this method. In short: left-to-right, depth-first, but deferring any base classes which are shared by multiple subclasses (the merge point of a diamond pattern in the inheritance graph) until the last point where they would be encountered in this depth-first search. For example, if you have classes A, B(A), C(B), D(A), E(C, D), then the method resolution order will be E, C, B, D, A.

- **state** The state to manipulate
- **successors** (*SimSuccessors*) The successors object to fill out
- **kwargs** Any extra arguments. Do not fail if you are passed unexpected arguments.
- irsb (IRSB / None) -
- insn\_text(str | None) -
- insn\_bytes (bytes | None) -
- thumb (bool) -
- size (int | None) -
- num\_inst(int | None) -
- extra\_stop\_points (Iterable[int] | None) -

```
None
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.ExitStatement(dst, jumpkind)
     Bases: object
     This class exists to ease compatibility with CFGFast's processing of exit_statements. See _scan_irsb method.
          Parameters
                • dst(int | None) -
                • jumpkind (str) -
     __init__(dst, jumpkind)
              Parameters
                  • dst (int | None) -
                  • jumpkind (str) -
     dst: Optional[int]
     jumpkind: str
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerBlock(addr, insns, thumb, arch)
     Bases: DisassemblerBlock
     Helper class to represent a block of dissassembled target architecture instructions
     addr
     insns
     thumb
     arch
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerInsn(pcode_insn)
     Bases: DisassemblerInsn
     Helper class to represent a disassembled target architecture instruction
     __init__(pcode_insn)
     property size: int
     property address: int
     property mnemonic: str
     property op_str: str
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB(data, mem_addr, arch, max_inst=None, max_bytes=None,
                                          bytes_offset=0, traceflags=0, opt_level=1, num_inst=None,
                                          num_bytes=None, strict_block_end=False, skip_stmts=False,
                                          collect_data_refs=False)
     Bases: object
```

IRSB stands for Intermediate Representation Super-Block. An IRSB in is a single-entry, multiple-exit code block.

**Variables** 

**Return type** 

- arch (archinfo.Arch) The architecture this block is lifted under
- statements (list of IRStmt) The statements in this block
- next (IRExpr) The expression for the default exit target of this block
- **offsIP** (*int*) The offset of the instruction pointer in the VEX guest state
- **stmts\_used** (*int*) The number of statements in this IRSB
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The type of this block's default jump (call, boring, syscall, etc) as a VEX enum string
- direct\_next (bool) Whether this block ends with a direct (not indirect) jump or branch
- **size** (*int*) The size of this block in bytes
- addr (int) The address of this basic block, i.e. the address in the first IMark

## **Parameters**

```
• data(str | bytes | None) -
• mem_addr(int) -
• arch(Arch) -
• max_inst(int | None) -
• max_bytes(int | None) -
• bytes_offset(int) -
• traceflags(int) -
• opt_level(int) -
• num_inst(int | None) -
• num_bytes(int | None) -
• strict_block_end(bool) -
```

• skip\_stmts(bool) -

collect\_data\_refs (bool) -

## $MAX_EXITS = 400$

## $MAX_DATA_REFS = 2000$

\_\_init\_\_(data, mem\_addr, arch, max\_inst=None, max\_bytes=None, bytes\_offset=0, traceflags=0, opt\_level=1, num\_inst=None, num\_bytes=None, strict\_block\_end=False, skip\_stmts=False, collect\_data\_refs=False)

- data (Union[str, bytes, None]) The bytes to lift. Can be either a string of bytes or a cffi buffer object. You may also pass None to initialize an empty IRSB.
- mem\_addr (int) The address to lift the data at.
- arch (Arch) The architecture to lift the data as.
- max\_inst (Optional[int]) The maximum number of instructions to lift. (See note below)
- max\_bytes (Optional[int]) The maximum number of bytes to use.

- num\_inst (Optional[int]) Replaces max\_inst if max\_inst is None. If set to None as well, no instruction limit is used.
- num\_bytes (Optional[int]) Replaces max\_bytes if max\_bytes is None. If set to None as well, no byte limit is used.
- bytes\_offset (int) The offset into *data* to start lifting at. Note that for ARM THUMB mode, both *mem\_addr* and *bytes\_offset* must be odd (typically *bytes\_offset* is set to 1).
- traceflags (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- opt\_level (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- strict\_block\_end (bool) Unused by P-Code lifter
- skip\_stmts (bool) -
- collect\_data\_refs (bool) -

## **Return type**

None

**Note:** Explicitly specifying the number of instructions to lift (*max\_inst*) may not always work exactly as expected. For example, on MIPS, it is meaningless to lift a branch or jump instruction without its delay slot. VEX attempts to Do The Right Thing by possibly decoding fewer instructions than requested. Specifically, this means that lifting a branch or jump on MIPS as a single instruction (*max\_inst=1*) will result in an empty IRSB, and subsequent attempts to run this block will raise *SimIRSBError*(*'Empty IRSB passed to SimIRSB.'*).

**Note:** If no instruction and byte limit is used, the lifter will continue lifting the block until the block ends properly or until it runs out of data to lift.

```
addr: int
arch: Arch
```

behaviors: Optional[BehaviorFactory]

data\_refs: Sequence

default\_exit\_target: Optional

jumpkind: Optional[str]

next: Optional[int]

**static empty\_block**(arch, addr, statements=None, nxt=None, tyenv=None, jumpkind=None, direct\_next=None, size=None)

## Return type

IRSB

- arch (Arch) -
- addr (int) -
- statements (Sequence | None) -

```
• nxt (int | None) -
             • jumpkind(str / None) -
             • direct_next(bool | None) -
             • size (int | None) -
property has_statements: bool
property exit_statements: Sequence[Tuple[int, int, ExitStatement]]
copy()
     Copy by creating an empty IRSB and then filling in the leftover attributes. Copy is made as deep as possible
         Return type
             IRSB
extend(extendwith)
     Appends an irsb to the current irsb. The irsb that is appended is invalidated. The appended irsb's jumpkind
     and default exit are used. :type extendwith: IRSB :param extendwith: The IRSB to append to this IRSB
         Return type
             IRSB
         Parameters
            extendwith (IRSB) -
invalidate_direct_next()
         Return type
            None
pp()
     Pretty-print the IRSB to stdout.
         Return type
            None
property tyenv
property stmts_used: int
property offsIP: int
property direct_next: bool
property expressions
     Return an iterator of all expressions contained in the IRSB.
property instructions: int
     The number of instructions in this block
property instruction_addresses: Sequence[int]
     Addresses of instructions in this block.
property size: int
    The size of this block, in bytes
property operations
     A list of all operations done by the IRSB, as libVEX enum names
```

## property all\_constants

Returns all constants in the block (including incrementing of the program counter) as pyvex.const. IRConst.

## property constants

The constants (excluding updates of the program counter) in the IRSB as pyvex.const.IRConst.

## property constant\_jump\_targets

A set of the static jump targets of the basic block.

## property constant\_jump\_targets\_and\_jumpkinds

A dict of the static jump targets of the basic block to their jumpkind.

property statements: Iterable

property disassembly: PcodeDisassemblerBlock

class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter(arch, addr)

Bases: object

A lifter is a class of methods for processing a block.

## Variables

- data The bytes to lift as either a python string of bytes or a cffi buffer object.
- **bytes\_offset** The offset into *data* to start lifting at.
- max\_bytes The maximum number of bytes to lift. If set to None, no byte limit is used.
- max\_inst The maximum number of instructions to lift. If set to None, no instruction limit is used.
- **opt\_level** Unused by P-Code lifter
- traceflags Unused by P-Code lifter
- allow\_arch\_optimizations Unused by P-Code lifter
- strict\_block\_end Unused by P-Code lifter
- **skip\_stmts** Unused by P-Code lifter

## **Parameters**

- arch (Arch) -
- addr (int) -

 $REQUIRE_DATA_C = False$ 

 $REQUIRE_DATA_PY = False$ 

\_\_init\_\_(arch, addr)

## **Parameters**

- arch (Arch) -
- addr (int) -

arch: Arch

addr: int

```
data: Union[str, bytes, None]
bytes_offset: Optional[int]
opt_level: int
traceflags: Optional[int]
allow_arch_optimizations: Optional[bool]
strict_block_end: Optional[bool]
collect_data_refs: bool
max_inst: Optional[int]
max_bytes: Optional[int]
skip_stmts: bool
irsb: IRSB
lift()
```

Lifts the data using the information passed into \_lift. Should be overridden in child classes.

Should set the lifted IRSB to self.irsb. If a lifter raises a LiftingException on the data, this signals that the lifter cannot lift this data and arch and the lifter is skipped. If a lifter can lift any amount of data, it should lift it and return the lifted block with a jumpkind of Ijk\_NoDecode, signalling to pyvex that other lifters should be used on the undecodable data.

## Return type None

Lift machine code in *data* to a P-code IRSB.

If a lifter raises a LiftingException on the data, it is skipped. If it succeeds and returns a block with a jumpkind of Ijk\_NoDecode, all of the lifters are tried on the rest of the data and if they work, their output is appended to the first block.

- arch (Arch) The arch to lift the data as.
- addr (int) The starting address of the block. Effects the IMarks.
- **data** (Union[str, bytes, None]) The bytes to lift as either a python string of bytes or a cffi buffer object.
- max\_bytes (Optional[int]) The maximum number of bytes to lift. If set to None, no byte limit is used.
- max\_inst (Optional[int]) The maximum number of instructions to lift. If set to None, no instruction limit is used.
- **bytes\_offset** (int) The offset into *data* to start lifting at.
- opt\_level (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- traceflags (int) Unused by P-Code lifter

```
strict_block_end (boo1) -
inner (boo1) -
skip_stmts (boo1) -
collect_data_refs (boo1) -
Return type
IRSB
```

**Note:** Explicitly specifying the number of instructions to lift (*max\_inst*) may not always work exactly as expected. For example, on MIPS, it is meaningless to lift a branch or jump instruction without its delay slot. VEX attempts to Do The Right Thing by possibly decoding fewer instructions than requested. Specifically, this means that lifting a branch or jump on MIPS as a single instruction (*max\_inst=1*) will result in an empty IRSB, and subsequent attempts to run this block will raise *SimIRSBError*(*'Empty IRSB passed to SimIRSB.'*).

**Note:** If no instruction and byte limit is used, the lifter will continue lifting the block until the block ends properly or until it runs out of data to lift.

```
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeBasicBlockLifter(arch)
     Bases: object
     Lifts basic blocks to P-code
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     __init__(arch)
             Parameters
                 arch (Arch) -
     context: Context
     behaviors: BehaviorFactory
     lift(irsb, baseaddr, data, bytes_offset=0, max_bytes=None, max_inst=None)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 • irsb (IRSB) -
                 • baseaddr (int) -
                 • data(bytes | bytearray) -
                 • bytes_offset (int) -
                 • max_bytes(int | None) -
                 • max_inst(int | None) -
class angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter(arch, addr)
     Bases: Lifter
```

Handles calling into pypcode to lift a block

## **Parameters**

```
• arch (Arch) -
         • addr (int) -
data: Union[str, bytes, None]
bytes_offset: Optional[int]
opt level: int
traceflags: Optional[int]
allow_arch_optimizations: Optional[bool]
strict_block_end: Optional[bool]
collect_data_refs: bool
max_inst: Optional[int]
max_bytes: Optional[int]
skip_stmts: bool
irsb: IRSB
arch: Arch
addr:
      int
lift()
```

Lifts the data using the information passed into \_lift. Should be overridden in child classes.

Should set the lifted IRSB to self.irsb. If a lifter raises a LiftingException on the data, this signals that the lifter cannot lift this data and arch and the lifter is skipped. If a lifter can lift any amount of data, it should lift it and return the lifted block with a jumpkind of Ijk\_NoDecode, signalling to pyvex that other lifters should be used on the undecodable data.

# Return type

None

Bases: SimEngineBase

Lifter mixin to lift from machine code to P-Code.

```
    use_cache (bool | None) -
    cache_size (int) -
    default_opt_level (int) -
    selfmodifying_code (bool | None) -
    single_step (bool) -
```

```
• default_strict_block_end(bool) -
```

\_\_init\_\_(project, use\_cache=None, cache\_size=50000, default\_opt\_level=1, selfmodifying\_code=None, single\_step=False, default\_strict\_block\_end=False, \*\*kwargs)

## **Parameters**

- use\_cache (bool | None) -
- cache\_size (int) -
- default\_opt\_level (int) -
- selfmodifying\_code (bool | None) -
- single\_step (bool) -
- default\_strict\_block\_end(bool) -

## clear\_cache()

#### Return type

None

Temporary compatibility interface for integration with block code.

- addr (int | None) -
- state (SimState / None) -
- clemory (Clemory | None) -
- insn\_bytes (bytes | None) -
- arch (Arch | None) -
- size (int | None) -
- num\_inst(int | None) -
- traceflags (int) -
- thumb (bool) -
- extra\_stop\_points (Iterable[int] | None) -
- opt\_level (int | None) -
- strict\_block\_end(bool | None) -
- skip\_stmts(bool) -
- collect\_data\_refs (bool) -
- load\_from\_ro\_regions (bool) -
- cross\_insn\_opt (bool | None) -

Lift an IRSB.

There are many possible valid sets of parameters. You at the very least must pass some source of data, some source of an architecture, and some source of an address.

Sources of data in order of priority: insn\_bytes, clemory, state

Sources of an address, in order of priority: addr, state

Sources of an architecture, in order of priority: arch, clemory, state

#### **Parameters**

- **state** (Optional[SimState]) A state to use as a data source.
- **clemory** (Optional[Clemory]) A cle.memory.Clemory object to use as a data source.
- addr (Optional[int]) The address at which to start the block.
- thumb (bool) Whether the block should be lifted in ARM's THUMB mode.
- opt\_level (Optional[int]) Unused for P-Code lifter
- insn\_bytes (Optional[bytes]) A string of bytes to use as a data source.
- **size** (Optional[int]) The maximum size of the block, in bytes.
- num\_inst (Optional[int]) The maximum number of instructions.
- traceflags (int) Unused by P-Code lifter
- strict\_block\_end (Optional[bool]) Unused by P-Code lifter
- load\_from\_ro\_regions (bool) Unused by P-Code lifter
- arch (Arch | None) -
- extra\_stop\_points (Iterable[int] | None) -
- skip\_stmts(bool) -
- collect\_data\_refs (bool) -
- cross\_insn\_opt (bool | None) -

class angr.engines.pcode.emulate.PcodeEmulatorMixin(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

```
Bases: SimEngineBase

Mixin for p-code execution.
__init__(*args, **kwargs)

handle_pcode_block(irsb)
```

Execute a single IRSB.

```
Parameters
```

irsb (IRSB) - Block to be executed.

## Return type

None

```
angr.engines.pcode.behavior.make_bv_sizes_equal(bv1, bv2)
     Makes two BVs equal in length through sign extension.
          Return type
              Tuple[BV, BV]
          Parameters
                • bv1 (BV) -
                • bv2 (BV) -
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior(opcode, is_unary, is_special=False)
     Bases: object
     Base class for all operation behaviors.
          Parameters
                • opcode (int) -
                • is_unary (bool) -
                • is_special (bool) -
     __init__(opcode, is_unary, is_special=False)
              Parameters
                  • opcode (int) -
                  • is_unary (bool) -
                  • is_special (bool) -
              Return type
                  None
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                  • in1 (BV) -
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
```

```
• in1 (BV) -
                  • in2 (BV) -
     static generic_compare(args, comparison)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • args (Iterable[BV]) -
                  • comparison (Callable[[BV, BV], BV]) -
     classmethod booleanize(in1)
          Reduce input BV to a single bit of truth: out <-1 if (in1 != 0) else 0.
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  in1 (BV) -
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the COPY operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                  • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_EQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
```

```
• size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorNotEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_NOTEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSless
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SLESS operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
```

```
is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSlessEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SLESSEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLess
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_LESS operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLessEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_LESSEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntZext
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_ZEXT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSext
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SEXT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
```

```
opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.engines.pcode.behavior.0pBehaviorIntAdd}
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_ADD operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSub
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SUB operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntCarry
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_CARRY operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScarry
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SCARRY operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSborrow
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SBORROW operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorInt2Comp
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_2COMP operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntNegate
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_NEGATE operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
```

```
opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.engines.pcode.behavior.0pBehaviorIntXor}
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_XOR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAnd
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_AND operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOr
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_OR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLeft
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_LEFT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRight
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_RIGHT operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSright
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SRIGHT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMult
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_MULT operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                  • size_out (int) -
                  • size_in(int)-
```

```
• in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntDiv
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_DIV operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdiv
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SDIV operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRem
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_REM operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSrem
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the INT_SREM operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_NEGATE operation.
     __init__()
```

```
evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolXor
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_XOR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolAnd
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_AND operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
```

```
• in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the BOOL_OR operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the FLOAT_EQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNotEqual
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the FLOAT_NOTEQUAL operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
```

```
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_LESS operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_LESSEQUAL operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_NAN operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_ADD operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_DIV operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
```

```
is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_MULT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSub
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_SUB operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNeg
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_NEG operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_ABS operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSqrt
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_SQRT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
```

```
is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_INT2FLOAT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_FLOAT2FLOAT operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatTrunc
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_TRUNC operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_CEIL operation.
    __init__()
    opcode: int
    is_unary: bool
    is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor
    Bases: OpBehavior
    Behavior for the FLOAT_FLOOR operation.
    __init__()
```

```
opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatRound
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the FLOAT_ROUND operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorPiece
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the PIECE operation.
     __init__()
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorSubpiece
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the SUBPIECE operation.
     __init__()
     evaluate_binary(size_out, size_in, in1, in2)
             Return type
                BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
                 • in2 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorPopcount
     Bases: OpBehavior
     Behavior for the POPCOUNT operation.
```

```
__init__()
     evaluate_unary(size_out, size_in, in1)
             Return type
                 BV
             Parameters
                 • size_out (int) -
                 • size_in(int)-
                 • in1 (BV) -
     opcode: int
     is_unary: bool
     is_special: bool
class angr.engines.pcode.behavior.BehaviorFactory
     Bases: object
     Returns the behavior object for a given opcode.
     __init__()
     get_behavior_for_opcode(opcode)
             Return type
                 OpBehavior
             Parameters
                 opcode (int) -
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCM68k(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Default CC for M68k
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 4
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <d0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCRISCV(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Default CC for RISCV
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
```

```
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ra>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <a0>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSPARC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for SPARC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['o0', 'o1']
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <00>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <07>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSH4(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for SH4
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r4', 'r5']
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <pr>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPARISC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for PARISC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r26', 'r25']
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r28>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <rp>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
    Default CC for PowerPC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 8
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
```

```
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
class angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCXtensa(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Default CC for Xtensa
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['i2', 'i3', 'i4', 'i5', 'i6', 'i7']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <a0>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <02>
angr.engines.pcode.cc.register_pcode_arch_default_cc(arch)
         Parameters
             arch (ArchPcode) -
10.10 Simulation Logging
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction(state, region_type)
     Bases: SimEvent
     A SimAction represents a semantic action that an analyzed program performs.
     TMP = 'tmp'
     REG = 'reg'
     MEM = 'mem'
     __init__(state, region_type)
          Initializes the SimAction.
             Parameters
                 state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
     property tmp_deps
     property reg_deps
     copy()
     downsize()
          Clears some low-level details (that take up memory) out of the SimAction.
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionExit(state, target, condition=None, exit_type=None)
     Bases: SimAction
```

An Exit action represents a (possibly conditional) jump.

```
CONDITIONAL = 'conditional'
     DEFAULT = 'default'
     __init__(state, target, condition=None, exit_type=None)
          Initializes the SimAction.
               Parameters
                  state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionConstraint(state, constraint, condition=None)
     Bases: SimAction
     A constraint action represents an extra constraint added during execution of a path.
     __init__(state, constraint, condition=None)
          Initializes the SimAction.
              Parameters
                   state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionOperation(state, op, exprs, result)
     Bases: SimAction
     An action representing an operation between variables and/or constants.
     __init__(state, op, exprs, result)
          Initializes the SimAction.
              Parameters
                  state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData(state, region_type, action, tmp=None, addr=None,
                                                           size=None, data=None, condition=None,
                                                           fallback=None, fd=None)
     Bases: SimAction
     A Data action represents a read or a write from memory, registers or a file.
     READ = 'read'
     WRITE = 'write'
     OPERATE = 'operate'
     __init__(state, region_type, action, tmp=None, addr=None, size=None, data=None, condition=None,
                fallback=None, fd=None)
          Initializes the SimAction.
```

```
Parameters
                  state – the state that's the SimAction is taking place in.
     downsize()
          Clears some low-level details (that take up memory) out of the SimAction.
     property all_objects
     property is_symbolic
     property tmp_deps
     property reg_deps
     property storage
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.ast_stripping_op(f, *args, **kwargs)
angr.state\_plugins.sim\_action\_object.ast\_preserving\_op(f, *args, **kwargs)
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.ast_stripping_decorator(f)
class angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject(ast, reg_deps=None, tmp_deps=None,
                                                                    deps=None, state=None)
     Bases: object
     A SimActionObject tracks an AST and its dependencies.
     __init__(ast, reg_deps=None, tmp_deps=None, deps=None, state=None)
     to_claripy()
     copy()
     SDiv(*args, **kwargs)
     SMod(*args, **kwargs)
     intersection(*args, **kwargs)
     union(*args, **kwargs)
     widen(*args, **kwargs)
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.make_methods()
class angr.state_plugins.sim_event.SimEvent(state, event_type, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     A SimEvent is a log entry for some notable event during symbolic execution. It logs the location it was generated
     (ins_addr, bbl_addr, stmt_idx, and sim_procedure) as well as arbitrary tags (objects).
     You may also be interested in SimAction, which is a specialization of SimEvent for CPU events.
     __init__(state, event_type, **kwargs)
angr.state_plugins.sim_event.resource_event(state, exception)
```

## 10.11 Procedures

Bases: object

A SimProcedure is a wonderful object which describes a procedure to run on a state.

You may subclass SimProcedure and override run(), replacing it with mutating self.state however you like, and then either returning a value or jumping away somehow.

A detailed discussion of programming SimProcedures may be found at https://docs.angr.io/extending-angr/simprocedures

#### **Parameters**

- arch The architecture to use for this procedure
- project (Project) -
- cc (SimCC) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following parameters are optional:

#### **Parameters**

- **symbolic\_return** Whether the procedure's return value should be stubbed into a single symbolic variable constratined to the real return value
- **returns** Whether the procedure should return to its caller afterwards
- **is\_syscall** Whether this procedure is a syscall
- num\_args The number of arguments this procedure should extract
- display\_name The name to use when displaying this procedure
- library\_name The name of the library from which the function we're emulating comes
- cc The SimCC to use for this procedure
- **sim\_kwargs** Additional keyword arguments to be passed to run()
- **is\_function** Whether this procedure emulates a function
- project (Project) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following class variables should be set if necessary when implementing a new SimProcedure:

### **Variables**

- NO\_RET Set this to true if control flow will never return from this function
- **DYNAMIC\_RET** Set this to true if whether the control flow returns from this function or not depends on the context (e.g., libc's error() call). Must implement dynamic\_returns() method.
- ADDS\_EXITS Set this to true if you do any control flow other than returning
- IS\_FUNCTION Does this procedure simulate a function? True by default

- ARGS\_MISMATCH Does this procedure have a different list of arguments than what is provided in the function specification? This may happen when we manually extract arguments in the run() method of a SimProcedure. False by default.
- **local\_vars** If you use **self.call()**, set this to a list of all the local variable names in your class. They will be restored on return.

#### **Parameters**

- project (Project) -
- cc (SimCC) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following instance variables are available when working with simprocedures from the inside or the outside:

#### Variables

- **project** The associated angr project
- arch The associated architecture
- addr The linear address at which the procedure is executing
- cc The calling convention in use for engaging with the ABI
- canonical The canonical version of this SimProcedure. Procedures are deepcopied for
  many reasons, including to be able to store state related to a specific run and to be able to
  hook continuations.
- kwargs Any extra keyword arguments used to construct the procedure; will be passed to run
- display\_name See the eponymous parameter
- library\_name See the eponymous parameter
- abi If this is a syscall simprocedure, which ABI are we using to map the syscall numbers?
- **symbolic\_return** See the eponymous parameter
- **syscall\_number** If this procedure is a syscall, the number will be populated here.
- returns See eponymous parameter and NO\_RET cvar
- **is\_syscall** See eponymous parameter
- is\_function See eponymous parameter and cvar
- is\_stub See eponymous parameter
- **is\_continuation** Whether this procedure is the original or a continuation resulting from self.call()
- continuations A mapping from name to each known continuation
- **run\_func** The name of the function implementing the procedure. "run" by default, but different in continuations.
- num\_args The number of arguments to the procedure. If not provided in the parameter, extracted from the definition of self.run

- project (Project) -
- cc (SimCC) -

• prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

The following instance variables are only used in a copy of the procedure that is actually executing on a state:

## **Variables**

- **state** The SimState we should be mutating to perform the procedure
- **successors** The SimSuccessors associated with the current step
- arguments The function arguments, describlized from the state
- **arg\_session** The ArgSession that was used to parse arguments out of the state, in case you need it for varargs
- **use\_state\_arguments** Whether we're using arguments extracted from the state or manually provided
- ret\_to The current return address
- ret\_expr The computed return value
- call\_ret\_expr The return value from having used self.call()
- inhibit\_autoret Whether we should avoid automatically adding an exit for returning once the run function ends
- **arg\_session** The ArgSession object that was used to extract the runtime argument values. Useful for if you want to extract variadic args.

#### **Parameters**

```
    project (Project) –
    cc (SimCC) –
    prototype (SimTypeFunction) –
```

\_\_init\_\_(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic\_return=None, returns=None, is\_syscall=False, is\_stub=False, num\_args=None, display\_name=None, library\_name=None, is\_function=None, \*\*kwargs)

project: Project
arch: Arch
cc: SimCC
prototype: SimTypeFunction
state: SimState
arg\_session: Union[None, ArgSession, int]

**execute**(state, successors=None, arguments=None, ret\_to=None)

Call this method with a SimState and a SimSuccessors to execute the procedure.

Alternately, successors may be none if this is an inline call. In that case, you should provide arguments to the function.

make\_continuation(name)
NO\_RET = False
DYNAMIC\_RET = False

```
ADDS_EXITS = False
IS_FUNCTION = True
ARGS_MISMATCH = False
ALT_NAMES = None
local_vars: Tuple[str, ...] = ()
run(*args, **kwargs)
     Implement the actual procedure here!
static_exits(blocks, **kwargs)
     Get new exits by performing static analysis and heuristics. This is a fast and best-effort approach to get new
     exits for scenarios where states are not available (e.g. when building a fast CFG).
         Parameters
             blocks (list) – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.
             A list of dicts. Each dict should contain the following entries: 'address', 'jumpkind', and
             'namehint'.
         Return type
             list
dynamic_returns(blocks, **kwargs)
     Determines if a call to this function returns or not by performing static analysis and heuristics.
         Parameters
             blocks – Blocks that are executed before reaching this SimProcedure.
         Return type
             bool
         Returns
             True if the call returns, False otherwise.
property should_add_successors
set_args(args)
va_arg(ty, index=None)
inline_call(procedure, *arguments, **kwargs)
     Call another SimProcedure in-line to retrieve its return value. Returns an instance of the procedure with
     the ret_expr property set.
```

## **Parameters**

- procedure The class of the procedure to execute
- arguments Any additional positional args will be used as arguments to the procedure call
- sim\_kwargs Any additional keyword args will be passed as sim\_kwargs to the procedure construtor

fix\_prototype\_returnty(ret\_size)

```
ret(expr=None)
```

Add an exit representing a return from this function. If this is not an inline call, grab a return address from the state and jump to it. If this is not an inline call, set a return expression with the calling convention.

```
call(addr, args, continue_at, cc=None, prototype=None, jumpkind='Ijk_Call')
```

Add an exit representing calling another function via pointer.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address of the function to call
- args The list of arguments to call the function with
- **continue\_at** Later, when the called function returns, execution of the current procedure will continue in the named method.
- cc Optional: use this calling convention for calling the new function. Default is to use the current convention.
- **prototype** Optional: The prototype to use for the call. Will default to all-ints.

```
jump(addr, jumpkind='Ijk_Boring')
```

Add an exit representing jumping to an address.

```
exit(exit_code)
```

Add an exit representing terminating the program.

```
ty_ptr(ty)
```

```
property is_java
```

property argument\_types

```
property return_type
```

class angr.procedures.stubs.format\_parser.FormatString(parser, components)

Bases: object

Describes a format string.

```
SCANF_DELIMITERS = [b'\t', b'\n', b'\x0b', b'\r', b' ']
```

```
__init__(parser, components)
```

Takes a list of components which are either just strings or a FormatSpecifier.

## property state

```
replace(va arg)
```

Implement printf - based on the stored format specifier information, format the values from the arg getter function *args* into a string.

### **Parameters**

va\_arg - A function which takes a type and returns the next argument of that type

#### Returns

The result formatted string

## interpret(va\_arg, addr=None, simfd=None)

implement scanf - extract formatted data from memory or a file according to the stored format specifiers and store them into the pointers extracted from *args*.

#### **Parameters**

- va\_arg A function which, given a type, returns the next argument of that type
- addr The address in the memory to extract data from, or...
- simfd A file descriptor to use for reading data from

#### Returns

The number of arguments parsed

```
Bases: object

Describes a format specifier within a format string.
__init__(string, length_spec, pad_chr, size, signed)

string

size

signed

length_spec

pad_chr

property spec_type

class angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser(project=None, cc=None, prototype=None, symbolic_return=None, returns=None, is_syscall=False, is_stub=False, num args=None, display name=None,
```

Bases: SimProcedure

For SimProcedures relying on printf-style format strings.

#### **Parameters**

```
• project (Project) -
```

- cc (SimCC) -
- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -

## ARGS\_MISMATCH = True

```
basic_spec = {b'A': double, b'E': double, b'F': double, b'G': double, b'X': unsigned
int, b'a': double, b'c': char, b'd': int, b'e': double, b'f': double, b'g':
double, b'i': int, b'n': unsigned int*, b'o': unsigned int, b'p': unsigned int*,
b's': char*, b'u': unsigned int, b'x': unsigned int}

int_sign = {'signed': [b'd', b'i'], 'unsigned': [b'o', b'u', b'x', b'X']}

int_len_mod = {b'h': (short, unsigned short), b'hh': (char, char), b'j': (long
long, unsigned long long), b'l': (long, unsigned long), b'll': (long long,
unsigned long long), b't': (long, long), b'z': (size_t, size_t)}

other_types = {('string',): <function FormatParser.<lambda>>}
```

library\_name=None, is\_function=None,

\*\*kwargs)

```
flags = ['#', '0', '\\-', ' ', '\\+', "\\'", 'I']
    extract_components(fmt)
         Extract the actual formats from the format string fmt.
             Parameters
                fmt (List) – A list of format chars.
             Return type
                List
             Returns
                a FormatString object
    state: SimState
    project: angr.Project
    arch: archinfo.arch.Arch
    cc: angr.SimCC
    prototype: angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction
    arg_session: Union[None, ArgSession, int]
class angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFormatParser(project=None, cc=None,
                                                               prototype=None,
                                                               symbolic return=None,
                                                               returns=None, is_syscall=False,
                                                               is_stub=False, num_args=None,
                                                               display_name=None,
                                                               library name=None,
                                                               is_function=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: FormatParser
    For SimProcedures relying on scanf-style format strings.
    basic_spec = {b'A': float, b'E': float, b'F': float, b'G': float, b'X': unsigned
    int, b'a': float, b'c': char, b'd': int, b'e': float, b'f': float, b'g':
    float, b'i': int, b'n': unsigned int*, b'o': unsigned int, b'p': unsigned int*,
    b's': char*, b'u': unsigned int, b'x': unsigned int}
    float_spec = [b'e', b'E', b'f', b'F', b'g', b'G', b'a', b'A']
    float_len_mod = {b'l': <class 'angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble'>, b'll': <class</pre>
     'angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble'>}
    state: SimState
    project: angr.Project
    arch: archinfo.arch.Arch
    cc: angr.SimCC
    prototype: angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction
    arg_session: Union[None, ArgSession, int]
```

### class angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary

Bases: object

A SimLibrary is the mechanism for describing a dynamic library's API, its functions and metadata.

Any instance of this class (or its subclasses) found in the angr.procedures.definitions package will be automatically picked up and added to angr.SIM\_LIBRARIES via all its names.

#### **Variables**

- **fallback\_cc** A mapping from architecture to the default calling convention that should be used if no other information is present. Contains some sane defaults for linux.
- **fallback\_proc** A SimProcedure class that should be used to provide stub procedures. By default, ReturnUnconstrained.

```
__init__()
```

### copy()

Make a copy of this SimLibrary, allowing it to be mutated without affecting the global version.

#### Returns

A new SimLibrary object with the same library references but different dict/list references

## update(other)

Augment this SimLibrary with the information from another SimLibrary

#### **Parameters**

**other** – The other SimLibrary

## property name

The first common name of this library, e.g. libc.so.6, or "??????" if none are known.

## set\_library\_names(\*names)

Set some common names of this library by which it may be referred during linking

#### **Parameters**

**names** – Any number of string library names may be passed as varargs.

#### set\_default\_cc(arch\_name, cc\_cls)

Set the default calling convention used for this library under a given architecture

#### **Parameters**

**arch\_name** – The string name of the architecture, i.e. the .name field from archinfo.

#### Parm cc cls

The SimCC class (not an instance!) to use

## set\_non\_returning(\*names)

Mark some functions in this class as never returning, i.e. loops forever or terminates execution

#### **Parameters**

names – Any number of string function names may be passed as varargs

#### set\_prototype(name, proto)

Set the prototype of a function in the form of a SimTypeFunction containing argument and return types

- name The name of the function as a string
- **proto** The prototype of the function as a SimTypeFunction

#### set\_prototypes(protos)

Set the prototypes of many functions

## **Parameters**

**protos** – Dictionary mapping function names to SimTypeFunction objects

## set\_c\_prototype(c\_decl)

Set the prototype of a function in the form of a C-style function declaration.

#### **Parameters**

**c\_decl** (*str*) – The C-style declaration of the function.

#### **Returns**

A tuple of (function name, function prototype)

## Return type

tuple

```
add(name, proc_cls, **kwargs)
```

Add a function implementation fo the library.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the function as a string
- proc\_cls The implementation of the function as a SimProcedure \_class\_, not instance
- **kwargs** Any additional parameters to the procedure class constructor may be passed as kwargs

## add\_all\_from\_dict(dictionary, \*\*kwargs)

Batch-add function implementations to the library.

## **Parameters**

- **dictionary** A mapping from name to procedure class, i.e. the first two arguments to add()
- kwargs Any additional kwargs will be passed to the constructors of \_each\_ procedure class

```
add_alias(name, *alt names)
```

Add some duplicate names for a given function. The original function's implementation must already be registered.

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the function for which an implementation is already present
- alt\_names Any number of alternate names may be passed as varargs

## get(name, arch)

Get an implementation of the given function specialized for the given arch, or a stub procedure if none exists.

### **Parameters**

- name The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecure to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

## Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing the function as found in the library

## get\_stub(name, arch)

Get a stub procedure for the given function, regardless of if a real implementation is available. This will apply any metadata, such as a default calling convention or a function prototype.

By stub, we pretty much always mean a ReturnUnconstrained SimProcedure with the appropriate display name and metadata set. This will appear in state.history.descriptions as <SimProcedure display\_name (stub)>

### **Parameters**

- name The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecture to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

#### Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing a plausable stub as could be found in the library.

## get\_prototype(name, arch=None)

Get a prototype of the given function name, optionally specialize the prototype to a given architecture.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) Name of the function.
- **arch** The architecture to specialize to.

## **Return type**

Optional[SimTypeFunction]

#### Returns

Prototype of the function, or None if the prototype does not exist.

## has\_metadata(name)

Check if a function has either an implementation or any metadata associated with it

### **Parameters**

name – The name of the function as a string

#### Returns

A bool indicating if anything is known about the function

## has\_implementation(name)

Check if a function has an implementation associated with it

#### **Parameters**

**name** – The name of the function as a string

#### Returns

A bool indicating if an implementation of the function is available

## has\_prototype(func\_name)

Check if a function has a prototype associated with it.

#### **Parameters**

**func\_name** (str) – The name of the function.

#### Returns

A bool indicating if a prototype of the function is available.

## Return type

bool

### class angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLibrary

Bases: SimLibrary

SimCppLibrary is a specialized version of SimLibrary that will demangle C++ function names before looking for an implementation or prototype for it.

## get(name, arch)

Get an implementation of the given function specialized for the given arch, or a stub procedure if none exists. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecure to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

#### Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing the function as found in the library

## get\_stub(name, arch)

Get a stub procedure for the given function, regardless of if a real implementation is available. This will apply any metadata, such as a default calling convention or a function prototype. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) The name of the function as a string
- arch The architecture to use, as either a string or an archinfo. Arch instance

#### Returns

A SimProcedure instance representing a plausable stub as could be found in the library.

## get\_prototype(name, arch=None)

Get a prototype of the given function name, optionally specialize the prototype to a given architecture. The function name will be demangled first.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) Name of the function.
- **arch** The architecture to specialize to.

## Return type

Optional[SimTypeFunction]

#### Returns

Prototype of the function, or None if the prototype does not exist.

## has\_metadata(name)

Check if a function has either an implementation or any metadata associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

#### **Parameters**

**name** – The name of the function as a string

#### Returns

A bool indicating if anything is known about the function

## has\_implementation(name)

Check if a function has an implementation associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

#### **Parameters**

**name** (*str*) – A mangled function name.

#### Returns

bool

## has\_prototype(func\_name)

Check if a function has a prototype associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

#### **Parameters**

**name** (*str*) – A mangled function name.

#### **Returns**

bool

## class angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary

Bases: SimLibrary

SimSyscallLibrary is a specialized version of SimLibrary for dealing not with a dynamic library's API but rather an operating system's syscall API. Because this interface is inherently lower-level than a dynamic library, many parts of this class has been changed to store data based on an "ABI name" (ABI = application binary interface, like an API but for when there's no programming language) instead of an architecture. An ABI name is just an arbitrary string with which a calling convention and a syscall numbering is associated.

All the SimLibrary methods for adding functions still work, but now there's an additional layer on top that associates them with numbers.

```
__init__()
```

#### copy()

Make a copy of this SimLibrary, allowing it to be mutated without affecting the global version.

## Returns

A new SimLibrary object with the same library references but different dict/list references

### update(other)

Augment this SimLibrary with the information from another SimLibrary

## **Parameters**

other - The other SimLibrary

minimum\_syscall\_number(abi)

### **Parameters**

**abi** – The abi to evaluate

## Returns

The smallest syscall number known for the given abi

maximum\_syscall\_number(abi)

#### **Parameters**

**abi** – The abi to evaluate

#### Returns

The largest syscall number known for the given abi

## add\_number\_mapping(abi, number, name)

Associate a syscall number with the name of a function present in the underlying SimLibrary

- **abi** The abi for which this mapping applies
- **number** The syscall number
- name The name of the function

## add\_number\_mapping\_from\_dict(abi, mapping)

Batch-associate syscall numbers with names of functions present in the underlying SimLibrary

#### **Parameters**

- abi The abi for which this mapping applies
- mapping A dict mapping syscall numbers to function names

```
set_abi_cc(abi, cc_cls)
```

Set the default calling convention for an abi

#### **Parameters**

- abi The name of the abi
- cc\_cls A SimCC \_class\_, not an instance, that should be used for syscalls using the abi

#### set\_prototype(abi, name, proto)

Set the prototype of a function in the form of a SimTypeFunction containing argument and return types

#### **Parameters**

- abi (str) ABI of the syscall.
- name (str) The name of the syscall as a string
- **proto** (SimTypeFunction) The prototype of the syscall as a SimTypeFunction

## Return type

None

## set\_prototypes(abi, protos)

Set the prototypes of many syscalls.

## **Parameters**

- **abi** (str) ABI of the syscalls.
- protos (Dict[str, SimTypeFunction]) Dictionary mapping syscall names to Sim-TypeFunction objects

## **Return type**

None

#### get(number, arch, abi\_list=())

The get() function for SimSyscallLibrary looks a little different from its original version.

Instead of providing a name, you provide a number, and you additionally provide a list of abi names that are applicable. The first abi for which the number is present in the mapping will be chosen. This allows for the easy abstractions of architectures like ARM or MIPS linux for which there are many ABIs that can be used at any time by using syscall numbers from various ranges. If no abi knows about the number, the stub procedure with the name "sys\_%d" will be used.

## **Parameters**

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch

• abi\_list - A list of ABI names that could be used

#### Returns

A SimProcedure representing the implementation of the given syscall, or a stub if no implementation is available

## get\_stub(number, arch, abi\_list=())

Pretty much the intersection of SimLibrary.get\_stub() and SimSyscallLibrary.get().

#### **Parameters**

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch
- abi\_list A list of ABI names that could be used

#### **Returns**

A SimProcedure representing a plausable stub that could model the syscall

## get\_prototype(abi, name, arch=None)

Get a prototype of the given syscall name and its ABI, optionally specialize the prototype to a given architecture.

#### **Parameters**

- **abi** (str) ABI of the prototype to get.
- name (str) Name of the syscall.
- **arch** The architecture to specialize to.

### Return type

Optional[SimTypeFunction]

## Returns

Prototype of the syscall, or None if the prototype does not exist.

## has\_metadata(number, arch, abi\_list=())

Pretty much the intersection of SimLibrary.has\_metadata() and SimSyscallLibrary.get().

## **Parameters**

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch
- abi\_list A list of ABI names that could be used

#### Returns

A bool of whether or not any implementation or metadata is known about the given syscall

## has\_implementation(number, arch, abi\_list=())

Pretty much the intersection of SimLibrary.has\_implementation() and SimSyscallLibrary.get().

#### **Parameters**

- **number** The syscall number
- arch The architecture being worked with, as either a string name or an archinfo. Arch
- abi\_list A list of ABI names that could be used

#### Returns

A bool of whether or not an implementation of the syscall is available

```
has_prototype(abi, name)
```

Check if a function has a prototype associated with it. Demangle the function name if it is a mangled C++ name.

#### **Parameters**

- abi (str) Name of the ABI.
- name (str) The syscall name.

## Return type

bool

# Returns

bool

 $angr.procedures.definitions. \textbf{load\_win32api\_definitions}()$ 

angr.procedures.definitions.load\_all\_definitions()

# 10.12 Calling Conventions and Types

```
class angr.calling_conventions.PointerWrapper(value, buffer=False)
    Bases: object
    __init__(value, buffer=False)

class angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper(ptrsize)
    Bases: object
    __init__(ptrsize)
    alloc(size)
    dump(val, state, loc=None)
    translate(val, base)
    apply(state, base)
    size()
    classmethod calc_size(val, arch)
    classmethod stack_loc(val, arch, offset=0)

angr.calling_conventions.refine_locs_with_struct_type(arch, locs, arg_type, offset=0, treat_bot_as_int=True)
```

- arch (Arch) -
- locs (List) -
- arg\_type (SimType) -
- offset (int) -

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SerializableIterator
     Bases: object
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SerializableListIterator(lst)
     Bases: SerializableIterator
     __init__(lst)
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SerializableCounter(start, stride, mapping=<function</pre>
                                                           SerializableCounter.<lambda>>)
     Bases: SerializableIterator
     __init__(start, stride, mapping=<function SerializableCounter.<lambda>>)
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimFunctionArgument(size, is_fp=False)
     Bases: object
     Represent a generic function argument.
          Variables
                • size (int) – The size of the argument, in number of bytes.
                • is_fp (bool) – Whether loads from this location should return a floating point bitvector
     __init__(size, is_fp=False)
     check_value_set(value, arch)
     check_value_get(value)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     refine(size, arch=None, offset=None, is_fp=None)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
              Return type
                  List[Union[SimRegArg, SimStackArg]]
class angr.calling_conventions.SimRegArg(reg_name, size, reg_offset=0, is_fp=False,
                                               clear_entire_reg=False)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     Represents a function argument that has been passed in a register.
          Variables
```

- **reg\_name** (*string*) The name of the represented register.
- **size** (*int*) The size of the data to store, in number of bytes.
- reg\_offset The offset into the register to start storing data.
- clear\_entire\_reg Whether a store to this register should zero the unused parts of the register.
- is\_fp (bool) Whether loads from this location should return a floating point bitvector

#### **Parameters**

- reg\_name (str) -
- size (int) -

**\_\_init\_\_**(reg\_name, size, reg\_offset=0, is\_fp=False, clear\_entire\_reg=False)

#### **Parameters**

- $reg_name(str)$  –
- size (int) -

## get\_footprint()

Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location

```
check_offset(arch)
```

```
set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
```

get\_value(state, \*\*kwargs)

**refine**(size, arch=None, offset=None, is\_fp=None)

sse\_extend()

## **class** angr.calling\_conventions.**SimStackArg**(*stack\_offset*, *size*, *is\_fp=False*)

Bases: SimFunctionArgument

Represents a function argument that has been passed on the stack.

## Variables

- **stack\_offset** (*int*) The position of the argument relative to the stack pointer after the function prelude.
- **size** (*int*) The size of the argument, in number of bytes.
- is\_fp (bool) Whether loads from this location should return a floating point bitvector

```
__init__(stack_offset, size, is_fp=False)
```

### get\_footprint()

Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location

```
set_value(state, value, stack_base=None, **kwargs)
```

```
get_value(state, stack_base=None, **kwargs)
```

**refine**(size, arch=None, offset=None, is\_fp=None)

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimComboArg(locations, is_fp=False)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     An argument which spans multiple storage locations. Locations should be given least-significant first.
     __init__(locations, is_fp=False)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg(struct, locs)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     An argument which de/serializes a struct from a list of storage locations
          Variables
                • struct – The simtype describing the structure
                • locs – The storage locations to use
          Parameters
                • struct (SimStruct) -
                • locs (Dict[str, SimFunctionArgument]) -
     __init__(struct, locs)
              Parameters
                   • struct (SimStruct) -
                   • locs (Dict[str, SimFunctionArgument]) -
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimArrayArg(locs)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     __init__(locs)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimReferenceArgument(ptr_loc, main_loc)
     Bases: SimFunctionArgument
     A function argument which is passed by reference.
          Variables
```

```
• ptr_loc – The location the reference's pointer is stored
                • main_loc - A SimStackArgument describing how to load the argument's value as if
                  it were stored at offset zero on the stack. It will be passed stack_base=ptr_loc.
                  get_value(state)
     __init__(ptr_loc, main_loc)
     get_footprint()
          Return a list of SimRegArg and SimStackArgs that are the base components used for this location
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     A class to keep track of the state accumulated in laying parameters out into memory
     __init__(cc)
     CC
     fp_iter
     int_iter
     both_iter
     getstate()
     setstate(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     An argsession for use with SimCCUsercall
     __init__(cc)
     CC
```

A calling convention allows you to extract from a state the data passed from function to function by calls and returns. Most of the methods provided by SimCC that operate on a state assume that the program is just after a call but just before stack frame allocation, though this may be overridden with the *stack\_base* parameter to each individual method.

This is the base class for all calling conventions.

class angr.calling\_conventions.SimCC(arch)

```
Parameters arch (Arch) -
```

real\_args

getstate()

setstate(state)

Bases: object

```
__init__(arch)
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) - The Archinfo arch for this CC
ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 0
STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 0
CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = None
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = None
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = None
ARCH = None
CALLEE_CLEANUP = False
STACK ALIGNMENT = 1
property int_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store integer or pointer values.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
property memory_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can be used to store any kind of argument.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
property fp_args
     Iterate through all the possible arg positions that can only be used to store floating point values.
     Returns an iterator of SimFunctionArguments
is_fp_arg(arg)
     This should take a SimFunctionArgument instance and return whether or not that argument is a floating-
     point argument.
     Returns True for MUST be a floating point arg,
         False for MUST NOT be a floating point arg, None for when it can be either.
class ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     A class to keep track of the state accumulated in laying parameters out into memory
     CC
     fp_iter
     int_iter
```

```
both_iter
__init__(cc)
getstate()
setstate(state)
arg_session(ret_ty)
Return an arg session.
```

A session provides the control interface necessary to describe how integral and floating-point arguments are laid out into memory. The default behavior is that there are a finite list of int-only and fp-only argument slots, and an infinite number of generic slots, and when an argument of a given type is requested, the most slot available is used. If you need different behavior, subclass ArgSession.

You need to provide the return type of the function in order to kick off an arg layout session.

```
Parameters
```

```
ret_ty(SimType / None) -
return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
stack_space(args)
```

#### **Parameters**

args – A list of SimFunctionArguments

#### Returns

The number of bytes that should be allocated on the stack to store all these args, NOT IN-CLUDING the return address.

```
return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
```

The location the return value is stored, based on its type.

#### property return\_addr

The location the return address is stored.

```
next_arg(session, arg_type)
```

#### **Parameters**

- session (ArgSession) -
- arg\_type (SimType) -

```
static is_fp_value(val)
```

```
static guess_prototype(args, prototype=None)
```

Come up with a plausible SimTypeFunction for the given args (as would be passed to e.g. setup\_callsite).

You can pass a variadic function prototype in the *base\_type* parameter and all its arguments will be used, only guessing types for the variadic arguments.

```
arg_locs(prototype)
```

## Return type

```
List[SimFunctionArgument]
```

```
get_args(state, prototype, stack_base=None)
```

set\_return\_val(state, val, ty, stack\_base=None, perspective\_returned=False)

**setup\_callsite**(state, ret\_addr, args, prototype, stack\_base=None, alloc\_base=None, grow like stack=True)

This function performs the actions of the caller getting ready to jump into a function.

#### **Parameters**

- **state** The SimState to operate on
- **ret\_addr** The address to return to when the called function finishes
- **args** The list of arguments that that the called function will see
- **prototype** The signature of the call you're making. Should include variadic args concretely.
- **stack\_base** An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc\_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- grow\_like\_stack When allocating data at alloc\_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *PointerWrapper*.

If stack\_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc\_base is not provided, the stack base will be used and grow\_like\_stack will implicitly be True.

grow\_like\_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc\_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc\_base. If you set alloc\_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow\_like\_stack to False so that sequential allocations happen at increasing addresses.

**teardown\_callsite**(*state*, *return\_val=None*, *prototype=None*, *force\_callee\_cleanup=False*)

This function performs the actions of the callee as it's getting ready to return. It returns the address to return to.

### **Parameters**

- **state** The state to mutate
- return\_val The value to return
- **prototype** The prototype of the given function
- **force\_callee\_cleanup** If we should clean up the stack allocation for the arguments even if it's not the callee's job to do so

TODO: support the stack\_base parameter from setup\_callsite...? Does that make sense in this context? Maybe it could make sense by saying that you pass it in as something like the "saved base pointer" value?

static find\_cc(arch, args, sp\_delta, platform='Linux')

Pinpoint the best-fit calling convention and return the corresponding SimCC instance, or None if no fit is found.

- arch (Arch) An ArchX instance. Can be obtained from archinfo.
- **args** (List[SimFunctionArgument]) A list of arguments. It may be updated by the first matched calling convention to remove non-argument arguments.

```
• sp_delta (int) – The change of stack pointer before and after the call is made.
```

```
• platform (str) -
```

## Return type

Optional[SimCC]

#### **Returns**

A calling convention instance, or None if none of the SimCC subclasses seems to fit the arguments provided.

```
get_arg_info(state, prototype)
```

This is just a simple wrapper that collects the information from various locations prototype is as passed to self.arg\_locs and self.get\_args :param angr.SimState state: The state to evaluate and extract the values from :return: A list of tuples, where the nth tuple is (type, name, location, value) of the nth argument

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimLyingRegArg(name, size=8)
     Bases: SimRegArg
     A register that LIES about the types it holds
     \_init\_(name, size=8)
     get_value(state, **kwargs)
     set_value(state, value, **kwargs)
     refine(size, arch=None, offset=None, is_fp=None)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall(arch, args, ret_loc)
     Bases: SimCC
     __init__(arch, args, ret_loc)
              Parameters
                 arch – The Archinfo arch for this CC
     ArgSession
          alias of UsercallArgSession
     next_arg(session, arg_type)
     return_val(ty, **kwargs)
          The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
          Parameters
              arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 4
     CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['eax', 'ecx', 'edx']
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
```

```
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <edx>
     FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <st0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
     ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
     next_arg(session, arg_type)
     STRUCT_RETURN_THRESHOLD = 32
     return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
         The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
     return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftCdecl(arch)
     Bases: SimCCCdec1
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     STRUCT_RETURN_THRESHOLD = 64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCStdcall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCMicrosoftCdecl
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     CALLEE_CLEANUP = True
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftFastcall(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['ecx', 'edx']
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 4
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
     ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
class angr.calling_conventions.MicrosoftAMD64ArgSession(cc)
     Bases: object
     __init__(cc)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
```

```
ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['rcx', 'rdx', 'r8', 'r9']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['xmm0', 'xmm1', 'xmm2', 'xmm3']
     STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 8
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 32
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
     OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <rdx>
     FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <xmm0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
     STACK_ALIGNMENT = 16
     ArgSession
         alias of MicrosoftAMD64ArgSession
     next_arg(session, arg_type)
     return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     The base class of all syscall CCs.
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = None
     SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = None
     static syscall_num(state)
             Return type
                int
     linux_syscall_update_error_reg(state, expr)
     set_return_val(state, val, ty, **kwargs)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['ebx', 'ecx', 'edx', 'esi', 'edi', 'ebp']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
```

```
RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <eax>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchX86
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['rdi', 'rsi', 'rdx', 'rcx', 'r8', 'r9']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['xmm0', 'xmm1', 'xmm2', 'xmm3', 'xmm4', 'xmm5', 'xmm6',
     'xmm7']
    STACKARG_SP_DIFF = 8
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['rdi', 'rsi', 'rdx', 'rcx', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10',
     'r11', 'rax']
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = [0x0]
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
    OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <rdx>
    FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <xmm0>
    OVERFLOW_FP_RETURN_VAL = <xmm1>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
    STACK\_ALIGNMENT = 16
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
```

```
return_val(ty, perspective_returned=False)
         The location the return value is stored, based on its type.
             Parameters
                ty (SimType / None) -
     return_in_implicit_outparam(ty)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['rdi', 'rsi', 'rdx', 'r10', 'r8', 'r9']
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WindowsSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <rax>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAMD64
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r0', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <1r>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
     OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <r1>
```

```
ARCH
         alias of ArchARM
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF(arch)
    Bases: SimCCARM
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r0', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['s0', 's1', 's2', 's3', 's4', 's5', 's6', 's7', 's8',
     's9', 's10', 's11', 's12', 's13', 's14', 's15']
    FP_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <s0>
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchARMHF
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r0', 'r1', 'r2', 'r3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchARM
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['x0', 'x1', 'x2', 'x3', 'x4', 'x5', 'x6', 'x7']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <1r>
```

```
RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <x0>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAArch64
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.calling\_conventions.SimCCAArch64LinuxSyscall} ({\it arch})
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['x0', 'x1', 'x2', 'x3', 'x4', 'x5', 'x6', 'x7']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <x0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchAArch64
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <a0>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchRISCV64
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['f12', 'f13', 'f14', 'f15']
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 16
     CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['t9', 'gp']
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ra>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
```

```
OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL: Optional[SimFunctionArgument] = <v1>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS32
    next_arg(session, arg_type)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS32
    ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = <a3>
    SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -1133
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
    CALLER_SAVED_REGS: List[str] = ['t9', 'gp']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 32
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ra>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS64
angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO64
    alias of SimCCN64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
```

```
ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['a0', 'a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <v0>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchMIPS64
    ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = <a3>
    SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -1133
    static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC(arch)
    Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 8
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <lr>
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchPPC32
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinuxSyscall(arch)
    Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
            arch (Arch) -
    ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
    FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
    RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
    RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
    ARCH
         alias of ArchPPC32
    ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = <cr0_0>
    SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -515
    static syscall_num(state)
```

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 112
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <1r>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
     ARCH
          alias of ArchPPC64
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSyscall
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7', 'r8', 'r9', 'r10']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r3>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
          alias of ArchPPC64
     ERROR_REG: SimRegArg = \langle cr0_0 \rangle
     SYSCALL\_ERRNO\_START = -515
     static syscall_num(state)
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSoot(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
          Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARCH
          alias of ArchSoot
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     setup_callsite(state, ret_addr, args, prototype, stack_base=None, alloc_base=None,
                      grow_like_stack=True)
          This function performs the actions of the caller getting ready to jump into a function.
             Parameters
                 • state – The SimState to operate on
                 • ret addr – The address to return to when the called function finishes
```

- args The list of arguments that that the called function will see
- **prototype** The signature of the call you're making. Should include variadic args concretely.
- **stack\_base** An optional pointer to use as the top of the stack, circa the function entry point
- alloc\_base An optional pointer to use as the place to put excess argument data
- **grow\_like\_stack** When allocating data at alloc\_base, whether to allocate at decreasing addresses

The idea here is that you can provide almost any kind of python type in *args* and it'll be translated to a binary format to be placed into simulated memory. Lists (representing arrays) must be entirely elements of the same type and size, while tuples (representing structs) can be elements of any type and size. If you'd like there to be a pointer to a given value, wrap the value in a *PointerWrapper*.

If stack\_base is not provided, the current stack pointer will be used, and it will be updated. If alloc\_base is not provided, the stack base will be used and grow\_like\_stack will implicitly be True.

grow\_like\_stack controls the behavior of allocating data at alloc\_base. When data from args needs to be wrapped in a pointer, the pointer needs to point somewhere, so that data is dumped into memory at alloc\_base. If you set alloc\_base to point to somewhere other than the stack, set grow\_like\_stack to False so that sequential allocations happen at increasing addresses.

```
static guess_prototype(args, prototype=None)
```

Come up with a plausible SimTypeFunction for the given args (as would be passed to e.g. setup\_callsite).

You can pass a variadic function prototype in the *base\_type* parameter and all its arguments will be used, only guessing types for the variadic arguments.

```
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUnknown(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
     Represent an unknown calling convention.
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X(arch)
     Bases: SimCC
         Parameters
             arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r2', 'r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['f0', 'f2', 'f4', 'f6']
     STACKARG_SP_BUFF = 160
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <r14>
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r2>
     ARCH
         alias of ArchS390X
class angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall(arch)
     Bases: SimCCSvscall
```

bases. Simcesyscari

```
Parameters
              arch (Arch) -
     ARG_REGS: List[str] = ['r2', 'r3', 'r4', 'r5', 'r6', 'r7']
     FP_ARG_REGS: List[str] = []
     RETURN_VAL: SimFunctionArgument = <r2>
     RETURN_ADDR: SimFunctionArgument = <ip_at_syscall>
     ARCH
          alias of ArchS390X
     static syscall_num(state)
angr.calling_conventions.register_default_cc(arch, cc, platform='Linux')
          Parameters
                • arch (str) -
                • cc (Type[SimCC]) -
                • platform (str) -
angr.calling_conventions.default_cc(arch, platform='Linux', language=None, **kwargs)
     Return the default calling convention for a given architecture, platform, and language combination.
          Parameters
                • arch (str) – The architecture name.
                • platform (Optional[str]) – The platform name (e.g., "Linux" or "Win32").
                • language (Optional[str]) – The programming language name (e.g., "go").
          Return type
              Optional[Type[SimCC]]
          Returns
              A default calling convention class if we can find one for the architecture, platform, and language
              combination, or None if nothing fits.
angr.calling_conventions.unify_arch_name(arch)
     Return the unified architecture name.
          Parameters
              arch (str) – The architecture name.
          Return type
              str
          Returns
              A unified architecture name.
angr.calling_conventions.register_syscall_cc(arch, os, cc)
class angr.sim_variable.SimVariable(ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None, size=None)
     Bases: Serializable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
```

```
• size (int | None) -
     __init__(ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None, size=None)
              Parameters
                  • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                  • name (str) – Name of this variable.
                  • region (int / None) -
                  • size (int | None) -
     ident
     name
     region: Optional[int]
     category: Optional[str]
     renamed
     candidate_names
     size
     copy()
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
              Parameters
                  arch (Arch) -
     property is_function_argument
class angr.sim_variable.SimConstantVariable(ident=None, value=None, region=None, size=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
          Parameters
              region (int | None) -
     __init__(ident=None, value=None, region=None, size=None)
              Parameters
                  • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                  • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     value
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     copy()
              Return type
                  SimConstantVariable
class angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable(tmp_id, size=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
```

```
__init__(tmp_id, size=None)
              Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     tmp_id
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     copy()
              Return type
                   SimTemporaryVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable(reg_offset, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None,
                                                    category=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
                 • category (str | None) -
     __init__(reg_offset, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None)
              Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     reg: int
     property bits
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
```

```
copy()
              Return type
                  SimRegisterVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable(addr, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None,
                                                 category=None)
     Bases: SimVariable
          Parameters
                • region (int | None) -
                • category (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None)
              Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     addr
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     property bits
     copy()
              Return type
                  SimMemoryVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
```

```
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable(offset, size, base='sp', base_addr=None, ident=None,
                                                name=None, region=None, category=None)
     Bases: SimMemoryVariable
          Parameters
                 • region (int | None) -
                 • category (str | None) -
     __init__(offset, size, base='sp', base_addr=None, ident=None, name=None, region=None, category=None)
              Parameters
                   • ident – A unique identifier provided by user or the program. Usually a string.
                   • name (str) – Name of this variable.
     base
     offset
     base_addr
     loc_repr(arch)
          The representation that shows up in a GUI
     copy()
              Return type
                   SimStackVariable
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
```

```
class angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet
     Bases: MutableSet
     A collection of SimVariables.
     __init__()
     add(item)
          Add an element.
     add_register_variable(reg_var)
     add_memory_variable(mem_var)
     discard(item)
          Remove an element. Do not raise an exception if absent.
     discard_register_variable(reg_var)
     discard_memory_variable(mem_var)
     add_memory_variables(addrs, size)
     copy()
     complement(other)
          Calculate the complement of self and other.
              Parameters
                 other – Another SimVariableSet instance.
              Returns
                  The complement result.
     contains_register_variable(reg_var)
     contains_memory_variable(mem_var)
class angr.sim_type.SimType(label=None)
     Bases: object
     SimType exists to track type information for SimProcedures.
     base = True
     __init__(label=None)
              Parameters
                 label – the type label.
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     with_arch(arch)
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     copy()
```

### extract\_claripy(bits)

Given a bitvector *bits* which was loaded from memory in a big-endian fashion, return a more appropriate or structured representation of the data.

A type must have an arch associated in order to use this method.

```
class angr.sim_type.TypeRef(name, ty)
```

Bases: SimType

A TypeRef is a reference to a type with a name. This allows for interactivity in type analysis, by storing a type and having the option to update it later and have all references to it automatically update as well.

```
__init__(name, ty)

Parameters
```

**label** – the type label.

# property name

This is a read-only property because it is desirable to store typerefs in a mapping from name to type, and we want the mapping to be in the loop for any updates.

### property size

The size of the type in bits.

# property alignment

The alignment of the type in bytes.

```
with_arch(arch)
c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
copy()
```

```
class angr.sim_type.NamedTypeMixin(*args, name=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: object

SimType classes with this mixin in the class hierarchy allows setting custom class names. A typical use case is to represent same or similar type classes with different qualified names, such as "std::basic\_string" vs "std::\_cxx11::basic\_string". In such cases, .name stores the qualified name, and .unqualified\_name() returns the unqualified name of the type.

```
Parameters
```

```
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeBottom(label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeBottom basically represents a type error.
      __init__(label=None)
               Parameters
                   label – the type label.
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeTop(size=None, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeTop represents any type (mostly used with a pointer for void*).
     __init__(size=None, label=None)
               Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeReg(size, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeReg is the base type for all types that are register-sized.
     __init__(size, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeNum(size, signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeNum is a numeric type of arbitrary length
     __init__(size, signed=True, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • size – The size of the integer, in bits
                   • signed – Whether the integer is signed or not
                   • label – A label for the type
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
```

```
copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeInt(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeInt is a type that specifies a signed or unsigned C integer.
     __init__(signed=True, label=None)
              Parameters
                  • signed – True if signed, False if unsigned
                  • label – The type label
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeShort(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeInt
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeLong(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeInt
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeLongLong(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeInt
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeChar(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeChar is a type that specifies a character; this could be represented by a byte, but this is meant to be
     interpreted as a character.
     __init__(signed=True, label=None)
              Parameters
                  label – the type label.
     store(state, addr, value)
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeBool(signed=True, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeChar
     store(state, addr, value)
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeFd(label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeFd is a type that specifies a file descriptor.
```

```
__init__(label=None)
               Parameters
                   label – the type label
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypePointer(pts_to, label=None, offset=0)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypePointer is a type that specifies a pointer to some other type.
     __init__(pts_to, label=None, offset=0)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • pts_to – The type to which this pointer points.
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     make(pts_to)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference(refs, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     SimTypeReference is a type that specifies a reference to some other type.
     __init__(refs, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     make(refs)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray(elem_type, length=None, label=None)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeArray is a type that specifies a series of data laid out in sequence.
     __init__(elem_type, length=None, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • elem_type – The type of each element in the array.
                   • length – An expression of the length of the array, if known.
```

```
c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, values)
angr.sim_type.SimTypeFixedSizeArray
     alias of SimTypeArray
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeString(length=None, label=None, name=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimTypeArray
     SimTypeString is a type that represents a C-style string, i.e. a NUL-terminated array of bytes.
          Parameters
              name (str | None) -
     __init__(length=None, label=None, name=None)
              Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • length – An expression of the length of the string, if known.
                   • name (str | None) -
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
              Parameters
                  state (SimState) -
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeWString(length=None, label=None, name=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimTypeArray
     A wide-character null-terminated string, where each character is 2 bytes.
          Parameters
              name (str | None) -
     __init__(length=None, label=None, name=None)
              Parameters
                   • label – The type label.
                   • elem_type – The type of each element in the array.
```

```
• length – An expression of the length of the array, if known.
                   • name (str | None) -
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     property size
           The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
           The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, variadic=False)
     Bases: SimType
     SimTypeFunction is a type that specifies an actual function (i.e. not a pointer) with certain types of arguments
     and a certain return value.
           Parameters
                 • args (List[SimType]) -
                 • returnty (SimType / None) -
     base = False
     __init__(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, variadic=False)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label
                   • args (List[SimType]) – A tuple of types representing the arguments to the function
                   • returnty (Optional[SimType]) - The return type of the function, or none for void
                   • variadic – Whether the function accepts varargs
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
           The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeCppFunction(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, ctor=False,
                                               dtor=False)
     Bases: SimTypeFunction
     SimTypeCppFunction is a type that specifies an actual C++-style function with information about arguments,
     return value, and more C++-specific properties.
           Variables
                 • ctor – Whether the function is a constructor or not.
                 • dtor – Whether the function is a destructor or not.
           Parameters
                 • args (List[SimType]) -
```

• returnty (SimType / None) -

```
• arg_names (Tuple[str]) -
                 • ctor (bool) -
                • dtor (bool) -
     __init__(args, returnty, label=None, arg_names=None, ctor=False, dtor=False)
               Parameters
                   • label – The type label
                   • args – A tuple of types representing the arguments to the function
                   • returnty – The return type of the function, or none for void
                   • variadic – Whether the function accepts varargs
                   • arg_names (Tuple[str] | None) -
                   • ctor (bool) -
                   • dtor (bool) -
     copy()
     args: List[SimType]
     returnty: Optional[SimType]
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeLength(signed=False, addr=None, length=None, label=None)
     Bases: SimTypeLong
     SimTypeLength is a type that specifies the length of some buffer in memory.
     ...I'm not really sure what the original design of this class was going for
     __init__(signed=False, addr=None, length=None, label=None)
               Parameters
                   • signed – Whether the value is signed or not
                   • label – The type label.
                   • addr – The memory address (expression).
                   • length – The length (expression).
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat(size=32)
     Bases: SimTypeReg
     An IEEE754 single-precision floating point number
     __init__(size=32)
               Parameters
                   • label – the type label.
                   • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
```

```
sort = FLOAT
     signed = True
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble(align_double=True)
     Bases: SimTypeFloat
     An IEEE754 double-precision floating point number
     __init__(align_double=True)
              Parameters
                  • label – the type label.
                  • size – the size of the type (e.g. 32bit, 8bit, etc.).
     sort = DOUBLE
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimStruct(fields, name=None, pack=False, align=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimType
          Parameters
              fields (Dict[str, SimType] | OrderedDict) -
     __init__(fields, name=None, pack=False, align=None)
              Parameters
                  • label – the type label.
                  • fields (Dict[str, SimType] | OrderedDict) -
     property packed
     property offsets: Dict[str, int]
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
```

```
class angr.sim_type.SimStructValue(struct, values=None)
     Bases: object
     A SimStruct type paired with some real values
     __init__(struct, values=None)
              Parameters
                  • struct – A SimStruct instance describing the type of this struct
                  • values – A mapping from struct fields to values
     property struct
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimUnion(members, name=None, label=None)
     Bases: NamedTypeMixin, SimType
     fields = ('members', 'name')
     __init__(members, name=None, label=None)
              Parameters
                  • members – The members of the union, as a mapping name -> type
                  • name – The name of the union
     property size
          The size of the type in bits.
     property alignment
          The alignment of the type in bytes.
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     c_repr(name=None, full=0, memo=None, indent=0)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimUnionValue(union, values=None)
     Bases: object
     A SimStruct type paired with some real values
     __init__(union, values=None)
              Parameters
                  • union – A SimUnion instance describing the type of this union
                  • values – A mapping from union members to values
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimCppClass(members=None, function_members=None, vtable_ptrs=None,
                                    name=None, pack=False, align=None)
     Bases: SimStruct
          Parameters
                • members (Dict[str, SimType] / None) -
```

```
• function_members (Dict[str, SimTypeCppFunction] | None) -
                • name (str | None) -
                • pack (bool) -
     __init__(members=None, function_members=None, vtable_ptrs=None, name=None, pack=False,
                align=None)
              Parameters
                  • label – the type label.
                  • members (Dict[str, SimType] / None) -
                  • function_members (Dict[str, SimTypeCppFunction] / None) -
                  • name (str | None) -
                  • pack (bool) -
     property members
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimCppClassValue(class_type, values)
     Bases: object
     A SimCppClass type paired with some real values
     __init__(class_type, values)
     copy()
class angr.sim_type.SimTypeNumOffset(size, signed=True, label=None, offset=0)
     Bases: SimTypeNum
     like SimTypeNum, but supports an offset of 1 to 7 to a byte aligned address to allow structs with bitfields
     __init__(size, signed=True, label=None, offset=0)
              Parameters
                  • size – The size of the integer, in bits
                  • signed – Whether the integer is signed or not
                  • label – A label for the type
     extract(state, addr, concrete=False)
              Parameters
                  state (SimState) -
     store(state, addr, value)
     copy()
```

```
angr.sim_type.register_types(types)
```

Pass in some types and they will be registered to the global type store.

The argument may be either a mapping from name to SimType, or a plain SimType. The plain SimType must be either a struct or union type with a name present.

```
>>> register_types(parse_types("typedef int x; typedef float y;"))
>>> register_types(parse_type("struct abcd { int ab; float cd; }"))
```

angr.sim\_type.do\_preprocess(defn, include\_path=())

Run a string through the C preprocessor that ships with pycparser but is weirdly inaccessible?

 $\verb|angr.sim_type.parse_signature| (\textit{defn}, \textit{preprocess} = \textit{True}, \textit{predefined\_types} = \textit{None}, \textit{arch} = \textit{None})|$ 

Parse a single function prototype and return its type

angr.sim\_type.parse\_defns(defn, preprocess=True, predefined\_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a series of C definitions, returns a mapping from variable name to variable type object

 $\verb"angr.sim_type.parse_types" (\textit{defn}, \textit{preprocess} = \textit{True}, \textit{predefined\_types} = \textit{None}, \textit{arch} = \textit{None})$ 

Parse a series of C definitions, returns a mapping from type name to type object

angr.sim\_type.parse\_file(defn, preprocess=True, predefined\_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a series of C definitions, returns a tuple of two type mappings, one for variable definitions and one for type definitions.

# **Parameters**

```
predefined_types (Dict[Any, SimType] / None) -
```

angr.sim\_type.type\_parser\_singleton()

# **Return type**

Optional[CParser]

angr.sim\_type.parse\_type(defn, preprocess=True, predefined\_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a simple type expression into a SimType

```
>>> parse_type('int *')
```

angr.sim\_type.parse\_type\_with\_name(defn, preprocess=True, predefined\_types=None, arch=None)

Parse a simple type expression into a SimType, returning a tuple of the type object and any associated name that might be found in the place a name would go in a type declaration.

```
>>> parse_type_with_name('int *foo')
```

### **Parameters**

```
predefined_types (Dict[Any, SimType] / None) -
```

 $\verb"angr.sim_type.normalize_cpp_function_name" (\textit{name})$ 

### Return type

str

# **Parameters**

name (str) -

angr.sim\_type.parse\_cpp\_file(cpp\_decl, with\_param\_names=False)

### **Parameters**

```
with_param_names (bool) -
```

Bases: object

Callable is a representation of a function in the binary that can be interacted with like a native python function.

If you set perform\_merge=True (the default), the result will be returned to you, and you can get the result state with callable.result\_state.

Otherwise, you can get the resulting simulation manager at callable.result\_path\_group.

\_\_init\_\_(project, addr, prototype=None, concrete\_only=False, perform\_merge=True, base\_state=None, toc=None, cc=None, add\_options=None, remove\_options=None)

### **Parameters**

- **project** The project to operate on
- addr The address of the function to use

The following parameters are optional:

### **Parameters**

- **prototype** The signature of the calls you would like to make. This really shouldn't be optional.
- concrete\_only Throw an exception if the execution splits into multiple paths
- perform\_merge Merge all result states into one at the end (only relevant if concrete only=False)
- base\_state The state from which to do these runs
- toc The address of the table of contents for ppc64
- cc The SimCC to use for a calling convention

# set\_base\_state(state)

Swap out the state you'd like to use to perform the call :type state: :param state: The state to use to perform the call

perform\_call(\*args, prototype=None)

 $call_c(c\_args)$ 

Call this Callable with a string of C-style arguments.

### **Parameters**

**c\_args** (*str*) – C-style arguments.

# Returns

The return value from the call.

# **Return type**

claripy.Ast

# 10.13 Knowledge Base

```
Representing the artifacts of a project.
class angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase(project, obj=None, name=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents a "model" of knowledge about an artifact.
     Contains things like a CFG, data references, etc.
     functions: FunctionManager
     variables: VariableManager
     structured_code: StructuredCodeManager
     defs: KeyDefinitionManager
     cfgs: CFGManager
     types: TypesStore
     propagations: PropagationManager
     xrefs: XRefManager
     __init__(project, obj=None, name=None)
     property callgraph
     property unresolved_indirect_jumps
     property resolved_indirect_jumps
     has_plugin(name)
     get_plugin(name)
     register_plugin(name, plugin)
     release_plugin(name)
     K = \sim K
```

Type inference safe method to request a knowledge base plugin Explicitly passing the type of the requested plugin achieves two things: 1. Every location using this plugin can be easily found with an IDE by searching explicit references to the type 2. Basic type inference can deduce the result type and properly type check usages of it

If there isn't already an instance of this class None will be returned to make it clear to the caller that there is no existing knowledge of this type yet. The code that initially creates this knowledge should use the *register\_plugin* method to register the initial knowledge state :type requested\_plugin\_cls: Type[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :param requested\_plugin\_cls: :rtype: Optional[TypeVar(K, bound= *KnowledgeBasePlugin*)] :return: Instance of the requested plugin class or null if it is not a known plugin

```
Parameters
```

get\_knowledge(requested\_plugin\_cls)

```
requested_plugin_cls(Type[K]) -
```

```
Return type
                  K | None
     request_knowledge(requested_plugin_cls)
              Return type
                  TypeVar(K, bound= KnowledgeBasePlugin)
              Parameters
                  requested_plugin_cls(Type[K]) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.Patch(addr, new_bytes, comment=None)
     Bases: object
          Parameters
              comment (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, new_bytes, comment=None)
              Parameters
                  comment(str | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     A placeholder-style implementation for a binary patch manager. This class should be significantly changed in
     the future when all data about loaded binary objects are loaded into angr knowledge base from CLE. As of now,
     it only stores byte-level replacements.
     Patches should not overlap, but it's user's responsibility to check for and avoid overlapping patches.
     __init__(kb)
     add_patch(addr, new_bytes, comment=None)
              Parameters
                  comment (str | None) -
     add_patch_obj(patch)
              Parameters
                  patch (Patch) -
     remove_patch(addr)
     patch_addrs()
     get_patch(addr)
          Get patch at the given address.
              Parameters
                  addr (int) – The address of the patch.
              Returns
                  The patch if there is one starting at the address, or None if there isn't any.
              Return type
                  Patch or None
     get_all_patches(addr, size)
          Retrieve all patches that cover a region specified by [addr, addr+size).
```

**Parameters** 

```
• addr (int) – The address of the beginning of the region.
                  • size (int) – Size of the region.
              Returns
                 A list of patches.
              Return type
                 list
     keys()
     items()
     values()
     copy()
     static overlap(a0, a1, b0, b1)
     apply_patches_to_binary(binary_bytes=None, patches=None)
              Return type
                 bytes
              Parameters
                  • binary_bytes (bytes | None) -
                  • patches (List[Patch] | None) -
     apply_patches_to_state(state)
     property patched_entry_state
class angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlugin
     Bases: object
     copy()
     static register_default(name, cls)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes.CallsitePrototypes(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     CallsitePrototypes manages callee prototypes at call sites.
     __init__(kb)
     set_prototype(callsite_block_addr, cc, prototype, manual=False)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                  • callsite_block_addr(int)-
                  • cc (SimCC) -
                  • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
                  • manual (bool) -
```

```
get_cc(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                Optional[SimCC]
             Parameters
                callsite_block_addr(int)-
     get_prototype(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                Optional[SimTypeFunction]
             Parameters
                callsite_block_addr (int) -
     get_prototype_type(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                Optional[bool]
             Parameters
                callsite_block_addr (int) -
    has_prototype(callsite_block_addr)
             Return type
                bool
             Parameters
                callsite_block_addr(int)-
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort
     Bases: object
     Unspecified = None
     Unknown = 'unknown'
     Integer = 'integer'
     PointerArray = 'pointer-array'
     String = 'string'
     UnicodeString = 'unicode'
     SegmentBoundary = 'segment-boundary'
     CodeReference = 'code reference'
     GOTPLTEntry = 'GOT PLT Entry'
     ELFHeader = 'elf-header'
     FloatingPoint = 'fp'
```

Bases: Serializable

MemoryData describes the syntactic content of a single address of memory.

*reference\_size* reflects the size of *content*. It can be different from *size*, which is the actual size of the memory data item in memory. The intended way to get the actual content in memory is *self.content[:self.size]*.

```
Parameters
```

```
• address (int) -
          • size (int) -
          • sort (str | None) -
          • pointer_addr (int | None) -
          • max_size(int | None) -
          • reference_size (int | None) -
__init__(address, size, sort, pointer_addr=None, max_size=None, reference_size=None)
        Parameters
            • address (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • sort (str | None) -
            • pointer_addr (int | None) -
            • max_size(int | None) -
            • reference_size (int | None) -
addr:
       int
size:
       int
reference_size: int
sort: Optional[str]
max_size: Optional[int]
pointer_addr: Optional[int]
content: Optional[bytes]
property address
copy()
    Make a copy of the MemoryData.
        Returns
            A copy of the MemoryData instance.
        Return type
            MemoryData
```

```
Load data to fill self.content.
              Parameters
                  loader – The project loader.
              Returns
                  None
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False,
                                                function_address=None, block_id=None, irsb=None,
                                                soot_block=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                                                byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class stands for each single node in CFG.
     __init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                block_id=None, irsb=None, soot_block=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
          Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
          __repr__.
     addr
     size
     simprocedure_name
     no_ret
     function_address
     thumb
     byte_string: Optional[bytes]
     is_syscall
```

fill\_content(loader)

```
instruction_addrs
irsb
soot_block
has_return
block_id: Union[angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID, int]
property name
property successors
property predecessors
successors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
predecessors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
get_data_references(kb=None)
     Get the known data references for this CFGNode via the knowledge base.
         Parameters
            kb – Which knowledge base to use; uses the global KB by default if none is provided
         Returns
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
         Return type
            iter
property accessed_data_references
     Property providing a view of all the known data references for this CFGNode via the global knowledge base
         Returns
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
         Return type
             iter
property is_simprocedure
property callstack_key
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
             A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
            protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg=None)
     Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
         Parameters
            cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
            A unserialized class object.
```

```
Return type
                  cls
     copy()
     merge(other)
          Merges this node with the other, returning a new node that spans the both.
     to_codenode()
     property block
     syscall_name
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False,
                                                function_address=None, block_id=None, irsb=None,
                                                instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False, byte_string=None,
                                                is syscall=None, name=None, input state=None,
                                                final_states=None, syscall_name=None, looping_times=0,
                                                depth=None, callstack key=None,
                                                creation_failure_info=None)
     Bases: CFGNode
     The CFGNode that is used in CFGEmulated.
          Parameters
                • block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID / int)-
                • byte_string (bytes | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
               block_id=None, irsb=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False, byte_string=None,
               is_syscall=None, name=None, input_state=None, final_states=None, syscall_name=None,
               looping_times=0, depth=None, callstack_key=None, creation_failure_info=None)
          Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
          __repr__.
     input_state
     looping_times
     depth
     creation_failure_info
     final_states
     return_target
     syscall
     property callstack_key
     property creation_failed
     downsize()
          Drop saved states.
     copy()
```

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind, stmt_idx,
                                                    resolved_targets=None, jumptable=False,
                                                   jumptable addr=None, jumptable size=None,
                                                    jumptable_entry_size=None, jumptable_entries=None,
                                                    type_{=}255)
     Bases: Serializable
          Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
                • func_addr (int) -
                • jumpkind (str) -
               • stmt_idx (int) -
               • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
                • jumptable (bool) -
                • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
                • jumptable_size(int | None) -
                • jumptable_entry_size (int | None) -
                • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
               • type_(int | None) -
     __init__(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind, stmt_idx, resolved_targets=None, jumptable=False,
               jumptable_addr=None, jumptable_size=None, jumptable_entry_size=None,
               jumptable_entries=None, type_=255)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • func_addr (int) -
                  • jumpkind (str) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
                  • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
                  • jumptable (bool) -
                  • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
                  • jumptable_size (int | None) -
                  • jumptable_entry_size (int | None) -
                  • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
                  • type_(int | None) -
     addr
     ins_addr
```

```
func_addr
     jumpkind
     stmt_idx
     resolved_targets
     jumptable
     jumptable_addr
     jumptable_size
     jumptable_entry_size
     jumptable_entries
     type
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType
     Bases: object
     Jumptable_AddressLoadedFromMemory = 0
     Jumptable_AddressComputed = 1
     Vtable = 3
     Unknown = 255
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class describes a Control Flow Graph for a specific range of code.
     __init__(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     ident
     is arm
     graph
     jump_tables: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
     memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     insn_addr_to_memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     normalized
     edges_to_repair
     property project
```

```
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
            A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
            protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg_manager=None, loader=None)
     Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
         Parameters
             cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
             A unserialized class object.
         Return type
            cls
copy()
add_node(block_id, node)
         Return type
             None
         Parameters
             • block_id (int) -
             • node (CFGNode) -
remove_node(block_id, node)
     Remove the given CFGNode instance. Note that this method does not remove the node from the graph.
         Parameters
             • block_id (int) – The Unique ID of the CFGNode.
             • node (CFGNode) – The CFGNode instance to remove.
         Return type
            None
         Returns
             None
get_node(block_id)
     Get a single node from node key.
         Parameters
            block_id (BlockID) – Block ID of the node.
         Returns
            The CFGNode
         Return type
             CFGNode
```

get\_any\_node(addr, is\_syscall=None, anyaddr=False, force\_fastpath=False)

Get an arbitrary CFGNode (without considering their contexts) from our graph.

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Address of the beginning of the basic block. Set anyaddr to True to support arbitrary address.
- is\_syscall (Optional[bool]) Whether you want to get the syscall node or any other node. This is due to the fact that syscall SimProcedures have the same address as the targer it returns to. None means get either, True means get a syscall node, False means get something that isn't a syscall node.
- **anyaddr** (bool) If anyaddr is True, then addr doesn't have to be the beginning address of a basic block. By default the entire graph.nodes() will be iterated, and the first node containing the specific address is returned, which can be slow.
- **force\_fastpath** (bool) If force\_fastpath is True, it will only perform a dict lookup in the nodes by addr dict.

# Return type

Optional[CFGNode]

#### Returns

A CFGNode if there is any that satisfies given conditions, or None otherwise

```
get_all_nodes(addr, is_syscall=None, anyaddr=False)
```

Get all CFGNodes whose address is the specified one.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Address of the node
- is\_syscall (Optional[bool]) True returns the syscall node, False returns the normal CFGNode, None returns both
- anyaddr (bool) -

### **Return type**

List[CFGNode]

# Returns

all CFGNodes

# ${\tt get\_all\_nodes\_intersecting\_region}(\mathit{addr}, \mathit{size}{=}l)$

Get all CFGNodes that intersect the given region.

# **Parameters**

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- size (int) Size of region, in bytes.

### **Return type**

Set[CFGNode]

# nodes()

An iterator of all nodes in the graph.

### Returns

The iterator.

# Return type

iterator

# get\_predecessors(cfgnode, excluding\_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get predecessors of a node in the control flow graph.

# **Parameters**

- **cfgnode** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (Optional[str]) Only return predecessors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.

# **Return type**

List[CFGNode]

#### Returns

A list of predecessors

# get\_successors(node, excluding\_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get successors of a node in the control flow graph.

#### **Parameters**

- **node** (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (str / None) Only return successors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.
- jumpkind -

# Returns

A list of successors

# Return type

list

# get\_successors\_and\_jumpkinds(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

### **Parameters**

- **node** (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

# Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

# **Return type**

list

# get\_successors\_and\_jumpkind(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

# **Parameters**

• **node** (CFGNode) – The node.

• **excluding\_fakeret** (*bool*) – True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

### Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

# **Return type**

list

# get\_predecessors\_and\_jumpkinds(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

### **Parameters**

- **node** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

# Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

# Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

# get\_predecessors\_and\_jumpkind(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

### **Parameters**

- **node** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

# Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

### Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

# get\_all\_predecessors(cfgnode, depth\_limit=None)

Get all predecessors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

### **Parameters**

- cfgnode (CFGNode) The CFGNode object
- **depth\_limit** (*int*) Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

# Returns

A list of predecessors in the CFG

# Return type

list

# get\_all\_successors(cfgnode, depth\_limit=None)

Get all successors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

# **Parameters**

• cfgnode (CFGNode) – The CFGNode object

• **depth\_limit** (*int*) – Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

#### Returns

A list of successors in the CFG

# Return type

list

### get\_branching\_nodes()

Returns all nodes that has an out degree  $\geq 2$ 

```
get_exit_stmt_idx(src_block, dst_block)
```

Get the corresponding exit statement ID for control flow to reach destination block from source block. The exit statement ID was put on the edge when creating the CFG. Note that there must be a direct edge between the two blocks, otherwise an exception will be raised.

### Returns

The exit statement ID

add\_memory\_data(data\_addr, data\_type, data\_size=None)

Add a MemoryData entry to self.memory\_data.

### **Parameters**

- data\_addr (int) Address of the data
- data\_type (Optional[MemoryDataSort]) Type of the memory data
- data\_size (Optional[int]) Size of the memory data, or None if unknown for now.

### Return type

bool

### Returns

True if a new memory data entry is added, False otherwise.

```
tidy_data_references(memory_data_addrs=None, exec_mem_regions=None, xrefs=None, seg_list=None, data_type_guessing_handlers=None)
```

Go through all data references (or the ones as specified by memory\_data\_addrs) and determine their sizes and types if possible.

### **Parameters**

- memory\_data\_addrs (Optional[List[int]]) A list of addresses of memory data, or None if tidying all known memory data entries.
- **exec\_mem\_regions** (Optional[List[Tuple[int, int]]]) A list of start and end addresses of executable memory regions.
- **seg\_list** (Optional[SegmentList]) The segment list that CFGFast uses during CFG recovery.
- data\_type\_guessing\_handlers (Optional[List[Callable]]) A list of Python functions that will guess data types. They will be called in sequence to determine data types for memory data whose type is unknown.
- xrefs (XRefManager / None) -

# Return type

bool

# Returns

True if new data entries are found, False otherwise.

### remove\_node\_and\_graph\_node(node)

Like *remove\_node*, but also removes node from the graph.

#### **Parameters**

**node** (*CFGNode*) – The node to remove.

#### Return type

None

# get\_intersecting\_functions(addr, size=1, kb=None)

Find all functions with nodes intersecting [addr, addr + size).

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

### Return type

Set[Function]

### find\_function\_for\_reflow\_into\_addr(addr, kb=None)

Look for a function that flows into a new node at addr.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Address of new block.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

### Return type

Optional[Function]

# clear\_region\_for\_reflow(addr, size=1, kb=None)

Remove nodes in the graph intersecting region [addr, addr + size).

Any functions that intersect the range, and their associated nodes in the CFG, will also be removed from the knowledge base for analysis.

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of the region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

### Return type

None

# class angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.CFGManager(kb)

```
Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
__init__(kb)
new_model(prefix)
copy()
```

```
get_most_accurate()
              Return type
                  Optional[CFGModel]
              Returns
                  The most accurate CFG present in the CFGManager, or None if it does not hold any.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class describes a Control Flow Graph for a specific range of code.
     __init__(ident, cfg_manager=None, is_arm=False)
     ident
     is_arm
     graph
     jump_tables: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
     memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     insn_addr_to_memory_data: Dict[int, MemoryData]
     normalized
     edges_to_repair
     property project
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg_manager=None, loader=None)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                 cls
     copy()
     add_node(block_id, node)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
```

- block\_id(int)-
- node (CFGNode) -

# remove\_node(block\_id, node)

Remove the given CFGNode instance. Note that this method *does not* remove the node from the graph.

#### **Parameters**

- block\_id (int) The Unique ID of the CFGNode.
- **node** (*CFGNode*) The CFGNode instance to remove.

### **Return type**

None

#### **Returns**

None

### get\_node(block\_id)

Get a single node from node key.

#### **Parameters**

**block\_id** (BlockID) – Block ID of the node.

#### Returns

The CFGNode

### Return type

**CFGNode** 

get\_any\_node(addr, is\_syscall=None, anyaddr=False, force\_fastpath=False)

Get an arbitrary CFGNode (without considering their contexts) from our graph.

### **Parameters**

- **addr** (int) Address of the beginning of the basic block. Set anyaddr to True to support arbitrary address.
- is\_syscall (Optional[bool]) Whether you want to get the syscall node or any other node. This is due to the fact that syscall SimProcedures have the same address as the targer it returns to. None means get either, True means get a syscall node, False means get something that isn't a syscall node.
- **anyaddr** (bool) If anyaddr is True, then addr doesn't have to be the beginning address of a basic block. By default the entire graph.nodes() will be iterated, and the first node containing the specific address is returned, which can be slow.
- **force\_fastpath** (bool) If force\_fastpath is True, it will only perform a dict lookup in the \_nodes\_by\_addr dict.

# Return type

Optional[CFGNode]

#### **Returns**

A CFGNode if there is any that satisfies given conditions, or None otherwise

```
get_all_nodes(addr, is_syscall=None, anyaddr=False)
```

Get all CFGNodes whose address is the specified one.

# **Parameters**

• addr (int) - Address of the node

- is\_syscall (Optional[bool]) True returns the syscall node, False returns the normal CFGNode, None returns both
- anyaddr (bool) -

### Return type

List[CFGNode]

#### Returns

all CFGNodes

# get\_all\_nodes\_intersecting\_region(addr, size=1)

Get all CFGNodes that intersect the given region.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.

# Return type

Set[CFGNode]

### nodes()

An iterator of all nodes in the graph.

#### Returns

The iterator.

### Return type

iterator

get\_predecessors(cfgnode, excluding\_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get predecessors of a node in the control flow graph.

### **Parameters**

- **cfgnode** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- excluding\_fakeret (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (Optional[str]) Only return predecessors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.

### Return type

List[CFGNode]

#### **Returns**

A list of predecessors

get\_successors(node, excluding\_fakeret=True, jumpkind=None)

Get successors of a node in the control flow graph.

- node (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that is connected to the node with a fakeret edge.
- **jumpkind** (*str | None*) Only return successors with the specified jumpkind. This argument will be ignored if set to None.
- jumpkind -

#### Returns

A list of successors

### Return type

list

# get\_successors\_and\_jumpkinds(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

#### **Parameters**

- node (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

#### Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

### Return type

list

# get\_successors\_and\_jumpkind(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the successor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the successor.

#### **Parameters**

- node (CFGNode) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (*bool*) True if you want to exclude all successors that are fall-through successors.

### Returns

A list of successors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

# Return type

list

#### get\_predecessors\_and\_jumpkinds(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

#### **Parameters**

- **node** (*CFGNode*) The node.
- **excluding\_fakeret** (bool) True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

# Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

#### **Returns**

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

### get\_predecessors\_and\_jumpkind(node, excluding\_fakeret=True)

Get a list of tuples where the first element is the predecessor of the CFG node and the second element is the jumpkind of the predecessor.

### **Parameters**

• **node** (*CFGNode*) – The node.

• **excluding\_fakeret** (bool) – True if you want to exclude all predecessors that are fall-through predecessors.

# Return type

```
List[Tuple[CFGNode, str]]
```

#### Returns

A list of predecessors and their corresponding jumpkinds.

### get\_all\_predecessors(cfgnode, depth\_limit=None)

Get all predecessors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

#### **Parameters**

- cfgnode (CFGNode) The CFGNode object
- **depth\_limit** (*int*) Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

#### **Returns**

A list of predecessors in the CFG

### Return type

list

## get\_all\_successors(cfgnode, depth\_limit=None)

Get all successors of a specific node on the control flow graph.

#### **Parameters**

- cfgnode (CFGNode) The CFGNode object
- depth\_limit (int) Optional depth limit for the depth-first search

# Returns

A list of successors in the CFG

# Return type

list

# get\_branching\_nodes()

Returns all nodes that has an out degree  $\geq 2$ 

```
get_exit_stmt_idx(src_block, dst_block)
```

Get the corresponding exit statement ID for control flow to reach destination block from source block. The exit statement ID was put on the edge when creating the CFG. Note that there must be a direct edge between the two blocks, otherwise an exception will be raised.

#### Returns

The exit statement ID

### add\_memory\_data(data\_addr, data\_type, data\_size=None)

Add a MemoryData entry to self.memory\_data.

#### **Parameters**

- data\_addr (int) Address of the data
- data\_type (Optional[MemoryDataSort]) Type of the memory data
- data\_size (Optional[int]) Size of the memory data, or None if unknown for now.

### **Return type**

bool

#### Returns

True if a new memory data entry is added, False otherwise.

```
tidy_data_references (memory_data_addrs=None, exec_mem_regions=None, xrefs=None, seg_list=None, data_type_guessing_handlers=None)
```

Go through all data references (or the ones as specified by memory\_data\_addrs) and determine their sizes and types if possible.

### **Parameters**

- memory\_data\_addrs (Optional[List[int]]) A list of addresses of memory data, or None if tidying all known memory data entries.
- **exec\_mem\_regions** (Optional[List[Tuple[int, int]]]) A list of start and end addresses of executable memory regions.
- **seg\_list** (Optional[SegmentList]) The segment list that CFGFast uses during CFG recovery.
- data\_type\_guessing\_handlers (Optional[List[Callable]]) A list of Python functions that will guess data types. They will be called in sequence to determine data types for memory data whose type is unknown.
- xrefs (XRefManager | None) -

### **Return type**

bool

#### Returns

True if new data entries are found. False otherwise.

#### remove\_node\_and\_graph\_node(node)

Like *remove node*, but also removes node from the graph.

#### **Parameters**

```
node (CFGNode) – The node to remove.
```

### Return type

None

### get\_intersecting\_functions(addr, size=1, kb=None)

Find all functions with nodes intersecting [addr, addr + size).

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

#### **Return type**

Set[Function]

# find\_function\_for\_reflow\_into\_addr(addr, kb=None)

Look for a function that flows into a new node at addr.

- addr (int) Address of new block.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

### **Return type**

Optional[Function]

```
clear_region_for_reflow(addr, size=1, kb=None)
```

Remove nodes in the graph intersecting region [addr, addr + size).

Any functions that intersect the range, and their associated nodes in the CFG, will also be removed from the knowledge base for analysis.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Minimum address of target region.
- **size** (int) Size of the region, in bytes.
- **kb** (Optional[KnowledgeBase]) Knowledge base to search for functions in.

### Return type

None

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSort
```

```
Bases: object
```

```
Unspecified = None
```

Unknown = 'unknown'

Integer = 'integer'

PointerArray = 'pointer-array'

String = 'string'

UnicodeString = 'unicode'

SegmentBoundary = 'segment-boundary'

CodeReference = 'code reference'

GOTPLTEntry = 'GOT PLT Entry'

ELFHeader = 'elf-header'

FloatingPoint = 'fp'

Bases: Serializable

MemoryData describes the syntactic content of a single address of memory.

*reference\_size* reflects the size of *content*. It can be different from *size*, which is the actual size of the memory data item in memory. The intended way to get the actual content in memory is *self.content[:self.size]*.

- address (int) -
- size (int) -
- sort (str | None) -
- pointer\_addr (int | None) -
- max\_size(int | None)-

```
• reference_size (int) -
__init__(address, size, sort, pointer_addr=None, max_size=None, reference_size=None)
        Parameters
             • address (int) -
            • size (int) -
             • sort (str | None) -
             • pointer_addr (int | None) -
             • max_size(int | None)-
             • reference_size (int | None) -
addr: int
size: int
reference_size: int
sort: Optional[str]
max_size: Optional[int]
pointer_addr: Optional[int]
content: Optional[bytes]
property address
copy()
    Make a copy of the MemoryData.
        Returns
            A copy of the MemoryData instance.
        Return type
            MemoryData
fill_content(loader)
    Load data to fill self.content.
        Parameters
            loader – The project loader.
        Returns
            None
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
        Returns
            A protobuf cmessage object.
        Return type
            protobuf.cmessage
```

```
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager.CFGManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     __init__(kb)
     new_model(prefix)
     copy()
     get_most_accurate()
              Return type
                  Optional[CFGModel]
              Returns
                 The most accurate CFG present in the CFGManager, or None if it does not hold any.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNodeCreationFailure(exc_info=None,
                                                                          to_copy=None)
     Bases: object
     This class contains additional information for whenever creating a CFGNode failed. It includes a full traceback
     and the exception messages.
     __init__(exc_info=None, to_copy=None)
     short_reason
     long_reason
     traceback
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None,
                                                         no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                                                         block_id=None, irsb=None, soot_block=None,
                                                         instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                                                         byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     This class stands for each single node in CFG.
          Parameters
                • block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID / int)-
                • byte_string(bytes | None) -
```

```
__init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
          block_id=None, irsb=None, soot_block=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
          byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None)
     Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
     __repr__.
addr
size
simprocedure_name
no_ret
function_address
thumb
byte_string: Optional[bytes]
is_syscall
instruction_addrs
irsb
soot_block
has_return
block_id: Union[angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID, int]
property name
property successors
property predecessors
successors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
predecessors_and_jumpkinds(excluding_fakeret=True)
get_data_references(kb=None)
     Get the known data references for this CFGNode via the knowledge base.
         Parameters
            kb – Which knowledge base to use; uses the global KB by default if none is provided
         Returns
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
         Return type
            iter
property accessed_data_references
     Property providing a view of all the known data references for this CFGNode via the global knowledge base
            Generator yielding xrefs to this CFGNode's block.
         Return type
            iter
```

```
property is_simprocedure
     property callstack_key
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg=None)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
     copy()
     merge(other)
          Merges this node with the other, returning a new node that spans the both.
     to_codenode()
     property block
     syscall_name
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None,
                                                            no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                                                            block_id=None, irsb=None,
                                                            instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False,
                                                            byte_string=None, is_syscall=None, name=None,
                                                            input_state=None, final_states=None,
                                                            syscall_name=None, looping_times=0,
                                                            depth=None, callstack key=None,
                                                            creation_failure_info=None)
     Bases: CFGNode
     The CFGNode that is used in CFGEmulated.
          Parameters
                • block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID / int) -
                • byte_string (bytes | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, cfg, simprocedure_name=None, no_ret=False, function_address=None,
                block_id=None, irsb=None, instruction_addrs=None, thumb=False, byte_string=None,
                is_syscall=None, name=None, input_state=None, final_states=None, syscall_name=None,
                looping times=0, depth=None, callstack key=None, creation failure info=None)
          Note: simprocedure_name is not used to recreate the SimProcedure object. It's only there for better
          __repr__.
```

```
input_state
     looping_times
     depth
     creation_failure_info
     final_states
     return_target
     syscall
     property callstack_key
     property creation_failed
     downsize()
         Drop saved states.
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJumpType
     Bases: object
     Jumptable_AddressLoadedFromMemory = 0
     Jumptable_AddressComputed = 1
     Vtable = 3
     Unknown = 255
class angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJump(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind,
                                                                 stmt_idx, resolved_targets=None,
                                                                 jumptable=False,
                                                                 jumptable_addr=None,
                                                                 jumptable_size=None,
                                                                 jumptable_entry_size=None,
                                                                 jumptable_entries=None, type_=255)
     Bases: Serializable
         Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
               • func_addr (int) -
               • jumpkind (str) -
               • stmt_idx (int) -
               • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
               • jumptable (bool) -
               • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
               • jumptable_size(int | None) -
```

```
• jumptable_entry_size (int | None) -
               • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
               • type_(int | None) -
     __init__(addr, ins_addr, func_addr, jumpkind, stmt_idx, resolved_targets=None, jumptable=False,
               jumptable_addr=None, jumptable_size=None, jumptable_entry_size=None,
               jumptable_entries=None, type_=255)
             Parameters
                 • addr (int) -
                 • ins_addr (int) -
                 • func_addr (int) -
                 • jumpkind (str) -
                 • stmt_idx (int) -
                 • resolved_targets (List[int] | None) -
                 • jumptable (bool) -
                 • jumptable_addr (int | None) -
                 • jumptable_size (int | None) -
                 • jumptable_entry_size (int / None) -
                 • jumptable_entries (List[int] | None) -
                 • type_(int | None) -
     addr
     ins_addr
     func_addr
     jumpkind
     stmt_idx
     resolved_targets
     jumptable
     jumptable_addr
     jumptable_size
     jumptable_entry_size
     jumptable_entries
     type
class angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, UserDict
     A kb plugin that stores a mapping from name to TypeRef. It will return types from angr.sim_type.ALL_TYPES
```

as a default.

```
__init__(kb)
     copy()
     iter_own()
          Iterate over all the names which are stored in this object - i.e. values() without ALL_TYPES
     rename(old, new)
     unique_type_name()
               Return type
                   str
class angr.knowledge_plugins.comments.Comments(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, dict
     __init__(kb)
     copy() \rightarrow a \text{ shallow copy of } D
class angr.knowledge_plugins.data.Data(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
      __init__(kb)
     copy()
class angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps.IndirectJumps(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, dict
     __init__(kb)
     copy() \rightarrow a \text{ shallow copy of } D
     update_resolved_addrs(indirect_address, resolved_addresses)
               Parameters
                   • indirect_address (int) -
                   • resolved_addresses (List[int]) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.labels.Labels(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     __init__(kb)
     items()
     get(addr)
          Get a label as string for a given address Same as .labels[x]
     lookup(name)
          Returns an address to a given label To show all available labels, iterate over .labels or list(b.kb.labels)
     copy()
```

```
get_unique_label(label)
```

Get a unique label name from the given label name.

#### **Parameters**

**label** (*str*) – The desired label name.

#### Returns

A unique label name.

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function\_manager.FunctionDict(backref, \*args, \*\*kwargs)
Bases: SortedDict

FunctionDict is a dict where the keys are function starting addresses and map to the associated Function.

```
__init__(backref, *args, **kwargs)
```

Initialize sorted dict instance.

Optional key-function argument defines a callable that, like the *key* argument to the built-in *sorted* function, extracts a comparison key from each dictionary key. If no function is specified, the default compares the dictionary keys directly. The key-function argument must be provided as a positional argument and must come before all other arguments.

Optional iterable argument provides an initial sequence of pairs to initialize the sorted dict. Each pair in the sequence defines the key and corresponding value. If a key is seen more than once, the last value associated with it is stored in the new sorted dict.

Optional mapping argument provides an initial mapping of items to initialize the sorted dict.

If keyword arguments are given, the keywords themselves, with their associated values, are added as items to the dictionary. If a key is specified both in the positional argument and as a keyword argument, the value associated with the keyword is stored in the sorted dict.

Sorted dict keys must be hashable, per the requirement for Python's dictionaries. Keys (or the result of the key-function) must also be comparable, per the requirement for sorted lists.

```
>>> d = {'alpha': 1, 'beta': 2}
>>> SortedDict([('alpha', 1), ('beta', 2)]) == d
True
>>> SortedDict({'alpha': 1, 'beta': 2}) == d
True
>>> SortedDict(alpha=1, beta=2) == d
True
```

get(addr)

Return the value for key if key is in the dictionary, else default.

```
floor_addr(addr)
ceiling_addr(addr)
```

 ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function\_manager.{\bf FunctionManager}(kb)}$ 

```
Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, Mapping
```

This is a function boundaries management tool. It takes in intermediate results during CFG generation, and manages a function map of the binary.

```
__init__(kb)
copy()
```

### clear()

### get\_by\_addr(addr)

### Return type

**Function** 

#### contains\_addr(addr)

Decide if an address is handled by the function manager.

Note: this function is non-conformant with python programming idioms, but its needed for performance reasons.

#### **Parameters**

addr (int) - Address of the function.

### ceiling\_func(addr)

Return the function who has the least address that is greater than or equal to addr.

#### **Parameters**

**addr** (*int*) – The address to query.

#### Returns

A Function instance, or None if there is no other function after addr.

### **Return type**

Function or None

#### **floor\_func**(addr)

Return the function who has the greatest address that is less than or equal to addr.

#### Parameters

**addr** (*int*) – The address to query.

### Returns

A Function instance, or None if there is no other function before addr.

#### **Return type**

Function or None

**function**(addr=None, name=None, create=False, syscall=False, plt=None)

Get a function object from the function manager.

Pass either addr or name with the appropriate values.

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Address of the function.
- **name** (*str*) Name of the function.
- **create** (*bool*) Whether to create the function or not if the function does not exist.
- **syscall** (*bool*) True to create the function as a syscall, False otherwise.
- plt (bool or None) True to find the PLT stub, False to find a non-PLT stub, None to disable this restriction.

### Returns

The Function instance, or None if the function is not found and create is False.

# Return type

Function or None

```
dbg_draw(prefix='dbg_function_')
rebuild_callgraph()
```

Bases: Serializable

A representation of a function and various information about it.

#### **Parameters**

- is\_simprocedure (bool | None) -
- is\_plt (bool | None) -

\_\_init\_\_(function\_manager, addr, name=None, syscall=None, is\_simprocedure=None, binary\_name=None, is\_plt=None, returning=None, alignment=False)

Function constructor. If the optional parameters are not provided, they will be automatically determined upon the creation of a Function object.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The address of the function.
- is\_simprocedure (bool | None) -
- is\_plt(bool | None) -

The following parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) The name of the function.
- **syscall** (*bool*) Whether this function is a syscall or not.
- **is\_simprocedure** (*bool*) Whether this function is a SimProcedure or not.
- binary\_name (str) Name of the binary where this function is.
- **is\_plt** (*bool*) If this function is a PLT entry.
- **returning** (*bool*) If this function returns.
- alignment (bool) If this function acts as an alignment filler. Such functions usually only contain nops.

# transition\_graph

normalized

addr

startpoint

is\_alignment

bp\_on\_stack

retaddr\_on\_stack

```
sp_delta
prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction]
is_prototype_guessed: bool
prepared_registers
prepared_stack_variables
registers_read_afterwards
info
tags
ran_cca
is_syscall
is_simprocedure
is_plt
is_default_name
from_signature
binary_name
calling_convention: Optional[SimCC]
property alignment
property name
property project
property returning
property blocks
     An iterator of all local blocks in the current function.
        Returns
            angr.lifter.Block instances.
property block_addrs
     An iterator of all local block addresses in the current function.
        Returns
            block addresses.
property block_addrs_set
     Return a set of block addresses for a better performance of inclusion tests.
        Returns
            A set of block addresses.
        Return type
```

set

```
get_block(addr, size=None, byte_string=None)
     Getting a block out of the current function.
         Parameters
             • addr (int) – The address of the block.
             • size (int) – The size of the block. This is optional. If not provided, angr will load
             • byte_string (Optional[bytes]) -
         Returns
get_block_size(addr)
         Return type
             Optional[int]
         Parameters
             addr (int) -
property nodes: Iterable[CodeNode]
get_node(addr)
         Return type
             Block
property has_unresolved_jumps
property has_unresolved_calls
property operations
     All of the operations that are done by this functions.
property code_constants
     All of the constants that are used by this functions's code.
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
             A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
             protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
         Parameters
             cmsg -
         Return Function
             The function instantiated out of the cmsg data.
string_references(minimum_length=2, vex_only=False)
     All of the constant string references used by this function.
         Parameters
             • minimum_length – The minimum length of strings to find (default is 1)
```

• vex\_only - Only analyze VEX IR, don't interpret the entry state to detect additional con-

stants.

#### Returns

A list of tuples of (address, string) where is address is the location of the string in memory.

# property local\_runtime\_values

Tries to find all runtime values of this function which do not come from inputs. These values are generated by starting from a blank state and reanalyzing the basic blocks once each. Function calls are skipped, and back edges are never taken so these values are often unreliable, This function is good at finding simple constant addresses which the function will use or calculate.

#### Returns

a set of constants

```
property num_arguments
property endpoints
property endpoints_with_type
property ret_sites
property jumpout_sites
property retout_sites
property callout_sites
property size
property binary
     Get the object this function belongs to. :return: The object this function belongs to.
property offset: int
     the function's binary offset (i.e., non-rebased address)
         Type
            return
property symbol: None | Symbol
     the function's Symbol, if any
         Type
            return
add_jumpout_site(node)
     Add a custom jumpout site.
         Parameters
            node – The address of the basic block that control flow leaves during this transition.
```

#### add\_retout\_site(node)

Returns None

Add a custom retout site.

Retout (returning to outside of the function) sites are very rare. It mostly occurs during CFG recovery when we incorrectly identify the beginning of a function in the first iteration, and then correctly identify that function later in the same iteration (function alignments can lead to this bizarre case). We will mark all edges going out of the header of that function as a outside edge, because all successors now belong to the incorrectly-identified function. This identification error will be fixed in the second iteration of CFG

recovery. However, we still want to keep track of jumpouts/retouts during the first iteration so other logic in CFG recovery still work.

#### **Parameters**

**node** – The address of the basic block that control flow leaves the current function after a call.

#### Returns

None

### mark\_nonreturning\_calls\_endpoints()

Iterate through all call edges in transition graph. For each call a non-returning function, mark the source basic block as an endpoint.

This method should only be executed once all functions are recovered and analyzed by CFG recovery, so we know whether each function returns or not.

#### Returns

None

### get\_call\_sites()

Gets a list of all the basic blocks that end in calls.

### Return type

Iterable[int]

#### Returns

A view of the addresses of the blocks that end in calls.

### get\_call\_target(callsite\_addr)

Get the target of a call.

### **Parameters**

callsite\_addr - The address of a basic block that ends in a call.

### Returns

The target of said call, or None if callsite\_addr is not a callsite.

#### get\_call\_return(callsite\_addr)

Get the hypothetical return address of a call.

# **Parameters**

callsite\_addr - The address of the basic block that ends in a call.

#### Returns

The likely return target of said call, or None if callsite\_addr is not a callsite.

#### property graph

Get a local transition graph. A local transition graph is a transition graph that only contains nodes that belong to the current function. All edges, except for the edges going out from the current function or coming from outside the current function, are included.

The generated graph is cached in self.\_local\_transition\_graph.

#### Returns

A local transition graph.

#### **Return type**

networkx.DiGraph

#### graph\_ex(exception\_edges=True)

Get a local transition graph with a custom configuration. A local transition graph is a transition graph that only contains nodes that belong to the current function. This method allows user to exclude certain types of edges together with the nodes that are only reachable through such edges, such as exception edges.

The generated graph is not cached.

#### **Parameters**

**exception\_edges** (*bool*) – Should exception edges and the nodes that are only reachable through exception edges be kept.

#### Returns

A local transition graph with a special configuration.

### Return type

networkx.DiGraph

### transition\_graph\_ex(exception\_edges=True)

Get a transition graph with a custom configuration. This method allows user to exclude certain types of edges together with the nodes that are only reachable through such edges, such as exception edges.

The generated graph is not cached.

#### **Parameters**

**exception\_edges** (*bool*) – Should exception edges and the nodes that are only reachable through exception edges be kept.

#### Returns

A local transition graph with a special configuration.

### Return type

networkx.DiGraph

### subgraph(ins addrs)

Generate a sub control flow graph of instruction addresses based on self.graph

#### **Parameters**

**ins\_addrs** (*iterable*) – A collection of instruction addresses that should be included in the subgraph.

# Return networkx.DiGraph

A subgraph.

### instruction\_size(insn addr)

Get the size of the instruction specified by *insn\_addr*.

#### **Parameters**

**insn\_addr** (*int*) – Address of the instruction

#### **Return int**

Size of the instruction in bytes, or None if the instruction is not found.

### addr\_to\_instruction\_addr(addr)

Obtain the address of the instruction that covers @addr.

### **Parameters**

addr (int) – An address.

### Returns

Address of the instruction that covers @addr, or None if this addr is not covered by any instruction of this function.

### Return type

int or None

# dbg\_print()

Returns a representation of the list of basic blocks in this function.

#### dbg\_draw(filename)

Draw the graph and save it to a PNG file.

### property arguments

property has\_return

property callable

### normalize()

Make sure all basic blocks in the transition graph of this function do not overlap. You will end up with a CFG that IDA Pro generates.

This method does not touch the CFG result. You may call CFG {Emulated, Fast}.normalize() for that matter.

#### **Returns**

None

**find\_declaration**(*ignore\_binary\_name=False*, *binary\_name\_hint=None*)

Find the most likely function declaration from the embedded collection of prototypes, set it to self.prototype, and update self.calling\_convention with the declaration.

#### **Parameters**

- **ignore\_binary\_name** (bool) Do not rely on the executable or library where the function belongs to determine its source library. This is useful when working on statically linked binaries (because all functions will belong to the main executable). We will search for all libraries in angr to find the first declaration match.
- binary\_name\_hint (Optional[str]) Substring of the library name where this function might be originally coming from. Useful for FLIRT-identified functions in statically linked binaries.

## Return type

bool

#### Returns

True if a declaration is found and self.prototype and self.calling\_convention are updated. False if we fail to find a matching function declaration, in which case self.prototype or self.calling\_convention will be kept untouched.

### property demangled\_name

 ${\tt apply\_definition}(\textit{definition}, \textit{calling\_convention} {=} \textit{None})$ 

### Return type

None

- definition (str) -
- calling\_convention(SimCC | Type[SimCC] | None) -

```
functions_called()
              Return type
                  Set[Function]
              Returns
                  The set of all functions that can be reached from the function represented by self.
     copy()
     pp(**kwargs)
          Pretty-print the function disassembly.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser.FunctionParser
     Bases: object
     The implementation of the serialization methods for the <Function> class.
     static serialize(function)
          :return:
     static parse_from_cmsg(cmsg, function_manager=None, project=None, all_func_addrs=None)
              Parameters
                  cmsg – The data to instanciate the <Function> from.
              Return Function
class angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFunction(function_manager, addr,
                                                                             name=None, syscall=None)
     Bases: Function
     A representation of a function and various information about it.
     __init__(function_manager, addr, name=None, syscall=None)
          Function constructor for Soot
              Parameters
                  • addr – The address of the function.
                  • name – (Optional) The name of the function.
                  • syscall – (Optional) Whether this function is a syscall or not.
     transition_graph
     normalized
     addr
     is_syscall
     is_plt
     is_simprocedure
     binary_name
     bp_on_stack
     retaddr_on_stack
```

```
sp_delta
     calling_convention: Optional[SimCC]
     prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction]
     prepared_registers
     prepared_stack_variables
     registers_read_afterwards
     startpoint
     info
     tags
     normalize()
          Make sure all basic blocks in the transition graph of this function do not overlap. You will end up with a
          CFG that IDA Pro generates.
          This method does not touch the CFG result. You may call CFG {Emulated, Fast }.normalize() for that matter.
              Returns
                 None
     is_default_name
     from_signature
     is_alignment
     is_prototype_guessed: bool
     ran_cca
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.VariableAccessSort
     Bases: object
     Provides enums for variable access types.
     WRITE = 0
     READ = 1
     REFERENCE = 2
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.VariableAccess(variable, access_type,
                                                                               location, offset,
                                                                               atom_hash=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Describes a variable access.
     __init__(variable, access_type, location, offset, atom_hash=None)
     variable: SimVariable
     access_type: int
```

```
location: CodeLocation
     offset: Optional[int]
     atom_hash: Optional[int]
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                  A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, variable_by_ident=None, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                  • cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
                  • variable_by_ident (Dict[str, SimVariable] / None) -
              Returns
                  A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                  cls
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableType
     Bases: object
     Describes variable types.
     REGISTER = 0
     MEMORY = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.LiveVariables(register_region,
                                                                                stack_region)
     Bases: object
     A collection of live variables at a program point.
     __init__(register_region, stack_region)
     register_region
     stack_region
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableManagerInternal(manager,
                                                                                            func addr=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     Manage variables for a function. It is meant to be used internally by VariableManager, but it's common to be
     given a reference to one in response to a query for "the variables for a given function". Maybe a better name
     would be "VariableManagerScope".
     __init__(manager, func_addr=None)
```

```
set_manager(manager)
         Parameters
             manager (VariableManager) -
serialize_to_cmessage()
     Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
             A protobuf cmessage object.
         Return type
             protobuf.cmessage
classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, variable_manager=None, func_addr=None, **kwargs)
     Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
         Parameters
             cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
         Returns
             A unserialized class object.
         Return type
             cls
next_variable_ident(sort)
add_variable(sort, start, variable)
set_variable(sort, start, variable)
         Parameters
             variable (SimVariable) -
write_to(variable, offset, location, overwrite=False, atom=None)
read_from(variable, offset, location, overwrite=False, atom=None)
reference_at(variable, offset, location, overwrite=False, atom=None)
record_variable(location, variable, offset, overwrite=False, atom=None)
         Parameters
             location (CodeLocation) -
make_phi_node(block addr, *variables)
     Create a phi variable for variables at block block_addr.
         Parameters
             • block_addr (int) – The address of the current block.
             • variables – Variables that the phi variable represents.
         Returns
             The created phi variable.
set_live_variables(addr, register_region, stack_region)
find_variables_by_insn(ins_addr, sort)
```

```
is_variable_used_at(variable, loc)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            • variable (SimVariable) -
            • loc(Tuple[int, int]) -
find_variable_by_stmt(block_addr, stmt_idx, sort, block_idx=None)
        Parameters
            block_idx (int | None) -
find_variables_by_stmt(block_addr, stmt_idx, sort, block_idx=None)
        Return type
            List[Tuple[SimVariable, int]]
        Parameters
            • block_addr (int) -
            • stmt_idx (int) -
            • sort (str) -
            • block_idx (int | None) -
find_variable_by_atom(block_addr, stmt_idx, atom, block_idx=None)
        Parameters
            block_idx (int | None) -
find_variables_by_atom(block_addr, stmt_idx, atom, block_idx=None)
        Return type
            Set[Tuple[SimVariable, int]]
        Parameters
            block_idx (int | None) -
find_variables_by_stack_offset(offset)
        Return type
            Set[SimVariable]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
find_variables_by_register(reg)
        Return type
            Set[SimVariable]
        Parameters
            reg(str | int)-
get_variable_accesses(variable, same_name=False)
        Return type
            List[VariableAccess]
        Parameters
```

- variable (SimVariable) -
- same\_name (bool) -

# get\_variables(sort=None, collapse\_same\_ident=False)

Get a list of variables.

#### **Parameters**

- **sort** (Optional[Literal['stack', 'reg']]) Sort of the variable to get.
- collapse\_same\_ident Whether variables of the same identifier should be collapsed or not.

# Return type

List[Union[SimStackVariable, SimRegisterVariable]]

#### **Returns**

A list of variables.

# get\_unified\_variables(sort=None)

Get a list of unified variables.

#### **Parameters**

```
sort (Optional[Literal['stack', 'reg']]) - Sort of the variable to get.
```

### **Return type**

List[Union[SimStackVariable, SimRegisterVariable]]

#### Returns

A list of variables.

# get\_global\_variables(addr)

Get global variable by the address of the variable.

### **Parameters**

**addr** (*int*) – Address of the variable.

#### Returns

A set of variables or an empty set if no variable exists.

# is\_phi\_variable(var)

Test if var is a phi variable.

#### **Parameters**

var (SimVariable) - The variable instance.

#### **Returns**

True if *var* is a phi variable, False otherwise.

### **Return type**

bool

# get\_phi\_subvariables(var)

Get sub-variables that phi variable var represents.

#### **Parameters**

var (SimVariable) - The variable instance.

### Returns

A set of sub-variables, or an empty set if var is not a phi variable.

### **Return type**

set

```
get_phi_variables(block_addr)
     Get a dict of phi variables and their corresponding variables.
         Parameters
             block_addr (int) – Address of the block.
         Returns
             A dict of phi variables of an empty dict if there are no phi variables at the block.
         Return type
             dict
input_variables(exclude_specials=True)
     Get all variables that have never been written to.
         Returns
             A list of variables that are never written to.
assign_variable_names(labels=None, types=None)
     Assign default names to all SSA variables.
         Parameters
             labels – Known labels in the binary.
         Returns
             None
{\tt assign\_unified\_variable\_names} (labels = None, arg\_names = None, reset = False)
     Assign default names to all unified variables.
         Parameters
             • labels – Known labels in the binary.
             • arg_names (Optional[List[str]]) - Known argument names.
             • reset (bool) – Reset all variable names or not.
         Return type
             None
set_variable_type(var, ty, name=None, override_bot=True, all_unified=False, mark_manual=False)
         Return type
             None
         Parameters
             • var (SimVariable) -
             • ty (SimType) -
             • name (str | None) -
             • override_bot(bool) -
             • all_unified (bool) -
             • mark_manual (bool) -
get_variable_type(var)
         Return type
             Optional[SimType]
```

```
remove_types()
     unify_variables()
          Map SSA variables to a unified variable. Fill in self._unified_variables.
              Return type
                  None
     set_unified_variable(variable, unified)
          Set the unified variable for a given SSA variable.
              Parameters
                  • variable (SimVariable) - The SSA variable.
                  • unified (SimVariable) – The unified variable.
              Return type
                  None
              Returns
                  None
     unified_variable(variable)
          Return the unified variable for a given SSA variable,
              Parameters
                  variable (SimVariable) – The SSA variable.
              Return type
                  Optional[SimVariable]
              Returns
                  The unified variable, or None if there is no such SSA variable.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     Manage variables.
     __init__(kb)
     has_function_manager(key)
              Return type
                  bool
              Parameters
                  key (int) -
     get_function_manager(func_addr)
              Return type
                  VariableManagerInternal
     initialize_variable_names()
              Return type
                  None
```

### get\_variable\_accesses(variable, same\_name=False)

Get a list of all references to the given variable.

### **Parameters**

- variable (SimVariable) The variable.
- **same\_name** (bool) Whether to include all variables with the same variable name, or just based on the variable identifier.

### Return type

```
List[VariableAccess]
```

#### Returns

All references to the variable.

### copy()

static convert\_variable\_list(vlist, manager)

#### **Parameters**

- vlist(List[Variable]) -
- manager (VariableManagerInternal) -

load\_from\_dwarf(cu list=None)

#### **Parameters**

```
cu_list(List[CompilationUnit] | None) -
```

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.debug\_variables.DebugVariableContainer

Bases: object

Variable tree for variables with same name to lock up which variable is visible at a given program counter address.

```
__init__()
```

It is recommended to use DebugVariableManager.add\_variable() instead

#### $from_pc(pc)$

Returns the visible variable (if any) for a given pc address.

# **Return type**

Variable

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.debug\_variables.DebugVariable(low\_pc, high\_pc, cle\_variable)

Bases: DebugVariableContainer

### **Variables**

- low\_pc Start of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address (rebased)
- high\_pc End of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address (rebased)
- **cle\_variable** Original variable from cle

- low\_pc (int) -
- high\_pc (int) -
- cle\_variable (Variable) -

```
__init__(low_pc, high_pc, cle_variable)
          It is recommended to use Debug VariableManager.add_variable() instead
              Parameters
                  • low_pc (int) -
                  • high_pc (int) -
                  • cle_variable (Variable) -
     from_pc(pc)
          Returns the visible variable (if any) for a given pc address.
              Return type
                  Variable
     contains(dvar)
              Return type
                  bool
              Parameters
                  dvar (DebugVariable) -
     test_unsupported_overlap(dvar)
          Test for an unsupported overlapping
              Parameters
                  dvar (DebugVariable) – Second DebugVariable to compare with
              Return type
                  bool
              Returns
                  True if there is an unsupported overlapping
class angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.DebugVariableManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     Structure to manage and access variables with different visibility scopes.
          Parameters
              kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     __init__(kb)
              Parameters
                  kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     from_name_and_pc(var_name, pc_addr)
          Get a variable from its string in the scope of pc.
              Return type
                  Variable
              Parameters
                  • var_name (str) -
                  • pc_addr (int) -
```

```
from_name(var name)
```

Get the variable container for all variables named var\_name

### **Parameters**

**var\_name** (str) – name for a variable

#### **Return type**

*DebugVariableContainer* 

add\_variable(cle\_var, low\_pc, high\_pc)

Add/load a variable

#### **Parameters**

- cle variable The variable to add
- low\_pc (int) Start of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address (rebased)
- **high\_pc** (int) End of the visibility scope of the variable as program counter address (rebased)
- cle\_var (Variable) -

add\_variable\_list(vlist, low\_pc, high\_pc)

Add all variables in a list with the same visibility range

#### **Parameters**

- vlist (List[Variable]) A list of cle varibles to add
- low\_pc (int) Start of the visibility scope as program counter address (rebased)
- high\_pc (int) End of the visibility scope as program counter address (rebased)

load\_from\_dwarf(elf\_object=None, cu=None)

Automatically load all variables (global/local) from the DWARF debugging info

#### **Parameters**

- **elf\_object** (Optional[ELF]) Optional, when only one elf object should be considered (e.g. p.loader.main\_object)
- cu (Optional[CompilationUnit]) Optional, when only one compilation unit should be considered

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \texttt{angr.knowledge\_plugins.structured\_code.manager.StructuredCodeManager}(kb)$ 

```
Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
__init__(kb)
discard(key)
available_flavors(item)
```

 ${\bf class} \ \, {\bf angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel} ( {\it func\_addr=None}, \\ {\it track\_liveness=True})$ 

Bases: object

copy()

Models the definitions, uses, and memory of a Reaching Definition State object

```
• func_addr (int | None) -
          • track_liveness(bool) -
__init__(func_addr=None, track_liveness=True)
        Parameters
            • func_addr (int | None) -
            • track_liveness (bool) -
add_def(d, codeloc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • d (Definition) -
            • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
kill_def(d)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            d (Definition) -
at_new_stmt(codeloc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            codeloc (CodeLocation) -
at_new_block(code_loc, pred_codelocs)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • pred_codelocs (List[CodeLocation]) -
complete_loc()
        Return type
            None
find_defs_at(code_loc, op=ObservationPointType.OP_BEFORE)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
```

```
get_defs(atom, code_loc, op)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
copy()
        Return type
            ReachingDefinitionsModel
merge(model)
        Parameters
            model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
get_observation_by_insn(ins_addr, kind)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • ins_addr (int | CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
get_observation_by_node(node_addr, kind, node_idx=None)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • node_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
            • node_idx (int | None) -
get_observation_by_stmt(arg1, arg2, arg3=None, *, block_idx=None)
get_observation_by_exit(node_addr, stmt_idx, src_node_idx=None)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • node_addr (int) -
            • stmt_idx (int) -
            • src_node_idx (int | None) -
```

# class angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.KeyDefinitionManager(kb)

Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin

KeyDefinitionManager manages and caches reaching definition models for each function.

For each function, by default we cache the entire reaching definitions model with observed results at the following locations: - Before each call instruction: ('insn', address of the call instruction, OP\_BEFORE) - After returning from each call: ('node', address of the block that ends with a call, OP\_AFTER)

# **Return type**

KeyDefinitionManager

**class** angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.**LiveDefinitions**(arch, track\_tmps=False,

canonical\_size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None, heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register\_uses=None, stack\_uses=None, heap\_uses=None, memory\_uses=None, tmp\_uses=None, other\_uses=None)

Bases: object

A LiveDefinitions instance contains definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

### **Parameters**

```
• arch (Arch) -

• track_tmps (bool) -

INITIAL_SP_32BIT = 2147418112

INITIAL_SP_64BIT = 140737488289792
```

\_\_init\_\_(arch, track\_tmps=False, canonical\_size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None, heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register\_uses=None, stack\_uses=None, heap\_uses=None, memory\_uses=None, tmp\_uses=None, other\_uses=None)

### **Parameters**

• arch (Arch) -

```
• track_tmps (bool) -
project: Optional[Project]
arch
track_tmps
registers: MultiValuedMemory
stack: MultiValuedMemory
memory: MultiValuedMemory
heap: MultiValuedMemory
tmps: Dict[int, Set[Definition]]
others: Dict[Atom, MultiValues]
register_uses
stack_uses
heap_uses
memory_uses
tmp_uses: Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]
other_uses
uses_by_codeloc: Dict[CodeLocation, Set[Definition]]
property register_definitions
property stack_definitions
property memory_definitions
property heap_definitions
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           LiveDefinitions
reset_uses()
static top(bits)
    Get a TOP value.
        Parameters
           bits (int) – Width of the TOP value (in bits).
        Returns
           The TOP value.
```

```
static is_top(expr)
    Check if the given expression is a TOP value.
        Parameters
            expr – The given expression.
        Return type
            bool
        Returns
            True if the expression is TOP, False otherwise.
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_stack_offset(addr, had_stack_base=False)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
            • symvar (BV) -
            • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            BV
        Returns
static extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            symvar (Base) -
static extract_defs_from_mv(mv)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
```

```
get_sp()
     Return the concrete value contained by the stack pointer.
         Return type
             int
get_sp_offset()
     Return the offset of the stack pointer.
         Return type
            Optional[int]
get_stack_address(offset)
         Return type
             Optional[int]
         Parameters
            offset (Base) -
stack_offset_to_stack_addr(offset)
         Return type
             int
merge(*others)
         Return type
             Tuple[LiveDefinitions, bool]
         Parameters
            others (LiveDefinitions) -
kill_definitions(atom)
     Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
     be removed during simplification.
         Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
         Return type
            None
         Returns
            None
kill_and_add_definition(atom, code_loc, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None,
                            annotated=False)
         Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
         Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
             • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
             • data (MultiValues) -
             • tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
```

```
add_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(thing)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]
        Parameters
            thing
                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]] / MultiValues) -
get_tmp_definitions(tmp_idx)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            tmp_idx (int) -
get_register_definitions(reg_offset, size, endness=None)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_stack_values(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • endness (str) -
```

```
get_stack_definitions(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
           Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_heap_definitions(heap_addr, size, endness)
        Return type
           Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • heap_addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_memory_definitions(addr, size, endness)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_definitions_from_atoms(**kwargs)
get_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_values(spec)
        Return type
           Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
           spec
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
get_one_value(spec)
        Return type
           Optional[BV]
        Parameters
           spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition[Atom]])
```

```
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
            Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters

    spec

                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
              Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_heap_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use(atom, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Tmp) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
add_tmp_use_by_def(def_, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
```

```
• def_ (Definition) -
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
     static is_heap_address(addr)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     static get_heap_offset(addr)
              Return type
                 Optional[int]
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     heap_address(offset)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 offset (int | HeapAddress) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.DerefSize(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum for specialized kinds of dereferences
     NULL_TERMINATE - Dereference until the first byte which could be a literal null. Return a value
     including the
          terminator.
     NULL\_TERMINATE = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses(uses_by_definition=None,
                                                        uses_by_location=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes uses (including the use location and the use expression) for definitions.
          Parameters
               • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     __init__(uses_by_definition=None, uses_by_location=None)
              Parameters
                  • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                  • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
```

## add\_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)

Add a use for a given definition.

## **Parameters**

- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition that is used.
- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location where the use occurs.
- **expr** (Optional[Any]) The expression that uses the specified definition at this location.

## get\_uses(definition)

Retrieve the uses of a given definition.

### **Parameters**

**definition** (*Definition*) – The definition for which we get the uses.

## Return type

Set[CodeLocation]

# get\_uses\_with\_expr(definition)

Retrieve the uses and the corresponding expressions of a given definition.

#### **Parameters**

**definition** (*Definition*) – The definition for which we get the uses and the corresponding expressions.

## Return type

```
Set[Tuple[CodeLocation, Optional[Any]]]
```

## remove\_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)

Remove one use of a given definition.

## **Parameters**

- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition of which to remove the uses.
- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location where the use is.
- **expr** (Optional[Any]) The expression that uses the definition at the given location.

### **Return type**

None

### Returns

None

# remove\_uses(definition)

Remove all uses of a given definition.

## **Parameters**

**definition** (*Definition*) – The definition of which to remove the uses.

### Returns

None

# get\_uses\_by\_location(codeloc, exprs=False)

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location.

### Parameters 4 8 1

- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location.
- exprs (bool) -

## Return type

Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]

### Returns

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

```
get_uses_by_insaddr(ins_addr, exprs=False)
```

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location specified by the instruction address.

### **Parameters**

- **ins\_addr** (**int**) The instruction address.
- exprs (bool) -

## **Return type**

Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]

### **Returns**

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

## copy()

Copy the instance.

## Return type

Uses

### **Returns**

Return a new <Uses> instance containing the same data.

### merge(other)

Merge an instance of <Uses> into the current instance.

## **Parameters**

**other** (*Uses*) – The other < *Uses*> from which the data will be added to the current instance.

## Return type

bool

## Returns

True if any merge occurred, False otherwise

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.Definition(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)

Bases: Generic[A]

An atom definition.

### Variables

- atom The atom being defined.
- **codeloc** Where this definition is created in the original binary code.
- **dummy** Tell whether the definition should be considered dummy or not. During simplification by AILment, definitions marked as dummy will not be removed.
- tags A set of tags containing information about the definition gathered during analyses.

**\_\_init\_\_**(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)

- atom (A) —
- codeloc (CodeLocation) -

```
• dummy (bool) -
                  • tags (Set[Tag] / None) -
     atom: TypeVar(A, bound= Atom)
     codeloc: CodeLocation
     dummy: bool
     tags
     property offset: int
     property size: int
     matches(**kwargs)
          Return whether this definition has certain characteristics.
              Return type
                 bool
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.AtomKind(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum indicating the class of an atom
     REGISTER = 1
     MEMORY = 2
     TMP = 3
     GUARD = 4
     CONSTANT = 5
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom(size)
     Bases: object
     This class represents a data storage location manipulated by IR instructions.
     It could either be a Tmp (temporary variable), a Register, a MemoryLocation.
     __init__(size)
              Parameters
                 size – The size of the atom in bytes
     size
     property bits: int
     static from_ail_expr(expr, arch, full_reg=False)
              Return type
                 Register
              Parameters
                  • expr (Expression) -
                  • arch (Arch) -
```

• full\_reg(bool) -

**static from\_argument**(argument, arch, full\_reg=False, sp=None)

Instanciate an Atom from a given argument.

### **Parameters**

- **argument** (SimFunctionArgument) The argument to create a new atom from.
- **registers** A mapping representing the registers of a given architecture.
- **full\_reg** Whether to return an atom indicating the entire register if the argument only specifies a slice of the register.
- **sp** (Optional[int]) The current stack offset. Optional. Only used when argument is a SimStackArg.
- arch (Arch) -

## Return type

Union[Register, MemoryLocation]

static reg(thing, size=None, arch=None)

Create a Register atom.

### **Parameters**

- **thing** (Union[str, RegisterOffset]) The register offset (e.g., project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

# Return type

Register

### **Returns**

The Register Atom object.

static register(thing, size=None, arch=None)

Create a Register atom.

### **Parameters**

- **thing** (Union[str, RegisterOffset]) The register offset (e.g., project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

# Return type

Register

# Returns

The Register Atom object.

```
static mem(addr, size, endness=None)
```

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

### **Parameters**

- **addr** (Union[*SpOffset*, *HeapAddress*, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend\_LE" or "Iend\_BE".

## **Return type**

MemoryLocation

## Returns

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

static memory(addr, size, endness=None)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

#### **Parameters**

- **addr** (Union[*SpOffset*, *HeapAddress*, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend\_LE" or "Iend\_BE".

## **Return type**

MemoryLocation

## Returns

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.atoms.GuardUse(target)

```
Bases: Atom
```

Implements a guard use.

```
__init__(target)
```

### **Parameters**

**size** – The size of the atom in bytes

### target

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.atoms.ConstantSrc(value, size)

Bases: Atom

Represents a constant.

### **Parameters**

- value (int) -
- size (int) -

\_\_init\_\_(value, size)

```
• size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                   • value (int) -
     value: int
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Tmp(tmp_idx, size)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a variable used by the IR to store intermediate values.
          Parameters
                 • tmp_idx (int) -
                 • size (int) -
     __init__(tmp_idx, size)
               Parameters
                   • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                   • tmp_idx (int) -
     tmp_idx
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Register(reg_offset, size, arch=None)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a given CPU register.
     As an IR abstracts the CPU design to target different architectures, registers are represented as a separated mem-
     ory space. Thus a register is defined by its offset from the base of this memory and its size.
          Variables
                 • reg_offset (int) – The offset from the base to define its place in the memory bloc.
                 • size (int) – The size, in number of bytes.
          Parameters
                 • reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
                 • size (int) -
                 • arch (Arch | None) -
     __init__(reg_offset, size, arch=None)
               Parameters
                   • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                   • reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
                   • arch (Arch | None) -
     reg_offset
     arch
     property name: str
```

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.MemoryLocation(addr, size, endness=None)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a memory slice.
     It is characterized by its address and its size.
          Parameters
                • addr (SpOffset | HeapAddress | int) -
                • size (int) -
                • endness (str | None) -
     __init__(addr, size, endness=None)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) – The address of the beginning memory location slice.
                  • size (int) – The size of the represented memory location, in bytes.
                  • endness (str | None) -
     addr: Union[SpOffset, int, BV]
     endness
     property is_on_stack: bool
          True if this memory location is located on the stack.
     property symbolic: bool
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.constants.ObservationPointType(value)
     Bases: IntEnum
     Enum to replace the previously generic constants This makes it possible to annotate where they are expected by
     typing something as ObservationPointType instead of Literal[0,1]
     OP_BEFORE = 0
     OP\_AFTER = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.DefinitionMatchPredicate(kind=None,
                                                                                              bbl addr=None,
                                                                                              ins addr=None,
                                                                                              vari-
                                                                                              able=None,
                                                                                              vari-
                                                                                              able_manager=None,
                                                                                              stack_offset=None,
                                                                                              reg_name=None,
                                                                                              heap_offset=None,
                                                                                              global_addr=None,
                                                                                              tmp\_idx=None,
                                                                                             const_val=None,
                                                                                             ex-
                                                                                              tern=None)
```

Bases: object

A dataclass indicating several facts which much all must match in order for a definition to match. Largely an internal class; don't worry about this.

```
• kind (AtomKind | Type[Atom] | None) -
         • bbl_addr (int | None) -
         • ins_addr (int | None) -
         • variable (SimVariable / None) -
         • variable_manager(VariableManagerInternal | None | Literal[False]) -
         • stack_offset (int | None) -
         • reg_name(str | int | None) -
         • heap_offset (int | None) -
         • global_addr (int | None) -
         • tmp_idx (int | None) -
         • const_val (int | None) -
         • extern (bool | None) -
kind: Union[AtomKind, Type[Atom], None] = None
bbl_addr: Optional[int] = None
ins_addr: Optional[int] = None
variable: Optional[SimVariable] = None
variable_manager: Union[VariableManagerInternal, None, Literal[False]] = None
stack_offset: Optional[int] = None
reg_name: Union[str, int, None] = None
heap_offset: Optional[int] = None
global_addr: Optional[int] = None
tmp_idx: Optional[int] = None
const_val: Optional[int] = None
extern: Optional[bool] = None
static construct(predicate=None, **kwargs)
        Return type
           DefinitionMatchPredicate
        Parameters
           predicate (DefinitionMatchPredicate / None) -
normalize()
```

## matches(defn)

# Return type

bool

### **Parameters**

defn (Definition) -

\_\_init\_\_(kind=None, bbl\_addr=None, ins\_addr=None, variable=None, variable\_manager=None, stack\_offset=None, reg\_name=None, heap\_offset=None, global\_addr=None, tmp\_idx=None, const\_val=None, extern=None)

### **Parameters**

- kind (AtomKind | Type[Atom] | None) -
- bbl\_addr (int / None) -
- ins\_addr (int | None) -
- variable (SimVariable / None) -
- variable\_manager(VariableManagerInternal | None | Literal[False]) -
- stack\_offset (int | None) -
- reg\_name (str | int | None) -
- heap\_offset (int | None) -
- global\_addr (int | None) -
- tmp\_idx (int | None) -
- const\_val (int | None) -
- extern (bool | None) -

## **Return type**

None

Bases: Generic[A]

An atom definition.

## Variables

- atom The atom being defined.
- **codeloc** Where this definition is created in the original binary code.
- **dummy** Tell whether the definition should be considered dummy or not. During simplification by AILment, definitions marked as dummy will not be removed.
- tags A set of tags containing information about the definition gathered during analyses.

\_\_init\_\_(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)

- atom (A) -
- codeloc (CodeLocation) —
- **dummy** (bool) -

```
• tags (Set[Tag] / None) —

atom: TypeVar(A, bound= Atom)

codeloc: CodeLocation

dummy: bool

tags

property offset: int

property size: int

matches(**kwargs)

Return whether this definition has certain characteristics.

Return type

bool
```

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.environment.Environment(environment=None)

Bases: object

Represent the environment in which a program runs. It's a mapping of variable names, to *claripy.ast.Base* that should contain possible addresses, or <UNDEFINED>, at which their respective values are stored.

Note: The <Environment> object does not store the values associated with variables themselves.

### **Parameters**

### **Parameters**

**names** (Set[str]) – Potential values for the name of the environment variable to get the pointers of.

# Return type

```
Tuple[Set[Base], bool]
```

### Returns

The potential addresses of the values the environment variable can take; And a boolean value telling whether all the names were known of the internal representation (i.e. will be False if one of the queried variable was not found).

set(name, pointers)

- name (Union[str, *Undefined*]) Name of the environment variable to which we will associate the pointers.
- **pointers** (Set[Base]) New addresses where the new values of the environment variable are located.

```
merge(*others)
              Return type
                  Tuple[Environment, bool]
              Parameters
                  others (Environment) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_address.HeapAddress(value)
     Bases: object
     The representation of an address on the heap.
          Parameters
              value(int / Undefined) -
     __init__(value)
              Parameters
                  value(int / Undefined) -
     property value
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_manager.RDAObserverControl(func_addr,
                                                                                                    call_site_block_addr.
                                                                                                    call_site_ins_addrs)
     Bases: object
          Parameters

    func_addr (int) -

                • call_site_block_addrs (Iterable[int]) -
                • call_site_ins_addrs (Iterable[int]) -
     __init__(func_addr, call_site_block_addrs, call_site_ins_addrs)
              Parameters
                  • func_addr (int) -
                  • call_site_block_addrs (Iterable[int]) -
                  • call_site_ins_addrs (Iterable[int]) -
     rda_observe_callback(ob_type, **kwargs)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_manager.KeyDefinitionManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     KeyDefinitionManager manages and caches reaching definition models for each function.
     For each function, by default we cache the entire reaching definitions model with observed results at the following
     locations: - Before each call instruction: ('insn', address of the call instruction, OP_BEFORE) - After returning
     from each call: ('node', address of the block that ends with a call, OP_AFTER)
          Parameters
              kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     __init__(kb)
              Parameters
                  kb (KnowledgeBase) -
```

```
has_model(func_addr)
              Parameters
                  func_addr (int) -
     get_model(func_addr)
              Parameters
                  func_addr (int) -
     copy()
              Return type
                  KeyDefinitionManager
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.DerefSize(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum for specialized kinds of dereferences
     NULL_TERMINATE - Dereference until the first byte which could be a literal null. Return a value
     including the
          terminator.
     NULL_TERMINATE = 1
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.DefinitionAnnotation(definition)
     Bases: Annotation
     An annotation that attaches a Definition to an AST.
     __init__(definition)
     definition
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
```

class angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.live\_definitions.LiveDefinitions(arch,

track\_tmps=False, canoni $cal\_size=8$ , registers=None, stack=None. memory=None, heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register\_uses=None, stack\_uses=None, heap\_uses=None, memory uses=None, tmp\_uses=None, other\_uses=None)

Bases: object

A LiveDefinitions instance contains definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

## **Parameters**

```
• arch (Arch) -
```

- track\_tmps (bool) -
- registers (MultiValuedMemory) -
- stack (MultiValuedMemory) -
- memory (MultiValuedMemory) -
- heap (MultiValuedMemory) -
- tmps (Dict[int, Set[Definition]]) -
- others (Dict[Atom, MultiValues]) -
- tmp\_uses (Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]) -

 $INITIAL\_SP\_32BIT = 2147418112$ 

 $INITIAL\_SP\_64BIT = 140737488289792$ 

\_\_init\_\_(arch, track\_tmps=False, canonical\_size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None, heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register\_uses=None, stack\_uses=None, heap\_uses=None, memory\_uses=None, tmp\_uses=None, other\_uses=None)

## **Parameters**

- arch (Arch) -
- track\_tmps (bool) -

project: Optional[Project]

```
arch
track_tmps
registers: MultiValuedMemory
stack: MultiValuedMemory
memory: MultiValuedMemory
heap: MultiValuedMemory
tmps: Dict[int, Set[Definition]]
others: Dict[Atom, MultiValues]
register_uses
stack_uses
heap_uses
memory_uses
tmp_uses: Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]
other_uses
uses_by_codeloc: Dict[CodeLocation, Set[Definition]]
property register_definitions
property stack_definitions
property memory_definitions
property heap_definitions
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           LiveDefinitions
reset_uses()
static top(bits)
    Get a TOP value.
        Parameters
           bits (int) – Width of the TOP value (in bits).
        Returns
           The TOP value.
static is_top(expr)
    Check if the given expression is a TOP value.
        Parameters
           expr – The given expression.
        Return type
           bool
```

```
Returns
            True if the expression is TOP, False otherwise.
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_stack_offset(addr, had_stack_base=False)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
            • symvar (BV) -
            • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            BV
        Returns
static extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            symvar (Base) -
static extract_defs_from_mv(mv)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
        Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
get_sp()
    Return the concrete value contained by the stack pointer.
        Return type
            int
```

```
get_sp_offset()
     Return the offset of the stack pointer.
         Return type
            Optional[int]
get_stack_address(offset)
         Return type
            Optional[int]
         Parameters
            offset (Base) -
stack_offset_to_stack_addr(offset)
         Return type
            int
merge(*others)
         Return type
            Tuple[LiveDefinitions, bool]
         Parameters
            others (LiveDefinitions) -
kill_definitions(atom)
     Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
    be removed during simplification.
         Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
         Return type
            None
         Returns
            None
kill_and_add_definition(atom, code_loc, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None,
                            annotated=False)
         Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
         Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
             • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
             • data (MultiValues) -
             • tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
add_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
         Return type
            None
         Parameters
             • atom (Atom) -
```

```
• code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(thing)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]
        Parameters
            thing
                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]] / MultiValues) -
get_tmp_definitions(tmp_idx)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            tmp_idx (int) -
get_register_definitions(reg_offset, size, endness=None)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_stack_values(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • endness (str) -
get_stack_definitions(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
```

```
• size (int) -
get_heap_definitions(heap_addr, size, endness)
        Return type
           Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • heap_addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_memory_definitions(addr, size, endness)
        Return type
           Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_definitions_from_atoms(**kwargs)
get_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_values(spec)
        Return type
           Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
           spec
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
get_one_value(spec)
        Return type
           Optional[BV]
        Parameters
           spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition[Atom]])
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
           Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters

    spec

                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
              Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
```

```
• cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_heap_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use(atom, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Tmp) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
add_tmp_use_by_def(def_, code_loc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
```

```
static is_heap_address(addr)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     static get_heap_offset(addr)
              Return type
                 Optional[int]
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     heap_address(offset)
              Return type
                 BV
              Parameters
                 offset (int | HeapAddress) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.ReachingDefinitionsModel(func_addr=None,
                                                                                        track liveness=True)
     Bases: object
     Models the definitions, uses, and memory of a ReachingDefinitionState object
          Parameters
               • func_addr (int | None) -
               • track_liveness(bool) -
     __init__(func_addr=None, track_liveness=True)
              Parameters
                  • func_addr (int | None) -
                  • track_liveness(bool) -
     add_def(d, codeloc)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                 • d (Definition) -
                  • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
     kill_def(d)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                 d (Definition) -
```

```
at_new_stmt(codeloc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            codeloc (CodeLocation) -
at_new_block(code_loc, pred_codelocs)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • pred_codelocs (List[CodeLocation]) -
complete_loc()
        Return type
            None
find_defs_at(code_loc, op=ObservationPointType.OP_BEFORE)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
get_defs(atom, code_loc, op)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
copy()
        Return type
            ReachingDefinitionsModel
merge(model)
        Parameters
            model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
get_observation_by_insn(ins_addr, kind)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • ins_addr (int | CodeLocation) -
```

```
• kind (ObservationPointType) -
     get_observation_by_node(node_addr, kind, node_idx=None)
              Return type
                  Optional[LiveDefinitions]
              Parameters
                  • node_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
                  • kind (ObservationPointType) -
                  • node_idx (int | None) -
     get_observation_by_stmt(arg1, arg2, arg3=None, *, block_idx=None)
     get_observation_by_exit(node_addr, stmt_idx, src_node_idx=None)
              Return type
                 Optional[LiveDefinitions]
              Parameters
                  • node_addr (int) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
                  • src_node_idx (int | None) -
Classes to structure the different types of <Tag>s that can be attached to <Definition>s.
   Tag

    FunctionTag

                 * ParameterTag
                 * LocalVariableTag
                  * ReturnValueTag
            - InitialValueTag
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.Tag(metadata=None)
     Bases: object
     A tag for a Definition that can carry different kinds of metadata.
          Parameters
              metadata (object) -
     __init__(metadata=None)
              Parameters
                 metadata (object | None) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.FunctionTag(function=None, metadata=None)
     Bases: Tag
     A tag for a definition created (or used) in the context of a function.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
```

```
__init__(function=None, metadata=None)
              Parameters
                  • function (int | None) -
                  • metadata (object | None) -
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.tag.} {\bf SideEffectTag} ({\it function=None, metadata=None})
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definition created or used as a side-effect of a function.
     Example: The <MemoryLocation> pointed by rdi during a sprintf.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.ParameterTag(function=None, metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definition of a parameter.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.LocalVariableTag(function=None,
                                                                             metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definition of a local variable of a function.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.ReturnValueTag(function=None,
                                                                          metadata=None)
     Bases: FunctionTag
     A tag for a definiton of a return value of a function.
          Parameters
                • function (int) -
                • metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.InitialValueTag(metadata=None)
     Bases: Tag
     A tag for a definiton of an initial value
          Parameters
              metadata (object) -
```

```
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag.UnknownSizeTag(metadata=None)
     Bases: Tag
     A tag for a definiton of an initial value
          Parameters
              metadata (object) -
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.undefined.Undefined
     Bases: object
     A TOP-like value indicating an unknown data source. Should live next to raw integers in DataSets.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.unknown_size.UnknownSize
     Bases: object
     A value indicating an unknown size for elements of DataSets. Should "behave" like an integer.
class angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses.Uses(uses_by_definition=None,
                                                                uses_by_location=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes uses (including the use location and the use expression) for definitions.
          Parameters
                • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     __init__(uses_by_definition=None, uses_by_location=None)
              Parameters
                  • uses_by_definition (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
                  • uses_by_location (DefaultChainMapCOW / None) -
     add_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)
          Add a use for a given definition.
              Parameters
                  • definition (Definition) – The definition that is used.
                  • codeloc (CodeLocation) – The code location where the use occurs.
                  • expr (Optional[Any]) – The expression that uses the specified definition at this location.
     get_uses(definition)
          Retrieve the uses of a given definition.
              Parameters
                  definition (Definition) – The definition for which we get the uses.
              Return type
                  Set[CodeLocation]
     get_uses_with_expr(definition)
          Retrieve the uses and the corresponding expressions of a given definition.
              Parameters
```

**definition** (Definition) – The definition for which we get the uses and the corresponding

expressions.

## Return type

```
Set[Tuple[CodeLocation, Optional[Any]]]
```

## remove\_use(definition, codeloc, expr=None)

Remove one use of a given definition.

### **Parameters**

- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition of which to remove the uses.
- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location where the use is.
- **expr** (Optional[Any]) The expression that uses the definition at the given location.

# Return type

None

### **Returns**

None

# remove\_uses(definition)

Remove all uses of a given definition.

### **Parameters**

**definition** (*Definition*) – The definition of which to remove the uses.

### Returns

None

# get\_uses\_by\_location(codeloc, exprs=False)

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location.

## **Parameters**

- **codeloc** (*CodeLocation*) The code location.
- exprs (bool) -

## **Return type**

```
Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]
```

### Returns

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

```
get_uses_by_insaddr(ins_addr, exprs=False)
```

Retrieve all definitions that are used at a given location specified by the instruction address.

## **Parameters**

- **ins\_addr** (int) The instruction address.
- exprs (bool) -

# Return type

```
Union[Set[Definition], Set[Tuple[Definition, Optional[Any]]]]
```

### Returns

A set of definitions that are used at the given location.

## copy()

Copy the instance.

# Return type

Uses

```
Returns
                  Return a new <Uses> instance containing the same data.
     merge(other)
          Merge an instance of <Uses> into the current instance.
               Parameters
                  other (Uses) – The other <Uses> from which the data will be added to the current instance.
               Return type
                   bool
               Returns
                   True if any merge occurred, False otherwise
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.import_binsync()
angr.knowledge\_plugins.sync.sync\_controller.make\_state(f)
     Build a writeable State instance and pass to f as the state kwarg if the state kwarg is None. Function f should
     have have at least two kwargs, user and state.
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.make_ro_state(f)
     Build a read-only State instance and pass to f as the state kwarg if the state kwarg is None. Function f should
     have have at least two kwargs, user and state.
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.init_checker(f)
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.knowledge\_plugins.sync.sync\_controller. {\bf SyncController}(kb)}
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin
     SyncController interfaces with a binsync client to push changes upwards and pull changes downwards.
          Variables
               client (binsync.Client) - The binsync client.
     __init__(kb)
     connect(user, path, bin_hash=", init_repo=False, ssh_agent_pid=None, ssh_auth_sock=None,
               remote_url=None)
     property connected
     commit()
```

update()

copy()

pull()

users()

status()

property has\_remote

tally(users=None)

```
push_function(func, user=None, state=None)
     Push a function upwards.
         Parameters
             func (Function) – The angr Function object to push upwards.
         Returns
             True if updates are made. False otherwise.
         Return type
             bool
push_comment(addr, comment, decompiled=False, user=None, state=None)
push_comments(comments, user=None, state=None)
     Push a bunch of comments upwards.
         Parameters
             comments (list) - A list of BinSync Comments
         Returns
            bool
push_stack_variables(stack_variables, var_manager, user=None, state=None)
         Parameters
             • stack_variables (List[SimStackVariable]) -
             • var_manager (VariableManagerInternal) -
         Returns
push_stack_variable(func_addr, offset, name, type_, size_, user=None, state=None)
pull_function(addr, user=None, state=None)
     Pull a function downwards.
         Parameters
             • addr (int) – Address of the function.
             • user (str) – Name of the user.
         Returns
             The binsync.data.Function object if pulling succeeds, or None if pulling fails.
         Return type
             binsync.data.Function | None
pull_comment(addr, user=None, state=None)
     Pull a comment downwards.
         Parameters
             • addr (int) - Address of the comment.
             • user (str) – Name of the user.
         Returns
             a Comment object from BinSync, or None
         Return type
```

binsync.data.Comment | None

```
pull_comments(func_addr, user=None, state=None)
          Pull comments downwards.
              Parameters
                  • start_addr (int) – Where we want to pull comments.
                  • end_addr (int) – Where we want to stop pulling comments (exclusive).
              Returns
                  An iterator.
              Return type
                  Iterable
     pull_patches(user=None, state=None)
          Pull patches.
              Parameters
                  user (str) – Name of the user to patches from.
                  An iterator
              Return type
                  Iterable
     pull_stack_variables(func addr, user=None, state=None)
          Pull stack variables from a function.
          @param func_addr: Function address to pull from @param user: @param state: @return:
     get_func_addr_from_addr(addr)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef(ins_addr=None, block_addr=None, stmt_idx=None,
                                                    insn_op_idx=None, memory_data=None, dst=None,
                                                    xref_type=None)
     Bases: Serializable
     XRef describes a reference to a MemoryData instance (if a MemoryData instance is available) or just an address.
          Parameters
                • ins_addr (int | None) -
                • block_addr (int | None) -
                • stmt_idx(int | None) -
                • insn_op_idx (int | None) -
                • dst (int | None) -
     __init__(ins_addr=None, block_addr=None, stmt_idx=None, insn_op_idx=None, memory_data=None,
                dst=None, xref_type=None)
              Parameters
                  • ins_addr (int | None) -
                  • block_addr (int | None) -
                  • stmt_idx (int | None) -
                  • insn_op_idx (int | None) -
```

```
• dst (int | None) -
     ins_addr: Optional[int]
     insn_op_idx: Optional[int]
     block_addr: Optional[int]
     stmt_idx: Optional[int]
     memory_data
     type
     dst
     property type_string
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                 A protobuf cmessage object.
              Return type
                 protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, bits=None, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
              Parameters
                 cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
              Returns
                 A unserialized class object.
              Return type
                 cls
     copy()
     insn_op_type
class angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types.XRefType
     Bases: object
     Offset = 0
     Read = 1
     Write = 2
     static to_string(ty)
class angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefManager(kb)
     Bases: KnowledgeBasePlugin, Serializable
     __init__(kb)
     copy()
```

```
add_xref(xref)
     add_xrefs(xrefs)
     get_xrefs_by_ins_addr(ins_addr)
     get_xrefs_by_dst(dst)
     get_xrefs_by_dst_region(start, end)
          Get a set of XRef objects that point to a given address region bounded by start and end. Will only return
          absolute xrefs, not relative ones (like SP offsets)
     get_xrefs_by_ins_addr_region(start, end)
          Get a set of XRef objects that originate at a given address region bounded by start and end. Useful for
          finding references from a basic block or function.
               Return type
                   Set[XRef]
     serialize_to_cmessage()
          Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
                   A protobuf cmessage object.
               Return type
                  protobuf.cmessage
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, cfg_model=None, kb=None, **kwargs)
          Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
               Parameters
                   cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                   A unserialized class object.
               Return type
class angr.code_location.CodeLocation(block_addr, stmt_idx, sim_procedure=None, ins_addr=None,
                                             context=None, block idx=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     Stands for a specific program point by specifying basic block address and statement ID (for IRSBs), or SimPro-
     cedure name (for SimProcedures).
          Parameters
                 • block_addr (int) -
                 • stmt_idx (int | None) -
                 • ins_addr (int | None) -
                 • context (Any) -
```

 $\verb|\__init__(block\_addr, stmt\_idx, sim\_procedure=None, ins\_addr=None, context=None, block\_idx=None, ins\_addr=None, context=None, block\_idx=None, ins\_addr=None, context=None, block\_idx=None, block\_idx=None, ins\_addr=None, context=None, block\_idx=None, ins\_addr=None, context=None, block\_idx=None, block\_$ 

Constructor.

\*\*kwargs)

• block\_idx (int) -

### **Parameters**

- block\_addr (int) Address of the block
- **stmt\_idx** (Optional[int]) Statement ID. None for SimProcedures or if the code location is meant to refer to the entire block.
- **sim\_procedure** (*class*) The corresponding SimProcedure class.
- ins\_addr (Optional[int]) The instruction address.
- **context** (Optional[Any]) A tuple that represents the context of this CodeLocation in contextful mode, or None in contextless mode.
- **kwargs** Optional arguments, will be stored, but not used in <u>\_\_eq\_\_</u> or <u>\_\_hash\_\_</u>.
- block\_idx (int | None) -

```
block_addr: int
```

```
stmt_idx: Optional[int]
```

## sim\_procedure

```
ins_addr: Optional[int]
```

context: Optional[Tuple[int]]

## block\_idx

info: Optional[Dict]

property short\_repr

class angr.code\_location.ExternalCodeLocation(call\_string=None)

Bases: CodeLocation

Stands for a program point that originates from outside an analysis' scope. i.e. a value loaded from rdi in a callee where the caller has not been analyzed.

## **Parameters**

```
call_string(Tuple[int, ...] | None) -
__init__(call_string=None)
Constructor.
```

### **Parameters**

- **block\_addr** Address of the block
- stmt\_idx Statement ID. None for SimProcedures or if the code location is meant to refer
  to the entire block.
- **sim\_procedure** (*class*) The corresponding SimProcedure class.
- **ins\_addr** The instruction address.
- context A tuple that represents the context of this CodeLocation in contextful mode, or None in contextless mode.
- **kwargs** Optional arguments, will be stored, but not used in <u>eq</u> or <u>hash</u>.
- call\_string(Tuple[int, ...] | None) -

## call\_string

```
class angr.keyed_region.StoredObject(start, obj, size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(start, obj, size)
     start
     obj
     size: Union[UnknownSize, int]
     property obj_id
class angr.keyed_region.RegionObject(start, size, objects=None)
     Bases: object
     Represents one or more objects occupying one or more bytes in KeyedRegion.
     __init__(start, size, objects=None)
     start
     size
     stored_objects
     property is_empty
     property end
     property internal_objects
     includes(offset)
     split(split_at)
     add_object(obj)
     set_object(obj)
     copy()
class angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion(tree=None, phi_node_contains=None, canonical_size=8)
     Bases: object
     KeyedRegion keeps a mapping between stack offsets and all objects covering that offset. It assumes no variable
     in this region overlap with another variable in this region.
     Registers and function frames can all be viewed as a keyed region.
     __init__(tree=None, phi_node_contains=None, canonical_size=8)
     copy()
     merge(other, replacements=None)
          Merge another KeyedRegion into this KeyedRegion.
              Parameters
                  other (KeyedRegion) – The other instance to merge with.
              Returns
                  None
```

```
merge_to_top(other, replacements=None, top=None)
```

Merge another KeyedRegion into this KeyedRegion, but mark all variables with different values as TOP.

### **Parameters**

- **other** The other instance to merge with.
- replacements -

## Returns

self

## replace(replacements)

Replace variables with other variables.

#### **Parameters**

**replacements** (*dict*) – A dict of variable replacements.

### **Returns**

self

## dbg\_repr()

Get a debugging representation of this keyed region. :return: A string of debugging output.

## add\_variable(start, variable)

Add a variable to this region at the given offset.

#### **Parameters**

- start (int) -
- variable (SimVariable) -

## Returns

None

## add\_object(start, obj, object\_size)

Add/Store an object to this region at the given offset.

## **Parameters**

- start -
- obj -
- object\_size (int) Size of the object

#### Returns

## set\_variable(start, variable)

Add a variable to this region at the given offset, and remove all other variables that are fully covered by this variable.

## **Parameters**

- start (int) -
- variable (SimVariable) -

## Returns

None

## set\_object(start, obj, object\_size)

Add an object to this region at the given offset, and remove all other objects that are fully covered by this object.

#### **Parameters**

- start -
- obj -
- object\_size -

### **Returns**

## get\_base\_addr(addr)

Get the base offset (the key we are using to index objects covering the given offset) of a specific offset.

## **Parameters**

addr (int) -

Returns

## **Return type**

int or None

## get\_variables\_by\_offset(start)

Find variables covering the given region offset.

### **Parameters**

start (int) -

### **Returns**

A set of variables.

## Return type

set

## get\_objects\_by\_offset(start)

Find objects covering the given region offset.

## **Parameters**

start -

## Returns

## get\_all\_variables()

Get all variables covering the current region.

#### Returns

A set of all variables.

## 10.14 Serialization

## class angr.serializable.Serializable

Bases: object

The base class of all protobuf-serializable classes in angr.

10.14. Serialization 615

```
serialize_to_cmessage()
           Serialize the class object and returns a protobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                   A protobuf cmessage object.
               Return type
                   protobuf.cmessage
     serialize()
           Serialize the class object and returns a bytes object.
               Returns
                   A bytes object.
               Return type
                   bytes
     classmethod parse_from_cmessage(cmsg, **kwargs)
           Parse a protobuf cmessage and create a class object.
               Parameters
                   cmsg – The probobuf cmessage object.
               Returns
                   A unserialized class object.
               Return type
                   cls
     classmethod parse(s, **kwargs)
           Parse a bytes object and create a class object.
               Parameters
                   s (bytes) – A bytes object.
               Returns
                   A class object.
               Return type
                   cls
class angr.vaults.VaultPickler(vault, file, *args, assigned_objects=(), **kwargs)
     Bases: Pickler
     __init__(vault, file, *args, assigned_objects=(), **kwargs)
           A persistence-aware pickler. It will check for persistence of any objects except for those with IDs in 'as-
           signed_objects'.
     persistent_id(obj)
class angr.vaults.VaultUnpickler(vault, file, *args, **kwargs)
     Bases: Unpickler
     __init__(vault, file, *args, **kwargs)
     persistent_load(pid)
class angr.vaults.Vault
     Bases: MutableMapping
     The vault is a serializer for angr.
```

```
keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
      __init__()
      is_stored(i)
           Checks if the provided id is already in the vault.
      load(oid)
      store(o)
      dumps(o)
           Returns a serialized string representing the object, post-deduplication.
               Parameters
                   o – the object
      loads(s)
           Deserializes a string representation of the object.
               Parameters
                   \mathbf{s} – the string
      static close()
class angr.vaults.VaultDict(d=None)
      Bases: Vault
      A Vault that uses a dictionary for storage.
      __init__(d=None)
      is_stored(i)
           Checks if the provided id is already in the vault.
     keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
class angr.vaults.VaultDir(d=None)
      Bases: Vault
      A Vault that uses a directory for storage.
      __init__(d=None)
     keys()
           Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
class angr.vaults.VaultShelf(path=None)
      Bases: VaultDict
      A Vault that uses a shelve. Shelf for storage.
      __init__(path=None)
      close()
```

10.14. Serialization 617

```
class angr.vaults.VaultDirShelf(d=None)
     Bases: VaultDict
     A Vault that uses a directory for storage, where every object is stored into a single shelve. Shelf instance. Vault-
     Dir creates a file for each object. VaultDirShelf creates only one file for a stored object and everything else it
     references.
     __init__(d=None)
     store(o)
     load(oid)
     keys()
          Should return the IDs stored by the vault.
10.15 Analysis
angr.analyses.register_analysis(cls, name)
class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisLogEntry(message, exc_info=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(message, exc_info=False)
class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysesHub(project)
     Bases: PluginVendor[A]
     This class contains functions for all the registered and runnable analyses,
     __init__(project)
     reload_analyses(**kwargs)
class angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: Protocol
     Identifier: Type[Identifier]
     CalleeCleanupFinder: Type[CalleeCleanupFinder]
     VSA_DDG: Type[VSA_DDG]
     CDG: Type[CDG]
     BinDiff: Type[BinDiff]
     CFGEmulated: Type[CFGEmulated]
     CFB: Type[CFBlanket]
     CFBlanket: Type[CFBlanket]
     CFG: Type[CFG]
     CFGFast: Type[CFGFast]
     StaticHooker: Type[StaticHooker]
```

```
DDG: Type[DDG]
    CongruencyCheck: Type[CongruencyCheck]
    Reassembler: Type[Reassembler]
    BackwardSlice: Type[BackwardSlice]
    BinaryOptimizer: Type[BinaryOptimizer]
    VFG: Type[VFG]
    LoopFinder: Type[LoopFinder]
    Disassembly: Type[Disassembly]
    Veritesting: Type[Veritesting]
    CodeTagging: Type[CodeTagging]
    BoyScout: Type[BoyScout]
    VariableRecoveryFast: Type[VariableRecoveryFast]
    VariableRecovery: Type[VariableRecovery]
    ReachingDefinitions: Type[ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis]
    CompleteCallingConventions: Type[CompleteCallingConventionsAnalysis]
    Clinic: Type[Clinic]
    Propagator: Type[PropagatorAnalysis]
    CallingConvention: Type[CallingConventionAnalysis]
    Decompiler: Type[Decompiler]
    XRefs: Type[XRefsAnalysis]
    __init__(*args, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysesHubWithDefault(project)
    Bases: AnalysesHub, KnownAnalysesPlugin
    This class has type-hinting for all built-in analyses plugin
class angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisFactory(project, analysis_cls)
    Bases: Generic[A]
    __init__(project, analysis_cls)
            Parameters
                • project (Project) -
                • analysis_cls(Type[A]) -
```

```
prep(fail_fast=False, kb=None, progress_callback=None, show_progressbar=False)
```

## Return type

Type[TypeVar(A, bound= Analysis)]

#### **Parameters**

- **kb** (KnowledgeBase / None) -
- progress\_callback (Callable | None) -
- show\_progressbar (bool) -

class angr.analyses.analysis.Analysis

Bases: object

This class represents an analysis on the program.

#### Variables

- **project** The project for this analysis.
- **kb** (KnowledgeBase) The knowledgebase object.
- \_progress\_callback A callback function for receiving the progress of this analysis. It only takes one argument, which is a float number from 0.0 to 100.0 indicating the current progress.
- \_show\_progressbar (bool) If a progressbar should be shown during the analysis. It's independent from \_progress\_callback.
- \_progressbar (progress.Progress) The progress bar object.

```
project: Project
kb: KnowledgeBase
errors = []
named_errors = {}
```

 $\textbf{class} \texttt{ angr.analyses.forward\_analysis.forward\_analysis.} \textbf{ForwardAnalysis} (\textit{order\_jobs=False}, \\$ 

allow\_merging=False, allow\_widening=False, status\_callback=None, graph\_visitor=None)

Bases: Generic[AnalysisState, NodeType, JobType, JobKey]

This is my very first attempt to build a static forward analysis framework that can serve as the base of multiple static analyses in angr, including CFG analysis, VFG analysis, DDG, etc.

In short, ForwardAnalysis performs a forward data-flow analysis by traversing a graph, compute on abstract values, and store results in abstract states. The user can specify what graph to traverse, how a graph should be traversed, how abstract values and abstract states are defined, etc.

ForwardAnalysis has a few options to toggle, making it suitable to be the base class of several different styles of forward data-flow analysis implementations.

ForwardAnalysis supports a special mode when no graph is available for traversal (for example, when a CFG is being initialized and constructed, no other graph can be used). In that case, the graph traversal functionality is disabled, and the optimal graph traversal order is not guaranteed. The user can provide a job sorting method to sort the jobs in queue and optimize traversal order.

Feel free to discuss with me (Fish) if you have any suggestions or complaints.

```
__init__(order_jobs=False, allow_merging=False, allow_widening=False, status_callback=None,
                graph_visitor=None)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                   • order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                   • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                   • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                   • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) – A graph visitor to provide successors.
                   • status_callback (Callable[[Type[ForwardAnalysis]], Any] / None) -
              Returns
                  None
     property should_abort
          Should the analysis be terminated. :return: True/False
     property graph: DiGraph
     property jobs
     abort()
          Abort the analysis :return: None
     has_job(job)
          Checks whether there exists another job which has the same job key. :type job: TypeVar(JobType) :param
          job: The job to check.
              Return type
                  bool
              Returns
                  True if there exists another job with the same key, False otherwise.
              Parameters
                   job (JobType) -
     downsize()
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info.JobInfo(key, job)
     Bases: Generic[JobType, JobKey]
     Stores information of each job.
     __init__(key, job)
              Parameters
                   • key (JobKey) -
                   • job (JobType) -
     property job: JobType
          Get the latest available job.
              Returns
                   The latest available job.
```

```
property merged_jobs
     property widened_jobs
     add_job(job, merged=False, widened=False)
          Appended a new job to this JobInfo node. :type job: :param job: The new job to append. :param bool
          merged: Whether it is a merged job or not. :param bool widened: Whether it is a widened job or not.
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graph.CallGraphVisitor(callgraph)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
          Parameters
              callgraph (networkx.DiGraph) -
     __init__(callgraph)
     successors(node)
          Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
              Parameters
                  node – The node to work with.
              Returns
                  A list of successors.
              Return type
     predecessors(node)
          Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
              Parameters
                  node – The node to work with.
              Returns
                  A list of predecessors.
     sort_nodes(nodes=None)
          Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.
              Parameters
                  nodes (iterable) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be
                  used to sort.
              Returns
                  A list of sorted nodes.
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph.FunctionGraphVisitor(func,
                                                                                                 graph=None)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
          Parameters
               func (knowledge.Function) -
     __init__(func, graph=None)
     resume_with_new_graph(graph)
          We can only reasonably reuse existing results if the node index of the already traversed nodes are the same
```

as the ones from the new graph. Otherwise, we always restart.

## **Return type**

bool

#### Returns

True if we are resuming, False if reset() is called.

### **Parameters**

graph (DiGraph) -

### successors(node)

Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

#### **Parameters**

**node** – The node to work with.

### **Returns**

A list of successors.

## Return type

list

## predecessors(node)

Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

### **Parameters**

**node** – The node to work with.

#### Returns

A list of predecessors.

## sort\_nodes(nodes=None)

Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.

#### Parameters

**nodes** (*iterable*) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be used to sort.

## **Returns**

A list of sorted nodes.

## back\_edges()

Get a list of back edges. This function is optional. If not overriden, the traverser cannot achieve an optimal graph traversal order.

## **Return type**

```
List[Tuple[TypeVar(NodeType), TypeVar(NodeType)]]
```

#### Returns

A list of back edges (source -> destination).

## class angr.analyses.forward\_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisitor

Bases: Generic[NodeType]

A graph visitor takes a node in the graph and returns its successors. Typically, it visits a control flow graph, and returns successors of a CFGNode each time. This is the base class of all graph visitors.

\_\_init\_\_()

## successors(node)

Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

#### **Parameters**

**node** (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to work with.

#### Returns

A list of successors.

## Return type

list

### predecessors(node)

Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

#### **Parameters**

**node** (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to work with.

## **Return type**

List[TypeVar(NodeType)]

#### Returns

A list of predecessors.

## sort\_nodes(nodes=None)

Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.

### **Parameters**

**nodes** (*iterable*) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be used to sort.

## **Return type**

List[TypeVar(NodeType)]

### **Returns**

A list of sorted nodes.

## back\_edges()

Get a list of back edges. This function is optional. If not overriden, the traverser cannot achieve an optimal graph traversal order.

## **Return type**

List[Tuple[TypeVar(NodeType), TypeVar(NodeType)]]

#### Returns

A list of back edges (source -> destination).

## nodes()

Return an iterator of nodes following an optimal traversal order.

## Return type

Iterator[TypeVar(NodeType)]

## Returns

nodes\_iter(\*\*kwargs)

## reset()

Reset the internal node traversal state. Must be called prior to visiting future nodes.

## Returns

None

```
next_node()
           Get the next node to visit.
               Return type
                   Optional[TypeVar(NodeType)]
               Returns
                   A node in the graph.
     all_successors(node, skip_reached_fixedpoint=False)
           Returns all successors to the specific node.
               Parameters
                   node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – A node in the graph.
               Returns
                   A set of nodes that are all successors to the given node.
               Return type
                   set
     revisit_successors(node, include_self=True)
           Revisit a node in the future. As a result, the successors to this node will be revisited as well.
               Parameters
                   node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to revisit in the future.
               Return type
                   None
               Returns
                   None
     revisit_node(node)
           Revisit a node in the future. Do not include its successors immediately.
               Parameters
                   node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to revisit in the future.
               Return type
                   None
               Returns
                   None
     reached_fixedpoint(node)
           Mark a node as reached fixed-point. This node as well as all its successors will not be visited in the future.
               Parameters
                   node (TypeVar(NodeType)) – The node to mark as reached fixed-point.
               Return type
                   None
               Returns
                   None
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop.LoopVisitor(loop)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
           Parameters
               loop (angr.analyses.loopfinder.Loop) - The loop to visit.
```

```
__init__(loop)
     successors(node)
           Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
               Parameters
                   node – The node to work with.
               Returns
                   A list of successors.
               Return type
                   list
     predecessors(node)
           Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
               Parameters
                   node – The node to work with.
               Returns
                   A list of predecessors.
     sort_nodes(nodes=None)
           Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.
               Parameters
                   nodes (iterable) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be
                   used to sort.
               Returns
                   A list of sorted nodes.
class angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_graph.SingleNodeGraphVisitor(node)
     Bases: GraphVisitor
           Parameters
               node – The single node that should be in the graph.
     __init__(node)
     node
     node_returned
     reset()
           Reset the internal node traversal state. Must be called prior to visiting future nodes.
               Returns
                   None
     next_node()
           Get the next node to visit.
               Returns
                   A node in the graph.
     successors(node)
           Get successors of a node. The node should be in the graph.
               Parameters
                   node – The node to work with.
```

### Returns

A list of successors.

## Return type

list

## predecessors(node)

Get predecessors of a node. The node should be in the graph.

#### **Parameters**

**node** – The node to work with.

#### Returns

A list of predecessors.

## sort\_nodes(nodes=None)

Get a list of all nodes sorted in an optimal traversal order.

#### **Parameters**

**nodes** (*iterable*) – A collection of nodes to sort. If none, all nodes in the graph will be used to sort.

#### Returns

A list of sorted nodes.

Bases: Analysis

Represents a backward slice of the program.

\_\_init\_\_(cfg, cdg, ddg, targets=None, cfg\_node=None, stmt\_id=None, control\_flow\_slice=False, same\_function=False, no\_construct=False)

Create a backward slice from a specific statement based on provided control flow graph (CFG), control dependence graph (CDG), and data dependence graph (DDG).

The data dependence graph can be either CFG-based, or Value-set analysis based. A CFG-based DDG is much faster to generate, but it only reflects those states while generating the CFG, and it is neither sound nor accurate. The VSA based DDG (called VSA\_DDG) is based on static analysis, which gives you a much better result.

## **Parameters**

- **cfg** The control flow graph.
- **cdg** The control dependence graph.
- **ddg** The data dependence graph.
- **targets** A list of "target" that specify targets of the backward slices. Each target can be a tuple in form of (cfg\_node, stmt\_idx), or a CodeLocation instance.
- **cfg\_node** Deprecated. The target CFGNode to reach. It should exist in the CFG.
- **stmt\_id** Deprecated. The target statement to reach.
- **control\_flow\_slice** True/False, indicates whether we should slice only based on CFG. Sometimes when acquiring DDG is difficult or impossible, you can just create a slice on your CFG. Well, if you don't even have a CFG, then...
- no\_construct Only used for testing and debugging to easily create a BackwardSlice object.

```
dbg_repr(max_display=10)
```

Debugging output of this slice.

#### **Parameters**

max\_display - The maximum number of SimRun slices to show.

#### Returns

A string representation.

### dbg\_repr\_run(run addr)

Debugging output of a single SimRun slice.

### **Parameters**

run\_addr - Address of the SimRun.

#### Returns

A string representation.

## annotated\_cfg(start\_point=None)

Returns an AnnotatedCFG based on slicing result.

## is\_taint\_related\_to\_ip(simrun\_addr, stmt\_idx, taint\_type, simrun\_whitelist=None)

Query in taint graph to check if a specific taint will taint the IP in the future or not. The taint is specified with the tuple (simrun\_addr, stmt\_idx, taint\_type).

#### **Parameters**

- simrun addr Address of the SimRun.
- stmt idx Statement ID.
- taint\_type Type of the taint, might be one of the following: 'reg', 'tmp', 'mem'.
- **simrun\_whitelist** A list of SimRun addresses that are whitelisted, i.e. the tainted exit will be ignored if it is in those SimRuns.

#### **Returns**

True/False

## is\_taint\_impacting\_stack\_pointers(simrun\_addr, stmt\_idx, taint\_type, simrun\_whitelist=None)

Query in taint graph to check if a specific taint will taint the stack pointer in the future or not. The taint is specified with the tuple (simrun\_addr, stmt\_idx, taint\_type).

### **Parameters**

- simrun addr Address of the SimRun.
- **stmt\_idx** Statement ID.
- taint\_type Type of the taint, might be one of the following: 'reg', 'tmp', 'mem'.
- **simrun\_whitelist** A list of SimRun addresses that are whitelisted.

#### Returns

True/False.

## project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

## $\textbf{exception} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{angr.analyses.bindiff.} \textbf{UnmatchedStatementsException} \\$

Bases: Exception

```
class angr.analyses.bindiff.Difference(diff_type, value_a, value_b)
     Bases: object
     __init__(diff_type, value_a, value_b)
class angr.analyses.bindiff.ConstantChange(offset, value_a, value_b)
     Bases: object
     __init__(offset, value_a, value_b)
angr.analyses.bindiff.differing_constants(block_a, block_b)
     Compares two basic blocks and finds all the constants that differ from the first block to the second.
          Parameters
                • block_a – The first block to compare.
                • block_b – The second block to compare.
          Returns
              Returns a list of differing constants in the form of ConstantChange, which has the offset in the
              block and the respective constants.
angr.analyses.bindiff.compare_statement_dict(statement_1, statement_2)
class angr.analyses.bindiff.NormalizedBlock(block, function)
     Bases: object
     __init__(block, function)
class angr.analyses.bindiff.NormalizedFunction(function)
     Bases: object
          Parameters
              function (Function) -
     __init__(function)
              Parameters
                  function (Function) -
class angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff(function_a, function_b, bindiff=None)
     Bases: object
     This class computes the a diff between two functions.
          Parameters
                • function_a (Function) -
                • function_b (Function) -
     __init__(function_a, function_b, bindiff=None)
              Parameters
```

- **function\_a** (*Function*) The first angr Function object to diff.
- **function\_b** (*Function*) The second angr Function object.
- **bindiff** An optional Bindiff object. Used for some extra normalization during basic block comparison.

## property probably\_identical

Whether or not these two functions are identical.

## **Type**

returns

## property identical\_blocks

A list of block matches which appear to be identical

## **Type**

returns

## property differing\_blocks

A list of block matches which appear to differ

## **Type**

returns

## property blocks\_with\_differing\_constants

A list of block matches which appear to differ

### Type

return

## property block\_matches

## property unmatched\_blocks

static get\_normalized\_block(addr, function)

#### **Parameters**

- addr Where to start the normalized block.
- **function** A function containing the block address.

### **Returns**

A normalized basic block.

block\_similarity(block\_a, block\_b)

## **Parameters**

- **block a** The first block address.
- block\_b The second block address.

### Returns

The similarity of the basic blocks, normalized for the base address of the block and function call addresses.

blocks\_probably\_identical(block\_a, block\_b, check\_constants=False)

#### **Parameters**

- block\_a The first block address.
- block\_b The second block address.
- **check\_constants** Whether or not to require matching constants in blocks.

## Returns

Whether or not the blocks appear to be identical.

# **class** angr.analyses.bindiff.**BinDiff**(other\_project, enable\_advanced\_backward\_slicing=False, cfg\_a=None, cfg\_b=None) Bases: Analysis This class computes the a diff between two binaries represented by angr Projects \_\_init\_\_(other\_project, enable\_advanced\_backward\_slicing=False, cfg\_a=None, cfg\_b=None) **Parameters** other\_project - The second project to diff functions\_probably\_identical(func\_a\_addr, func\_b\_addr, check\_consts=False) Compare two functions and return True if they appear identical. **Parameters** • **func\_a\_addr** – The address of the first function (in the first binary). • **func\_b\_addr** – The address of the second function (in the second binary). **Returns** Whether or not the functions appear to be identical. property identical\_functions A list of function matches that appear to be identical **Type** returns property differing\_functions A list of function matches that appear to differ **Type** returns differing\_functions\_with\_consts()

# Returns

A list of function matches that appear to differ including just by constants

## property differing\_blocks

A list of block matches that appear to differ

**Type** 

returns

## property identical\_blocks

return A list of all block matches that appear to be identical

## property blocks\_with\_differing\_constants

A dict of block matches with differing constants to the tuple of constants

Type

return

## property unmatched\_functions

 ${\tt get\_function\_diff}(\textit{function\_addr\_a}, \textit{function\_addr\_b})$ 

## **Parameters**

• **function\_addr\_a** – The address of the first function (in the first binary)

```
• function_addr_b – The address of the second function (in the second binary)
              Returns
                 the FunctionDiff of the two functions
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.boyscout.BoyScout(cookiesize=1)
     Bases: Analysis
     Try to determine the architecture and endieness of a binary blob
     __init__(cookiesize=1)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.calling_convention.CallSiteFact(return_value_used)
     Bases: object
     Store facts about each call site.
     __init__(return value used)
class angr.analyses.calling_convention.UpdateArgumentsOption
     Bases: object
     Enums for controlling the argument updating behavior in _adjust_cc.
     DoNotUpdate = 0
     AlwaysUpdate = 1
     UpdateWhenCCHasNoArgs = 2
class angr.analyses.calling_convention.CallingConventionAnalysis(func, cfg=None,
                                                                          analyze_callsites=False,
                                                                          caller func addr=None,
                                                                          callsite_block_addr=None,
                                                                          callsite_insn_addr=None,
                                                                         func_graph=None)
```

Bases: Analysis

Analyze the calling convention of a function and guess a probable prototype.

The calling convention of a function can be inferred at both its call sites and the function itself. At call sites, we consider all register and stack variables that are not alive after the function call as parameters to this function. In the function itself, we consider all register and stack variables that are read but without initialization as parameters. Then we synthesize the information from both locations and make a reasonable inference of calling convention of this function.

### Variables

- **\_function** The function to recover calling convention for.
- \_variable\_manager A handy accessor to the variable manager.
- **\_cfg** A reference of the CFGModel of the current binary. It is used to discover call sites of the current function in order to perform analysis at call sites.

- analyze\_callsites True if we should analyze all call sites of the current function to determine the calling convention and arguments. This can be time-consuming if there are many call sites to analyze.
- cc The recovered calling convention for the function.

## **Parameters**

```
    func (Function | int | str | None) -
    cfg (CFGModel | None) -
    analyze_callsites (bool) -
    caller_func_addr (int | None) -
```

• callsite\_block\_addr (int / None) -

• callsite\_insn\_addr (int | None) -

• func\_graph (DiGraph | None) -

\_\_init\_\_(func, cfg=None, analyze\_callsites=False, caller\_func\_addr=None, callsite\_block\_addr=None, callsite\_insn\_addr=None, func\_graph=None)

### **Parameters**

```
• func (Function | int | str | None) -

• cfg (CFGModel | None) -

• analyze_callsites (bool) -

• caller_func_addr (int | None) -

• callsite_block_addr (int | None) -

• callsite_insn_addr (int | None) -

• func_graph (DiGraph | None) -

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

is_va_start_amd64(func)

Return type

Tuple[bool, Optional[int]]

Parameters

func (Function) -
```

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.complete\_calling\_conventions.} \\ \textbf{CompleteCallingConventionsAnalysis} \\ (\textit{recover\_variables} = \textit{False} \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.complete\_calling\_conventions.} \\ \textbf{completeCallingConventionsAnalysis} \\ \textbf{(\textit{recover\_variables} = \textit{False})} \\ \textbf{class} \ \, \textbf$ 

```
low_priority=False,
force=False,
cfg=None,
ana-
lyze callsites=False,
skip signature matched
max_function_blocks=No
max function size=None
work-
ers=0,
cc_callback=None,
priori-
tize_func_addrs=None,
skip_other_funcs=False,
auto_start=True,
func_graphs=None)
```

Bases: Analysis

Implements full-binary calling convention analysis. During the initial analysis of a binary, you may set *recover\_variables* to True so that it will perform variable recovery on each function before performing calling convention analysis.

### **Parameters**

- cfg (CFGModel / None) -
- analyze\_callsites(bool) -
- skip\_signature\_matched\_functions (bool) -
- max\_function\_blocks(int | None) -
- max\_function\_size (int | None) -
- workers (int) -
- cc\_callback (Callable | None) -
- prioritize\_func\_addrs (Iterable[int] | None) -
- skip\_other\_funcs (bool) -
- auto\_start(bool) -
- func\_graphs (Dict[int, networkx.DiGraph] | None) -

\_\_init\_\_(recover\_variables=False, low\_priority=False, force=False, cfg=None, analyze\_callsites=False, skip\_signature\_matched\_functions=False, max\_function\_blocks=None, max\_function\_size=None, workers=0, cc\_callback=None, prioritize\_func\_addrs=None, skip\_other\_funcs=False, auto\_start=True, func\_graphs=None)

## **Parameters**

- **recover\_variables** Recover variables on each function before performing calling convention analysis.
- **low\_priority** Run in the background periodically release GIL.
- **force** Perform calling convention analysis on functions even if they have calling conventions or prototypes already specified (or previously recovered).

- **cfg** (Optional[CFGMode1]) The control flow graph model, which will be passed to CallingConventionAnalysis.
- analyze\_callsites (bool) Consider artifacts at call sites when performing calling convention analysis.
- **skip\_signature\_matched\_functions** (bool) Do not perform calling convention analysis on functions that match against existing FLIRT signatures.
- max\_function\_blocks (Optional[int]) Do not perform calling convention analysis on functions with more than the specified number of blocks. Setting it to None disables this check.
- max\_function\_size (Optional[int]) Do not perform calling convention analysis on functions whose sizes are more than max\_function\_size. Setting it to None disables this check.
- workers (int) Number of multiprocessing workers.
- cc\_callback (Callable | None) -
- prioritize\_func\_addrs (Iterable[int] | None) -
- skip\_other\_funcs (bool) -
- auto\_start (bool) -
- func\_graphs (Dict[int, DiGraph] | None) -

## work()

## project: Project

## kb: KnowledgeBase

## prioritize\_functions(func\_addrs\_to\_prioritize)

Prioritize the analysis of specified functions.

#### **Parameters**

 $\label{lem:func_addrs_to_prioritize} \textbf{(Iterable[int])} - A \ collection \ of \ function \ addresses \ to \ analyze \ first.$ 

## static function\_needs\_variable\_recovery(func)

Check if running variable recovery on the function is the only way to determine the calling convention of the this function.

We do not need to run variable recovery to determine the calling convention of a function if: - The function is a SimProcedure. - The function is a PLT stub. - The function is a library function and we already know its prototype.

## **Parameters**

**func** – The function object.

#### Returns

True if we must run VariableRecovery before we can determine what the calling convention of this function is. False otherwise.

## Return type

bool

## exception angr.analyses.soot\_class\_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchyError(msg)

Bases: Exception

```
__init__(msg)
exception angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.NoConcreteDispatch(msg)
     Bases: SootClassHierarchyError
     __init__(msg)
class angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy
     Bases: Analysis
     Generate complete hierarchy.
     __init__()
     init_hierarchy()
     has_super_class(cls)
     is_subclass_including(cls_child, cls_parent)
     is_subclass(cls_child, cls_parent)
     is_visible_method(cls, method)
     is_visible_class(cls_from, cls_to)
     get_super_classes(cls)
     get_super_classes_including(cls)
     get_implementers(interface)
     get_sub_interfaces_including(interface)
     get_sub_interfaces(interface)
     get_sub_classes(cls)
     get_sub_classes_including(cls)
     resolve_abstract_dispatch(cls, method)
     resolve_concrete_dispatch(cls, method)
     resolve_special_dispatch(method, container)
     resolve_invoke(invoke_expr, method, container)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanketView(cfb)
     Bases: object
     A view into the control-flow blanket.
     __init__(cfb)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.MemoryRegion(addr, size, type_, object_, cle_region)
     Bases: object
```

```
__init__(addr, size, type_, object_, cle_region)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.Unknown(addr, size, bytes_=None, object_=None, segment=None,
                                          section=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, size, bytes_=None, object_=None, segment=None, section=None)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket(exclude_region_types=None, on_object_added=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     A Control-Flow Blanket is a representation for storing all instructions, data entries, and bytes of a full program.
     Region types: - section - segment - extern - tls - kernel
          Parameters
                • exclude_region_types (Set[str] | None) -
                • on_object_added(Callable[[int, Any], None] | None) -
     __init__(exclude_region_types=None, on_object_added=None)
              Parameters
                   • on_object_added (Optional[Callable[[int, Any], None]]) - Callable with parame-
                    ters (addr, obj) called after an object is added to the blanket.
                   • exclude_region_types (Set[str] | None) -
     property regions
          Return all memory regions.
     floor_addr(addr)
     floor_item(addr)
     floor_items(addr=None, reverse=False)
     ceiling_addr(addr)
     ceiling_item(addr)
     ceiling_items(addr=None, reverse=False, include_first=True)
     add_obj(addr, obj)
          Adds an object obj to the blanket at the specified address addr
     add_function(func)
          Add a function func and all blocks of this function to the blanket.
     dbg_repr()
          The debugging representation of this CFBlanket.
              Returns
                  The debugging representation of this CFBlanket.
              Return type
                  str
     project: Project
```

## kb: KnowledgeBase

exception angr.analyses.cfg.cfg.OutdatedError

Bases: Exception

class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg.CFG(\*\*kwargs)

Bases: CFGFast

tl;dr: CFG is just a wrapper around CFGFast for compatibility issues. It will be fully replaced by CFGFast in future releases. Feel free to use CFG if you intend to use CFGFast. Please use CFGEmulated if you *have to* use the old, slow, dynamically-generated version of CFG.

For multiple historical reasons, angr's CFG is accurate but slow, which does not meet what most people expect. We developed CFGFast for light-speed CFG recovery, and renamed the old CFG class to CFGEmulated. For compability concerns, CFG was kept as an alias to CFGEmulated.

However, so many new users of angr would load up a binary and generate a CFG immediately after running "pip install angr", and draw the conclusion that "angr's CFG is so slow - angr must be unusable!" Therefore, we made the hard decision: CFG will be an alias to CFGFast, instead of CFGEmulated.

To ease the transition of your existing code and script, the following changes are made:

- A CFG class, which is a sub class of CFGFast, is created.
- You will see both a warning message printed out to stderr and an exception raised by angr if you are passing CFG any parameter that only CFGEmulated supports. This exception is not a sub class of AngrError, so you wouldn't capture it with your old code by mistake.
- In the near future, this wrapper class will be removed completely, and CFG will be a simple alias to CFGFast.

We expect most interfaces are the same between CFGFast and CFGEmulated. Apparently some functionalities (like context-sensitivity, and state keeping) only exist in CFGEmulated, which is when you want to use CFGEmulated instead.

```
__init__(**kwargs)
```

#### **Parameters**

- binary The binary to recover CFG on. By default the main binary is used.
- **objects** A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- pickle\_intermediate\_results (bool) If we want to store the intermediate results or not.
- **symbols** (*bool*) Get function beginnings from symbols in the binary.
- **function\_prologues** (*bool*) Scan the binary for function prologues, and use those positions as function beginnings
- **resolve\_indirect\_jumps** (*boo1*) Try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **force\_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **force\_complete\_scan** (*bool*) Perform a complete scan on the binary and maximize the number of identified code blocks.

- **data\_references** (*boo1*) Enables the collection of references to data used by individual instructions. This does not collect 'cross-references', particularly those that involve multiple instructions. For that, see *cross\_references*
- **cross\_references** (*boo1*) Whether CFGFast should collect "cross-references" from the entire program or not. This will populate the knowledge base with references to and from each recognizable address constant found in the code. Note that, because this performs constant propagation on the entire program, it may be much slower and consume more memory. This option implies *data references=True*.
- normalize (bool) Normalize the CFG as well as all function graphs after CFG recovery.
- **start\_at\_entry** (*bool*) Begin CFG recovery at the entry point of this project. Setting it to False prevents CFGFast from viewing the entry point as one of the starting points of code scanning.
- **function\_starts** (*list*) A list of extra function starting points. CFGFast will try to resume scanning from each address in the list.
- **extra\_memory\_regions** (*1ist*) A list of 2-tuple (start-address, end-address) that shows extra memory regions. Integers falling inside will be considered as pointers.
- **indirect\_jump\_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- base\_state A state to use as a backer for all memory loads
- **detect\_tail\_calls** (*bool*) Enable aggressive tail-call optimization detection.
- elf\_eh\_frame (bool) Retrieve function starts (and maybe sizes later) from the .eh\_frame of ELF binaries.
- **skip\_unmapped\_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- indirect\_calls\_always\_return Should CFG assume indirect calls must return or not. Assuming indirect calls must return will significantly reduce the number of constant propagation runs, but may reduce the overall CFG recovery precision when facing non-returning indirect calls. By default, we only assume indirect calls always return for large binaries (region > 50KB).
- jumptable\_resolver\_resolves\_calls Whether JumpTableResolver should resolve indirect calls or not. Most indirect calls in C++ binaries or UEFI binaries cannot be resolved using jump table resolver and must be resolved using their specific resolvers. By default, we will only disable JumpTableResolver from resolving indirect calls for large binaries (region > 50 KB).
- start (int) (Deprecated) The beginning address of CFG recovery.
- end (int) (Deprecated) The end address of CFG recovery.
- arch\_options (CFGArchOptions) Architecture-specific options.
- **extra\_arch\_options** (*dict*) Any key-value pair in kwargs will be seen as an arch-specific option and will be used to set the option value in self.\_arch\_options.

Extra parameters that angr. Analysis takes:

#### **Parameters**

- **progress\_callback** Specify a callback function to get the progress during CFG recovery.
- show\_progressbar (boo1) Should CFGFast show a progressbar during CFG recovery or not.

## Returns

None

Bases: object

A PendingJob is whatever will be put into our pending\_exit list. A pending exit is an entry that created by the returning of a call or syscall. It is "pending" since we cannot immediately figure out whether this entry will be executed or not. If the corresponding call/syscall intentially doesn't return, then the pending exit will be removed. If the corresponding call/syscall returns, then the pending exit will be removed as well (since a real entry is created from the returning and will be analyzed later). If the corresponding call/syscall might return, but for some reason (for example, an unsupported instruction is met during the analysis) our analysis does not return properly, then the pending exit will be picked up and put into remaining\_jobs list.

**\_\_init\_\_**(caller\_func\_addr, returning\_source, state, src\_block\_id, src\_exit\_stmt\_idx, src\_exit\_ins\_addr, call\_stack)

## **Parameters**

- **returning\_source** Address of the callee function. It might be None if address of the callee is not resolvable.
- **state** The state after returning from the callee function. Of course there is no way to get a precise state without emulating the execution of the callee, but at least we can properly adjust the stack and registers to imitate the real returned state.
- call\_stack A callstack.

**class** angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_emulated.**CFGEmulated**(context\_sensitivity\_level=1, start=None,

avoid\_runs=None, enable\_function\_hints=False, call\_depth=None, call\_tracing\_filter=None, initial\_state=None, starts=None, keep\_state=False, indirect\_jump\_target\_limit=100000, resolve\_indirect\_jumps=True, enable\_advanced\_backward\_slicing=False, enable\_symbolic\_back\_traversal=False, indirect\_jump\_resolvers=None, additional\_edges=None, no\_construct=False, normalize=False, max\_iterations=1, address\_whitelist=None, base\_graph=None, iropt\_level=None, max\_steps=None, state\_add\_options=None, model=None)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, CFGBase

This class represents a control-flow graph.

tag: Optional[str] = 'CFGEmulated'

All parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- **context\_sensitivity\_level** The level of context-sensitivity of this CFG (see documentation for further details). It ranges from 0 to infinity. Default 1.
- avoid\_runs A list of runs to avoid.
- **enable\_function\_hints** Whether to use function hints (constants that might be used as exit targets) or not.
- **call\_depth** How deep in the call stack to trace.
- **call\_tracing\_filter** Filter to apply on a given path and jumpkind to determine if it should be skipped when call\_depth is reached.
- **initial\_state** An initial state to use to begin analysis.
- **starts** (*iterable*) A collection of starting points to begin analysis. It can contain the following three different types of entries: an address specified as an integer, a 2-tuple that includes an integer address and a jumpkind, or a SimState instance. Unsupported entries in starts will lead to an AngrCFGError being raised.
- **keep\_state** Whether to keep the SimStates for each CFGNode.
- **resolve\_indirect\_jumps** Whether to enable the indirect jump resolvers for resolving indirect jumps
- **enable\_advanced\_backward\_slicing** Whether to enable an intensive technique for resolving indirect jumps

- **enable\_symbolic\_back\_traversal** Whether to enable an intensive technique for resolving indirect jumps
- **indirect\_jump\_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- additional\_edges A dict mapping addresses of basic blocks to addresses of successors to manually include and analyze forward from.
- **no\_construct** (*bool*) Skip the construction procedure. Only used in unit-testing.
- **normalize** (bool) If the CFG as well as all Function graphs should be normalized or not.
- max\_iterations (int) The maximum number of iterations that each basic block should be "executed". 1 by default. Larger numbers of iterations are usually required for complex analyses like loop analysis.
- address\_whitelist (*iterable*) A list of allowed addresses. Any basic blocks outside of this collection of addresses will be ignored.
- base\_graph (networkx.DiGraph) A basic control flow graph to follow. Each node inside this graph must have the following properties: addr and size. CFG recovery will strictly follow nodes and edges shown in the graph, and discard any contorl flow that does not follow an existing edge in the base graph. For example, you can pass in a Function local transition graph as the base graph, and CFGEmulated will traverse nodes and edges and extract useful information.
- **iropt\_level** (*int*) The optimization level of VEX IR (0, 1, 2). The default level will be used if *iropt\_level* is None.
- max\_steps (int) The maximum number of basic blocks to recover forthe longest path from each start before pausing the recovery procedure.
- **state\_add\_options** State options that will be added to the initial state.
- **state\_remove\_options** State options that will be removed from the initial state.

## copy()

Make a copy of the CFG.

## Return type

**CFGEmulated** 

#### Returns

A copy of the CFG instance.

**resume**(starts=None, max\_steps=None)

Resume a paused or terminated control flow graph recovery.

## **Parameters**

- **starts** (*iterable*) A collection of new starts to resume from. If *starts* is None, we will resume CFG recovery from where it was paused before.
- max\_steps (int) The maximum number of blocks on the longest path starting from each start before pausing the recovery.

## Returns

None

### remove\_cycles()

Forces graph to become acyclic, removes all loop back edges and edges between overlapped loop headers and their successors.

## downsize()

Remove saved states from all CFGNodes to reduce memory usage.

#### Returns

None

# unroll\_loops(max\_loop\_unrolling\_times)

Unroll loops for each function. The resulting CFG may still contain loops due to recursion, function calls, etc.

#### **Parameters**

```
max_loop_unrolling_times (int) – The maximum iterations of unrolling.
```

#### **Returns**

None

# force\_unroll\_loops(max\_loop\_unrolling\_times)

Unroll loops globally. The resulting CFG does not contain any loop, but this method is slow on large graphs.

### **Parameters**

```
max_loop_unrolling_times (int) – The maximum iterations of unrolling.
```

#### Returns

None

# immediate\_dominators(start, target\_graph=None)

Get all immediate dominators of sub graph from given node upwards.

## **Parameters**

- start(str) id of the node to navigate forwards from.
- **target\_graph** (networkx.classes.digraph.DiGraph) graph to analyse, default is self.graph.

### Returns

each node of graph as index values, with element as respective node's immediate dominator.

# Return type

dict

## immediate\_postdominators(end, target\_graph=None)

Get all immediate postdominators of sub graph from given node upwards.

#### **Parameters**

- **start** (*str*) id of the node to navigate forwards from.
- target\_graph (networkx.classes.digraph.DiGraph) graph to analyse, default is self.graph.

#### Returns

each node of graph as index values, with element as respective node's immediate dominator.

# Return type

dict

## remove\_fakerets()

Get rid of fake returns (i.e., Ijk\_FakeRet edges) from this CFG

### Returns

None

## get\_topological\_order(cfg\_node)

Get the topological order of a CFG Node.

#### **Parameters**

**cfg\_node** – A CFGNode instance.

### **Returns**

An integer representing its order, or None if the CFGNode does not exist in the graph.

### get\_subgraph(starting\_node, block\_addresses)

Get a sub-graph out of a bunch of basic block addresses.

#### **Parameters**

- starting\_node (CFGNode) The beginning of the subgraph
- **block\_addresses** (*iterable*) A collection of block addresses that should be included in the subgraph if there is a path between *starting\_node* and a CFGNode with the specified address, and all nodes on the path should also be included in the subgraph.

### Returns

A new CFG that only contain the specific subgraph.

## Return type

**CFGEmulated** 

# get\_function\_subgraph(start, max\_call\_depth=None)

Get a sub-graph of a certain function.

### **Parameters**

- **start** The function start. Currently it should be an integer.
- max\_call\_depth Call depth limit. None indicates no limit.

# Returns

A CFG instance which is a sub-graph of self.graph

## property context\_sensitivity\_level

property graph

### property unresolvables

Get those SimRuns that have non-resolvable exits.

### Returns

A set of SimRuns

## Return type

set

## property deadends

Get all CFGNodes that has an out-degree of 0

#### Returns

A list of CFGNode instances

# Return type

list

Bases: Analysis

The base class for control flow graphs.

tag: Optional[str] = None

\_\_init\_\_(sort, context\_sensitivity\_level, normalize=False, binary=None, objects=None, regions=None, exclude\_sparse\_regions=True, skip\_specific\_regions=True, force\_segment=False, base\_state=None, resolve\_indirect\_jumps=True, indirect\_jump\_resolvers=None, indirect\_jump\_target\_limit=100000, detect\_tail\_calls=False, low\_priority=False, skip\_unmapped\_addrs=True, sp\_tracking\_track\_memory=True, model=None)

#### **Parameters**

- **sort** (*str*) 'fast' or 'emulated'.
- **context\_sensitivity\_level** (*int*) The level of context-sensitivity of this CFG (see documentation for further details). It ranges from 0 to infinity.
- **normalize** (*bool*) Whether the CFG as well as all Function graphs should be normalized.
- **binary** (*cle.backends.Backend*) The binary to recover CFG on. By default, the main binary is used.
- **objects** A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default, it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- **force\_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **base\_state** (angr.SimState) A state to use as a backer for all memory loads.
- **resolve\_indirect\_jumps** (*boo1*) Whether to try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **indirect\_jump\_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- indirect\_jump\_target\_limit (int) Maximum indirect jump targets to be recovered.
- **skip\_unmapped\_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- **detect\_tail\_calls** (*bool*) Aggressive tail-call optimization detection. This option is only respected in make\_functions().

- sp\_tracking\_track\_memory (bool) Whether or not to track memory writes if tracking the stack pointer. This increases the accuracy of stack pointer tracking, especially for architectures without a base pointer. Only used if detect\_tail\_calls is enabled.
- model (None or CFGModel) The CFGModel instance to write to. A new CFGModel

```
instance will be created and registered with the knowledge base if model is None.
         Returns
            None
property model:
                   CFGModel
     Get the CFGModel instance. :return: The CFGModel instance that this analysis currently uses.
property normalized
property context_sensitivity_level
property functions
     A reference to the FunctionManager in the current knowledge base.
            FunctionManager with all functions
         Return type
            angr.knowledge_plugins.FunctionManager
make_copy(copy_to)
     Copy self attributes to the new object.
         Parameters
            copy_to (CFGBase) – The target to copy to.
         Returns
            None
copy()
output()
generate_index()
     Generate an index of all nodes in the graph in order to speed up get_any_node() with anyaddr=True.
         Returns
            None
get_predecessors(**kwargs)
get_successors(**kwargs)
get_successors_and_jumpkind(**kwargs)
get_all_predecessors(**kwargs)
get_all_successors(**kwargs)
get_node(**kwargs)
```

get\_any\_node(\*\*kwargs)

get\_all\_nodes(\*\*kwargs)

```
nodes(**kwargs)
nodes_iter(**kwargs)
get_loop_back_edges()
get_branching_nodes(**kwargs)
get_exit_stmt_idx(**kwargs)
property graph: networkx.DiGraph[CFGNode]
remove_edge(block_from, block_to)
is_thumb_addr(addr)
normalize()
```

Normalize the CFG, making sure that there are no overlapping basic blocks.

Note that this method will not alter transition graphs of each function in self.kb.functions. You may call normalize() on each Function object to normalize their transition graphs.

#### Returns

None

## mark\_function\_alignments()

Find all potential function alignments and mark them.

Note that it is not always correct to simply remove them, because these functions may not be actual alignments but part of an actual function, and is incorrectly marked as an individual function because of failures in resolving indirect jumps. An example is in the test binary x86\_64/dir\_gcc\_-00 0x40541d (indirect jump at 0x4051b0). If the indirect jump cannot be correctly resolved, removing function 0x40541d will cause a missing label failure in reassembler.

### Returns

None

### make\_functions()

Revisit the entire control flow graph, create Function instances accordingly, and correctly put blocks into each function.

Although Function objects are crated during the CFG recovery, they are neither sound nor accurate. With a pre-constructed CFG, this method rebuilds all functions bearing the following rules:

- A block may only belong to one function.
- Small functions lying inside the startpoint and the endpoint of another function will be merged with the other function
- Tail call optimizations are detected.
- PLT stubs are aligned by 16.

### Returns

None

## exception angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_fast.ContinueScanningNotification

Bases: RuntimeError

A notification raised by \_next\_code\_addr\_core() to indicate no code address is found and \_next\_code\_addr\_core() should be invoked again.

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.ARMDecodingMode
     Bases: object
     Enums indicating decoding mode for ARM code.
     ARM = 0
     THUMB = 1
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.DecodingAssumption(addr, size, mode)
     Bases: object
     Describes the decoding mode (ARM/THUMB) for a given basic block identified by its address.
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • size (int) -
                • mode (int) -
     __init__(addr, size, mode)
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • size (int) -
                  • mode (int) -
     add_data_seg(addr, size)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • size (int) -
class angr.analyses.cfg_fast.FunctionReturn(callee_func_addr, caller_func_addr, call_site_addr,
                                                       return_to)
     Bases: object
     FunctionReturn describes a function call in a specific location and its return location. Hashable and equatable
     __init__(callee_func_addr, caller_func_addr, call_site_addr, return_to)
     callee_func_addr
     caller_func_addr
     call_site_addr
     return_to
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs(functions, deregister_job_callback)
     Bases: object
     A collection of pending jobs during CFG recovery.
```

```
__init__(functions, deregister_job_callback)
     add_job(job)
     pop_job(returning=True)
           Pop a job from the pending jobs list.
           When returning == True, we prioritize the jobs whose functions are known to be returning (func-
           tion.returning is True). As an optimization, we are sorting the pending jobs list according to
          job.function.returning.
               Parameters
                   returning (bool) – Only pop a pending job if the corresponding function returns.
                   A pending job if we can find one, or None if we cannot find any that satisfies the requirement.
               Return type
                   angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob
     cleanup()
           Remove those pending exits if: a) they are the return exits of non-returning SimProcedures b) they are the
           return exits of non-returning syscalls b) they are the return exits of non-returning functions
               Returns
                   None
     add_returning_function(func_addr)
           Mark a function as returning.
               Parameters
                   func_addr (int) – Address of the function that returns.
               Returns
                   None
     add_nonreturning_function(func_addr)
           Mark a function as not returning.
               Parameters
                   func_addr (int) – Address of the function that does not return.
               Returns
                   None
     clear_updated_functions()
           Clear the updated_functions set.
               Returns
                   None
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionEdge
     Bases: object
     Describes an edge in functions' transition graphs. Base class for all types of edges.
     apply(cfg)
     src_func_addr
     stmt_idx
```

```
ins_addr
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr,
                                                                 to_outside=False, dst_func_addr=None,
                                                                 stmt idx=None, ins addr=None,
                                                                 is_exception=False)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a transition edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr, to_outside=False, dst_func_addr=None, stmt_idx=None,
               ins_addr=None, is_exception=False)
     src_node
     dst_addr
     to_outside
     dst_func_addr
     is_exception
     apply(cfg)
class angr.analyses.cfg_fast.FunctionCallEdge(src_node, dst_addr, ret_addr, src_func_addr,
                                                          syscall=False, stmt_idx=None, ins_addr=None)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a call edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(src_node, dst_addr, ret_addr, src_func_addr, syscall=False, stmt_idx=None, ins_addr=None)
     src_node
     dst_addr
     ret_addr
     syscall
     apply(cfg)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEdge(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr,
                                                             confirmed=None)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a FakeReturn (also called fall-through) edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(src_node, dst_addr, src_func_addr, confirmed=None)
     src_node
     dst_addr
     confirmed
     apply(cfg)
```

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge(ret_from_addr, ret_to_addr, dst_func_addr)
     Bases: FunctionEdge
     Describes a return (from a function call or a syscall) edge in functions' transition graphs.
     __init__(ret_from_addr, ret_to_addr, dst_func_addr)
     ret_from_addr
     ret_to_addr
     dst_func_addr
     apply(cfg)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJobType(value)
     Bases: Enum
     Defines the type of work of a CFGJob
     NORMAL = 0
     FUNCTION_PROLOGUE = 1
     COMPLETE\_SCANNING = 2
     IFUNC_HINTS = 3
     DATAREF_HINTS = 4
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob(addr, func_addr, jumpkind, ret_target=None, last_addr=None,
                                             src_node=None, src_ins_addr=None, src_stmt_idx=None,
                                             returning_source=None, syscall=False, func_edges=None,
                                             job_type=CFGJobType.NORMAL, gp=None)
     Bases: object
     Defines a job to work on during the CFG recovery
          Parameters
                • addr (int) -
                • func_addr (int) -
                • jumpkind (str) -
                • ret_target (int | None) -
                • last_addr (int | None) -
                • src_node (CFGNode / None) -
                • src_ins_addr (int | None) -
                • src_stmt_idx (int | None) -
                • syscall (bool) -
                • func_edges (List | None) -
                • job_type (CFGJobType) -
                • gp (int | None) -
```

addr

func\_addr

jumpkind

last\_addr

src\_node

syscall

job\_type

apply\_function\_edges(cfg, clear=False)

gp

\_\_init\_\_(addr, func\_addr, jumpkind, ret\_target=None, last\_addr=None, src\_node=None,  $src\_ins\_addr=None, src\_stmt\_idx=None, returning\_source=None, syscall=False,$ func\_edges=None, job\_type=CFGJobType.NORMAL, gp=None)

### **Parameters**

```
• addr (int) -
            • func_addr (int) -
            • jumpkind (str) -
            • ret_target (int | None) -
            • last_addr (int | None) -
            • src_node (CFGNode / None) -
            • src_ins_addr (int | None) -
            • src_stmt_idx (int | None) -
            • syscall (bool) -
            • func_edges (List | None) -
            • job_type (CFGJobType) -
            • gp (int | None) -
ret_target
src_ins_addr
src_stmt_idx
returning_source
add_function_edge(edge)
```

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast(binary=None, objects=None, regions=None,
                                                 pickle_intermediate_results=False, symbols=True,
                                                 function prologues=True, resolve indirect jumps=True,
                                                 force_segment=False, force_smart_scan=True,
                                                 force complete scan=False,
                                                 indirect jump target limit=100000, data references=True,
                                                 cross references=False, normalize=False,
                                                 start_at_entry=True, function_starts=None,
                                                 extra_memory_regions=None,
                                                 data_type_guessing_handlers=None, arch_options=None,
                                                 indirect_jump_resolvers=None, base_state=None,
                                                 exclude_sparse_regions=True, skip_specific_regions=True,
                                                 heuristic_plt_resolving=None, detect_tail_calls=False,
                                                 low_priority=False, cfb=None, model=None,
                                                 elf_eh_frame=True, exceptions=True,
                                                 skip_unmapped_addrs=True, nodecode_window_size=512,
                                                 nodecode_threshold=0.3, nodecode_step=16483,
                                                 indirect calls always return=None,
                                                 jumptable_resolver_resolves_calls=None, start=None,
                                                 end=None, collect data references=None,
                                                 extra_cross_references=None, **extra_arch_options)
```

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[CFGNode, CFGNode, CFGJob, int], CFGBase

We find functions inside the given binary, and build a control-flow graph in very fast manners: instead of simulating program executions, keeping track of states, and performing expensive data-flow analysis, CFGFast will only perform light-weight analyses combined with some heuristics, and with some strong assumptions.

In order to identify as many functions as possible, and as accurate as possible, the following operation sequence is followed:

### # Active scanning

- If the binary has "function symbols" (TODO: this term is not accurate enough), they are starting points of the code scanning
- If the binary does not have any "function symbol", we will first perform a function prologue scanning on the entire binary, and start from those places that look like function beginnings
- Otherwise, the binary's entry point will be the starting point for scanning

#### # Passive scanning

After all active scans are done, we will go through the whole image and scan all code pieces

Due to the nature of those techniques that are used here, a base address is often not required to use this analysis routine. However, with a correct base address, CFG recovery will almost always yield a much better result. A custom analysis, called GirlScout, is specifically made to recover the base address of a binary blob. After the base address is determined, you may want to reload the binary with the new base address by creating a new Project object, and then re-recover the CFG.

```
PRINTABLES = b'0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ!"#$%&\
'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^_`{|}~ \t\n\r'

SPECIAL_THUNKS = {'AMD64':
{b'\xe8\x07\x00\x00\x00\xf3\x90\x0f\xae\xe8\xeb\xf9H\x89\x04$\xc3': ('jmp', 'rax'),
b'\xe8\x07\x00\x00\x00\x00\xf3\x90\x0f\xae\xe8\xeb\xf9H\x8dd$\x08\xc3': ('ret',)}}

tag: Optional[str] = 'CFGFast'
```

\_\_init\_\_(binary=None, objects=None, regions=None, pickle\_intermediate\_results=False, symbols=True, function\_prologues=True, resolve\_indirect\_jumps=True, force\_segment=False, force\_smart\_scan=True, force\_complete\_scan=False, indirect\_jump\_target\_limit=100000, data\_references=True, cross\_references=False, normalize=False, start\_at\_entry=True, function\_starts=None, extra\_memory\_regions=None, data\_type\_guessing\_handlers=None, arch\_options=None, indirect\_jump\_resolvers=None, base\_state=None, exclude\_sparse\_regions=True, skip\_specific\_regions=True, heuristic\_plt\_resolving=None, detect\_tail\_calls=False, low\_priority=False, cfb=None, model=None, elf\_eh\_frame=True, exceptions=True, skip\_unmapped\_addrs=True, nodecode\_window\_size=512, nodecode\_threshold=0.3, nodecode\_step=16483, indirect\_calls\_always\_return=None, jumptable\_resolver\_resolves\_calls=None, start=None, end=None, collect\_data\_references=None, extra\_cross\_references=None, \*\*extra\_arch\_options)

#### **Parameters**

- **binary** The binary to recover CFG on. By default the main binary is used.
- objects A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- pickle\_intermediate\_results (bool) If we want to store the intermediate results or not.
- **symbols** (*bool*) Get function beginnings from symbols in the binary.
- **function\_prologues** (*bool*) Scan the binary for function prologues, and use those positions as function beginnings
- **resolve\_indirect\_jumps** (*bool*) Try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **force\_segment** (bool) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **force\_complete\_scan** (*bool*) Perform a complete scan on the binary and maximize the number of identified code blocks.
- data\_references (bool) Enables the collection of references to data used by individual instructions. This does not collect 'cross-references', particularly those that involve multiple instructions. For that, see *cross\_references*
- cross\_references (boo1) Whether CFGFast should collect "cross-references" from the entire program or not. This will populate the knowledge base with references to and from each recognizable address constant found in the code. Note that, because this performs constant propagation on the entire program, it may be much slower and consume more memory. This option implies data\_references=True.
- **normalize** (bool) Normalize the CFG as well as all function graphs after CFG recovery.
- **start\_at\_entry** (*boo1*) Begin CFG recovery at the entry point of this project. Setting it to False prevents CFGFast from viewing the entry point as one of the starting points of code scanning.
- **function\_starts** (*list*) A list of extra function starting points. CFGFast will try to resume scanning from each address in the list.
- **extra\_memory\_regions** (*1ist*) A list of 2-tuple (start-address, end-address) that shows extra memory regions. Integers falling inside will be considered as pointers.

- **indirect\_jump\_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- base\_state A state to use as a backer for all memory loads
- **detect\_tail\_calls** (*bool*) Enable aggressive tail-call optimization detection.
- elf\_eh\_frame (bool) Retrieve function starts (and maybe sizes later) from the .eh frame of ELF binaries.
- **skip\_unmapped\_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- indirect\_calls\_always\_return (Optional[bool]) Should CFG assume indirect calls must return or not. Assuming indirect calls must return will significantly reduce the number of constant propagation runs, but may reduce the overall CFG recovery precision when facing non-returning indirect calls. By default, we only assume indirect calls always return for large binaries (region > 50KB).
- jumptable\_resolver\_resolves\_calls (Optional[boo1]) Whether JumpTableResolver should resolve indirect calls or not. Most indirect calls in C++ binaries or UEFI binaries cannot be resolved using jump table resolver and must be resolved using their specific resolvers. By default, we will only disable JumpTableResolver from resolving indirect calls for large binaries (region > 50 KB).
- start (int) (Deprecated) The beginning address of CFG recovery.
- end (int) (Deprecated) The end address of CFG recovery.
- arch\_options (CFGArchOptions) Architecture-specific options.
- **extra\_arch\_options** (*dict*) Any key-value pair in kwargs will be seen as an arch-specific option and will be used to set the option value in self.\_arch\_options.

Extra parameters that angr. Analysis takes:

#### **Parameters**

- progress\_callback Specify a callback function to get the progress during CFG recovery.
- show\_progressbar (boo1) Should CFGFast show a progressbar during CFG recovery or not.
- indirect\_calls\_always\_return (bool | None) -
- jumptable\_resolver\_resolves\_calls (bool | None) -

#### Returns

None

```
property graph
property memory_data
property jump_tables
property insn_addr_to_memory_data
```

```
do_full_xrefs(overlay state=None)
          Perform xref recovery on all functions.
              Parameters
                  overlay (SimState) – An overlay state for loading constant data.
              Returns
                  None
     copy()
     indirect_jumps: Dict[int, IndirectJump]
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     output()
     generate_code_cover(**kwargs)
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_arch_options.CFGArchOptions(arch, **options)
     Bases: object
     Stores architecture-specific options and settings, as well as the detailed explanation of those options and settings.
     Suppose ao is the CFGArchOptions object, and there is an option called ret jumpkind heuristics, you can access
     it by ao.ret jumpkind heuristics and set its value via ao.ret jumpkind heuristics = True
          Variables
                • OPTIONS (dict) – A dict of all default options for different architectures.
                • arch (archinfo.Arch) – The architecture object.
                • _options (dict) – Values of all CFG options that are specific to the current architecture.
     OPTIONS = {'ARMCortexM': {'pattern_match_ifuncs': (<class 'bool'>, True),
     'ret_jumpkind_heuristics': (<class 'bool'>, True), 'switch_mode_on_nodecode':
     (<class 'bool'>, False)}, 'ARMEL': {'pattern_match_ifuncs': (<class 'bool'>, True),
     'ret_jumpkind_heuristics': (<class 'bool'>, True), 'switch_mode_on_nodecode':
     (<class 'bool'>, True)}, 'ARMHF': {'pattern_match_ifuncs': (<class 'bool'>, True),
     'ret_jumpkind_heuristics': (<class 'bool'>, True), 'switch_mode_on_nodecode':
     (<class 'bool'>, True)}}
     __init__(arch, **options)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  • arch (archinfo.Arch) – The architecture instance.
                  • options (dict) - Architecture-specific options, which will be used to initialize this object.
     arch = None
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockID(addr, callsite tuples, jump type)
     Bases: object
     A context-sensitive key for a SimRun object.
     __init__(addr, callsite_tuples, jump_type)
```

```
callsite_repr()
     static new(addr, callstack_suffix, jumpkind)
     property func_addr
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.FunctionKey(addr, callsite_tuples)
     Bases: object
     A context-sensitive key for a function.
     __init__(addr, callsite_tuples)
     callsite_repr()
     static new(addr, callsite_tuples)
class angr.analyses.cfg_job_base.CFGJobBase(addr, state, context_sensitivity_level, block_id=None,
                                                       src_block_id=None, src_exit_stmt_idx=None,
                                                       src_ins_addr=None, jumpkind=None,
                                                       call_stack=None, is_narrowing=False, skip=False,
                                                       final_return_address=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes an entry in CFG or VFG. Only used internally by the analysis.
          Parameters
                • state (SimState) -
                • jumpkind(str / None) -
     __init__(addr, state, context sensitivity level, block id=None, src block id=None,
               src_exit_stmt_idx=None, src_ins_addr=None, jumpkind=None, call_stack=None,
               is_narrowing=False, skip=False, final_return_address=None)
              Parameters
                  • state (SimState) -
                  • jumpkind (str | None) -
     property call_stack
     call_stack_copy()
     get_call_stack_suffix()
     property func_addr
     property current_stack_pointer
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.amd64_elf_got.AMD64ElfGotResolver(project)
     Bases: IndirectJumpResolver
     A timeless indirect jump resolver that resolves GOT entries on AMD64 ELF binaries.
     __init__(project)
```

**filter**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

### **Returns**

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

### Return type

bool

**resolve**(*cfg*, *addr*, *func\_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func\_graph\_complete=True*, \*\*kwargs)
Resolve an indirect jump.

#### **Parameters**

- cfg The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func\_graph\_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

### Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

## Return type

tuple

 $\textbf{class} \texttt{ angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.arm\_elf\_fast.} \textbf{ArmElfFastResolver} (\textit{project})$ 

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

Resolves the indirect jump in ARM ELF binaries where all internal function calls are performed in the following manner:

```
ldr r3, [pc+#0x124] ; load a constant from the constant_pool
blx r3
```

```
__init__(project)
```

**filter**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

### **Parameters**

• **addr** (*int*) – Basic block address of this indirect jump.

- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

### **Returns**

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

## Return type

bool

**resolve**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind, func\_graph\_complete=True, \*\*kwargs)

The main resolving function.

### **Parameters**

- cfg A CFG instance.
- addr (int) Address of the IRSB.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function.
- block The IRSB.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- func\_graph\_complete(bool) -

### **Returns**

### Return type

tuple

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.x86\_pe\_iat.X86PeIatResolver(project)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

A timeless indirect jump resolver for IAT in x86 PEs.

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

### **Returns**

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

## Return type

bool

**resolve**(*cfg*, *addr*, *func\_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func\_graph\_complete=True*, \*\*kwargs)

Resolve an indirect jump.

### **Parameters**

- cfg The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- func\_addr (int) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func\_graph\_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

#### Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

# Return type

tuple

```
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.mips\_elf\_fast.\textbf{enable\_profiling}()
```

angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.mips\_elf\_fast.disable\_profiling()

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.mips\_elf\_fast.} \\ \textbf{OverwriteTmpValueCallback} \\ (\textit{gp\_value})$ 

Bases: object

Overwrites temporary values during resolution

```
__init__(gp_value)
```

overwrite\_tmp\_value(state)

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.mips\_elf\_fast.MipsElfFastResolver(project)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

A timeless indirect jump resolver for R9-based indirect function calls in MIPS ELFs.

```
__init__(project)
```

**filter**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

## **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

## Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

### Return type

bool

**resolve**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind, func\_graph\_complete=True, \*\*kwargs)

Wrapper for \_resolve that slowly increments the max\_depth used by Blade for finding sources until we can resolve the addr or we reach the default max\_depth

### **Parameters**

- cfg A CFG instance.
- addr (int) IRSB address.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) The function address.
- **block** (*pyvex.IRSB*) The IRSB.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- func\_graph\_complete(bool) -

## Returns

If it was resolved and targets alongside it

## Return type

tuple

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.x86\_elf\_pic\_plt.X86ElfPicPltResolver(project)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

In X86 ELF position-independent code, PLT stubs uses ebx to resolve library calls, where ebx stores the address to the beginning of the GOT. We resolve the target by forcing ebx to be the beginning of the GOT and simulate the execution in fast path mode.

```
__init__(project)
```

filter(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- func\_addr (int) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (str) The jumpkind.

#### Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

# **Return type**

bool

**resolve**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind, func\_graph\_complete=True, \*\*kwargs)

Resolve an indirect jump.

# **Parameters**

- **cfg** The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.

- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func\_graph\_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

#### Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

## **Return type**

tuple

angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.default\_resolvers.default\_indirect\_jump\_resolvers(obj, project)

 $\textbf{exception} \ \ angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. jump table. \textbf{NotAJumpTableNotification}$ 

Bases: AngrError

Exception raised to indicate this is not (or does not appear to be) a jump table.

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.jumptable.UninitReadMeta

Bases: object

Uninitialized read remapping details.

uninit\_read\_base = 201326592

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.jumptable.AddressTransferringTypes

Bases: object

Types of address transfer.

Assignment = 0

SignedExtension = 1

UnsignedExtension = 2

Truncation = 3

0r1 = 4

ShiftLeft = 5

ShiftRight = 6

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTargetBaseAddr(stmt\_loc, stmt,

 $tmp, \\base\_addr=None,$ 

tmp\_1=None)

Bases: object

Model for jump targets and their data origin.

**\_\_init\_\_**(stmt\_loc, stmt, tmp, base\_addr=None, tmp\_1=None)

property base\_addr\_available

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.ConstantValueManager(project, kb,
                                                                                         func)
     Bases: object
     Manages the loading of registers who hold constant values.
              func (Function) -
     __init__(project, kb, func)
              Parameters
                 func (Function) -
     project
     kb
     func
     mapping
     reg_read_callback(state)
              Parameters
                 state (SimState) -
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTableProcessorState(arch)
     Bases: object
     The state used in JumpTableProcessor.
     __init__(arch)
     arch
     is_jumptable
     stmts_to_instrument
     regs_to_initialize
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.RegOffsetAnnotation(reg_offset)
     Bases: Annotation
     Register Offset annotation.
          Parameters
              reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
     __init__(reg_offset)
              Parameters
                 reg_offset (RegisterOffset) -
     reg_offset
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                 True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
```

### property eliminatable

Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.

#### Returns

True if eliminatable, False otherwise

Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight

Implements a simple and stupid data dependency tracking for stack and register variables.

Also determines which statements to instrument during static execution of the slice later. For example, the following example is not uncommon in non-optimized binaries:

```
mov [rbp+var_54], 1
loc_4051a6:
    cmp [rbp+var_54], 6
    ja loc_405412 (default)
loc_4051b0:
    mov eax, [rbp+var_54]
    mov rax, qword [rax*8+0x223a01]
    jmp rax
```

We want to instrument the first instruction and replace the constant 1 with a symbolic variable, otherwise we will not be able to recover all jump targets later in block 0x4051b0.

```
Parameters
             indirect_jump_node_pred_addrs (Set[int]) -
     __init__(project, indirect_jump_node_pred_addrs, bp_sp_diff=256)
             Parameters
                 indirect_jump_node_pred_addrs (Set[int]) -
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.StoreHook
     Bases: object
     Hook for memory stores.
     static hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.LoadHook
     Bases: object
     Hook for memory loads.
     __init__()
     hook_before(state)
     hook_after(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.PutHook
     Bases: object
     Hook for register writes.
     static hook(state)
```

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.RegisterInitializerHook(reg_offset,
                                                                                             reg_bits,
                                                                                             value)
     Bases: object
     Hook for register init.
     __init__(reg_offset, reg_bits, value)
     hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.BSSHook(project, bss_regions)
     Bases: object
     Hook for BSS read/write.
     __init__(project, bss_regions)
     bss_memory_read_hook(state)
     bss_memory_write_hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.MIPSGPHook(gp\_offset, gp)
     Bases: object
     Hooks all reads from and writes into the gp register for MIPS32 binaries.
          Parameters
                • gp_offset (int) -
                • gp (int) -
     __init__(gp_offset, gp)
              Parameters
                  • gp_offset (int) -
                  • gp (int) -
     gp_register_read_hook(state)
     gp_register_write_hook(state)
class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTableResolver(project, re-
                                                                                      solve_calls=True)
```

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

A generic jump table resolver.

This is a fast jump table resolution. For performance concerns, we made the following assumptions:

- The final jump target comes from the memory.
- The final jump target must be directly read out of the memory, without any further modification or altering.

Progressively larger program slices will be analyzed to determine jump table location and size. If the size of the table cannot be determined, a *guess* will be made based on how many entries in the table *appear* valid.

```
Parameters resolve_calls (bool) -
```

```
__init__(project, resolve_calls=True)
```

### **Parameters**

```
resolve_calls (bool) -
```

filter(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

#### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

### **Returns**

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

### Return type

bool

**resolve**(*cfg*, *addr*, *func\_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func\_graph\_complete=True*, \*\*kwargs)
Resolves jump tables.

### **Parameters**

- cfg A CFG instance.
- addr (int) IRSB address.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) The function address.
- **block** (*pyvex.IRSB*) The IRSB.
- func\_graph\_complete(bool) -

#### Returns

A bool indicating whether the indirect jump is resolved successfully, and a list of resolved targets

## Return type

tuple

class angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.const\_resolver.ConstantResolver(project)

Bases: IndirectJumpResolver

Resolve an indirect jump by running a constant propagation on the entire function and check if the indirect jump can be resolved to a constant value. This resolver must be run after all other more specific resolvers.

```
__init__(project)
```

**filter**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

## **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

#### Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

**resolve**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind, func\_graph\_complete=True, \*\*kwargs)

This function does the actual resolve. Our process is easy: Propagate all values inside the function specified, then extract the tmp\_var used for the indirect jump from the basic block. Use the tmp var to locate the constant value stored in the replacements. If not present, returns False tuple.

### **Parameters**

- cfg CFG with specified function
- addr (int) Address of indirect jump
- func\_addr (int) Address of function of indirect jump
- **block** (*Block*) Block of indirect jump (Block object)
- jumpkind (str) VEX jumpkind (Ijk\_Boring or Ijk\_Call)
- func\_graph\_complete(bool) -

#### **Returns**

Bool tuple with replacement address

```
Bases: object
```

```
__init__(project, timeless=False, base_state=None)
```

**filter**(cfg, addr, func\_addr, block, jumpkind)

Check if this resolution method may be able to resolve the indirect jump or not.

### **Parameters**

- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.

### Returns

True if it is possible for this resolution method to resolve the specific indirect jump, False otherwise.

## Return type

bool

**resolve**(*cfg*, *addr*, *func\_addr*, *block*, *jumpkind*, *func\_graph\_complete=True*, \*\*kwargs)

Resolve an indirect jump.

#### **Parameters**

- cfg The CFG analysis object.
- addr (int) Basic block address of this indirect jump.
- **func\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function that this indirect jump belongs to.
- **block** The basic block. The type is determined by the backend being used. It's pyvex.IRSB if pyvex is used as the backend.
- **jumpkind** (*str*) The jumpkind.
- **func\_graph\_complete** (bool) True if the function graph is complete at this point (except for nodes that this indirect jump node dominates).

#### Returns

A tuple of a boolean indicating whether the resolution is successful or not, and a list of resolved targets (ints).

# Return type

tuple

```
class angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot.CFGFastSoot(support_jni=False, **kwargs)
    Bases: CFGFast
    __init__(support_jni=False, **kwargs)
```

### **Parameters**

- **binary** The binary to recover CFG on. By default the main binary is used.
- **objects** A list of objects to recover the CFG on. By default it will recover the CFG of all loaded objects.
- **regions** (*iterable*) A list of tuples in the form of (start address, end address) describing memory regions that the CFG should cover.
- pickle\_intermediate\_results (bool) If we want to store the intermediate results or not.
- **symbols** (*bool*) Get function beginnings from symbols in the binary.
- **function\_prologues** (*bool*) Scan the binary for function prologues, and use those positions as function beginnings
- **resolve\_indirect\_jumps** (*boo1*) Try to resolve indirect jumps. This is necessary to resolve jump targets from jump tables, etc.
- **force\_segment** (*bool*) Force CFGFast to rely on binary segments instead of sections.
- **force\_complete\_scan** (*bool*) Perform a complete scan on the binary and maximize the number of identified code blocks.
- data\_references (bool) Enables the collection of references to data used by individual instructions. This does not collect 'cross-references', particularly those that involve multiple instructions. For that, see *cross\_references*
- **cross\_references** (*bool*) Whether CFGFast should collect "cross-references" from the entire program or not. This will populate the knowledge base with references to and

from each recognizable address constant found in the code. Note that, because this performs constant propagation on the entire program, it may be much slower and consume more memory. This option implies *data references=True*.

- normalize (boo1) Normalize the CFG as well as all function graphs after CFG recovery.
- **start\_at\_entry** (*bool*) Begin CFG recovery at the entry point of this project. Setting it to False prevents CFGFast from viewing the entry point as one of the starting points of code scanning.
- **function\_starts** (*list*) A list of extra function starting points. CFGFast will try to resume scanning from each address in the list.
- **extra\_memory\_regions** (*1ist*) A list of 2-tuple (start-address, end-address) that shows extra memory regions. Integers falling inside will be considered as pointers.
- **indirect\_jump\_resolvers** (*list*) A custom list of indirect jump resolvers. If this list is None or empty, default indirect jump resolvers specific to this architecture and binary types will be loaded.
- base\_state A state to use as a backer for all memory loads
- **detect\_tail\_calls** (*bool*) Enable aggressive tail-call optimization detection.
- elf\_eh\_frame (bool) Retrieve function starts (and maybe sizes later) from the .eh\_frame of ELF binaries.
- **skip\_unmapped\_addrs** Ignore all branches into unmapped regions. True by default. You may want to set it to False if you are analyzing manually patched binaries or malware samples.
- indirect\_calls\_always\_return Should CFG assume indirect calls must return or not. Assuming indirect calls must return will significantly reduce the number of constant propagation runs, but may reduce the overall CFG recovery precision when facing non-returning indirect calls. By default, we only assume indirect calls always return for large binaries (region > 50KB).
- jumptable\_resolver\_resolves\_calls Whether JumpTableResolver should resolve indirect calls or not. Most indirect calls in C++ binaries or UEFI binaries cannot be resolved using jump table resolver and must be resolved using their specific resolvers. By default, we will only disable JumpTableResolver from resolving indirect calls for large binaries (region > 50 KB).
- **start** (*int*) (Deprecated) The beginning address of CFG recovery.
- end (int) (Deprecated) The end address of CFG recovery.
- arch\_options (CFGArchOptions) Architecture-specific options.
- **extra\_arch\_options** (*dict*) Any key-value pair in kwargs will be seen as an arch-specific option and will be used to set the option value in self.\_arch\_options.

Extra parameters that angr. Analysis takes:

### **Parameters**

- **progress\_callback** Specify a callback function to get the progress during CFG recovery.
- show\_progressbar (boo1) Should CFGFast show a progressbar during CFG recovery or not.

#### Returns

None

### normalize()

Normalize the CFG, making sure that there are no overlapping basic blocks.

Note that this method will not alter transition graphs of each function in self.kb.functions. You may call normalize() on each Function object to normalize their transition graphs.

#### Returns

None

### make\_functions()

Revisit the entire control flow graph, create Function instances accordingly, and correctly put blocks into each function.

Although Function objects are crated during the CFG recovery, they are neither sound nor accurate. With a pre-constructed CFG, this method rebuilds all functions bearing the following rules:

- A block may only belong to one function.
- Small functions lying inside the startpoint and the endpoint of another function will be merged with the other function
- Tail call optimizations are detected.
- PLT stubs are aligned by 16.

### Returns

None

sort

property size

Returns

Calculate the size of the Segment.

Size of the Segment.

### Return type

int

## copy()

Make a copy of the Segment.

### **Returns**

A copy of the Segment instance.

### Return type

angr.analyses.cfg\_fast.Segment

# ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.cfg.segment\_list.SegmentList}$

Bases: object

SegmentList describes a series of segmented memory blocks. You may query whether an address belongs to any of the blocks or not, and obtain the exact block(segment) that the address belongs to.

```
__init__()
```

### search(addr)

Checks which segment that the address *addr* should belong to, and, returns the offset of that segment. Note that the address may not actually belong to the block.

### **Parameters**

addr (int) - The address to search

## Return type

int

### **Returns**

The offset of the segment.

# next\_free\_pos(address)

Returns the next free position with respect to an address, including that address itself

### **Parameters**

**address** – The address to begin the search with (including itself)

### Returns

The next free position

# next\_pos\_with\_sort\_not\_in(address, sorts, max\_distance=None)

Returns the address of the next occupied block whose sort is not one of the specified ones.

#### **Parameters**

- address (int) The address to begin the search with (including itself).
- **sorts** A collection of sort strings.
- max\_distance The maximum distance between *address* and the next position. Search will stop after we come across an occupied position that is beyond *address* + max\_distance. This check will be disabled if *max\_distance* is set to None.

### Returns

The next occupied position whose sort is not one of the specified ones, or None if no such position exists.

## Return type

int or None

## is\_occupied(address)

Check if an address belongs to any segment

### **Parameters**

**address** – The address to check

#### Returns

True if this address belongs to a segment, False otherwise

### occupied\_by\_sort(address)

Check if an address belongs to any segment, and if yes, returns the sort of the segment

### **Parameters**

address (int) – The address to check

### **Return type**

Optional[str]

### **Returns**

Sort of the segment that occupies this address

## occupied\_by(address)

Check if an address belongs to any segment, and if yes, returns the beginning, the size, and the sort of the segment.

#### **Parameters**

address (int) – The address to check

## **Return type**

Optional[Tuple[int, int, str]]

## occupy(address, size, sort)

Include a block, specified by (address, size), in this segment list.

### **Parameters**

- **address** (*int*) The starting address of the block.
- **size** (*int*) Size of the block.
- **sort** (*str*) Type of the block.

### Returns

None

## release(address, size)

Remove a block, specified by (address, size), in this segment list.

## **Parameters**

- address (int) The starting address of the block.
- **size** (int) Size of the block.

### Return type

None

### copy()

Make a copy of the SegmentList.

# Returns

A copy of the SegmentList instance.

```
Return type
                  angr.analyses.cfg_fast.SegmentList
     property occupied_size
          The sum of sizes of all blocks
              Returns
                  An integer
     property has_blocks
          Returns if this segment list has any block or not. !is_empty
                  True if it's not empty, False otherwise
class angr.analyses.cdg.CDG(cfg, start=None, no_construct=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     Implements a control dependence graph.
     __init__(cfg, start=None, no_construct=False)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                   • cfg – The control flow graph upon which this control dependence graph will build
                   • start – The starting point to begin constructing the control dependence graph
                   • no_construct – Skip the construction step. Only used in unit-testing.
     property graph
     get_post_dominators()
          Return the post-dom tree
     get_dependants(run)
          Return a list of nodes that are control dependent on the given node in the control dependence graph
     get_guardians(run)
          Return a list of nodes on whom the specific node is control dependent in the control dependence graph
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
exception angr.analyses.datagraph_meta.DataGraphError
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.datagraph_meta.DataGraphMeta
     Bases: object
     __init__()
     get_irsb_at(addr)
     pp(imarks=False)
```

10.15. Analysis 673

grained) for easier navigation, or exact statements.

Pretty print the graph. @imarks determine whether the printed graph represents instructions (coarse

```
class angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTags
     Bases: object
     HAS\_XOR = 'HAS\_XOR'
     HAS_BITSHIFTS = 'HAS_BITSHIFTS'
     HAS\_SQL = 'HAS\_SQL'
     LARGE_SWITCH = 'LARGE_SWITCH'
class angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging(func)
     Bases: Analysis
     __init__(func)
     analyze()
     has_xor()
          Detects if there is any xor operation in the function.
              Returns
                  Tags
     has_bitshifts()
          Detects if there is any bitwise operation in the function.
              Returns
                  Tags.
     has_sql()
          Detects if there is any reference to strings that look like SQL queries.
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB(project=None)
     Bases: object
     AngrDB provides a storage solution for an angr project, its knowledge bases, and some other types of data. It is
     designed to use an SQL-based database as the storage backend.
     ALL_TABLES = ['objects']
     VERSION = 1
     __init__(project=None)
     static open_db(db_str='sqlite:///:memory:')
     static session_scope(Session)
     static save_info(session, key, value)
          Save an information entry to the database.
              Parameters
                  • session -

    key –
```

```
• value -
```

### Returns

# static get\_info(session, key)

Get an information entry from the database.

## **Parameters**

- session -
- key –

## Returns

# update\_dbinfo(session, extra\_info=None)

Update the information in database.

### **Parameters**

- session -
- extra\_info (Dict[str, str] | None) -

### **Returns**

# get\_dbinfo(session, extra\_info=None)

Get database information.

### **Parameters**

- session -
- extra\_info (Dict[str, str] | None) -

### Returns

A dict of information entries.

## db\_compatible(version)

Checks if the given database version is compatible with the current AngrDB class.

### **Parameters**

**version** (*int*) – The version of the database.

## Returns

True if compatible, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

dump(db\_path, kbs=None, extra\_info=None)

# **Parameters**

- **kbs** (List[KnowledgeBase] / None) -
- extra\_info (Dict[str, Any] | None) -

load(db\_path, kb\_names=None, other\_kbs=None, extra\_info=None)

## **Parameters**

- db\_path (str) -
- kb\_names (List[str] | None) -
- other\_kbs (Dict[str, KnowledgeBase] | None) -

```
• extra_info (Dict[str, Any] | None) -
class angr.angrdb.models.DbInformation(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Stores information related to the current database. Basically a key-value store.
     id
     key
     value
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbObject(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a binary object.
     id
     main_object
     path
     content
     backend
     backend_args
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a knowledge base.
     id
     name
     cfgs
     funcs
     xrefs
     comments
```

```
labels
     var_collections
     structured_code
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a CFGFast instance.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     ident
     blob
      __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a Function instance.
     id
     kb id
     kb
     addr
     blob
      __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
```

Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example, any mapped columns or relationships.

10.15. Analysis 677

Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.

```
class angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a VariableManagerInternal instance.
     id
     kb id
     kb
     func_addr
     ident
     blob
      __init__(**kwargs)
          A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
          Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
          Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
          any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbStructuredCode(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a StructuredCode instance.
     id
     kb id
     kb
     func addr
     flavor
     expr_comments
     stmt_comments
     configuration
     const_formats
     ite_exprs
     __init__(**kwargs)
          A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
          Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
          Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
          any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models an XRefManager instance.
```

```
id
     kb_id
     kb
     blob
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbComment(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a comment.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     addr
     comment
     type
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
           any mapped columns or relationships.
class angr.angrdb.models.DbLabel(**kwargs)
     Bases: Base
     Models a label.
     id
     kb_id
     kb
     addr
     name
     __init__(**kwargs)
           A simple constructor that allows initialization from kwargs.
           Sets attributes on the constructed instance using the names and values in kwargs.
           Only keys that are present as attributes of the instance's class are allowed. These could be, for example,
```

any mapped columns or relationships.

```
class angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model.CFGModelSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a CFGModel.
     static dump(session, db_kb, ident, cfg_model)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) – The database object for KnowledgeBase.
                  • ident (str) – Identifier of the CFG model.
                  • cfg_model (CFGModel) – The CFG model to dump.
              Returns
                 None
     static load(session, db_kb, ident, cfg_manager, loader=None)
class angr.angrdb.serializers.comments.CommentsSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize comments to/from a database session.
     static dump(session, db_kb, comments)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • comments (Comments) -
              Returns
                 None
     static load(session, db_kb, kb)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
              Returns
class angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs.FunctionManagerSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a function manager and its functions.
     static dump(session, db_kb, func_manager)
              Parameters

    session –

                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • func_manager (FunctionManager) -
              Returns
```

```
static load(session, db_kb, kb)
              Parameters

    session –

                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
              Returns
                  A loaded function manager.
class angr.angrdb.serializers.kb.KnowledgeBaseSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a KnowledgeBase object.
     static dump(session, kb)
              Parameters
                  • session – The database session object.
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) – The KnowledgeBase instance to serialize.
              Returns
                  None
     static load(session, project, name)
              Parameters
                  session -
              Returns
class angr.angrdb.serializers.labels.LabelsSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize labels to/from a database session.
     static dump(session, db_kb, labels)
              Parameters

    session –

                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • labels (Labels) -
              Returns
                  None
     static load(session, db_kb, kb)
              Parameters
                  • session -
                  • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                  • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
```

Returns

```
class angr.angrdb.serializers.loader.LoaderSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a CLE Loader object into/from an angr DB.
     backend2name = {<class 'cle.backends.blob.Blob'>: 'blob', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.elf.elf.ELF'>: 'elf', <class 'cle.backends.elf.elfcore.ELFCore'>:
     'elfcore', <class 'cle.backends.cgc.cgc.CGC'>: 'cgc', <class
     'cle.backends.cgc.backedcgc'BackedCGC'>: 'backedcgc', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.coff.Coff'>: 'COFF', <class 'cle.backends.ihex.Hex'>: 'hex', <class
     'cle.backends.java.apk.Apk'>: 'apk', <class 'cle.backends.java.jar.Jar'>: 'jar',
     <class 'cle.backends.macho.macho.MachO'>: 'mach-o', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.minidump.Minidump'>: 'minidump', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.named_region.NamedRegion'>: 'named_region', <class</pre>
     'cle.backends.pe.pe.PE'>:
                                  'pe', <class
     'cle.backends.static_archive.StaticArchive'>: 'AR', <class 'cle.backends.te.TE'>:
     'te', <class 'cle.backends.uefi_firmware.UefiFirmware'>: 'uefi', <class
     'cle.backends.xbe.XBE'>: 'xbe'}
     static dump(session, loader)
     static load(session)
class angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs.XRefsSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize an XRefs object to/from a database session.
     static dump(session, db kb, xrefs)
             Parameters

    session –

                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • xrefs (XRefManager) -
             Returns
     static load(session, db_kb, kb, cfg_model=None)
             Parameters
                 • session -
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
                 • cfg_model (CFGModel) -
             Returns
class angr.angrdb.serializers.variables.VariableManagerSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a variable manager and its variables.
     static dump(session, db_kb, var_manager)
             Parameters
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
```

```
• var_manager (VariableManager) -
     static dump_internal(session, db_kb, internal_manager, func_addr, ident=None)
             Parameters
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • internal_manager (VariableManagerInternal) -
                 • func_addr (int) -
     static load(session, db_kb, kb, ident=None)
             Parameters
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase) -
     static load_internal(db_varcoll, variable_manager)
             Return type
                 VariableManagerInternal
             Parameters
                 variable_manager (VariableManager) -
class angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code.StructuredCodeManagerSerializer
     Bases: object
     Serialize/unserialize a structured code manager.
     static dump(session, db_kb, code_manager)
             Parameters
                 • session -
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • code_manager (StructuredCodeManager) -
             Returns
     static dict_strkey_to_intkey(d)
             Return type
                 Dict[int, Any]
             Parameters
                 d(Dict[str, Any]) -
     static load(session, db_kb, kb)
             Parameters
                 • session -
                 • db_kb (DbKnowledgeBase) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase) –
             Return type
                 StructuredCodeManager
```

### Returns

A loaded structured code manager

class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.recursive\_structurer.RecursiveStructurer(region,

```
cond_proc=None,
func=None,
struc-
turer_cls=None,
im-
prove_structurer=True,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: Analysis

Recursively structure a region and all of its subregions.

#### **Parameters**

- func (Function / None) -
- structurer\_cls (Type | None) -

\_\_init\_\_(region, cond\_proc=None, func=None, structurer\_cls=None, improve\_structurer=True, \*\*kwargs)

### **Parameters**

- func (Function / None) -
- structurer\_cls (Type | None) -

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer\_class\_from\_name(name)

# **Return type**

Optional[Type]

#### **Parameters**

name (str) -

**class** angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.dream.**DreamStructurer**(region, parent\_map=None,

```
condition_processor=None,
func=None,
case_entry_to_switch_head=None,
parent_region=None,
**kwargs)
```

Bases: StructurerBase

Structure a region using a structuring algorithm that is similar to the one in Dream decompiler (described in the "no more gotos" paper). Note that this implementation has quite a few improvements over the original described version and *should not* be used to evaluate the performance of the original algorithm described in that paper.

The current function graph is provided so that we can detect certain edge cases, for example, jump table entries no longer exist due to empty node removal during structuring or prior steps.

### **Parameters**

- func (Function | None) -
- case\_entry\_to\_switch\_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -

```
NAME: str = 'dream'
     __init__(region, parent_map=None, condition_processor=None, func=None,
              case_entry_to_switch_head=None, parent_region=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 • func (Function / None) -
                 • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
exception angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.EmptyBlockNotice
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.MultiNode(nodes, addr=None,
                                                                          idx=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(nodes, addr=None, idx=None)
     nodes
     addr
     idx
     copy()
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.BaseNode
     Bases: object
     static test_empty_node(node)
     static test_empty_condition_node(cond_node)
     addr: Optional[int]
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SequenceNode(addr, nodes=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, nodes=None)
             Parameters
                addr (int | None) -
     addr: Optional[int]
     nodes
     add_node(node)
     insert_node(pos, node)
     remove_node(node)
```

```
node_position(node)
     copy()
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.CodeNode(node, reaching_condition)
     Bases: BaseNode
     __init__(node, reaching_condition)
     node
     reaching_condition
     property addr
     property idx
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
     copy()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ConditionNode(addr,
                                                                                reaching_condition,
                                                                                condition,
                                                                                true_node,
                                                                                false_node=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, reaching_condition, condition, true_node, false_node=None)
     addr: Optional[int]
     reaching_condition
     condition
     true_node
     false_node
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
    node
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.CascadingConditionNode(addr,
                                                                                          tion_and_nodes,
                                                                                          else_node=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
               • addr (int | None) -
               • condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[Any, BaseNode]]) -
               • else_node (BaseNode) -
```

```
__init__(addr, condition_and_nodes, else_node=None)
             Parameters
                 • condition_and_nodes(List[Tuple[Any, BaseNode]]) -
                 • else_node (BaseNode / None) -
     addr: Optional[int]
     condition_and_nodes
     else_node
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.LoopNode(sort, condition,
                                                                           sequence_node,
                                                                           addr=None,
                                                                           continue_addr=None,
                                                                           initializer=None,
                                                                           iterator=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(sort, condition, sequence_node, addr=None, continue_addr=None, initializer=None,
              iterator=None)
     sort
     condition
     sequence_node
     initializer
     iterator
     copy()
     property addr
     property continue_addr
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.BreakNode(addr, target)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, target)
     addr: Optional[int]
     target
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ContinueNode(addr, target)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, target)
     addr: Optional[int]
     target
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ConditionalBreakNode(addr,
                                                                                       condition,
                                                                                       target)
     Bases: BreakNode
         Parameters
             addr (int | None) -
     __init__(addr, condition, target)
     condition
     dbg_repr(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SwitchCaseNode(switch_expr,
                                                                                default_node,
                                                                                addr=None)
     Bases: BaseNode
         Parameters
               • cases (OrderedDict[int | Tuple[int, ...], SequenceNode]) -
               • addr (int | None) -
     __init__(switch_expr, cases, default_node, addr=None)
             Parameters
                cases (OrderedDict[int | Tuple[int, ...], SequenceNode]) -
     switch_expr
     cases: OrderedDict[Union[int, Tuple[int, ...]], SequenceNode]
     default_node
     addr: Optional[int]
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.IncompleteSwitchCaseNode(addr,
                                                                                           head,
                                                                                           cases)
     Bases: BaseNode
```

Describes an incomplete set of switch-case nodes. Usually an intermediate result. Should always be restructured into a SwitchCaseNode by the end of structuring. Only used in Phoenix structurer.

```
Parameters
                • addr (int | None) -
                • cases (List) -
     __init__(addr, head, cases)
              Parameters
                  cases (List) -
     addr: Optional[int]
     head
     cases: List
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.IncompleteSwitchCaseHeadStatement(*args,
                                                                                                            **kwargs)
     Bases: Statement
     Describes a switch-case head. This is only created by LoweredSwitchSimplifier.
     __init__(idx, switch_variable, case_addrs, **kwargs)
     switch_variable
     case_addrs: List[Tuple[Block, Union[int, str], int, Optional[int], int]]
     addr
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_base.StructurerBase(region,
                                                                                     parent_map=None,
                                                                                     condi-
                                                                                     tion_processor=None,
                                                                                     func=None,
                                                                                     case_entry_to_switch_head=None,
                                                                                     par-
                                                                                     ent_region=None,
                                                                                     im-
                                                                                     prove_structurer=True,
                                                                                     **kwargs)
     Bases: Analysis
     The base class for analysis passes that structures a region.
     The current function graph is provided so that we can detect certain edge cases, for example, jump table entries
     no longer exist due to empty node removal during structuring or prior steps.
          Parameters
                • func (Function / None) -
                • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
     NAME: str = None
     __init__(region, parent_map=None, condition_processor=None, func=None,
               case_entry_to_switch_head=None, parent_region=None, improve_structurer=True, **kwargs)
              Parameters
```

```
• func (Function / None) -
                  • case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
     static replace_nodes(graph, old_node_0, new_node, old_node_1=None, self_loop=True)
     static replace_node_in_node(parent_node, old_node, new_node)
              Return type
                 None
              Parameters
                  • parent_node (BaseNode) -
                  • old_node (BaseNode / Block) -
                  • new_node (BaseNode | Block) -
     static is_a_jump_target(stmt, addr)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
                  • stmt (Conditional Jump) -
                  • addr (int) -
exception angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.GraphChangedNotification
     Bases: Exception
     A notification for graph that is currently worked on being changed. Once this notification is caught, the graph
     schema matching process for the current region restarts.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.MultiStmtExprMode(value)
     Bases: str, Enum
     Mode of multi-statement expression creation during structuring.
     NEVER = 'Never'
     ALWAYS = 'Always'
     MAX_ONE_CALL = 'Only when less than one call'
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.PhoenixStructurer(region,
                                                                             parent map=None, condi-
                                                                             tion processor=None,
                                                                             func=None,
                                                                             case\_entry\_to\_switch\_head=None,
                                                                             parent_region=None,
                                                                             improve_structurer=True,
                                                                             use_multistmtexprs=MultiStmtExprMode.MA
                                                                             **kwargs)
     Bases: StructurerBase
```

Structure a region using a structuring algorithm that is similar to the one in Phoenix decompiler (described in the "phoenix decompiler" paper). Note that this implementation has quite a few improvements over the original described version and should not be used to evaluate the performance of the original algorithm described in that paper.

# **Parameters** • func (Function / None) -• case\_entry\_to\_switch\_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -• use\_multistmtexprs (MultiStmtExprMode) -NAME: str = 'phoenix' **\_\_init\_\_**(region, parent map=None, condition processor=None, func=None, case\_entry\_to\_switch\_head=None, parent\_region=None, improve\_structurer=True, use\_multistmtexprs=MultiStmtExprMode.MAX\_ONE\_CALL, \*\*kwargs) **Parameters** • func (Function / None) -• case\_entry\_to\_switch\_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -• use\_multistmtexprs (MultiStmtExprMode) static dump\_graph(graph, path) Return type None **Parameters** • graph (DiGraph) -• path (str) project: Project kb: KnowledgeBase exception angr.analyses.decompiler.ail\_simplifier.HasCallNotification Bases: Exception Notifies the existence of a call statement. class angr.analyses.decompiler.ail\_simplifier.AILBlockTempCollector(\*\*kwargs) Bases: AILBlockWalker Collects any temporaries used in a block. \_\_init\_\_(\*\*kwargs) class angr.analyses.decompiler.ail\_simplifier.AILSimplifier(func, func\_graph=None, remove dead memdefs=False, stack\_arg\_offsets=None, unify\_variables=False, ail\_manager=None, gp=None, narrow expressions=False, only\_consts=False, fold\_callexprs\_into\_conditions=False, use\_callee\_saved\_regs\_at\_return=True) Bases: Analysis

**Parameters** 

Perform function-level simplifications.

```
• stack_arg_offsets (Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
               • ail_manager (Manager | None) -
               • gp (int | None) -
     __init__(func, func_graph=None, remove_dead_memdefs=False, stack_arg_offsets=None,
               unify variables=False, ail manager=None, gp=None, narrow expressions=False,
               only_consts=False, fold_callexprs_into_conditions=False,
               use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True)
              Parameters
                  • stack_arg_offsets(Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
                  • ail_manager (Manager | None) -
                  • gp (int | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
exception angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.RemoveNodeNotice
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker(graph, handler,
                                                                     replace_nodes=False)
     Bases: object
     Walks an AIL graph and optionally replaces each node with a new node.
          Parameters
             replace_nodes (bool) -
     __init__(graph, handler, replace nodes=False)
              Parameters
                 replace_nodes (bool) -
     walk()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.HasCallExprWalker
     Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
     Test if an expression contains a call expression inside.
     __init__()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.BlockSimplifier(block, func_addr=None,
                                                                        remove_dead_memdefs=False,
                                                                        stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                        peephole_optimizations=None,
                                                                        stack_arg_offsets=None,
                                                                        cached reaching definitions=None,
                                                                        cached_propagator=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Simplify an AIL block.
          Parameters
               • block (Block / None) -
```

```
• func_addr (int | None) -
               • peephole_optimizations (Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                 Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
               • stack_arg_offsets (Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
     __init__(block, func addr=None, remove dead memdefs=False, stack pointer tracker=None,
               peephole_optimizations=None, stack_arg_offsets=None, cached_reaching_definitions=None,
               cached propagator=None)
             Parameters
                 • block (Optional[Block]) - The AIL block to simplify. Setting it to None to skip calling
                   self._analyze(), which is useful in test cases.
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
                 • peephole_optimizations(Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                   Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
                 • stack_arg_offsets (Set[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.callsite_maker.CallSiteMaker(block, reaching_definitions=None,
                                                                  stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                   ail_manager=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Add calling convention, declaration, and args to a call site.
     __init__(block, reaching_definitions=None, stack_pointer_tracker=None, ail_manager=None)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewriter_base.CCallRewriterBase(ccall, arch)
     Bases: object
     The base class for CCall rewriters.
          Parameters
             ccall (VEXCCallExpression) -
     __init__(ccall, arch)
             Parameters
                 ccall (VEXCCallExpression) -
     arch
     result: Optional[Expression]
class angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.amd64_ccalls.AMD64CCallRewriter(ccall, arch)
     Bases: CCallRewriterBase
     Implements ccall rewriter for AMD64.
          Parameters
             ccall (VEXCCallExpression) -
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.BlockCache(rd, prop)
     Bases: tuple
     prop
          Alias for field number 1
     rd
          Alias for field number 0
class angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic(func, remove_dead_memdefs=False,
                                                   exception_edges=False, sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
                                                   fold_callexprs_into_conditions=False,
                                                   insert_labels=True, optimization_passes=None,
                                                   cfg=None, peephole_optimizations=None,
                                                   must_struct=None, variable_kb=None,
                                                   reset_variable_names=False,
                                                   rewrite_ites_to_diamonds=True, cache=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     A Clinic deals with AILments.
          Parameters
                • peephole_optimizations (Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                  Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
                • must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
                • cache (DecompilationCache / None) -
     __init__(func, remove_dead_memdefs=False, exception_edges=False, sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
               fold callexprs into conditions=False, insert labels=True, optimization passes=None, cfg=None,
               peephole_optimizations=None, must_struct=None, variable_kb=None,
               reset_variable_names=False, rewrite_ites_to_diamonds=True, cache=None)
              Parameters
                  • peephole_optimizations(Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
                    Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] / None) -
                  • must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
                  • cache (DecompilationCache | None) -
     block(addr, size)
          Get the converted block at the given specific address with the given size.
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) -
                  • size (int) -
              Returns
     dbg_repr()
              Returns
     copy_graph()
          Copy AIL Graph.
```

```
Return type
                 DiGraph
              Returns
                 A copy of the All graph.
     parse_variable_addr(addr)
              Return type
                 Optional[Tuple[Any, Any]]
              Parameters
                 addr (Expression) -
     new_block_addr()
          Return a block address that does not conflict with any existing blocks.
              Return type
                 int
              Returns
                 The block address.
     static remove_empty_nodes(graph)
              Return type
                 DiGraph
              Parameters
                 graph (DiGraph) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.ConditionProcessor(arch, condi-
                                                                               tion_mapping=None)
     Bases: object
     Convert between claripy AST and AIL expressions. Also calculates reaching conditions of all nodes on a graph.
     __init__(arch, condition_mapping=None)
     clear()
     recover_edge_condition(graph, src, dst)
              Parameters
                 graph (DiGraph) -
     recover_edge_conditions(region, graph=None)
              Return type
                 Dict
     recover_reaching_conditions(region, graph=None, with_successors=False,
                                     case_entry_to_switch_head=None)
              Parameters
                 case_entry_to_switch_head (Dict[int, int] | None) -
```

```
remove_claripy_bool_asts(node, memo=None)
     classmethod get_last_statement(block)
          This is the buggy version of get_last_statements, because, you know, there can always be more than
          one last statement due to the existence of branching statements (like, If-then-else). All methods using
          get_last_statement() should switch to get_last_statements() and properly handle multiple last statements.
     classmethod get_last_statements(block)
              Return type
                 List[Optional[Statement]]
     EXC_COUNTER = 1000
     convert_claripy_bool_ast(cond, memo=None)
          Convert recovered reaching conditions from claripy ASTs to ailment Expressions
              Returns
                 None
     convert_claripy_bool_ast_core(cond, memo)
     claripy_ast_from_ail_condition(condition, nobool=False)
              Return type
                 Bool
              Parameters
                 nobool (bool) -
     static claripy_ast_to_sympy_expr(ast, memo=None)
     static sympy_expr_to_claripy_ast(expr, memo)
              Parameters
                 memo (Dict) -
     static simplify_condition(cond, depth_limit=8, variables_limit=8)
     static simplify_condition_deprecated(cond)
     create_jump_target_var(jumptable_head_addr)
              Parameters
                  jumptable_head_addr(int)-
class angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options.DecompilationOption(name, description,
                                                                                   value_type, cls,
                                                                                   param,
                                                                                   value_range=None,
                                                                                   category='General',
                                                                                   default_value=None,
                                                                                   clears cache=True,
                                                                                   candi-
                                                                                   date_values=None,
                                                                                   convert=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes a decompilation option.
          Parameters
```

```
• candidate_values (List | None) -
               • convert (Callable | None) -
     __init__(name, description, value_type, cls, param, value_range=None, category='General',
               default_value=None, clears_cache=True, candidate_values=None, convert=None)
             Parameters
                 • candidate_values (List | None) -
                 • convert (Callable | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options.0
     alias of DecompilationOption
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options.get_structurer_option()
          Return type
             Optional[DecompilationOption]
class angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.DecompilationCache(addr)
     Bases: object
     Caches key data structures that can be used later for refining decompilation results, such as retyping variables.
     __init__(addr)
     addr
     type_constraints: Optional[Set]
     var_to_typevar: Optional[Dict]
     codegen: Optional[BaseStructuredCodeGenerator]
     clinic: Optional[Clinic]
     ite_exprs: Optional[Set[Tuple[int, Any]]]
     binop_operators: Optional[Dict[OpDescriptor, str]]
     property local_types
class angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.Decompiler(func, cfg=None, options=None,
                                                          optimization_passes=None,
                                                          sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
                                                          variable_kb=None,
                                                          peephole_optimizations=None,
                                                          vars_must_struct=None, flavor='pseudocode',
                                                          expr_comments=None, stmt_comments=None,
                                                          ite_exprs=None, binop_operators=None,
                                                          decompile=True, regen_clinic=True,
                                                          update_memory_data=True)
     Bases: Analysis
```

The decompiler analysis.

Run this on a Function object for which a normalized CFG has been constructed. The fully processed output can be found in result.codegen.text

# **Parameters**

```
• func (Function | str | int) -
          • cfg (CFGFast / CFGModel / None) -
          • peephole_optimizations (Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] |
            Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] / None) -
          • vars_must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
          • update_memory_data(bool) -
__init__(func, cfg=None, options=None, optimization_passes=None, sp_tracker_track_memory=True,
          variable_kb=None, peephole_optimizations=None, vars_must_struct=None, flavor='pseudocode',
         expr_comments=None, stmt_comments=None, ite_exprs=None, binop_operators=None,
         decompile=True, regen_clinic=True, update_memory_data=True)
        Parameters
            • func (Function | str | int) -
            • cfg (CFGFast / CFGModel / None) -
            • peephole_optimizations(Iterable[Type[PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase] /
              Type[PeepholeOptimizationExprBase]] | None) -
            • vars_must_struct (Set[str] | None) -
            • update_memory_data(bool) -
reflow_variable_types(type_constraints, var_to_typevar, codegen)
    Re-run type inference on an existing variable recovery result, then rerun codegen to generate new results.
        Returns
        Parameters
            • type_constraints (Set) -
            • var_to_typevar (Dict) -
find_data_references_and_update_memory_data(seq_node)
        Parameters
            seq_node (SequenceNode) -
static options_to_params(options)
    Convert decompilation options to a dict of params.
            options (List[Tuple[DecompilationOption, Any]]) – The decompilation options.
        Return type
            Dict[str, Any]
        Returns
            A dict of keyword arguments.
project: Project
kb: KnowledgeBase
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.empty\_node\_remover.EmptyNodeRemover(node, claripy\_ast\_conditions=True) Bases: object Rewrites a node and its children to remove empty nodes. The following optimizations are performed at the same time: - Convert if (A)  $\{\ \}$  else  $\{\ \dots\ \}$  to if (!A)  $\{\ \dots\ \}$ else { } **Variables** \_claripy\_ast\_conditions - True if all node conditions are claripy ASTs. False if all node conditions are AIL expressions. **Parameters** claripy\_ast\_conditions (bool) -**\_\_init\_\_**(node, claripy\_ast\_conditions=True) **Parameters** claripy\_ast\_conditions (bool) class angr.analyses.decompiler.expression\_narrower.ExpressionNarrowingWalker(target\_expr) Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase Walks a statement or an expression and extracts the operations that are applied on the given expression. For example, for target expression rax, (rax & 0xff) + 0x1 means the following operations are applied on rax: rax & 0xff(rax & 0xff) + 0x1The previous expression is always used in the succeeding expression. **Parameters** target\_expr (Expression) -\_\_init\_\_(target\_expr) **Parameters** target\_expr (Expression) class angr.analyses.decompiler.graph\_region.GraphRegion(head, graph, successors, graph\_with\_successors, cyclic, full\_graph, *cyclic\_ancestor=False*) Bases: object GraphRegion represents a region of nodes. **Variables** • head – The head of the region. • **graph** – The region graph. • successors – A set of successors of nodes in the graph. These successors do not belong to the current region. • **graph\_with\_successors** – The region graph that includes successor nodes. **Parameters** • successors (Set | None) -

10.15. Analysis 699

• graph\_with\_successors (DiGraph | None) -

• full\_graph (DiGraph | None) -

```
• cyclic_ancestor (bool) -
     __init__(head, graph, successors, graph_with_successors, cyclic, full_graph, cyclic_ancestor=False)
             Parameters
                 • successors (Set | None) -
                 • graph_with_successors (DiGraph | None) -
                 • full_graph (DiGraph | None) -
                 • cyclic_ancestor (bool) -
     head
     graph
     successors
     graph_with_successors
     full_graph
     cyclic
     cyclic_ancestor
     copy()
             Return type
                 GraphRegion
     recursive_copy(nodes_map=None)
     property addr
     static dbg_get_repr(obj, ident=0)
     dbg_print(ident=0)
     replace_region(sub_region, updated_sub_region, replace_with, virtualized_edges)
             Parameters
                 • sub_region (GraphRegion) -
                 • updated_sub_region (GraphRegion) -
                 • virtualized_edges (Set[Tuple[Any, Any]]) -
     replace_region_with_region(sub_region, replace_with)
             Parameters
                 • sub_region (GraphRegion) -
                 • replace_with (GraphRegion) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.jump_target_collector.JumpTargetCollector(node)
     Bases: object
     Collect all jump targets.
     __init__(node)
```

\*\*kwargs)

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.jumptable_entry_condition_rewriter.JumpTableEntryConditionRewriter(jumpta
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Remove artificial jump table entry conditions that ConditionProcessor introduced when dealing with jump tables.
     __init__(jumptable_entry_conds)
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.get_optimization_passes(arch, platform)
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.get_default_optimization_passes(arch, platform)
         Parameters
               • arch (Arch | str) -
               • platform (str | None) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BlockWalker(project)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
         Parameters
             project (Project) -
     __init__(project)
             Parameters
                project (Project) -
     walk(block)
             Parameters
                block (Block) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.ConstantDereferencesSimplifier(func,
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Makes the following simplifications:
     *(*(const_addr)) ==> *(value) iff *const_addr == value
     ARCHES = None
     PLATFORMS = None
     STAGE: int = 1
     NAME = 'Simplify constant dereferences'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Makes the following simplifications::\n\n *(*(const_addr)) ==>
     *(value) iff *const_addr == value'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
```

class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes.eager\_returns.EagerReturnsSimplifier(func,

blocks\_by\_addr=No blocks\_by\_addr\_and graph=None, node\_idx\_start=0, max\_level=2, min\_indegree=2, max\_calls\_in\_regio reaching\_definitions=Non \*\*kwargs)

Bases: OptimizationPass

Some compilers (if not all) generate only one returning block for a function regardless of how many returns there are in the source code. This oftentimes result in irreducible graphs and reduce the readability of the decompiled code. This optimization pass will make the function return eagerly by duplicating the return site of a function multiple times and assigning one copy of the return site to each of its sources when certain thresholds are met.

Note that this simplifier may reduce the readability of the generated code in certain cases, especially if the graph is already reducible without applying this simplifier.

#### Variables

- max\_level (int) Number of times that we repeat the process of making returns eager.
- min\_indegree (int) The minimum in-degree of the return site to be duplicated.
- node\_idx The next node index. Each duplicated return site gets assigned a unique index, otherwise those duplicates will be considered as the same block in the graph because they have the same hash.

ARCHES = None

PLATFORMS = None

STAGE: int = 0

NAME = 'Duplicate return blocks to reduce goto statements'

DESCRIPTION = 'Some compilers (if not all) generate only one returning block for a function regardless of how many returns there\nare in the source code. This oftentimes result in irreducible graphs and reduce the readability of the decompiled\ncode. This optimization pass will make the function return eagerly by duplicating the return site of a function\nmultiple times and assigning one copy of the return site to each of its sources when certain thresholds are met.\n\nNote that this simplifier may reduce the readability of the generated code in certain cases, especially if the graph\nis already reducible without applying this simplifier.'

\_\_init\_\_(func, blocks\_by\_addr=None, blocks\_by\_addr\_and\_idx=None, graph=None, node\_idx\_start=0, max\_level=2, min\_indegree=2, max\_calls\_in\_regions=2, reaching\_definitions=None, \*\*kwargs)

# exception

angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes.optimization\_pass.MultipleBlocksException

Bases: Exception

An exception that is raised in \_get\_block() where multiple blocks satisfy the criteria but only one block was requested.

class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes.optimization\_pass.OptimizationPassStage(value)

Bases: Enum

Enums about optimization pass stages.

Note that the region identification pass (RegionIdentifier) may modify existing AIL blocks without updating the topology of the original AIL graph. For example, loop successor refinement may modify create a new AIL block with an artificial address, and alter existing jump targets of jump statements and conditional jump statements to point to this new block. However, loop successor refinement does not update the topology of the original AIL graph, which means this new AIL block does not exist in the original AIL graph. As a result, until this behavior of RegionIdentifier changes in the future, DURING\_REGION\_IDENTIFICATION optimization passes should not modify existing jump targets.

```
AFTER\_AIL\_GRAPH\_CREATION = 0
    AFTER_SINGLE_BLOCK_SIMPLIFICATION = 1
    AFTER\_GLOBAL\_SIMPLIFICATION = 2
    AFTER_VARIABLE_RECOVERY = 3
    BEFORE\_REGION\_IDENTIFICATION = 4
    DURING_REGION_IDENTIFICATION = 5
    AFTER_STRUCTURING = 6
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.BaseOptimizationPass(func)
    Bases: object
    The base class for any optimization pass.
    ARCHES = []
    PLATFORMS = []
    STAGE: int = None
    STRUCTURING: Optional[str] = None
    __init__(func)
    property project
    property kb
    analyze()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.OptimizationPass(func,
```

blocks\_by\_addr=None blocks\_by\_addr\_and\_i graph=None, variable\_kb=None, gion\_identifier=None, reaching\_definitions=None, \*\*kwargs)

```
Bases: BaseOptimizationPass
     The base class for any function-level graph optimization pass.
     __init__(func, blocks_by_addr=None, blocks_by_addr_and_idx=None, graph=None, variable_kb=None,
               region_identifier=None, reaching_definitions=None, **kwargs)
     property blocks_by_addr: Dict[int, Set[Block]]
     property blocks_by_addr_and_idx: Dict[Tuple[int, int | None], Block]
     new_block_addr()
          Return a block address that does not conflict with any existing blocks.
              Return type
                 int
              Returns
                 The block address.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass.SequenceOptimizationPass(func,
                                                                                                        seq=None,
                                                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: BaseOptimizationPass
     The base class for any sequence node optimization pass.
     ARCHES = []
     PLATFORMS = []
     STAGE: int = None
     __init__(func, seq=None, **kwargs)
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canary_simplifier.s2u(s, bits)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canary_simplifier.StackCanarySimplifier(func,
                                                                                                            **kwarg
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Removes stack canary checks from decompilation results.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64']
     PLATFORMS = ['cgc', 'linux']
     STAGE: int = 2
     NAME = 'Simplify stack canaries'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Removes stack canary checks from decompilation results.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.base_ptr_save_simplifier.BasePointerSaveSimplifier(fi
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Removes the effects of base pointer stack storage at function invocation and restoring at function return.
```

```
ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMEL', 'ARMHF', 'ARMCortexM', 'MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['cgc', 'linux']
     STAGE: int = 2
     NAME = 'Simplify base pointer saving'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Removes the effects of base pointer stack storage at function
     invocation and restoring at function return.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier.DivSimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimplifierAILEngine
     An AIL pass for the div simplifier
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier.DivSimplifier(func,
                                                                                       **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Simplifies various division optimizations back to "div".
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMCortexM', 'ARMHF', 'ARMEL']
     PLATFORMS = None
     STAGE: int = 2
     NAME = 'Simplify arithmetic division'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Simplifies various division optimizations back to "div".'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
exception
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.NodeFoundNotification
     Bases: Exception
     A notification that the target node has been found.
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.BlockLocator(block)
     Bases: RegionWalker
     Recursively locate block in a GraphRegion instance.
     It might be reasonable to move this class into its own file.
     __init__(block)
     walk_node(region, node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.ExpressionReplacer(block_addr,
                                                                                                tar-
                                                                                                get_expr,
                                                                                                call-
                                                                                                back)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Replace expressions.
```

```
__init__(block_addr, target_expr, callback)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converter.ITEExprConverter(func,
                                                                                                 ite exprs=None,
                                                                                                 **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Transform specific expressions into If-Then-Else expressions, or tertiary expressions in C when given a single-
     use expression address. Requires outside analysis to provide the target expressions.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMEL', 'ARMHF', 'ARMCortexM', 'MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['windows', 'linux', 'cgc']
     STAGE: int = 5
     NAME = 'Transform single-use expressions that were assigned to in different If-Else
     branches into ternary expressions'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Transform specific expressions into If-Then-Else expressions, or
     tertiary expressions in C when\n given a single-use expression address. Requires
     outside analysis to provide the target expressions.'
     __init__(func, ite_exprs=None, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simplifier.Case(original_node,
                                                                                           node_type,
                                                                                           vari-
                                                                                           able_hash,
                                                                                           expr.
                                                                                           value,
                                                                                           target,
                                                                                           tar-
                                                                                           get_idx,
                                                                                           next_addr)
     Bases: object
     Describes a case in a switch-case construct.
          Parameters
               • node_type (str | None) -
               • value (int | str) -
               • target_idx (int | None) -
     __init__(original_node, node_type, variable_hash, expr, value, target, target_idx, next_addr)
             Parameters
                 • node_type (str | None) -
                 • value (int | str) -
                 • target_idx (int | None) -
     original_node
     node_type
```

ble

```
variable_hash
     expr
     value
     target
     target_idx
     next_addr
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simplifier.StableVarExprHasher(expr)
     Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
     Obtain a stable hash of an AIL expression with respect to all variables and all operations applied on variables.
         Parameters
             expr (Expression) -
     __init__(expr)
             Parameters
                 expr (Expression) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simplifier.LoweredSwitchSimplifier(fun.
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Recognize and simplify lowered switch-case constructs.
     ARCHES = ['AMD64']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux', 'windows']
     STAGE: int = 4
     NAME = 'Convert lowered switch-cases (if-else) to switch-cases'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Convert lowered switch-cases (if-else) to switch-cases. Only works
     when the Phoenix structuring algorithm is in use.'
     STRUCTURING: Optional[str] = ['phoenix']
     __init__(func, blocks_by_addr=None, blocks_by_addr_and_idx=None, graph=None, **kwargs)
     static restore_graph(node, last_stmt, graph, full_graph)
             Parameters
                 • last_stmt (IncompleteSwitchCaseHeadStatement) -
                 • graph (DiGraph) -
                 • full_graph (DiGraph) -
```

```
static cases_issubset(cases_0, cases_1)
         Test if cases_0 is a subset of cases_1.
             Return type
                bool
             Parameters
                 • cases_0 (List[Case]) -
                 • cases_1 (List[Case]) -
class
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier.MultiSimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimplifierAILEngine
     An AIL pass for the multi simplifier
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier.MultiSimplifier(func,
                                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Implements several different arithmetic optimizations.
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux', 'windows']
     STAGE: int = 2
     NAME = 'Simplify various arithmetic expressions'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Implements several different arithmetic optimizations.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplifier.ModSimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimplifierAILEngine
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplifier.ModSimplifier(func,
                                                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Simplifies optimized forms of modulo computation back to "mod".
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMCortexM', 'ARMHF', 'ARMEL']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux', 'windows']
     STAGE: int = 2
     NAME = 'Simplify optimized mod forms'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Simplifies optimized forms of modulo computation back to "mod".'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_base.SimplifierAILState(arch,
                                                                                        vari-
                                                                                       ables=None)
```

```
Bases: object
     The abstract state used in SimplifierAILEngine.
     __init__(arch, variables=None)
     copy()
     merge(*others)
     store_variable(old, new)
     get_variable(old)
     remove_variable(old)
     filter_variables(atom)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_base.SimplifierAILEngine
     Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEngineLight
     Essentially implements a peephole optimization engine for AIL statements (because we do not perform memory
     or register loads).
     __init__()
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                  state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                  The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.OuterWalker(desc)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     A sequence walker that finds nodes and invokes expression replacer to replace expressions.
     __init__(desc)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.ExpressionReplacer(block_addr,
                                                                                                   get_expr_predicate,
                                                                                                   call-
                                                                                                   back)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Replace expressions.
     __init__(block_addr, target_expr_predicate, callback)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.OpDescriptor(block_addr,
                                                                                            stmt\_idx,
                                                                                            ins_addr,
                                                                                            op)
     Bases: object
     Describes a specific operator.
```

```
Parameters
               • block_addr (int) -
               • stmt_idx (int) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
               • op (str) -
     __init__(block_addr, stmt_idx, ins_addr, op)
             Parameters
                 • block_addr (int) -
                 • stmt_idx (int) -
                 • ins_addr (int) -
                 • op (str) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.ExprOpSwapper(func,
                                                                                        binop_operators=None,
                                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: SequenceOptimizationPass
     Swap operands (and the operator accordingly) in a BinOp expression.
         Parameters
             binop_operators (Dict[OpDescriptor, str] | None) -
     ARCHES = ['X86', 'AMD64', 'ARMEL', 'ARMHF', 'ARMCortexM', 'MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['windows', 'linux', 'cgc']
     STAGE: int = 6
     NAME = 'Swap operands of expressions as requested'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Swap operands (and the operator accordingly) in a BinOp expression.'
     __init__(func, binop_operators=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                binop_operators (Dict[OpDescriptor, str] | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_area_simplifier.s2u(s, bits)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_area_simplifier.RegisterSaveAreaSimpli
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Optimizes away register spilling effects, including callee-saved registers.
     ARCHES = None
     PLATFORMS = None
     STAGE: int = 1
     NAME = 'Simplify register save areas'
```

```
DESCRIPTION = 'Optimizes away register spilling effects, including callee-saved
     registers.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_save_simplifier.RetAddrSaveSimplifier(func,
                                                                                                          **kwa
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Removes code in function prologues and epilogues for saving and restoring return address registers (ra, lr, etc.),
     generally seen in non-leaf functions.
     ARCHES = ['MIPS32', 'MIPS64']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux']
     STAGE: int = 2
     NAME = 'Simplify return address storage'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Removes code in function prologues and epilogues for saving and
     restoring return address registers (ra, lr, etc.), \n generally seen in non-leaf
     functions.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_getpc_simplifier.X86GccGetPcSimplifier(func,
     Bases: OptimizationPass
     Simplifies __x86.get_pc_thunk calls.
     ARCHES = ['X86']
     PLATFORMS = ['linux']
     STAGE: int = 1
     NAME = 'Simplify getpc()'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Simplifies __x86.get_pc_thunk calls.'
     __init__(func, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.PeepholeOptimizationStmtBase(project,
                                                                                               func addr=None)
     Bases: object
     The base class for all peephole optimizations that are applied on AIL statements.
         Parameters
               • project (Project / None) -
               • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
               • func_addr (int | None) -
     NAME = 'Peephole Optimization - Statement'
```

```
DESCRIPTION = 'Peephole Optimization - Statement'
     stmt_classes = None
     __init__(project, kb, func_addr=None)
             Parameters
                 • project (Project / None) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
     project: Optional[Project]
     kb: Optional[KnowledgeBase]
     func_addr: Optional[int]
     optimize(stmt, stmt_idx=None, block=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 stmt_idx (int | None) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.PeepholeOptimizationExprBase(project,
                                                                                              func addr=None)
     Bases: object
     The base class for all peephole optimizations that are applied on AIL expressions.
         Parameters
               • project (Project / None) -
               • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
               • func_addr (int | None) -
     NAME = 'Peephole Optimization - Expression'
     DESCRIPTION = 'Peephole Optimization - Expression'
     expr_classes = None
     __init__(project, kb, func_addr=None)
             Parameters
                 • project (Project / None) -
                 • kb (KnowledgeBase / None) -
                 • func_addr (int | None) -
     project: Optional[Project]
     kb: Optional[KnowledgeBase]
     func_addr: Optional[int]
     optimize(expr, **kwargs)
```

```
static find_definition(ail_expr, stmt_idx, block)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                   • ail_expr(Expression) -
                   • stmt_idx (int) -
                   • block (Block) -
     static is_bool_expr(ail_expr)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier.RegionIdentifier(func, cond_proc=None,
                                                                              graph=None,
                                                                              largest_successor_tree_outside_loop=True,
                                                                              force_loop_single_exit=True,
                                                                              complete_successors=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     Identifies regions within a function.
     __init__(func, cond_proc=None, graph=None, largest_successor_tree_outside_loop=True,
                force_loop_single_exit=True, complete_successors=False)
     static slice_graph(graph, node, frontier, include_frontier=False)
          Generate a slice of the graph from the head node to the given frontier.
              Parameters
                   • graph (networkx.DiGraph) – The graph to work on.
                   • node – The starting node in the graph.
                   • frontier – A list of frontier nodes.
                   • include_frontier (bool) – Whether the frontier nodes are included in the slice or not.
              Returns
                  A subgraph.
              Return type
                  networkx.DiGraph
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_cond_transformer.CascadingConditionTransform
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Identifies and transforms if \{\ldots\} else \{if\{\ldots\}\} else \{\ldots\}\} to if\{\ldots\} else if \{\ldots\} else if \{\ldots\}.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_ifs.CascadingIfsRemover(node)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Coalesce cascading If constructs. Transforming the following construct:
```

```
if (cond_a) {
                               if (cond_b) {
                                              true_body
                               } else { }
                 } else { }
                 into:
                 if (cond_a and cond_b) {
                                true_body
                 } else { }
                 __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.LocationBase
                 Bases: object
\textbf{class} \  \, \textbf{angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.expr\_folding.} \textbf{StatementLocation} (block\_addr, addr, addr, block\_addr, addr, add
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      block_idx,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      stmt_idx)
                 Bases: LocationBase
                 __init__(block_addr, block_idx, stmt_idx)
                 block_addr
                 block_idx
                 stmt_idx
                 copy()
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionLocation(block_addr,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         block\_idx,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         stmt idx,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         expr_idx)
                 Bases: LocationBase
                 __init__(block_addr, block_idx, stmt_idx, expr_idx)
                 block_addr
                 block_idx
                 stmt_idx
                 expr_idx
                 statement_location()
                                             Return type
                                                         StatementLocation
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ConditionLocation(cond_node_addr,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      case_idx=None)
```

Bases: LocationBase

```
case_idx (int | None) -
     __init__(cond_node_addr, case_idx=None)
              Parameters
                  case_idx (int | None) -
     node_addr
     case_idx
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ConditionalBreakLocation(node_addr)
     Bases: LocationBase
     __init__(node_addr)
     node_addr
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.MultiStatementExpressionAssignmentFinder
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Process statements in MultiStatementExpression objects and find assignments.
     __init__(stmt handler)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionUseFinder
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Find where each variable is used.
     Additionally, determine if the expression being walked has load expressions inside. Such expressions can only
     be safely folded if there are no Store statements between the expression defining location and its use sites. For
     example, we can only safely fold variable assignments that use Load() when there are no Store()s between the
     assignment and its use site. Otherwise, the loaded expression may get updated later by a Store() statement.
     Here is a real AIL block:
     v16 = ((int)v23 - sield_5) + 1 & 255;
     v23->field_5 = ((char)(((int)v23->field_5) + 1 & 255));
     v13 = printf("Recieved packet %d for connection with %d\n", v16, a0 & 255);
     In this case, folding v16 into the last printf() expression would be incorrect, since v23->field_5 is updated by the
     second statement.
     __init__()
     uses: DefaultDict[SimVariable, Set[Tuple[Expression,
     Optional[ExpressionLocation]]]]
     has_load
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionCounter(node, vari-
                                                                                             able manager)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Find all expressions that are assigned once and only used once.
     __init__(node, variable manager)
```

**Parameters** 

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionReplacer(assignments,
                                                                                            uses,
                                                                                            vari-
                                                                                            able_manager)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
          Parameters
               • assignments (Dict) -
               • uses (Dict) -
     __init__(assignments, uses, variable_manager)
              Parameters
                  • assignments (Dict) -
                  • uses (Dict) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.ExpressionFolder(assignments,
                                                                                         uses, node,
                                                                                         vari-
                                                                                         able_manager)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
         Parameters
               • assignments (Dict) -
               • uses (Dict) -
     __init__(assignments, uses, node, variable_manager)
              Parameters
                  • assignments (Dict) -
                  • uses (Dict) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.StoreStatementFinder(node,
                                                                                              inter-
                                                                                              vals)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Determine if there are any Store statements between two given statements.
     This class overrides handle Sequence() and handle MultiNode() to ensure they traverse nodes from top to
     bottom.
          Parameters
              intervals (Iterable[Tuple[StatementLocation, LocationBase]]) -
     __init__(node, intervals)
              Parameters
                 intervals (Iterable[Tuple[StatementLocation, LocationBase]]) -
     has_store(start, end)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
```

```
• start (StatementLocation) -
                  • end (StatementLocation) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.goto.GotoSimplifier(node, function=None,
                                                                                 kb=None)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Remove unnecessary Jump statements. This simplifier also has the side effect of detecting Gotos that can't be
     reduced in the structuring and eventual decompilation output. Because of this, when this analysis is run, gotos
     in decompilation will be detected and stored in the kb.gotos. See the handle irreducible goto function below.
     TODO: Move the recording of Gotos outside this function
     __init__(node, function=None, kb=None)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.if_.IfSimplifier(node)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Remove unnecessary jump or conditional jump statements if they jump to the successor right afterwards.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifelse.IfElseFlattener(node, functions)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Remove unnecessary else branches and make the else node a direct successor of the previous If node if the If
     node always returns.
     __init__(node, functions)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.loop.LoopSimplifier(node, functions)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Simplifies loops.
     __init__(node, functions)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.node_address_finder.NodeAddressFinder(node)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Walk the entire node and collect all addresses of nodes.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.region_simplifier.RegionSimplifier(func,
                                                                                                  re-
                                                                                                  gion,
                                                                                                  vari-
                                                                                                  able_kb=None,
                                                                                                  sim-
                                                                                                  plify switches=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     Simplifies a given region.
          Parameters
              simplify_switches (bool) -
```

```
__init__(func, region, variable_kb=None, simplify_switches=True)
             Parameters
                 simplify_switches (bool) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.CmpOp(value)
     Bases: Enum
     All supported comparison operators.
     LT = 0
     GT = 1
     EQ = 2
     NE = 3
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.ConditionalRegion(variable,
     Bases: object
     Describes a conditional region.
         Parameters
               • op (CmpOp) –
               • value (int) -
               • node (ConditionNode / Block) -
     __init__(variable, op, value, node, parent=None)
             Parameters
                 • op (CmpOp) –
                 • value (int) -
                 • node (ConditionNode / Block) -
     variable
     op
     value
     node
     parent
```

op, value, node, parent=None)

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchCaseRegion(variable,
                                                                                                       node.
                                                                                                       par-
                                                                                                       ent=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes an already-recovered switch region.
          Parameters
             node (SwitchCaseNode) -
     __init__(variable, node, parent=None)
             Parameters
                 node (SwitchCaseNode) -
     variable
     node
     parent
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchClusterFinder(node)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Find comparisons and switches in order to identify switch clusters.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchClusterReplacer(region.
                                                                                                             re-
                                                                                                             place_
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Replace an identified switch cluster with a newly created SwitchCase node.
     __init__(region, to_replace, replace_with)
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.is_simple_jump_node(node,
                                                                                                    case_addrs,
                                                                                                    tar-
                                                                                                    gets=None)
          Return type
             bool
          Parameters
             targets (Set[int] | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.filter_cond_regions(cond_regions,
                                                                                                    case addrs)
     Remove all conditional regions that cannot be merged into switch(es).
          Return type
             List[ConditionalRegion]
          Parameters
               • cond_regions (List[ConditionalRegion]) -
               • case_addrs (Set[int]) -
```

angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.switch\_cluster\_simplifier.update\_switch\_case\_list(cases, old case id

Update cases in-place. Make new\_case\_id directly jump to old\_case\_id.

## **Return type**

None

### **Parameters**

- cases (List[Tuple[int | Tuple[int, ...], SequenceNode]]) -
- old\_case\_id(int | Tuple[int, ...]) -
- new\_case\_id(int)-

 $angr. analyses. decompiler. region\_simplifiers. switch\_cluster\_simplifier. \textbf{\textit{simplify\_switch\_clusters}} (\textit{region}, \textit{var2condn}) \\$ 

Identify switch clusters and simplify each of them.

#### **Parameters**

- **region** The region to simplify.
- var2condnodes (Dict[Any, List[ConditionalRegion]]) A dict that stores the mapping from (potential) switch variables to conditional regions.
- var2switches (Dict[Any, List[SwitchCaseRegion]]) A dict that stores the mapping from switch variables to switch-case regions.

### Returns

None

angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.switch\_cluster\_simplifier.simplify\_lowered\_switches(region, var2cond

functions)

new case it

var2switch

Identify a lowered switch and simplify it into a switch-case if possible.

## **Parameters**

- region (SequenceNode) The region to simplify.
- var2condnodes (Dict[Any, List[ConditionalRegion]]) A dict that stores the mapping from (potential) switch variables to conditional regions.

#### Returns

None

angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.switch\_cluster\_simplifier.simplify\_lowered\_switches\_core(region\_simplifiers.switch\_cluster\_simplifier.simplifier.simplify\_lowered\_switches\_core(region\_simplifiers.switch\_cluster\_simplifiers.swi

fur tio

### Return type

bool

## **Parameters**

region (SequenceNode) -

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.FindFirstNodeInSet(node_set)
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Find the first node out of a set of node appearing in a SequenceNode (and its tree).
              node_set (Set [BaseNode]) -
     __init__(node_set)
              Parameters
                  node_set (Set[BaseNode]) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_expr_simplifier.SwitchExpressionSimplifier(node
     Bases: SequenceWalker
     Identifies switch expressions that adds or minuses a constant, removes the constant from the switch expression,
     and adjust all case expressions accordingly.
     __init__(node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker
     Bases: object
     A simple traverser class that walks GraphRegion instances.
     __init__()
     walk(region)
              Parameters
                  region (GraphRegion) -
     walk_node(region, node)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.redundant_label_remover.RedundantLabelRemover(node,
                                                                                         jump_targets)
     Bases: object
     Remove redundant labels.
     This optimization pass contains two separate passes. The first pass (self._walker0) finds all redundant labels
     (e.g., two or more labels for the same location) and records the replacement label for redundant labels in
     self._new_jump_target. The second pass (self._walker1) removes all redundant labels that (a) are not referenced
     anywhere (determined by jump_targets), or (b) are deemed replaceable by the first pass.
          Parameters
              jump_targets (Set[Tuple[int, int | None]]) -
     __init__(node, jump_targets)
              Parameters
                  jump_targets (Set[Tuple[int, int | None]]) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker(handlers=None,
                                                                        exception_on_unsupported=False,
                                                                        update_seqnode_in_place=True,
                                                                        force_forward_scan=False)
     Bases: object
     Walks a SequenceNode and all its nodes, recursively.
```

```
Parameters
             force_forward_scan (bool) -
     __init__(handlers=None, exception_on_unsupported=False, update_seqnode_in_place=True,
              force_forward_scan=False)
             Parameters
                 force_forward_scan (bool) -
     walk(sequence)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionMappingElement(start, length,
     Bases: object
     __init__(start, length, obj)
     start: int
     length: int
     obj
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionMapping
     Bases: object
     DUPLICATION_CHECK = True
     __init__()
     items()
     add_mapping(start_pos, length, obj)
     get_node(pos)
             Parameters
                pos (int) -
     get_element(pos)
             Return type
                 Optional[PositionMappingElement]
             Parameters
                pos (int) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.InstructionMappingElement(ins_addr,
                                                                                       posmap_pos)
     Bases: object
     __init__(ins_addr, posmap_pos)
     ins_addr: int
     posmap_pos: int
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.InstructionMapping
     Bases: object
```

```
__init__()
    items()
    add_mapping(ins_addr, posmap_pos)
    get_nearest_pos(ins_addr)
             Return type
                Optional[int]
             Parameters
                ins_addr (int) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.BaseStructuredCodeGenerator(flavor=None)
    Bases: object
    __init__(flavor=None)
    reapply_options(options)
    regenerate_text()
             Return type
                None
    reload_variable_types()
             Return type
                None
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.unpack_typeref(ty)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.unpack_pointer(ty)
         Return type
             Optional[SimType]
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.unpack_array(ty)
         Return type
             Optional[SimType]
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.squash_array_reference(ty)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.qualifies_for_simple_cast(ty1, ty2)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.qualifies_for_implicit_cast(ty1, ty2)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.extract_terms(expr)
         Return type
             Tuple[int, List[Tuple[int, CExpression]]]
         Parameters
             expr (CExpression) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.is_machine_word_size_type(type_, arch)
         Return type
             bool
         Parameters
```

```
• type_(SimType) -
                • arch (Arch) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.guess_value_type(value, project)
          Return type
              Optional[SimType]
          Parameters
                • value (int) -
                • project (Project) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.type_to_c_repr_chunks(ty, name=None,
                                                                                name_type=None,
                                                                                full=False, indent_str=")
     Helper generator function to turn a SimType into generated tuples of (C-string, AST node).
          Parameters
              ty (SimType) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstruct(codegen)
     Bases: object
     Represents a program construct in C. Acts as the base class for all other representation constructions.
     __init__(codegen)
     codegen: StructuredCodeGenerator
     c_repr(indent=0, pos_to_node=None, pos_to_addr=None, addr_to_pos=None)
          Creates the C representation of the code and displays it by constructing a large string. This function is called
          by each program function that needs to be decompiled. The map_pos_to_node and map_pos_to_addr act
          as position maps for the location of each variable and statement to be tracked for later GUI operations. The
          map_pos_to_addr also contains expressions that are nested inside of statements.
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     static indent_str(indent=0)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunction(addr, name, functy, arg_list,
                                                                         statements, variables_in_use,
                                                                         variable_manager,
                                                                         demangled name=None,
                                                                         show_demangled_name=True,
                                                                         **kwargs)
     Bases: CConstruct
     Represents a function in C.
          Parameters
                • functy (SimTypeFunction) –
                • arg_list(List[CVariable]) -
     __init__(addr, name, functy, arg_list, statements, variables_in_use, variable_manager,
                demangled_name=None, show_demangled_name=True, **kwargs)
```

**Parameters** 

```
• functy (SimTypeFunction) -
                 • arg_list (List[CVariable]) -
     addr
     name
     functy
     arg_list
     statements
     variables_in_use
     variable_manager: VariableManagerInternal
     demangled_name
     unified_local_vars: Dict[SimVariable, Set[Tuple[CVariable, SimType]]]
     show_demangled_name
     get_unified_local_vars()
             Return type
                Dict[SimVariable, Set[Tuple[CVariable, SimType]]]
     variable_list_repr_chunks(indent=0)
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStatement(codegen)
     Bases: CConstruct
     Represents a statement in C.
         Parameters
             codegen (StructuredCodeGenerator) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CExpression(collapsed=False, **kwargs)
     Bases: CConstruct
     Base class for C expressions.
     __init__(collapsed=False, **kwargs)
     collapsed
     property type
     set_type(v)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStatements(statements, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a sequence of statements in C.
     __init__(statements, **kwargs)
     statements
```

```
c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILBlock(block, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a block of AIL statements.
     __init__(block, **kwargs)
     block
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLoop(codegen)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a loop in C.
          Parameters
              codegen (StructuredCodeGenerator) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CWhileLoop(condition, body, tags=None,
                                                                       **kwargs)
     Bases: CLoop
     Represents a while loop in C.
     __init__(condition, body, tags=None, **kwargs)
     condition
     body
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDoWhileLoop(condition, body, tags=None,
                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: CLoop
     Represents a do-while loop in C.
     __init__(condition, body, tags=None, **kwargs)
     condition
     body
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CForLoop(initializer, condition, iterator, body,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a for-loop in C.
     __init__(initializer, condition, iterator, body, tags=None, **kwargs)
```

```
initializer
     condition
     iterator
     body
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfElse(condition_and_nodes,
                                                                   else_node=None,
                                                                   simplify\_else\_scope = False,
                                                                   cstyle_ifs=True, tags=None,
                                                                   **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents an if-else construct in C.
          Parameters
              condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[CExpression, CStatement | None]]) -
     __init__(condition_and_nodes, else_node=None, simplify_else_scope=False, cstyle_ifs=True, tags=None,
               **kwargs)
              Parameters
                 condition_and_nodes (List[Tuple[CExpression, CStatement | None]]) -
     condition_and_nodes
     else_node
     simplify_else_scope
     cstyle_ifs
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfBreak(condition, cstyle_ifs=True,
                                                                    tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents an if-break statement in C.
     __init__(condition, cstyle_ifs=True, tags=None, **kwargs)
     condition
     cstyle_ifs
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBreak(tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a break statement in C.
     __init__(tags=None, **kwargs)
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CContinue(tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a continue statement in C.
     __init__(tags=None, **kwargs)
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CSwitchCase(switch, cases, default,
                                                                       tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a switch-case statement in C.
     __init__(switch, cases, default, tags=None, **kwargs)
     switch
     cases: List[Tuple[Union[int, Tuple[int]], CStatements]]
     default
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAssignment(lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     a = b
     __init__(lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
     lhs
     rhs
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCall(callee_target, callee_func,
                                                                         args, returning=True,
                                                                         ret_expr=None, tags=None,
                                                                         is_expr=False,
                                                                         show_demangled_name=True,
                                                                          **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: CStatement, CExpression
     func(arg0, arg1)
          Variables
                • callee_func (Function) – The function getting called.
                • is_expr - True if the return value of the function is written to ret_expr; Essentially, ret_expr
                  = call().
          Parameters
              is_expr(bool)-
     __init__(callee_target, callee_func, args, returning=True, ret_expr=None, tags=None, is_expr=False,
               show_demangled_name=True, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  is_expr(bool) -
     callee_target
     callee_func: Optional[Function]
     args
     returning
     ret_expr
     tags
     is_expr
     show_demangled_name
     property prototype: SimTypeFunction | None
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
              Parameters
                  • indent – Number of whitespace indentation characters.
                  • asexpr (bool) - True if this call is used as an expression (which means we will skip the
                    generation of semicolons and newlines at the end of the call).
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CReturn(retval, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     __init__(retval, tags=None, **kwargs)
     retval
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CGoto(target, target_idx, tags=None,
                                                                 **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     __init__(target, target_idx, tags=None, **kwargs)
     target: Union[int, CExpression]
     target_idx
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnsupportedStatement(stmt, **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     A wrapper for unsupported AIL statement.
     __init__(stmt, **kwargs)
     stmt
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLabel(name, ins_addr, block_idx, tags=None,
                                                                  **kwargs)
     Bases: CStatement
     Represents a label in C code.
          Parameters
               • name (str) -
               • ins_addr (int) -
               • block_idx (int / None) -
     __init__(name, ins_addr, block_idx, tags=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                  • name (str) –
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • block_idx (int | None) -
     name
     ins_addr
     block_idx
     tags
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructField(struct_type, offset, field,
                                                                           tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
          Parameters
              struct_type (SimStruct) -
     __init__(struct_type, offset, field, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  struct_type (SimStruct) -
     struct_type
     offset
     field
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFakeVariable(name, ty, tags=None,
                                                                            **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     An uninterpreted name to display in the decompilation output. Pretty much always represents an error?
          Parameters
                • name (str) -
                • ty (SimType) -
     __init__(name, ty, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • name (str) -
                  • ty (SimType) -
     name
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariable(variable, unified_variable=None,
                                                                       variable_type=None, tags=None,
                                                                       **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     CVariable represents access to a variable with the specified type (variable_type).
     variable must be a SimVariable.
          Parameters
              variable (SimVariable) -
```

```
__init__(variable, unified_variable=None, variable_type=None, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                 variable (SimVariable) -
     variable: SimVariable
     unified_variable: Optional[SimVariable]
     variable_type: SimType
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIndexedVariable(variable, index,
                                                                              variable_type=None,
                                                                              tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Represent a variable (an array) that is indexed.
          Parameters
                • variable (CExpression) -
               • index (CExpression) -
     __init__(variable, index, variable_type=None, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • variable (CExpression) -
                  • index (CExpression) -
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     collapsed
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariableField(variable, field,
                                                                            var_is_ptr=False,
                                                                            tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Represent a field of a variable.
          Parameters
                • variable (CExpression) -
                • field (CStructField) -
               • var_is_ptr (bool) -
     __init__(variable, field, var_is_ptr=False, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • variable (CExpression) -
```

```
• field (CStructField) -
                 • var_is_ptr (bool) -
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
     collapsed
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnaryOp(op, operand, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Unary operations.
         Parameters
             operand (CExpression) -
     __init__(op, operand, tags=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 operand (CExpression) -
     op
     operand
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinaryOp(op, lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Binary operations.
         Parameters
             tags(dict | None)-
     __init__(op, lhs, rhs, tags=None, **kwargs)
             Parameters
                 tags (dict | None) -
     op
     lhs
     rhs
     tags
     common_type
     static compute_common_type(op, lhs_ty, rhs_ty)
             Return type
                 SimType
             Parameters
                 • op (str) -
```

```
• lhs_ty (SimType) -
                  • rhs_ty (SimType) -
     property type
     property op_precedence
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CTypeCast(src_type, dst_type, expr,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
          Parameters
               • src_type (SimType / None) -
               • dst_type (SimType) -
                • expr (CExpression) -
     __init__(src_type, dst_type, expr, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • src_type (SimType / None) -
                  • dst_type (SimType) -
                  • expr (CExpression) -
     src_type
     dst_type
     expr
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstant(value, type_,
                                                                     reference_values=None,
                                                                     tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
          Parameters
               • type_(SimType) -
                • tags (Dict | None) -
     __init__(value, type_, reference_values=None, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                  • type_(SimType) -
                  • tags (Dict | None) -
     value
```

```
reference_values
     tags
     property fmt
     property fmt_hex
     property fmt_neg
     property fmt_char
     property type
     static str_to_c_str(_str)
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CRegister(reg, tags=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     __init__(reg, tags=None, **kwargs)
     reg
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CITE(cond, iftrue, iffalse, tags=None,
                                                               **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     __init__(cond, iftrue, iffalse, tags=None, **kwargs)
     cond
     iftrue
     iffalse
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CMultiStatementExpression(stmts, expr,
                                                                                      tags=None,
                                                                                      **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     (stmt0, stmt1, stmt2, expr)
         Parameters
               • stmts (CStatements) -
               • expr (CExpression) -
```

```
__init__(stmts, expr, tags=None, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                   • stmts (CStatements) -
                   • expr (CExpression) -
     stmts
     expr
     tags
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDirtyExpression(dirty, **kwargs)
     Bases: CExpression
     Ideally all dirty expressions should be handled and converted to proper conversions during conversion from VEX
     to AIL. Eventually this class should not be used at all.
     __init__(dirty, **kwargs)
     dirty
     property type
     c_repr_chunks(indent=0, asexpr=False)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CClosingObject(opening_symbol)
     Bases: object
     A class to represent all objects that can be closed by it's corresponding character. Examples: (), {}, []
     __init__(opening_symbol)
     opening_symbol
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CArrayTypeLength(text)
     Bases: object
     A class to represent the type information of fixed-size array lengths. Examples: In "char foo[20]", this would be
     the "[20]".
     __init__(text)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructFieldNameDef(name)
     Bases: object
     A class to represent the name of a defined field in a struct. Needed because it's not a CVariable or a CStructField
     (because CStructField is the access of a CStructField). Example: In "struct foo { int bar; }, this would be "bar".
     __init__(name)
     name
```

```
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCodeGenerator(func, sequence,
                                                                                        indent=0,
                                                                                        cfg=None, vari-
                                                                                        able_kb=None,
                                                                                        func_args=None,
                                                                                        binop_depth_cutoff=16,
                                                                                        show casts=True,
                                                                                        braces_on_own_lines=True,
                                                                                        use_compound_assignments=True
                                                                                        show_local_types=True,
                                                                                        com-
                                                                                        ment_gotos=False,
                                                                                        cstyle_null_cmp=True,
                                                                                        flavor=None,
                                                                                        stmt_comments=None,
                                                                                        expr_comments=None,
                                                                                        show_externs=True,
                                                                                        externs=None,
                                                                                        const_formats=None,
                                                                                        show demangled name=True,
                                                                                        ail_graph=None,
                                                                                        sim-
                                                                                        plify_else_scope=True,
                                                                                        cstyle_ifs=True)
     Bases: BaseStructuredCodeGenerator, Analysis
          Parameters
                • func_args (List[SimVariable] | None) -
                • binop_depth_cutoff(int)-
     __init__(func, sequence, indent=0, cfg=None, variable_kb=None, func_args=None,
               binop_depth_cutoff=16, show_casts=True, braces_on_own_lines=True,
               use_compound_assignments=True, show_local_types=True, comment_gotos=False,
               cstyle_null_cmp=True, flavor=None, stmt_comments=None, expr_comments=None,
               show_externs=True, externs=None, const_formats=None, show_demangled_name=True,
               ail_graph=None, simplify_else_scope=True, cstyle_ifs=True)
              Parameters
                  • func_args (List[SimVariable] | None) -
                  • binop_depth_cutoff(int)-
     reapply_options(options)
     cleanup()
          Remove existing rendering results.
     regenerate_text()
          Re-render text and re-generate all sorts of mapping information.
              Return type
```

alias of Tuple[str, PositionMapping, PositionMapping, InstructionMapping, Dict[Any,

None

RENDER\_TYPE

Set[Any]]]

```
render_text(cfunc)
             Return type
                Tuple[str, PositionMapping, PositionMapping, InstructionMapping, Dict[Any,
                Set[Any]]]
             Parameters
                cfunc (CFunction) -
    reload_variable_types()
             Return type
                None
    default_simtype_from_size(n, signed=True)
             Return type
                SimType
             Parameters
                • n(int)-
                • signed (bool) -
    project: Project
    kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCodeWalker
    Bases: object
    classmethod handle(obj)
    classmethod handle_default(obj)
    classmethod handle_CFunction(obj)
    classmethod handle_CStatements(obj)
    classmethod handle_CWhileLoop(obj)
    classmethod handle_CDoWhileLoop(obj)
    classmethod handle_CForLoop(obj)
    classmethod handle_CIfElse(obj)
    classmethod handle_CIfBreak(obj)
    classmethod handle_CSwitchCase(obj)
    classmethod handle_CAssignment(obj)
    classmethod handle_CFunctionCall(obj)
    classmethod handle_CReturn(obj)
    classmethod handle_CGoto(obj)
    classmethod handle_CIndexedVariable(obj)
```

```
classmethod handle_CVariableField(obj)
     classmethod handle_CUnaryOp(obj)
     classmethod handle_CBinaryOp(obj)
     classmethod handle_CTypeCast(obj)
     classmethod handle_CITE(obj)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.MakeTypecastsImplicit
     Bases: CStructuredCodeWalker
     classmethod collapse(dst ty, child)
              Return type
                  CExpression
              Parameters
                  • dst_ty (SimType) -
                  • child (CExpression) -
     classmethod handle_CAssignment(obj)
     classmethod handle_CFunctionCall(obj)
              Parameters
                 obj (CFunctionCall) -
     classmethod handle_CReturn(obj)
              Parameters
                 obj (CReturn) -
     classmethod handle_CBinaryOp(obj)
              Parameters
                 obj (CBinaryOp) -
     classmethod handle_CTypeCast(obj)
              Parameters
                 obj (CTypeCast) -
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.FieldReferenceCleanup
     Bases: CStructuredCodeWalker
     classmethod handle_CTypeCast(obj)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.PointerArithmeticFixer
     Bases: CStructuredCodeWalker
     Before calling this fixer class, pointer arithmetics are purely integer-based and ignoring the pointer type.
     For example, in the following case:
     struct A* a_ptr; // assume struct A is 24 bytes in size a_ptr = a_ptr + 24;
     It means adding 24 to the address of a_ptr, without considering the size of struct A. This fixer class will make
     pointer arithmetics aware of the pointer type. In this case, the fixer class will convert the code to a_ptr = a_ptr +
     1.
```

```
classmethod handle_CBinaryOp(obj)
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.StructuredCodeGenerator
     alias of CStructuredCodeGenerator
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import.ImportedLine(addr)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr)
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import.ImportSourceCode(function,
                                                                                        vor='source',
                                                                                        source_root=None,
                                                                                        encoding='utf-
                                                                                        8')
     Bases: BaseStructuredCodeGenerator, Analysis
     __init__(function, flavor='source', source_root=None, encoding='utf-8')
     regenerate_text()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dummy.DummyStructuredCodeGenerator(flavor,
                                                                                              expr_comments=None,
                                                                                              stmt_comments=None,
                                                                                              con-
                                                                                              figu-
                                                                                              ra-
                                                                                              tion=None,
                                                                                              const_formats=None)
     Bases: BaseStructuredCodeGenerator
     A dummy structured code generator that only stores user-specified information.
          Parameters
             flavor (str) -
     __init__(flavor, expr_comments=None, stmt_comments=None, configuration=None, const_formats=None)
             Parameters
                 flavor (str) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.remove_last_statement(node)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.append_statement(node, stmt)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.replace_last_statement(node, old_stmt, new_stmt)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.extract_jump_targets(stmt)
     Extract concrete goto targets from a Jump or a Conditional Jump statement.
          Parameters
             stmt – The statement to analyze.
          Returns
             A list of known concrete jump targets.
```

```
Return type
              list
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.switch_extract_cmp_bounds(last_stmt)
     Check the last statement of the switch-case header node, and extract lower+upper bounds for the comparison.
          Parameters
              last_stmt (ConditionalJump) – The last statement of the switch-case header node.
          Return type
              Optional[Tuple[Any, int, int]]
          Returns
              A tuple of (comparison expression, lower bound, upper bound), or None
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.get_ast_subexprs(claripy_ast)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.insert_node(parent, insert_location, node, node_idx, label=None)
          Parameters
                • insert_location (str) -
                • node_idx (int | Tuple[int] | None) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.to_ail_supergraph(transition graph)
     Takes an AIL graph and converts it into a AIL graph that treats calls and redundant jumps as parts of a bigger
     block instead of transitions. Calls to returning functions do not terminate basic blocks.
     Based on region_identifier super_graph
          Return type
              DiGraph
          Returns
              A converted super transition graph
          Parameters
              transition_graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.is_empty_node(node)
          Return type
              bool
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.is_empty_or_label_only_node(node)
          Return type
              bool
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.has_nonlabel_statements(block)
          Return type
              bool
```

**Parameters** 

Return type

block (Block) -

Optional[Statement]

angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.first\_nonlabel\_statement(block)

```
Parameters
             block (Block | MultiNode) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.last_nonlabel_statement(block)
          Return type
             Optional[Statement]
          Parameters
             block (Block) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.first_nonlabel_node(seq)
          Return type
             Union[BaseNode, Block, None]
          Parameters
             seq (SequenceNode) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.remove_labels(graph)
          Parameters
             graph (DiGraph) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.structured_node_is_simple_return(node, graph)
          Return type
             bool
          Parameters
               • node (SequenceNode / MultiNode) -
               • graph (DiGraph) -
     Will check if a "simple return" is contained within the node a simple returns looks like this: if (cond) {
          // simple return ... return 0;
     10.15.1 }
     Returns true on any block ending in linear statements and a return.
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.is_statement_terminating(stmt, functions)
          Return type
             bool
          Parameters
             stmt (Statement) -
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_exprs(block, expr_opts)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_expr(expr, expr_opts)
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils.peephole_optimize_stmts(block, stmt_opts)
class angr.analyses.ddg.AST(op, *operands)
     Bases: object
     A mini implementation for AST
```

```
__init__(op, *operands)
class angr.analyses.ddg.ProgramVariable(variable, location, initial=False, arch=None)
     Bases: object
     Describes a variable in the program at a specific location.
           Variables
                 • variable (SimVariable) - The variable.
                 • location (CodeLocation) – Location of the variable.
     __init__(variable, location, initial=False, arch=None)
     property short_repr
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGJob(cfg_node, call_depth)
     Bases: object
     __init__(cfg_node, call_depth)
class angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions
     Bases: object
     A collection of live definitions with some handy interfaces for definition killing and lookups.
     __init__()
           Constructor.
     branch()
           Create a branch of the current live definition collection.
               Returns
                   A new LiveDefinition instance.
               Return type
                   angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions
     copy()
           Make a hard copy of self.
               Returns
                   A new LiveDefinition instance.
               Return type
                   angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions
     add_def(variable, location, size_threshold=32)
           Add a new definition of variable.
               Parameters
                   • variable (SimVariable) - The variable being defined.
                   • location (CodeLocation) – Location of the variable being defined.
                   • size_threshold (int) – The maximum bytes to consider for the variable.
               Returns
                   True if the definition was new, False otherwise
               Return type
                   bool
```

### add\_defs(variable, locations, size threshold=32)

Add a collection of new definitions of a variable.

#### **Parameters**

- variable (SimVariable) The variable being defined.
- **locations** (*iterable*) A collection of locations where the variable was defined.
- **size\_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable.

#### Returns

True if any of the definition was new, False otherwise

### Return type

bool

### **kill\_def**(variable, location, size\_threshold=32)

Add a new definition for variable and kill all previous definitions.

### **Parameters**

- variable (SimVariable) The variable to kill.
- **location** (CodeLocation) The location where this variable is defined.
- **size\_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable.

#### Returns

None

### lookup\_defs(variable, size\_threshold=32)

Find all definitions of the variable.

#### **Parameters**

- **variable** (SimVariable) The variable to lookup for.
- **size\_threshold** (*int*) The maximum bytes to consider for the variable. For example, if the variable is 100 byte long, only the first *size\_threshold* bytes are considered.

### Returns

A set of code locations where the variable is defined.

## **Return type**

set

#### items()

An iterator that returns all live definitions.

### **Returns**

The iterator.

## Return type

iter

# itervariables()

An iterator that returns all live variables.

### **Returns**

The iterator.

# Return type

iter

```
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewItem(ddg, variable, simplified=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(ddg, variable, simplified=False)
     property depends_on
     property dependents
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewInstruction(cfg, ddg, insn_addr, simplified=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(cfg, ddg, insn_addr, simplified=False)
     property definitions: List[DDGViewItem]
          Get all definitions located at the current instruction address.
              Returns
                  A list of ProgramVariable instances.
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDGView(cfg, ddg, simplified=False)
     Bases: object
     A view of the data dependence graph.
     __init__(cfg, ddg, simplified=False)
class angr.analyses.ddg.DDG(cfg, start=None, call_depth=None, block_addrs=None)
     Bases: Analysis
```

This is a fast data dependence graph directly generated from our CFG analysis result. The only reason for its existence is the speed. There is zero guarantee for being sound or accurate. You are supposed to use it only when you want to track the simplest data dependence, and you do not care about soundness or accuracy.

For a better data dependence graph, please consider performing a better static analysis first (like Value-set Analysis), and then construct a dependence graph on top of the analysis result (for example, the VFG in angr).

The DDG is based on a CFG, which should ideally be a CFGEmulated generated with the following options:

- keep\_state=True to keep all input states
- state\_add\_options=angr.options.refs to store memory, register, and temporary value accesses

You may want to consider a high value for context\_sensitivity\_level as well when generating the CFG.

Also note that since we are using states from CFG, any improvement in analysis performed on CFG (like a points-to analysis) will directly benefit the DDG.

```
__init__(cfg, start=None, call_depth=None, block_addrs=None)
```

#### **Parameters**

- **cfg** Control flow graph. Please make sure each node has an associated *state* with it, e.g. by passing the keep\_state=True and state\_add\_options=angr.options.refs arguments to CFGEmulated.
- start An address, Specifies where we start the generation of this data dependence graph.
- **call\_depth** None or integers. A non-negative integer specifies how deep we would like to track in the call tree. None disables call\_depth limit.
- **block\_addrs** (*iterable or None*) A collection of block addresses that the DDG analysis should be performed on.

#### property graph

A networkx DiGraph instance representing the dependence relations between statements. :rtype: networkx.DiGraph

#### **Type**

returns

### property data\_graph

Get the data dependence graph.

#### **Returns**

A networkx DiGraph instance representing data dependence.

### Return type

networkx.DiGraph

## property simplified\_data\_graph

return:

### property ast\_graph

pp()

Pretty printing.

### dbg\_repr()

Representation for debugging.

### get\_predecessors(code\_location)

Returns all predecessors of the code location.

### **Parameters**

code\_location - A CodeLocation instance.

### Returns

A list of all predecessors.

### function\_dependency\_graph(func)

Get a dependency graph for the function func.

## **Parameters**

**func** – The Function object in CFG.function\_manager.

#### Returns

A networkx.DiGraph instance.

#### data\_sub\_graph(pv, simplified=True, killing edges=False, excluding types=None)

Get a subgraph from the data graph or the simplified data graph that starts from node pv.

## **Parameters**

- **pv** (ProgramVariable) The starting point of the subgraph.
- **simplified** (*bool*) When True, the simplified data graph is used, otherwise the data graph is used.
- **killing\_edges** (*bool*) Are killing edges included or not.
- **excluding\_types** (*iterable*) Excluding edges whose types are among those excluded types.

#### Returns

A subgraph.

### Return type

networkx.MultiDiGraph

find\_definitions(variable, location=None, simplified\_graph=True)

Find all definitions of the given variable.

#### **Parameters**

- variable (SimVariable) -
- **simplified\_graph** (boo1) True if you just want to search in the simplified graph instead of the normal graph. Usually the simplified graph suffices for finding definitions of register or memory variables.

#### **Returns**

A collection of all variable definitions to the specific variable.

# **Return type**

list

find\_consumers(var\_def, simplified\_graph=True)

Find all consumers to the specified variable definition.

#### **Parameters**

- var\_def (ProgramVariable) The variable definition.
- **simplified\_graph** (*boo1*) True if we want to search in the simplified graph, False otherwise.

#### Returns

A collection of all consumers to the specified variable definition.

## Return type

list

find\_killers(var\_def, simplified\_graph=True)

Find all killers to the specified variable definition.

### **Parameters**

- var\_def (ProgramVariable) The variable definition.
- **simplified\_graph** (*boo1*) True if we want to search in the simplified graph, False otherwise.

#### Returns

A collection of all killers to the specified variable definition.

## Return type

list

find\_sources(var\_def, simplified\_graph=True)

Find all sources to the specified variable definition.

#### **Parameters**

- var\_def (ProgramVariable) The variable definition.
- **simplified\_graph** (*bool*) True if we want to search in the simplified graph, False otherwise.

#### Returns

A collection of all sources to the specified variable definition.

```
Return type
                  list
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.flirt.FlirtAnalysis(sig=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     FlirtAnalysis accomplishes two purposes:
        • If a FLIRT signature file is specified, it will match the given signature file against the current binary and
          rename recognized functions accordingly.
        • If no FLIRT signature file is specified, it will use strings to determine possible libraries embedded in the
          current binary, and then match all possible signatures for the architecture.
          Parameters
              sig (FlirtSignature | str | None) -
     __init__(sig=None)
              Parameters
                  sig(FlirtSignature | str | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression(op, operands)
     Bases: object
     Add = 0
     Sub = 1
     0r = 2
```

```
Or = 2
And = 4
RShift = 8
LShift = 16
Mul = 32
Xor = 64
CONST_TYPES = (<class 'int'>, <class 'ailment.expression.Const'>)
    __init__(op, operands)
    op
    operands
    static try_unpack_const(expr)
class angr.engines.light.data.RegisterOffset(bits, reg, offset)
    Bases: object
```

```
__init__(bits, reg, offset)
     reg
     offset
     property bits
     property symbolic
class angr.engines.light.data.SpOffset(bits, offset, is_base=False)
     Bases: RegisterOffset
     __init__(bits, offset, is_base=False)
     is_base
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightMixin(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     A mixin base class for engines meant to perform static analysis
     __init__(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     static sp_offset(bits, offset)
              Parameters
                   • bits (int) -
                   • offset (int) -
     static extract_offset_to_sp(spoffset_expr)
          Extract the offset to the original stack pointer.
              Parameters
                  spoffset_expr (Base) – The claripy AST to parse.
              Return type
                  Optional[int]
              Returns
                  The offset to the original stack pointer, or None if spoffset_expr is not a supported type of
                  SpOffset expression.
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLight
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin, SimEngine
     A full-featured engine base class, suitable for static analysis
     __init__()
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                  state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                  The result. Whatever you want;)
```

```
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightVEXMixin(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin
     A mixin for doing static analysis on VEX
class angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightAILMixin(*args, logger=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin
     A mixin for doing static analysis on AIL
angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightVEX
     alias of SimEngineLightVEXMixin
angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightAIL
     alias of SimEngineLightAILMixin
class angr.analyses.propagator.values.Top(size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(size)
     size
     property bits
class angr.analyses.propagator.values.Bottom
     Bases: object
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXVariable
     Bases: object
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXMemVar(addr, size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, size)
     addr
     size
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXReg(offset, size)
     Bases: VEXVariable
     __init__(offset, size)
     offset
     size
class angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXTmp(tmp)
     Bases: VEXVariable
     __init__(tmp)
     tmp
```

```
class angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base.SimEnginePropagatorBase(stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                           project=None,
                                                                           propagate tmps=True,
                                                                           arch=None,
                                                                           reaching_definitions=None,
                                                                           immedi-
                                                                           ate stmt removal=False,
                                                                           bp_as_gpr=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLight
          Parameters
                • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
                • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
               • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     __init__(stack_pointer_tracker=None, project=None, propagate_tmps=True, arch=None,
               reaching_definitions=None, immediate_stmt_removal=False, bp_as_gpr=False)
              Parameters
                  • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel | None) -
                  • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
                  • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                 state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                 The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex.SimEnginePropagatorVEX(stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                         project=None,
                                                                         propagate_tmps=True,
                                                                         arch=None.
                                                                         reaching definitions=None, im-
                                                                         mediate_stmt_removal=False,
                                                                         bp_as_gpr=False)
     Bases: TopCheckerMixin, SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEnginePropagatorBase
          Parameters
                • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel | None) -
                • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
                • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     state: PropagatorVEXState
```

**class** angr.analyses.propagator.engine\_ail.**SimEnginePropagatorAIL**(stack\_pointer\_tracker=None,

project=None, propagate\_tmps=True, arch=None, reaching\_definitions=None, immediate\_stmt\_removal=False, bp\_as\_gpr=False)

Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEnginePropagatorBase

The All engine for Propagator.

### **Parameters**

- reaching\_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
- immediate\_stmt\_removal (bool) -
- bp\_as\_gpr (bool) -

## state: PropagatorAILState

## extract\_offset\_to\_sp(expr)

Extract the offset to the original stack pointer.

#### **Parameters**

- **spoffset\_expr** The claripy AST to parse.
- expr (Base | StackBaseOffset) -

### **Return type**

Optional[int]

### **Returns**

The offset to the original stack pointer, or None if *spoffset\_expr* is not a supported type of SpOffset expression.

is\_using\_outdated\_def(expr, expr\_defat, current\_loc, avoid=None)

### Return type

Tuple[bool, bool]

### **Parameters**

- expr (Expression) -
- expr\_defat (CodeLocation / None) -
- current\_loc (CodeLocation) -
- avoid (Expression | None) -

## should\_force\_replace(stmt, new\_expr)

Determine if the expression should be replaced.

We always replace the expression if:

- the current statement is an indirect jump. this is to ensure the dynamically calculated jump targets are always using the originally defined expressions, which usually leads to better decompilation output.
- the current statement is a return to make void functions (even when we incorrectly determine that they return something) look better in general.
- the current statement has a shift-right operation and the source expression has a shift-right operation. this is to support the peephole optimizations for division and modulo.

```
Parameters
                  • stmt (Statement) -
                  • new_expr (Expression) -
              Return type
                 bool
              Returns
     static has_tmpexpr(expr)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
                 expr (Expression) -
class angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition_walker.OutdatedDefinitionWalker(expr,
                                                                                             expr_defat,
                                                                                             cur-
                                                                                             rent_loc,
                                                                                             state,
                                                                                             arch,
                                                                                             avoid=None,
                                                                                             tract_offset_to_sp=None,
                                                                                             rda=None)
     Bases: AILBlockWalker
     Walks an AIL expression to find outdated definitions.
          Parameters
                • expr_defat (CodeLocation) -
                • current_loc (CodeLocation) -
                • state (PropagatorAILState) –
                • arch (Arch) -
                • avoid (Expression | None) -
                • extract_offset_to_sp(Callable) -
                • rda (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
     __init__(expr, expr_defat, current_loc, state, arch, avoid=None, extract_offset_to_sp=None, rda=None)
              Parameters
                  • expr_defat (CodeLocation) -
                  • current_loc (CodeLocation) -
                  • state (PropagatorAILState) -
                  • arch (Arch) -
                  • avoid (Expression | None) -
                  • extract_offset_to_sp(Callable | None) -
                  • rda (ReachingDefinitionsModel / None) -
```

```
class angr.analyses.propagator.tmpvar_finder.TmpvarFinder(expr)
    Bases: AILBlockWalkerBase
    Walks an AIL expression to find Tmp expressions.
    Parameters
        expr (Expression) -
    __init__(expr)
    Parameters
        expr (Expression) -
```

class angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.PropagatorAnalysis(func=None, block=None,

func\_graph=None,
base\_state=None, max\_iterations=3,
load\_callback=None,
stack\_pointer\_tracker=None,
only\_consts=False,
completed\_funcs=None,
do\_binops=True, store\_tops=True,
vex\_cross\_insn\_opt=False,
func\_addr=None, gp=None,
cache\_results=False,
key\_prefix=None,
reaching\_definitions=None,
immediate\_stmt\_removal=False,
profiling=False)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis

PropagatorAnalysis implements copy propagation. It propagates values (either constant values or variables) and expressions inside a block or across a function.

Propagator Analysis supports both VEX and AIL. The VEX propagator only performs constant propagation. The AIL propagator performs both constant propagation and copy propagation of depth-N expressions.

Propagator Analysis performs certain arithmetic operations between constants, including but are not limited to:

- · addition
- subtraction
- · multiplication
- division
- xor

It also performs the following memory operations:

- · Loading values from a known address
- Writing values to a stack variable

```
__init__(func=None, block=None, func_graph=None, base_state=None, max_iterations=3, load_callback=None, stack_pointer_tracker=None, only_consts=False, completed_funcs=None, do_binops=True, store_tops=True, vex_cross_insn_opt=False, func_addr=None, gp=None, cache_results=False, key_prefix=None, reaching_definitions=None, immediate_stmt_removal=False, profiling=False)
```

Constructor

```
• order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                  • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                  • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                  • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) - A graph visitor to provide successors.
                  • func_addr (int | None) -
                  • gp (int | None) -
                  • cache_results (bool) -
                  • key_prefix (str | None) -
                  • reaching_definitions (ReachingDefinitionsModel | None) -
                  • immediate_stmt_removal (bool) -
                  • profiling (bool) -
              Returns
                 None
     property prop_key: Tuple[str | None, str, int, bool, bool, bool]
          Gets a key that represents the function and the "flavor" of the propagation result.
     property replacements
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.propagator.top_checker_mixin.TopCheckerMixin(*args, logger=None,
                                                                          **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightMixin
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions(arch, track_tmps=False,
                                                                 canonical_size=8, registers=None,
                                                                 stack=None, memory=None, heap=None,
                                                                 tmps=None, others=None,
                                                                 register_uses=None, stack_uses=None,
                                                                 heap_uses=None, memory_uses=None,
                                                                 tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)
     Bases: object
     A LiveDefinitions instance contains definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables,
     uncovered during the analysis.
          Parameters
                • arch (Arch) -
                • track_tmps (bool) -
                • registers (MultiValuedMemory) -
                • stack (MultiValuedMemory) -
                • memory (MultiValuedMemory) -
                • heap (MultiValuedMemory) -
                • tmps (Dict[int, Set[Definition]]) -
```

```
• others (Dict[Atom, MultiValues]) -
         • tmp_uses (Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]) -
INITIAL\_SP\_32BIT = 2147418112
INITIAL_SP_64BIT = 140737488289792
__init__(arch, track_tmps=False, canonical_size=8, registers=None, stack=None, memory=None,
         heap=None, tmps=None, others=None, register_uses=None, stack_uses=None, heap_uses=None,
         memory_uses=None, tmp_uses=None, other_uses=None)
        Parameters
           • arch (Arch) -
           • track_tmps(bool) -
project: Optional[Project]
arch
track_tmps
registers: MultiValuedMemory
stack: MultiValuedMemory
memory: MultiValuedMemory
heap: MultiValuedMemory
tmps: Dict[int, Set[Definition]]
others: Dict[Atom, MultiValues]
register_uses
stack_uses
heap_uses
memory_uses
tmp_uses: Dict[int, Set[CodeLocation]]
other_uses
uses_by_codeloc: Dict[CodeLocation, Set[Definition]]
property register_definitions
property stack_definitions
property memory_definitions
property heap_definitions
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           LiveDefinitions
```

```
reset_uses()
static top(bits)
    Get a TOP value.
        Parameters
            bits (int) – Width of the TOP value (in bits).
        Returns
            The TOP value.
static is_top(expr)
    Check if the given expression is a TOP value.
        Parameters
            expr – The given expression.
        Return type
            bool
        Returns
            True if the expression is TOP, False otherwise.
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_stack_offset(addr, had_stack_base=False)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
             • symvar (BV) -
             • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            BV
        Returns
static extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
            Generator[Definition, None, None]
```

```
Parameters
             symvar (Base) -
static extract_defs_from_mv(mv)
         Return type
             Generator[Definition, None, None]
         Parameters
            mv (MultiValues) -
get_sp()
     Return the concrete value contained by the stack pointer.
         Return type
             int
get_sp_offset()
     Return the offset of the stack pointer.
         Return type
             Optional[int]
get_stack_address(offset)
         Return type
             Optional[int]
         Parameters
            offset (Base) -
stack_offset_to_stack_addr(offset)
         Return type
             int
merge(*others)
         Return type
             Tuple[LiveDefinitions, bool]
         Parameters
            others (LiveDefinitions) -
kill_definitions(atom)
     Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
     be removed during simplification.
         Parameters
             atom (Atom) -
         Return type
             None
         Returns
            None
kill_and_add_definition(atom, code_loc, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None,
                            annotated=False)
         Return type
             Optional[MultiValues]
```

```
Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • data (MultiValues) -
            • tags (Set [Tag] | None) -
add_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(thing)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]
        Parameters
            thing
                                          (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]] / MultiValues) -
get_tmp_definitions(tmp_idx)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            tmp_idx(int) -
get_register_definitions(reg_offset, size, endness=None)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
```

```
get_stack_values(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • endness (str) -
get_stack_definitions(stack_offset, size, endness)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_heap_definitions(heap_addr, size, endness)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • heap_addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_memory_definitions(addr, size, endness)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            • addr (int) -
            • size (int) -
get_definitions_from_atoms(**kwargs)
get_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_definition(**kwargs)
get_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_one_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_concrete_value_from_atom(**kwargs)
get_values(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
```

```
Parameters
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
            spec
            Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
get_one_value(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition[Atom]])
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
           Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters
            spec
                                         (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom] /
              Iterable[Definition[Atom]]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_stack_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_ (Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use(atom, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (MemoryLocation) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(def_, code_loc, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • def_(Definition) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_tmp_use(atom, code_loc)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • atom (Tmp) -
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
     add_tmp_use_by_def(def_, code_loc)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • def_(Definition) -
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
     static is_heap_address(addr)
              Return type
                 bool
              Parameters
                 addr (Base) -
     static get_heap_offset(addr)
              Return type
                  Optional[int]
              Parameters
                  addr (Base) -
     heap_address(offset)
              Return type
                  BV
              Parameters
                 offset (int | HeapAddress) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ObservationPointType(value)
     Bases: IntEnum
     Enum to replace the previously generic constants This makes it possible to annotate where they are expected by
     typing something as ObservationPointType instead of Literal[0,1]
     OP\_BEFORE = 0
     OP\_AFTER = 1
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.AtomKind(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enum indicating the class of an atom
     REGISTER = 1
```

```
MEMORY = 2
     TMP = 3
     GUARD = 4
     CONSTANT = 5
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom(size)
     Bases: object
     This class represents a data storage location manipulated by IR instructions.
     It could either be a Tmp (temporary variable), a Register, a MemoryLocation.
     __init__(size)
               Parameters
                   size – The size of the atom in bytes
     size
     property bits: int
     static from_ail_expr(expr, arch, full_reg=False)
               Return type
                   Register
               Parameters
                   • expr (Expression) -
                   • arch (Arch) -
                   • full_reg (bool) -
     static from_argument(argument, arch, full_reg=False, sp=None)
          Instanciate an Atom from a given argument.
               Parameters
                   • argument (SimFunctionArgument) – The argument to create a new atom from.
                   • registers – A mapping representing the registers of a given architecture.
                   • full_reg – Whether to return an atom indicating the entire register if the argument only
                     specifies a slice of the register.
                   • sp (Optional[int]) - The current stack offset. Optional. Only used when argument is a
                     SimStackArg.
                   • arch (Arch) -
               Return type
                   Union[Register, MemoryLocation]
     static reg(thing, size=None, arch=None)
          Create a Register atom.
               Parameters
                                              RegisterOffset])
                              (Union[str,
                                                                                register
                                                                                                   (e.g.,
                     project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
```

- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

### **Return type**

Register

#### Returns

The Register Atom object.

static register(thing, size=None, arch=None)

Create a Register atom.

## **Parameters**

- **thing** (Union[str, RegisterOffset]) The register offset (e.g., project.arch.registers["rax"][0]) or the register name (e.g., "rax").
- **size** (Optional[int]) Size of the register atom. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register offset.
- **arch** (Optional[Arch]) The architecture. Must be provided when creating the atom using a register name.

### Return type

Register

### **Returns**

The Register Atom object.

**static mem**(*addr*, *size*, *endness=None*)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

#### **Parameters**

- addr (Union[SpOffset, HeapAddress, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend\_LE" or "Iend\_BE".

## Return type

MemoryLocation

### **Returns**

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

static memory(addr, size, endness=None)

Create a MemoryLocation atom,

#### **Parameters**

- **addr** (Union[*SpOffset*, *HeapAddress*, int]) The memory location. Can be an SpOffset for stack variables, an int for global memory variables, or a HeapAddress for items on the heap.
- **size** (int) Size of the atom.
- endness (Optional[str]) Optional, either "Iend\_LE" or "Iend\_BE".

### **Return type**

**MemoryLocation** 

#### Returns

The MemoryLocation Atom object.

class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.Register(reg\_offset, size, arch=None)

```
Bases: Atom
```

Represents a given CPU register.

As an IR abstracts the CPU design to target different architectures, registers are represented as a separated memory space. Thus a register is defined by its offset from the base of this memory and its size.

### Variables

- **reg\_offset** (*int*) The offset from the base to define its place in the memory bloc.
- **size** (*int*) The size, in number of bytes.

#### **Parameters**

- reg\_offset (RegisterOffset) -
- size (int) -
- arch (Arch | None) -

\_\_init\_\_(reg\_offset, size, arch=None)

### **Parameters**

- **size** (int) The size of the atom in bytes
- reg\_offset (RegisterOffset) -
- arch (Arch | None) -

## reg\_offset

arch

property name: str

class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.MemoryLocation(addr, size, endness=None)

Bases: Atom

Represents a memory slice.

It is characterized by its address and its size.

## **Parameters**

- addr (SpOffset | int | BV) -
- **size** (int) -
- endness (str | None) -

**\_\_init\_\_**(addr, size, endness=None)

- addr (int) The address of the beginning memory location slice.
- **size** (*int*) The size of the represented memory location, in bytes.
- endness (str | None) -

```
addr: Union[SpOffset, int, BV]
     endness
     property is_on_stack: bool
          True if this memory location is located on the stack.
     property symbolic: bool
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Tmp(tmp_idx, size)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a variable used by the IR to store intermediate values.
          Parameters
                • tmp_idx (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(tmp_idx, size)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • tmp_idx (int) -
     tmp_idx
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.GuardUse(target)
     Bases: Atom
     Implements a guard use.
     __init__(target)
              Parameters
                  size – The size of the atom in bytes
     target
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ConstantSrc(value, size)
     Bases: Atom
     Represents a constant.
          Parameters
                • value (int) -
                • size (int) -
     __init__(value, size)
              Parameters
                  • size (int) – The size of the atom in bytes
                  • value (int) -
     value: int
```

```
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)
     Bases: Generic[A]
     An atom definition.
          Variables
                • atom – The atom being defined.
                • codeloc – Where this definition is created in the original binary code.
                • dummy – Tell whether the definition should be considered dummy or not. During simplifica-
                  tion by AILment, definitions marked as dummy will not be removed.
                \bullet \, tags – A set of tags containing information about the definition gathered during analyses.
     __init__(atom, codeloc, dummy=False, tags=None)
              Parameters
                   • atom (A) -
                   • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
                   • dummy (bool) -
                   • tags (Set[Tag] | None) -
     atom: TypeVar(A, bound= Atom)
     codeloc: CodeLocation
     dummy: bool
     tags
     property offset: int
     property size: int
     matches(**kwargs)
          Return whether this definition has certain characteristics.
              Return type
```

bool

**class** angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.**ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis**(subject=None,

func\_graph=None, max iterations=3, track\_tmps=False, track consts=True, observation points=None, init state=None. init context=None, state initializer=None, cc=None, function handler=None, observe all=False, visited blocks=None, dep\_graph=True, observe\_callback=None,  $canonical\_size=8$ , stack\_pointer\_tracker=None, use\_callee\_saved\_regs\_at\_return=True, interfunction\_level=0, track liveness=True, func\_addr=None)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[ReachingDefinitionsState, NodeType, object, object], Analysis

ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis is a text-book implementation of a static data-flow analysis that works on either a function or a block. It supports both VEX and AIL. By registering observers to observation points, users may use this analysis to generate use-def chains, def-use chains, and reaching definitions, and perform other traditional data-flow analyses such as liveness analysis.

- I've always wanted to find a better name for this analysis. Now I gave up and decided to live with this name for the foreseeable future (until a better name is proposed by someone else).
- Aliasing is definitely a problem, and I forgot how aliasing is resolved in this implementation. I'll leave this as a post-graduation TODO.
- Some more documentation and examples would be nice.

\_\_init\_\_(subject=None, func\_graph=None, max\_iterations=3, track\_tmps=False, track\_consts=True, observation\_points=None, init\_state=None, init\_context=None, state\_initializer=None, cc=None, function\_handler=None, observe\_all=False, visited\_blocks=None, dep\_graph=True, observe\_callback=None, canonical\_size=8, stack\_pointer\_tracker=None, use\_callee\_saved\_regs\_at\_return=True, interfunction\_level=0, track\_liveness=True, func\_addr=None)

## **Parameters**

- **subject** (Union[Subject, Block, Block, Function, str, None]) The subject of the analysis: a function, or a single basic block
- **func\_graph** Alternative graph for function.graph.
- max\_iterations The maximum number of iterations before the analysis is terminated.
- **track\_tmps** Whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration during the analysis.
- **observation\_points** (*iterable*) A collection of tuples of ("node"]"insn", ins\_addr, OP\_TYPE) defining where reaching definitions should be copied and stored. OP\_TYPE can be OP\_BEFORE or OP\_AFTER.

- **init\_state** (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsState]) An optional initialization state. The analysis creates and works on a copy. Default to None: the analysis then initialize its own abstract state, based on the given <Subject>.
- **init\_context** If init\_state is not given, this is used to initialize the context field of the initial state's CodeLocation. The only default-supported type which may go here is a tuple of integers, i.e. a callstack. Anything else requires a custom FunctionHandler.
- cc Calling convention of the function.
- **function\_handler** (Optional[FunctionHandler]) The function handler to update the analysis state and results on function calls.
- **observe\_all** Observe every statement, both before and after.
- **visited\_blocks** A set of previously visited blocks.
- **dep\_graph** (Union[*DepGraph*, bool, None]) An initial dependency graph to add the result of the analysis to. Set it to None to skip dependency graph generation.
- **canonical\_size** The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN\_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **dep\_graph** Set this to True to generate a dependency graph for the subject. It will be available as *result.dep\_graph*.
- **interfunction\_level** (int) The number of functions we should recurse into. This parameter is only used if function\_handler is not provided.
- **track\_liveness** (bool) Whether to track liveness information. This can consume sizeable amounts of RAM on large functions. (e.g. ~15GB for a function with 4k nodes)
- state\_initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
- func\_addr (int | None) -

```
property observed_results: Dict[Tuple[str, int, int], LiveDefinitions]
property all_definitions
property all_uses
property one_result
property dep_graph: DepGraph
property visited_blocks
get_reaching_definitions(**kwargs)
get_reaching_definitions_by_insn(ins_addr, op_type)
get_reaching_definitions_by_node(node_addr, op_type)
node_observe(node_addr, state, op_type, node_idx=None)
```

- node\_addr (int) Address of the node.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The analysis state.
- **op\_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP\_BEFORE, OP\_AFTER.

• **node\_idx** (Optional[int]) – ID of the node. Used in AIL to differentiate blocks with the same address.

# Return type

None

insn\_observe(insn\_addr, stmt, block, state, op\_type)

## **Parameters**

- insn\_addr (int) Address of the instruction.
- **stmt** (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) The statement.
- **block** (Union[*Block*, Block]) The current block.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The abstract analysis state.
- **op\_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP\_BEORE, OP\_AFTER.

## Return type

None

stmt\_observe(stmt\_idx, stmt, block, state, op\_type)

## **Parameters**

- stmt\_idx (int) -
- stmt (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) -
- block (Union[Block, Block]) -
- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- op\_type (ObservationPointType) -

# Return type

None

### Returns

exit\_observe(node\_addr, exit\_stmt\_idx, block, state, node\_idx=None)

## **Parameters**

- node\_addr (int) -
- exit\_stmt\_idx (int) -
- block (Block / Block) -
- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- node\_idx (int / None) -

property subject

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
callsites_to(target)
              Return type
                  Iterable[FunctionCallRelationships]
              Parameters
                  target (int | str | Function) -
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel} ({\it func\_addr=None},
                                                                           track liveness=True)
     Bases: object
     Models the definitions, uses, and memory of a ReachingDefinitionState object
          Parameters
                • func_addr (int | None) -
                • track_liveness(bool) -
     __init__(func_addr=None, track_liveness=True)
              Parameters
                  • func_addr (int | None) -
                  • track_liveness(bool) -
     add_def(d, codeloc)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • d (Definition) -
                  • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
     kill_def(d)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  d (Definition) -
     at_new_stmt(codeloc)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  codeloc (CodeLocation) -
     at_new_block(code_loc, pred_codelocs)
              Return type
                  None
              Parameters
                  • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
                  • pred_codelocs (List[CodeLocation]) -
```

```
complete_loc()
        Return type
            None
find_defs_at(code_loc, op=ObservationPointType.OP_BEFORE)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
get_defs(atom, code_loc, op)
        Return type
            Set[Definition]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • code_loc (CodeLocation) -
            • op (int) -
copy()
        Return type
            Reaching Definitions Model
merge(model)
        Parameters
            model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -
get_observation_by_insn(ins_addr, kind)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • ins_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
get_observation_by_node(node_addr, kind, node_idx=None)
        Return type
            Optional[LiveDefinitions]
        Parameters
            • node_addr (int / CodeLocation) -
            • kind (ObservationPointType) -
            • node_idx (int | None) -
get_observation_by_stmt(arg1, arg2, arg3=None, *, block_idx=None)
```

```
get_observation_by_exit(node_addr, stmt_idx, src_node_idx=None)
```

# Return type

Optional[LiveDefinitions]

#### **Parameters**

- node\_addr (int) -
- stmt\_idx (int) -
- src\_node\_idx (int | None) -

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState} (\it code loc, arch, \it subject, \it code loc, arch, arch, \it code loc, arch, \it code loc, arch, arc$ 

track\_tmps=False, track\_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc\_value=None, live\_definitions=None, canonical\_size=8, heap\_allocator=None, environment=None, sp\_adjusted=False, all\_definitions=None, initializer=None)

Bases: object

Represents the internal state of the Reaching Definitions Analysis.

It contains a data class LiveDefinitions, which stores both definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

- **subject** (*Subject*) The subject being analyzed.
- **track\_tmps** (bool) Only tells whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration when representing the state of the analysis. Should be set to true when the analysis has counted uses and definitions for temporary variables, false otherwise.
- analysis (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis]) The analysis that generated the state represented by this object.
- **rtoc\_value** When the targeted architecture is ppc64, the initial function needs to know the *rtoc\_value*.
- live\_definitions (Optional[LiveDefinitions]) -
- **canonical\_size** (int) The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN\_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **heap\_allocator** (Optional[HeapAllocator]) Mechanism to model the management of heap memory.
- **environment** (Optional[*Environment*]) Representation of the environment of the analyzed program.
- codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- arch (Arch) -
- track\_consts(bool) -
- sp\_adjusted(bool)-

```
• all_definitions (Set[Definition] / None) -
          • initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
    Variables
        arch – The architecture targeted by the program.
__init__(codeloc, arch, subject, track_tmps=False, track_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc_value=None,
         live_definitions=None, canonical_size=8, heap_allocator=None, environment=None,
         sp_adjusted=False, all_definitions=None, initializer=None)
        Parameters
            • codeloc (CodeLocation) -
            • arch (Arch) -
            • subject (Subject) -
            • track_tmps (bool) -
            • track_consts(bool) -
            • analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis / None) -
            • live_definitions (LiveDefinitions / None) -
            • canonical_size (int) -
            • heap_allocator (HeapAllocator / None) -
            • environment (Environment | None) -
            • sp_adjusted(bool) -
            • all_definitions (Set[Definition] / None) -
            • initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
codeloc
arch: Arch
analysis
all_definitions: Set[Definition]
heap_allocator
codeloc_uses: Set[Definition]
exit_observed: bool
live_definitions
top(bits)
        Parameters
            bits (int) -
is_top(*args)
```

```
heap_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            offset (int | HeapAddress) -
static is_heap_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_heap_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
get_stack_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
            • symvar (Base) -
            • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            Base
        Returns
```

```
annotate_mv_with_def(mv, definition)
        Return type
           MultiValues
        Parameters
           • mv (MultiValues) -
           • definition (Definition) -
extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
           Iterator[Definition]
        Parameters
           symvar (Base) -
property tmps
property tmp_uses
property register_uses
property registers: MultiValuedMemory
property stack: MultiValuedMemory
property stack_uses
property heap: MultiValuedMemory
property heap_uses
property memory_uses
property memory: MultiValuedMemory
property uses_by_codeloc
get_sp()
        Return type
           int
get_stack_address(offset)
        Return type
           int
        Parameters
           offset (Base) -
property environment
property dep_graph
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           ReachingDefinitionsState
```

```
merge(*others)
        Return type
            Tuple[ReachingDefinitionsState, bool]
move_codelocs(new_codeloc)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            new_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
kill_definitions(atom)
    Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
    be removed during simplification.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
kill_and_add_definition(atom, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None, annotated=False,
                           uses=None, override codeloc=None)
        Return type
            Tuple[Optional[MultiValues], Set[Definition]]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • data (MultiValues) -
            • tags (Set[Tag] / None) -
            • annotated (bool) -
            • uses (Set[Definition] | None) -
            • override_codeloc (CodeLocation / None) -
add_use(atom, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_tmp_use(tmp, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • tmp (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(stack_offset, size, endness, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_heap_use(heap_offset, size, endness, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • heap_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(atom)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
        Parameters
            atom (Atom | Definition | Iterable[Atom] | Iterable[Definition]) -
get_values(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom]) -
get_one_value(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition) -
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
            Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters
```

```
• spec (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom]) -
                  • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
     mark_guard(target)
     mark_const(value, size)
              Parameters
                  • value (int) -
                  • size (int) -
     downsize()
     pointer_to_atoms(**kwargs)
     pointer_to_atom(**kwargs)
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
              Parameters

    pointer

                                        (MultiValues | Atom | Definition | Iterable[Atom] |
                    Iterable[Definition] | int | BV | HeapAddress | SpOffset) -
                  • size (int / DerefSize) -
                  • endness (str) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler(interfunction_level=0)
     Bases: object
     A mechanism for summarizing a function call's effect on a program for ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis.
          Parameters
              interfunction_level (int) -
     __init__(interfunction_level=0)
              Parameters
                  interfunction_level (int) -
     hook(analysis)
          Attach this instance of the function handler to an instance of RDA.
              Return type
                  FunctionHandler
              Parameters
                  analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis) -
     make_function_codeloc(target, callsite, callsite_func_addr)
          The RDA engine will call this function to transform a callsite CodeLocation into a callee CodeLocation.
              Parameters
                  • target (None | int | MultiValues) -
                  • callsite (CodeLocation) -
                  • callsite_func_addr (int | None) -
```

### handle\_function(state, data)

The main entry point for the function handler. Called with a RDA state and a FunctionCallData, it is expected to update the state and the data as per the contracts described on FunctionCallData.

You can override this method to take full control over how data is processed, or override any of the following to use the higher-level interface (data.depends()):

- handle\_impl\_<function name> used for <function name>.
- handle\_local\_function used for any function (excluding plt stubs) whose address is inside the main binary.
- handle\_external\_function used for any function or plt stub whose address is outside the main binary.
- handle\_indirect\_function used for any function whose target cannot be resolved.
- handle\_generic\_function used as a default if none of the above are overridden.

Each of them take the same signature as *handle\_function*.

#### **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_generic\_function(state, data)

### **Parameters**

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_indirect\_function(state, data)

# Return type

None

### **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_local\_function(state, data)

## Return type

None

### **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_external\_function(state, data)

# **Return type**

None

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

```
recurse_analysis(state, data)
    Precondition: data.function MUST NOT BE NONE in order to call this method.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • data (FunctionCallData) -
static c_args_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            List[Set[Atom]]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static c_return_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            Set[Atom]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static caller_saved_regs_as_atoms(state, cc)
        Return type
            Set[Register]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
static stack_pointer_as_atom(state)
        Return type
```

Register

class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.FunctionCallData(callsite\_codeloc, function\_codeloc,

address\_multi, address=None,
symbol=None, function=None,
name=None, cc=None, prototype=None,
args\_atoms=None, args\_values=None,
ret\_atoms=None, redefine\_locals=True,
visited\_blocks=None, effects=<factory>,
ret\_values=None,
ret\_values\_deps=None,
caller\_will\_handle\_single\_ret=False,
guessed\_cc=False,
guessed\_prototype=False,
retaddr\_popped=False)

## Bases: object

A bundle of intermediate data used when computing the sum effect of a function during ReachingDefinitions-Analysis.

# RDA engine contract:

- Construct one of these before calling *FunctionHandler.handle\_function*. Fill it with as many fields as you can realistically provide without duplicating effort.
- Provide *callsite\_codeloc* as either the call statement (AIL) or the default exit of the default statement of the calling block (VEX)
- Provide function\_codeloc as the callee address with stmt\_idx=0`.

#### Function handler contract:

- If redefine\_locals is unset, do not adjust any artifacts of the function call abstraction, such as the stack pointer, the caller saved registers, etc.
- If caller\_will\_handle\_single\_ret is set, and there is a single entry in *ret\_atoms*, do not apply to the state effects modifying this atom. Instead, set *ret\_values* and *ret\_values\_deps* to the values and deps which are used constructing these values.

```
callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
function_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
address_multi (MultiValues | None) -
address(int | None) -
symbol (Symbol | None) -
function (Function | None) -
name(str | None) -
cc (SimCC | None) -
prototype (SimTypeFunction | None) -
args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) -
args_values (List[MultiValues] | None) -
ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
redefine_locals (bool) -
```

```
• visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
         • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
         • ret_values (MultiValues / None) -
         • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] / None) -
         • caller_will_handle_single_ret(bool) -
         • guessed_cc (bool) -
         • guessed_prototype (bool) -
         • retaddr_popped (bool) -
callsite_codeloc: CodeLocation
function_codeloc: CodeLocation
address_multi: Optional[MultiValues]
address: Optional[int] = None
symbol: Optional[Symbol] = None
function: Optional[Function] = None
name: Optional[str] = None
cc: Optional[SimCC] = None
prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction] = None
args_atoms: Optional[List[Set[Atom]]] = None
args_values: Optional[List[MultiValues]] = None
ret_atoms: Optional[Set[Atom]] = None
redefine_locals: bool = True
visited_blocks: Optional[Set[int]] = None
effects: List[FunctionEffect]
ret_values: Optional[MultiValues] = None
ret_values_deps: Optional[Set[Definition]] = None
caller_will_handle_single_ret: bool = False
guessed_cc: bool = False
guessed_prototype: bool = False
retaddr_popped: bool = False
```

#### has\_clobbered(dest)

Determines whether the given atom already has effects applied

# Return type

bool

### **Parameters**

```
dest (Atom) -
```

**depends**(dest, \*sources, value=None, apply\_at\_callsite=False, tags=None)

Mark a single effect of the current function, including the atom being modified, the input atoms on which that output atom depends, the precise (or imprecise!) value to store, and whether the effect should be applied during the function or afterwards, at the callsite.

The tags are used to annotate the Definition of the Atom that will be created, when the function effects are applied to the state.

The atom being modified may be None to mark uses of the source atoms which do not have any explicit sinks.

#### **Parameters**

- dest (Atom | Iterable[Atom] | None) -
- sources (Atom / Iterable[Atom]) -
- value (MultiValues | BV | bytes | int | None) -
- apply\_at\_callsite (bool) -
- tags (Set[Tag] / None) -

reset\_prototype(prototype, state, soft\_reset=False)

# Return type

Set[Atom]

### **Parameters**

- prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- soft\_reset (bool) -

\_\_init\_\_(callsite\_codeloc, function\_codeloc, address\_multi, address=None, symbol=None, function=None, name=None, cc=None, prototype=None, args\_atoms=None, args\_values=None, ret\_atoms=None, redefine\_locals=True, visited\_blocks=None, effects=<factory>, ret\_values=None, ret\_values\_deps=None, caller\_will\_handle\_single\_ret=False, guessed\_cc=False, guessed\_prototype=False, retaddr\_popped=False)

- callsite\_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- function\_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- address\_multi (MultiValues / None) -
- address (int | None) -
- symbol (Symbol | None) -
- function (Function / None) -
- name (str | None) -

```
• cc (SimCC / None) -
                 • prototype (SimTypeFunction / None) -
                 • args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] / None) -
                 • args_values (List[MultiValues] / None) -
                 • ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
                 • redefine_locals (bool) -
                 • visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
                 • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
                 • ret_values (MultiValues | None) -
                 • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] | None) -
                 • caller_will_handle_single_ret (bool) -
                 • guessed_cc (bool) -
                 • guessed_prototype (bool) -
                 • retaddr_popped (bool) -
             Return type
                 None
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.get_all_definitions(region)
         Return type
             Set[Definition]
         Parameters
             region (MultiValuedMemory) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallSite(caller_func_addr, block_addr,
                                                                  callee_func_addr)
     Bases: object
     Describes a call site on a CFG.
         Parameters
               • caller_func_addr (int) -
               • block_addr (int | None) -
               • callee_func_addr(int)-
     __init__(caller_func_addr, block_addr, callee_func_addr)
             Parameters
                 • caller_func_addr (int) -
                 • block_addr (int | None) -
                 • callee_func_addr(int)-
     caller_func_addr
     callee_func_addr
```

# block\_addr class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.call\_trace.CallTrace(target) Bases: object Describes a series of functions calls to get from one function (current\_function\_address()) to another function or a basic block (self.target). **Parameters** target (int) -\_\_init\_\_(target) **Parameters** target (int) target callsites: List[CallSite] current\_function\_address() **Return type** int step\_back(caller\_func\_addr, block\_addr, callee\_func\_addr) Return type **CallTrace Parameters** • caller\_func\_addr (int) -• block\_addr (int | None) includes\_function(func\_addr) Return type bool **Parameters** func\_addr (int) copy() Return type **CallTrace** class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.engine\_vex.SimEngineRDVEX(project, functions=None, *function handler=None*) Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight Implements the VEX execution engine for reaching definition analysis. **\_\_init\_\_**(project, functions=None, function\_handler=None) process(state, \*args, block=None, fail\_fast=False, visited\_blocks=None, dep\_graph=None, \*\*kwargs) The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result. **Parameters state** – The state to proceed from

#### Returns

The result. Whatever you want;)

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.reaching\_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis} (\textit{subject=None}, \textit{reaching\_definitions.reaching\_def$ 

```
func_graph=Non
max_iterations=3
track tmps=False
track_consts=Tru
ob-
ser-
va-
tion_points=Non
init_state=None,
init_context=Non
state_initializer=
cc=None,
func-
tion_handler=No
ob-
serve_all=False,
vis-
ited_blocks=Non
dep_graph=True.
serve_callback=1
canon-
i-
cal\_size=8,
stack_pointer_tra
use_callee_saved
in-
ter-
func-
tion\_level=0,
track_liveness=T
func addr=None
```

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[ReachingDefinitionsState, NodeType, object, object], Analysis

ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis is a text-book implementation of a static data-flow analysis that works on either a function or a block. It supports both VEX and AIL. By registering observers to observation points, users may use this analysis to generate use-def chains, def-use chains, and reaching definitions, and perform other traditional data-flow analyses such as liveness analysis.

- I've always wanted to find a better name for this analysis. Now I gave up and decided to live with this name for the foreseeable future (until a better name is proposed by someone else).
- Aliasing is definitely a problem, and I forgot how aliasing is resolved in this implementation. I'll leave this as a post-graduation TODO.
- Some more documentation and examples would be nice.

```
__init__(subject=None, func_graph=None, max_iterations=3, track_tmps=False, track_consts=True, observation_points=None, init_state=None, init_context=None, state_initializer=None, cc=None, function_handler=None, observe_all=False, visited_blocks=None, dep_graph=True, observe_callback=None, canonical_size=8, stack_pointer_tracker=None, use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True, interfunction_level=0, track_liveness=True, func_addr=None)
```

#### **Parameters**

- **subject** (Union[Subject, Block, Block, Function, str, None]) The subject of the analysis: a function, or a single basic block
- **func\_graph** Alternative graph for function.graph.
- max\_iterations The maximum number of iterations before the analysis is terminated.
- track\_tmps Whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration during the analysis.
- **observation\_points** (*iterable*) A collection of tuples of ("node"|"insn", ins\_addr, OP\_TYPE) defining where reaching definitions should be copied and stored. OP\_TYPE can be OP\_BEFORE or OP\_AFTER.
- **init\_state** (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsState]) An optional initialization state. The analysis creates and works on a copy. Default to None: the analysis then initialize its own abstract state, based on the given <Subject>.
- **init\_context** If init\_state is not given, this is used to initialize the context field of the initial state's CodeLocation. The only default-supported type which may go here is a tuple of integers, i.e. a callstack. Anything else requires a custom FunctionHandler.
- cc Calling convention of the function.
- **function\_handler** (Optional[FunctionHandler]) The function handler to update the analysis state and results on function calls.
- **observe\_all** Observe every statement, both before and after.
- **visited\_blocks** A set of previously visited blocks.
- **dep\_graph** (Union[*DepGraph*, bool, None]) An initial dependency graph to add the result of the analysis to. Set it to None to skip dependency graph generation.
- **canonical\_size** The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN\_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **dep\_graph** Set this to True to generate a dependency graph for the subject. It will be available as *result.dep\_graph*.
- **interfunction\_level** (int) The number of functions we should recurse into. This parameter is only used if function\_handler is not provided.
- **track\_liveness** (bool) Whether to track liveness information. This can consume sizeable amounts of RAM on large functions. (e.g. ~15GB for a function with 4k nodes)
- state\_initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
- func\_addr (int | None) -

```
model: ReachingDefinitionsModel
```

property all\_uses

```
function_calls: Dict[CodeLocation, FunctionCallRelationships]
property observed_results: Dict[Tuple[str, int, int], LiveDefinitions]
property all_definitions
```

```
property one_result
property dep_graph: DepGraph
property visited_blocks
get_reaching_definitions(**kwargs)
get_reaching_definitions_by_insn(ins_addr, op_type)
get_reaching_definitions_by_node(node_addr, op_type)
node_observe(node_addr, state, op_type, node_idx=None)
```

# **Parameters**

- node\_addr (int) Address of the node.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The analysis state.
- **op\_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP\_BEFORE, OP\_AFTER.
- node\_idx (Optional[int]) ID of the node. Used in AIL to differentiate blocks with the same address.

## Return type

None

insn\_observe(insn\_addr, stmt, block, state, op\_type)

#### **Parameters**

- insn\_addr (int) Address of the instruction.
- **stmt** (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) The statement.
- **block** (Union[*Block*, Block]) The current block.
- **state** (*ReachingDefinitionsState*) The abstract analysis state.
- **op\_type** (*ObservationPointType*) Type of the observation point. Must be one of the following: OP\_BEORE, OP\_AFTER.

# Return type

None

stmt\_observe(stmt\_idx, stmt, block, state, op\_type)

# **Parameters**

- stmt\_idx (int) -
- **stmt** (Union[Statement, IRStmt]) -
- block (Union[Block, Block]) -
- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- op\_type (ObservationPointType) -

#### Return type

None

#### Returns

```
exit_observe(node_addr, exit_stmt_idx, block, state, node_idx=None)
             Parameters
                 • node_addr (int) -
                 • exit_stmt_idx (int) -
                 • block (Block / Block) -
                 • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
                 • node_idx (int | None) -
     property subject
    project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     callsites_to(target)
             Return type
                 Iterable[FunctionCallRelationships]
             Parameters
                target (int | str | Function) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.FunctionCallRelationships(callsite, target,
                                                                                  args_defns,
                                                                                  other_input_defns,
                                                                                  ret_defns,
                                                                                  other_output_defns)
     Bases: object
         Parameters
               • callsite (CodeLocation) -
               • target (int | None) -
               • args_defns (List[Set[Definition]]) -
               • other_input_defns (Set[Definition]) -
               • ret_defns (Set[Definition]) -
               • other_output_defns (Set[Definition]) -
     callsite: CodeLocation
     target: Optional[int]
     args_defns: List[Set[Definition]]
     other_input_defns: Set[Definition]
     ret_defns: Set[Definition]
     other_output_defns: Set[Definition]
```

```
__init__(callsite, target, args_defns, other_input_defns, ret_defns, other_output_defns)
              Parameters
                   • callsite (CodeLocation) -
                   • target (int | None) -
                   • args_defns (List[Set[Definition]]) -
                   • other_input_defns (Set[Definition]) -
                   • ret_defns (Set[Definition]) -
                   • other_output_defns (Set[Definition]) -
              Return type
                  None
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph(graph=None)
     Bases: object
     The representation of a dependency graph: a directed graph, where nodes are definitions, and edges represent
     uses.
     Mostly a wrapper around a <networkx.DiGraph>.
          Parameters
              graph (networkx.DiGraph [Definition] / None) -
     __init__(graph=None)
              Parameters
                  graph – A graph where nodes are definitions, and edges represent uses.
     property graph: networkx.DiGraph[Definition]
     add_node(node)
              Parameters
                  node (Definition) – The definition to add to the definition-use graph.
              Return type
                  None
     add_edge(source, destination, **labels)
          The edge to add to the definition-use graph. Will create nodes that are not yet present.
              Parameters
                   • source (Definition) – The "source" definition, used by the "destination".
                   • destination (Definition) – The "destination" definition, using the variable defined by
                    "source".
                   • labels – Optional keyword arguments to represent edge labels.
              Return type
                  None
     nodes()
              Return type
                  networkx.classes.reportviews.NodeView[Definition]
```

## predecessors(node)

#### **Parameters**

**node** (*Definition*) – The definition to get the predecessors of.

#### Return type

Iterator[Definition]

# transitive\_closure(definition)

Compute the "transitive closure" of a given definition. Obtained by transitively aggregating the ancestors of this definition in the graph.

Note: Each definition is memoized to avoid any kind of recomputation across the lifetime of this object.

#### **Parameters**

**definition** – The Definition to get transitive closure for.

#### Returns

A graph of the transitive closure of the given definition.

#### Return type

networkx.DiGraph[Definition[Atom]]

# contains\_atom(atom)

#### Return type

bool

#### **Parameters**

atom (Atom) -

# add\_dependencies\_for\_concrete\_pointers\_of(values, definition, cfg, loader)

When a given definition holds concrete pointers, make sure the <MemoryLocation>s they point to are present in the dependency graph; Adds them if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

- values (Iterable[Union[Base, int]]) -
- **definition** (*Definition*) The definition which has data that can contain concrete pointers.
- cfg (CFGModel) The CFG, containing information about memory data.
- loader (Loader) -

# find\_definitions(\*\*kwargs)

Filter the definitions present in the graph based on various criteria. Parameters can be any valid keyword args to *DefinitionMatchPredicate* 

# **Return type**

List[Definition]

## find\_all\_predecessors(starts, \*\*kwargs)

Filter the ancestors of the given start node or nodes that match various criteria. Parameters can be any valid keyword args to *DefinitionMatchPredicate* 

# find\_all\_successors(starts, \*\*kwargs)

Filter the descendents of the given start node or nodes that match various criteria. Parameters can be any valid keyword args to *DefinitionMatchPredicate* 

# Return type

List[Definition]

#### **Parameters**

```
starts (Definition | Iterable[Definition]) -
```

# find\_path(starts, ends, \*\*kwargs)

Find a path between the given start node or nodes and the given end node or nodes. All the intermediate steps in the path must match the criteria given in kwargs. The kwargs can be any valid parameters to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*.

This algorithm has exponential time and space complexity. Use at your own risk. Want to do better? Do it yourself or use networkx and eat the cost of indirection and/or cloning.

#### Return type

```
Optional[Tuple[Definition, ...]]
```

#### **Parameters**

- starts (Definition / Iterable [Definition]) -
- ends (Definition / Iterable[Definition]) -

# find\_paths(starts, ends, \*\*kwargs)

Find all non-overlapping simple paths between the given start node or nodes and the given end node or nodes. All the intermediate steps in the path must match the criteria given in kwargs. The kwargs can be any valid parameters to *DefinitionMatchPredicate*.

This algorithm has exponential time and space complexity. Use at your own risk. Want to do better? Do it yourself or use networkx and eat the cost of indirection and/or cloning.

# Return type

```
Iterator[Tuple[Definition, ...]]
```

#### **Parameters**

- starts (Definition | Iterable[Definition]) -
- ends (Definition | Iterable [Definition]) -

class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.heap\_allocator.HeapAllocator(canonical\_size)

Bases: object

A simple modelisation to help represent heap memory management during a <ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis>: - Act as if allocations were always done in consecutive memory segments; - Take care of the size not to screw potential pointer arithmetic (avoid overlapping segments).

The content of the heap itself is modeled using a <KeyedRegion> attribute in the <LiveDefinitions> state; This class serves to generate consistent heap addresses to be used by the aforementionned.

*Note:* This has **NOT** been made to help detect heap vulnerabilities.

## **Parameters**

```
canonical_size (int) -
__init__(canonical_size)
```

#### **Parameters**

 $\mbox{{\bf canonical\_size}} \ (\mbox{int}) - \mbox{The concrete size an <UNKNOWN\_SIZE> defaults to}.$ 

#### allocate(size)

Gives an address for a new memory chunck of <size> bytes.

## **Parameters**

**size** (Union[int, *UnknownSize*]) – The requested size for the chunck, in number of bytes.

# Return type

**HeapAddress** 

#### Returns

The address of the chunck.

# free(address)

Mark the chunck pointed by <address> as freed.

#### **Parameters**

address (Union[Undefined, HeapAddress]) – The address of the chunck to free.

# property allocated\_addresses

The list of addresses that are currently allocated on the heap.

**Type** 

return

angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.function\_handler.get\_exit\_livedefinitions(func, rda\_model)

Get LiveDefinitions at all exits of a function, merge them, and return.

#### **Parameters**

- func (Function) -
- rda\_model (ReachingDefinitionsModel) -

class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.function\_handler.FunctionEffect(dest,

sources, value=None, sources\_defns=None, apply\_at\_callsite=False, tags=None)

Bases: object

A single effect that a function summary may apply to the state. This is largely an implementation detail; use *FunctionCallData.depends* instead.

#### **Parameters**

- dest (Atom / None) -
- sources (Set[Atom]) -
- value (MultiValues / None) -
- sources\_defns (Set[Definition] / None) -
- apply\_at\_callsite (bool) -
- tags (Set [Tag] | None) -

dest: Optional[Atom]

sources: Set[Atom]

value: Optional[MultiValues] = None

sources\_defns: Optional[Set[Definition]] = None

apply\_at\_callsite: bool = False

 ${\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.function\_handler. {\bf FunctionCallData} ({\it callsite\_codeloc}, {\bf class}) and {\bf class}) and {\bf class} and {\bf class}) and {\bf class} and {\bf class}) and {\bf class} and {\bf class}) and$ 

```
function codeloc,
address_multi,
address=None,
symbol=None,
function=None,
name=None,
cc=None.
prototype=None,
args_atoms=None,
args_values=None,
ret_atoms=None,
rede-
fine_locals=True,
ited_blocks=None,
ef-
fects=<factory>,
ret values=None,
ret_values_deps=None,
caller_will_handle_single_ret=False
guessed_cc=False,
guessed_prototype=False,
taddr_popped=False)
```

Bases: object

A bundle of intermediate data used when computing the sum effect of a function during ReachingDefinitions-Analysis.

RDA engine contract:

- Construct one of these before calling *FunctionHandler.handle\_function*. Fill it with as many fields as you can realistically provide without duplicating effort.
- Provide *callsite\_codeloc* as either the call statement (AIL) or the default exit of the default statement of the calling block (VEX)
- Provide function\_codeloc as the callee address with stmt\_idx=0`.

#### Function handler contract:

- If redefine\_locals is unset, do not adjust any artifacts of the function call abstraction, such as the stack pointer, the caller saved registers, etc.
- If caller\_will\_handle\_single\_ret is set, and there is a single entry in *ret\_atoms*, do not apply to the state effects modifying this atom. Instead, set *ret\_values* and *ret\_values\_deps* to the values and deps which are used constructing these values.

#### **Parameters**

```
• callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
          • function_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
          • address_multi (MultiValues / None) -
          • address (int | None) -
          • symbol (Symbol | None) -
          • function (Function / None) -
          • name (str | None) -
          • cc (SimCC / None) -
          • prototype (SimTypeFunction / None) -
          • args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) -
          • args_values (List[MultiValues] / None) -
         • ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
         • redefine_locals (bool) -
          • visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
          • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
          • ret_values (MultiValues | None) -
          • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] / None) -
          • caller_will_handle_single_ret (bool) -

    guessed_cc (bool) -

          • guessed_prototype (bool) -
         • retaddr_popped (bool) -
callsite_codeloc: CodeLocation
function_codeloc: CodeLocation
address_multi: Optional[MultiValues]
address: Optional[int] = None
symbol: Optional[Symbol] = None
function: Optional[Function] = None
name: Optional[str] = None
```

```
cc: Optional[SimCC] = None
prototype: Optional[SimTypeFunction] = None
args_atoms: Optional[List[Set[Atom]]] = None
args_values: Optional[List[MultiValues]] = None
ret_atoms: Optional[Set[Atom]] = None
redefine_locals: bool = True
visited_blocks: Optional[Set[int]] = None
effects: List[FunctionEffect]
ret_values: Optional[MultiValues] = None
ret_values_deps: Optional[Set[Definition]] = None
caller_will_handle_single_ret: bool = False
guessed_cc: bool = False
guessed_prototype: bool = False
retaddr_popped: bool = False
has_clobbered(dest)
    Determines whether the given atom already has effects applied
       Return type
           bool
       Parameters
           dest (Atom) -
```

**depends**(dest, \*sources, value=None, apply\_at\_callsite=False, tags=None)

Mark a single effect of the current function, including the atom being modified, the input atoms on which that output atom depends, the precise (or imprecise!) value to store, and whether the effect should be applied during the function or afterwards, at the callsite.

The tags are used to annotate the Definition of the Atom that will be created, when the function effects are applied to the state.

The atom being modified may be None to mark uses of the source atoms which do not have any explicit sinks.

# **Parameters**

```
    dest (Atom | Iterable[Atom] | None) –
    sources (Atom | Iterable[Atom]) –
    value (MultiValues | BV | bytes | int | None) –
    apply_at_callsite (bool) –
    tags (Set[Tag] | None) –
```

```
reset_prototype(prototype, state, soft_reset=False)
        Return type
            Set[Atom]
        Parameters
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • soft_reset (bool) -
__init__(callsite_codeloc, function_codeloc, address_multi, address=None, symbol=None, function=None,
          name=None, cc=None, prototype=None, args_atoms=None, args_values=None, ret_atoms=None,
          redefine_locals=True, visited_blocks=None, effects=<factory>, ret_values=None,
          ret_values_deps=None, caller_will_handle_single_ret=False, guessed_cc=False,
          guessed_prototype=False, retaddr_popped=False)
        Parameters
            • callsite_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
            • function_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
            • address_multi (MultiValues / None) -
            • address (int | None) -
            • symbol (Symbol | None) -
            • function (Function / None) -
            • name (str | None) -
            • cc (SimCC / None) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction / None) -
            • args_atoms (List[Set[Atom]] | None) -
            • args_values (List[MultiValues] | None) -
            • ret_atoms (Set[Atom] | None) -
            • redefine_locals(bool) -
            • visited_blocks (Set[int] | None) -
            • effects (List[FunctionEffect]) -
            • ret_values (MultiValues | None) -
            • ret_values_deps (Set[Definition] / None) -
```

# • guessed\_cc (bool) -

• guessed\_prototype (bool) -

• caller\_will\_handle\_single\_ret (bool) -

• retaddr\_popped (bool) -

## Return type

None

```
angr
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionCallDataUnwrapped(inner)
     Bases: FunctionCallData
     A subclass of FunctionCallData which asserts that many of its members are non-None at construction time.
     Typechecks be gone!
          Parameters
              inner (FunctionCallData) -
     address_multi: MultiValues
     __init__(inner)
              Parameters
                  inner (FunctionCallData) -
     \textbf{static decorate}(wrapper, *, wrapped = < function Function Call Data Unwrapped. decorate >,
                        assigned=('__module__', '__name__', '__qualname__', '__doc__', '__annotations__'),
                        updated=('__dict__', ))
          Update a wrapper function to look like the wrapped function
          wrapper is the function to be updated wrapped is the original function assigned is a tuple nam-
          ing the attributes assigned directly from the wrapped function to the wrapper function (defaults
          to functools.WRAPPER_ASSIGNMENTS) updated is a tuple naming the attributes of the wrap-
          per that are updated with the corresponding attribute from the wrapped function (defaults to func-
          tools.WRAPPER_UPDATES)
     Bases: object
     A mechanism for summarizing a function call's effect on a program for ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis.
```

**class** angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.function\_handler.FunctionHandler(interfunction\_level=0)

```
interfunction_level (int) -
__init__(interfunction level=0)
        Parameters
            interfunction_level(int)-
```

hook(analysis)

Attach this instance of the function handler to an instance of RDA.

# Return type

FunctionHandler

#### **Parameters**

analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis) -

make\_function\_codeloc(target, callsite, callsite func addr)

The RDA engine will call this function to transform a callsite CodeLocation into a callee CodeLocation.

# **Parameters**

- target (None | int | MultiValues) -• callsite (CodeLocation) -
- callsite\_func\_addr (int | None) -

## handle\_function(state, data)

The main entry point for the function handler. Called with a RDA state and a FunctionCallData, it is expected to update the state and the data as per the contracts described on FunctionCallData.

You can override this method to take full control over how data is processed, or override any of the following to use the higher-level interface (data.depends()):

- handle\_impl\_<function name> used for <function name>.
- handle\_local\_function used for any function (excluding plt stubs) whose address is inside the main binary.
- handle\_external\_function used for any function or plt stub whose address is outside the main binary.
- handle\_indirect\_function used for any function whose target cannot be resolved.
- handle\_generic\_function used as a default if none of the above are overridden.

Each of them take the same signature as *handle\_function*.

#### **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_generic\_function(state, data)

# **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_indirect\_function(state, data)

# Return type

None

#### **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_local\_function(state, data)

# Return type

None

#### **Parameters**

- state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

handle\_external\_function(state, data)

# **Return type**

None

# **Parameters**

- **state** (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
- data (FunctionCallData) -

```
recurse_analysis(state, data)
    Precondition: data.function MUST NOT BE NONE in order to call this method.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • data (FunctionCallData) -
static c_args_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            List[Set[Atom]]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static c_return_as_atoms(state, cc, prototype)
        Return type
            Set[Atom]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
            • prototype (SimTypeFunction) -
static caller_saved_regs_as_atoms(state, cc)
        Return type
            Set[Register]
        Parameters
            • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) -
            • cc (SimCC) -
static stack_pointer_as_atom(state)
        Return type
```

Register

class angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.rd\_state.ReachingDefinitionsState(codeloc, arch,

subject, track\_tmps=False, track\_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc\_value=None, live\_definitions=None, canonical\_size=8, heap\_allocator=None, environment=None, sp\_adjusted=False, all\_definitions=None, initializer=None)

Bases: object

Represents the internal state of the Reaching Definitions Analysis.

It contains a data class LiveDefinitions, which stores both definitions and uses for register, stack, memory, and temporary variables, uncovered during the analysis.

#### **Parameters**

- **subject** (*Subject*) The subject being analyzed.
- **track\_tmps** (bool) Only tells whether or not temporary variables should be taken into consideration when representing the state of the analysis. Should be set to true when the analysis has counted uses and definitions for temporary variables, false otherwise.
- analysis (Optional[ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis]) The analysis that generated the state represented by this object.
- **rtoc\_value** When the targeted architecture is ppc64, the initial function needs to know the *rtoc\_value*.
- live\_definitions (Optional[LiveDefinitions]) -
- **canonical\_size** (int) The sizes (in bytes) that objects with an UNKNOWN\_SIZE are treated as for operations where sizes are necessary.
- **heap\_allocator** (Optional[*HeapAllocator*]) Mechanism to model the management of heap memory.
- **environment** (Optional[*Environment*]) Representation of the environment of the analyzed program.
- codeloc (CodeLocation) -
- arch (Arch) -
- track\_consts(bool) -
- sp\_adjusted(bool) -
- all\_definitions (Set[Definition]) -
- initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -

#### Variables

**arch** – The architecture targeted by the program.

\_\_init\_\_(codeloc, arch, subject, track\_tmps=False, track\_consts=False, analysis=None, rtoc\_value=None, live\_definitions=None, canonical\_size=8, heap\_allocator=None, environment=None, sp\_adjusted=False, all\_definitions=None, initializer=None)

# **Parameters**

```
• codeloc (CodeLocation) -
            • arch (Arch) -
            • subject (Subject) -
            • track_tmps (bool) -
            • track_consts(bool) -
            • analysis (ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis / None) -
            • live_definitions (LiveDefinitions / None) -
            • canonical_size (int) -
            • heap_allocator (HeapAllocator / None) -
            • environment (Environment / None) -
            • sp_adjusted (bool) -
            • all_definitions (Set[Definition] / None) -
            • initializer (RDAStateInitializer | None) -
codeloc
arch: Arch
analysis
all_definitions: Set[Definition]
heap_allocator
codeloc_uses: Set[Definition]
exit_observed: bool
live_definitions
top(bits)
        Parameters
           bits (int) -
is_top(*args)
heap_address(offset)
        Return type
           BV
        Parameters
           offset (int | HeapAddress) -
```

```
static is_heap_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
static get_heap_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            BV
        Parameters
            offset (int) -
is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
get_stack_offset(addr)
        Return type
            Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
annotate_with_def(symvar, definition)
        Parameters
            • symvar (Base) -
            • definition (Definition) -
        Return type
            Base
        Returns
annotate_mv_with_def(mv, definition)
        Return type
            MultiValues
        Parameters
            • mv (MultiValues) -
            • definition (Definition) -
```

```
extract_defs(symvar)
        Return type
           Iterator[Definition]
        Parameters
           symvar (Base) -
property tmps
property tmp_uses
property register_uses
property registers: MultiValuedMemory
property stack: MultiValuedMemory
property stack_uses
property heap: MultiValuedMemory
property heap_uses
property memory_uses
property memory: MultiValuedMemory
property uses_by_codeloc
get_sp()
        Return type
           int
get_stack_address(offset)
        Return type
           int
        Parameters
           offset (Base) -
property environment
property dep_graph
copy(discard_tmpdefs=False)
        Return type
           ReachingDefinitionsState
merge(*others)
        Return type
           Tuple[ReachingDefinitionsState, bool]
move_codelocs(new_codeloc)
        Return type
           None
```

**Parameters** 

```
new_codeloc (CodeLocation) -
kill_definitions(atom)
    Overwrite existing definitions w.r.t 'atom' with a dummy definition instance. A dummy definition will not
    be removed during simplification.
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            atom (Atom) -
kill_and_add_definition(atom, data, dummy=False, tags=None, endness=None, annotated=False,
                           uses=None, override_codeloc=None)
        Return type
            Tuple[Optional[MultiValues], Set[Definition]]
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • data (MultiValues) -
            • tags (Set [Tag] | None) -
            • annotated (bool) -
            • uses (Set[Definition] | None) -
            • override_codeloc (CodeLocation / None) -
add_use(atom, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • atom (Atom) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_tmp_use(tmp, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • tmp (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_tmp_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use(reg_offset, size, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • reg_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_register_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use(stack_offset, size, endness, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • stack_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_stack_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_heap_use(heap_offset, size, endness, expr=None)
        Return type
            None
        Parameters
            • heap_offset (int) -
            • size (int) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
```

```
add_heap_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable [Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_def(definition, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • definition (Definition) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
add_memory_use_by_defs(defs, expr=None)
        Parameters
            • defs (Iterable[Definition]) -
            • expr (Any | None) -
get_definitions(atom)
        Return type
            Iterable[Definition]
           atom (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom] / Iterable[Definition]) -
get_values(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[MultiValues]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition / Iterable[Atom]) -
get_one_value(spec)
        Return type
            Optional[BV]
        Parameters
            spec (Atom / Definition) -
get_concrete_value(spec, cast_to=<class 'int'>)
        Return type
           Union[int, bytes, None]
        Parameters
            • spec (Atom / Definition[Atom] / Iterable[Atom]) -
            • cast_to(Type[int] | Type[bytes]) -
mark_guard(target)
mark_const(value, size)
        Parameters
            • value (int) -
```

```
• size (int) -
     downsize()
     pointer_to_atoms(**kwargs)
     pointer_to_atom(**kwargs)
     deref(pointer, size, endness=Endness.BE)
             Parameters
                 pointer
                                      (MultiValues | Atom | Definition | Iterable[Atom] |
                   Iterable[Definition] | int | BV | HeapAddress | SpOffset) -
                 • size (int | DerefSize) -
                 • endness (str) -
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.SubjectType(value)
     Bases: Enum
     An enumeration.
     Function = 1
     Block = 2
     CallTrace = 3
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subject(content, func_graph=None, cc=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(content, func_graph=None, cc=None)
         The thing being analysed, and the way (visitor) to analyse it.
             Parameters
                 • content (Union[ailment.Block, angr.Block, Function]) - Thing to be anal-
                 • func_graph (networkx.DiGraph) – Alternative graph for function.graph.
                 • cc (SimCC) – Calling convention of the function.
     property cc
     property content
     property func_graph
     property type
     property visitor: FunctionGraphVisitor | SingleNodeGraphVisitor
class angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail.SimEngineRDAIL(project,
                                                                         function_handler=None,
                                                                         stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                                                                         use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True,
                                                                         bp_as_gpr=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEngineLight
```

**Parameters** 

```
• function_handler (FunctionHandler | None) -
                 • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     arch: Arch
     state: ReachingDefinitionsState
     __init__(project, function_handler=None, stack_pointer_tracker=None,
                use_callee_saved_regs_at_return=True, bp_as_gpr=False)
               Parameters
                   • function_handler (FunctionHandler | None) -
                   • bp_as_gpr (bool) -
     process(state, *args, dep_graph=None, visited_blocks=None, block=None, fail_fast=False, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
               Parameters
                   state – The state to proceed from
               Returns
                  The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink.CFGSliceToSink(target,
                                                                                     transitions=None)
     Bases: object
     The representation of a slice of a CFG.
     __init__(target, transitions=None)
               Parameters
                   • target (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function) - The tar-
                     geted sink, to which every path in the slice leads.
                   • transitions (Dict[int,List[int]]) - A mapping representing transitions in the
                     graph. Indexes are source addresses and values a list of destination addresses, for which
                     there exists a transition in the slice from source to destination.
     property transitions
          The transitions in the slice.
               Type
                   return Dict[int,List[int]]
     property transitions_as_tuples
          The list of transitions as pairs of (source, destination).
                   return List[Tuple[int,int]]
     property target
          return angr.knowledge plugins.functions.function.Function: The targeted sink function, from which the
          slice is constructed.
     property nodes: List[int]
          The complete list of addresses present in the slice.
```

# **Type**

return

# property entrypoints

Entrypoints are all source addresses that are not the destination address of any transition.

#### Return List[int]

The list of entrypoints addresses.

#### add\_transitions(transitions)

Add the given transitions to the current slice.

#### **Parameters**

**transitions** (Dict[int,List[int]]) — The list of transitions to be added to self.transitions.

# Return Dict[int,List[int]]

Return the updated list of transitions.

## is\_empty()

Test if a given slice does not contain any transition.

#### Return bool

True if the <CFGSliceToSink> instance does not contain any transitions. False otherwise.

## path\_between(source, destination, visited=None)

Check the existence of a path in the slice between two given node adresses.

#### **Parameters**

- **source** (int) The source address.
- **destination** (int) The destination address.
- **visited** (Optional[Set[Any]]) Used to avoid infinite recursion if loops are present in the slice.

## Return type

bool

#### Returns

True if there is a path between the source and the destination in the CFG, False if not, or if we have been unable to decide (because of loops).

```
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph.slice_callgraph(callgraph, cfg_slice_to_sink)
```

Slice a callgraph, keeping only the nodes present in the <CFGSliceToSink> representation, and th transitions for which a path exists.

Note that this function mutates the graph passed as an argument.

#### **Parameters**

- callgraph (networkx.MultiDiGraph) The callgraph to update.
- **cfg\_slice\_to\_sink** (CFGSliceToSink) The representation of the slice, containing the data to update the callgraph from.

# angr.analyses.cfg\_slice\_to\_sink.graph.slice\_cfg\_graph(graph, cfg\_slice\_to\_sink)

Slice a CFG graph, keeping only the transitions and nodes present in the <CFGSliceToSink> representation.

Note that this function mutates the graph passed as an argument.

#### **Parameters**

- **graph** (*networkx.DiGraph*) The graph to slice.
- cfg\_slice\_to\_sink (CFGSliceToSink) The representation of the slice, containing the
  data to update the CFG from.

# Return networkx.DiGraph

The sliced graph.

angr.analyses.cfg\_slice\_to\_sink.graph.slice\_function\_graph(function\_graph, cfg\_slice\_to\_sink)

Slice a function graph, keeping only the nodes present in the <CFGSliceToSink> representation.

Because the <CFGSliceToSink> is build from the CFG, and the function graph is *NOT* a subgraph of the CFG, edges of the function graph will no be present in the <CFGSliceToSink> transitions. However, we use the fact that if there is an edge between two nodes in the function graph, then there must exist a path between these two nodes in the slice; Proof idea: - The <CFGSliceToSink> is backward and recursively constructed; - If a node is in the slice, then all its predecessors will be (transitively); - If there is an edge between two nodes in the function graph, there is a path between them in the CFG; - So: The origin node is a transitive predecessor of the destination one, hence if destination is in the slice, then origin will be too.

In consequence, in the end, removing the only nodes not present in the slice, and their related transitions gives us the expected result: a function graph representing (a higher view of) the flow in the slice.

Note that this function mutates the graph passed as an argument.

#### **Parameters**

- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) The graph to slice.
- **cfg\_slice\_to\_sink** (CFGSliceToSink) The representation of the slice, containing the data to update the CFG from.

## Return networkx.DiGraph

The sliced graph.

# Some utilitary functions to manage our representation of transitions:

A dictionary, indexed by int (source addresses), which values are list of ints (target addresses).

angr.analyses.cfg\_slice\_to\_sink.transitions.merge\_transitions(transitions, existing\_transitions)

Merge two dictionaries of transitions together.

# **Parameters**

- **transitions** (*Dict[int,List[int]]*) Some transitions.
- **existing\_transitions** (*Dict[int,List[int]]*) Other transitions.

## Return Dict[int,List[int]]

The merge of the two parameters.

```
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.BottomType
```

Bases: object

The bottom value for register values.

```
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Constant(val)
```

Bases: object

Represents a constant value.

\_\_init\_\_(val)

val

```
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Register(offset, bitlen)
                Bases: object
                Represent a register.
                __init__(offset, bitlen)
                offset
                bitlen
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.OffsetVal(reg, offset)
                Bases: object
                Represent a value with an offset added.
                __init__(reg, offset)
                property reg
                property offset
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.stack\_pointer\_tracker.} {\bf FrozenStackPointerTrackerState} ({\it regs, memory, me
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  is_tracking_memory)
                Bases: object
                Abstract state for StackPointerTracker analysis with registers and memory values being in frozensets.
                __init__(regs, memory, is_tracking_memory)
                regs
                memory
                is_tracking_memory
                unfreeze()
                merge(other)
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerState(regs, memory,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             is_tracking_memory)
                Bases: object
                Abstract state for StackPointerTracker analysis.
                __init__(regs, memory, is_tracking_memory)
                regs
                memory
                is_tracking_memory
                give_up_on_memory_tracking()
                store(addr, val)
                load(addr)
                get(reg)
```

```
put(reg, val)
     copy()
     freeze()
     merge(other)
exception angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.CouldNotResolveException
     Bases: Exception
     An exception used in StackPointerTracker analysis to represent internal resolving failures.
class angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTracker(func, reg_offsets, block=None,
                                                                       track_memory=True)
     Bases: Analysis, ForwardAnalysis
     Track the offset of stack pointer at the end of each basic block of a function.
     __init__(func, reg_offsets, block=None, track_memory=True)
              Parameters
                  • func (Function | None) -
                  • reg_offsets (Set[int]) -
                  • block (Block / None) -
     offset_after(addr, reg)
     offset_before(addr, reg)
     offset_after_block(block_addr, reg)
     offset_before_block(block_addr, reg)
     property inconsistent
     inconsistent_for(reg)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.StackLocationAnnotation(offset)
     Bases: Annotation
     __init__(offset)
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
```

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.VariableSourceAnnotation(block_addr,
                                                                                       stmt idx,
                                                                                       ins addr)
     Bases: Annotation
     __init__(block_addr, stmt_idx, ins_addr)
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
     static from_state(state)
angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.parse_stack_pointer(sp)
     Convert multiple supported forms of stack pointer representations into stack offsets.
          Parameters
              sp – A stack pointer representation.
          Returns
              A stack pointer offset.
          Return type
              int
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.VariableAnnotation(addr_and_variables)
     Bases: Annotation
          Parameters
              addr_and_variables (List[Tuple[int, SimVariable]]) -
     __init__(addr_and_variables)
              Parameters
                  addr_and_variables(List[Tuple[int, SimVariable]]) -
     addr_and_variables
     property relocatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be relocated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if it can be relocated, false otherwise.
     property eliminatable
          Returns whether this annotation can be eliminated in a simplification.
              Returns
                  True if eliminatable, False otherwise
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.VariableRecoveryBase(func,
                                                                                               max_iterations,
                                                                                               store_live_variables)
```

```
Bases: Analysis
                 The base class for VariableRecovery and VariableRecoveryFast.
                                               store_live_variables (bool) -
                 __init__(func, max_iterations, store_live_variables)
                                               Parameters
                                                           store_live_variables (bool) -
                 get_variable_definitions(block_addr)
                                  Get variables that are defined at the specified block.
                                               Parameters
                                                           block_addr (int) – Address of the block.
                                               Returns
                                                           A set of variables.
                 initialize_dominance_frontiers()
                 project: Project
                 kb: KnowledgeBase
{\bf class} \ {\bf angr.analyses.variable\_recovery.variable\_recovery\_base. {\bf VariableRecoveryStateBase} ({\it block\_addr}, {\bf variable\_recovery\_base}) and {\bf variable\_recovery\_base} ({\it block\_addr}, {\bf variable\_recovery\_base}) and {\bf variable\_recovery\_base}) and {\bf variable\_recovery\_base} ({\it block\_addr}, {\bf variable\_recovery\_base}) and {\bf variable\_recovery\_base}) and {\bf variable\_recovery\_base} ({\it block\_addr}, {\bf variable\_recovery\_base}) and {\it block\_addr} ({\it block\_addr}, {\it block\_addr}) and {\it block\_addr} ({\it block\_addr}, {\it block\_addr}) and {\it block\_addr}) and {\it block\_addr} ({\it block\_addr}, {\it block\_addr}) and {\it block\_addr} ({\it block\_addr}, {\it block\_addr}) and {\it block\_addr} ({\it block\_addr}) and {\it block\_addr}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        anal-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        y-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        sis,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        arch,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       func,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        stack_region=None,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        reg-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ter_region=None,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        global_region=None.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        type-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        vars=None,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        type_constraints=No.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        layed_type_constrain
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        stack_offset_typevars
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        project=None)
                 Bases: object
                 The base abstract state for variable recovery analysis.
                  __init__(block_addr, analysis, arch, func, stack_region=None, register_region=None, global_region=None,
                                                   typevars=None, type_constraints=None, delayed_type_constraints=None,
                                                   stack_offset_typevars=None, project=None)
                 static top(bits)
                                               Return type
                                                           BV
```

```
static is_top(thing)
        Return type
           bool
static extract_variables(expr)
        Return type
            Generator[Tuple[int, Union[SimVariable, SpOffset]], None, None]
        Parameters
           expr (Base) -
static annotate_with_variables(expr, addr_and_variables)
        Return type
           Base
        Parameters
            • expr (Base) -
            • addr_and_variables (Iterable[Tuple[int, SimVariable / SpOffset]]) -
stack_address(offset)
        Return type
            Base
        Parameters
           offset (int) -
static is_stack_address(addr)
        Return type
            bool
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
is_global_variable_address(addr)
        Return type
           bool
        Parameters
           addr (Base) -
static extract_stack_offset_from_addr(addr)
        Return type
           Optional[Base]
        Parameters
           addr (Base) -
get_stack_offset(addr)
        Return type
           Optional[int]
        Parameters
            addr (Base) -
```

```
stack_addr_from_offset(offset)
         Return type
             int
         Parameters
             offset (int) -
property func_addr
property dominance_frontiers
property variable_manager
property variables
get_variable_definitions(block_addr)
     Get variables that are defined at the specified block.
         Parameters
             block_addr (int) – Address of the block.
         Returns
             A set of variables.
add_type_constraint(constraint)
     Add a new type constraint.
         Parameters
             constraint -
         Returns
downsize()
     Remove unnecessary members.
         Return type
             None
         Returns
             None
static downsize_region(region)
     Get rid of unnecessary references in region so that it won't avoid garbage collection on those referenced
     objects.
         Parameters
             \textbf{region} \; (\textit{MultiValuedMemory}) - A \; \textit{MultiValuedMemory} \; \text{region}.
         Return type
             MultiValuedMemory
         Returns
             None
```

class angr.analyses.variable\_recovery.variable\_recovery\_fast.VariableRecoveryFastState(block\_addr,

```
anal-
y-
sis,
arch,
func,
stack_region=None,
reg-
is-
ter_region=None,
global_region=None.
type-
vars=None,
type_constraints=No.
de-
layed_type_constrain
stack_offset_typevars
project=None,
ret_val_size=None)
```

Bases: VariableRecoveryStateBase

The abstract state of variable recovery analysis.

#### **Variables**

- stack\_region (KeyedRegion) The stack store.
- **register\_region** (KeyedRegion) The register store.

\_\_init\_\_(block\_addr, analysis, arch, func, stack\_region=None, register\_region=None, global\_region=None, typevars=None, typevars=None, type\_constraints=None, delayed\_type\_constraints=None, stack\_offset\_typevars=None, project=None, ret\_val\_size=None)

## copy()

merge(others, successor=None)

Merge two abstract states.

For any node A whose dominance frontier that the current node (at the current program location) belongs to, we create a phi variable V for each variable V that is defined in A, and then replace all existence of V with V in the merged abstract state.

# **Parameters**

**others** (Tuple[VariableRecoveryFastState]) – Other abstract states to merge.

# **Return type**

Tuple[VariableRecoveryFastState, bool]

#### Returns

The merged abstract state.

class angr.analyses.variable\_recovery.variable\_recovery\_fast.VariableRecoveryFast(func,

func\_graph=None, max\_iterations=2, low\_priority=False, track\_sp=True, func\_args=None, store\_live\_variables=False, unify\_variables=True)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, VariableRecoveryBase

Recover "variables" from a function by keeping track of stack pointer offsets and pattern matching VEX statements.

If calling conventions are recovered prior to running VariableRecoveryFast, variables can be recognized more accurately. However, it is not a requirement. In this case, the function graph you pass must contain information indicating the call-out sites inside the analyzed function. These graph edges must be annotated with either "type": "call" or "outside": True.

\_\_init\_\_(func, func\_graph=None, max\_iterations=2, low\_priority=False, track\_sp=True, func\_args=None, store\_live\_variables=False, unify\_variables=True)

#### Constructor

#### **Parameters**

- **order\_jobs** (*bool*) If all jobs should be ordered or not.
- allow\_merging (bool) If job merging is allowed.
- allow\_widening (bool) If job widening is allowed.
- graph\_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) A graph visitor to provide successors.
- func (Function | str | int) -
- func\_graph (DiGraph | None) -
- max\_iterations (int) -
- func\_args (List[SimVariable] | None) -

#### Returns

None

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery.VariableRecoveryState(block_addr,
```

```
analysis, arch,
func, con-
crete_states,
stack_region=None,
regis-
ter_region=None)
```

Bases: VariableRecoveryStateBase

The abstract state of variable recovery analysis.

#### **Variables**

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{variable\_manager.} Variable\_manager. VariableManager) &-- The variable manager. \\ \end{tabular}
```

\_\_init\_\_(block\_addr, analysis, arch, func, concrete\_states, stack\_region=None, register\_region=None)

```
property concrete_states
```

```
get_concrete_state(addr)
```

**Parameters** 

addr -

#### Returns

copy()

register\_callbacks(concrete\_states)

**Parameters** 

concrete states -

Returns

merge(others, successor=None)

Merge two abstract states.

## **Parameters**

**others** (Tuple[VariableRecoveryState]) – Other abstract states to merge.

#### Returns

The merged abstract state.

### Return type

VariableRecoveryState, and a boolean that indicates if any merge has happened.

class angr.analyses.variable\_recovery.variable\_recovery.VariableRecovery(func,

max\_iterations=20, store live variables=False)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, VariableRecoveryBase

Recover "variables" from a function using forced execution.

While variables play a very important role in programming, it does not really exist after compiling. However, we can still identify and recovery their counterparts in binaries. It is worth noting that not every variable in source code can be identified in binaries, and not every recognized variable in binaries have a corresponding variable in the original source code. In short, there is no guarantee that the variables we identified/recognized in a binary are the same variables in its source code.

This analysis uses heuristics to identify and recovers the following types of variables: - Register variables. - Stack variables. - Heap variables. (not implemented yet) - Global variables. (not implemented yet)

This analysis takes a function as input, and performs a data-flow analysis on nodes. It runs concrete execution on every statement and hooks all register/memory accesses to discover all places that are accessing variables. It is slow, but has a more accurate analysis result. For a fast but inaccurate variable recovery, you may consider using VariableRecoveryFast.

This analysis follows SSA, which means every write creates a new variable in registers or memory (statck, heap, etc.). Things may get tricky when overlapping variable (in memory, as you cannot really have overlapping accesses to registers) accesses exist, and in such cases, a new variable will be created, and this new variable will overlap with one or more existing variables. A decision procedure (which is pretty much TODO) is required at the end of this analysis to resolve the conflicts between overlapping variables.

**\_\_init\_\_**(func, max\_iterations=20, store\_live\_variables=False)

# **Parameters**

**func** (*knowledge*. *Function*) – The function to analyze.

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail.SimEngineVRAIL(*args, call_info=None,
                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightAILMixin, SimEngineVRBase
     The engine for variable recovery on AIL.
     state: VariableRecoveryFastState
     block: Block
     __init__(*args, call info=None, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex.SimEngineVRVEX(*args, call info=None,
                                                                        **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineVRBase
     Implements the VEX engine for variable recovery analysis.
     state: VariableRecoveryStateBase
     __init__(*args, call_info=None, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.RichR(data, variable=None, typevar=None,
                                                               type_constraints=None)
     Bases: object
     A rich representation of calculation results. The variable recovery data domain.
          Parameters
               • data (Base) -
                • typevar (TypeVariable / None) -
     __init__(data, variable=None, typevar=None, type_constraints=None)
              Parameters
                  • data (Base) -
                  • typevar (TypeVariable / None) -
     data: Base
     variable
     typevar
     type_constraints
     property bits
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.SimEngineVRBase(project, kb)
     Bases: SimEngineLight
     The base class for variable recovery analyses. Contains methods for basic interactions with the state, like loading
     and storing data.
     state: VariableRecoveryStateBase
     __init__(project, kb)
```

```
property func_addr
     process(state, *args, **kwargs)
          The main entry point for an engine. Should take a state and return a result.
              Parameters
                  state – The state to proceed from
              Returns
                  The result. Whatever you want;)
class angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanner.VEXIRSBScanner(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin
     Scan the VEX IRSB to determine if any argument-passing registers should be narrowed by detecting cases of
     loading the whole register and immediately narrowing the register before writing to the tmp.
     __init__(*args, **kwargs)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.lifter.TypeLifter(bits)
     Bases: object
     Lift SimTypes to type constants.
          Parameters
              bits (int) -
     __init__(bits)
              Parameters
                  bits (int) -
     bits
     lift(ty)
              Parameters
                  ty (SimType) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.RecursiveType(typevar, offset)
     Bases: object
     __init__(typevar, offset)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.SimpleSolver(bits, constraints)
     Bases: object
     SimpleSolver is, literally, a simple, unification-based type constraint solver.
          Parameters
              bits (int) -
     __init__(bits, constraints)
              Parameters
                  bits (int) -
     solve()
     determine()
```

```
class angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.SimTypeTempRef(typevar)
     Bases: SimType
     __init__(typevar)
             Parameters
                 label – the type label.
     c_repr()
class angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator(arch=None)
     Bases: object
     Translate type variables to SimType equivalence.
     __init__(arch=None)
     struct_name()
     tc2simtype(tc)
     simtype2tc(simtype)
             Return type
                 TypeConstant
             Parameters
                 simtype (SimType) -
     backpatch(st, translated)
             Parameters
                 • st (sim_type.SimType) -
                 • translated (dict) -
             Returns
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeConstraint
     Bases: object
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Equivalence(type_a, type_b)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     __init__(type_a, type_b)
     type_a
     type_b
```

```
pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Existence(type_)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     __init__(type_)
     type_
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Subtype(sub_type, super_type)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     __init__(sub_type, super_type)
     super_type
     sub_type
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Add(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     Describes the constraint that type_r == type0 + type1
     __init__(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     type_0
     type_1
     type_r
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
```

```
Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Sub(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     Bases: TypeConstraint
     Describes the constraint that type_r == type0 - type1
     __init__(type_0, type_1, type_r)
     type_0
     type_1
     type_r
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariable(idx=None)
     Bases: object
         Parameters
             idx (int | None) -
     __init__(idx=None)
             Parameters
                 idx (int | None) -
     idx: int
     pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.DerivedTypeVariable(type_var, label, idx=None)
     Bases: TypeVariable
          Parameters
             idx (int) -
     __init__(type_var, label, idx=None)
     type_var
     label
```

```
pp_str(mapping)
             Return type
                str
             Parameters
                mapping (Dict[TypeVariable, Any]) -
     replace(replacements)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariables
     Bases: object
     __init__()
    merge(tvs)
     copy()
     add_type_variable(var, codeloc, typevar)
             Parameters
                 • var (SimVariable) -
                 • typevar (TypeVariable) -
     get_type_variable(var, codeloc)
    has_type_variable_for(var, codeloc)
             Parameters
                var (SimVariable) -
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.BaseLabel
     Bases: object
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncIn(loc)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(loc)
     loc
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncOut(loc)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(loc)
     loc
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Load
     Bases: BaseLabel
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Store
     Bases: BaseLabel
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.AddN(n)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(n)
```

```
n
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.SubN(n)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(n)
     n
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.ConvertTo(to_bits)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(to_bits)
     to_bits
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.ReinterpretAs(to_type, to_bits)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(to type, to bits)
     to_type
     to_bits
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.HasField(bits, offset)
     Bases: BaseLabel
     __init__(bits, offset)
     bits
     offset
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.IsArray
     Bases: BaseLabel
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon.typehoon(constraints, ground_truth=None, var_mapping=None,
                                                   must struct=None)
```

A spiritual tribute to the long-standing typehoon project that @jmg (John Grosen) worked on during his days in the angr team. Now I feel really bad of asking the poor guy to work directly on VEX IR without any fancy static analysis support as we have right now...

Typehoon analysis implements a pushdown system that simplifies and solves type constraints. Our type constraints are largely an implementation of the paper Polymorphic Type Inference for Machine Code by Noonan, Loginov, and Cok from GrammaTech (with missing functionality support and bugs, of course). Type constraints are collected by running VariableRecoveryFast (maybe VariableRecovery later as well) on a function, and then solved using this analysis.

User may specify ground truth, which will override all types at certain program points during constraint solving.

#### **Parameters**

Bases: Analysis

```
    var_mapping (Dict[SimVariable, Set[TypeVariable]] | None) -
    must_struct (Set[TypeVariable] | None) -
```

```
__init__(constraints, ground_truth=None, var_mapping=None, must_struct=None)
              Parameters
                  · constraints -
                  • ground_truth – A set of SimType-style solutions for some or all type variables. They
                   will be respected during type solving.
                  • var_mapping (Optional[Dict[SimVariable, Set[TypeVariable]]]) -
                  • must_struct (Optional[Set[TypeVariable]]) -
     update_variable_types(func_addr, var_to_typevars)
              Parameters
                 func_addr (int | str) -
     pp_constraints()
          Pretty-print constraints between variables using the variable mapping.
              Return type
                 None
     pp_solution()
          Pretty-print solutions using the variable mapping.
              Return type
                 None
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
All type constants used in type inference. They can be mapped, translated, or rewritten to C-style types.
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeConstant
     Bases: object
     SIZE = None
     pp_str(mapping)
              Return type
                  str
     property size: int
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TopType
     Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.BottomType
     Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int
     Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int1
     Bases: Int
     SIZE = 1
```

```
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int8
     Bases: Int
     SIZE = 1
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int16
     Bases: Int
     SIZE = 2
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int32
     Bases: Int
     SIZE = 4
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int64
     Bases: Int
     SIZE = 8
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int128
     Bases: Int
     SIZE = 16
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.FloatBase
     Bases: TypeConstant
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Float
     Bases: FloatBase
     SIZE = 4
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Double
     Bases: FloatBase
     SIZE = 8
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer(basetype)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(basetype)
    new(basetype)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer32(basetype)
     Bases: Pointer, Int32
     32-bit pointers.
     __init__(basetype)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer64(basetype)
     Bases: Pointer, Int64
     64-bit pointers.
     __init__(basetype)
```

```
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Array(element, count=None)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(element, count=None)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Struct(fields=None)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(fields=None)
class angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeVariableReference(typevar)
     Bases: TypeConstant
     __init__(typevar)
angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.int_type(bits)
         Return type
             Optional[Int]
         Parameters
             bits (int) -
angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.float_type(bits)
         Return type
             Optional[FloatBase]
         Parameters
             bits (int) -
class angr.analyses.identifier.identify.FuncInfo
     Bases: object
     __init__()
class angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier(cfg=None, require_predecessors=True,
                                                        only_find=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     __init__(cfg=None, require_predecessors=True, only_find=None)
     run(only_find=None)
     can_call_same_name(addr, name)
     get_func_info(func)
     static constrain_all_zero(before_state, state, regs)
     identify_func(function)
     check_tests(cfg_func, match_func)
     map_callsites()
     do_trace(addr_trace, reverse_accesses, func_info)
     get_call_args(func, callsite)
```

```
static get_reg_name(arch, reg_offset)
              Parameters
                  • arch - the architecture
                  • reg_offset – Tries to find the name of a register given the offset in the registers.
              Returns
                  The register name
     find_stack_vars_x86(func)
     static make_initial_state(project, stack_length)
              Returns
                  an initial state with a symbolic stack and good options for rop
     static make_symbolic_state(project, reg_list, stack_length=80)
          converts an input state into a state with symbolic registers :return: the symbolic state
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.loopfinder.Loop(entry, entry_edges, break_edges, continue_edges, body_nodes, graph,
                                         subloops)
     Bases: object
     __init__(entry, entry_edges, break_edges, continue_edges, body_nodes, graph, subloops)
class angr.analyses.loopfinder.LoopFinder(functions=None, normalize=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     Extracts all the loops from all the functions in a binary.
     __init__(functions=None, normalize=True)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.VariableTypes
     Bases: object
     Iterator = 'Iterator'
     HasNext = 'HasNext'
     Next = 'Next'
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.AnnotatedVariable(variable, type_)
     Bases: object
     __init__(variable, type_)
     variable
     type
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.Condition(op, val0, val1)
     Bases: object
```

```
Equal = '=='
     NotEqual = '!='
     __init__(op, val0, val1)
     classmethod from_opstr(opstr)
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.SootBlockProcessor(state, block, loop, defuse)
     Bases: object
     __init__(state, block, loop, defuse)
     process()
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysisState(block)
     Bases: object
     __init__(block)
     copy()
     merge(state)
     add_loop_exit_stmt(stmt_idx, condition=None)
class angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysis(loop, defuse)
     Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis
     Analyze a loop and recover important information about the loop (e.g., invariants, induction variables) in a static
     manner.
     __init__(loop, defuse)
          Constructor
              Parameters
                  • order_jobs (bool) – If all jobs should be ordered or not.
                  • allow_merging (bool) – If job merging is allowed.
                  • allow_widening (bool) – If job widening is allowed.
                  • graph_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) - A graph visitor to provide successors.
              Returns
                  None
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
exception angr.analyses.veritesting.VeritestingError
     Bases: Exception
class angr.analyses.veritesting.CallTracingFilter(project, depth, blacklist=None)
     Bases: object
     Filter to apply during CFG creation on a given state and jumpkind to determine if it should be skipped at a certain
     depth
```

```
whitelist = {<class 'angr.procedures.cgc.receive.receive'>, <class
'angr.procedures.libc.strcmp.strcmp'>, <class 'angr.procedures.libc.strlen.strlen'>,
<class 'angr.procedures.glibc.__ctype_b_loc.__ctype_b_loc'>, <class
'angr.procedures.cgc.transmit.transmit'>, <class 'angr.procedures.posix.read.read'>,
<class 'angr.procedures.libc.atoi.atoi'>, <class
'angr.procedures.libc.fgetc.fgetc'>}

cfg_cache = {}

__init__(project, depth, blacklist=None)

filter(call_target_state, jumpkind)
    The call will be skipped if it returns True.
```

#### **Parameters**

- call\_target\_state The new state of the call target.
- **jumpkind** The Jumpkind of this call.

#### Returns

True if we want to skip this call, False otherwise.

Bases: Analysis

An exploration technique made for condensing chunks of code to single (nested) if-then-else constraints via CFG accurate to conduct Static Symbolic Execution SSE (conversion to single constraint)

SSE stands for Static Symbolic Execution, and we also implemented an extended version of Veritesting (Avgerinos, Thanassis, et al, ICSE 2014).

#### Parameters

- **input\_state** The initial state to begin the execution with.
- **boundaries** Addresses where execution should stop.
- **loop\_unrolling\_limit** The maximum times that Veritesting should unroll a loop for.
- **enable\_function\_inlining** Whether we should enable function inlining and syscall inlining.
- **terminator** A callback function that takes a state as parameter. Veritesting will terminate if this function returns True.
- **deviation\_filter** A callback function that takes a state as parameter. Veritesting will put the state into "deviated" stash if this function returns True.

## is\_not\_in\_cfg(s)

Returns if s.addr is not a proper node in our CFG.

#### **Parameters**

**s** (SimState) – The SimState instance to test.

# **Returns bool** False if our CFG contains p.addr, True otherwise. is\_overbound(state) Filter out all states that run out of boundaries or loop too many times. param SimState state: SimState instance to check returns bool: True if outside of mem/loop\_ctr boundary project: Project kb: KnowledgeBase class angr.analyses.vfg.VFGJob(\*args, \*\*kwargs) Bases: CFGJobBase A job descriptor that contains local variables used during VFG analysis. \_\_init\_\_(\*args, \*\*kwargs) Return type None property block\_id: BlockID | None callstack\_repr(kb) **Parameters kb** (KnowledgeBase) class angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob(block\_id, state, call\_stack, src\_block\_id, src\_stmt\_idx, src\_ins\_addr) Bases: object Describes a pending job during VFG analysis. **Parameters** • block\_id (BlockID) -• state (SimState) -• call\_stack (CallStack) -• src\_block\_id (BlockID) -• src\_stmt\_idx (int) -• src\_ins\_addr(int)-**\_\_init\_\_**(block\_id, state, call\_stack, src\_block\_id, src\_stmt\_idx, src\_ins\_addr) **Parameters** • block\_id (BlockID) -• state (SimState) -

10.15. Analysis 837

call\_stack (CallStack) –src\_block\_id (BlockID) –

src\_stmt\_idx (int) -src\_ins\_addr (int) -

```
Return type
                  None
     block_id
     state
     call_stack
     src_block_id
     src_stmt_idx
     src_ins_addr
class angr.analyses.vfg.AnalysisTask
     Bases: object
     An analysis task describes a task that should be done before popping this task out of the task stack and discard it.
     __init__()
              Return type
                  None
     property done
class angr.analyses.vfg.FunctionAnalysis(function_address, return_address)
     Bases: AnalysisTask
     Analyze a function, generate fix-point states from all endpoints of that function, and then merge them to one
     state.
          Parameters
                • function_address(int)-
                • return_address(int | None)-
     __init__(function address, return address)
              Parameters
                  • function_address(int)-
                  • return_address (int | None) -
              Return type
                  None
     property done: bool
class angr.analyses.vfg.CallAnalysis(address, return_address, function_analysis_tasks=None,
                                           mergeable_plugins=None)
     Bases: AnalysisTask
     Analyze a call by analyze all functions this call might be calling, collect all final states generated by analyzing
     those functions, and merge them into one state.
```

**Parameters** 

• address (int) -

```
• return_address (None) -
               • function_analysis_tasks (List[Any] | None) -
               • mergeable_plugins (Tuple[str, str] | None) -
     __init__(address, return_address, function_analysis_tasks=None, mergeable_plugins=None)
             Parameters
                 • address (int) -
                 • return_address (None) -
                 • function_analysis_tasks (List[Any] | None) -
                 • mergeable_plugins (Tuple[str, str] | None) -
             Return type
                 None
     property done: bool
     register_function_analysis(task)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 task (FunctionAnalysis) -
     add_final_job(job)
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 job (VFGJob) -
     merge_jobs()
             Return type
                 VFGJob
class angr.analyses.vfg.VFGNode(addr, key, state=None)
     Bases: object
     A descriptor of nodes in a Value-Flow Graph
          Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • key (BlockID) -
               • state (SimState / None) -
     __init__(addr, key, state=None)
         Constructor.
             Parameters
                 • addr (int) -
                 • key (BlockID) -
                 • state (SimState) -
```

# Return type

None

append\_state(s, is\_widened\_state=False)

Appended a new state to this VFGNode. :type s: :param s: The new state to append :type is\_widened\_state: :param is widened state: Whether it is a widened state or not.

class angr.analyses.vfg.VFG(cfg=None, context\_sensitivity\_level=2, start=None, function\_start=None, interfunction\_level=0, initial\_state=None, avoid\_runs=None, remove\_options=None, timeout=None, max\_iterations\_before\_widening=8, max\_iterations=40, widening\_interval=3, final\_state\_callback=None, status\_callback=None, record\_function\_final\_states=False)

Bases: ForwardAnalysis[SimState, VFGNode, VFGJob, BlockID], Analysis

This class represents a control-flow graph with static analysis result.

Perform abstract interpretation analysis starting from the given function address. The output is an invariant at the beginning (or the end) of each basic block.

## Steps:

- · Generate a CFG first if CFG is not provided.
- Identify all merge points (denote the set of merge points as Pw) in the CFG.
- Cut those loop back edges (can be derived from Pw) so that we gain an acyclic CFG.
- Identify all variables that are 1) from memory loading 2) from initial values, or 3) phi functions. Denote

the set of those variables as S\_{var}.

• Start real AI analysis and try to compute a fix point of each merge point. Perform widening/narrowing only on

variables in S\_{var}.

\_\_init\_\_(cfg=None, context\_sensitivity\_level=2, start=None, function\_start=None, interfunction\_level=0, initial\_state=None, avoid\_runs=None, remove\_options=None, timeout=None, max\_iterations\_before\_widening=8, max\_iterations=40, widening\_interval=3, final\_state\_callback=None, status\_callback=None, record\_function\_final\_states=False)

#### **Parameters**

- **cfg** (Optional[*CFGEmulated*]) The control-flow graph to base this analysis on. If none is provided, we will construct a CFGEmulated.
- **context\_sensitivity\_level** (int) The level of context-sensitivity of this VFG. It ranges from 0 to infinity. Default 2.
- **function\_start** (Optional[int]) The address of the function to analyze.
- interfunction\_level (int) The level of interfunction-ness to be
- initial\_state (Optional[SimState]) A state to use as the initial one
- avoid\_runs (Optional[List[int]]) A list of runs to avoid
- **remove\_options** (Optional[Set[str]]) State options to remove from the initial state. It only works when *initial\_state* is None
- timeout (int) -
- **final\_state\_callback** (Optional[Callable[[SimState, CallStack], Any]]) callback function when countering final state

```
• status_callback (Optional[Callable[[VFG], Any]]) - callback function used in
                    _analysis_core_baremetal
                  • start(int | None) -
                  • max_iterations_before_widening (int) -
                  • max_iterations (int) -
                  • widening_interval (int) -
                  • record_function_final_states (bool) -
              Return type
                  None
     property function_initial_states
     property function_final_states
     get_any_node(addr)
          Get any VFG node corresponding to the basic block at @addr. Note that depending on the context sensitivity
          level, there might be multiple nodes corresponding to different contexts. This function will return the first
          one it encounters, which might not be what you want.
              Return type
                  Optional[VFGNode]
              Parameters
                  addr (int) -
     get_all_nodes(addr)
              Return type
                  Generator[VFGNode, None, None]
     irsb_from_node(node)
     copy()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.DefUseChain(def_loc, use_loc, variable)
     Bases: object
     Stand for a def-use chain. it is generated by the DDG itself.
     __init__(def_loc, use_loc, variable)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  • def_loc -
                  • use_loc -
                  • variable -
              Returns
```

```
class angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.VSA_DDG(vfg=None, start_addr=None, interfunction_level=0,
                                           context_sensitivity_level=2, keep_data=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     A Data dependency graph based on VSA states. That means we don't (and shouldn't) expect any symbolic
     expressions.
     __init__(vfg=None, start_addr=None, interfunction_level=0, context_sensitivity_level=2,
                keep data=False)
           Constructor.
               Parameters
                   • vfg – An already constructed VFG. If not specified, a new VFG will be created with other
                     specified parameters. vfg and start_addr cannot both be unspecified.
                   • start_addr – The address where to start the analysis (typically, a function's entry point).
                   • interfunction_level – See VFG analysis.
                   • context_sensitivity_level – See VFG analysis.
                   • keep_data – Whether we keep set of addresses as edges in the graph, or just the cardinality
                     of the sets, which can be used as a "weight".
     get_predecessors(code_location)
           Returns all predecessors of code_location.
               Parameters
                   code_location – A CodeLocation instance.
               Returns
                   A list of all predecessors.
     get_all_nodes(simrun_addr, stmt_idx)
           Get all DDG nodes matching the given basic block address and statement index.
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.vtable.Vtable(vaddr, size, func_addrs=None)
     Bases: object
     This contains the addr, size and function addresses of a Vtable
     __init__(vaddr, size, func_addrs=None)
class angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder
     Bases: Analysis
     This analysis locates Vtables in a binary based on heuristics taken from - "Reconstruction of Class Hierarchies
     for Decompilation of C++ Programs"
     __init__()
```

is\_cross\_referenced(addr)

is\_function(addr)

analyze()

```
create_extract_vtable(start_addr, sec_size)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.find_objects_static.PossibleObject(size, addr, class_name=None)
     Bases: object
     This holds the address and class name of possible class instances. The address that it holds in mapped outside the
     binary so it is only valid in this analysis. TO DO: map the address to its uses in the registers/memory locations
     in the instructions
     __init__(size, addr, class name=None)
class angr.analyses.find_objects_static.NewFunctionHandler(max_addr=None,
                                                                       new_func_addr=None, project=None)
     Bases: FunctionHandler
     This handles calls to the function new(), by recording the size parameter passed to it and also assigns a
          address outside the mapped binary to the newly created space(possible object).
          It also tracks if the function called right after new() is passed the same 'this' pointer and is a constructor, if
          so we mark it as an instance of the class the constructor belongs to.(only for non stripped binaries)
     __init__(max_addr=None, new_func_addr=None, project=None)
     hook(analysis)
          Attach this instance of the function handler to an instance of RDA.
     handle_local_function(state, data)
               Parameters
                   • state (ReachingDefinitionsState) –
                   • data (FunctionCallData) -
class angr.analyses.find_objects_static.StaticObjectFinder
     Bases: Analysis
     This analysis tries to find objects on the heap based on calls to new(), and subsequent calls to
     constructors with the 'this' pointer
     __init__()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.class_identifier.ClassIdentifier
     Bases: Analysis
```

This is a class identifier for non stripped or partially stripped binaries, it identifies classes based on the demangled function names, and also assigns functions to their respective classes based on their names. It also uses the results from the VtableFinder analysis to assign the corresponding vtable to the classes.

self.classes contains a mapping between class names and SimCppClass objects

e.g. A::tool() and A::qux() belong to the class A

```
__init__()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece
     Bases: object
     addr = None
     ident = nan
     render(formatting=None)
     getpiece(formatting, column)
     width(formatting)
     height(formatting)
     static color(string, coloring, formatting)
     highlight(string, formatting=None)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.FunctionStart(func)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(func)
         Constructor.
             Parameters
                 func (angr.knowledge.Function) – The function instance.
     height(formatting)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Label(addr, name)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(addr, name)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.IROp(addr, seq, obj, irsb)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
          Parameters
               • addr (int) -
               • seq (int) -
               • obj (IRStmt | PcodeOp) -
               • irsb (IRSB | IRSB) -
     __init__(addr, seq, obj, irsb)
             Parameters
                 • addr (int) -
                 • seq (int) -
                 • obj (IRStmt | PcodeOp) -
```

```
• irsb (IRSB | IRSB) -
     addr: int
     seq: int
     obj: Union[IRStmt, PcodeOp]
     irsb: Union[IRSB, IRSB]
class angr.analyses.disassembly.BlockStart(block, parentfunc, project)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(block, parentfunc, project)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Hook(block)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(block)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction(insn, parentblock, project=None)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(insn, parentblock, project=None)
    property mnemonic
     reload_format()
     dissect_instruction()
     dissect_instruction_for_arm()
     static split_arm_op_string(op_str)
             Parameters
                op_str(str)-
     dissect_instruction_by_default()
     static split_op_string(insn_str)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpression(expr)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(expr)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionTarget(target_stmt_idx)
     Bases: SootExpression
     __init__(target_stmt_idx)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionStaticFieldRef(field)
     Bases: SootExpression
     __init__(field)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke(invoke_type, expr)
     Bases: SootExpression
```

```
Virtual = 'virtual'
     Static = 'static'
     Special = 'special'
     __init__(invoke_type, expr)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.SootStatement(block_addr, raw_stmt)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(block_addr, raw_stmt)
     property stmt_idx
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Opcode(parentinsn)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(parentinsn)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Operand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     property cs_operand
     static build(operand_type, op_num, children, parentinsn)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.ConstantOperand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: Operand
class angr.analyses.disassembly.RegisterOperand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: Operand
     property register
class angr.analyses.disassembly.MemoryOperand(op_num, children, parentinsn)
     Bases: Operand
     __init__(op_num, children, parentinsn)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.OperandPiece
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     addr = None
     parentop = None
     ident = None
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Register(reg, prefix=")
     Bases: OperandPiece
     __init__(reg, prefix='')
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Value(val, render_with_sign)
     Bases: OperandPiece
     __init__(val, render_with_sign)
```

```
property project
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Comment(addr, text)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(addr, text)
     height(formatting)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.FuncComment(func)
     Bases: DisassemblyPiece
     __init__(func)
class angr.analyses.disassembly.Disassembly(function=None, ranges=None, thumb=False,
                                                 include_ir=False, block_bytes=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Produce formatted machine code disassembly.
          Parameters
               • function (Function | None) -
               • ranges (Sequence[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
               • thumb (bool) -
               • include_ir (bool) -
               • block_bytes (bytes | None) -
     __init__(function=None, ranges=None, thumb=False, include_ir=False, block_bytes=None)
             Parameters
                 • function (Function / None) -
                 • ranges (Sequence[Tuple[int, int]] | None) -
                 • thumb (bool) -
                 • include_ir (bool) -
                 • block_bytes (bytes | None) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
     func_lookup(block)
     parse_block(block)
          Parse instructions for a given block node
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 block (BlockNode) -
```

```
render(formatting=None, show_edges=True, show_addresses=True, show_bytes=False, ascii_only=None,
             color=True)
          Render the disassembly to a string, with optional edges and addresses.
          Color will be added by default, if enabled. To disable color pass an empty formatting dict.
              Return type
                 str
             Parameters
                 • show_edges (bool) -
                 • show_addresses (bool) -
                 • show_bytes (bool) -
                 • ascii_only (bool | None) -
                 • color (bool) -
angr.analyses.disassembly_utils.decode_instruction(arch, instr)
exception angr.analyses.reassembler.BinaryError
     Bases: Exception
exception angr.analyses.reassembler.InstructionError
     Bases: BinaryError
exception angr.analyses.reassembler.ReassemblerFailureNotice
     Bases: BinaryError
angr.analyses.reassembler.string_escape(s)
angr.analyses.reassembler.fill_reg_map()
angr.analyses.reassembler.split_operands(s)
angr.analyses.reassembler.is_hex(s)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Label(binary, name, original_addr=None)
     Bases: object
     g_label_ctr = count(0)
     __init__(binary, name, original_addr=None)
     property operand_str
     property offset
     static new_label(binary, name=None, function_name=None, original_addr=None, data_label=False)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.DataLabel(binary, original_addr, name=None)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, original_addr, name=None)
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.FunctionLabel(binary, function_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     Bases: Label
```

```
__init__(binary, function_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     property function_name
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.0bjectLabel(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     property symbol_name
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.NotypeLabel(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     Bases: Label
     __init__(binary, symbol_name, original_addr, plt=False)
     property symbol_name
     property operand_str
class angr.analyses.reassembler.SymbolManager(binary, cfg)
     Bases: object
     SymbolManager manages all symbols in the binary.
     __init__(binary, cfg)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis instance.
                  • cfg (angr. analyses. CFG) – The CFG analysis instance.
              Returns
                  None
     get_unique_symbol_name(symbol_name)
     new_label(addr, name=None, is_function=None, force=False)
     label_got(addr, label)
          Mark a certain label as assigned (to an instruction or a block of data).
              Parameters
                  • addr (int) – The address of the label.
                  • label (angr.analyses.reassembler.Label) - The label that is just assigned.
              Returns
                  None
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Operand(binary, insn_addr, insn_size, capstone_operand, operand_str,
                                              mnemonic, operand_offset, syntax=None)
     Bases: object
```

```
__init__(binary, insn_addr, insn_size, capstone_operand, operand_str, mnemonic, operand_offset,
                syntax=None)
          Constructor.
               Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis.
                   • insn_addr (int) – Address of the instruction.
                   • capstone_operand -
                   • operand_str (str) – the string representation of this operand
                   • mnemonic (str) – Mnemonic of the instruction that this operand belongs to.
                   • operand_offset (int) – offset of the operand into the instruction.
                   • syntax (str) – Provide a way to override the default syntax coming from binary.
               Returns
                  None
     assembly()
     property is_immediate
     property symbolized
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Instruction(binary, addr, size, insn bytes, capstone instr)
     Bases: object
     High-level representation of an instruction in the binary
     __init__(binary, addr, size, insn_bytes, capstone_instr)
               Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis
                   • addr (int) – Address of the instruction
                   • size (int) – Size of the instruction
                   • insn_bytes (str) – Instruction bytes
                   • capstone_instr - Capstone Instr object.
               Returns
                   None
     assign_labels()
     dbg_comments()
     assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
               Returns
class angr.analyses.reassembler.BasicBlock(binary, addr, size, x86_getpc_retsite=False)
     Bases: object
     BasicBlock represents a basic block in the binary.
          Parameters
               x86_getpc_retsite(bool) -
```

```
__init__(binary, addr, size, x86_getpc_retsite=False)
          Constructor.
               Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis.
                   • addr (int) – Address of the block
                   • size (int) – Size of the block
                   • x86_getpc_retsite (bool) -
               Returns
                  None
     assign_labels()
     assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
     instruction_addresses()
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Procedure(binary, function=None, addr=None, size=None, name=None,
                                                  section='.text', asm_code=None)
     Bases: object
     Procedure in the binary.
     __init__(binary, function=None, addr=None, size=None, name=None, section='.text', asm_code=None)
          Constructor.
               Parameters
                   • binary (Reassembler) – The Binary analysis.
                   • function (angr.knowledge.Function) – The function it represents
                   • addr (int) – Address of the function. Not required if function is provided.
                   • size (int) – Size of the function. Not required if function is provided.
                   • section (str) – Which section this function comes from.
               Returns
                  None
     property name
          Get function name from the labels of the very first block. :return: Function name if there is any, None
          otherwise :rtype: string
```

## property is\_plt

If this function is a PLT entry or not. :return: True if this function is a PLT entry, False otherwise :rtype: bool

# assign\_labels()

assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)

Get the assembly manifest of the procedure.

## **Parameters**

- comments -
- symbolized –

```
Returns
                  A list of tuples (address, basic block assembly), ordered by basic block addresses
               Return type
                  list
     instruction_addresses()
          Get all instruction addresses in the binary.
               Returns
                  A list of sorted instruction addresses.
               Return type
                  list
class angr.analyses.reassembler.ProcedureChunk(project, addr, size)
     Bases: Procedure
     Procedure chunk.
     __init__(project, addr, size)
          Constructor.
               Parameters

    project –

                   • addr -
                   • size -
               Returns
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Data(binary, memory_data=None, section=None, section_name=None,
                                            name=None, size=None, sort=None, addr=None,
                                            initial_content=None)
     Bases: object
     __init__(binary, memory_data=None, section=None, section_name=None, name=None, size=None,
                sort=None, addr=None, initial_content=None)
     property content
     shrink(new size)
          Reduce the size of this block
               Parameters
                  new_size (int) - The new size
               Returns
                  None
     desymbolize()
          We believe this was a pointer and symbolized it before. Now we want to desymbolize it.
          The following actions are performed: - Reload content from memory - Mark the sort as 'unknown'
               Returns
                  None
     assign_labels()
```

```
assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Relocation(addr, ref_addr, sort)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, ref_addr, sort)
class angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler(syntax='intel', remove_cgc_attachments=True,
                                                    log_relocations=True)
     Bases: Analysis
     High-level representation of a binary with a linear representation of all instructions and data regions. After
     calling "symbolize", it essentially acts as a binary reassembler.
     Tested on CGC, x86 and x86-64 binaries.
     Discliamer: The reassembler is an empirical solution. Don't be surprised if it does not work on some binaries.
     __init__(syntax='intel', remove_cgc_attachments=True, log_relocations=True)
     property instructions
          Get a list of all instructions in the binary
              Returns
                  A list of (address, instruction)
              Return type
                  tuple
     property relocations
     property inserted_asm_before_label
     property inserted_asm_after_label
     property main_executable_regions
     property main_nonexecutable_regions
          return:
     section_alignment(section_name)
          Get the alignment for the specific section. If the section is not found, 16 is used as default.
              Parameters
                  section_name (str) – The section.
              Returns
                  The alignment in bytes.
              Return type
                  int
     main_executable_regions_contain(addr)
              Parameters
                  addr -
              Returns
```

### main\_executable\_region\_limbos\_contain(addr)

Sometimes there exists a pointer that points to a few bytes before the beginning of a section, or a few bytes after the beginning of the section. We take care of that here.

#### **Parameters**

**addr** (*int*) – The address to check.

#### Returns

A 2-tuple of (bool, the closest base address)

## **Return type**

tuple

## main\_nonexecutable\_regions\_contain(addr)

#### **Parameters**

**addr** (*int*) – The address to check.

#### Returns

True if the address is inside a non-executable region, False otherwise.

# Return type

bool

## main\_nonexecutable\_region\_limbos\_contain(addr, tolerance\_before=64, tolerance\_after=64)

Sometimes there exists a pointer that points to a few bytes before the beginning of a section, or a few bytes after the beginning of the section. We take care of that here.

## **Parameters**

addr (int) - The address to check.

#### Returns

A 2-tuple of (bool, the closest base address)

## Return type

tuple

# register\_instruction\_reference(insn\_addr, ref\_addr, sort, operand\_offset)

```
register_data_reference(data_addr, ref_addr)
```

```
add_label(name, addr)
```

Add a new label to the symbol manager.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) Name of the label.
- **addr** (*int*) Address of the label.

#### Returns

None

## insert\_asm(addr, asm\_code, before\_label=False)

Insert some assembly code at the specific address. There must be an instruction starting at that address.

## **Parameters**

- addr (int) Address of insertion
- asm\_code (str) The assembly code to insert

## Returns

None

```
Add a new procedure with specific name and assembly code.
         Parameters
             • name (str) – The name of the new procedure.
             • asm_code (str) – The assembly code of the procedure
         Returns
             None
append_data(name, initial_content, size, readonly=False, sort='unknown')
     Append a new data entry into the binary with specific name, content, and size.
         Parameters
             • name (str) – Name of the data entry. Will be used as the label.
             • initial_content (bytes) – The initial content of the data entry.
             • size (int) – Size of the data entry.
             • readonly (bool) – If the data entry belongs to the readonly region.
             • sort (str) – Type of the data.
         Returns
             None
remove_instruction(ins_addr)
         Parameters
             ins_addr -
         Returns
randomize_procedures()
         Returns
symbolize()
assembly(comments=False, symbolized=True)
remove_cgc_attachments()
     Remove CGC attachments.
         Returns
             True if CGC attachments are found and removed, False otherwise
         Return type
             bool
remove_unnecessary_stuff()
     Remove unnecessary functions and data
         Returns
             None
remove_unnecessary_stuff_glibc()
project: Project
```

append\_procedure(name, asm\_code)

# kb: KnowledgeBase

```
fast_memory_load(addr, size, data_type, endness='Iend_LE')
```

Load memory bytes from loader's memory backend.

## **Parameters**

- addr (int) The address to begin memory loading.
- **size** (*int*) Size in bytes.
- data\_type Type of the data.
- **endness** (*str*) Endianness of this memory load.

#### Returns

Data read out of the memory.

### **Return type**

int or bytes or str or None

```
class angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck(throw=False)
```

Bases: Analysis

This is an analysis to ensure that angrexecutes things identically with different execution backends (i.e., unicorn vs vex).

```
__init__(throw=False)
```

Initializes a CongruencyCheck analysis.

#### **Parameters**

**throw** – whether to raise an exception if an incongruency is found.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{set\_state\_options} (\textit{left\_add\_options} = None, \textit{left\_remove\_options} = None, \textit{right\_add\_options} = None, \\ \textit{right\_remove\_options} = None) \end{tabular}
```

Checks that the specified state options result in the same states over the next *depth* states.

```
set_states(left_state, right_state)
```

Checks that the specified paths stay the same over the next *depth* states.

```
set_simgr(simgr)
```

```
run(depth=None)
```

Checks that the paths in the specified path group stay the same over the next depth bytes.

The path group should have a "left" and a "right" stash, each with a single path.

```
compare_path_group(pg)
```

```
compare_states(sl, sr)
```

Compares two states for similarity.

 $compare_paths(pl, pr)$ 

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

```
class angr.analyses.static_hooker.StaticHooker(library, binary=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     This analysis works on statically linked binaries - it finds the library functions statically linked into the binary
     and hooks them with the appropriate simprocedures.
     Right now it only works on unstripped binaries, but hey! There's room to grow!
     __init__(library, binary=None)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.ConstantPropagation(constant, constant_assignment_loc,
                                                                  constant_consuming_loc)
     Bases: object
     __init__(constant, constant_assignment_loc, constant_consuming_loc)
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.RedundantStackVariable(argument, stack_variable,
                                                                     stack_variable_consuming_locs)
     Bases: object
     __init__(argument, stack_variable, stack_variable_consuming_locs)
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.RegisterReallocation(stack_variable, register_variable,
                                                                   stack_variable_sources,
                                                                   stack_variable_consumers,
                                                                   prologue_addr, prologue_size,
                                                                   epilogue_addr, epilogue_size)
     Bases: object
     __init__(stack_variable, register_variable, stack_variable_sources, stack_variable_consumers,
               prologue_addr, prologue_size, epilogue_addr, epilogue_size)
          Constructor.
              Parameters
                  • stack_variable (SimStackVariable) -

    register_variable (SimRegisterVariable) -

                  • stack_variable_sources (list) -
                  • stack_variable_consumers(list)-
                  • prologue_addr (int) -
                  • prologue_size (int) -
                  • epilogue_addr (int) -
                  • epilogue_size (int) -
class angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.DeadAssignment(pv)
     Bases: object
     __init__(pv)
          Constructor.
```

```
Parameters
```

```
pv (angr.analyses.ddg.ProgramVariable) – The assignment to remove.
```

class angr.analyses.binary\_optimizer.BinaryOptimizer(cfg, techniques)

```
Bases: Analysis
```

This is a collection of binary optimization techniques we used in Mechanical Phish during the finals of Cyber Grand Challange. It focuses on dealing with some serious speed-impacting code constructs, and *sort of* worked on *some* CGC binaries compiled with O0. Use this analysis as a reference of how to use data dependency graph and such.

There is no guarantee that BinaryOptimizer will ever work on non-CGC binaries. Feel free to give us PR or MR, but please *do not* ask for support of non-CGC binaries.

```
BLOCKS\_THRESHOLD = 500
     __init__(cfg, techniques)
     optimize()
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder.CalleeCleanupFinder(starts=None, hook_all=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     __init__(starts=None, hook_all=False)
     analyze(addr)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.dominance_frontier.DominanceFrontier(func, exception_edges=False)
     Bases: Analysis
     Computes the dominance frontier of all nodes in a function graph, and provides an easy-to-use interface for
     querying the frontier information.
     __init__(func, exception_edges=False)
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.init_finder.SimEngineInitFinderVEX(project, replacements, overlay,
                                                             pointers only=False)
     Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight
     The VEX engine class for InitFinder.
     __init__(project, replacements, overlay, pointers_only=False)
     static is_concrete(expr)
              Return type
```

bool

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis

Finds possible initializations for global data sections and generate an overlay to be used in other analyses later on.

\_\_init\_\_(func=None, func\_graph=None, block=None, max\_iterations=1, replacements=None, overlay=None, pointers\_only=False)

## Constructor

#### **Parameters**

- **order\_jobs** (*bool*) If all jobs should be ordered or not.
- allow\_merging (bool) If job merging is allowed.
- allow\_widening (bool) If job widening is allowed.
- graph\_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) A graph visitor to provide successors.

# Returns

None

project: Project

kb: KnowledgeBase

**class** angr.analyses.xrefs.**SimEngineXRefsVEX**(xref\_manager, project=None, replacements=None)

Bases: SimEngineLightVEXMixin, SimEngineLight

The VEX engine class for XRefs analysis.

\_\_init\_\_(xref manager, project=None, replacements=None)

add\_xref(xref\_type, from\_loc, to\_loc)

# static extract\_value\_if\_concrete(expr)

Extract the concrete value from expr if it is a concrete claripy AST.

#### **Parameters**

**expr** – A claripy AST.

#### **Return type**

Optional[int]

# Returns

A concrete value or None if nothing concrete can be extracted.

Bases: ForwardAnalysis, Analysis

XRefsAnalysis recovers in-depth x-refs (cross-references) in disassembly code.

Here is an example:

.text:		
000023C8 LD	R R2,	=time_now
000023CA LD:	R R3,	[R2]

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

```
000023CC ADDS R3, #1
000023CE STR R3, [R2]
000023D0 BX LR
.bss:
1FFF36F4 time_now % 4
```

You will have the following x-refs for time\_now:

```
23c8 - offset
23ca - read access
23ce - write access
```

\_\_init\_\_(func=None, func\_graph=None, block=None, max\_iterations=1, replacements=None)
Constructor

#### **Parameters**

- order\_jobs (bool) If all jobs should be ordered or not.
- allow\_merging (bool) If job merging is allowed.
- allow\_widening (bool) If job widening is allowed.
- graph\_visitor (GraphVisitor or None) A graph visitor to provide successors.

# Returns

None

project: Project

# kb: KnowledgeBase

class angr.analyses.proximity\_graph.ProxiNodeTypes

Bases: object

Node Type Enums

Empty = 0

String = 1

Function = 2

FunctionCall = 3

Integer = 4

Unknown = 5

Variable = 6

class angr.analyses.proximity\_graph.BaseProxiNode(type\_, ref\_at=None)

Bases: object

Base class for all nodes in a proximity graph.

# **Parameters**

• type\_(int)-

```
• ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(type_, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 • type_(int)-
                 • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.FunctionProxiNode(func, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Proximity node showing current and expanded function calls in graph.
          Parameters
             ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(func, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.VariableProxiNode(addr, name, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Variable arg node
          Parameters
             ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(addr, name, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.StringProxiNode(addr, content, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     String arg node
          Parameters
             ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(addr, content, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.CallProxiNode(callee, ref_at=None, args=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Call node
          Parameters
               • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
               • args (Tuple[BaseProxiNode] | None) -
     __init__(callee, ref_at=None, args=None)
             Parameters
                 • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
```

```
• args (Tuple[BaseProxiNode] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.IntegerProxiNode(value, ref_at=None)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Int arg node
         Parameters
               • value (int) -
               • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(value, ref_at=None)
             Parameters
                 • value (int) -
                 • ref_at (Set[int] | None) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.UnknownProxiNode(dummy_value)
     Bases: BaseProxiNode
     Unknown arg node
         Parameters
             dummy_value (str) -
     __init__(dummy_value)
             Parameters
                 dummy_value (str) -
class angr.analyses.proximity_graph.ProximityGraphAnalysis(func, cfg_model, xrefs,
                                                                 decompilation=None,
                                                                 expand_funcs=None)
     Bases: Analysis
     Generate a proximity graph.
          Parameters
               • func (Function) -
               • cfg_model (CFGModel) -
               • xrefs (XRefManager) -
               • decompilation (Decompiler / None) -
               • expand_funcs (Set[int] | None) -
     __init__(func, cfg_model, xrefs, decompilation=None, expand_funcs=None)
             Parameters
                 • func (Function) -
                 • cfg_model (CFGModel) -
                 • xrefs (XRefManager) -
                 • decompilation (Decompiler / None) -
                 • expand_funcs (Set[int] | None) -
```

# project: Project

# kb: KnowledgeBase

Defines analysis that will generate a dynamic data-dependency graph

```
class angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.NodalAnnotation(node)
```

Bases: Annotation

Allows a node to be stored as an annotation to a BV in a DefaultMemory instance

#### **Parameters**

```
node (BaseDepNode) -
__init__(node)
```

#### **Parameters**

node (BaseDepNode) -

# property relocatable: bool

Can not be relocated in a simplification

# property eliminatable

Can not be eliminated in a simplification

class angr.analyses.data\_dep.data\_dependency\_analysis.DataDependencyGraphAnalysis(end\_state,

start\_from=None, end\_at=None, block\_addrs=None)

Bases: Analysis

This is a DYNAMIC data dependency graph that utilizes a given SimState to produce a DDG graph that is accurate to the path the program took during execution.

This analysis utilizes the SimActionData objects present in the provided SimState's action history to generate the dependency graph.

#### **Parameters**

- end\_state (SimState) -
- start\_from (int | None) -
- end\_at (int | None) -
- block\_addrs (List[int] | None) -

\_\_init\_\_(end\_state, start\_from=None, end\_at=None, block\_addrs=None)

#### **Parameters**

- end\_state (SimState) Simulation state used to extract all SimActionData
- **start\_from** (Optional[int]) An address or None, Specifies where to start generation of DDG
- end\_at (Optional[int]) An address or None, Specifies where to end generation of DDG
- block\_addrs (List[int] / None) List of block addresses that the DDG analysis should be run on
- block\_addrs -

```
property graph: DiGraph | None
     property simplified_graph: DiGraph | None
     property sub_graph: DiGraph | None
     get_data_dep(g_node, include_tmp_nodes, backwards)
              Return type
                 Optional[DiGraph]
              Parameters
                  • g_node (BaseDepNode) -
                  • include_tmp_nodes (bool) -
                  • backwards (bool) -
     project: Project
     kb: KnowledgeBase
class angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location.SimActLocation(bbl_addr, ins_addr, stmt_idx)
     Bases: object
     Structure-like class used to bundle the instruction address and statement index of a given SimAction in order to
     uniquely identify a given SimAction
          Parameters
                • bbl_addr (int) -
                • ins_addr (int) -
                • stmt_idx (int) -
     __init__(bbl_addr, ins_addr, stmt_idx)
              Parameters
                  • bbl_addr (int) -
                  • ins_addr (int) -
                  • stmt_idx (int) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location.ParsedInstruction(ins_addr, min_stmt_idx,
                                                                        max_stmt_idx)
     Bases: object
     Used by parser to facilitate linking with recent ancestors in an efficient manner
          Parameters
                • ins_addr (int) -
                • min_stmt_idx (int) -
                • max_stmt_idx (int) -
     __init__(ins_addr, min_stmt_idx, max_stmt_idx)
              Parameters
                  • ins_addr (int) -
```

```
• min_stmt_idx (int) -
                  • max_stmt_idx (int) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.DepNodeTypes
     Bases: object
     Enumeration of types of BaseDepNode supported by this analysis
     Memory = 1
     Register = 2
     Tmp = 3
     Constant = 4
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.BaseDepNode(type_, sim_act)
     Bases: object
     Base class for all nodes in a data-dependency graph
          Parameters
                • type_(int)-
                • sim_act (SimActionData) -
     __init__(type_, sim_act)
              Parameters
                  • type_(int)-
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
     value_tuple()
              Return type
                  Tuple[BV, int]
              Returns
                  A tuple containing the node's value as a BV and as an evaluated integer
     property ast: BV
     property type: int
          Getter :return: An integer defined in DepNodeTypes, represents the subclass type of this DepNode.
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.ConstantDepNode(sim_act, value)
     Bases: BaseDepNode
     Used to create a DepNode that will hold a constant, numeric value Uniquely identified by its value
          Parameters
                • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                • value (int) -
     __init__(sim_act, value)
              Parameters
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
```

```
• value (int) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.MemDepNode(sim_act, addr)
     Bases: BaseDepNode
     Used to represent SimActions of type MEM
         Parameters
               • sim_act (SimActionData) -
               • addr (int) -
     __init__(sim_act, addr)
             Parameters
                 • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                 • addr (int) -
     property width: int
     classmethod cast_to_mem(base_dep_node)
          Casts a BaseDepNode into a MemDepNode
             Parameters
                 base_dep_node (BaseDepNode) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.VarDepNode(type_, sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
     Bases: BaseDepNode
     Abstract class for representing SimActions of TYPE reg or tmp
          Parameters
               • type_(int)-
               • sim_act (SimActionData) -
               • reg (int) -
               • arch_name (str) -
     __init__(type_, sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
             Parameters
                 • type_(int)-
                 • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                 • reg (int) -
                 • arch_name (str) -
     property display_name: str
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.TmpDepNode(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
     Bases: VarDepNode
     Used to represent SimActions of type TMP
          Parameters
               • sim_act (SimActionData) -
               • reg (int) -
```

```
• arch_name (str) -
     __init__(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
              Parameters
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                  • reg (int) -
                  • arch_name (str) -
class angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.RegDepNode(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
     Bases: VarDepNode
     Base class for representing SimActions of TYPE reg
          Parameters
                • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                • reg(int)-
                • arch_name (str) -
     __init__(sim_act, reg, arch_name=")
              Parameters
                  • sim_act (SimActionData) -
                  • reg (int) -
                  • arch_name (str) -
     property reg_size: int
class angr.blade.Blade(graph, dst_run, dst_stmt_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None,
                          ignore_sp=False, ignore_bp=False, ignored_regs=None, max_level=3,
                          base_state=None, stop_at_calls=False, cross_insn_opt=False, max_predecessors=10,
                          include_imarks=True)
     Bases: object
     Blade is a light-weight program slicer that works with networkx DiGraph containing CFGNodes. It is meant to
     be used in angr for small or on-the-fly analyses.
          Parameters
                • graph (DiGraph) -
                • dst_run(int)-
                • dst_stmt_idx (int) -
                • direction (str) -
                • ignore_sp (bool) -
                • ignore_bp (bool) -
                • max_level (int) -
                • stop_at_calls (bool) -
                • max_predecessors (int) -
```

10.15. Analysis 867

• include\_imarks (bool) -

```
__init__(graph, dst_run, dst_stmt_idx, direction='backward', project=None, cfg=None, ignore_sp=False, ignore_bp=False, ignored_regs=None, max_level=3, base_state=None, stop_at_calls=False, cross_insn_opt=False, max_predecessors=10, include_imarks=True)
```

#### **Parameters**

- **graph** (DiGraph) A graph representing the control flow graph. Note that it does not take angr.analyses.CFGEmulated or angr.analyses.CFGFast.
- **dst\_run** (int) An address specifying the target SimRun.
- **dst\_stmt\_idx** (int) The target statement index. -1 means executing until the last statement.
- direction (str) 'backward' or 'forward' slicing. Forward slicing is not yet supported.
- **project** (angr.Project) The project instance.
- **cfg** (angr.analyses.CFGBase) the CFG instance. It will be made mandatory later.
- **ignore\_sp** (bool) Whether the stack pointer should be ignored in dependency tracking. Any dependency from/to stack pointers will be ignored if this options is True.
- **ignore\_bp** (bool) Whether the base pointer should be ignored or not.
- max\_level (int) The maximum number of blocks that we trace back for.
- **stop\_at\_calls** (bool) Limit slicing within a single function. Do not proceed when encounters a call edge.
- include\_imarks (bool) Should IMarks (instruction boundaries) be included in the slice.
- max\_predecessors (int) -

# Returns

None

```
property slice
```

```
dbg_repr(arch=None)
```

 $\textbf{class} \ \, \textbf{angr.slicer.SimLightState} (\textit{temps=None}, \textit{regs=None}, \textit{stack\_offsets=None}, \textit{options=None})$ 

```
Bases: object
```

Represents a program state. Only used in SimSlicer.

```
__init__(temps=None, regs=None, stack_offsets=None, options=None)
```

temps

regs

stack\_offsets

options

Bases: object

A super lightweight intra-IRSB slicing class.

# **Parameters** include\_imarks (bool) -**\_\_init\_\_**(arch, statements, target\_tmps=None, target\_regs=None, target\_stack\_offsets=None, inslice\_callback=None, inslice\_callback\_infodict=None, include\_imarks=True) **Parameters** include\_imarks (bool) **class** angr.annocfg.**AnnotatedCFG**(project, cfg=None, detect\_loops=False) Bases: object AnnotatedCFG is a control flow graph with statement whitelists and exit whitelists to describe a slice of the program. \_\_init\_\_(project, cfg=None, detect\_loops=False) Constructor. **Parameters** • project – The angr Project instance • cfg – Control flow graph. detect\_loops from\_digraph(digraph) Initialize this AnnotatedCFG object with a networkx.DiGraph consisting of the following form of nodes: Tuples like (block address, statement ID) Those nodes are connected by edges indicating the execution flow. **Parameters digraph** (networkx.DiGraph) – A networkx.DiGraph object get\_addr(run) add\_block\_to\_whitelist(block) add\_statements\_to\_whitelist(block, stmt\_ids) add\_exit\_to\_whitelist(run\_from, run\_to) set\_last\_statement(block\_addr, stmt\_id) add\_loop(loop\_tuple) A loop tuple contains a series of IRSB addresses that form a loop. Ideally it always starts with the first IRSB that we meet during the execution. should\_take\_exit(addr\_from, addr\_to) should\_execute\_statement(addr, stmt\_id)

## Returns

get\_whitelisted\_statements(addr)

get\_run(addr)

True if all statements are whitelisted

get\_last\_statement\_index(addr)

```
Get the statement index of the last statement to execute in the basic block specified by addr.
               Parameters
                   addr (int) – Address of the basic block.
               Returns
                   The statement index of the last statement to be executed in the block. Usually if the default
                   exit is taken, it will be the last statement to execute. If the block is not in the slice or we should
                   never take any exit going to this block, None is returned.
               Return type
                   int or None
     get_loops()
     get_targets(source_addr)
     dbg_repr()
     dbg_print_irsb(irsb_addr, project=None)
           Pretty-print an IRSB with whitelist information
     keep_path(path)
           Given a path, returns True if the path should be kept, False if it should be cut.
     merge_points(path)
     successor_func(path)
           Callback routine that takes in a path, and returns all feasible successors to path group. This callback routine
           should be passed to the keyword argument "successor_func" of PathGroup.step().
               Parameters
                   path – A Path instance.
               Returns
                   A list of all feasible Path successors.
angr.codenode.repr_addr(addr)
class angr.codenode.CodeNode(addr, size, graph=None, thumb=False)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, size, graph=None, thumb=False)
     addr
     size
     thumb
     successors()
               Return type
                   List[CodeNode]
     predecessors()
     is_hook = None
```

```
class angr.codenode.BlockNode(addr, size, bytestr=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: CodeNode
     is_hook = False
     __init__(addr, size, bytestr=None, **kwargs)
     bytestr
class angr.codenode.SootBlockNode(addr, size, stmts, **kwargs)
     Bases: BlockNode
     __init__(addr, size, stmts, **kwargs)
     stmts
class angr.codenode.HookNode(addr, size, sim_procedure, **kwargs)
     Bases: CodeNode
     is_hook = True
     __init__(addr, size, sim_procedure, **kwargs)
              Parameters
                 sim_procedure (type) – the the sim_procedure class
     sim_procedure
class angr.codenode.SyscallNode(addr, size, sim_procedure, **kwargs)
     Bases: HookNode
     is_hook = False
     sim_procedure
10.16 SimOS
Manage OS-level configuration.
angr.simos.register_simos(name, cls)
class angr.simos.simos(project, name=None)
     Bases: object
     A class describing OS/arch-level configuration.
          Parameters
             project (angr.Project) -
     __init__(project, name=None)
              Parameters
                 project (Project) -
     configure_project()
          Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).
```

10.16. SimOS 871

**state\_blank**(addr=None, initial\_prefix=None, brk=None, stack\_end=None, stack\_size=8388608, stdin=None, thread idx=None, permissions backer=None, \*\*kwargs)

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The execution start address.
- initial\_prefix -
- **stack\_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack\_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

#### Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(**kwargs)
state_full_init(**kwargs)
state_call(addr, *args, **kwargs)
prepare_call_state(calling_state, initial_state=None, preserve_registers=(), preserve_memory=())
```

This function prepares a state that is executing a call instruction. If given an initial\_state, it copies over all of the critical registers to it from the calling state. Otherwise, it prepares the calling state for action.

This is mostly used to create minimalistic for CFG generation. Some ABIs, such as MIPS PIE and x86 PIE, require certain information to be maintained in certain registers. For example, for PIE MIPS, this function transfer t9, gp, and ra to the new state.

```
prepare_function_symbol(symbol_name, basic_addr=None)
```

Prepare the address space with the data necessary to perform relocations pointing to the given symbol

Returns a 2-tuple. The first item is the address of the function code, the second is the address of the relocation target.

```
handle_exception(successors, engine, exception)
```

Perform exception handling. This method will be called when, during execution, a SimException is thrown. Currently, this can only indicate a segfault, but in the future it could indicate any unexpected exceptional behavior that can't be handled by ordinary control flow.

The method may mutate the provided SimSuccessors object in any way it likes, or re-raise the exception.

#### **Parameters**

- successors The SimSuccessors object currently being executed on
- engine The engine that was processing this step
- exception The actual exception object

```
syscall(state, allow_unsupported=True)
syscall_abi(state)
```

# Return type

str

```
syscall_cc(state)
               Return type
                   Optional[SimCCSyscal1]
     is_syscall_addr(addr)
     syscall_from_addr(addr, allow unsupported=True)
     syscall_from_number(number, allow_unsupported=True, abi=None)
     setup_gdt(state, gdt)
           Write the GlobalDescriptorTable object in the current state memory
               Parameters
                   • state – state in which to write the GDT
                   • gdt – GlobalDescriptorTable object
               Returns
     generate_gdt(fs, gs, fs_size=4294967295, gs_size=4294967295)
           Generate a GlobalDescriptorTable object and populate it using the value of the gs and fs register
               Parameters
                   • fs – value of the fs segment register
                   • gs – value of the gs segment register
                   • fs_size – size of the fs segment register
                   • gs_size – size of the gs segment register
               Returns
                   gdt a GlobalDescriptorTable object
class angr.simos.simos.GlobalDescriptorTable(addr, limit, table, gdt_sel, cs_sel, ds_sel, es_sel, ss_sel,
                                                       fs_sel, gs_sel)
     Bases: object
     __init__(addr, limit, table, gdt_sel, cs_sel, ds_sel, es_sel, ss_sel, fs_sel, gs_sel)
class angr.simos.linux.SimLinux(project, **kwargs)
     Bases: SimUserland
     OS-specific configuration for *nix-y OSes.
     __init__(project, **kwargs)
     configure_project()
           Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).
     syscall_abi(state)
           Optionally, override this function to determine which abi is being used for the state's current syscall.
     state_blank(fs=None, concrete_fs=False, chroot=None, cwd=None, pathsep=b'/', thread_idx=None,
                    init_libc=False, **kwargs)
           Initialize a blank state.
           All parameters are optional.
```

10.16. SimOS 873

**Parameters** 

- addr The execution start address.
- initial\_prefix -
- **stack\_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack\_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

#### Returns

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(args=None, env=None, argc=None, **kwargs)
set_entry_register_values(state)
state_full_init(**kwargs)
prepare_function_symbol(symbol_name, basic_addr=None)
```

Prepare the address space with the data necessary to perform relocations pointing to the given symbol.

Returns a 2-tuple. The first item is the address of the function code, the second is the address of the relocation target.

# initialize\_segment\_register\_x64(state, concrete\_target)

Set the fs register in the angr to the value of the fs register in the concrete process

#### **Parameters**

- state state which will be modified
- **concrete\_target** concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

# Returns

None

#### initialize\_gdt\_x86(state, concrete\_target)

Create a GDT in the state memory and populate the segment registers. Rehook the vsyscall address using the real value in the concrete process memory

#### **Parameters**

- state state which will be modified
- concrete\_target concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

# Returns

get\_segment\_register\_name()

```
class angr.simos.cgc.SimCGC(project, **kwargs)
```

```
aligi.simos.cyc.simcac(project, **kwargs
```

Environment configuration for the CGC DECREE platform

```
__init__(project, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimUserland

state\_blank(flag\_page=None, allocate\_stack\_page\_count=256, \*\*kwargs)

# **Parameters**

• flag\_page – Flag page content, either a string or a list of BV8s

• allocate\_stack\_page\_count – Number of pages to pre-allocate for stack

```
state_entry(add_options=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: SimOS

This is a base class for any SimOS that wants to support syscalls.

It uses the CLE kernel object to provide addresses for syscalls. Syscalls will be emulated as a jump to one of these addresses, where a SimProcedure from the syscall library provided at construction time will be executed.

```
__init__(project, syscall_library=None, syscall_addr_alignment=4, **kwargs)
```

## configure\_project(abi\_list=None)

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

syscall\_cc(state)

# Return type

SimCCSyscall

syscall(state, allow\_unsupported=True)

Given a state, return the procedure corresponding to the current syscall. This procedure will have .syscall\_number, .display\_name, and .addr set.

#### **Parameters**

- **state** The state to get the syscall number from
- allow\_unsupported Whether to return a "dummy" sycall instead of raising an unsupported exception

```
syscall_abi(state)
```

Optionally, override this function to determine which abi is being used for the state's current syscall.

#### is\_syscall\_addr(addr)

Return whether or not the given address corresponds to a syscall implementation.

```
syscall_from_addr(addr, allow_unsupported=True)
```

Get a syscall SimProcedure from an address.

# **Parameters**

- addr The address to convert to a syscall SimProcedure
- **allow\_unsupported** Whether to return a dummy procedure for an unsupported syscall instead of raising an exception.

#### Returns

The SimProcedure for the syscall, or None if the address is not a syscall address.

syscall\_from\_number(number, allow\_unsupported=True, abi=None)

Get a syscall SimProcedure from its number.

#### **Parameters**

- **number** The syscall number
- **allow\_unsupported** Whether to return a "stub" syscall for unsupported numbers instead of throwing an error

10.16. SimOS 875

• **abi** – The name of the abi to use. If None, will assume that the abis have disjoint numbering schemes and pick the right one.

#### Returns

The SimProcedure for the syscall

```
class angr.simos.windows.SecurityCookieInit(value)
    Bases: Enum
    An enumeration.
NONE = 0
RANDOM = 1
STATIC = 2
```

class angr.simos.windows.SimWindows(project)

Bases: SimOS

SYMBOLIC = 3

Environment for the Windows Win32 subsystem. Does not support syscalls currently.

```
__init__(project)
```

# configure\_project()

Configure the project to set up global settings (like SimProcedures).

```
state_entry(args=None, env=None, argc=None, **kwargs)
```

```
state_blank(thread_idx=None, **kwargs)
```

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The execution start address.
- initial\_prefix -
- **stack\_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack\_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

#### **Returns**

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

# handle\_exception(successors, engine, exception)

Perform exception handling. This method will be called when, during execution, a SimException is thrown. Currently, this can only indicate a segfault, but in the future it could indicate any unexpected exceptional behavior that can't be handled by ordinary control flow.

The method may mutate the provided SimSuccessors object in any way it likes, or re-raise the exception.

# **Parameters**

- successors The SimSuccessors object currently being executed on
- engine The engine that was processing this step

• **exception** – The actual exception object

```
initialize_segment_register_x64(state, concrete_target)
```

Set the gs register in the angr to the value of the fs register in the concrete process

#### **Parameters**

- state state which will be modified
- concrete\_target concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

#### Returns

None

# initialize\_gdt\_x86(state, concrete\_target)

Create a GDT in the state memory and populate the segment registers.

#### **Parameters**

- state state which will be modified
- concrete\_target concrete target that will be used to read the fs register

#### Returns

the created GlobalDescriptorTable object

```
get_segment_register_name()
```

```
class angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
Bases: SimOS
```

```
__init__(*args, **kwargs)
```

```
state_blank(addr=None, **kwargs)
```

Initialize a blank state.

All parameters are optional.

#### **Parameters**

- addr The execution start address.
- initial\_prefix -
- **stack\_end** The end of the stack (i.e., the byte after the last valid stack address).
- stack\_size The number of bytes to allocate for stack space
- **brk** The address of the process' break.

## **Returns**

The initialized SimState.

Any additional arguments will be passed to the SimState constructor

```
state_entry(args=None, **kwargs)
```

Create an entry state.

# **Parameters**

args – List of SootArgument values (optional).

# static generate\_symbolic\_cmd\_line\_arg(state, max\_length=1000)

Generates a new symbolic cmd line argument string. :return: The string reference.

10.16. SimOS 877

#### state\_call(addr, \*args, \*\*kwargs)

Create a native or a Java call state.

## **Parameters**

- addr Soot or native addr of the invoke target.
- args List of SootArgument values.

# static get\_default\_value\_by\_type(type\_, state)

Java specify defaults values for primitive and reference types. This method returns the default value for a given type.

#### **Parameters**

- **type** (*str*) Name of type.
- state (SimState) Current SimState.

#### **Returns**

Default value for this type.

# static cast\_primitive(state, value, to\_type)

Cast the value of primtive types.

#### **Parameters**

- **value** Bitvector storing the primitive value.
- **to\_type** Name of the targeted type.

## **Returns**

Resized value.

# static init\_static\_field(state, field\_class\_name, field\_name, field\_type)

Initialize the static field with an allocated, but not initialized, object of the given type.

#### **Parameters**

- **state** State associated to the field.
- **field\_class\_name** Class containing the field.
- **field\_name** Name of the field.
- **field\_type** Type of the field and the new object.

```
static get_cmd_line_args(state)
```

# get\_addr\_of\_native\_method(soot\_method)

Get address of the implementation from a native declared Java function.

# **Parameters**

**soot\_method** – Method descriptor of a native declared function.

#### Returns

CLE address of the given method.

#### get\_native\_type(java\_type)

Maps the Java type to a SimTypeReg representation of its native counterpart. This type can be used to indicate the (well-defined) size of native JNI types.

#### Returns

A SymTypeReg with the JNI size of the given type.

```
get_method_native_type(method)
     property native_arch
          Arch of the native simos.
              Type
                  return
     get_native_cc()
              Returns
                  SimCC object for the native simos.
angr.simos.javavm.prepare_native_return_state(native_state)
     Hook target for native function call returns.
     Recovers and stores the return value from native memory and toggles the state, s.t. execution continues in the
     Soot engine.
     Note: Redirection needed for pickling.
10.17 Function Signature Matching
class angr.flirt.FlirtSignature(arch, platform, sig_name, sig_path, unique_strings=None, compiler=None,
                                     compiler_version=None, os_name=None, os_version=None)
     Bases: object
     This class describes a FLIRT signature.
          Parameters
                • arch (str) -
                • platform (str) -
                • sig_name (str) -
                • sig_path (str) -
                • unique_strings (Set[str] | None) -
                • compiler (str / None) -
                • compiler_version(str | None) -
                • os_name(str | None) -
                • os_version(str | None) -
     __init__(arch, platform, sig_name, sig_path, unique_strings=None, compiler=None,
               compiler_version=None, os_name=None, os_version=None)
              Parameters
                  • arch (str) -
```

# 10.17. Function Signature Matching

platform (str) -sig\_name (str) -sig\_path (str) -

• unique\_strings (Set[str] | None) -

```
• compiler (str | None) -
                  • compiler_version (str | None) -
                  • os_name (str | None) -
                  • os_version(str / None)-
angr.flirt.FS
     alias of FlirtSignature
angr.flirt.load_signatures(path)
     Recursively load all FLIRT signatures under a specific path.
          Parameters
              path (str) – Location of FLIRT signatures.
          Return type
              None
angr.flirt.build_sig.get_basic_info(ar_path)
     Get basic information of the archive file.
          Return type
              Dict[str, str]
          Parameters
              ar_path(str)-
angr.flirt.build_sig.get_unique_strings(ar_path)
     For Linux libraries, this method requires ar (from binutils), nm (from binutils), and strings.
          Return type
              List[str]
          Parameters
              ar_path(str)-
angr.flirt.build_sig.run_pelf(pelf_path, ar_path, output_path)
          Parameters
                • pelf_path(str)-
                • ar_path (str) -
                • output_path (str) -
angr.flirt.build_sig.run_sigmake(sigmake_path, sig_name, pat_path, sig_path)
          Parameters
                • sigmake_path(str)-
                • sig_name (str) -
                • pat_path (str) -
                • sig_path (str) -
angr.flirt.build_sig.process_exc_file(exc_path)
```

We are doing the stupidest thing possible: For each batch of conflicts, we pick the most likely result baed on a set of predefined rules.

TODO: Add caller-callee-based de-duplication.

```
exc_path (str) -
angr.flirt.build_sig.main()
10.18 Utils
angr.utils.looks_like_sql(s)
     Determine if string s looks like an SQL query.
           Parameters
               \mathbf{s} (str) – The string to detect.
           Return type
               bool
           Returns
               True if the string looks like an SQL, False otherwise.
angr.utils.algo.binary_insert(lst, elem, key, lo=0, hi=None)
     Insert an element into a sorted list, and keep the list sorted.
     The major difference from bisect_left is that this function supports a key method, so user doesn't have to
     create the key array for each insertion.
           Parameters
                 • 1st (1ist) – The list. Must be pre-ordered.
                 • element (object) – An element to insert into the list.
                 • key (func) – A method to get the key for each element in the list.
                 • lo (int) – Lower bound of the search.
                 • hi (int) – Upper bound of the search.
                 • elem (Any) -
           Return type
               None
           Returns
               None
angr.utils.constants.is_alignment_mask(n)
class angr.utils.cowdict.ChainMapCOW(*args, collapse_threshold=None)
     Bases: ChainMap
     Implements a copy-on-write version of ChainMap that supports auto-collapsing.
      __init__(*args, collapse_threshold=None)
           Initialize a ChainMap by setting maps to the given mappings. If no mappings are provided, a single empty
           dictionary is used.
     copy()
           New ChainMap or subclass with a new copy of maps[0] and refs to maps[1:]
     clean()
```

**Parameters** 

10.18. Utils 881

```
class angr.utils.cowdict.DefaultChainMapCOW(default_factory, *args, collapse_threshold=None)
     Bases: ChainMapCOW
     Implements a copy-on-write version of ChainMap with default values that supports auto-collapsing.
     __init__(default_factory, *args, collapse_threshold=None)
          Initialize a ChainMap by setting maps to the given mappings. If no mappings are provided, a single empty
          dictionary is used.
     clean()
class angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist.DynamicDictList(max_size=None, content=None)
     Bases: Generic[VT]
     A list-like container class that internally uses dicts to store values when the number of values is less than the
     threshold LIST2DICT_THRESHOLD. Keys must be ints.
     The default thresholds are determined according to experiments described at https://github.com/angr/angr/pull/
     3471#issuecomment-1236515950.
      init (max size=None, content=None)
              Parameters
                  • max_size(int | None) -
                  • content (DynamicDictList | Dict[int, VT] | List[VT] | None) -
     list_content: Optional[List[TypeVar(VT)]]
     max_size
     dict_content: Optional[Dict[int, TypeVar(VT)]]
     real_length()
              Return type
                  int
angr.utils.enums_conv.cfg_jumpkind_to_pb(jk)
angr.utils.enums_conv.func_edge_type_to_pb(jk)
angr.utils.enums_conv.cfg_jumpkind_from_pb(pb)
angr.utils.enums_conv.func_edge_type_from_pb(pb)
angr.utils.env.is_pyinstaller()
     Detect if we are currently running as a PyInstaller-packaged program.
          Return type
              bool
          Returns
              True if we are running as a PyInstaller-packaged program. False if we are running in Python
              directly (e.g., development mode).
```

angr.utils.graph.shallow\_reverse(g)

Make a shallow copy of a directional graph and reverse the edges. This is a workaround to solve the issue that one cannot easily make a shallow reversed copy of a graph in NetworkX 2, since networkx.reverse(copy=False) now returns a GraphView, and GraphViews are always read-only.

#### **Parameters**

**g** (networkx.DiGraph) – The graph to reverse.

# Return type

DiGraph

#### Returns

A new networkx.DiGraph that has all nodes and all edges of the original graph, with edges reversed.

# angr.utils.graph.inverted\_idoms(graph)

Invert the given graph and generate the immediate dominator tree on the inverted graph. This is useful for computing post-dominators.

#### **Parameters**

graph (DiGraph) – The graph to invert and generate immediate dominator tree for.

# Return type

Tuple[DiGraph, Optional[Dict]]

#### **Returns**

A tuple of the inverted graph and the immediate dominator tree.

angr.utils.graph.to\_acyclic\_graph(graph, ordered\_nodes=None, loop\_heads=None)

Convert a given DiGraph into an acyclic graph.

#### **Parameters**

- graph (DiGraph) The graph to convert.
- **ordered\_nodes** (Optional[List]) A list of nodes sorted in a topological order.
- loop\_heads (Optional[List]) A list of known loop head nodes.

## Return type

DiGraph

#### Returns

The converted acyclic graph.

#### angr.utils.graph.dfs\_back\_edges(graph, start\_node)

Do a DFS traversal of the graph, and return with the back edges.

Note: This is just a naive recursive implementation, feel free to replace it. I couldn't find anything in networkx to do this functionality. Although the name suggest it, but *dfs\_labeled\_edges* is doing something different.

#### **Parameters**

- **graph** The graph to traverse.
- **start\_node** The node where to start the traversal

# Returns

An iterator of 'backward' edges

 $\verb|angr.utils.graph.subgraph_between_nodes| (\textit{graph}, \textit{source}, \textit{frontier}, \textit{include\_frontier} = \textit{False})|$ 

For a directed graph, return a subgraph that includes all nodes going from a source node to a target node.

# **Parameters**

- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) The directed graph.
- **source** The source node.
- **frontier** (list) A collection of target nodes.

10.18. Utils 883

• **include\_frontier** (*bool*) – Should nodes in frontier be included in the subgraph.

```
Returns
```

A subgraph.

# **Return type**

networkx.DiGraph

```
angr.utils.graph.dominates(idom, dominator_node, node)
```

```
angr.utils.graph.compute_dominance_frontier(graph, domtree)
```

Compute a dominance frontier based on the given post-dominator tree.

This implementation is based on figure 2 of paper An Efficient Method of Computing Static Single Assignment Form by Ron Cytron, etc.

#### **Parameters**

- **graph** The graph where we want to compute the dominance frontier.
- **domtree** The dominator tree

#### Returns

A dict of dominance frontier

```
class angr.utils.graph.TemporaryNode(label)
```

Bases: object

A temporary node.

Used as the start node and end node in post-dominator tree generation. Also used in some test cases.

```
__init__(label)
```

```
class angr.utils.graph.ContainerNode(obj)
```

Bases: object

A container node.

Only used in dominator tree generation. We did this so we can set the index property without modifying the original object.

```
__init__(obj)
```

index

property obj

**class** angr.utils.graph.**Dominators**(graph, entry\_node, successors\_func=None, reverse=False)

```
Bases: object
```

Describes dominators in a graph.

```
__init__(graph, entry_node, successors_func=None, reverse=False)
```

dom: DiGraph

**class** angr.utils.graph.**PostDominators**(graph, entry\_node, successors\_func=None)

```
Bases: Dominators
```

Describe post-dominators in a graph.

```
__init__(graph, entry_node, successors_func=None)
```

property post\_dom: DiGraph

dom: DiGraph

class angr.utils.graph.SCCPlaceholder(scc\_id)

Bases: object

Describes a placeholder for strongly-connected-components in a graph.

\_\_init\_\_(scc\_id)

scc\_id

#### class angr.utils.graph.GraphUtils

Bases: object

A helper class with some static methods and algorithms implemented, that in fact, might take more than just normal CFGs.

# static find\_merge\_points(function\_addr, function\_endpoints, graph)

Given a local transition graph of a function, find all merge points inside, and then perform a quasi-topological sort of those merge points.

A merge point might be one of the following cases: - two or more paths come together, and ends at the same address. - end of the current function

#### **Parameters**

- **function\_addr** (*int*) Address of the function.
- **function\_endpoints** (*list*) Endpoints of the function. They typically come from Function.endpoints.
- **graph** (*networkx.DiGraph*) A local transition graph of a function. Normally it comes from Function.graph.

# Returns

A list of ordered addresses of merge points.

## Return type

list

# static find\_widening\_points(function\_addr, function\_endpoints, graph)

Given a local transition graph of a function, find all widening points inside.

Correctly choosing widening points is very important in order to not lose too much information during static analysis. We mainly consider merge points that has at least one loop back edges coming in as widening points.

#### **Parameters**

- function\_addr (int) Address of the function.
- **function\_endpoints** (*list*) Endpoints of the function, typically coming from Function.endpoints.
- **graph** (networkx.DiGraph) A local transition graph of a function, normally Function.graph.

#### Returns

A list of addresses of widening points.

# **Return type**

list

10.18. Utils 885

# static reverse\_post\_order\_sort\_nodes(graph, nodes=None)

Sort a given set of nodes in reverse post ordering.

## **Parameters**

- graph (networkx.DiGraph) A local transition graph of a function.
- **nodes** (*iterable*) A collection of nodes to sort.

#### Returns

A list of sorted nodes.

#### Return type

list

# static quasi\_topological\_sort\_nodes(graph, nodes=None, loop\_heads=None)

Sort a given set of nodes from a graph based on the following rules:

# - if A -> B and not B -> A, then we have A < B # - if A -> B and B -> A, then the ordering is undefined

Following the above rules gives us a quasi-topological sorting of nodes in the graph. It also works for cyclic graphs.

#### **Parameters**

- graph (DiGraph) A local transition graph of the function.
- nodes (Optional[List]) A list of nodes to sort. None if you want to sort all nodes inside the graph.
- loop\_heads (Optional[List]) A list of nodes that should be treated loop heads.

## Return type

List

# Returns

A list of ordered nodes.

```
angr.utils.lazy_import.lazy_import(name)
```

```
angr.utils.loader.is_pc(project, ins_addr, addr)
```

Check if the given address is program counter (PC) or not. This function is for handling the case on some bizarre architectures where PC is always the currently executed instruction address plus a constant value.

#### **Parameters**

- **project** (*Project*) An angr Project instance.
- ins\_addr (int) The address of an instruction. We calculate PC using this instruction address.
- addr (int) The address to check against.

# Return type

bool

#### Returns

True if the given instruction address is the PC, False otherwise.

# angr.utils.loader.is\_in\_readonly\_section(project, addr)

Check if the specified address is inside a read-only section.

# **Parameters**

• **project** (*Project*) – An angr Project instance.

• addr (int) – The address to check.

## Return type

bool

#### Returns

True if the given address belongs to a read-only section, False otherwise.

# angr.utils.loader.is\_in\_readonly\_segment(project, addr)

Check if the specified address is inside a read-only segment.

# **Parameters**

- **project** (*Project*) An angr Project instance.
- addr (int) The address to check.

# Return type

bool

#### Returns

True if the given address belongs to a read-only segment, False otherwise.

```
angr.utils.library.get_function_name(s)
```

Get the function name from a C-style function declaration string.

#### **Parameters**

**s** (*str*) – A C-style function declaration string.

#### Returns

The function name.

# Return type

str

```
angr.utils.library.register_kernel_types()
```

```
angr.utils.library.convert_cproto_to_py(c_decl)
```

Convert a C-style function declaration string to its corresponding SimTypes-based Python representation.

# **Parameters**

**c\_decl** (*str*) – The C-style function declaration string.

# Return type

```
Tuple[str, SimTypeFunction, str]
```

#### Returns

A tuple of the function name, the prototype, and a string representing the SimType-based Python representation.

```
angr.utils.library.convert_cppproto_to_py(cpp_decl, with_param_names=False)
```

Pre-process a C++-style function declaration string to its corresponding SimTypes-based Python representation.

#### **Parameters**

- **cpp\_decl** (str) The C++-style function declaration string.
- with\_param\_names (bool) -

#### Return type

Tuple[Optional[str], Optional[SimTypeCppFunction], Optional[str]]

10.18. Utils 887

#### Returns

A tuple of the function name, the prototype, and a string representing the SimType-based Python representation.

angr.utils.library.parsedcprotos2py(parsed\_cprotos, fd\_spots=frozenset({}}), remove\_sys\_prefix=False)

Parse a list of C function declarations and output to Python code that can be embedded into angr.procedures.definitions.

```
>>> # parse the list of glibc C prototypes and output to a file
>>> from angr.procedures.definitions import glibc
>>> with open("glibc_protos", "w") as f: f.write(cprotos2py(glibc._libc_c_decls))
```

#### **Parameters**

**parsed\_cprotos** (List[Tuple[str, *SimTypeFunction*, str]]) – A list of tuples where each tuple is (function name, parsed C function prototype, the original function declaration).

## **Return type**

str

#### **Returns**

A Python string.

```
angr.utils.library.cprotos2py(cprotos, fd_spots=frozenset({})), remove_sys_prefix=False)
```

Parse a list of C function declarations and output to Python code that can be embedded into angr.procedures.definitions.

```
>>> # parse the list of glibc C prototypes and output to a file
>>> from angr.procedures.definitions import glibc
>>> with open("glibc_protos", "w") as f: f.write(cprotos2py(glibc._libc_c_decls))
```

#### **Parameters**

**cprotos** (List[str]) – A list of C prototype strings.

# Return type

str

#### **Returns**

A Python string.

```
angr.utils.library.get_cpp_function_name(demangled_name, specialized=True, qualified=True)
```

```
angr.utils.timing.timethis(func)
```

```
angr.utils.formatting.setup_terminal()
```

Check if we are running in a TTY. If so, make sure the terminal supports ANSI escape sequences. If not, disable colorized output. Sets global *ansi\_color\_enabled* to True if colorized output should be enabled by default.

```
angr.utils.formatting.ansi_color(s, color)
```

Colorize string *s* by wrapping in ANSI escape sequence for given *color*.

This function does not consider whether escape sequences are functional or not; it is up to the caller to determine if its appropriate. Check global *ansi\_color\_enabled* value in this module.

#### Return type

str

# **Parameters**

```
• s(str) -
• color(str / None) -
ngr.utils.formatting.add_edge_to_

Draw an edge by adding Unicode box a

Parameters
• buf (Sequence[str]) -
• ref (Sequence[str]) -
```

Draw an edge by adding Unicode box and arrow glyphs to beginning of each line in a list of lines.

- **buf** (Sequence[str]) Output buffer, used to render formatted edges.
- **ref** (Sequence[str]) Reference buffer, used to calculate edge depth.
- start (int) Start line.
- end (int) End line, where arrow points.
- **formatter** (Optional[Callable[[str], str]]) Optional callback function used to format the edge before writing it to output buffer.
- **dashed** (bool) Render edge line dashed instead of solid.
- **ascii\_only** (Optional[bool]) Render edge using ASCII characters only. If unspecified, guess by stdout encoding.

#### Returns

A pickle-able lambda; note that f, args, and kwargs must be pickleable

## **Parameters**

```
• f (Callable[[...], None]) -
```

• args (List[Any]) -

• kwargs (Dict[str, Any]) -

# f: Callable[..., None]

Alias for field number 0

args: List[Any]

Alias for field number 1

kwargs: Dict[str, Any]

Alias for field number 2

# class angr.utils.mp.Initializer(\*, \_manual=True)

Bases: object

A singleton class with global state used to initialize a multiprocessing. Process

# **Parameters**

\_manual (bool) -

# classmethod get()

A wrapper around init since this class is a singleton

#### Return type

Initializer

10.18. Utils 889

```
__init__(*, _manual=True)
             Parameters
                 _manual (bool) -
     register(f, *args, **kwargs)
          A shortcut for adding Closures as initializers
             Return type
                 None
             Parameters
                 • f (Callable[[...], None]) -
                 • args (Any) -
                 • kwargs (Any) -
     initialize()
          Initialize a multiprocessing. Process Set the current global initalizer to the same state as this initalizer, then
          calls each initalizer
             Return type
                 None
angr.utils.mp.mp_context()
10.19 Errors
exception angr.errors.AngrError
     Bases: Exception
exception angr.errors.AngrValueError
     Bases: AngrError, ValueError
exception angr.errors.AngrLifterError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrExitError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrPathError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrVaultError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.PathUnreachableError
     Bases: AngrPathError
exception angr.errors.SimulationManagerError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrInvalidArgumentError
     Bases: AngrError
```

exception angr.errors.AngrSurveyorError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrAnalysisError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrBladeError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrBladeSimProcError Bases: AngrBladeError exception angr.errors.AngrAnnotatedCFGError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrBackwardSlicingError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrGirlScoutError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrCallableError Bases: AngrSurveyorError exception angr.errors.AngrCallableMultistateError Bases: AngrCallableError exception angr.errors.AngrSyscallError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrSimOSError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrAssemblyError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrTypeError Bases: AngrError, TypeError exception angr.errors.AngrIncongruencyError Bases: AngrAnalysisError exception angr.errors.AngrForwardAnalysisError Bases: AngrError exception angr.errors.AngrSkipJobNotice Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError exception angr.errors.AngrDelayJobNotice Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError exception angr.errors.AngrJobMergingFailureNotice Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError exception angr.errors.AngrJobWideningFailureNotice

Bases: AngrForwardAnalysisError

10.19. Errors 891

```
exception angr.errors.AngrCFGError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrVFGError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrVFGRestartAnalysisNotice
    Bases: AngrVFGError
exception angr.errors.AngrDataGraphError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrDDGError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrLoopAnalysisError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrExplorationTechniqueError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrExplorerError
    Bases: AngrExplorationTechniqueError
exception angr.errors.AngrDirectorError
    Bases: AngrExplorationTechniqueError
exception angr.errors.AngrTracerError
    Bases: AngrExplorationTechniqueError
exception angr.errors.AngrVariableRecoveryError
    Bases: AngrAnalysisError
exception angr.errors.AngrDBError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.AngrCorruptDBError
    Bases: AngrDBError
exception angr.errors.AngrIncompatibleDBError
    Bases: AngrDBError
exception angr.errors.TracerEnvironmentError
    Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimError
    Bases: Exception
    bbl_addr = None
    stmt_idx = None
    ins_addr = None
    executed_instruction_count = None
    guard = None
    record_state(state)
```

```
exception angr.errors.SimStateError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimMergeError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryMissingError(missing_addr, missing_size, *args)
    Bases: SimMemoryError
    __init__(missing_addr, missing_size, *args)
exception angr.errors.SimAbstractMemoryError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimRegionMapError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryLimitError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimMemoryAddressError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimFastMemoryError
    Bases: SimMemoryError
exception angr.errors.SimEventError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimPosixError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimFilesystemError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSymbolicFilesystemError
    Bases: SimFilesystemError
exception angr.errors.SimFileError
    Bases: SimMemoryError, SimFilesystemError
exception angr.errors.SimHeapError
    Bases: SimStateError
exception angr.errors.SimUnsupportedError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSolverError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSolverModeError
    Bases: SimSolverError
exception angr.errors.SimSolverOptionError
    Bases: SimSolverError
```

10.19. Errors 893

```
exception angr.errors.SimValueError
     Bases: SimSolverError
exception angr.errors.SimUnsatError
     Bases: SimValueError
exception angr.errors.SimOperationError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedIROpError
     Bases: {\it SimOperationError}, {\it SimUnsupportedError}
exception angr.errors.SimExpressionError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedIRExprError
     Bases: SimExpressionError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.SimCCallError
     Bases: SimExpressionError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedCCallError
     Bases: SimCCallError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.SimUninitializedAccessError(expr_type, expr)
     Bases: SimExpressionError
     __init__(expr_type, expr)
exception angr.errors.SimStatementError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedIRStmtError
     Bases: SimStatementError, SimUnsupportedError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedDirtyError
     Bases: \ \textit{UnsupportedIRStmtError}, \ \textit{SimUnsupportedError}
exception angr.errors.SimMissingTempError
     Bases: SimValueError, IndexError
exception angr.errors.SimEngineError
     Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimIRSBError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimTranslationError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimProcedureError
     Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimProcedureArgumentError
     Bases: SimProcedureError
exception angr.errors.SimShadowStackError
     Bases: SimProcedureError
```

```
exception angr.errors.SimFastPathError
    Bases: SimEngineError
exception angr.errors.SimIRSBNoDecodeError
    Bases: SimIRSBError
exception angr.errors.AngrUnsupportedSyscallError
    Bases: AngrSyscallError, SimProcedureError, SimUnsupportedError
angr.errors.UnsupportedSyscallError
    alias of AngrUnsupportedSyscallError
exception angr.errors.SimReliftException(state)
    Bases: SimEngineError
     __init__(state)
exception angr.errors.SimSlicerError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimActionError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimCCError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUCManagerError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUCManagerAllocationError
    Bases: SimUCManagerError
exception angr.errors.SimUnicornUnsupport
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUnicornError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimUnicornSymbolic
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimEmptyCallStackError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimStateOptionsError
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimException
    Bases: SimError
exception angr.errors.SimSegfaultException(addr, reason, original_addr=None)
    Bases: SimException, SimMemoryError
    __init__(addr, reason, original_addr=None)
angr.errors.SimSegfaultError
    alias of SimSegfaultException
```

10.19. Errors 895

```
exception angr.errors.SimZeroDivisionException
     Bases: SimException, SimOperationError
exception angr.errors.AngrNoPluginError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimConcreteMemoryError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimConcreteRegisterError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.SimConcreteBreakpointError
     Bases: AngrError
exception angr.errors.UnsupportedNodeTypeError
     Bases: AngrError, NotImplementedError
10.20 Distributed analysis
class angr.distributed.server.Server(project, spill_yard=None, db=None, max_workers=None,
                                           max_states=10, staging_max=10, bucketizer=True,
                                           recursion_limit=1000, worker_exit_callback=None,
                                           techniques=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)
     Bases: object
     Server implements the analysis server with a series of control interfaces exposed.
          Variables
                • project – An instance of angr.Project.
                • spill_yard (str) – A directory to store spilled states.
                • db (str) – Path of the database that stores information about spilled states.
                • max_workers (int) – Maximum number of workers. Each worker starts a new process.
                • max_states (int) – Maximum number of active states for each worker.
                • staging_max (int) – Maximum number of inactive states that are kept into memory before
                  spilled onto the disk and potentially be picked up by another worker.
                • bucketizer (boo1) – Use the Bucketizer exploration strategy.
                • _worker_exit_callback - A method that will be called upon the exit of each worker.
      __init__(project, spill_yard=None, db=None, max_workers=None, max_states=10, staging_max=10,
                bucketizer = True, \ recursion\_limit = 1000, \ worker\_exit\_callback = None, \ techniques = None,
                add options=None, remove options=None)
     inc_active_workers()
     dec_active_workers()
```

stop()

property active\_workers

```
property stopped
     on_worker_exit(worker_id, stashes)
     run()
class angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper(vault, db)
     Bases: ExplorationTechnique
     Dumps and drops states that are not "active".
     __init__(vault, db)
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
          Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to
          do the actual processing.
              Parameters
                  • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
                  • stash (str) -
class angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotifier(server_state)
     Bases: ExplorationTechnique
     Force the exploration to stop if the server.stop is True.
          Parameters
              server_state (Dict) -
     __init__(server_state)
              Parameters
                  server_state (Dict) -
     step(simgr, stash='active', **kwargs)
          Hook the process of stepping a stash forward. Should call simgr.step(stash, **kwargs) in order to
          do the actual processing.
              Parameters
                  • simgr (angr.SimulationManager) -
                  • stash (str) -
class angr.distributed.worker.Worker(worker_id, server, server_state, recursion_limit=None,
                                           techniques=None, add_options=None, remove_options=None)
     Bases: object
     Worker implements a worker thread/process for conducting a task.
     __init__(worker_id, server, server_state, recursion_limit=None, techniques=None, add_options=None,
                remove options=None)
     start()
     run(initializer)
              Parameters
                  initializer (Initializer) -
```

#### **CHAPTER**

# **ELEVEN**

## **INDICES AND TABLES**

- genindex
- modindex
- search

#### **PYTHON MODULE INDEX**

```
а
                                                                                      angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink,
angr, 157
                                                                                      angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph, 813
angr.analyses, 618
                                                                                      angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.transitions,
angr.analyses.analysis, 618
angr.analyses.backward_slice, 627
                                                                                      angr.analyses.class_identifier, 843
angr.analyses.binary_optimizer, 857
                                                                                      angr.analyses.code_tagging, 673
angr.analyses.bindiff, 628
                                                                                      angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions,
angr.analyses.boyscout, 632
angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder, 858
                                                                                      angr.analyses.congruency_check, 856
angr.analyses.calling\_convention, 632
                                                                                      angr.analyses.data_dep, 867
angr.analyses.cdg, 673
                                                                                      angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis,
angr.analyses.cfg, 636
angr.analyses.cfg.cfb, 636
                                                                                      angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes, 865
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg, 638
                                                                                      angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location, 864
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_arch_options,656
                                                                                      angr.analyses.datagraph_meta, 673
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base, 645
                                                                                      angr.analyses.ddg, 742
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated,640
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler, 691
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast, 647
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier, 691
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot,668
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker,692
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base, 656
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier,
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers,
                                                                                                    692
angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. amd 6 \ref{amalyses.} decompiler. calls ite\_maker, 693
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters, 693
angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. arm\_angr\_fanal, yses. decompiler. ccall\_rewriters. amd 64\_ccalls, the state of the stat
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.consangresanalyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewriter_base,
angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. defaller\_resolvers, decompiler. clinic, 694
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor,
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable,
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache,
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast,
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options,
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.resolver,
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler, 697
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_engr_panalyses.decompiler.empty_node_remover,
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_pregramalyses.decompiler.expression_narrower,
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region, 699
angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list,670
                                                                                      angr.analyses.decompiler.jump_target_collector,
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink, 812
```

```
700
                                                        717
angr.analyses.decompiler.jumptable_entry_condianignm_annewskyisteer,decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifelse,
                                                        717
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes, angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.loop,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.bansar_panalsasses_sdempdmiffileer.region_simplifiers.node_address_
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.campst_abeatlyfsses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.region_simpli:
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.daimqusiampdliyfsieer,decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eamper_aneathysness.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_expr_si
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.emgineambalseses.decompiler.region_walker,721
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker,721
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.exmpgr.ompakkapperdecompiler.structured_codegen,
                                                        722
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.iamegrexprakyonexprdecrompiler.structured_codegen.base,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lamgereathaslyisech_dsiconhipiflicer,structured_codegen.c,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mandgrsiampdliyfsiær,decompiler.structured_codegen.dummy,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.marlgri_axianpliefsiefsiefsecompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.oprtgmizzatilyose_spackescompiler.structuring, 684
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.dream,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_area_simplifier,
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_68ave_simplifier,
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.recursive_structurer,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_camary_simplifier,
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_base,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_$\text{gcc}_simplifier,
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes,
angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations,
                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.utils, 740
angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizationandmasamalyses.disassembly,844
                                                angr.analyses.disassembly_utils, 848
angr.analyses.decompiler.redundant_label_removæmgr.analyses.dominance_frontier, 858
                                                angr.analyses.find_objects_static, 843
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier,
                                                angr.analyses.flirt, 748
                                                angr.analyses.forward_analysis,620
                                                angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysis,
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers,
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.caarqadianqaboones.tfaarqashodmenalysis.job_info,621
                                                angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors,622
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cammadiamma_lixfses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graph,
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expmgufodmbihgses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph,
                                                        622
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.gotmogr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph,
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifangr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop,
```

```
625
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail,
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_graph,
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base,
angr.analyses.identifier.identify, 833
angr.analyses.init_finder, 858
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex,
angr.analyses.loop_analysis, 834
angr.analyses.loopfinder, 834
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanner,
angr.analyses.propagator, 750
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail, 751
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery,
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base, 750
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex, 751
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base,
angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition_walker, 817
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast,
angr.analyses.propagator.propagator, 754
                                                       820
angr.analyses.propagator.tmpvar_finder,754
                                               angr.analyses.veritesting, 835
angr.analyses.propagator.top_checker_mixin,
                                               angr.analyses.vfg, 837
                                               angr.analyses.vsa_ddg, 841
angr.analyses.propagator.values, 750
                                               angr.analyses.vtable, 842
                                               angr.analyses.xrefs, 859
angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars, 750
angr.analyses.proximity_graph, 860
                                               angr.angrdb, 674
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions, 755
                                               angr.angrdb.db, 674
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace,angr.angrdb.models,676
                                               angr.angrdb.serializers, 679
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph, angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model, 679
                                               angr.angrdb.serializers.comments, 680
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail,angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs,680
                                               angr.angrdb.serializers.kb, 681
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_vex,angr.angrdb.serializers.labels,681
                                               angr.angrdb.serializers.loader, 681
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handdrerangrdb.serializers.structured_code, 683
                                               angr.angrdb.serializers.variables, 682
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocatmogr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs,682
                                               angr.annocfg, 869
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state,
                                               angr.blade, 867
                                               angr.block, 220
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_deafignitianhsable, 519
                                               angr.calling_conventions, 483
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject,
                                               angr.code_location, 611
        811
                                               angr.codenode, 870
angr.analyses.reassembler, 848
                                               angr.concretization_strategies, 335
angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy, 635
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.any, 381
angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker, 814
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data,
angr.analyses.static_hooker, 856
angr.analyses.typehoon, 833
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.eval, 378
angr.analyses.typehoon.lifter, 825
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.max, 380
angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver, 825
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero, 381
angr.analyses.typehoon.translator, 825
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range,
                                                       379
angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts, 831
angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon, 830
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats, 379
angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars, 826
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range,
angr.analyses.variable_recovery, 825
                                                       380
angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations,
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.range, 380
        816
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.single, 378
                                               angr.concretization_strategies.solutions, 379
```

<pre>angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_rang</pre>	eangr.exploration_techniques.unique,423
381	<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.veritesting, 413</pre>
angr.distributed, 896	angr.factory, 216
angr.distributed.server, 896	angr.flirt,879
angr.distributed.worker, 897	angr.flirt.build_sig, 880
angr.engines, 427	angr.keyed_region, 612
angr.engines.concrete, 433	angr.knowledge_base,520
angr.engines.engine, 427	angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base,520
angr.engines.failure,431	angr.knowledge_plugins,521
angr.engines.hook, 430	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes,</pre>
angr.engines.light, 749	522
angr.engines.light.data,748	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg, 523</pre>
angr.engines.light.engine,749	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager, 544</pre>
angr.engines.pcode, 434	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model,536</pre>
angr.engines.pcode.behavior,444	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node, 544</pre>
angr.engines.pcode.cc, 464	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump, 547</pre>
angr.engines.pcode.emulate,444	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data, 542</pre>
angr.engines.pcode.engine, 434	angr.knowledge_plugins.comments,549
<pre>angr.engines.pcode.lifter, 435</pre>	angr.knowledge_plugins.data,549
angr.engines.procedure, 430	angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables,567
angr.engines.soot, 431	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.functions, 550</pre>
<pre>angr.engines.soot.engine, 431</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function,</pre>
angr.engines.successors, 428	552
angr.engines.syscall, 431	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager,</pre>
angr.engines.unicorn, 432	550
angr.engines.vex, 431	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser,</pre>
angr.errors, 890	559
angr.exploration_techniques, 390	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.bucketizer, 426</pre>	559
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.common, 424</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps, 549</pre>
angr.exploration_techniques.dfs,408	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions, 569</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.director, 418</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core, 416</pre>	583
angr.exploration_techniques.explorer,408	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.constants,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.lengthlimiter,</pre>	587
409	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer,</pre>	587
422	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environment,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.loop_seer, 421</pre>	590
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint</pre>	angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_address,
410	591
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.memory_watcher,</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_mana</pre>
426	591
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.oppologist, 420</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.slicecutor,417</pre>	592
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.spiller,410</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.spiller_db,412</pre>	601
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic, 423</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag,</pre>
angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions, 426	603
angr.exploration_techniques.symbion, 424	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.undefined,</pre>
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.tech_builder, 424</pre>	605
angr.exploration_techniques.threading, 413	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.unknown_size,</pre>
angr.exploration_techniques.timeout,407	605
andr exploration techniques tracer 414	andr knowledge plugins key definitions uses

```
605
                                               angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base, 297
angr.knowledge_plugins.labels, 549
                                               angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk, 298
                                               angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist, 300
angr.knowledge_plugins.patches, 521
angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin, 522
                                               angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc, 301
angr.knowledge_plugins.propagations, 549
                                               angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc, 302
angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code, 569
                                               angr.state_plugins.heap.utils, 306
angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.managerangr.state_plugins.history, 267
                                               angr.state_plugins.inspect, 233
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync, 607
                                               angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader, 294
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller,
                                               angr.state_plugins.jni_references, 296
                                               angr.state_plugins.libc, 236
angr.knowledge_plugins.types, 548
                                               angr.state_plugins.light_registers, 266
angr.knowledge_plugins.variables, 560
                                               angr.state_plugins.log, 262
angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_acceassgr.state_plugins.loop_data, 291
                                               angr.state_plugins.plugin, 231
angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managmgr.state_plugins.posix, 240
                                               angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer, 282
        561
angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs, 609
                                               angr.state_plugins.scratch, 280
angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref, 609
                                               angr.state_plugins.sim_action, 466
angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager,
                                               angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object, 468
                                               angr.state_plugins.sim_event, 468
angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types,610
                                               angr.state_plugins.solver, 254
angr.misc.plugins, 222
                                               angr.state_plugins.symbolizer, 307
                                               angr.state_plugins.trace_additions, 273
angr.procedures, 473
angr.procedures.definitions, 475
                                               angr.state_plugins.uc_manager, 279
angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser, 473
                                               angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine, 284
                                               angr.state_plugins.view, 309
angr.project, 212
angr.protos, 616
                                               angr.storage, 309
angr.serializable, 615
                                               angr.storage.file, 314
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins, 336
angr.sim_manager, 382
angr.sim_options, 228
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin, 342
angr.sim_procedure, 469
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin,
angr.sim_state, 224
angr.sim_state_options, 228
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixin,
angr.sim_type, 507
                                                       340
angr.sim_variable,502
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.clouseau_mixin,
angr.simos, 871
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.conditional_store_mixin,
angr.simos.cgc, 874
angr.simos.javavm, 877
angr.simos.linux, 873
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin,
angr.simos.simos, 871
angr.simos.userland, 875
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin,
angr.simos.windows, 876
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.dirty_addrs_mixin,
angr.slicer, 868
angr.state_hierarchy, 389
                                                       344
angr.state_plugins, 231
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.callstack, 263
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory, 376
angr.state_plugins.cgc, 271
angr.state_plugins.concrete, 292
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_mix
angr.state_plugins.debug_variables, 307
angr.state_plugins.filesystem, 248
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory,
angr.state_plugins.gdb, 270
                                                       375
angr.state_plugins.globals, 278
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memory
angr.state_plugins.heap, 297
                                                        375
```

```
342
angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_mixin,
                                                angr.storage.memory_mixins.simplification_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixin, 347
                                                angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.name_resolution_mixin,
                                                        343
        339
                                                angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory, 352
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_bandperstmixings, memory_mixins.smart_find_mixin,
        357
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixins.symbolic_merger_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages,angr.storage.memory_mixins.top_merger_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ammompertatriamme.memory_mixins.underconstrained_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.dnigntoryontaquekniemponnixniixins.unwrapper_mixin,
        360
                                                        347
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.airsono_sntioxiange.memory_object, 334
                                                angr.storage.pcap, 335
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.dnigst_wordples, 881
                                                angr.utils.algo, 881
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ammdriutvallsuesonstants, 881
                                                angr.utils.cowdict, 881
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.anvgnlissti_backynamic_dictlist, 882
        348
                                                angr.utils.enums_conv, 882
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.aregmissibs.semixint
                                                angr.utils.formatting, 888
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.anegicountil_migrianph, 882
                                                angr.utils.lazy_import, 886
        359
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.arlgraupiabse,library, 887
                                                angr.utils.loader, 886
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.privilængerd_mntixlisn,mp, 889
                                                angr.utils.timing, 888
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stack_andgrocaatibns_milkin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstract_address_descriptor,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstract_merger_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_category_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_meta_mixin,
        371
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_address_concretization_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_memory_mixin,
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.static_find_mixin,
        370
angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_mixin,
```

## **INDEX**

Symbols	1	method), 857
init() (angr.BP method), 161	init	() (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.DeadAssignment
init() (angr.Blade method), 167		method), 857
init() (angr.Block method), 170	init	() (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.RedundantStackVariable
init() (angr.ExplorationTechnique method), 178	1	method), 857
init() (angr.KnowledgeBase method), 211	init	() (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.RegisterReallocation
init() (angr.PTChunk method), 209	1	method), 857
init() (angr.PointerWrapper method), 184	init	() (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff method), 631
init() (angr.Project method), 164	init	() (angr.analyses.bindiff.ConstantChange
init() (angr.Server method), 210	1	method), 629
init() (angr.SimCC method), 185	init	() (angr.analyses.bindiff.Difference method),
init() (angr.SimCC.ArgSession method), 186	6	629
init() (angr.SimFile method), 190	init	(angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff
init() (angr.SimFileBase method), 188	1	method), 629
init() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198	init	() (angr.analyses.bindiff.NormalizedBlock
init() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method),	1	method), 629
200	init	() (angr.analyses.bindiff.NormalizedFunction
init() (angr.SimFileStream method), 194	1	method), 629
init() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204	init	() (angr.analyses.boyscout.BoyScout method),
init() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206	6	632
init() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204	init	() (angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder.CalleeCleanupFinder
init() (angr.SimOS method), 168	1	method), 858
init() (angr.SimPackets method), 192	init	() (angr.analyses.calling_convention.CallSiteFact
init() (angr.SimPacketsStream method), 196	1	method), 632
init() (angr.SimProcedure method), 159	init	$ () \ (angr. analyses. calling\_convention. Calling Convention Analysis \\$
init() (angr.SimState method), 182		method), 633
init() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 161		() (angr.analyses.cdg.CDG method), 673
init() (angr.SimulationManager method), 172	init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket method),
init() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180		637
init() (angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysesHub	init	
method), 618		method), 636
init() (angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisFactory	init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.MemoryRegion
method), 619		method), 636
init() (angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisLogEntry	init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.Unknown method),
method) 618		637
init() (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugi	<sub>n</sub> init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg.CFG method), 638
method), 619	1111 (	() (angranatyses.cjg.cjg_arcn_options.Cr GArcnOptions
init() (angr.analyses.backward_slice.BackwardSlic		method), 656
method), 627	init	
init() (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.BinaryOptim	114,01	method), 645
method), 858	init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
init() (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.ConstantPro	pagation <sup>1</sup>	method), 641

init_		_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.Register
ini+	method), 640	method), 665 _() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.Mips
INI (_	_() (angr.anatyses.cjg.cjg_emutatea.FenatngJob1R1C_ method), 640	() (angr.anatyses.c/g.tnatrect_jump_resolvers.mtps_etj_jast.mtp. method), 660
init_		_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.Over
	method), 653	method), 660
init_		_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.resolver.IndirectJu
	method), 651	method), 667
init_		_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_elf_pic_plt.X8
	method), 648	method), 661
init_		_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_pe_iat.X86Pe
	method), 650	method), 659
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEdgeinit_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.Segment
	method), 650	method), 670
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturninit_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList
	method), 648	method), 671
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge_init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink.CFGSliceT
	method), 651	method), 812
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransition <u>Edganit</u> _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	method), 650	method), 843
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobsinit_	
	method), 648	method), 674
init_		_() (angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.CompleteCallin
	method), 668	method), 634
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.BlockIDinit_	
	method), 656	method), 856
init_		_() (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.DataDep
	method), 657	method), 863
1n1t_		_() (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.NodalAn
ii-	method), 657	method), 863
1N1 t_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.am <u>d6<b>\</b>*n</u> \text{\textit{h}}_ method), 657	gwy <b>Amighanywakasow<u>a</u>re</b> p.aep_noaes.BaseDepNoae method), 865
ini+	() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.arm_ <b>_alfift</b> s	
1111 (_	_() (angr.anatyses.cjg.matrect_jump_resotvers.arm <u>_anjujus</u> method), 658	method), 865
init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.co <u>nst_i<b>n</b>is</u> t)	
	method), 666	method), 866
init	() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jump <u>tinhletB</u>	
		method), 867
	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>ichl</b> et (	
	method), 663	method), 867
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jum <u>pt<b>irhl</b>et</u> _	ш <b>ңр Таһқа Rnowkssu</b> stdata_dep.dep_nodes.VarDepNode
	method), 664	method), 866
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>ichl</b> ct_l	unip TahkaRnowkyssexx8tatte_dep.sim_act_location.ParsedInstruction
	method), 663	method), 864
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>iml</b> et_I	ш <b>(p) TahlaRusollyee</b> rs.data_dep.sim_act_location.SimActLocation
	method), 665	method), 864
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>ichl</b> et_J	
	method), 662	method), 673
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>ichl</b> et_L	
		_() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method), 745
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>ichl</b> et\( \)	
		_() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDGView method), 745
init_	_() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpt <b>inhl</b> etR	• • •
	method), 663	method), 745

init_	() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewItem method),init 745	:() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swap method), 710
init_	() (angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitionsinit	:() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swap
	method), 743	method), 709
init_	() (angr.analyses.ddg.ProgramVariableinit method), 743	c() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swap method), 710
init_	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.AILBl <u>oc</u> k <b>Tein</b>	p <u>C6N&amp;atog</u> r.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swap
	method), 691	method), 709
init_	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.AILSimp <b>lif</b> iet	:() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_conv
	method), 692	method), 705
init_	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AI <u>LG</u> iaph	. <u>Wa(Re</u> cangr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_conv
	method), 692	method), 705
init_	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.Blo <u>ck</u> <b>\$init</b>	lifter) (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_conv
	method), 693	method), 706
init_	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.Ha <u>sC<b>àHEt</b></u>	prWalkmgr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switc
	method), 692	method), 706
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.callsite_maker.Call <u>Sit<b>eM</b>a</u>	ker() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switc
	method), 693	method), 707
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewritein_bt	a <u>se</u> . <b>C</b> Ca <b>bhRewniteys&amp;ss&amp;</b> ecompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switc
	method), 693	method), 707
init_	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinicinit	() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplifie
	method), 694	method), 708
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition processor.Cimili	t <u>ior<b>(B</b>ravessar</u> nalyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplific
	method), 695	method), 708
init_		np <b>(Ditiam&amp;ranhe</b> lyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_j
	method), 697	method), 703
init_		c <u>om</u> p)l(atingnaptibyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_j
	method), 697	method), 704
init_		() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_1
	method), 698	method), 704
init_		y <mark>Node(Bergruen</mark> alyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_
	method), 699	method), 711
init_		e <u>ssi<b>(i) Namgonaing Ykakde</b></u> compiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_save
	method), 699	method), 711
init_		n() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canary_
	method), 700	method), 704
init_		pTa <b>(y</b> et <b>tinghanal</b> yses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_getpo
	method), 700	method), 711
init_		: <u>_re(v)r(tem;}numpiliy.kds:Eintroy@pidehitjpanBlosdeite</u> nptimizations.base.Peepl
	method), 701	method), 712
init		<u>otr (s)ı (an ginaplaftırseBakacRoniptide Eqree Silnopbi frep</u> timizations.base.Peepl
	method), 705	method), 712
init		<u>der@fs(BilgakWiallyse</u> s.decompiler.redundant_label_remover.Redunda
	method), 701	method), 721
init		derefs (Gognstantly was faleennes linperform_identifier. Region I dentifier
	method), 701	method), 713
init		mpkpenabyv.Simabyifesrdecompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_cond
	method), 705	method), 713
init		<u>ret(i)</u> n <b>suFgrenResserns&amp;implifile</b> r.region_simplifiers.cascading_ifs.Co

method), 714

method), 715

method), 715

\_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes\_eigine\_b@e(Singplifial)AskIsEleginepiler.region\_simplifiers.expr\_folding.Co

\_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization\_passes<u>.eigüre\_b@e(Singplifial</u>AsMsSdatwmpiler.region\_simplifiers.expr\_folding.Co

method), 702

method), 709

method), 709

method), 722

method), 722

\_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.expirfixlding)Hxpression(Standercompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CAILBlock method), 715 method), 726 \_\_init\_\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.e<u>xpirfixtding)Hxprexsionllyolded</u>ecompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CArrayTypeI method), 736 *method*), 716 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.expi\_rfotding.Hxprgxsioallyoesutlonompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CAssignment method), 714 method), 728 \_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.expixfortding.HxprexsioalRseptatecrompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CBinaryOp method), 716 method), 733 \_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.expityfotding)HaprensionllysesFibedompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CBreak method), 715 method), 728 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.ex<u>piryfirlding)MahigStannerhyssetEdopwenspioheAssignatueedFiradle</u>gen.c.CClosingObj method), 736 method), 715 \_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.expixfling\Stategnentdlysasidncompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CConstant method), 734 method), 714\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.exp**i\_rfol**ding**.S(angStatadysetFiledor**mpiler.structured\_codegen.c.CConstruct method), 716 method), 724 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.gota.fioto.Sin)plifier.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CContinue method), 717 method), 728 \_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.if\_**.lf&in**plif**()**r(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CDirtyExpre method), 717 method), 736 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.ifelsenIfElsenIfelsenInterpretation (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CDoWhileLo method), 726 method), 717\_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.l<u>oop**.Mio**p**.Stip.f**lifig</u>r.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CExpression method), 725 method), 717 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.n<u>odirn</u>ixtldre**(s) (fingenNolysAsldrexsxFipillen**:structured\_codegen.c.CFakeVariab method), 717 method), 731 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.reginwi\_timy())f(emfe.egiaal/simplifiermpiler.structured\_codegen.c.CForLoop method), 717 method), 726 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.swiichi\_tlus@r(simplifielx@endetionalRegionuctured\_codegen.c.CFunction method), 718 method), 724 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.swiichitlus@r(singplifielysesdeiavtNpidelussetctured\_codegen.c.CFunctionCo method), 721 method), 729 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.s<u>wifthitlus@r(aimplifierlySusidhCampRegistm</u>uctured\_codegen.c.CGoto *method*), 719 method), 730 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.swiichi\_tlus@r(simplifialySexidhCdusreleFistolactured\_codegen.c.CITE *method*), 719 method), 735 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.s<u>wiichitlus@r(ainphifialy\$witdhCduspèleReptuctu</u>red\_codegen.c.CIfBreak method), 719 method), 727 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_simplifiers.s<u>wiixhi\_txxpr()slooppifiaen&bysitshdEeqprorpsilemSimplifice</u>rd\_codegen.c.CIfElse method), 727 method), 721\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region\_walker.Region\_**\ind\t**er\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CIndexedVar method), 721 method), 732 \_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence\_walker.Sequ**inia**tWalketangr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CLabel method), 722 method), 730 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen<u>.ba</u>is**niB**ase**S)r(ungradObykaGaleccanp**iler.structured\_codegen.c.CMultiStaten method), 735 method), 723 \_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen\_baixnilustrupt(anghappilyges.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CRegister method), 722 method), 735 \_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen<u>.ba**isnilt**istr@t(an**)f/appilygEsdnent**mpiler.structured\_codegen.c.CReturn</u> method), 722 method), 729

910 Index

\_\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen\_baixniPosit()n(Muppinglyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CStatements

\_init\_\_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen<u>.ba</u>isaif@r(MugpaingEkanadacompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CStructField

method), 725

*method*), 731

init_		t <b>KieldiNgmælde</b> fses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Switc
	method), 736	method), 688
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.</u> <b>CSirt</b> uc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22.	method), 737	method), 845
1n1t_	<ul><li>() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. (Sivitamethod), 728</li></ul>	hQase (angr.analyses.disassembly.Comment method), 847
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.<b>CTyp</b>e</u> t	
	method), 734	method), 847
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.</u> <b>CNM</b> tar method), 733	y <b>Q</b> p (angr.analyses.disassembly.FuncComment method), 847
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.<b>Chi</b>r</u> ty	
	method), 730	method), 844
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.<b>CWur</b>io</u> method), 731	(angr.analyses.disassembly.Hook method), 845
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.<b>C.Yir</b>ti</u> a	d <b>blo</b> Fl <b>eha</b> gr.analyses.disassembly.IROp method),
	<i>method</i> ), 732	844
	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.c.<b>CM/</b>till</u> method), 726	method), 845
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.du<b>im</b>ity.1</u>	DiGnrh <mark>ys gmarnantyd Esodio Geseembl</mark> yr Label method),
	method), 740	844
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.dv<b>iari</b>fti</u> v method), 740	ո <b>յն)ridmgram&amp;bysscsediods</b> sembly.MemoryOperand method), 846
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen <u>.dv<b>ian</b>if_i</u> v	ц(дrt.Importeahignenalyses.disassembly.Opcode
	method), 740	method), 846
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.dream. <u>Dre<b>imi%</b>tr</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	method), 685	method), 846
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix <u>.Pliarei</u> ntix.	
22.	method), 691	method), 846
1n1t_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.recursiv <u>e_<b>simi</b>atu</u> method), 684	method), 845
ini+	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_i<b>in</b>ise.</u> S	
1111	method), 689	method), 846
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>imi</b>des</u>	Rivental Newtonalyses.disassembly.SootExpressionStaticFieldRef
	method), 687	method), 845
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>inoi</b>des</u> method), 686	Ads(ankingGahyditsaliNaxsembly.SootExpressionTarget method), 845
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>imid</b>es</u>	(Q)deNander.analyses.disassembly.SootStatement
	method), 686	method), 846
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>inoi</b>des</u> method), 686	<b>A)</b> nd <b>anianNndl</b> yses.disassembly.Value method), 846
init	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_imoides</u>	
	method), 688	method), 858
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>im</b>ides</u>	(A) (tammge Nandeyses.find_objects_static.NewFunctionHandler
	method), 688	method), 843
1n1t_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_imides</u>	
ini+	method), 689	method), 843
	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_i<b>nv</b>ides</u> method), 689	method), 843
init_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>im</b>ides</u>	
	method), 687	748
init_		MultiNgdenalyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysis.ForwardAi
	method), 685	method), 620
1n1t_	_() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structur <u>er_<b>ino</b>ides</u> method), 685	<b>SeguangeNndl</b> yses.forward_analysis.job_info.JobInfo method), 621

init() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graphi&all@aphYixitadyses.proximity_graph.IntegerProxiNode method), 622
method), 622init() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.functionininity_graph.Funatign@raphsVisphoximity_graph.ProximityGraphAnalysis
method), 622 method), 862
init() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph_GiaphtVis(i) (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.StringProxiNode
method), 623 method), 861
init() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop. <u>Loantiisitof</u> ) (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.UnknownProxiNode
method), 625 method), 862
init() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_nintit_graph(SingletNallesCorpph\tinsittyr_graph.VariableProxiNode method), 626 method), 861
init() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.FuncInfoinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom
method), 833 method), 764
init() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifierinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ConstantSrc
method), 833 method), 767
init() (angr.analyses.init_finder.InitializationFinderinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition
method), 859 method), 768
init() (angr.analyses.init_finder.SimEngineInitFinder <u>VFX</u> it() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData
method), 858 method), 786
init() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.AnnotatedVariable_init() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler
method), 834 method), 781
init() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.Conditioninit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.GuardUse
method), 835 method), 767
init() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysisinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
method), 835 method), 756init() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysisState_init() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.MemoryLocation
method), 835 method), 766
init() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.SootBlockProces <u>so</u> init() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnaly
method), 835 method), 769
init() (angr.analyses.loopfinder.Loop method),init() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsMode
834 <i>method</i> ), 772
init() (angr.analyses.loopfinder.LoopFinderinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
method), 834 method), 775
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base.SimEngi <u>n</u> iaPrtopa&dt(anBgrsanalyses.reaching_definitions.Register
method), 751 method), 766
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition <u>_w</u> atket_Outdated_DefinitionlyNestkeeaching_definitions.Tmp
method), 753 method), 767
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.Propagatoithidlysis) (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallSite
method), 754 method), 787
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.tmpvar_finder.Tmpvar_finder_() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallTrace
method), 754 method), 788
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.values.Topinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph
method), 750 method), 793init() (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXMemVarinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.FunctionCallF
method), 750 method), 792
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXReginit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail.SimEngineRD.
method), 750 method), 812
init() (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXTmpinit() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_vex.SimEngineRL
method), 750  method), 788
init() (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.BaseProxiNode_init() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
method), 861 method), 800
init() (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.CallProxiNode_init() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
method), 861 method), 801
init() (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.FunctionProxiNoidait() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function

method), 797

method), 861

init_	() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_h <u>ar<b>ùthe</b>irtFur(e</u> ti(a <b>ntfandldr</b> yses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerState
	method), 801 method), 815
init_	() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocativn.HeapAllocativn.analyses.static_hooker.StaticHooker
	method), 795 method), 857
1n1t_	() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitionsState.ReachingDefinitions.rd_state
	method), 804 method), 825
1111 (_	() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions.ReturnityrgDefinitionspelholysisimple_solver.RecursiveType method), 789 method), 825
ini+	() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subje <b>ix</b> it() (angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.SimpleSolver
	method), 811 method), 825
init_	
	method), 850 method), 826
init	() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Data method),init() (angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator
	852 <i>method</i> ), 826
init_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	method), 848 method), 833
init_	() (angr.analyses.reassembler.FunctionLabelinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer
	method), 848 method), 832
init_	_() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Instructioninit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer32
	method), 850 method), 832
init_	_() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Label method),init() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Pointer64
	848 <i>method</i> ), 832
init_	
	method), 849 method), 833
init_	
init_	method), 849 method), 833() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Operandinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.Typehoon
	method), 849  method), 830
init_	
	method), 851 method), 827
init_	() (angr.analyses.reassembler.ProcedureChunkinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.AddN
	method), 852 method), 829
init_	
	method), 853 method), 830
init_	
22.	method), 853 method), 828
1111 (_	() (angr.analyses.reassembler.SymbolManagerinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Equivalence method), 849
init	() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.NoConcre <u>teDisputch()</u> (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Existence
	method), 636 method), 827
init	() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClass <u>Hi<b>rrair</b>chy</u> () (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncIn
	method), 636 method), 829
init_	_() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHi <b>rrarc</b> hyE)rotangr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncOut
	method), 635 method), 829
init_	_() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Constantinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.HasField
	method), 814 method), 830
init_	() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.FrozenSt <u>ackiPointerT</u> pa(doegStanelyses.typehoon.typevars.ReinterpretAs
	method), 815 method), 830
init_	_() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.OffsetValinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Sub
4	method), 815  method), 828  (Supermethod) and the second transfer of
1n1t_	() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Registerinit() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.SubN method), 815 method), 830
ini+	meinoa), 815 () (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPoin <u>te<b>iTrin</b>tke</u> r() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Subtype
	method), 816 method), 827
	$\sim$

init_		le_init() (angr.analyses.xrefs.SimEngineXRefsVEX
	method), 828	method), 859
init_	() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariab	
	method), 829	method), 860
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations	s. <u>Staichleteat(i)</u> n(hungotanigndb.db.AngrDB method), 674
	method), 816	init() (angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations	
	method), 817	init() (angr.angrdb.models.DbComment method),
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail	SimEngine <b>VRA</b> IL
	method), 824	init() (angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction method),
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_bas	e.RichR 677
	method), 824	init() (angr.angrdb.models.DbInformation
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_bas	e.SimEngin <b>eNeRiBals</b> )e, 676
	method), 824	init() (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex.	SimEngineWh&M), 677
	method), 824	init() (angr.angrdb.models.DbLabel method), 679
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanne	er <u>.V<b>EXIR</b>SB</u> §gan(worgr.angrdb.models.DbObject method),
	method), 825	676
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	c <u>ove</u> inyi\ta <u>ri@</u> leRe@wgr.yangrdb.models.DbStructuredCode
	method), 823	method), 678
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	c <u>ove</u> nyi\ta <u>ri@leRngoveny&amp;lhte</u> nodels.DbVariableCollection
	method), 822	method), 678
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	c <u>ovėnyi base. V</u> uninghla Agratikatiodels. DbXRefs method), 679
	method), 817	init() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	c <u>ovėnyi basė. Vo</u> ninghle Rede Rebox Bourethod), 867
	method), 818	init() (angr.block.Block method), 221
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	c <u>ove</u> iny <u>i_base. Volainghle Recko Cearp Stonne Brasse</u> method), 220
	method), 818	init() (angr.block.DisassemblerBlock method),
init_	() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	covery_fast\textit{\Omega}tarrow fast
	method), 822	init() (angr.block.SootBlock method), 222
init_	•	c <u>ove</u> ny <u>i fast.(Yn fiahle Rallohdey EakkShdue</u> method), 519
	method), 821	init() (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper
init_	() (angr.analyses.veritesting.CallTracingFilter	method), 483
	method), 836	init() (angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession
init_		method), 487
	method), 836	$\verb \init\() (angr. calling\_conventions. Microsoft AMD 64 Arg Session$
init_	() (angr.analyses.vfg.AnalysisTask method),	method), 492
	838	init() (angr.calling_conventions.PointerWrapper
init_	() (angr.analyses.vfg.CallAnalysis method),	method), 483
	839	init() (angr.calling_conventions.SerializableCounter
init_		method), 484
	method), 838	init() (angr.calling_conventions.SerializableListIterator
init_		method), 484
	837	init() (angr.calling_conventions.SimArrayArg
	() (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG method), 840	method), 486
	() (angr.analyses.vfg.VFGJob method), 837	init() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC method),
	() (angr.analyses.vfg.VFGNode method), 839	487
init_		init() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC.ArgSession
	method), 841	method), 489
init_	() (angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.VSA_DDG	init() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall
_	method), 842	method), 491
	() (angr.analyses.vtable.Vtable method), 842	init() (angr.calling_conventions.SimComboArg
init_ init_	() (angr.analyses.vtable.Vtable method), 842	

init_O (angr.calling_conventions_SimStructArg method), 428   init_O (angr.calling_conventions_SimRegerare init_O) (angr.calling_conventions_SimRegerare init_O) (angr.calling_conventions_SimRegerare init_O) (angr.calling_conventions_SimStructArg method), 485   init_O (angr.calling_conventions_SimStructArg method), 487   init_O (angr.calling_conventions_SimStructArg method), 587   init_O (angr.cancretization_strategies_controlled_data_SimUtxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		method), 484	init_	() (angr.engines.engine.SuccessorsMixin
init_O (angrealling conventions.SimReferenceArgument	init_	_() (angr.calling_conventions.SimLyingRegArg		method), 428
method), 487 init_O (angecalling_conventions.SimRegArg method), 485 init_O (angecalling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 485 init_O (angecalling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 486 init_O (angecalling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 486 init_O (angecalling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 487 init_O (angecalling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 487 init_O (angecodling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angecode_location.Codel_ocation method), 487 init_O (angecode_location.ExternalCodel_ocation method), 749 init_O (angecode-location.ExternalCodel_ocation method), 749 init_O (angecodenode_BlockNode method), 871 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_SimConcretizatiosinide_BlockNode_method), 487 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_simConcretizatiosinide_BlockNode_method), 487 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_sout_SimConcretizatiosinide_BlockNode_method), 489 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_max_SimConcretizationide_BlockNode_method), 489 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_max_SimConcretizationide_BlockNode_method), 480 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_nonzero_range_SimConcretizationide_BlockNode_method), 480 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_nonzero_range_SimConcretizationide_BlockNode_method), 480 init_O (angeconcretization_strategies_nonzero_range_SimConcretizationide_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_BlockNode_Bl		**		
method), 485 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 485 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 486 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 486 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 486 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 487 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 487 init_O (angrealling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 487 init_O (angreadling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 487 init_O (angreadle_coation.Sold=Coation method), 487 init_O (angreode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angreodenode_BlockNode method), 871 init_O (angreodenode_BlockNode method), 871 init_O (angreodenode_BlockNode method), 871 init_O (angreodenode_BookNode method), 871 init_O (angreodenode_BookNode method), 871 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies_SimConcretizationStatege)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOrg method), 381 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies_controlled_dota_Simit_method), 459 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies_eval_SimConcretizationStatege)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOrg method), 378 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.max_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 378 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.max_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorFootDoolNegate method), 379 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.morpeats_range_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 379 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 379 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbd method), 380 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCell method), 380 init_O (angreoneretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStategey)(angreengines_pcode_beha	init_	_() (angr.calling_conventions.SimReferenceArgua		
method), 485 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 485 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 485 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 486 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.codelling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.codellocation.CodeLocation method), 611 init_O (angr.codellocation.ExternalCodeLocation method), 610 init_O (angr.codellocation.ExternalCodeLocation method), 610 init_O (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 870 init_O (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 871 init_O (angr.codenode.CodeNode method), 870 init_O (angr.codenode.CodeNode method), 870 init_O (angr.codenode.SooiBlockNode method), 871 init_O (angr.codenode.SooiBlockNode method), 871 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategies (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNor method), 335 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data_SimConcretizationStrategyCodeblebavior.OpBehaviorBoolNor method), 381 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizitionStrategyCodeblebavior.OpBehaviorDoolNor method), 381 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizitionStrategyCodeblebavior.OpBehaviorDoolNor method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizitionStrategyCodeblebavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizitionStrategyCodeblebavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norzero_range_SixGongr.etistionStrategyCode-behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norzero_range_SixGongr.etistionStrategyCode-behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norzero_range_SixGongr.etistionStrategyCode-behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norzero_range_SixGongr.etistionStrategyCode-behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norzero_range_SixGongr.etistions			init_	() (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression
method), 485 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.SimStackArg method), 486 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 611 init_O (angr.cade_location.CodeLocation method), 611 init_O (angr.cade_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 613 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 613 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 617 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 617 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 617 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 617 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 618 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 451 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 451 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 451 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 452 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 453 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 453 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 454 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 454 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 458 init_O (angr.cadenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation.Exter	init_	_() (angr.calling_conventions.SimRegArg		method), 748
method), 485 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 486 init_O (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.codelling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487 init_O (angr.code_location.CodeLocation method), 611 init_O (angr.code_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.code_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.codelocde_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.codelocde_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612 init_O (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 445 init_O (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 445 init_O (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 445 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationSistationSystems.exp.code_behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate method), 457 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.expl.SimConcretiziationSistationSystems.exploade_behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate method), 381 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretiziationSistationSystems.exploade_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 379 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_simConcretiziationSystems.exploade_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SixConcretizationSystems.exploade_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCell method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SixConcretizationSystems.exploade_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCell method), 380 init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SixConc		**	init_	
init_() (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg method), 487  init_() (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487  init_() (angr.code_location.Code_Location method), 610  init_() (angr.code_location.ExternalCode_Location method), 611  init_() (angr.code_location.ExternalCode_Location method), 612  init_() (angr.code_location.ExternalCode_Location method), 612  init_() (angr.codenode_BlockNode method), 870  init_() (angr.codenode_BlockNode method), 871  init_() (angr.codenode_BlockNode method), 871  init_() (angr.codenode_Location_strategies.SimConcretization_Strategies_foode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNogate method), 458  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretization_Strategies_foode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNog method), 335  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data_SimUnc@itaniprskiguiegg@code.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 380  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizition_Strategies_foode.behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 380  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizitionStrategies_foode.behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 379  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretizitionStrategies.foode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 380  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretizitionStrategies.foode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.range_SimConcretizitionStrategies.foode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 380  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.range_SimConcretizitionStrategies.foode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.range_SimConcretizitionStrategies.peode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 381  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.range_SimConcretizationStrategies.peode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat method), 897  init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.range_simConcretizationStrategies.peode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLe	init_	_() (angr.calling_conventions.SimStackArg		method), 748
method), 486init() (ang.rcalling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 749init() (ang.rcadling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 749init() (ang.rcade_location.CodeLocation method), 611init() (ang.rcode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (ang.rcode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (ang.rcode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (ang.rcodenode.BlockNode method), 871init() (ang.rcodenode.BlockNode method), 870init() (ang.rcodenode.CodeNode method), 871init() (ang.rcodenode.CodeNode method), 871init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategg) (ang.rengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNad method), 487init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategg) (ang.rengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNor method), 335init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.controlled_data_Simton_Cotation_strategy@odo:blibdionOpBehaviorBoolNor method), 381init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretizationStrategy_data_then_behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorEqual method), 380init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizationStrategy_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStrategy_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 380init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStrategy_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStrategy_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStrategy_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380init() (ang.rconcretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretizationStrategy_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatIval_dening_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatIval_dening_tengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatIval_dening_tengines			init_	
init() (angr.code_location.CodeLocation   method), 487	init_			
method), 487init() (angr.code_location.CodeLocation method), 611init() (angr.code_location.CodeLocation method), 611init() (angr.code_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 612init() (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 871init() (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation method), 871init() (angr.codenode_location.ExternalCodeLocation.Exte		method), 486	init_	() (angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLight
initO (angr.code_location.CodeLocation method), 611	init_	_() (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession	n	method), 749
method), 611  _init_() (angr.code_location_ExternalCodeLocation     method), 62  _init_() (angr.codenode_BlockNode method), 871  _init_() (angr.concretization_strategies_BimConcretization_Birategies_gies_gies_gies_gies_gies_gies_gies		method), 487	init_	() (angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightMixin
init() (angr.code_location_ExternalCodeLocation	init_	_() (angr.code_location.CodeLocation		method), 749
method), 612  init _ () (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 870  init _ () (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 870  init _ () (angr.codenode.CodeNode method), 870  init _ () (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 870  init _ () (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 871  init _ () (angr.codenode.SootBlockNode method), 871  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretization**Sixtegy) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate method), 357  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretization**Sixtegy) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNor method), 381  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data_SimConcretization**Sixtegy) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNor method), 381  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization**Sixtegy) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNor method), 388  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization**Sixtegy) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 380  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization**SixtegyNewgines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 380  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.range.SixteConcretization**SixtegyNewgines.pvade.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCell method), 380  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range.SixteConcretixiton**SixtegyRemgines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SixteConcretixiton**SixtegyRemgines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 381  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_sixtiConcretixito)**SixtegyRemgines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat method), 382  init _ () (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_sixticton**SixtegyRemgines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat method), 383  init _ () (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatIrloor method), 387  init _ () (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 460  init _ () (angr.engines.concrete.Sixtegies.unlimited_range_sixtegies.pc		method), 611	init_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.BehaviorFactory
init _ O (angr.codenode.BolockNode method), 871	init_	_() (angr.code_location.ExternalCodeLocation		method), 464
_initO (angr.codenode.GodeNode method), 870		method), 612	init_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior
initO (angr.codenode.HookNode method),	init_	_() (angr.codenode.BlockNode method), 871		method), 445
init() (angr.codenode.SootBlockNode method),init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate			init_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolAnd
init_() (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationsimtegy) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr method), 335	init_	_() (angr.codenode.HookNode method), 871		method), 458
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretization_strategies() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr method), 335	init_	_() (angr.codenode.SootBlockNode method),	init_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate
method), 459  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data_Sint_uc@i(znignesgioder_gyGoder_blibdellonOpBehaviorBoolXor_method), 381  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_strategies.morepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.morepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs_method), 379  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd_method), 379  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SinConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil_method), 380  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv_method), 380  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual_method), 379  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simtConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual_method), 380  init_O (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simtConcretization_strategies.poode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat_method), 381  init_O (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropperinit_O (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float_method), 482  init_O (angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotificinit_O (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess_method), 489  init_O (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit_O (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult_method), 433  init_O (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineBaseinit_O (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNanl_tmethod), 433		871		method), 457
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data_SimConcretizations@ginegy@odtr.bilindDanOpBehaviorBoolXor method), 381init() (angr.concretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_Strategy_eval.pines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 378init() (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_Strategy_eval.pines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SimConcretization_strategy_eval.pinet_(), 460init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SimConcretization(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SimConcretivation(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretivation(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretivation(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimConcretivation(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloatFloat method), 381init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretivation(strategy_eval.pinet_peats_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float method), 462init() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropperinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float method), 897init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 460init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual method), 460init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult method), 433init() (angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehav	init_	_() (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretize	a <u>tio</u> i.Strate	eg(x) (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr
method), 381  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretization_strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 378  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorEqual method), 380  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range.SimConcretization_strategies.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 379  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.pade.behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range.SimConcretization_strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretization_strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual method), 379  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simicancfyficantingfyficategybiotinhichfficing@pBehaviorFloatFloatFloat method), 381  _init() (amgr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simicancfyficantingfyficategybiotinhichfficing@pBehaviorFloatFloatFloat method), 381  _init() (amgr.distributed.server.Server method),init() (amgr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float method), 462  _init() (amgr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropperinit() (amgr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 897  _init() (amgr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 460  _init() (amgr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (amgr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual method), 460  _init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual method), 461		method), 335		method), 459
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.eval.SimConcretizinticn_Strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy	init_	_() (angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_da	t <u>a.SimiCo</u> 1	nc <b>()</b> t( <b>zutgoveStgineg.yCodtr.bl/hdDatrO</b> pBehaviorBoolXor
method), 378  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretization_Strategies.max.SimConcretization_Strategies.max.SimConcretization_Strategies.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SimConcretization_strategies.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretirionSidategrees.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretirionSidategrees.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretirionSidategrees.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual method), 379  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretivationSimtconcretizations.OpBehaviorFloatEqual method), 381  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretirionSidategrees.pode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloatFloat method), 381  _init() (angr.distributed.server.Server method), _init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float method), 897  _init() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropperinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 462  _init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 460  _init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult method), 433  _init() (angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan				
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.max.SimConcretizinticnstrated anethod), 340init() (angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SinCicncreticidians.mighagy.Nondenbellanger.OpBehaviorFloatAbs method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization_strategies.norepeats.simConcretization_strategies.pehavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SinConcretization_strategies.range.SimConcretization_strategies.pehavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretization_strategies.pehavior.OpBehavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.pehavior.OpB	init_	_() (angr.concretization_strategies.eval.SimConc	r <u>etizia<b>ti</b>ot</u> nS	StrategnEvængines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy
method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SintGatactefistanign.Strategies.nonzero_range_SintGatactefistanign.Strategies.norepeats.SimContretization_strategies.norepeats.SimContretization_officesticate()(Strategies.proade.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SintCont()etimgicesticatesgneNuhe_behastNonQepBehaviorFloatAdd method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SintContretixition_Strategies.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimContretixition_Strategy_Strategy_Strategy_pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380  _init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimContretixtation_Strategy_Str		**		
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range_SintGracreft) (antiqually supported by method), 379 method), 461init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConartizatiOnSingtengy nesquade.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379 method), 460init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SintConcretizationSintengy Nulse_behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380 method), 462init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretizationSintengy Remaines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380 method), 460init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimContretizationSintengy Remaines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual method), 379 method), 459init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretizationSintengy bindinitedRing OpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float method), 381 method), 462init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretizationSintengy bindinitedRing OpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float method), 381 method), 462init() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropperinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float method), 897 method), 462init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 897 method), 460init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual method), 460init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcreteinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult method), 433 method), 461init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult method), 433init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult method), 433	init_		r <u>etiz</u> ation	
method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConimitizatOntSingtegyginespeatde.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SinicContOntOntOntOntOntOntOntOntOntOntOntOntOn		**		
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretization() (strategy) interpolation () (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SinitConcretizationy) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SinitConcretizationy) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SinitConcretizationy) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SinitConcretizationy) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SinitConcretization) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretization) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretication) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretization) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretization_strategies.pediationstrategy) interpolation() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitConcretizationstra	init_		e <u>.Si</u> imGon	
method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_Sinit_on_()etimogorsginassgnNuhe_bedusNon_gopBehaviorFloatCeil method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretivition_()duaggRemgines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv method), 380init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConiveitzation_strategies.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual method), 379init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitGon_() () (angr.concrete.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float method), 462init() (angr.distributed.server.Server method),		**	~	
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range_SimConcretization_of_etimegrows_intercype_interpeats_for_of_etimegrows_intercype_interpeats_for_of_etimegrows_for_of_etimed_for_of_etimegrows_for_of_etimed_for_of_etimed_for_of_etimegrows_for_of_etimed_for	init_		C <u>on</u> arretiz	
method), 380 init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretization_Stategy_Simconcretization_Stategy_Simconcretization_Stategy_Simconcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concrete.Strategies.unlimited_range_simi(fon(@) (angr.concrete.Str		**	#. I.G	
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.range.SimConcretization_SimConcretization_SimConcretization_SimConcretization_SimConcretization_SimConcretization_SimConcretization_SimConcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_Simconcretization_strategies.solutions.SimConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SimiConcretization_strategies.unlimited_range_simites.un	1n1t_		ig <u>e.Smrto</u>	
method), 380 init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConireit_zation_strategyes.solutions.OpBehaviorFloatEqual     method), 379 init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitGon() (iantionstrategyes) (inited#RiongOpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float     method), 381 init() (angr.distributed.server.Server method),     sumit() (angr.distributed.server.Server method),     sumit() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper		**	25	
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.solutions.SimConirritzationSamgeersSiblesiprewde.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual				
method), 379 init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitGon_GrantinnSyimexpvoidintiedRimg@pBehaviorFloatFloat2Float method), 381 init() (angr.distributed.server.Server method),init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor method), 462 init() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper method), 462 init() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper method), 462 init() (angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotifieinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float method), 462 init() (angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotifieinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 460 init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete method), 433 init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult method), 433 init() (angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan				
init() (angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range_SinitGon() (angtination (by (antique by bodin tierd Rivery Op Behavior Float Float 2 Float method), 381	init_		C <u>ontrolliza</u>	
method), 381 init() (angr.distributed.server.Server method),		**	g: . :@	
init() (angr.distributed.server.Server method),init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor	1n1t_		g <u>e. Sumuco</u>	
### section of the content of the co				
init() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper method), 897	1n1t_		1n1t_	
method), 462init() (angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotifieinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess method), 897 method), 460init() (angr.distributed.worker.Worker method),init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual method), 460init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete method), 460init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete method), 461init() (angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan	22.		22.	
init() (angr.distributed.worker.ExplorationStatusNotifiernit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess			11111	
method), 897 init() (angr.distributed.worker.Worker method),  897 init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual  method), 460 init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete  method), 460 init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult  method), 461 init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan	ini+		tifiain i t	
init() (angr.distributed.worker.Worker method),			ı <u>ıyıe</u> rnı c_	
897 method), 460 init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete method), 433	ini+		ini+	
init() (angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete	III			
method), 433 method), 461init() (angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan	ini+		ini+	
init() (angr.engines.engine.SimEngineBaseinit() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan			11111_	
	ini+		ini+	
	1111 (_	method), 427	1111 (_	method), 460

init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNrgit_ method), 461	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSub method), 450
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNinhEqu	**
method), 459	method), 453
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatRinitd_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntZext
method), 463	method), 449
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSiprtit_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorNotEqual
method), 461	method), 447
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSihit_	() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorPiece
method), 461	method), 463
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatTimnict_	
method), 462	method), 463
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorInt2 <u>Co</u> inpit_	
method), 452	method), 463
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAddinit_	
method), 450	method), 444
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAndinit_	
method), 453	method), 434
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntCarinit_ method), 451	() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.ExitStatement method), 435
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntDiv_init_	
method), 456	436
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLeftinit_	
method), 454	439
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLessinit_	() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeBasicBlockLifter
method), 448	method), 441
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLessiFrajuta	
method), 448	method), 435
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMulinit_	() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifterEngineMixin
method), 455	method), 443
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntNegantt_	
method), 452	method), 429
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOr_init_	
method), 454	method), 432
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntReminit_	
method), 457init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRiglitnit_	method), 893
method), 454	895
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSboimist_	
method), 451	895
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScajinyit_	
method), 451	method), 894
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdivinit_	
method), 456	method), 405
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSextinit_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.CallFunctionGoal
method), 449	method), 401
$\verb \init\()  (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSlesinit\_) $	() (angr.exploration_techniques.DFS method),
method), 447	398
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSlesiRinta	
method), 448	method), 399
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSreminit_	
method), 457	method), 393
init() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSriginit_	
method), 455	method), 400

init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.ExplorationTechniq <b>im</b> it_ method), 390	() (angr.exploration_techniques.lengthlimiter.LengthLimiter method), 409
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer.LocalLoopSeer
	method), 396	method), 422
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.LengthLimiterinit_	
	method), 398	method), 421
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.LocalLoopSeerinit_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint.ManualMe
	method), 406	method), 410
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.LoopSeerinit_method), 393	() (angr.exploration_techniques.memory_watcher.MemoryWatch method), 426
init	() (angr.exploration_techniques.ManualMergepo <u>int</u> init_	
	method), 402	method), 420
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.MemoryWatcherinit_	
	method), 405	method), 417
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.Oppologistinit_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesDb
	method), 399	method), 411
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesList
	method), 391	method), 410
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.Spiller
	method), 401	method), 412
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.StochasticSearchinit_	
	method), 403	method), 412
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic.StochasticSearch
init_	method), 407	method), 423() (angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions.Suggestions
	() (angr.exploration_lechniques.symbion1111c_ method), 404	() (angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions.suggestions method), 427
init	() (angr.exploration_techniques.TechniqueBuilder_init_	
	method), 403	method), 425
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.tech_builder.TechniqueBuilder
	method), 397	method), 424
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.Timeoutinit_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.threading.Threading
	method), 407	method), 413
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.timeout.Timeout
	method), 395	method), 407
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.UniqueSearchinit_	
	method), 403	method), 414
	() (angr.exploration_techniques.Veritestinginit_	
		method), 415() (angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.TracerDesyncError
	() (angr.exploration_techniques.buckettzer.bucke <u>ttz<b>a</b></u> kii c_ method), 426	method), 414
init_		() (angr.exploration_techniques.unique.UniqueSearch
	method), 408	method), 423
init	() (angr.exploration_techniques.director.BaseGoal_init_	
	method), 418	method), 413
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.director.CallFun <u>cti<b>on</b>G</u> o	al() (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method),
	method), 419	216
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.director.Directorinit_	_() (angr.flirt.FlirtSignature method), 879
		_() (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion method),
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.director.ExecuteAddressC	
		_() (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject method),
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core.DrillerCore	
		() (angr.keyed_region.StoredObject method),
init_	() (angr.exploration_techniques.explorer.Explorer	613
	method), 409init_	() (angr.knowledge base.knowledge base.KnowledgeBase

	method), 520	method), 572
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes.C <u>al</u> l <b>sne</b> Pr	ot <b>())/ww</b> sgr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.
	method), 522	method), 570
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENodeinit_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses
	method), 527	method), 580
init_		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom
	method), 535	method), 583
init_		() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.ConstantSrc
	method), 529	method), 585
init_		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.GuardUse
	method), 525	method), 585
init		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.MemoryLocat
	method), 528	method), 587
ini+		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Register
1111 (_	() (angr.knowieuge_piugins.cjg.memoryDaia1111 t_ method), 524	method), 586
: m: ±		
1n1t_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager.CFGMariatge	
	method), 544	method), 586
1n1t_		() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition
	method), 536	method), 589
init_		() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition
	method), 546	method), 589
init_		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environment.Environ
	method), 544	method), 590
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNo <u>de<b>Crien</b>ti</u>	<b>ohFailnge</b> .knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_address.HeapA
	method), 544	method), 591
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.Indireat1tum	up() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_mana
	method), 548	method), 591
init_	() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.Mem <b>oryiD</b> a	ta() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_mana
	method), 543	method), 591
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.comments.Commentsinit_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.Defir
	method), 549	method), 592
init_	_() (angr.knowledge plugins.data.Datainit_	() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.Live
	method), 549	method), 593
init		હો€) (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.ReachingL
	method), 567	method), 601
init		216 Commercial Control of the Contro
	method), 567	method), 603
init	() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.Debug <b>ihirt</b> al	
	method), 568	method), 603
init	() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Fu <u>nc</u> tinirt_	
	method), 552	method), 605
ini+	() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_m <u>an<b>ing</b>ar</u> tE	
1111 (_		
	method), 550 _() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_m <u>an<b>ing</b>a</u> rE	method), 549
1111 (_		
	method), 550	method), 521
1n1t_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_functioniswotE	
	method), 559	method), 521
1n1t_		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager.Structured
	method), 549	method), 569
init_		_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncController
	method), 582	method), 607
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.KeyDeff <b>initi</b> an <u>l</u>	
	method), 572	method), 548
init_	_() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDef <b>initio</b> n	${f s}$ ( ) (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.VariableA

method), 560	513
init() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_	maningiet.LiveYoʻqinaghlesim_type.SimTypeInt method), 510
<i>method</i> ), 561	init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeLength method),
init() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_	manager.V&ri&bleManager
method), 566	init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeNum method), 509
init() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_	man <b>ingirt. Va kiðubbelghasing etylpte Sina</b> ll ype Num Offset method),
method), 561	517
init() (angr.knowledge plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef	init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypePointer method),
method), 609	511
	XRefinationage) (angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference method),
method), 610	511
init() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub method), 222	init () (angr.sim type.SimTypeReg method), 509
	init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeString method), 512
223	init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeTop method), 509
	init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeWString method),
method), 476	512
init() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibra	
method), 480	init() (angr.sim_type.SimUnionValue method),
init() (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.Format	
method), 474	init() (angr.sim_type.TypeRef method), 508
	tStriigit() (angr.sim_type.1ypekej method), 508 (angr.sim_variable.SimConstantVariable
method), 473	method), 503
init() (angr.project.Project method), 213	init() (angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable
init() (angr.sim_manager.ErrorRecord method),	method), 505
389	init() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable
init() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager	method), 504
method), 383	init() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable
init() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure	method), 506
method), 471	init() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable
init() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 225	method), 503
init() (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions	init() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method),
method), 230	503
init() (angr.sim_state_options.StateOption	init() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet
method), 228	method), 507
init() (angr.sim_type.NamedTypeMixin method),	init() (angr.simos.cgc.SimCGC method), 874
508	init() (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM method),
init() (angr.sim_type.SimCppClass method), 517	877
init() (angr.sim_type.SimCppClassValue method),	init() (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method), 873
517	init() (angr.simos.simos.GlobalDescriptorTable
init() (angr.sim_type.SimStruct method), 515	method), 873
init() (angr.sim_type.SimStructValue method),	init() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 871
516	init() (angr.simos.userland.SimUserland method),
init() (angr.sim_type.SimType method), 507	875
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray method), 511	init() (angr.simos.windows.SimWindows method),
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeBottom method),	876
509	init() (angr.slicer.SimLightState method), 868
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeChar method), 510	init() (angr.slicer.SimSlicer method), 869
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeCppFunction	init() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy
method), 514	method), 389
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble method),	init() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack
515	method), 263
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFd method), 510	init() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStackAction
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat method), 514	method), 266
init() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction method),	init() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

method), 272init() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
init() (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method), 282
method), 292init() (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch
init() (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariable method), 280
method), 307init() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction
init() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem method), 466
method), 252init() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionConstraint
init() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem method), 467
method), 249init() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData
init() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimHostFilesystem method), 467
method), 254init() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionExit
init() (angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB method), 270 method), 467
init() (angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobalsinit() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionOperation
method), 278 method), 467
init() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_base.SimHeapBasenit() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject
method), 298 method), 468
init() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk_init() (angr.state_plugins.sim_event.SimEvent
method), 298 method), 468
init() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_freelist.Chunkinit() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
method), 300 method), 254
init() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTCh <u>un</u> knit() (angr.state_plugins.symbolizer.SimSymbolizer method), 302 method), 307
memoa), 502 memoa), 507init() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTCh <u>un<b>ktrix</b>tatof</u> () (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
memod), 504init() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimH <u>eap<b>iRTM</b>all</u> @c(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoDontConstra
init() (angr.state_plugins.history.LambdaAttrIterinit() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoIntToStr
method), 270 method), 274
init() (angr.state_plugins.history.LambdaIterIterinit() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoStrToInt
method), 270
init() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistoryinit() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin
method), 267
init() (angr.state_plugins.history.TreeIterinit() (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCManager
method), 270
init() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.BP method),init() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.AggressiveConcretization
233 <i>method</i> ), 288
init() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspectorinit() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
method), 234 method), 289
init() (angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJa <u>va</u> \m\ClassQddegr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
method), 294 method), 288
init() (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIRefariences() (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView
method), 296 method), 311
init() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibcinit() (angr.state_plugins.view.StructMode
method), 238 method), 314
init() (angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRegisterist() (angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 317
method), 266init() (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase method), 316
init() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLoginit() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor
method), 262 method), 327
init() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopDatainit() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex
method), 291 method), 329
init() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugininit() (angr.storage.file.SimFileStream method),
method), 231 319
init() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosixinit() (angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 321
method), 245init() (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots method),

	332 <i>method</i> ), 369
init_	
	method), 323 method), 369
ini+	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixininit() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_meta
1111	method), 336 method), 371
ini+	method), 571 () (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concret <u>iza<b>itioi</b>nt_mik<b>)n/ehdenstsskagecratination/Mixins</b>.regioned_memory.regioned_ad</u>
1111 (_	() (ungr.storage.memory_mixtns.aaaress_concre <u>tiziatam_mixtnxwisaagaraaaanynmixtus</u> .regionea_memory.regionea_aa method), 373
: m : +	
1n1 t_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappinigsi_tnix[n]. Cangrestionaly [angrestionings].inixins.regioned_memory.regioned_me
: m : +	method), 348 method), 366
1n1 t_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixinixinylic[i]F(lingMiximage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mixin.SizeCond
22.	method), 340 method), 343
1n1t_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixinxspecialfilleryMixtorage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.SlottedMemory
22.	method), 340 method), 374
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory_ja <b>ixnirto_n@n(ang_nntaing/ameVmoM/<u>e</u>mixinMixip_</b> merger_mixin.TopMergerM
	method), 376 method), 351
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memo <u>ry.<b>keyiva</b>lue</u> ()n( <b>angr.<u>yt</u>onigi</b> nn <b>KeyiVal<u>ue</u>MkeimsanyiMaxin</b> onstrained_mixin.Under
	method), 375 method), 341
init_	_() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memo <u>ry.keyivtalue</u> ()n(amgn:yt <u>o</u> migin:nTeppadY <u>a</u> ribjeket.SimLabeledMemoryObject
	method), 375 method), 334
init_	_() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_m <u>ixi<b>nxl</b>iabel<b>M</b>e(<b>angMswin</b>age.memory_object.SimMemoryObject</u>
	method), 347 method), 334
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merge <mark>ir_intixin(MultniyaktoMigegprMixRC</mark> AP method), 335
	method), 352init() (angr.utils.cowdict.ChainMapCOW
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_back <b>net!moid}jn&amp;C</b> llemoryBackerMixin
	method), 357init() (angr.utils.cowdict.DefaultChainMapCOW
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_back <b>nrt!moid</b> )n&DictBackerMixin
	method), 357init() (angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist.DynamicDictList
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_back <b>ne_tlmoid)</b> n&MotMemoryview
	method), 357init() (angr.utils.graph.ContainerNode method),
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixin.MVListPagesMixin
	method), 356init() (angr.utils.graph.Dominators method), 884
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory. <u>pagadi_tnerfi</u> gr <u>(amgixintiRagealMePoortPMinim</u> ators method),
	method), 353
init	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory. <u>pa<b>ġasi/t</b>istory (tmagkintġls</u> mixipl/HistoloR/Iiaadkiht�M ininthod),
	method), 360 885
init	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory. <u>pa<b>ġasili</b>st_f</u> @g@a <b>histDaigs</b> .graph.TemporaryNode_method),
	method), 362 884
init	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory. <u>pa<b>ġasi</b>rbult(</u> )v(dm <b>gs:Millst.iv/p lveis</b> tializer method), 889
	method), 350init() (angr.vaults.Vault method), 617
init	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pagasirty_kist (page.MMLsistRalaDict method), 617
	method), 348init() (angr.vaults.VaultDir method), 617
ini+	interior, 546 () (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory. <u>pagasiptern(i)s(angr.winits Pantis)irshsdf</u> iniathod), 618
	method), 360init() (angr.vaults.VaultPickler method), 616
ini+	intro() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pagasirefc@n(amgxivaRlafcVantMhalf method), 617
1111	() (angr.storage.memory_mixtns.pagea_memory.pagashejc.tqq,tangr.vautts.VaultUnpickler method), 617 init() (angr.vaults.VaultUnpickler method), 616
ini+	intro() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultra_page.UltraPage
1111 (_	
22.	method), 363
1n1t_	_() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.storage.memory.stg6k_tallocatign:http://www.stg6k_talloc
	method), 358 method), 621
init_	() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memogygbytkestzeddressg.lessrigtomehstryctAddresselgesheir191emory.region_da
	method), 371 method), 370
init_	_() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memogysegipn)data.Address.Wrapnerhager.SimulationManager
_	method), 368 method), 386
init_	_() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memogysegipn) datagr.ssimuldassinintentager method), 175

$\textbf{AbstractAddressDescriptor} \qquad \textit{(class} \qquad \textit{in}  \text{add()} \ \textit{(angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method)},$	
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstract_addfess_descriptor),	
add() (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions method),	
AbstractMemory (class in 230	
angr.storage.memory_mixins), 338 add() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method), 507	
AbstractMergerMixin (class in add() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 259	
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.al <b>xdduca_rtieoge(r)_(uix;gr)</b> ;state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory 373	
access_type (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_accessactivint()) Accessangr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog attribute), 560 method), 262	
accessed_data_references add_alias() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary	
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode method), 477	
<pre>property), 545</pre> add_all_from_dict()	
accessed_data_references (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary	
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode prop- method), 477	
erty), 526 add_block_to_whitelist()	
AccessingZeroPageError, 288 (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869	
acquire_shared() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_meddobyrpakporestation(angr.stockefpbugitMinispect.SimInspector method), 359  method), 234	
acquire_unique() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_meditoryopsstasaliinter()_t(ankjinsjinmixiatd-KistoStylleankithgM);xin method), 361  226	
acquire_unique() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_neddorsopstessariaficas(i) (aniginSRegStoutert Neithiod), 182	
method), 359 add_data_seg() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.DecodingAssumption	
action() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector method), 648	
method), 234 add_def() (angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions method),	
actions (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory 743 property), 269 add_def() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsMod	lel
actions (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog property), method), 772	
add_def() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.Reaching.	$D\epsilon$
actions_of_type() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 601	
method), 262 add_def() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitions	sN.
ActionsMixinHigh (class in method), 570	
<pre>angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin), add_default_plugin()</pre>	
342 (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), ActionsMixinLow (class in 223	
angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin), add_defs() (angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions	
342 <i>method</i> ), 743	
<pre>activate() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), add_dependencies_for_concrete_pointers_of()</pre>	
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph	
active (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager at- method), 794	
tribute), 383 add_edge() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph	
active (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172 method), 793	
active_workers (angr.distributed.server.Server prop- add_edge_to_buffer() (in module	
erty), 896  angr.utils.formatting), 889	
active_workers (angr.Server property), 210 add_event() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory  Add (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression method), 269	
attribute), 748 add_event() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog	
Add (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 827 method), 262	
add() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesBaædd_exit_to_whitelist()	
method), 410 (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869	
$\verb add()  (angr.exploration\_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesDb   add\_final\_job() \\ (angr.analyses.vfg.CallAnalysis) \\$	
method), 411 method), 839	
add() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesLisadd_function() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket	
method), 411 method), 637	

```
method), 534
add_function_edge()
              (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob method), add_memory_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                   method), 762
add_goal()
                           (angr.exploration_techniques.Director add_memory_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definition
              method), 400
                                                                                                    method), 600
add_qoal() (angr.exploration techniques.director.Directoradd_memory_use() (angr.knowledge plugins.key definitions.LiveDefinitio
             method), 420
                                                                                                   method), 579
add_heap_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDacf@intemory_use_by_def()
              method), 762
                                                                                                    (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
add_heap_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reachingthoft);f1602sState
              method), 809
                                                                                     add_memory_use_by_def()
add_heap_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions.
                                                                                                    method), 810
             method), 779
add_heap_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bide_definitions.bi
              method), 599
                                                                                                    (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
add_heap_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefininonbod), 780
             method), 578
                                                                                     add_memory_use_by_def()
add_heap_use_by_def()
                                                                                                    (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefi
              (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                    method), 600
             method), 762
                                                                                     add_memory_use_by_def()
add_heap_use_by_def()
                                                                                                    (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LivenDufford)iconS9
             method), 599
                                                                                     add_memory_use_by_defs()
add_heap_use_by_def()
                                                                                                    (angr.analyses.reaching definitions.rd state.ReachingDefinitions.
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                   method), 810
                                                                                     add_memory_use_by_defs()
             method), 579
add_heap_use_by_defs()
                                                                                                    (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
              (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitiothxSdate780
                                                                                     add_memory_variable()
             method), 809
                                                                                                    (angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet
add_heap_use_by_defs()
                                                                                                                                                           method),
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState07
             method), 780
                                                                                     add_memory_variables()
                                                                                                    (angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet
add_history()
                             (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy
                                                                                                                                                           method),
             method), 389
add_history() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180
                                                                                     add_node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Seque
add_job()
                         (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs
                                                                                                    method), 685
              method), 649
                                                                                     add_node() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph
add_job() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info.JobInfo
                                                                                                    method), 793
              method), 622
                                                                                     add_node() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
add_jumpout_site() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Functiond), 536
                                                                                     add_node()
                                                                                                             (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
             method), 555
add_label() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler
                                                                                                    method), 530
             method), 854
                                                                                     add_nonreturning_function()
add_loop() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869
                                                                                                    (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs
                                                                                                    method), 649
add_loop_exit_stmt()
              (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysisState add_number_mapping()
                                                                                                    (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary
             method), 835
add_mapping() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.lnsthwcli)o4Mapping
              method), 723
                                                                                     add_number_mapping_from_dict()
add_mapping() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base. Parsition III (angr.analyses.definitions. SimSyscallLibrary)
             method), 722
                                                                                                    method), 481
add_memory_data() (angr.knowledge plugins.cfg.cfg modeddCE65M)dellangr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket method),
             method), 540
add_memory_data() (angr.knowledge plugins.cfg.CFGMoaddd_object()
                                                                                                                        (angr.keyed region.KeyedRegion
```

method), 614	method), 578	
<pre>add_object() (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject add_s</pre>		
method), 613	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions	
add_patch() (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager	method), 761	
	tack_use_by_def()	
	er (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDef	
method), 521	method), 599	
add_regioned_address() add_s	tack_use_by_def()	
(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstrac	t_ad <b>dmgssk_ukessbeilgto<u>r</u>pAbglinsck&amp;yl_ddefssDeonsipli</b> oreDefinitions	
method), 371	method), 578	
add_register_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.addte_12st		
method), 761	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions	
<pre>add_register_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_sta</pre>		
	tack_use_by_defs()	
add_register_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reach		
method), 779	method), 779	
add_register_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitidds_b		
method), 599	method), 389	
add_register_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitidds_ts		
	tatements_to_whitelist()	
add_register_use_by_def()	(angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869	
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitionadd_s method), 761	method), 429	
	mp_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions	
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions		
	mp_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDej	
add_register_use_by_def()	method), 808	
	<pre>mp_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsS</pre>	
method), 578	method), 778	
	<pre>mp_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.live</pre>	
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDe		
method), 809 add_t	<pre>mp_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions</pre>	
<pre>add_register_use_by_defs()</pre>	method), 579	
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefi <b>nidid</b> <u>n</u> t	<b>մար</b> լաse_by_def()	
method), 779	$(angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.Live Definitions$	
add_register_variable()	method), 763	
(angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method), add_t		
507	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDef	
<pre>add_retout_site() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function</pre>		
	mp_use_by_def()	
add_returning_function()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions	
(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs	method), 579	
	mp_use_by_defs()	
add_sinkhole() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 273	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions method), 808	
add_stack_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Liveddefint		
method), 761	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState	
add_stack_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.R		
	ransitions() (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink.0	
add_stack_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reaching_l		
method), 779 add_type_constraint()		
	defih <b>ananahaly Resfaritabl</b> e_recovery.variable_recovery_base.Variab	
method), 599	method), 820	
add_stack_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitionaddvet		

```
(angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariables
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 687
                           method), 829
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.CascadingCo
add_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 687
                           method), 759
                                                                                                                                                                       addr ({\it angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. CodeNode}
add_use() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinitions.state.ReachingDefinit
                                                                                                                                                                       addr ({\it angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. ConditionNodes}) addr ({\it angr. analyses. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. d
                           method), 808
add_use() (angr.analyses.reaching definitions.ReachingDefinitionsStatteibute), 686
                           method), 778
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.ContinueNode
add_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LattelDefinitions
                                                                                                                                                                       addr ({\it angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. Incomplete Swanson and Swanson a
                           method), 596
add_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions attribute), 689
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.IncompleteSw
                           method), 575
add_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 689
                                                                                                                                                                       {\tt addr} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. Loop Node
                           method), 580
add_use() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses.Uses
                                                                                                                                                                                                  property), 687
                            method), 605
                                                                                                                                                                       {\tt addr} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. MultiNode
add_use_by_def() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitiantsribute), 685
                           method), 759
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SequenceNod
add_use_by_def() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefy6ff6nsState
                           method), 808
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SwitchCaseNet
add_use_by_def() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefittitibuseState88
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece at-
                           method), 778
add_use_by_def() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions); BiWeDefinitions
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.analyses.disassembly.IROp attribute), 845
                           method), 597
add_use_by_def() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitioaddiveDefinitioanalyses.disassembly.OperandPiece
                           method), 576
                                                                                                                                                                                                   tribute), 846
add_value() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memoryapdages.manhtgr_conloulexsed.uphti\u00f6\u00fanlgattor.vex_vars.VEXMemVar
                           method), 350
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 750
add_variable()
                                                                    (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion addr (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.MemoryLocation
                           method), 614
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 766
add_variable() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variable&ddeb(xgVariableManadels.DbComment attribute), 679
                           method), 569
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction attribute), 677
add_variable() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variableddm(unage.nWgrillbb)be0AalxaQdrlLaterhattribute), 679
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.Block attribute), 170
                           method), 562
add_variable_list()
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.block.Block attribute), 221
                           (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.Debug Wardatb(lanManhdigek.DisassemblerBlock attribute), 220
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.codenode.CodeNode attribute), 870
add_xref() (angr.analyses.xrefs.SimEngineXRefsVEX addr (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute), 437
                           method), 859
                                                                                                                                                                       addr (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute), 439
add_xref() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XXXXIII (unusgeengines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerBlock
                           method), 610
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 435
add_xrefs() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XddrfMunage.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter attribute),
                           method), 611
                                                                                                                                                                       addr
AddN (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 829
                                                                                                                                                                                             (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob attribute), 652
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 545
addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompdati(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompdati(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompdati(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompdati(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompdati(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompdati(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompiler.decompi
                           attribute), 697
addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegionaddr (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJump
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 548
                           property), 700
addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunaddr
                                                                                                                                                                                               (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump
                           attribute), 725
                                                                                                                                                                                                   tribute), 528
addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodeaddrs@Mayleknowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryData
                           attribute), 685
                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 543
addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer nodead&reakNadgr.knowledge plugins.cfg.MemoryData
```

```
method), 348
         tribute), 524
addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function addrs_for_name() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_r
                                                                  method), 348
         attribute), 552
                                                                       (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure
addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.Soot_ADDStiEXITS
         attribute), 559
                                                                   tribute), 471
addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Memo AND Scattletts (angr.SimProcedure attribute), 159
         attribute), 587
                                                         AFTER_AIL_GRAPH_CREATION
addr (angr.sim_state.SimState property), 225
                                                                   (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass
addr (angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable attribute),
                                                                   attribute), 703
                                                         AFTER_GLOBAL_SIMPLIFICATION
addr (angr.SimState property), 182
                                                                   (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass
addr (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory prop-
                                                                   attribute), 703
                                                         AFTER_SINGLE_BLOCK_SIMPLIFICATION
         erty), 267
addr_and_variables (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_redoveryvariable_redoveryvahalyses/xadiadhlm/pinheotaphiomnization_passes.optimization_pass
         attribute), 817
                                                                   attribute), 703
addr_invalid() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC AFTER_STRUCTURING (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optin
         method), 272
                                                                   attribute), 703
                                                         AFTER_VARIABLE_RECOVERY
addr_to_instruction_addr()
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                                   (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass
                                                                   attribute), 703
address(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handlaggfressionsContDuextizationAnnotation (class
         attribute), 798
                                                                   angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), 288
address (\it angr. analyses. \it reaching\_definitions. Function Call \textit{DMM} a Block \texttt{TempCollector}
                                                                                              (class
                                                                                                              in
         attribute), 785
                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier),
                                                                   691
address (angr.block.CapstoneInsn property), 221
address (angr.block.DisassemblerInsn property), 220
                                                         AILGraphWalker
                                                                                                              in
{\tt address} ({\it angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerInsn}
                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker),
         property), 435
address(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemorAND&implifier
                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                              in
         property), 543
                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier),
address
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData
         property), 524
                                                         \verb|alignment| (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function.Function|) \\
address (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MEM_PATCH
                                                                  property), 553
         attribute), 284
                                                         alignment (angr.sim_type.SimStruct property), 515
address(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MemoryValuealignment(angr.sim_type.SimType property), 507
         attribute), 284
                                                         alignment (angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray property), 512
address (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regiongmleatatAddmegs.Winapppee.SimTypeDouble property),
         attribute), 368
address_multi (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.functionl_ingmaleartFlumgioninfathpetSimTypeString property), 512
                                                         {\tt alignment} \ \ (angr.sim\_type.SimTypeWString \ \ property),
         attribute), 798
address_multi(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handleftFunctionCallDataUnwrapped
         attribute), 801
                                                         alignment (angr.sim_type.SimUnion property), 516
address_multi(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctiankControl (angr.sim_type.TypeRef property), 508
         attribute), 785
                                                         ALL (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager attribute),
AddressConcretizationMixin
                                        (class
                                                     in
         angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretizatihhLn(axign),SimulationManager attribute), 172
         344
                                                         all_bytes_changed_in_history()
AddressTransferringTypes
                                                                   (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.history_track
                                      (class
                                                     in
         angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
                                                                   method), 361
                                                         all_constants (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB prop-
AddressWrapper
                                                                   erty), 438
                                (class
                                                     in
         angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.rexlb1_definitions (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingL
                                                                   attribute), 805
```

addrs\_for\_hash() (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.conveniædtlmdopfingist\_invixin(dugwanidnsk/koppnidnsk/finitions.reaching\_definition

```
property), 790
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   tribute), 472
all_definitions (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReakhingNDMfilist(angh.KimbyRisocedure attribute), 159
                                  property), 770
                                                                                                                                                                                                                ALWAYS (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.MultiStmtExprMode
all_definitions (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitiohuse) $4.690
                                  attribute), 775
                                                                                                                                                                                                                {\tt AlwaysUpdate} \ (angr. analyses. calling\_convention. Update Arguments Option \ (angr. analyses. calling\_convention. Update Arguments \ (angr. analyses. callin
all_objects (angr.state plugins.sim action.SimAction
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 632
                                                                                                                                                                                                                AMD64CCallRewriter
                                  property), 466
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (class
all_objects (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionConstraint angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.amd64_ccalls),
                                  property), 467
\verb|all_objects|| (angr. state\_plugins. sim\_action. SimActionData) | Data | Dat
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (class
                                  property), 468
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.amd64_elf_got),
all_objects(angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionExit
                                  property), 467
                                                                                                                                                                                                                analyses (angr. Project property), 164
all_objects (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionOpæmælbynses (angr.project.Project property), 214
                                                                                                                                                                                                                AnalysesHub (class in angr.analyses.analysis), 618
                                  property), 467
all_stashes (angr.analyses.veritesting.Veritesting at-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                AnalysesHubWithDefault
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   angr.analyses.analysis), 619
                                  tribute), 836
all_successors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.visitoenalysis.vi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 805
                                  method), 625
method), 389
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 775
all_successors() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180
                                                                                                                                                                                                                Analysis (class in angr), 178
ALL_TABLES (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB attribute), 674
                                                                                                                                                                                                                Analysis (class in angr.analyses.analysis), 620
all_uses (angr.analyses.reaching definitions.reaching definitions.RsFiabitogeDefinitioninAmghrainsalyses.analysis), 619
                                                                                                                                                                                                                AnalysisLogEntry (class in angr.analyses.analysis),
                                  property), 790
all_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis
                                  property), 770
                                                                                                                                                                                                                AnalysisTask (class in angr.analyses.vfg), 838
                                                                (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper
                                                                                                                                                                                                                \verb"analyze()" (angr. analyses. callee\_cleanup\_finder. Callee Cleanup Finder)" (angr. analyses. callee\_cleanup\_finder. Callee Cleanup Finder) (angr. analyses. callee\_cleanup Finder) (angr. analyses. callee\_clean
alloc()
                                  method), 483
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   method), 858
allocate() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocate\text{MempAllocater.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging}
                                   method), 795
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    method), 674
allocate() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 205
                                                                                                                                                                                                                analyze() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimization_passes.optimizati
allocate() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   method), 703
                                                                                                                                                                                                                analyze() (angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder method),
                                   method), 298
allocate_stack_pages()
                                  (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stackmallyzetion_anixiii:Stackalloostaten_Mivgiins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin
                                  method), 358
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  method), 277
allocated_addresses
                                                                                                                                                                                                                And
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression
                                   (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocator.HeapAllocationte), 748
                                  property), 796
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr
allocated_chunks()
                                                                                                               (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 module, 157
                                  method), 206
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses
allocated_chunks() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Simddedpe:reelist
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.analysis
                                  method), 301
allocated_chunks() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_ptmalloc.fiodHkepBTMalloc
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.backward_slice
                                   method), 304
AllocHelper (class in angr.calling_conventions), 483
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 module, 627
allow_arch_optimizations
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.binary_optimizer
                                   (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter
                                                                                                                                                                    attribute),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 module, 857
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.bindiff
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 module, 628
allow_arch_optimizations
                                  (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter
                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.boyscout
                                   tribute), 442
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 module, 632
ALT_NAMES
                                                     (angr.sim procedure.SimProcedure
                                                                                                                                                                                                               angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder
```

module, 858	module, 843
angr.analyses.calling_convention	angr.analyses.code_tagging
module, 632	module, 673
angr.analyses.cdg	<pre>angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions</pre>
module, 673	module, 633
angr.analyses.cfg	angr.analyses.congruency_check
module, 636	module, 856
angr.analyses.cfg.cfb	angr.analyses.data_dep
module, 636	module, 867
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg	<pre>angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis</pre>
module, 638	module, 863
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_arch_options</pre>	<pre>angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes</pre>
module, 656	module, 865
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base</pre>	<pre>angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location</pre>
module, 645	module, 864
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated</pre>	angr.analyses.datagraph_meta
module, 640	module, 673
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast</pre>	angr.analyses.ddg
module, 647	module, 742
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot</pre>	angr.analyses.decompiler
module, 668	module, 691
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base</pre>	<pre>angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier</pre>
module, 656	module, 691
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers</pre>	angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker
module, 668	module, 692
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.am module, 657</pre>	nd6angen1.fangantyses.decompiler.block_simplifier module,692
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.ar</pre>	rm_ <b>ærlgfr_fæms</b> ætlyses.decompiler.callsite_maker
module, 658	module, 693
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.cc</pre>	onsangnesanda/kyrses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters
module, 666	module, 693
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.de</pre>	efa <b>arlgr_ræsaollysærs.</b> decompiler.ccall_rewriters.amd64_ccalls
module, 662	module, 693
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.ju</pre>	ump <b>tradprl</b> eanalyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewriter_base
module, 662	module, 693
$angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.mi$	psamedrf_afmashyses.decompiler.clinic
module, 660	module, 694
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.re</pre>	esodnwer.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor
module, 667	module, 695
	36_ <b>ærlgfr.pana.pyls</b> tes.decompiler.decompilation_cache
module, 661	module, 697
	36_ <b>apre</b> griaatnalyses.decompiler.decompilation_options
module, 659	module, 696
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list</pre>	angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler
module, 670	module, 697
<pre>angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink   module, 812</pre>	<pre>angr.analyses.decompiler.empty_node_remover module,698</pre>
	o_saimkr.analyses.decompiler.expression_narrower
module, 812	module, 699
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph	angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region
module, 813	module, 699
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.transitions	angr.analyses.decompiler.jump_target_collector
module, 814	module, 700
angr.analyses.class_identifier	angr.analyses.decompiler.jumptable_entry_condition_rewrite

```
module, 700
                                                     module, 717
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.loop
                                                     module, 717
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.bansar_panalsasses_sdempdmiffileer.region_simplifiers.node_address_
    module, 704
                                                     module, 717
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.camgst_ahearleyfses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.region_simpli:
    module, 701
                                                     module, 717
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.daimqusiampdliyfsieer.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster
    module, 705
                                                     module, 718
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eamger_anetlyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_expr_si
    module, 701
                                                     module, 721
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.emmgineambaskeses.decompiler.region_walker
    module, 708
                                                     module, 721
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.exmpgr.omnaskyaspperdecompiler.sequence_walker
    module, 709
                                                     module, 721
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.iamegrexmarkyoneverdeerompiler.structured_codegen
    module, 705
                                                     module, 722
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lamogreath.aslwisesh_dsiconhififieer.structured_codegen.base
                                                     module, 722
    module, 706
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mandgrsiampdliyfsicer.decompiler.structured_codegen.c
    module, 708
                                                     module, 723
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.marlgri_ariamplsiefsiefsecompiler.structured_codegen.dummy
    module, 708
                                                     module, 740
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.oprtgimizazatlyose_spackescompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import
    module, 702
                                                     module, 740
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ramgistamalyasves_adveaouspiinbdnifsiteructuring
    module, 710
                                                     module, 684
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.rartgradahra.byasves.sdempdmiffiler.structuring.dream
    module, 711
                                                     module, 684
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.sataggk_ananbyses.idepdoinfiieher.structuring.phoenix
    module, 704
                                                     module, 690
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.xxx6gggcanapleytspacs.sdempdmipfileer.structuring.recursive_structurer
    module, 711
                                                     module, 684
angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizationangr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_base
                                                     module, 689
    module, 711
angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizationandmasamalyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes
    module, 711
                                                     module, 685
angr.analyses.decompiler.redundant_label_removæmgr.analyses.decompiler.utils
                                                     module, 740
    module, 721
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier
                                                 angr.analyses.disassembly
   module, 713
                                                     module, 844
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers
                                                 angr.analyses.disassembly_utils
    module, 713
                                                     module, 848
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.campadiangalyoses.tdramisrfanromerfrontier
    module, 713
                                                     module, 858
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.campadiampaliyfses.find_objects_static
    module, 713
                                                     module, 843
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.examgrfodmdihyses.flirt
    module, 714
                                                     module, 748
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.gotmogr.analyses.forward_analysis
    module, 717
                                                     module, 620
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifangr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysis
    module, 717
                                                     module, 620
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifaedgae.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info
```

```
module, 621
                                                   module, 796
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors
                                               angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocator
   module, 622
                                                   module, 795
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_ganagph.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state
    module, 622
                                                   module, 803
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.functiamgugramphlyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions
    module, 622
                                                   module, 789
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject
    module, 623
                                                   module, 811
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop angr.analyses.reassembler
   module, 625
                                                   module, 848
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.singleammondeammarkyshes.soot_class_hierarchy
    module, 626
                                                   module, 635
angr.analyses.identifier.identify
                                               angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker
    module, 833
                                                   module, 814
angr.analyses.init_finder
                                               angr.analyses.static_hooker
   module, 858
                                                   module, 856
angr.analyses.loop_analysis
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon
   module, 834
                                                   module, 833
angr.analyses.loopfinder
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.lifter
   module, 834
                                                   module, 825
angr.analyses.propagator
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver
    module, 750
                                                   module, 825
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.translator
   module, 751
                                                   module, 825
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts
    module, 750
                                                   module, 831
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon
    module, 751
                                                   module, 830
angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition_wardgmeranalyses.typehoon.typevars
    module, 753
                                                   module, 826
angr.analyses.propagator.propagator
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery
    module, 754
                                                   module, 825
angr.analyses.propagator.tmpvar_finder
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations
    module, 754
                                                   module, 816
angr.analyses.propagator.top_checker_mixin
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail
    module, 755
                                                   module, 823
angr.analyses.propagator.values
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base
    module, 750
                                                   module, 824
angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex
   module, 750
                                                   module, 824
angr.analyses.proximity_graph
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanner
    module, 860
                                                   module, 825
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery
    module, 755
                                                   module, 822
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base
    module, 787
                                                   module, 817
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast
    module, 792
                                                   module, 820
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail angr.analyses.veritesting
    module, 811
                                                   module, 835
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_vex angr.analyses.vfg
    module, 788
                                                   module, 837
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_hamodleranalyses.vsa_ddg
```

module, 841	module, 380
angr.analyses.vtable	<pre>angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero</pre>
module, 842	module, 381
angr.analyses.xrefs	<pre>angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range</pre>
module, 859	module, 379
angr.angrdb	angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats
module, 674	module, 379
angr.angrdb.db	angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range
module, 674	module, 380
angr.angrdb.models	angr.concretization_strategies.range
module, 676	module, 380
angr.angrdb.serializers	angr.concretization_strategies.single
module, 679	module, 378
angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model	angr.concretization_strategies.solutions
module, 679	module, 379
angr.angrdb.serializers.comments	angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range
module, 680	module, 381
angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs	angr.distributed
module, 680	module, 896
angr.angrdb.serializers.kb	angr.distributed.server
module, 681	module, 896
angr.angrdb.serializers.labels	angr.distributed.worker
module, 681	module, 897
angr.angrdb.serializers.loader	angr.engines
module, 681	module, 427
<pre>angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code</pre>	angr.engines.concrete
module, 683	module, 433
angr.angrdb.serializers.variables	angr.engines.engine
module, 682	module, 427
angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs	angr.engines.failure
module, 682	module, 431
angr.annocfg	angr.engines.hook
module, 869	module, 430
angr.blade	angr.engines.light
module, 867	module, 749
angr.block	angr.engines.light.data
module, 220	module, 748
angr.callable	angr.engines.light.engine
module, 519	module, 749
<pre>angr.calling_conventions</pre>	angr.engines.pcode
module, 483	module, 434
<pre>angr.code_location</pre>	angr.engines.pcode.behavior
module, 611	module, 444
angr.codenode	<pre>angr.engines.pcode.cc</pre>
module, 870	module, 464
angr.concretization_strategies	angr.engines.pcode.emulate
module, 335	module, 444
<pre>angr.concretization_strategies.any</pre>	angr.engines.pcode.engine
module, 381	module, 434
angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_da	
module, 381	module, 435
angr.concretization_strategies.eval	angr.engines.procedure
module, 378	module, 430
angr.concretization_strategies.max	angr.engines.soot

module, 431	module, 413
angr.engines.soot.engine	<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.timeout</pre>
module, 431	module, 407
angr.engines.successors	<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.tracer</pre>
module, 428	module, 414
angr.engines.syscall	angr.exploration_techniques.unique
module, 431	module, 423
angr.engines.unicorn	angr.exploration_techniques.veritesting
module, 432	module, 413
angr.engines.vex	angr.factory
module, 431	module, 216
angr.errors	angr.flirt
module, 890	module, 879
angr.exploration_techniques	angr.flirt.build_sig
module, 390	module, 880
	angr.keyed_region
angr.exploration_techniques.bucketizer	
module, 426	module, 612
angr.exploration_techniques.common	angr.knowledge_base
module, 424	module, 520
angr.exploration_techniques.dfs	angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base
module, 408	module, 520
angr.exploration_techniques.director	angr.knowledge_plugins
module, 418	module, 521
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes</pre>
module, 416	module, 522
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.explorer</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg</pre>
module, 408	module, 523
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.lengthlimiter</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager</pre>
module, 409	module, 544
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model</pre>
module, 422	module, 536
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.loop_seer</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node</pre>
module, 421	module, 544
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump</pre>
module, 410	module, 547
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.memory_watcher</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data</pre>
module, 426	module, 542
angr.exploration_techniques.oppologist	angr.knowledge_plugins.comments
module, 420	module, 549
angr.exploration_techniques.slicecutor	angr.knowledge_plugins.data
module, 417	module, 549
angr.exploration_techniques.spiller	angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables
module, 410	module, 567
angr.exploration_techniques.spiller_db	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions
module, 412	module, 550
angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function
module, 423	module, 552
angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager
module, 426	module, 550
angr.exploration_techniques.symbion	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser
module, 424	module, 559
angr.exploration_techniques.tech_builder	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function
module, 424	
	module, 559
<pre>angr.exploration_techniques.threading</pre>	<pre>angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps</pre>

```
module, 549
                                                    module, 609
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions
                                                angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager
   module, 569
                                                    module, 610
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types
    module, 583
                                                    module, 610
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.constanatsgr.misc.plugins
    module, 587
                                                    module, 222
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definitaimogr.procedures
    module, 587
                                                    module, 473
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environamegmt.procedures.definitions
    module, 590
                                                    module, 475
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_adammessprocedures.stubs.format_parser
    module, 591
                                                    module, 473
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_defaimgitiporo_inexctager
                                                    module, 212
    module, 591
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_deafigmitpiconsos
    module, 592
                                                    module, 616
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_modedngr.serializable
   module, 601
                                                    module, 615
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag
                                                angr.sim_manager
   module, 603
                                                    module, 382
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.undefinædgr.sim_options
                                                    module, 228
    module, 605
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.unknownamsgizesim_procedure
   module, 605
                                                    module, 469
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses
                                                angr.sim_state
                                                    module, 224
    module, 605
angr.knowledge_plugins.labels
                                                angr.sim_state_options
    module, 549
                                                    module, 228
angr.knowledge_plugins.patches
                                                angr.sim_type
    module, 521
                                                    module, 507
angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin
                                                angr.sim_variable
    module, 522
                                                    module, 502
angr.knowledge_plugins.propagations
                                                angr.simos
    module, 549
                                                    module, 871
angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code
                                                angr.simos.cgc
    module, 569
                                                    module, 874
angr.knowledge\_plugins.structured\_code.managerangr.simos.javavm
    module, 569
                                                    module, 877
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync
                                                angr.simos.linux
   module, 607
                                                    module, 873
angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller
                                                angr.simos.simos
    module, 607
                                                    module, 871
angr.knowledge_plugins.types
                                                angr.simos.userland
    module, 548
                                                    module, 875
angr.knowledge_plugins.variables
                                                angr.simos.windows
    module, 560
                                                    module, 876
angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_acceasgr.slicer
    module, 560
                                                    module, 868
angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managegr.state_hierarchy
    module, 561
                                                    module, 389
angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs
                                                angr.state_plugins
   module, 609
                                                    module, 231
angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref
                                                angr.state_plugins.callstack
```

module, 263	module, 468
<pre>angr.state_plugins.cgc</pre>	<pre>angr.state_plugins.sim_event</pre>
module, 271	module, 468
<pre>angr.state_plugins.concrete</pre>	<pre>angr.state_plugins.solver</pre>
module, 292	module, 254
<pre>angr.state_plugins.debug_variables</pre>	<pre>angr.state_plugins.symbolizer</pre>
module, 307	module, 307
<pre>angr.state_plugins.filesystem</pre>	<pre>angr.state_plugins.trace_additions</pre>
module, 248	module, 273
angr.state_plugins.gdb	angr.state_plugins.uc_manager
module, 270	module, 279
<pre>angr.state_plugins.globals</pre>	angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine
module, 278	module, 284
angr.state_plugins.heap	angr.state_plugins.view
module, 297	module, 309
<pre>angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base</pre>	angr.storage
module, 297	module, 309
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk	angr.storage.file
module, 298	module, 314
<pre>angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist</pre>	angr.storage.memory_mixins
module, 300	module, 336
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc	angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin
module, 301	module, 342
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc	angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin
module, 302	module, 344
angr.state_plugins.heap.utils	angr.storage.memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixin
module, 306	module, 340
angr.state_plugins.history	angr.storage.memory_mixins.clouseau_mixin
module, 267	module, 346
angr.state_plugins.inspect	angr.storage.memory_mixins.conditional_store_mixin
module, 233	module, 346
angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader	angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin
module, 294	module, 348
angr.state_plugins.jni_references	angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin
module, 296	module, 340
angr.state_plugins.libc	angr.storage.memory_mixins.dirty_addrs_mixin
module, 236	module, 344
<pre>angr.state_plugins.light_registers module, 266</pre>	<pre>angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixin module, 341</pre>
angr.state_plugins.log	angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory
module, 262	module, 376
angr.state_plugins.loop_data	angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_mix
module, 291	module, 376
angr.state_plugins.plugin	angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory
module, 231	module, 375
angr.state_plugins.posix	angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memory
module, 240	module, 375
angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer	angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_mixin
module, 282	module, 346
angr.state_plugins.scratch	angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixin
module, 280	module, 352
angr.state_plugins.sim_action	angr.storage.memory_mixins.name_resolution_mixin
module, 466	module, 339
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object	angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory

```
module, 352
                                                     module, 374
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_bandperstmixages.memory_mixins.smart_find_mixin
    module, 357
                                                     module, 339
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memorytomiagden.memory_mixins.symbolic_merger_mixin
    module, 352
                                                     module, 342
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages angr.storage.memory_mixins.top_merger_mixin
    module, 359
                                                     module, 351
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.accompresractriaccompermemory_mixins.underconstrained_mixin
    module, 361
                                                     module, 341
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.amigstostyoutagaekniemyo.mixins.unwrapper_mixin
    module, 360
                                                     module, 347
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.arsono_smioxiange.memory_object
    module, 361
                                                     module, 334
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.drigst_splagge.pcap
    module, 361
                                                     module, 335
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.amdriutvallses
    module, 350
                                                     module, 881
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.anvgrliusti_bagelgo
    module, 348
                                                     module, 881
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.appenmissibsnscomistiants
    module, 360
                                                     module, 881
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.amechcownitlsmicroiwdict
                                                     module, 881
    module, 359
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.aulgraupiabse.dynamic_dictlist
    module, 363
                                                     module, 882
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.privilangerd_mmixlisn.enums_conv
                                                     module, 882
    module, 358
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stack_and_noantibsn_emixin
                                                     module, 882
    module, 358
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory
                                                 angr.utils.formatting
    module, 365
                                                     module, 888
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.absamanctutailbregssaphescriptor
    module, 370
                                                     module, 882
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.absangactumekspekazniximport
                                                     module, 886
    module, 373
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regionmc.catticbsorlyibmixing
    module, 370
                                                     module, 887
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.reginggr_damtials.loader
                                                     module, 886
    module, 368
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regingmr_metal_mimpin
    module, 371
                                                     module, 889
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regionedutailbressininomcretization_mixin
    module, 373
                                                     module, 888
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.reginogmedy_melmosry_mixin
    module, 365
                                                     module, 616
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.staAnigr_Afrianbly_smisxFireor, 891
    module, 370
                                                 AngrAnnotatedCFGError, 891
angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_miAmignrAssemblyError, 891
    module, 342
                                                 AngrBackwardSlicingError, 891
angr.storage.memory_mixins.simplification_miximsgrBladeError, 891
    module, 347
                                                 AngrBladeSimProcError, 891
angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mixAmgrCallableError, 891
    module, 343
                                                 AngrCallableMultistateError, 891
angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory
                                                 AngrCFGError, 891
```

AngrCorruptDBError, 892	$(angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.Live Definitions$
AngrDataGraphError, 892	static method), 574
AngrDB (class in angr.angrdb.db), 674	<pre>annotate_with_variables()</pre>
AngrDBError, 892	(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.Variab
AngrDDGError, 892	static method), 819
AngrDelayJobNotice, 891	annotated_cfg() (angr.analyses.backward_slice.BackwardSlice
AngrDirectorError, 892	method), 628
AngrError, 890	AnnotatedCFG (class in angr.annocfg), 869
AngrExitError, 890	AnnotatedVariable (class in
AngrExplorationTechniqueError, 892	angr.analyses.loop_analysis), 834
AngrExplorerError, 892	ansi_color() (in module angr.utils.formatting), 888
AngrForwardAnalysisError, 891	append_data() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler
AngrGirlScoutError, 891	method), 855
AngrIncompatibleDBError, 892	<pre>append_procedure() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler</pre>
AngrIncongruencyError, 891	method), 854
AngrInvalidArgumentError, 890	<pre>append_state() (angr.analyses.vfg.VFGNode method),</pre>
AngrJobMergingFailureNotice, 891	840
AngrJobWideningFailureNotice, 891	append_statement() (in module
AngrLifterError, 890	angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 740
AngrLoopAnalysisError, 892	apply() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionCallEdge
AngrNoPluginError, 896	method), 650
AngrObjectFactory (class in angr.factory), 216	apply() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionEdge
AngrPathError, 890	method), 649
AngrSimOSError, 891	apply() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEdge
AngrSkipJobNotice, 891	method), 650
AngrSurveyorError, 890	apply() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge
AngrSyscallError, 891	method), 651
AngrTracerError, 892	apply() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge
AngrTypeError, 891	method), 650
AngrUnsupportedSyscallError, 895	apply() (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper
AngrValueError, 890	method), 483
AngrVariableRecoveryError, 892	apply() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager
AngrVaultError, 890	method), 387
AngrVFGError, 892	apply() (angr.SimulationManager method), 176
AngrVFGRestartAnalysisNotice, 892	apply_at_callsite(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handle
annotate_mv_with_def()	attribute), 796
	claipig Defibeifions Staten() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
method), 806	method), 558
<pre>annotate_mv_with_def()</pre>	apply_function_edges()
	initionsStat@angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob method),
method), 776	652
annotate_with_def()	apply_patches_to_binary()
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitio	
static method), 757	method), 522
annotate_with_def()	apply_patches_to_state()
	chingDefin <b>itiongsState</b> wledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
method), 806	method), 522
annotate_with_def()	arch(angr.analyses.cfg_arch_options.CFGArchOptions
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDef	
method), 776	arch(angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTableProc
annotate_with_def()	attribute), 663
	in <b>airicht (drige.Diefihisesni</b> ecompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewriter_base.CCallRewrit
static method), 595	attribute), 693
annotate_with_def()	arch(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail.SimEngineRDAIL
**	

attribute), 812	attribute), 502
arch (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions attribute), 756	ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSoot attribute), 500
attribute), 805	g <b>IRGH</b> iti (an Statelling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64 attribute), 494
attribute), 775	o <b>ARSH</b> te(angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall attribute), 494
attribute), 766	ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall attribute), 494
arch (angr.Block attribute), 170	arch (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute), 437
arch (angr.block.Block attribute), 221	arch (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute), 439
arch (angr.block.DisassemblerBlock attribute), 220	arch (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerBlock
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC attribute), 488	attribute), 435
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64 attribute), 497	arch (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter attribute), 442
attribute), 497	ularch (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Register attribute), 586
attribute), 495	llarch (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefinit attribute), 593
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WindowsSystattribute), 495	sædkh (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions attribute), 573
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM attribute), 495	arch(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser attribute), 475
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF attribute), 496	arch(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFormatParser attribute), 475
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall attribute), 496	arch (angr.Project attribute), 164 arch (angr.project.Project attribute), 214
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl attribute), 492	arch (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure attribute), 471 arch (angr.sim_state.SimState property), 226
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64 attribute), 493	ARCH (angr.SimCC attribute), 185 arch (angr.SimState property), 182
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftFastcall attribute), 492	arch_overrideable() (in module angr.sim_state), 224 ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.base_ptr_save_sin
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64 attribute),	attribute), 704
498 ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscall	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.Consattribute), 701
attribute), 499  ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32 attribute),	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier.Diviattribute), 705
498	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eager_returns.Eag
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscall attribute), 498	attribute), 702 ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper.
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC at-	attribute), 710
tribute), 499 ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64 at-	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_converte attribute), 706
tribute), 500  ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSy	
attribute), 500 ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinuxSysc	
attribute), 499	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier.M
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinuxSysc	
attribute), 497	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass
ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X attribute),	attribute), 703
501 ARCH (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall	ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass attribute), 704
men (angreamng_conveniions.simecss) 30ALinuasyseun	ин юше, тот

ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_tailerate)irtiplifier.RegisterSaveAreaSimplifier
attribute), 710 ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall
ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_saveastiniplific;rRetAddrSaveSimplifier attribute), 711  ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSoot at-
ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canary_tributk) fiest Stack Canary Simplifier
attribute), 704 ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64
ARCHES (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_getpatwihplefje4X86GccGetPcSimplifier
attribute), 711 ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall
arg_list(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionattribute), 493
attribute), 725 ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall
arg_locs() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC method), attribute), 494
489 ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCM68k at-
arg_locs() (angr.SimCC method), 186 tribute), 464
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC attribute), ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPARISC at-
488 tribute), 465  ARC RECS (and calling conventions SimCCA Arch64 at ARC RECS (and ancines needs as SimCCB war PC)
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64 at- ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC tribute), 496 attribute), 465
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64LinuxSAR&alREGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCRISCV at-
attribute), 497 tribute), 464
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64LinuxSyARGLIREGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSH4 attribute), attribute), 495  465
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WindowARGsREGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSPARC at- attribute), 495 tribute), 465
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM at- ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCXtensa at-tribute), 495 tribute), 466
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF at- ARG_REGS (angr.SimCC attribute), 185
tribute), 496 arg_session(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall attribute), 475
attribute), 496 arg_session (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFormatParser
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl attribute), 475
attribute), 491 arg_session (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64 attribute), 471
attribute), 492 arg_session() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftFastcall method), 489
attribute), 492 arg_session() (angr.SimCC method), 186
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64 at args (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCall tribute), 498 attribute), 729
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscathrgs (angr.sim_type.SimTypeCppFunction attribute), 514
attribute), 498 args (angr.utils.mp.Closure attribute), 889
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32 at- args_atoms (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function_
tribute), 497 attribute), 799
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscallings_atoms (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData attribute), 498 attribute), 785
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC at- tribute), 499 args_defns (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.FunctionCallF attribute), 792
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64 ARGS_MISMATCH (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser attribute), 500 attribute), 474
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinarGScont)SMATCH (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure at-
attribute), 500 tribute), 472
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinux ARGS LMISMATCH (angr.SimProcedure attribute), 159
attribute), 499 args_values (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinuxSyscall attribute), 799
ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinuxSyscall attribute), 799  attribute), 497  args_values (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData  ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X at-  attribute), 785

	MBM4 (angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.BaseDepNode
attribute), 493	property), 865
ArgSession (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall	
attribute), 491	ast_graph (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG property), 746
ArgSession (class in angr.calling_conventions), 487	ast_preserving_op() (in module
argument_types (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure	angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object), 468
property), 473	ast_stripping_decorator() (in module
argument_types (angr.SimProcedure property), 161	angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object), 468
arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Fi property), 558	unasionstripping_op() (in module angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object), 468
	ast_weight() (in module
angr.engines.light.data), 748	angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions),
ARM (angr.analyses.cfg_fast.ARMDecodingMode at-	426
<i>tribute</i> ), 648	at_new_block() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions
ARMDecodingMode (class in angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast),	method), 772
647	at_new_block() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.Read
ArmElfFastResolver (class in	method), 602
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	elfafarrew_block() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefin
658	method), 570
Array (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 832	at_new_stmt() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions)
array() (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugV	
method), 308	at_new_stmt() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.Reach
array() (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView	method), 601
method), 314	at_new_stmt() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.
assembly() (angr.analyses.reassembler.BasicBlock	method), 570
method), 851	atoi_dumps() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
assembly() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Data method),	static method), 276
852	atom (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition at-
assembly() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Instruction	tribute), 768
method), 850	atom (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition
assembly() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Operand	attribute), 583
method), 850	atom(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition
assembly() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Procedure	attribute), 590
method), 851	Atom (class in angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 764
assembly() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	Atom (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms),
method), 855	583
<pre>assign() (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCManage</pre>	$cratom\_hash (angr.knowledge\_plugins.variables.variable\_access.VariableAccess.va$
method), 279	attribute), 561
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AtomKind (class in angr.analyses.reaching_definitions),
method), 851	763
assign_labels() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Data method), 852	AtomKind (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms), 583
assign_labels() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Instruction	available_flavors()
method), 850	(angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager.StructuredCo
<pre>assign_labels() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Procedure</pre>	method), 569
method), 851	
assign_unified_variable_names()	В
	างธรร: VariableMangsaglusetrapect.SimInspector method),
method), 565	234
assign_variable_names()	back_edges() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph.F
(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_man	nager.Variable ฟิตหลุดราษาternal
method), 565	back_edges() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisit
${\tt Assignment} (angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. jump\_resolvers. jump\_resolvers$	ımptable.AddrensTransferringTypes

 $backend\ (angr. angrdb. models. DbObject\ attribute),\ 676$ 

attribute), 662

```
backend2name(angr.angrdb.serializers.loader.LoaderSeriabbler.addrs (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
              attribute), 682
                                                                                                       property), 269
backend_args
                            (angr.angrdb.models.DbObject
                                                                                at- bck_chunk() (angr.PTChunk method), 210
                                                                                        bck_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chunk
              tribute), 676
backpatch() (angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator
                                                                                                       method), 301
              method), 826
                                                                                        bck_chunk() (angr.state plugins.heap.heap ptmalloc.PTChunk
BackwardSlice (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
                                                                                                       method), 303
                                                                                        BEFORE_REGION_IDENTIFICATION
              attribute), 619
BackwardSlice (class in angr.analyses.backward_slice),
                                                                                                       (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass
                                                                                                       attribute), 703
BadStatesDropper (class in angr.distributed.worker),
                                                                                        BehaviorFactory
                                                                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                                                                          in
                                                                                                       angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 464
                                                                                        behaviors (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute),
base (angr.sim_type.SimType attribute), 507
base (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction attribute), 513
                                                                                                       437
base (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable attribute), 506
                                                                                        behaviors ({\it angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeBasicBlockLifter}
base
            (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject
                                                                                                       attribute), 441
              attribute), 334
                                                                                        binary (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
base_addr
                   (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable
                                                                                                       property), 555
              tribute), 506
                                                                                        binary_insert() (in module angr.utils.algo), 881
                                                                                        \verb|binary_name| (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function.Function|) \\
base_addr_available
              (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTangenBayeA5ldr
              property), 662
                                                                                        binary_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFuncti
base_address(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioattrdbtateRegionDescriptor
              attribute), 369
                                                                                        BinaryError, 848
BaseDepNode
                                                                                 in BinaryOptimizer(angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
                                               (class
                                                                                                       attribute), 619
              angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes), 865
BaseGoal (class in angr.exploration_techniques.director), BinaryOptimizer
                                                                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                                                                          in
                                                                                                       angr.analyses.binary_optimizer), 858
BaseLabel (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), BinDiff (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
                                                                                                       attribute), 618
BaseNode (class in angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. str BanDarf fuceless), in angr. analyses. bindiff), 630
              685
                                                                                        {\tt binop\_operators}\ (angr. analyses. decompiler. decompilation\_cache. Decompilation\_cache.
BaseOptimizationPass
                                                                                                       attribute), 697
              angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimitzlueinn(apgr.xn)nalyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Register at-
                                                                                                       tribute), 815
BasePointerSaveSimplifier
                                                             (class
                                                                                 in bits (angr.analyses.propagator.values.Top property),
              angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.base_ptr_save5@implifier),
              704
                                                                                        bits (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom prop-
BaseProxiNode
                                                 (class
                                                                                 in
                                                                                                       erty), 764
              angr.analyses.proximity_graph), 860
                                                                                        bits (angr.analyses.typehoon.lifter.TypeLifter attribute),
BaseStructuredCodeGenerator
                                                              (class
                                                                                 in
              angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.basb)its
                                                                                                    (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.HasField
                                                                                                       tribute), 830
basic_spec (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatPoixtes(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.RichR
              attribute), 474
                                                                                                       property), 824
basic_spec (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFobiutsPausagr.engines.light.data.RegisterOffset property),
              attribute), 475
BasicBlock (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 850
                                                                                        bits (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom
                                                                                                       property), 583
BasicClaripyCooperation
                                                          (class
                                                                                  in
              angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page\sirosp(emgicsin)_variable.SimMemoryVariable property),
bbl_addr (angr.errors.SimError attribute), 892
                                                                                        bits (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable property),
bbl_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.DefinitionMatchPredicate
              attribute), 588
                                                                                        Blade (class in angr), 167
```

blank_state() (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method), 217 blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel attribute), 677 blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction attribute), 677 blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection attribute), 678 block_idx (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLabel block_idx (angr.code_location.CodeLocation attribute), 612 block (angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs attribute), 679 block (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILBlock property), 630 attribute), 726 block_MAX_SIZE (angr.Block attribute), 170
blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction attribute), 677 attribute), 730  blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection at- tribute), 678 tribute), 612  blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs attribute), 679 block_matches (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff block (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILBlock property), 630
tribute), 678 tribute), 612 blob (angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs attribute), 679 block_matches (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff block (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILBlock property), 630
block (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILBlock property), 630
Block (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.SubjectTypleOCK_MAX_SIZE (angr.block.Block attribute), 221 attribute), 811 block_similarity() (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff
block (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail.SimEngineVRAIL method), 630
attribute), 824 block_size (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails
block (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode attribute), 285
property), 546 block_size (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.StopDetails
block (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode property), attribute), 287
527 block_trace_ind (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails
Block (class in angr), 170 attribute), 285
Block (class in angr.block), 221  Block (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic),
block() (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic 694
method), 694  BlockDetails  (class in
block() (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method), 220 angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), 285
block() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226  BlockID (class in angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base), 656
block() (angr.SimState method), 183  BlockLocator (class in
block_addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_foldingn@xpnedsixnsldwatiopiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_conver
attribute), 714 705
block_addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.e\hoogle\hoogle\delta\
attribute), 714 blocks (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function
block_addr (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallSite property), 553
attribute), 787 blocks_by_addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimizat
block_addr (angr.code_location.CodeLocation at- property), 704
tribute), 612 blocks_by_addr_and_idx
block_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef at- tribute), 610 (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimizatio
block_addr(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetdblkocks_probably_identical()
attribute), 285 (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff method),
block_addr (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.StopDetails 630
attribute), 287 BLOCKS_THRESHOLD (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.BinaryOptimizer
block_addrs (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function attribute), 858
property), 553 blocks_with_differing_constants
block_addrs_set (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Funct(angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff property), 553 631
$\verb block_count   (angr. state\_plugins. history. SimStateHistory   \verb blocks_with_differing_constants  $
property), 269 (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff property),
block_id (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGJob 630
property), 640 BlockSimplifier (class in
block_id (angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob attribute), 838 angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier),
block_id (angr.analyses.vfg.VFGJob property), 837 692
block_id (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNodeBlockStart (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 845 attribute), 545 BlockWalker (class in
block_id (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs),
attribute), 526 701
block_idx (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expo_foldimgr.fixqonqsseixodecompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDoWhileLoop

attribute), 726	byte_string (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
body (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFo	
attribute), 727	bytes (angr.Block property), 170
body (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CW)	
attribute), 726	bytes_at() (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject
booleanize() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior	method), 334
class method), 446	bytes_offset (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter at-
both_iter (angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession	tribute), 440
attribute), 487	${\tt bytes\_offset} \ (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter\ at-$
$\verb+both\_iter+ (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CC. Arg Session$	tribute), 442
attribute), 488	bytestr (angr.codenode.BlockNode attribute), 871
both_iter (angr.SimCC.ArgSession attribute), 186	C
Bottom (class in angr.analyses.propagator.values), 750	
Bottomlype (class in angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker)	c_args_as_atoms() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handle
814	static method), 803
BottomType (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 831	c_args_as_atoms() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandle
BoyScout (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin	static method), 783
attribute), 619	c_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstruct
BoyScout (class in angr.analyses.boyscout), 632	method), 724
BP (class in angr), 161	<pre>c_repr() (angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.SimTypeTempRef     method), 826</pre>
BP (class in angr.state_plugins.inspect), 233	c_repr() (angr.sim_type.SimStruct method), 515
BP_AFTER (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector at-	c_repr() (angr.sim_type.SimType method), 517
tribute), 233	c_repr() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray method), 511
BP_BEFORE (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector at-	c_repr() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeBottom method), 509
tribute), 233	c_repr() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction method), 513
BP_BOTH (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector	c_repr() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeInt method), 510
attribute), 233	c renr() (angr sim type SimTypePointer method) 511
bp_on_stack(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.	Function() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference method),
attribute), 552	511
bp_on_stack(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_fun	
attribute), 559	<pre>c_repr() (angr.sim_type.TypeRef method), 508</pre>
branch() (angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions method),	c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAILE
743	method), 726
687	st <u>Eugluper_emakks()</u> (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAssig
bss_memory_read_hook()	method), 728
(angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jump	c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBina
method), 665	<i>''</i>
bss_memory_write_hook()	c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBrea method), 728
	memod), 128 a <u>ble BSS-Haah</u> ks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CCons
method), 665	method), 735
BSSHook (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolver	ระ <u>เน<b>าะเหล</b></u> ย์ <mark>เส้นทหร</mark> () (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CCons
665	method), 724
Bucketizer (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 405	c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CCont
Bucketizer (class in angr.exploration_techniques.bucketizer)	
426	c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDirty
build() (angr.analyses.disassembly.Operand static	method), 736
method), 846	$\verb c_repr_chunks()  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c. CDoW  \\$
<pre>bv_slice() (in module angr.storage.memory_object),</pre>	method), 726
334  PMS () (monetate plusing selven Sim Selven method) 256	c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFake
BVS() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 256	method), 731
by te_string (angr.knowleage_plugins.cjg.cjg_node.CFG	$Nod$ epr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CForL

method), 727

attribute), 545

```
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_cateleth)c.(ahgnstion_plugins.callstack.CallStack method),
                       method), 725
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_contested_con
                       method), 729
                                                                                                                                           call_site_addr(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturn
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. agr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. agr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_codegen.decompiler.structured_c
                                                                                                                                           \verb|call_stack|| (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_job\_base.CFGJobBase||
                      method), 730
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.QlfBpenky), 657
                                                                                                                                           call_stack (angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob attribute),
                       method), 727
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. CEFElse
                      method), 727
                                                                                                                                           call_stack_copy() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.CFGJobBase
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. Givetlexed).Votilable
                                                                                                                                           call_state()
                                                                                                                                                                                                    (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory
                       method), 732
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.GhEthod), 218
                                                                                                                                           call_string(angr.code_location.ExternalCodeLocation
                      method), 735
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. attribete), 612
                       method), 730
                                                                                                                                           callable (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.@Mydeis@ntExpression
                                                                                                                                           Callable (class in angr.callable), 519
                      method), 736
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_context=nthe Context=nthe Cont
                       method), 735
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codespermaCyssius (class in angr.analyses.vfg), 838
                                                                                                                                           CALLEE_CLEANUP (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC at-
                      method), 729
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.dsibates)eAts8
                                                                                                                                           CALLEE_CLEANUP (angr.calling conventions.SimCCStdcall
                       method), 725
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. CostributFacel 492
                                                                                                                                           CALLEE_CLEANUP (angr.SimCC attribute), 185
                       method), 731
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegenc.CFunctionCgrsanalyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionC
                      method), 728
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 729
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_code\text{lefter}.\text{EUppe}\text{Edshr} (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturn
                       method), 734
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 648
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codekeer. ChinaraOhr (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallSit
                       method), 733
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 787
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegee.ClingaphangdSnadesneentlecompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctio
                       method), 730
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 729
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_c@de\endarkeecCC\endarkeecCC\endarkeeccColors
                                                                                                                                                                   (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
                      method), 732
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.@\tribute\Ffeld
                       method), 733
                                                                                                                                           CalleeCleanupFinder
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (class
c_repr_chunks() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.@Www.lanboypes.callee_cleanup_finder), 858
                                                                                                                                           caller_func_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturn
                      method), 726
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 648
c_return_as_atoms()
                       (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handlal Fanctfunklaadlar (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.CallSit
                      static method), 803
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 787
c_return_as_atoms()
                                                                                                                                           CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC)
                       (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 488
                       static method), 783
                                                                                                                                            CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM
cache_key (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 495
                      property), 334
                                                                                                                                           CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF)
CAILBlock (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c), attribute), 496
                                                                                                                                           CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl
calc_size()
                                           (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 491
                       class method), 483
                                                                                                                                           CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64
call() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), 473
                                                                                                                                                                   attribute), 498
call() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160
                                                                                                                                           CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling conventions.SimCCO32
```

attribute), 497	70 6 <b>117.6</b> 74)	method), 657	( 1	
CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC	SystemMAMM		(class	in
attribute), 494	c 11c'.	angr.analyses.calling		
CALLER_SAVED_REGS (angr.SimCC attribute), 185	CallSit		(class	in
caller_saved_regs_as_atoms()		angr.analyses.decomp	oiler.callsite_maker),	
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_i			/ 1	•
static method), 803	Callsit	ePrototypes	(class	in
<pre>caller_saved_regs_as_atoms()</pre>	7 11	angr.knowledge_plugi	ins.callsite_prototypes	9),
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionF		522	laine definitions call	tuano CallTuano
static method), 783	Callsit	es (angr.analyses.reac	ning_aejiniiions.caii_	trace.Cantrace
caller_will_handle_single_ret	l. a.a. Had Taist	attribute), 788	aa naaahina dafaitian	a no a obino dofiniti on a
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_i attribute), 799	nana <b>uea r sa</b> c	method), 792	es.reacning_aejiniiion	s.reacning_aejiniiions
caller_will_handle_single_ret	callei+	, · ·	as ragahina dafinition	a Pagahina Dafiniti and
_		es_to() (angr.analyse	es.reacning_aejiniiion	s.ReachingDejiniiions
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Function(		method), 771	State attribute) 225	
attribute), 785 CallFunctionGoal (class		.ck (angr.sim_state.Sim .ck (angr.SimState attr		
				52
angr.exploration_techniques), 400 CallFunctionGoal (class		ck (class in angr.state		
angr.exploration_techniques.director), 419	n Callsta	ck_key (angr.knowled property), 547	ge_piugins.cjg.cjg_no	de.CFGENode
callgraph (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.Kno	wladowiBloom		lae pluains efa efa no	da CECNoda
property), 520	wiedgebus ea	property), 546	ge_piugins.cjg.cjg_no	ae.Cr Groae
callgraph (angr.KnowledgeBase property), 211	calleta	ck_key (angr.knowled	lae pluains eta CEGE	Node
	in Callsta	property), 527	ge_piugins.cjg.CrGL	ivode
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_g			dae pluains cfa CEGN	Iode
622	пиридіться	property), 526	ige_piugiiis.cjg.Cr ON	oue
calling_convention(angr.knowledge_plugins.function)	one formitienta		angr.analyses.vfg.VFG	Eloh
attribute), 553	ліз. ј <b>иши изка</b>	method), 837	ingr.undiyses.vjg.v1 O	300
calling_convention(angr.knowledge_plugins.function)	one Cool leura	* *	(class	in
attribute), 560	///:s.scour_yuud	angr.state_plugins.ca	•	<i>111</i>
CallingConvention (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAn	nalv <b>©aPliTaia</b>			ect SubjectType
attribute), 619	icii ys <b>can muşi a</b>	attribute), 811	ning_acjunitions.suoje	ei.subjeei1ype
	in CallTra	ce (class in angr.analy	ses reaching definitio	ns call_trace)
angr.analyses.calling_convention), 632	,,, calling	788	ses.reaemns_aejumno	nis.ean_naee),
calloc() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 207	CallTra	cingFilter	(class	in
calloc() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc.SimHeap.		angr.analyses.veritest	*	
method), 302		.l_same_name()	,,	
calloc() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.Simil			ier.identify.Identifier	
method), 305	100.01	method), 833	iemaemy jizaemyte.	
callout_sites(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.fun	ctio <b>n.aEndricdia</b>		variable.SimVariable	at-
property), 555		tribute), 503		
	<i>in</i> capston	e (angr.Block property	), 170	
angr.analyses.proximity_graph), 861	-	ie (angr.block.Block pr		
callsite(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_grap	-	· 0	1 2	
attribute), 792		eInsn (class in angr.b		
CallSite (class in angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.c	_			d memory.abstract ac
787	_ //	property), 371	,_ 0	_ , _
<pre>callsite_codeloc(angr.analyses.reaching_definition</pre>	s.fun <b>(Airmay</b> iT		ta (class	in
attribute), 798	, <u> </u>	angr.analyses.decomp		en.c),
callsite_codeloc(angr.analyses.reaching_definition	s.FunctionCo			,,
attribute), 785		ngConditionNode	(class	in
<pre>callsite_repr() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.Blo method), 656</pre>		angr.analyses.decomp	`	
callsite_repr() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.Fun	nctio <b>ukso</b> adi		ormer (class	in
	-			

_	alyses.decon	npiler.region_simplifi	ers.casc				, a	Œ D	
713		<i>(</i> 1		cc (angr.			t_parser.Scan	fFormatParser	
CascadingIfsR		(class	in	-1: ( ·C)	attribute), 4		1	. \ 471	
angr.ar 713	alyses.decon	npiler.region_simplifi	ers.casc		şım_procedu SimCC.ArgS			te), 4/1	
Case (class in an	gr.analyses.d	ecompiler.optimizatio	n_passe	escko(w)e(rad	gsyfatah <u>r</u> yiAm	ogif@b)jectF	actory method	d), 219	
706				CCallRe	writerBase	2	(class	in	
case_addrs(an_attribu		ecompiler.structuring	structu.	rer_nodes	. Imgmaynlæltys 693	essitlelv6mpei	Herad Sild <u>i e</u> nene i	<b>ni</b> ters.rewriter_l	base),
	analyses.dec	ompiler.region_simpli	ifiers.ex	p <b>E_Globasing</b>			(class ler.structured	in   codegen c)	
	yses.decomp	iler.structured_codeg	en.c.CS		736	_		_coucgeme), cstructured_cod	lagan a)
	* *	iler.structuring.struct	uror no				es.aecompuer	.structurea_coa	egen.c),
attribu	-	uer.siruciuring.siruci	urer_nc				ses decompil	er.structured_co	odegen c)
	* *	iler.structuring.struct	urer ne			angr.anaiy	зез.иесотри	er.siruciurea_co	uegen.c),
attribu	-	uer.siruciuring.siruci	urer_no			nor analys	es decompiles	.structured_cod	legen c)
		alyses.decompiler.opt	imizatio						egen.e),
	iethod), 707	ui yses.ueeompiier.opi	mizan	CDG			is.KnownAna		
CAssignment	,, , , , , ,	(class	in	02.0	attribute), 6	•		1,0001 111,0111	
_	alvses.decor	piler.structured_cod		CDG (clas			. 673		
728	,~~~~~~	7	- 3 /,		xpression	,	(class	in	
cast_primitiv	e() (ang	r.simos.javavm.SimJa	vaVM		_	es.decompi	ler.structured		
_	nethod), 878	<b>y</b>			736	<i>T</i>			
		es.data_dep.dep_nod	es.Mem	DCapoWhdel	eLoop		(class	in	
	ethod), 866	_ , , , _		•		es.decompi	ler.structured	_codegen.c),	
CastType (an	igr.state_plu	gins.solver.SimSolver	at-		726	·			
tribute)				ceiling	_addr()	(angr.an	alyses.cfg.cfb	.CFBlanket	
${\tt CatchDesync}(a$	ngr.explorati	on_techniques.tracer.	Tracing	Mode	method), 63°	7			
attribu	* *	le.SimVariable attr	ibute)	ceiling	_addr() (an method), 55	-	lge_plugins.fu	ınctions.function	n_manager.Fu
503	sim_ren telo		iouic),	ceiling	* *		lge plugins.fu	nctions.function	n manager.Fu
category (angr.	SimFile prop	erty), 190		0011119	method), 55	-	.80_p8	eee	1 <u></u>
		imFile property), 317		ceiling			alyses.cfg.cfb	.CFBlanket	
		nory_mixins.Memory		<i>J</i>	method), 63'	_	,		
proper	-	7—		ceiling	_items()		alyses.cfg.cfb	.CFBlanket	
		ory_mixins.regioned_	memory						
proper					sion			in	
CBinaryOp (class	s in angr.ana	lyses.decompiler.struc	ctured_c	codegen.c)	,angr.analyse 725	es.decompi	ler.structured	_codegen.c),	
CBreak (class in	angr.analyse.	s.decompiler.structure	ed_code	g <b>eFal</b> yeVa	riable		(class	in	
727		•			angr.analyse	es.decompi	ler.structured	_codegen.c),	
cc (angr.analyses attribu	_	finitions.function_ha	ndler.Fi	unctionCal		vses analys	is.KnownAna	lvsesPlugin	
		efinitions.FunctionCa	llData		attribute), 6			.,	
attribu		<b>y</b>		CFBlank			sis.KnownAn	alvsesPlugin	
		_definitions.subject.S	ubject		attribute), 6			, 0	
proper	-	_	J	CFBlank			ses.cfg.cfb), 6	37	
* *	•	ArgSession attribute)	, 487				analyses.cfg.cj		
	g_convention	ns.SimCC.ArgSession		CFG		vses.analys	is.KnownAna		
		s.UsercallArgSession	ı at-	CFG (clas	s in angr.ana		fg), 638		
tribute	-	0			_		testing.CallTr	racingFilter	
		ormat_parser.Format	Parser	=	attribute), 83		~	<u>~</u>	

cfg_cache (angr.analyses. tribute), 836	veritesting.Veritesting	at-	CGoto (cl	ass in angr.analyses.ded 729	compiler.structured_	codegen.c),
<pre>cfg_jumpkind_from_pb()</pre>	(in m	odule	ChainMa	pCOW (class in angr.util	s.cowdict), 881	
angr.utils.enums_co	onv), 882		ChallRe		(class	in
cfg_jumpkind_to_pb()	(in m	odule		angr.state_plugins.trac	e_additions), 274	
angr.utils.enums_co	onv), 882		changed	_bytes()(angr.storage	e.memory_mixins.pa	ged_memory.paged_m
CFGArchOptions	(class	in		method), 354	. – .	
_	fg_arch_options), 656		changed	_bytes()(angr.storage	e.memorv mixins.pa	ged memory,pages,his
CFGBase (class in angr.analys				method), 361	<i>y</i> = 1	0 = 71 0
CFGEmulated (angr.analyses. attribute), 618		sesPlug	gi <b>a</b> hanged	* *	e.memory_mixins.pa	ged_memory.pages.lis
CFGEmulated (class in angr.	analysas efa efa amul	atad)	changed	_bytes()(angr.storage	momory miving na	and mamory pagas m
640				method), 350	•	
CFGENode (class in angr.know			changed.	_bytes()(angr.storage	e.memory_mixins.pa	ged_memory.pages.ult
CFGENode (class in angr.know	ledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_	_node),		method), 365	_	
546			changed.	_bytes()(angr.storage	e.memory_mixins.slc	otted_memory.SlottedN
CFGFast (angr.analyses.ana	lysis.KnownAnalysesP	Plugin		method), 375		
attribute), 618			changed.	_pages()( <i>angr.storage</i>	e.memory_mixins.pa	ged_memory.paged_m
CFGFast (class in angr.analys				method), 354		
CFGFastSoot (class in angr. 668	analyses.cfg.cfg_fast	soot),	chdir()	(angr.state_plugins.method), 250	filesystem.SimFilesy	stem
CFGJob (class in angr.analyse	es.cfg.cfg_emulated), (	540	check()	(angr.BP method), 161		
CFGJob (class in angr.analyse				(angr.exploration_techi		Goal
CFGJobBase (class in angr.		base).		method), 401		
657		//,	check()	(angr.exploration_techi	niques.director.Base	Goal
CFGJobType (class in angr.ar	ialyses.cfg.cfg_fast), 6	51		method), 418	•	
CFGManager (class in angr.km			check()	(angr.exploration_techi	niques.director.CallI	Function Goal
CFGManager (class in angr.km				method), 419	•	
544				(angr.exploration_techi	niques.director.Exec	uteAddressGoal
CFGModel (class in angr.know	vledge_plugins.cfg), 52	29		method), 418	•	
CFGModel (class in angr.know			),check()	(angr.exploration_techi	niques.ExecuteAddre	essGoal
536	0 4 0 000			method), 400	•	
CFGModelSerializer	(class	in	check()	(angr.state_plugins.ins	pect.BP method), 23	3
angr.angrdb.serializ	zers.cfg_model), 679			oncrete_target_met		
CFGNode (class in angr.knowl		5		(angr.engines.concrete		?
CFGNode (class in angr.knowle				static method), 433	O	
544	0 4 0 70 70=	,,	check o	ffset() (angr.calling	conventions.SimRes	$\varrho Ar \varrho$
CFGNodeCreationFailure	(class	in	_	method), 485	_	, 0
	gins.cfg.cfg_node), 54		check s	tate() (angr.exploration	on techniques.CallF	unctionGoal
cfgs (angr.angrdb.models.Di				method), 401		
676	7	/,	check s	tate() (angr.exploration	on techniques.direct	tor.BaseGoal
cfgs(angr.knowledge_base.k	nowledge base.Knowl	edgeBa		method), 418	reeques.aee.	0.112 til 0 0 0 til
attribute), 520				tate() (angr.exploration	on techniques direct	or CallFunctionGoal
cfgs (angr.KnowledgeBase as	ttribute). 211		<u>-</u>	method), 419	reeques.aee.	oneum menoneum
CFGSliceToSink	(class	in	check s	tate() (angr.exploration	on techniques direct	or.ExecuteAddressGoo
	lice_to_sink.cfg_slice_			method), 419	sn_teeninques.aneen	on Encourer address Got
812	wee_w_sww.egg_swee_			tate() (angr.exploration	on techniques Execu	ıteAddressGoal
CForLoop (class in angr.anal)	ses decompiler structi	ired co			sn_teeninques.Esteet	wer raar ess Goar
726	ses.accomplici.strucia	irea_ee		ests() (angr.analyses.	identifier identify Ide	ontifier
CFunction (class in angr.ana	lyses decompiler struc	tured a				and the same of th
724	.,uci		-	alue_get()( <i>angr.call</i> i	ing conventions Sim	FunctionAroument
CFunctionCall	(class	in	CIICCK_V	method), 484		1 www.iioia 11 gminein
	,		check v	alue_set()( <i>angr.call</i>	ing conventions Sim	FunctionArgument
728	-pe.i.sii wewica_couc	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, criccis_v	method), 484		2 monorali guineiu

```
Chunk (class in angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist),
                                                                                                                                       method), 296
                                                                                                                    clear_page_cache() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
chunk_from_mem() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method),
                                                                                                                                       method), 290
                                                                                                                   clear_region_for_reflow()
chunk_from_mem() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.SimHeap.freedist.S
                  method), 301
                                                                                                                                       method), 542
chunk_from_mem() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_ptmallocl@artreppf6Mcdbar_reflow()
                                                                                                                                       (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                   method), 305
chunks() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206
                                                                                                                                       method), 535
chunks() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.SimHeapFreelist_updated_functions()
                   method), 301
                                                                                                                                       (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs
chunks() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapPTMallomethod), 649
                                                                                                                   ClemoryBackerMixin
                   method), 304
                                                                                                                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               in
CIfBreak (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c), angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mixins
CIfElse (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_code@kinn)c
                                                                                                                                         (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
                                                                                                                                        attribute), 619
CIndexedVariable
                                                                                                           in clinic (angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.DecompilationCac
                  angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                                                                                                                                        attribute), 697
                                                                                                                   Clinic (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic), 694
CITE (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen@pop (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                                                                                                                                                  (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
CLabel (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegelas)e()
                                                                                                                                       method), 246
                                                                                                                   close() (angr.vaults. Vault static method), 617
claripy_ast_from_ail_condition()
                   (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.Conkbise(Processor.ults.VaultShelf method), 617
                  method), 696
                                                                                                                   {\tt closed\_fds} \quad ({\it angr.state\_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix}
claripy_ast_to_sympy_expr()
                                                                                                                                       property), 245
                  (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.ConditionsProcessor_ancestor()
                   static method), 696
                                                                                                                                       (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
ClassIdentifier
                                                                                                                                       method), 270
                  angr.analyses.class_identifier), 843
                                                                                                                    Closure (class in angr.utils.mp), 889
                                                                                                                   CmpOp (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_
clean() (angr.utils.cowdict.ChainMapCOW method),
clean()
                            (angr.utils.cowdict.DefaultChainMapCOW
                                                                                                                    CMultiStatementExpression
                                                                                                                                                                                                    (class
                  method), 882
                                                                                                                                       angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
cleanup()
                                 (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs
                   method), 649
                                                                                                                    \verb|code_constants|| (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function.Function||
cleanup() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuped@Genterator
                   method), 737
                                                                                                                    {\tt codegen}\ (angr. analyses. decompiler. decompilation\_cache. Decompilation Codegen (angr. analyses. decompilation) and the codegen (angr. analyses. decompilation) and the
clear() (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.ConditionPracterisboute), 697
                   method), 695
                                                                                                                    {\tt codegen} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CC on struct
clear() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager.FunctiontMoutege724
                                                                                                                    {\tt codeloc} \quad (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Definition
                  method), 550
clear() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method),
                                                                                                                                       attribute), 768
                   263
                                                                                                                    codeloc(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions)
clear()
                          (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch
                                                                                                                                        attribute), 805
                                                                                                                    codeloc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
                  method), 282
clear() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.abstract_addteisxutetqsfrfiptor.AbstractAddressDescriptor
                   method), 371
                                                                                                                    codeloc (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition
clear_cache() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifterEngineMixin attribute), 583
                  method), 443
                                                                                                                    codeloc (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition
clear_local_references()
                                                                                                                                       attribute), 590
                   (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIRefendæksc_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefin
```

```
attribute), 805
                                                                                complement()
                                                                                                              (angr.sim variable.SimVariableSet
codeloc_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsShorte), 507
                                                                                complete() (angr.exploration techniques.ExplorationTechnique
             attribute), 775
CodeLocation (class in angr.code_location), 611
                                                                                              method), 391
codenode (angr.Block property), 170
                                                                                complete()
                                                                                                         (angr.exploration_techniques.Explorer
codenode (angr.block.Block property), 221
                                                                                             method), 397
codenode (angr.block.SootBlock property), 222
                                                                                complete() (angr.exploration techniques.explorer.Explorer
CodeNode (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodeth)qd), 409
             686
                                                                                complete()
                                                                                                          (angr.exploration techniques.Symbion
CodeNode (class in angr.codenode), 870
                                                                                              method), 405
CodeReference (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_datacMapherydQ)tuSiogt.exploration_techniques.symbion.Symbion
             attribute), 542
                                                                                              method), 425
CodeReference(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSomplete()
                                                                                                            (angr.exploration_techniques.Tracer
             attribute), 523
                                                                                              method), 395
attribute), 619
                                                                                              method), 415
CodeTagging (class in angr.analyses.code_tagging), 674 complete() (angr.ExplorationTechnique method), 179
CodeTags (class in angr.analyses.code tagging), 673
                                                                                complete()
                                                                                                        (angr.sim manager.SimulationManager
collapse() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.MakeTyppethastsImplacit
                                                                                complete() (angr.SimulationManager method), 174
             class method), 739
collapsed (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.collapsed (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.
             attribute), 725
                                                                                             method), 772
collapsed (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.collapsed/woich) (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.React
             attribute), 732
                                                                                              method), 602
collapsed (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.collapsed (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.R
                                                                                              method), 570
             attribute), 733
collect_data_refs
                                  (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter COMPLETE_SCANNING(angr.analyses.cfg_fg_fast.CFGJobType
                                                                                              attribute), 651
             attribute), 440
attribute), 442
                                                                                              (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
color() (angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece
                                                                                              attribute), 619
             static method), 844
                                                                                CompleteCallingConventionsAnalysis (class in
comment (angr.angrdb.models.DbComment attribute),
                                                                                              angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions),
Comment (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 847
                                                                                compute() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfo
comments (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase at-
                                                                                              method), 273
             tribute), 676
                                                                                compute() (angr.state plugins.trace additions.FormatInfoDontConstrain
Comments (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.comments),
                                                                                              method), 274
             549
                                                                                compute() (angr. state_plugins. trace_additions. FormatInfoIntToStr
CommentsSerializer
                                                                                              method), 274
                                                 (class
                                                                          in
             angr.angrdb.serializers.comments), 680
                                                                                compute() (angr.state plugins.trace additions.FormatInfoStrToInt
commit() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncControlleethod), 274
                                                                                compute_common_type()
             method), 607
common_type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinatyQp.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinaryOp
                                                                                              static method), 733
             attribute), 733
                                                                                compute_dominance_frontier()
compare_path_group()
                                                                                                                                        (in
                                                                                                                                                   module
             (angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck
                                                                                              angr.utils.graph), 884
             method), 856
                                                                                concat() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_value
compare_paths() (angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyChenkthod), 351
                                                                                \verb|concrete|| (angr. state\_plugins. debug\_variables. SimDebug Variable||
             method), 856
compare_statement_dict()
                                                                   module
                                                                                             property), 308
                                                    (in
             angr.analyses.bindiff), 629
                                                                                concrete (angr.state plugins.view.SimMemView prop-
compare_states() (angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyClearty), 314
             method), 856
                                                                                Concrete (class in angr. state plugins. concrete), 292
```

```
concrete_load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretizationthod)xin.AddressConcretizationMixin
                        method), 346
                                                                                                                                                concretize_write_addr()
concrete_load() (angr.storage.memory mixins.MemoryMixin
                                                                                                                                                                         (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.Addi
                        method), 337
                                                                                                                                                                         method), 345
concrete_load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_maoody(pageduralysses:deninipiRagadiMeurodyMidagen.c.CITE
                       method), 354
                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 735
concrete_load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_metoods.pagea(uhtga.gradgeselstdaPagepiler.structured_codegen.c.CDoWhileLoo
                        method), 364
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 726
concrete_path_bool()
                                                                                         (in
                                                                                                                         module
                                                                                                                                                {\tt condition} (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CFor Loop
                        angr.state_plugins.solver), 254
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 727
concrete_path_list()
                                                                                                                         module
                                                                                                                                                \verb|condition|| (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CIfBreak||
                        angr.state_plugins.solver), 254
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 727
concrete_path_not_bool()
                                                                                              (in
                                                                                                                         module
                                                                                                                                                condition(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CWhileLoop
                       angr.state_plugins.solver), 254
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 726
concrete_path_scalar()
                                                                                                                         module
                                                                                                                                                \verb|condition|| (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. Condition)|| (angr. analyses. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. decom
                                                                                            (in
                        angr.state_plugins.solver), 254
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 688
concrete_path_tuple()
                                                                                                                         module
                                                                                                                                                condition(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Condit
                       angr.state_plugins.solver), 254
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 686
concrete_states (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableovery.Variableo
                       property), 822
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 687
                                                                                         (class
ConcreteBackerMixin
                                                                                                                                     in Condition (class in angr.analyses.loop_analysis), 834
                       angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pagec_bndlietri_onixiand_nodes
                        357
                                                                                                                                                                         (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfElse
concretize() (angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategybute), 727
                       method), 335
                                                                                                                                                condition_and_nodes
concretize() (angr.SimFile method), 190
                                                                                                                                                                         (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Cascadin
concretize() (angr.SimFileBase method), 188
                                                                                                                                                                        attribute), 687
concretize() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198
                                                                                                                                                condition_to_lambda()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         module
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (in
concretize() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method),
                                                                                                                                                                        angr.exploration_techniques.common), 424
                        201
                                                                                                                                                CONDITIONAL (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionExit
concretize() (angr.SimPackets method), 192
                                                                                                                                                                         attribute), 466
concretize() (angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 317
                                                                                                                                                ConditionalBreakLocation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                                                                                                        angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding),
concretize() (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase method),
                        316
concretize()
                                                   (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor
                                                                                                                                                ConditionalBreakNode
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (class
                       method), 327
                                                                                                                                                                        angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes),
concretize() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase
                                                                                                                                                                         688
                        method), 326
                                                                                                                                                ConditionalMixin
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (class
concretize() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex
                                                                                                                                                                         angr.storage.memory_mixins.conditional_store_mixin),
                                                                                                                                                                         346
                       method), 330
concretize() (angr.storage.file.SimPackets method),
                                                                                                                                                ConditionalRegion
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (class
                        321
                                                                                                                                                                         angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simple
concretize()
                                                          (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots
                                                                                                                                                ConditionLocation
                       method), 332
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                                                                                                        angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding),
concretize() (in module angr.state_plugins.heap.utils),
                        306
                                                                                                                                                                         714
                                                                                                                                                {\tt ConditionNode}
concretize_load_idx()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 (class
                        (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory.mixlus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde\chi\text{pilalus.kaxde
                       method), 377
                                                                                                                                                                        686
concretize_read_addr()
                                                                                                                                                ConditionProcessor
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
                        (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixinaAddressSpeex.theti:pathiothleAixindition_processor),
                       method), 346
concretize_store_idx()
                                                                                                                                                {\tt configuration} \ (angr. angrdb. models. DbS tructured Code
                        (angr.storage.memory mixins.javavm memory.javavm mematribmukin6Jl&vaVmMemoryMixin
```

	(angr.SimOS method), 168	constants (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property),
<pre>configure_project()</pre>	(angr.simos.linux.SimLinux	439
method), 873		ConstantSrc (class in
<pre>configure_project()</pre>	(angr.simos.simos.SimOS	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 767
method), 871		ConstantSrc (class in
<pre>configure_project()</pre>		angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms),
	erland.SimUserland method),	585
875		ConstantValueManager (class in
<pre>configure_project()</pre>		angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
	ndows.SimWindows method),	662
876		<pre>constrain_all_zero()</pre>
	es.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEd	
attribute), 650		static method), 833
	: analyses. analysis. $Known Analyse$	
attribute), 619		angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274
CongruencyCheck		constraints (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver prop-
O P	ongruency_check), 856	erty), 257
	dge_plugins.sync.sync_controller	
method), 607		(angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
	dge_plugins.sync.sync_controller	· ·
property), 607		construct() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition
	ngrdb.models.DbStructuredCode	static method), 588
attribute), 678		ContainerNode (class in angr.utils.graph), 884
CONST_TYPES (angr.engia attribute), 748	nes.light.data.ArithmeticExpressi	orcontains() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.DebugVariable method), 568
const_val(angr.knowled	dge_plugins.key_definitions.defin	it <b>icomDafinisi@uddan()hPand</b> id <mark>ato</mark> wledge_plugins.functions.function_manager.H
attribute), 588		method), 551
Constant (angr.analyses	.data_dep.dep_nodes.DepNodeTy	peontains_atom() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGra
attribute), 865		method), 794
CONSTANT (angr.analyses	s.reaching_definitions.AtomKind	<pre>contains_memory_variable()</pre>
attribute), 764		(angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method),
CONSTANT (angr.knowled)	$ge\_plugins.key\_definitions.atoms.$	AtomKind 507
attribute), 583		<pre>contains_register_variable()</pre>
Constant (class in angr.	analyses.stack_pointer_tracker),	(angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method),
814		507
<pre>constant_jump_targe</pre>	ts	${\tt content} \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_ definitions. subject. Subject$
(angr.engines.p	code.lifter.IRSB property),	property), 811
439		content (angr.analyses.reassembler.Data property), 852
<pre>constant_jump_targe</pre>	ts_and_jumpkinds	content (angr.angrdb.models.DbObject attribute), 676
(angr.engines.p 439	code.lifter.IRSB property),	<pre>content(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryData</pre>
ConstantChange (class	in angr.analyses.bindiff), 629	content (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData at-
ConstantDepNode	(class in	tribute), 524
_	lata_dep.dep_nodes), 865	content_gen() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mv_l
ConstantDereference		method), 350
		onsonters(s),(angr.code_location.CodeLocation attribute),
701	1 1	612
ConstantOperand (clas	s in angr.analyses.disassembly),	context (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeBasicBlockLifter
846	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	attribute), 441
ConstantPropagation	(class in	context_sensitivity_level
	pinary_optimizer), 857	(angr.analyses.cfg_base.CFGBase prop-
ConstantResolver	(class in	erty), 646
	,	_resor/tex)t_sensitivity_level
666	, <u> </u>	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg emulated.CFGEmulated

	property), 644				method), 835
continu	ue_addr( <i>angr.analyses</i>	decompiler.stri	ecturing.str	∙и <b>сюру</b> л()п(	ulegrlamapyMedereaching_definitions.call_trace.CallTrace
	property), 687				method), 788
Continu		(class			angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
	angr.analyses.decomp	oiler.structuring.	structurer_		method), 756
	687			copy()(	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitionsSt
	ueScanningNotifica		·		method), 807
Conven	ientMappingsMixin	(class			angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel
	angr.storage.memory_ 348	_mixins.convenie	ent_mappin		
contron		$\circ$		copy () (	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState method), 777
Coliver			nrocessor (	Carobiti 6 de II	method), /// magexsmulyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerState
	method), 696	puer.condition_	processor.		method), 816
conver	t_claripy_bool_ast	core()		conv()	(angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariables
CONVE	angr.analyses.decom) (angr.analyses		nrocessor (		
	method), 696	рист.сопашон_	oroccssor.c		angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery.VariableRecov
conver	t_cppproto_to_py()	(in	module	copy()(	method), 823
COIIVCI	angr.utils.library), 88	*	mounic	conv()(	angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast.VariableK
conver	t_cproto_to_py()	(in	module		method), 821
	angr.utils.library), 88	`		copy()(	(angr.analyses.vfg.VFG method), 841
conver	t_variable_list()				angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretizationStrateg
	(angr.knowledge_plug	gins.variables.va	riable_mar		
	static method), 567			-	angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range.SimConcretization
Conver	tTo (class in angr.and	alyses.typehoon.	typevars),		method), 381
	830			copy()(	angr.concretization_strategies.SimConcretizationStrategy
Coopera	ationBase	(class	in		method), 335
		_mixins.paged_n	nemory.pag	ge <b>cappy</b> ffn	(atingr);engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB method), 438
	361				(angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion method), 613
copy()	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_	_base.CFGBase	method),		(angr.keyed_region.RegionObject method), 613
	646			copy()(	angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes.CallsitePrototypes
copy()	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg	_emulated.CFG	Emulated		method), 523
	method), 642			copy()(	angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager.CFGManager
copy()	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg	_fast.CFGFast	method),		method), 544
	656		~	copy()(	angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
copy()		.cfg.segment_lis	t.Segment	() (	method), 536
()	method), 671	1:-4 C -		copy()(	angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode
copy()	(angr.analyses.cfg.	.segment_ust.se	gmentList	com.() (	method), 547
conv()	method), 672 (angr.analyses.ddg.Live	Definitions mat	had) 742	copy () (	angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode method), 546
	(angr.analyses.dag.Live (angr.analyses.decompi			aicomy ()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode
сору ()	method), 700	ier.grapii_regioi	и.Отарике	gioupy ()	method), 527
conv()		ler ontimization	nasses en	o imambuli de	SimplifiegrAllh&wdtedge_plugins.cfg.CFGManager
copy ()	method), 709	ier.opiimizaiion	_развев.еп	g 1 <b>00 <u>p</u> y 0</b> (3)c.	method), 535
copy()	* *	ler.region simp	lifiers.expr	folotina 6.3St	atement(Langatkonowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
	method), 714		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_,,,	method), 530
copy()		ler.structuring.s	tructurer 1	no <b>akns</b> .xAddd	aNngdknowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode method),
1,7 (7	method), 686	Ö	_	13.0	527
copy()	* *	ler.structuring.s	tructurer_r	no <b>abyy.L</b> Oo(	aMagalaknowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryData
	method), 687				method), 543
copy()	* *	ler.structuring.s	tructurer_r	no <b>akpyM</b> ()uli	tiNode(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData
- '	method), 685			-	method), 524
copy()	(angr.analyses.decompi	ler.structuring.s	tructurer_r	no <b>ahp:/SE</b> Jqu	et <b>uan Hokhe</b> owledge_plugins.comments.Comments
	method), 686				method), 549
copy()	(angr.analyses.loop_ar	nalysis.LoopAna	lysisState	copy()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.data.Data method),

549	<pre>copy() (angr.sim_type.SimStructValue method), 516</pre>
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function</pre>	ocopy() (angr.sim_type.SimType method), 507
method), 559	<pre>copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray method), 512</pre>
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manage</pre>	g <b>eoБул()</b> ti <b>(anlyharing</b> e <b>r</b> ype.SimTypeBottom method), 509
method), 550	<pre>copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeChar method), 510</pre>
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps.IndirectJumps.	(angr.sim_type.SimTypeCppFunction method), 514
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions	i <b>tiopynignager.Kien<u>De</u>paitionMpaDga</b> ible method), 515
method), 592	<pre>copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFd method), 511</pre>
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.KeyDefinit</pre>	itcorpM(m)d(gengr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat method), 515
method), 572	<pre>copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction method), 513</pre>
$\verb"copy"()" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.live$	itiopy.L)veDuftriiiontype.SimTypeInt method), 510
method), 594	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeLength method), 514
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefin</pre>	
method), 573	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeNumOffset method), 517
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.</pre>	
method), $602$	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference method), 511
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Reaching)</pre>	
method), 571	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeString method), 512
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeTop method), 509
method), 582	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeWString method), 513
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses.Uses</pre>	
method), 606	copy() (angr.sim_type.SimUnionValue method), 516
<pre>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.labels.Labels method),</pre>	copy() (angr.sim_type.TypeRef method), 508
549	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimConstantVariable
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager method), 522	method), 503 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable
	copy () (anglishin_variationery variation
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePl	
$\verb"copy"()" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlugins.plugi$	ugin method), 505 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlugins.plugins	ugin method), 505 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlugins), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable :StructuredMatheMathQer  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method),
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlugins), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable :StructuredMatheMathQer  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method),
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlumethod), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.managermethod), 569 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Syncmethod), 607 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable :StructuredGatheManager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), :Controller506
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePl.method), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.managermethod), 569 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Syncmethod), 607 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStoremethod), 549	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable structured the
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager method)	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable :StructuredMatheMpfager  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), :Controller506  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager method), 567	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructured Cather Manager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController 506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geopy Copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191
copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager method), 567 copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable .StructuredGatheMprager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geophyfinklendgasingevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager method), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> </ul>	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable :StructuredGatheManager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 genfyfilklerManiagevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199
<ul> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.managenethod), 569</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Syncomethod), 607</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStoremethod), 549</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managenethod), 567</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRefmethod), 610</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefMethod)</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructured (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccopy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geophykinklandganiangevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manyage) (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefMethod), 610</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructured (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccopy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 gentyshinklendaningevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manyel) (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 195
<ul> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflowledge), 610</li> <li>copy() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructured Cather Manager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller 506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geophy Copy() (angr.simFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manager () (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 195 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflanethod), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructured Cather Manager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller 506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geophy in bland naingevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manager () (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 195 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.thod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflanethod), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructuredGatheManager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 genfyfinklangevariable.SimVariable method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manager () (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 195 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflanethod), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), controller506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 genfyfinklerfariangevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Mange() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefl method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480</li> </ul>	ugin method), 505  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable  Structured Cathed In Tagler  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method),  Controller506  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefl method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480</li> <li>copy () (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method),</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cStructured Cather Manager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController 506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController 506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 gen by Kinklend animgevariable.SimVariable Set method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manager () (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193 copy() (angr.SimPackets Stream method), 197 copy() (angr.SimState method), 183
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefl method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480</li> <li>copy () (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 383</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cStructured Cather Manager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController 506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cOpy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geopy (inkland consinger variable.SimVariable Set method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manager (in angr.SimFileDescriptor Duplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 195 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 183 copy() (angr.SimState method), 183 copy() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 161
<ul> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_managemethod), 567</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflanethod), 610</li> <li>copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476</li> <li>copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480</li> <li>copy () (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 383</li> <li>copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227</li> </ul>	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cStructuredGatieMlgrager copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), cController506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 geofyginkletIgnsimgevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Manpager (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimFileStream method), 195 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 183 copy() (angr.SimState method), 183 copy() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 161 copy() (angr.SimIlationManager method), 173
copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.thod), 567 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflanethod), 610 copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224 copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476 copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480 copy () (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 383 copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227 copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState_options.SimStateOptions method), 231	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructuredGatheMproger copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 genfyfinklengasimgevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Mappel() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 183 copy() (angr.SimState method), 183 copy() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 173 copy() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173 copy() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173 copy() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method), 264
copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlamethod), 522 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.thod), 567 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.thod), 610 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.thod), 610 copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224 copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224 copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476 copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480 copy () (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 383 copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227 copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 231 copy () (angr.sim_type.SimCppClass method), 517	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), controller506  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504  copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503  genylyfinklerlgrsimgevariable.SimVariableset method), 507  copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191  copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189  copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199  Mangred) (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201  copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204  copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206  copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 204  copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193  copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 183  copy() (angr.SimState method), 183  copy() (angr.SimState method), 161  copy() (angr.SimState_plugin method), 173  copy() (angr.State_plugins.callstack.CallStack method), 264  copy() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method), 264  copy() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method), 264
copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin.KnowledgeBasePlanethod), 522 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager method), 569 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync method), 607 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore method), 549 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.thod), 567 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef method), 610 copy () (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XReflanethod), 610 copy () (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset method), 224 copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476 copy () (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480 copy () (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 383 copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227 copy () (angr.sim_state.SimState_options.SimStateOptions method), 231	copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable cstructuredGatheMproger copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), ccontroller506 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable method), 504 copy() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method), 503 genfyfinklengasimgevariable.SimVariableSet method), 507 copy() (angr.SimFile method), 191 copy() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189 copy() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199 Mappel() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 copy() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 204 copy() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206 copy() (angr.SimHostFilesystem method), 204 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 193 copy() (angr.SimPackets method), 183 copy() (angr.SimState method), 183 copy() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 173 copy() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173 copy() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173 copy() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method), 264

copy() (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method), method), 274	
292 copy() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfo copy() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem method), 273	
method), 252 copy() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoDontConstrain	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem method), 274	
method), 249 copy() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoIntToStr	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimHostFilesystem method), 274	
method), 254 copy() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoStrToInt copy() (angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB method), 271 method), 274	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals copy() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin	
method), 279 method), 276	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base.SimHeapBase_copy() (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCManager method), 298 method), 279	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk copy() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn method), 298 method), 289	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapP <b>EMpyll</b> )c (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView method), method), 304 313	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory copy() (angr.state_plugins.view.SimRegNameView method), 268 method), 309	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector copy() (angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 318	
method), 234 copy() (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase method), 316	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJavaVmCdpysQad@ngr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor method), method), 294 328	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIRefereapys() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 296 (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 330	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method), copy() (angr.storage.file.SimFileStream method), 320	
copy() (angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 322	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRegistercopy() (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots method), 332 method), 267 copy() (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsStream method),	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 324	
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.Add	lre
copy() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 344	
method), 292 copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin.Conv	er
copy() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin method), 348 method), 232 copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin.ExplicitFillerN	Mi
copy() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), method), 340	VI i
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin.SpecialFillerN	1i.
copy() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method), method), 340	
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_	_m
copy() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix method), 377 method), 245 copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memo	141
copy () (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer method), 375	<i>y</i>
method), 283 copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_mixin.LabelMerger]	Μi
copy() (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch method), 347	
method), 280 copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin	
copy() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction method), 336	71
method), 466 copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixin.MultiVacopy() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject method), 352	ul
method) 468  copy() (anor storage memory mixins paged memory page hacker mixi	'ns

*method*), 357

*method*), 357

*method*), 356

copy() (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.page\_backer\_mixins.

copy() (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.pa

copy() (angr.state\_plugins.solver.SimSolver method),

 $\verb"copy"()" (angr.state\_plugins.trace\_additions.ChallRespInfo")$ 

copy()

*method*), 307

 $(angr. state\_plugins. symbolizer. Sim Symbolizer$ 

```
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_memory.paged_mem
                  method), 353
                                                                                                                                  class method), 416
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pageschieutre_trxt:haugt_mixabHe@ryTrackingMixin
                                                                                                                                  (angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder
                  method), 360
                                                                                                                                                                                                         method),
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.list_pages43tPage
                  method), 362
                                                                                                               create_jump_target_var()
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mv_list_hape,MiNLlysPagecompiler.condition_processor.ConditionProcess
                                                                                                                                  method), 696
                  method), 348
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pagescmearties.invew_mexilentennes.spionsMixin
                  method), 360
                                                                                                                                 (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIReferences
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.refcount_mailind3ef2@untMixin
                                                                                                               creation_failed(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode
                  method), 359
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultra_pages.dplertoPage47
                  method), 363
                                                                                                               creation_failed(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stack_allocatiopropixity)$\fomale{t}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde{\rho}\tilde
                  method), 358
                                                                                                               creation_failure_info
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.@egiphubbuhedge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode
                  method), 369
                                                                                                                                 attribute), 547
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regionadrietm_ntiaih.luteninnfleegionMetaMixin
                  method), 371
                                                                                                                                  (angr.knowledge plugins.cfg.CFGENode
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_addresbuce),cretization_mixin.RegionedAddressConcretizationMixin
                  method), 373
                                                                                                               CRegister (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.c),
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_meInory_mixin.RegionedMemoryMixin
                  method), 366
                                                                                                               CReturn (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.c),
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mixin.SizeConcretizationMixin
                  method), 343
                                                                                                               cs_operand (angr.analyses.disassembly.Operand prop-
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.SlottedMemoryaMixin846
                                                                                                               CStatement (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                  method), 374
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.top_merger_mixin.TopMergerMixfn
                  method), 352
                                                                                                               CStatements
                                                                                                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
copy() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstrained_mixin.Undercongstranialex!Mixincompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                  method), 341
                                                                                                                                  725
                                                                                                               CStructField
copy() (angr.storage.pcap.PCAP method), 335
                                                                                                                                                                            (class
copy() (angr.utils.cowdict.ChainMapCOW method), 881
                                                                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
copy_contents() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin
                                                                                                                                  730
                  method), 338
                                                                                                               CStructFieldNameDef
                                                                                                                                                                                    (class
copy_contents() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pagadgnæmubysesndæinalnyhdixinodegen.c),
                  method), 354
copy_contents() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapp@SnivintUnedCopdecMinerator
                                                                                                                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                  method), 347
                                                                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
copy_graph() (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic
                  method), 694
                                                                                                               CStructuredCodeWalker
                                                                                                                                                                                       (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
CouldNotResolveException, 816
                                                                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.c),
\verb|count|| (angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.TRANSMIT\_RECORD||
                  attribute), 284
                                                                                                               \verb|cstyle_ifs| (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CIfB reak)| \\
count() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesDb
                                                                                                                                  attribute), 727
                                                                                                               cstyle_ifs(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfElse
                  method), 411
count() (angr.state_plugins.history.TreeIter method),
                                                                                                                                  attribute), 727
                                                                                                               CSwitchCase
                                                                                                                                                                           (class
count() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_vahæsaMalyiVesldesompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                  method), 351
cprotos2py() (in module angr.utils.library), 888
                                                                                                               CTypeCast (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
crash_windup() (angr.exploration_techniques.Tracer
                  class method), 396
                                                                                                               CUnaryOp (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.c),
```

733	DataGraphError, 673
'	DataGraphMeta (class in
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),	
730	DataLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 848
current_function_address	DataNormalizationMixin (class in
(angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack property), 265	angr.storage.memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixin), 340
<pre>current_function_address()</pre>	DATAREF_HINTS (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJobType
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace.Comethod), 788	allTrace attribute), 651 db_compatible() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB method),
current_return_target	675
	DbCFGModel (class in angr.angrdb.models), 677
erty), 265	DbComment (class in angr.angrdb.models), 679
current_stack_pointer	DbFunction (class in angr.angrdb.models), 677
(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.CFGJobBase property), 657	dbg_comments() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Instruction method), 850
current_stack_pointer	dbg_draw() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
(angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack prop-	method), 558
erty), 265  CVariable (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_	dbg_draw() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager.Function_
731	dbg_get_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion
CVariableField (class in	static method), 700
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dbg_print() (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion method), 700
	_chtggpriat_t() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function method), 558
7-4	giddag_print() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_meta method), 372
cyclic_ancestor(angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_regio	
attribute), 700	method), 870
D	<pre>dbg_print_stack() (angr.sim_state.SimState method),</pre>
data(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.RichR	n
attribute), 824	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.backward_slice.BackwardSlice
data (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute), 439	method), 627
data (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter attribute), 442	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket method), 637
data(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.TRANSMIT_REC	repr() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method), 746
attribute), 284  Data (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 852	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic method), 694
Data (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.data), 549	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Basel
data_graph (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG property), 746	method), 685
data_ptr() (angr.PTChunk method), 209	$\verb"dbg_repr"()" (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. Break and the str$
data_ptr() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chunk	method), 687
method), 300	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Code
data_ptr() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTC method), 303	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Cond
data_refs (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute),	method), 688
437	dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Cond
data_sub_graph() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method),	method), 686 dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Conti
746 DataDanardancyCranhAnalysis (class in	method), 688
DataDependencyGraphAnalysis (class in	method), 666 ydbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Loop]
863	method), 687

<pre>dbg_repr() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structu</pre>	rer_nodes. <b>MngtitNval</b> gses.disassembly_utils), 848
method), 685	DecodingAssumption (class in
${\tt dbg\_repr()}\ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structuring)$	rer_nodes. <b>Siengmanwell\swak</b> ecfg.cfg_fast), 648
method), 686	DecompilationCache (class in
<pre>dbg_repr() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 870</pre>	angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache),
dbg_repr() (angr.Blade method), 168	697
dbg_repr() (angr.blade.Blade method), 868	DecompilationOption (class in
<pre>dbg_repr() (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion method),</pre>	$angr. analyses. decompiler. decompilation\_options),\\$
614	696
dbg_repr() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method), 266	Decompiler (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin attribute), 619
<pre>dbg_repr_run() (angr.analyses.backward_slice.Backward method), 628</pre>	d <b>Bico</b> mpiler (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler),
DbInformation (class in angr.angrdb.models), 676	decorate() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
DbKnowledgeBase (class in angr.angrdb.models), 676	static method), 801
DbLabel (class in angr.angrdb.models), 679	default (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CSwitchCase
DbObject (class in angr.angrdb.models), 676	attribute), 728
DbStructuredCode (class in angr.angrdb.models), 678	default (angr.sim_state_options.StateOption attribute),
DbVariableCollection (class in angr.angrdb.models),	228
677	DEFAULT (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionExit
DbXRefs (class in angr.angrdb.models), 678	attribute), 467
DDG (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin	default_cc() (in module angr), 184
attribute), 618	default_cc() (in module angr.calling_conventions),
DDG (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 745	502
DDGJob (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 743	default_exit_target (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB
DDGView (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 745	attribute), 437
DDGViewInstruction (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 745	<pre>default_indirect_jump_resolvers() (in module</pre>
DDGViewItem (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 744	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.default_resolvers),
deactivate() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset	662
method), 223	default_node(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Sw
<pre>dead_ref() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy</pre>	attribute), 688
method), 389	<pre>default_simtype_from_size()</pre>
dead_ref() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180	(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCod
DeadAssignment (class in	method), 738
angr.analyses.binary_optimizer), 857	DefaultChainMapCOW (class in angr.utils.cowdict), 881
deadended (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager at-	DefaultFillerMixin (class in
tribute), 383	angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin),
deadended (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172	340
deadends (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated	DefaultListPagesMemory (class in
property), 644	angr.storage.memory_mixins), 338
debug() (angr.sim_manager.ErrorRecord method), 389	DefaultMemory (class in angr.storage.memory_mixins),
DebugVariable (class in	338
angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables), 567	<pre>defer_cleanup() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy     method), 389</pre>
DebugVariableContainer (class in	defer_cleanup() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180
angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables), 567	<pre>definition(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.Defin attribute), 592</pre>
DebugVariableManager (class in	Definition (class in angr.analyses.reaching_definitions),
angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables),	767
568	Definition(class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions),
<pre>dec_active_workers() (angr.distributed.server.Server</pre>	582
method), 896 dec_active_workers() (angr.Server method), 210	Definition (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition), 589
	DefinitionAnnotation (class in

angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_defi 592	in <b>depts)</b> , (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode at- tribute), 527
	deref(angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariable
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definitio	
587	deref (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView property),
definitions (angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewInstruction	314
property), 745	<pre>deref() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions</pre>
defs(angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBa	
attribute), 520	<pre>deref() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions.</pre>
defs (angr.KnowledgeBase attribute), 211	method), 811
DefUseChain (class in angr.analyses.vsa_ddg), 841	<pre>deref() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState</pre>
<pre>delete() (angr.SimMount method), 203</pre>	method), 781
<pre>delete() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFiles</pre>	$y. \pmb{\textbf{deme}} \textbf{f()} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.live\_definitions.LiveDefinitions. \\$
method), 252	method), 600
<pre>delete() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem</pre>	${\tt deref()} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.LiveDefinitions$
method), 250	method), 580
delete() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimMount	${\tt DerefSize} \ ({\it class in angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions}),$
method), 251	580
	${\tt DerefSize} \ (class\ in\ angr. knowledge\_plugins. key\_definitions. live\_definitions. live\_definit$
method), 240	592
delete() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS	
method), 242	angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 828
delete_reference() (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.	
method), 296	(angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method),
delete_uc() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn	
static method), 290	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.base_ptr_sa
demangled_name (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_co	
attribute), 725	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs
<pre>demangled_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.func</pre>	
demote() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifie attribute), 705
method), 269	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eager_return
dep_graph(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.R	
property), 807	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swa
dep_graph(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_	
property), 791	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_compiler.optimization_passes.optimization_passe
dep_graph (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingL	
	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_swi
dep_graph (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingL	
property), 777	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplif
dependents (angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewItem prop-	attribute), 708
erty), 745	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simpli
depends() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_h	
method), 799	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save
depends() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionC	
method), 786	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_sa
depends_on (angr.analyses.ddg.DDGViewItem prop-	attribute), 711
erty), 745	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_canar
DepGraph (class in angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep	_graph), attribute), 704
793	DESCRIPTION (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_get
DepNodeTypes (class in	attribute), 711
angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes), 865	${\tt DESCRIPTION} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. base. Peeploon \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. decompiler. peeploon \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. decompiler. peeploon \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. peeploon \ (angr.$
${\tt depth} ({\it angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_node.CFGENode}$	attribute), 712
attribute), 547	${\tt DESCRIPTION} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. base. Peephole\_optimizations. Peephole\_optimizations.$

attribute), 711	${\tt Disassembly} (angr. analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plugin$
description (angr.sim_state_options.StateOption at-	attribute), 619
tribute), 228	disassembly (angr.Block property), 170
descriptions (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	
property), 269	disassembly (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property),
<pre>dest(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler</pre>	00
destroy() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn	Disassembly (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 847 DisassemblyPiece (class in
method), 290	angr.analyses.disassembly), 844
	discard() (angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager.Structured() method), 569
<pre>determine() (angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.Simp</pre>	
method), 825	method), 230
DFS (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 398	<pre>discard() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method),</pre>
DFS (class in angr.exploration_techniques.dfs), 408	507
dfs_back_edges() (in module angr.utils.graph), 883	discard_input() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC
dict_content(angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist.DynamicDictL	
attribute), 882	discard_memory_variable()
dict_strkey_to_intkey()	(angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method),
(angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code.Structu static method), 683	discard_output() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC
DictBackerMixin (class in	method), 272
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag	
357	(angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub method), 223
Difference (class in angr.analyses.bindiff), 628	discard_register_variable()
difference() (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions method), 230	(angr.sim_variable.SimVariableSet method), 507
${\tt differing\_blocks}\ (angr. analyses. bind iff. Bin Diff\ prop-$	${\tt display\_name} \ (angr. analyses. data\_dep. dep\_nodes. Var DepNode$
erty), 631	property), 866
differing_blocks (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff	
property), 630	(angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction
differing_constants() (in module	method), 845
angr.analyses.bindiff), 629 differing_functions (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff	<pre>dissect_instruction_by_default()           (angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction</pre>
property), 631	method), 845
differing_functions_with_consts()	dissect_instruction_for_arm()
(angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff method), 631	(angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction
direct_next (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property),	method), 845
438	DivSimplifier (class in
Director (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 399	angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier),
Director (class in angr.exploration_techniques.director),	705
419	DivSimplifierAILEngine (class in
dirty (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CL attribute), 736	DirtyExpres <b>sing</b> r.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_simplifier), 705
DirtyAddrsMixin (class in	<pre>do_full_xrefs() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast</pre>
angr.storage.memory_mixins.dirty_addrs_mixin)	
344	<pre>do_preprocess() (in module angr.sim_type), 518</pre>
	do_trace() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier
angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_	
660	dom (angr.utils.graph.Dominators attribute), 884
disable_timing() (in module	, o o 1
angr.state_plugins.solver), 254 DisassemblerBlock (class in angr.block), 220	<pre>dominance_frontiers           (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.Variable_recovery_base.</pre>
DisassemblerInsn (class in angr.block), 220	property), 820
DIDUCTION (CIMBO III MIGILUTER), 220	property), 020

	dst_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionCallEdge
angr.analyses.dominance_frontier), 858	attribute), 650
dominates() (in module angr.utils.graph), 884	<pre>dst_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEdge</pre>
Dominators (class in angr.utils.graph), 884 done (angr.analyses.vfg.AnalysisTask property), 838	
	dst_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge attribute), 650
done (angr.analyses.vfg.CallAnalysis property), 839	
done (angr.analyses.vfg.FunctionAnalysis property), 838	dst_func_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge
DoNotUpdate (angr.analyses.calling_convention.UpdateA	
attribute), 632	dst_func_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge attribute), 650
Double (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 832	
	edst_type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CTypeCast
method), 643	attribute), 734
downsize() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_ana	
method), 621	tribute), 768
method), 811	Rewardning Definitions Stage_plugins.key_definitions.Definition attribute), 583
	(Dafinis) (na. Spakenowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition
method), 781	attribute), 590
downsize() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_re	
method), 820	angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dummy),
downsize() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGE	
method), 547	dump() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB method), 675
downsize() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode	dump() (angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model.CFGModelSerializer
method), 527	static method), 680
downsize() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226	$\verb dump()  (angr. angrdb. serializers. comments. Comments Serializer $
downsize() (angr.SimState method), 183	static method), 680
<pre>downsize() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector</pre>	<pre>dump() (angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs.FunctionManagerSerializer</pre>
method), 234	static method), 680
<pre>downsize() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction</pre>	$\verb dump()  (angr. angrdb. serializers. kb. Knowledge Base Serializer $
method), 466	static method), 681
<pre>downsize() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionDat</pre>	
method), 468	static method), 681
downsize() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver	$\verb"dump" () (angr. angr db. serializers. loader. Loader Serializer$
method), 257	static method), 682
	ır <b>dılırl<u>ıp (r</u>)e (ongr<sub>yar</sub>bgıxlıb)kariabikaRsıxıvu cystedle_Boske</b> .StructuredCodeManagerS
static method), 820	static method), 683
	$\verb dump()  (angr. angrdb. serializers. variables. Variable Manager Serializer $
angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. dream),	static method), 682
684	dump() (angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs.XRefsSerializer
DrillerCore (class in angr.exploration_techniques),	static method), 682
392	<pre>dump() (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper method),</pre>
DrillerCore (class in	483
angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core),	<pre>dump_file_by_path()</pre>
416	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
${\tt DROP}\ (angr.sim\_manager.SimulationManager\ attribute),$	method), 247
382	$\verb dump_graph()  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. phoenix. Phoenix Structuring)  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. phoenix. Phoenix Structuring)  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring)  (analyses. decompiler. structuring)  (analys$
DROP (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172	static method), 691
<pre>drop() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method),</pre>	$\verb dump_internal()  (angr. angrdb. serializers. variables. Variable Manager Serializers)                                      $
387	static method), 683
drop() (angr.SimulationManager method), 176	dumps() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
${\tt dst} \ \ (angr.engines.pcode.lifter. Exit Statement \ \ attribute),$	method), 247
435	dumps() (angr.vaults.Vault method), 617
<pre>dst (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef attribute),</pre>	DUPLICATION_CHECK (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base

 $attribute),\,722$ 

610

DURING_	REGION_IDENTIFICATION  (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passe	es.op	
dwarf d	attribute), 703 £fa (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDo		EINVAL (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-
	property), 309		EIO (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix attribute),
dwarf_c	cfa_approx(angr.state_plugins.debug_variab	les.S	SimDebugVa+lablePlugin
	property), 309		EISDIR (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-
DYNAMIC	, , ,		tribute), 244
DYNAMTO	attribute), 471 C_RET (angr.SimProcedure attribute), 159		ELFHeader (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSort attribute), 542
		ure	ELFHeader (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort
•	method), 472		attribute), 523
	c_returns() (angr.SimProcedure method), 15		${\tt eliminatable} \ (angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. jump table. Reg$
Dynamic	cDictList (class in angr.utils.dynamic_dictlis		property), 663
	882		eliminatable (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.Noda property), 863
Ε			eliminatable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.StackLocati
E2BIG	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix a	at-	property), 816
	tribute), 244		eliminatable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.VariableSou
EACCES	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	at-	property), 817
	tribute), 244		eliminatable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.
EAGAIN	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix of tribute), 244	at-	property), 817 eliminatable (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.L
FagerRe		in	property), 592
Lagerne			ag <b>elininats</b> able (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mix
	701		property), 344
EBADF (	angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC attribute 271	,,	else_node (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfElse attribute), 727
EBADF	tribute), 244		else_node (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Casca attribute), 687
EBUSY	tribute), 244		EMFILE (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix attribute), 245
ECHILD	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix tribute), 244		tribute), 245
	attribute), 536		el IMPCM often gr. analyses.proximity_graph.ProxiNodeTypes attribute), 860
	attribute), 529		de@mpty_block() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB static method), 437
EDOM	( 8		EmptyBlockNotice, 685
EEXIST	tribute), 245 (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix a		EmptyNodeRemover (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.empty_node_remover),
EEAISI	tribute), 244	лі-	698
EFAULT	(angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC attribute	e),	enable_profiling() (in module
	271		angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast),
EFAULT	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix a		660
EED. C	tribute), 244		enable_timing() (in module
EFBIG	tribute), 245		angr.state_plugins.solver), 254 end (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.Segment attribute),
effects	s (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_		
offorts	attribute), 799 s (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Function)		end (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject property), 613   Dand_info_hook() (in module
errects	attribute), 785	CuiiL	angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274
EINTR		at-	endness (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.MemoryLocation attribute), 767

andnoss (anar knowledge, plugins key, definitions atoms Mamory) acatian	
endness (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.MemoryLocation attribute), 587 EPIPE (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-	
endness (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject tribute), 245 attribute), 334 EQ (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifiers	fier.C
endpoints(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function attribute), 718	
property), 555 Equal (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.Condition attribute),	
endpoints_with_type 834	
(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.FunctEquivalence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), property), 555 826	
ENFILE (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 245 ERANGE (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 245	
ENODEV (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- erase() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin tribute), 244 method), 337	
ENOENT (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 244 erase() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory method), 353	y_mi
ENOEXEC (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 244 erase() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.list_page method), 362	e.List
ENOMEM (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC attribute), erase() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mv_list_ 272 method), 349	_page
ENOMEM (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 244 EROFS (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 245	
ENOSPC (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- errno (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc property), tribute), 245	
ENOSYS (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC attribute), error_converter() (in module 272 angr.state_plugins.solver), 254	
ENOTBLK (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 244  ERROR_REG (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscall attribute), 499	
ENOTDIR (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 244  ERROR_REG (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscall attribute), 498	
ENOTTY (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 245 ERROR_REG (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscall attribute), 500	l
entry_state() (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method), 217 ERROR_REG (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinuxSyscall attribute), 499	
entrypoints (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to <u>ERRGRCRESS</u> )(aeTgo_Simlking_conventions.SimCCSyscall atproperty), 813  tribute), 493	
environment (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state. Recording Definitions_Statenager. Simulation Manager prop- property), 807 erty), 383	
environment (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reachingdiafonitidn(stigtes) imulationManager property), 172	
property), 777 ErrorRecord (class in angr.sim_manager), 388	
Environment (class in errors (angr.analyses.analysis.Analysis attribute), 620	
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environment)ors (angr.Analysis attribute), 178	
590 ESPIPE (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-	
ENXIO (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- tribute), 245	
tribute), 244 ESRCH (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-	
eof() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198 tribute), 244	
eof() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201 ETXTBSY (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-	
eof() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor method), 327 tribute), 245	
eof() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase method), eval() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 326	
eof() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex eval_atleast() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 330 method), 261	
EPERM (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at- eval_atmost() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver tribute), 244 method), 260	
EPIPE (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC attribute), eval_exact() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver	

method), 261 method), 450
eval_one() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntXor method), 260 method), 453
eval_to_ast() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorNotEqual method), 258 method), 447
eval_upto() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorSubpiece method), 259 method), 463
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviaruate_unary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior method), 445  method), 445
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviarBable\nu\text{nu}\text{harb}() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate method), 458  method), 457
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavialBablQunary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy method), 459  method), 446
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavialBableXomary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorInt2Comp method), 458  method), 452
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavialfataLunary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntNegate method), 446 method), 452
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSext method), 450 method), 449
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviarIntZext method), 453  method), 449  method), 449
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviarthatCerumary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorPopcount method), 451  method), 464
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavienhsDiv (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 456 property), 269
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh <b>evientusLoff</b> _type() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 454 method), 262
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehawortonTNTER (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.ConditionProcess
method), 448 attribute), 696 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh&XDEIntL&ssEgquadite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-
method), 448 attribute), 696 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehæwdestintLassEgnstdite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 tribute), 244 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehæwiescinteMy)t(angr.Project method), 166
method), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh&\text{Explosible}Entle(ssf\text{growth}te_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorithM\text{plut}(angr.Project method), 166  method), 455  execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorithM\text{plut}(angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method),
method), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLanding.plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMidt(angr.Project method), 166  method), 455  execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMidt(angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMidt(angr.SimProcedure method), 319  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMidt(angr.SimProcedure method), 319
method), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh&\text{Expressible Expressible}), 244  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh&\text{expressible}), 244  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh&\text{expressible}), 166  method), 455  execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh&\text{expressible}) (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method),  method), 454  471
method), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLassEgnetate_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMid)t(angr.Project method), 166  method), 455  execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOf) (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), method), 454  471  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRefn(angr.SimProcedure method), 159  method), 457  ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400  method), 454  ExecuteAddressGoal (class in executeAddressGoal) (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400
method), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLassFapusalite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMi)M(angr.Project method), 166  method), 455  execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMi) (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), 454  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMi) (angr.SimProcedure method), 159  method), 457  ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400  method), 454  ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400  method), 454  ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSbargenexploration_techniques.director), 418  method), 451  executed_instruction_count (angr.errors.SimError
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLassFignatute_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMixInt(angr.Project method), 166 method), 455 execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOf() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), method), 454 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRof() (angr.SimProcedure method), 159 method), 457 ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400 method), 454 ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400 method), 454 ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSbargovexploration_techniques.director), 418
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntL(softgnandte_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorLntMixt(angr.Project method), 166     method), 455     execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorLntMixt(n) (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), and method), 454  evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorLntMixt(n) (angr.SimProcedure method), 159     method), 457     ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400     method), 454     ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntStangovexploration_techniques.director), 418     method), 451     executed_instruction_count (angr.errors.SimError evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScantribute), 892     method), 451     Existence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScantribute)
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.tntLessEgnundite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.tntLessEgnundite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.tntLessEgnundite_plugins.project method), 166     method), 455     execute() (angr.project.Project method), 166 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.tntLessEgnundite_plugins.procedure.SimProcedure method), 459 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior.tntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400     method), 457     ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSkangnexxploration_techniques.director), 418     method), 451     executed_instruction_count (angr.errors.SimError evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScandripute), 892     method), 451     Existence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScandripute), 892     method), 456     exists_in_replacements() (in module evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScangr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver),
evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLessEgnandite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorLittAtQ)((angr.Project method), 166     method), 455     execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorLittAtQ)((angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), and 454 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorLittAtQ)((angr.SimProcedure method), 159     method), 457     ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400     method), 454     ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntShargenexploration_techniques.director), 418     method), 451     executed_instruction_count (angr.errors.SimError evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScampribute), 892     method), 451     Existence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdiv7     method), 456     exists_in_replacements() (in module evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdiv7     method), 447 666 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdivgr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver), method), 447
method), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehENDEIntLassEgnandte_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenechttMill(angr.Project method), 166 method), 455 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenechttMill(angr.Project.Project method), 216 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenechttMill(angr.Sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), method), 454 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenechttMill(angr.SimProcedure method), 159 method), 457 ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRingr.exploration_techniques), 400 method), 457 ExecuteAddressGoal (class in evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRingr.exploration_techniques.director), 418 method), 451 executed_instruction_count (angr.errors.SimError evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScontribute), 892 method), 451 Existence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdN27 method), 456 exists_in_replacements() (in module evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSlengr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver), method), 447 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenviorIntSlengr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver), method), 448 exit() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenviorIntSontribuse) evalua
method), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehENDDEIntLessEgnendite_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix atmethod), 448 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehendeintMid)(angr.Project method), 166 method), 455 execute() (angr.project.Project method), 216 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehendeintMid)(angr.Project.Project method), 216 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehendeintMid)(angr.SimProcedure method), 159 method), 457 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehendeintMid)(angr.SimProcedure method), 159 method), 457 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRighgr.exploration_techniques), 400 method), 454 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntShangenexploration_techniques.director), 418 method), 451 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScomtribute), 892 method), 451 executed_instruction_count (angr.errors.SimError) evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScomtribute), 892 method), 451 Existence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScomtribute), 892 method), 451 existence (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScomtribute), 892 method), 451 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScomgr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver), method), 447  666 evaluate_binary() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehenviortifySlangExpual[procedure.SimProcedure method), 473 method), 448 exit() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160

method), 771	715
	_stat <b>exRecedsingDesfluitigmesSeame</b> s.pcode.lifter.IRSB property),
attribute), 805	438
exit_observed (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Re	
attribute), 775	angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding),
exit_statements (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB prop	
erty), 438	ExprOpSwapper (class in
ExitStatement (class in angr.engines.pcode.lifter), 43	
	n 710
	(xin)extend() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB method), 438
340	extend_actions() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
•	in method), 269
angr.distributed.worker), 897	extend_actions() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog
ExplorationTechnique (class in angr), 178	method), 262
	n extern(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.DefinitionMatch
angr.exploration_techniques), 390	attribute), 588
explore() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManage method), 384	er ExternalCodeLocation (class in angr.code_location), 612
explore() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173	extract() (angr.sim_type.SimCppClass method), 517
Explorer (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 396	extract() (angr.sim_type.simCppCtass method), 517 extract() (angr.sim_type.SimStruct method), 515
	r), extract() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray method), 512
408	extract() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeBool method), 510
	weredxtwatch (s) (naphifiesiting super. SimTypeChar method), 510
attribute), 707	extract() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat method), 515
	Muleistatante(i) Expression_type.SimTypeInt method), 510
attribute), 736	extract() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeNum method), 509
	Typexitxact() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeNumOffset method),
attribute), 734	517
	timizattorescha(s): Reeghzile Oppien Einni Byde Reeghouse hod), 509
attribute), 712	extract() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeString method), 512
attribute), 678	le extract() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeWString method), 513
<pre>expr_idx (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.</pre>	exp <b>exfortage</b> (DxpangrioinLagyptic SimUnion method), 516
attribute), 714	<pre>extract() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_valu</pre>
ExpressionCounter (class i	n method), 351
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ex	xpr_ <b>_exhthrag</b> )t_claripy() (angr.sim_type.SimType method),
715	507
ExpressionFolder (class i	n extract_components()
	xpr_folding), (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser
716	method), 475
ExpressionLocation (class i	n extract_defs() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.es	
714	extract_defs() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDe
	in method), 806
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	r), extract_defs() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.
699	method), 777
	in extract_defs() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.	
angr.anaryses.aecompuer.opumization_passes. 709	extract_defs() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
	in static method), 574
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes. 705	
	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
ExpressionReplacer (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.region simplifiers.es	in static method), 758
angr.anaivses.aecombiler.region simbliners.eว	<i>ipi wouling</i> , _ueis_iiom_mv()

(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_defi			knowledge_p	lugins.c	fg.MemoryData
static method), 595		ethod), 524			
<pre>extract_defs_from_mv()</pre>	fill_reg_		(in		module
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefi		igr.analyses.r			
static method), 574			s.cfg.indirect	_jump_r	resolvers.amd64_elf_got.AMI
<pre>extract_jump_targets() (in module</pre>		ethod), 657			
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 740		-	s.cfg.indirect	_jump_r	resolvers.arm_elf_fast.ArmEl
<pre>extract_offset_to_sp()</pre>		ethod), 658			
(angr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail.SimEnginelmethod), 752		<b>lih</b> gr.analyses ethod), 666	s.cfg.indirect	_jump_r	resolvers.const_resolver.Cons
<pre>extract_offset_to_sp()</pre>		angr.analyses ethod), 666	s.cfg.indirect	_jump_r	resolvers.jumptable.JumpTab
static method), 749		* *	s.cfg.indirect	iump 1	resolvers.mips_elf_fast.MipsE
extract_stack_offset_from_addr()		ethod), 660		<i></i>	
(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recove	eff <u>i l</u> btase.(V)a(n	aiadghedhea bysen	sySftgutienBliusæct	_jump_r	resolvers.resolver.IndirectJun
static method), 819 extract_terms() (in module		ethod), 667	afa indinact		vasalvans v96 alf nia nlt V96
$angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c),$	m	ethod), 661			resolvers.x86_elf_pic_plt.X86
723		•	s.cfg.indirect	_jump_r	resolvers.x86_pe_iat.X86PeIa
<pre>extract_value_if_concrete()</pre>		ethod), 659			
(angr.analyses.xrefs.SimEngineXRefsVEX static method), 859		(angr.analy ethod), 836	ses.veritestin	ıg.CallT	racingFilter
<pre>extract_variables()</pre>	filter()(	angr.explorat	tion_techniqu	ies.Expl	orationTechnique
(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recove	ery_base.V <b>a</b> n	<b>ethdelR</b> eð00er	yStateBase		
static method), 819	filter()	(angr.e ethod), 397	exploration_	techniqu	ues.Explorer
F		angr.explorat	tion techniau	ies.explo	orer.Explorer
f (angr.utils.mp.Closure attribute), 889		ethod), 409	ion_reemiiqi	resienpre	
<pre>failure() (angr.engines.successors.SimSuccessors</pre>	filter()(	angr.explorat	ion_techniqu	ıes.local	!_loop_seer.LocalLoopSeer
class method), 429		ethod), 422	ation toolui	I	a all a an Caan
false_node (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structuring.attribute), 686	m	ethod), 406			
<pre>fast_memory_load() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reasser.</pre>	nfijeter()(	angr.explorat	tion_techniqu	ıes.loop_	_seer.LoopSeer
method), 856	m	ethod), 421			
- as aremony (cross in any interaction ) _ interior), esc	filter()		xploration_t	echnique	es.LoopSeer
$\verb fd   (angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.TRANSMIT\_RECORDINATE + CORDINATE +$	LD.	ethod), 394			a.
attribute), 284	filter()		xploration_te	?chnique	es.Slicecutor
FD_SETSIZE (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC at-		ethod), 392		7.	. GI:
tribute), 272			tion_techniqu	ies.slice	cutor.Slicecutor
FetchingZeroPageError, 288		ethod), 417		$\boldsymbol{T}$	4 1
field (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CSt attribute), 731	r <del>tile‡Fl&amp;T</del> d.) ( 39	angr.explorai 95	tion_techniqi	ues.Irac	er method),
FieldReferenceCleanup (class in	filter()		oration_tech	niques.tr	racer.Tracer
$angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen.c),$		ethod), 415			
739		angr.Explora			
fields (angr.sim_type.SimUnion attribute), 516 file_exists (angr.SimFileDescriptor property), 199	filter() m	(angr.si ethod), 385	im_manager.	Simulati	ionManager
file_exists (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor prop-	filter()(	angr.Simulati	ionManager .	method)	), 175
erty), 328	filter_ac	tions()(ang	gr.state_plug	gins.histe	ory.SimStateHistory
file_exists (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase		ethod), 268	. 0		·
property), 327		nd_regions		(in	module
fill_content() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_domethod), 543	uta.Memor <b>91</b> 71	ggr <sub>i</sub> analyses.d  9	lecompiler.re	egion_si	mplifiers.switch_cluster_simp
memouj, 573		nstraints()	)		

```
(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin
                                                                                                  static method), 885
             method), 277
                                                                                    find_path() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph
filter_variables() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passemethyide,_base.SimplifierAILState
                                                                                    find_paths() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph
              method), 709
final_states(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode method), 795
              attribute), 547
                                                                                    find_sources() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method), 747
final_states (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode find_stack_vars_x86()
              attribute), 527
                                                                                                   (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier
find()
                  (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin
                                                                                                   method), 834
             method), 336
                                                                                    find_variable_by_atom()
find() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_me\(\textit{ungy.kmixiledRegipheetiMevuarigMexinariable_manager.VariableMexinariable)}\)
                                                                                                   method), 563
              method), 367
find() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.stafinfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnlstatingfindantialnls
                                                                                                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
              method), 370
find() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.smart_find_mixin.SmartFindMixiethod), 563
              method), 339
                                                                                     find_variables_by_atom()
find() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapper_mixin.UnwrapperMixingr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
              method), 347
                                                                                                   method), 563
                                                                                    find_variables_by_insn()
find_all_predecessors()
              (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
             method), 794
                                                                                                   method), 562
find_all_successors()
                                                                                    find_variables_by_register()
              (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
                                                                                                   method), 563
             method), 794
find_cc()
                     (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
                                                                         static find_variables_by_stack_offset()
              method), 490
                                                                                                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
find_cc() (angr.SimCC static method), 187
                                                                                                   method), 563
find_consumers() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method), find_variables_by_stmt()
                                                                                                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMe
find_data_references_and_update_memory_data()
                                                                                                   method), 563
              (angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.Decompilerfind_widening_points()
             method), 698
                                                                                                   (angr.utils.graph.GraphUtils static method),
find_declaration() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Famation
                                                                                    FindFirstNodeInSet
              method), 558
                                                                                                                                        (class
                                                                                                                                                                   in
find_definition() (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.basedlysephlakaOppileizragintExsirtPolisfiers.switch_cluster_simple
             static method), 712
find_definitions()
                                             (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG finish()
                                                                                                      (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
             method), 747
                                                                                                   method), 290
find_definitions() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.flip_@i)afdmp@eBBnmpHod), 161
                                                                                    fire() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.BP method), 233
              method), 794
find_defs_at() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingsDefnonDableDdnbde()
                                                                                                                                                           module
              method), 773
                                                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 742
find_defs_at() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.fd_pstdaddeilgDefinement()del
                                                                                                                                                           module
                                                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741
             method), 602
\label{lem:line_defs_at}  find\_defs\_at() \ (\textit{angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.} \\  \textit{Rev.c.pingDeff.ppieo.m.ehrbarb.ty}() \\
              method), 570
                                                                                                   (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure
                                                                                                                                                         method),
find_function_for_reflow_into_addr()
                                                                                                   472
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGMod&lx_prototype_returnty()
                                                                                                                                         (angr.SimProcedure
                                                                                                   method), 160
              method), 541
find_function_for_reflow_into_addr()
                                                                                    flags (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                                                                                                   attribute), 474
                                                                                    Flags (class in angr.storage.file), 314
              method), 535
find_killers() (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method), 747
                                                                                    flavor
                                                                                                    (angr.angrdb.models.DbStructuredCode
find_merge_points()
                                        (angr.utils.graph.GraphUtils
                                                                                                   tribute), 678
```

FlirtAnalysis (class in angr.analyses.flirt), 748 FlirtSignature (class in angr.flirt), 879 Float (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 832 float_len_mod(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.Sco	
attribute), 475	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC at-
float_spec (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfF attribute), 475	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64
float_type() (in module	attribute), 496
angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 833	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64LinuxSyscall
FloatBase (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts),	attribute), 497
832	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WindowsSyscall
${\tt FloatingPoint} (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.memory\_da$	
attribute), 542	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM at-
FloatingPoint(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDat	
attribute), 523	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF
floor_addr() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket	attribute), 496
method), 637	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall
floor_addr() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function	•
method), 550	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl
floor_func() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function	
method), 551	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64
floor_item() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket	attribute), 493
method), 637	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64 at-
floor_items() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket	tribute), 498
method), 637	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscall
<pre>flush_pages() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_mem</pre>	nory.paged <u>a<b>nneibnote), A</b>AR</u> in.PagedMemoryMixin
method), 355	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32 at-
$\verb fmt  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CConstant (angr. analyses. decompiler. decompil$	
property), 735	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscall
$\verb fmt_char  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. codegen. cod$	
property), 735	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC
$\verb fmt_hex   (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen.c.) $	
property), 735	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64
$\verb fmt_neg  (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.) $	
property), 735	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscall
<pre>force_unroll_loops()</pre>	attribute), 500
	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinuxSyscall
method), 643	attribute), 499
	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinuxSyscall
273	attribute), 497
	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274 FormatInfoIntToStr (class in	attribute), 501
FormatInfoIntToStr (class in angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall attribute), 502
FormatInfoStrToInt (class in	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274	attribute), 494
FormatParser (class in	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall
angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser), 474	attribute), 493
	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall
angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser), 474	attribute), 494
	FP_ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCM68k at-
angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser), 473	
	tribute), 464  FP_ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC

FP_ARG_REGS (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCXtensa at-	method), 568
tribute), 466	<pre>from_name_and_pc() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.DebugVariables.De</pre>
FP_ARG_REGS (angr.SimCC attribute), 185	method), 568
<pre>fp_args (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC property),</pre>	<pre>from_opstr() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.Condition</pre>
488	class method), 835
fp_args (angr.SimCC property), 185	<pre>from_pc() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.DebugVariable</pre>
<pre>fp_iter (angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession at-</pre>	method), 568
tribute), 487	${\tt from\_pc()} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.debug\_variables.DebugVariableContinues and the property of the prope$
<pre>fp_iter (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC.ArgSession</pre>	method), 567
attribute), 488	from_signature(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
fp_iter (angr.SimCC.ArgSession attribute), 185	attribute), 553
FP_RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC at-	from_signature(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFu
tribute), 488	attribute), 560
	Ffrom_state() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.VariableSoun
attribute), 496	static method), 817
FP_RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl	
attribute), 492 FP_RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicroso	angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker), 815
attribute), 493	fstat() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
FP_RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemV	•
attribute), 494	fstat_with_result()
FP_RETURN_VAL (angr.SimCC attribute), 185	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
free() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocator	
method), 796	full_graph(angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion
free() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 207	attribute), 700
free() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc.SimHeapLibc	
method), 301	method), 217
<pre>free() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapH</pre>	PftMdlasimplify() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy
method), 305	method), 389
<pre>free_chunks() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 206</pre>	full_simplify() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180
	n <b>Hump[anghst</b> nalyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.ConstantValueN
method), 301	attribute), 663
<pre>free_chunks() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.S</pre>	
method), 304	tribute), 652
freeze() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointer_tracker.Stack	
method), 816	property), 657
	func_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base.CFGJobBase
method), 220	property), 657
	func_addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.Peephole_attribute), 712
property), 262  from 211 even() (quay analyses reaching definitions At	airroute), 712 pfunc_addr (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.Peepho
static method), 764	attribute), 712
	attrioute), 712 n <b>£urannaeldar(</b> angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.SimEngineVRBa
static method), 583	property), 824
	orfunc_addr (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.Varia
static method), 764	property), 820
<pre>from_argument() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definition</pre>	
static method), 584	tribute), 678
<pre>from_cle_variable()</pre>	func_addr (angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection
(angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVo	
static method), 308	<pre>func_addr(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJump</pre>
from_digraph() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG	attribute), 548
method), 869	func_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump
<pre>from_name() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables.D</pre>	PebugVaria <b>hteNhane</b> g <b>e</b> 728

angr.utils.enums_conv), 882	FunctionAnalysis (class in angr.analyses.vfg), 838 FunctionCall (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.ProxiNodeTypes
<pre>func_edge_type_to_pb()</pre>	attribute), 860
	FunctionCallData (class in
${\tt func\_graph}  (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. subject. Subject.$	
	FunctionCallData (class in
<pre>func_lookup() (angr.analyses.disassembly.Disassembly</pre>	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler), 797
	FunctionCallDataUnwrapped (class in
FuncIn (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 829	$angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. function\_handler),$
FuncInfo (class in angr.analyses.identifier.identify), 833	800
	FunctionCallEdge (class in angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast),
funcs (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase attribute), 676	650 FunctionCallRelationships (class in
Function (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.ProxiNodeTypes attribute), 860	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph), 792
${\tt function} (angr. analyses. reaching\_ definitions. function\_ hard and the state of the state$	a <b>FibercFaironDircG</b> allData (class in
attribute), 798 function (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCal	$angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function\_manager),$
	FunctionDiff (class in angr.analyses.bindiff), 629
Function (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.S	
	FunctionEffect (class in
Function (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.functions.552	ion), angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler),
<pre>function() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_n</pre>	Frangti Enlight Grand in
method), 551	angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast), 650
${\tt function\_address} ({\it angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_node})$	RUMGTWoodaGraphVisitor (class in
attribute), 545	angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph)
${\tt function\_address} ({\it angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.CFGNode}) \\$	
	FunctionHandler (class in
function_address (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned attribute), 368	d_memoryangiam_adusasAndachish@rdpfinitions), 781 FunctionHandler (class in
function_calls (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_the attribute), 790	hing_defin <b>itingrsaRedyshing&amp;definitiso_definitissis</b> .function_handler), 801
function_codeloc(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.functionted), 798	Fairat_Lowkley: Falassiom and Datalyses.cfg.cfg_job_base), 657
function_codeloc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Fuattribute), 785	Fration Cod/Lettel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 848
	FunctionManager (class in
(angr.analyses.ddg.DDG method), 746	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager),
function_final_states (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG	550
	FunctionManagerSerializer (class in
function_initial_states (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG	angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs), 680
	FunctionParser (class in
function_name (angr.analyses.reassembler.FunctionLabel property), 849	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser), 559
	FunctionProxiNode (class in
(angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.Con	
	FunctionReturn (class in angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast),
FUNCTION_PROLOGUE (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJobT	
	FunctionReturnEdge (class in
<pre>function_prototype()</pre>	angr.analyses.cfg_fast), 650
	functions (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase property), 646

functions (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.Knowledge_base.Knowledge_base.knowledge_base.Knowl	-	(angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 481
functions (angr.KnowledgeBase attribute), 211	get() (ar	ngr.SimMount method), 203
<pre>functions_called() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions</pre>	.fgetAdr	hgrestote_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem
method), 558		method), 252
<pre>functions_probably_identical()</pre>	get()	(angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem
(angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff method), 631	_	method), 250
FunctionStart (class in angr.analyses.disassembly),		ngr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimMount method),
844		251
$angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.tag),$		(angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals method), 279
603	get() (	angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),
FunctionTransitionEdge (class in		240
angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast), 650	get() ( <i>a</i>	angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method),
$functy (\it angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c. C. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c. analyses. decompiler. decompil$	Function	242
attribute), 725	get()	(angr.state_plugins.view.SimRegNameView
fwd_chunk() (angr.PTChunk method), 209		method), 310
<pre>fwd_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chun</pre>	kget() (ar	ngr.utils.mp.Initializer class method), 889
method), 300		tract_locations()
<pre>fwd_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_ptmalloc.PT</pre>		(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_meta
method), 303		method), 371
memou), 505		c() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869
G		r_of_native_method()
	•	
<pre>g_label_ctr (angr.analyses.reassembler.Label at- tribute), 848</pre>		(angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM method), 878
GDB (class in angr.state_plugins.gdb), 270	-	_definitions() (in module
<pre>generate_code_cover()</pre>		angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 787
(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast_method), 656		_nodes() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase method), 646
<pre>generate_gdt() (angr.SimOS method), 169</pre>	get_all_	_nodes() (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG method), 841
<pre>generate_gdt() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method),</pre>		_nodes() (angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.VSA_DDG method), 842
<pre>generate_index() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase method), 646</pre>	get_all_	_nodes() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGMode method), 537
<pre>generate_symbolic_cmd_line_arg()</pre>		_nodes() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
(angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM static method),		method), 531
877		_nodes_intersecting_region()
generic_compare() (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh		
static method), 446	πανιστ	method), 538
		_nodes_intersecting_region()
5	_	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274		
<pre>get() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTr</pre>	ackerState	natches () (anar knowledge, pluging natches Patch Manager
method), 815	_	_patches() (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
<pre>get() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manage</pre>	get_all_	_predecessors()
<pre>get() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environme.</pre>	nt.Environi	hangr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase method), 646
<pre>get() (angr.knowledge_plugins.labels.Labels method),</pre>	get_all_	_predecessors()
549		(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
get() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLibrary		method), 540
method), 479		_predecessors()
get() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method),	-	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
477		method), 533
7//		_successors()
	J	=

(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase	method), 556
method), 646	<pre>get_call_sites() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function</pre>
<pre>get_all_successors()</pre>	method), 556
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGMod	
method), 540	(angr.analyses.cfg_job_base.CFGJobBase
get_all_successors()	method), 657
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel	<pre>get_call_target() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function</pre>
<pre>method), 533 get_all_variables()</pre>	method), 556
(angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion method),	<pre>get_cc() (angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes.CallsitePrototypes</pre>
615	get_class() (angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJavaVmClasslo
<pre>get_alloc_depth() (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.Sim</pre>	
method), 280	get_class_hierarchy()
get_any_node() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase	(angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJavaVmClassloader
method), 646	method), 294
get_any_node() (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG method), 841	get_cmd_line_args() (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM
get_any_node() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg_model.	
method), 537	get_concrete_fd() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
get_any_node() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel	
method), 530	<pre>get_concrete_state()</pre>
<pre>get_arg_info() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC</pre>	(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery.VariableRec
method), 491	method), 822
get_arg_info() (angr.SimCC method), 188	<pre>get_concrete_value()</pre>
<pre>get_args() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC method),</pre>	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
489	method), 761
<pre>get_args() (angr.SimCC method), 186</pre>	<pre>get_concrete_value()</pre>
<pre>get_ast_subexprs() (in module</pre>	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinition
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741	method), 810
	<pre>get_concrete_value()</pre>
method), 615	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
<pre>get_basic_info() (in module angr.flirt.build_sig), 880</pre>	method), 780
<pre>get_behavior_for_opcode()</pre>	<pre>get_concrete_value()</pre>
(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.BehaviorFactory	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDe
method), 464	method), 598
<pre>get_block() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.</pre>	<i>lgentioo</i> mcrete_value()
method), 553	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
$\verb"get_block_size"() (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.$	nction.Fun <b>atieth</b> od), 577
method), 554	<pre>get_concrete_value_from_atom()</pre>
<pre>get_branching_nodes()</pre>	$(angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Live Definitions$
(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase	method), 760
method), 647	<pre>get_concrete_value_from_atom()</pre>
<pre>get_branching_nodes()</pre>	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDe
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGMod	
method), 540	<pre>get_concrete_value_from_atom()</pre>
<pre>get_branching_nodes()</pre>	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
$(angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.CFGModel$	method), 577
method), 534	<pre>get_concrete_value_from_definition()</pre>
<pre>get_by_addr() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function</pre>	on_manage(vollrigmation)Mesningaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
method), 551	method), 760
<pre>get_byte() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallResp</pre>	
static method), 276	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDe
<pre>get_call_args() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identif</pre>	
method), 833	<pre>get_concrete_value_from_definition()</pre>
<pre>get_call_return() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.fu</pre>	unction.Funationknowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions

method), 577	796
	<pre>get_exit_stmt_idx()</pre>
angr.utils.library), 888	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
<pre>get_data_dep() (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependen</pre>	
method), 864	get_exit_stmt_idx()  (anar/moveledge_r/weiges efe efe model CEC/Model
<pre>get_data_references()           (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode</pre>	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel method), 540
method), 545	get_exit_stmt_idx()
get_data_references()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode	method), 534
method), 526	${\tt get\_expr\_depth()} \ ({\it angr.state\_plugins.trace\_additions.ZenPlugin}$
<pre>get_data_size() (angr.PTChunk method), 209</pre>	method), 276
<pre>get_data_size() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.</pre>	(detukfd() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix method), 246
<pre>get_data_size() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmallo</pre>	cgetCfilmg_bytes() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin
method), 302	method), 277
get_dbinfo() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB method), 675	<pre>get_flag_rand_args()</pre>
<pre>get_default_optimization_passes() (in module</pre>	(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes), 701	static method), 276 get_footprint() (angr.calling_conventions.SimArrayArg
get_default_value_by_type()	method), 486
	get_footprint() (angr.calling_conventions.SimComboArg
878	method), 486
	Ligret Defortions int () (angr.calling_conventions. SimFunctionArgument
method), 759	method), 484
method), 810	r <b>d_extakoB&amp;pahingDyfinitgovxSliatg</b> _conventions.SimReferenceArgument method), 487
<pre>get_definitions() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions</pre>	
method), 780	method), 485
method), 597	i <b>gæ± <u>lifoo</u>dafirii nivh). LivreDefillibi gn</b> £onventions. SimStackArg method), 485
	ig <b>est_LiveDrgiriition()</b> (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg
method), 576	method), 486
<pre>get_definitions_from_atoms()</pre>	<pre>get_func_addr_from_addr()</pre>
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitio	ns (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncController
method), 760	method), 609
<pre>get_definitions_from_atoms()</pre>	get_func_info() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_def	
method), 598	get_function_diff() (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff
<pre>get_definitions_from_atoms()           (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDef</pre>	method), 631
method), 577	(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
get_defs() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reaching	
method), 773	<pre>get_function_name() (in module angr.utils.library),</pre>
<pre>get_defs() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_n</pre>	
method), 602	<pre>get_function_subgraph()</pre>
<pre>get_defs() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Read</pre>	
method), 570	method), 644
<pre>get_dependants() (angr.analyses.cdg.CDG method),</pre>	
673 get_element() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_coa	(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo legen base ProduighMothing
method), 722	get_guardians() (angr.analyses.cdg.CDG method),
get_exit_livedefinitions() (in module	673
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_hand	

```
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitionget_memory_definitions()
        method), 760
                                                                (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
get_heap_definitions()
                                                                method), 577
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_defingetormdtiheddefinattions_type()
        method), 598
                                                                (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM
                                                                                                   method),
get_heap_definitions()
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefingieio_maodel() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_man
                                                                method), 592
        method), 577
get_heap_offset() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiperDafordin() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.KeyDefinitionMana
        static method), 763
                                                                method), 572
get_heap_offset() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rdextateoBtadinyDafie(t))onsState
                                                                (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager.CFGManager
         static method), 806
get_heap_offset() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDufuthiodh)sStute
        static method), 776
                                                       get_most_accurate()
get_heap_offset() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.www.livedpefplutgins.cfg.CFGManager
         static method), 601
                                                                method), 535
get_heap_offset() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitiget_LinealDetfpoiinnt.() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem
        static method), 580
                                                                method), 250
get_implementers() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchygetotteatsisHiecov@hy
                                                                              (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM
         method), 636
                                                                method), 879
get_info() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB static method), get_native_type()
                                                                              (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM
                                                                method), 878
get_intersecting_functions()
                                                       get_nearest_pos() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
                                                                method), 723
        method), 541
                                                       get_new_uuid() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_r
get_intersecting_functions()
                                                                static method), 376
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                                                       get_node()
                                                                         (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
         method), 535
                                                                method), 646
get_irsb_at() (angr.analyses.datagraph_meta.DataGraphyMetmode() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionN
         method), 673
                                                                method), 722
get_knowledge() (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.Kerbyshedge:Basengr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
         method), 520
                                                                method), 537
get_knowledge() (angr.KnowledgeBase method), 211
                                                       get_node()
                                                                      (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
get_last_statement()
                                                                method), 530
         (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.CogetitinoRe@exsngr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
        class method), 696
                                                                method), 554
get_last_statement_index()
                                                       get_normalized_block()
         (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869
                                                                (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff
                                                                                                       static
get_last_statements()
                                                                method), 630
         (angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor.CogatitionPeacessby_offset()
                                                                                                   method),
         class method), 696
                                                                (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion
get_loop_back_edges()
                                                                615
         (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
                                                       get_observation_by_exit()
         method), 647
                                                                (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel
get_loops() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method),
                                                                method), 773
                                                       get_observation_by_exit()
\verb"get_max_sinkhole()" (angr. state\_plugins.cgc. SimState CGC
                                                                (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.ReachingDefin
        method), 273
                                                                method), 603
get_memory_definitions()
                                                       get_observation_by_exit()
         (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsMod
        method), 760
                                                                method), 571
get_memory_definitions()
                                                       get_observation_by_insn()
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LivadDefinationses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel
```

method), 598

method), 773

```
get_observation_by_insn()
                                                                                                 701
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_modelyReaphinglDeficitignkNowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
             method), 602
                                                                                                 method), 521
get_observation_by_insn()
                                                                                   get_phi_subvariables()
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinition,sMgxlkhowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMa
                                                                                                 method), 564
             method), 571
get_observation_by_node()
                                                                                   get_phi_variables()
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModangr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableModangr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableModangr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableModangr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.variables.va
             method), 773
                                                                                                 method), 564
get_observation_by_node()
                                                                                   get_plugin() (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.ReachingDefinit)ofi3Model
             method), 603
                                                                                   get_plugin() (angr.KnowledgeBase method), 211
                                                                                   get_plugin() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub method),
get_observation_by_node()
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsModel
             method), 571
                                                                                   get_plugin() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226
get_observation_by_stmt()
                                                                                   get_plugin() (angr.SimState method), 182
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.ReachingDefinitions.ChallRespInfo
             method), 773
                                                                                                 method), 276
get_observation_by_stmt()
                                                                                   get_post_dominators()
                                                                                                                                (angr.analyses.cdg.CDG
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model.ReachingnDefinit)oh3Model
             method), 603
                                                                                   get_predecessors() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
get_observation_by_stmt()
                                                                                                 method), 646
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ReachingDetfipriodetEstsbrs()
                                                                                                                                (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG
                                                                                                 method), 746
             method), 571
get_one_value() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Livadentimedecessors() (angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.VSA_DDG
             method), 761
                                                                                                 method), 842
get_one_value() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_gate_BroadlingBroadlingBroadlingProperties.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel.
                                                                                                 method), 538
             method), 810
get_one_value() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReaghingDrefinitions.State() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
             method), 780
                                                                                                 method), 531
get_one_value() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitionglive.phefdetiess.birse_parfinitionspkind()
             method), 598
                                                                                                 (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
get_one_value() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitional), 539
                                                                                   get_predecessors_and_jumpkind()
             method), 577
get_one_value_from_atom()
                                                                                                 (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                 method), 533
             method), 760
                                                                                   get_predecessors_and_jumpkinds()
get_one_value_from_atom()
                                                                                                 (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_model.CFGModel
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LivenDtdford)ji&39
             method), 598
                                                                                   get_predecessors_and_jumpkinds()
get_one_value_from_atom()
                                                                                                 (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                 method), 533
                                                                                   get_prototype() (angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes.CallsitePr
             method), 577
get_one_value_from_definition()
                                                                                                 method), 523
             (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.LiveDefinitions = prototype() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLibrary) 
             method), 760
                                                                                                 method), 479
                                                                                   \verb"get_prototype()" (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary"
get_one_value_from_definition()
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LivenDefinit);on%
             method), 598
                                                                                   get_prototype() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary
get_one_value_from_definition()
                                                                                                 method), 482
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefingieio_mprototype_type()
                                                                                                 (angr.knowledge\_plugins.call site\_prototypes.Call sitePrototypes
             method), 577
                                                                                                 method), 523
get_optimization_passes()
                                                       (in
                                                                     module
             angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization passes), get_reaching_definitions()
```

```
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions Teaching_Definitions Teaching_Definitions.LiveDefinitions
             method), 791
                                                                                                 method), 758
get_reaching_definitions()
                                                                                   get_sp() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinition.
              (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnalystlsod), 807
             method), 770
                                                                                   get_sp() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
get_reaching_definitions_by_insn()
                                                                                                 method), 777
             (angr.analyses.reaching definitions.reaching definitions.LiveDe
             method), 791
                                                                                                 method), 595
get_reaching_definitions_by_insn()
                                                                                    get_sp() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnahystlsod), 574
             method), 770
                                                                                   {\tt get\_sp\_offset()}\ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Live Definitions
get_reaching_definitions_by_node()
                                                                                                 method), 758
             method), 791
                                                                                                 method), 595
get_reaching_definitions_by_node()
                                                                                   get_sp_offset() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinition
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsAnahystlsod), 575
                                                                                   get_stack_address()
             method), 770
get_real_len() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
             method), 276
                                                                                                 method), 758
get_recent_bbl_addrs()
                                                                                    get_stack_address()
             (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
                                                                                                  (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions.
             method), 290
                                                                                                 method), 807
get_recent_n() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PicklyelStatesDk_address()
             method), 411
                                                                                                 (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
                                                                                                 method), 777
get_ref()
                            (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy
                                                                                   get_stack_address()
             method), 389
get_ref() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180
                                                                                                  (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefi
get_reg_name() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier
                                                                                                 method), 596
                                                                                    get_stack_address()
             static method), 833
get_register_definitions()
                                                                                                  (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
             (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                 method), 575
             method), 759
                                                                                    get_stack_definitions()
get_register_definitions()
                                                                                                  (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LivenDuffort)ioNsO
             method), 597
                                                                                    get_stack_definitions()
get_register_definitions()
                                                                                                 (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefi
             (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                 method), 597
             method), 576
                                                                                    get_stack_definitions()
get_regs() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
                                                                                                  (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
             method), 290
                                                                                                 method), 576
get_run() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869
                                                                                    get_stack_offset() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                                 static method), 757
get_same_length_constraints()
             (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfcget_stack_offset() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching_defi
             method), 276
                                                                                                 method), 806
get_segment_register_name()
                                                                                    get_stack_offset() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.
              (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method), 874
                                                                                                 method), 776
get_segment_register_name()
                                                                                   get_stack_offset() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery
             (angr.simos.windows.SimWindows
                                                                   method),
                                                                                                 method), 819
              877
                                                                                   get_stack_offset() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definit
get_size() (angr.PTChunk method), 209
                                                                                                 static method), 595
```

method), 300

*method*), 302

get\_size() (angr.state\_plugins.heap.heap\_freelist.Chunk get\_stack\_offset() (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.LiveDefinitions.

get\_size() (angr.state\_plugins.heap\_heap\_ptmalloc.PTChget\_stack\_values() (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.LiveDefinitions

static method), 574

method), 759

```
get_stack_values() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.kiwe_chespotion_and the plugins.key_definitions.
         method), 597
                                                               (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
get_stack_values() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Live Drefihoid) n$32
                                                      get_super_classes()
         method), 576
get_stdin_indices()
                                                               (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy
        (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
                                                               method), 636
        method), 276
                                                      get_super_classes_including()
get_stdout_indices()
                                                               (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy
         (angr.state\_plugins.trace\_additions.ChallRespInfo
                                                               method), 636
        method), 276
                                                      get_superclass() (angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJavaVmC
get_stop_details() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn method), 294
         method), 290
                                                      get_symbolic_addrs()
get_stop_msg() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
                                                               (angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin.Conve
         static method), 287
                                                               method), 348
get_structurer_option()
                                             module get_targets() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method),
                                   (in
        angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options),
                                                               870
                                                      get_tmp_definitions()
get_stub() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLibrary
                                                               (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
         method), 479
                                                               method), 759
get_stub()
               (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary
                                                      get_tmp_definitions()
         method), 477
                                                               (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefi
get_stub() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary
                                                               method), 597
                                                      get_tmp_definitions()
         method), 482
get_sub_classes() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHingrkhowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                               method), 576
        method), 636
get_sub_classes_including()
                                                      get_topological_order()
         (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy
                                                               (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
        method), 636
                                                               method), 644
get_sub_interfaces()
                                                      get_type() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfo
         (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy method), 274
        method), 636
                                                      get_type() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoDontConstrain
get_sub_interfaces_including()
                                                               method), 274
         (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHiegetchype() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoIntToStr
        method), 636
                                                               method), 274
get_subgraph() (angr.analyses.cfg_emulated.CFGEmgktedype() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.FormatInfoStrToInt
        method), 644
                                                               method), 274
get_successors() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase get_type_variable()
         method), 646
                                                               (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariables
get_successors() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGMorthethod), 829
                                                      get_unconstrained_simprocedure()
        method), 538
get_successors() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                                                               (angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin method),
        method), 532
                                                               432
get_successors_and_jumpkind()
                                                      get_unified_local_vars()
        (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_base.CFGBase
                                                               (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured\_codegen.c.CFunction
        method), 646
                                                               method), 725
                                                      get_unified_variables()
get_successors_and_jumpkind()
         (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_model.CFGModel
                                                               (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMe
        method), 539
                                                               method), 564
get_successors_and_jumpkind()
                                                      get_unique_label() (angr.knowledge_plugins.labels.Labels
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                                                               method), 549
        method), 532
                                                      get_unique_strings()
                                                                                                   module
                                                                                       (in
get_successors_and_jumpkinds()
                                                               angr.flirt.build_sig), 880
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModglet_unique_symbol_name()
                                                               (angr.analyses.reassembler.SymbolManager
        method), 539
```

method), 849	get_	value_from_definition()
<pre>get_uses() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses</pre>	_	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions method), 577
	Hates	values() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
method), 605	. gua_	method), 760
get_uses_by_insaddr()	aet '	ralues() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefin
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses	5	method), 810
method), 582	get_	values() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsSta
<pre>get_uses_by_insaddr()</pre>	<b>5</b> –	method), 780
	e <b>g</b> et_	values() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.Lt method), 598
<pre>get_uses_by_location()</pre>	get_	values() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses		method), 577
method), 581	get_	$variable()\ (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. engine\_l$
<pre>get_uses_by_location()</pre>		method), 709
	e <b>g</b> et_	variable() (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariable
method), 606	~~+ .	method), 309
get_uses_with_expr()	get_	variable_accesses() (apar knowledge plugins variables variable managar VariableM
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses method), 581		(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableM method), 566
<pre>get_uses_with_expr()</pre>	get_	variable_accesses()
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses.Use	es	(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableM
method), 605		method), 563
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimArrayArg</pre>	get_	variable_definitions()
method), 486		$(angr.analyses. variable\_recovery. variable\_recovery\_base. Variable\_recovery$
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimComboArg</pre>		method), 818
method), 486	-	variable_definitions()
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimFunctionArgumethod), 484</pre>	ment	(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.Variab method), 820
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimLyingRegArg</pre>	get_	variable_type()
method), 491		$(angr.knowledge\_plugins.variables.variable\_manager.VariableM$
$\verb"get_value"()" (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim Reference Argument Language Conventions) and the convention of the con$	ıment	method), 565
method), 487	get_	variables() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.V
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimRegArg</pre>		method), 564
	get_	variables() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimStackArg</pre>		method), 255
method), 485	get_	variables_by_offset()
<pre>get_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg</pre>		(angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion method),
method), 486		615
get_value_from_atom()	_	whitelisted_statements()
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinition		(angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method), 869
method), 760	get_	<pre>xrefs_by_dst() (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefN method), 611</pre>
<pre>get_value_from_atom()</pre>	i midite v	
method), 598	пунстоп	(angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefManager
get_value_from_atom()		method), 611
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefi	in <b>ni#it</b> on	
method), 577	<del></del>	(angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefManager
<pre>get_value_from_definition()</pre>		method), 611
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinition	<i>n</i> oret :	
method), 760	g	(angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefManager
<pre>get_value_from_definition()</pre>		method), 611
	i <i>rgjeto</i> po	is diveDefinitiamalyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece
method), 598	-	method), 844

```
getstate()
                                                                  (angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession graph (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              property), 556
                                  method), 487
getstate() (angr.calling_conventions.SerializableCountergraph_ex() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               method), 556
                                  method), 484
getstate() (angr.calling_conventions.SerializableIteratorgraph_with_successors
                                 method), 484
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion
getstate() (angr.calling_conventions.SerializableListIterator
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 700
                                                                                                                                                                                                             GraphChangedNotification, 690
                                  method), 484
getstate() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC.ArgSession GraphRegion
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          in
                                  method), 489
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region),
getstate() (angr.calling_conventions. UsercallArgSession
                                  method), 487
                                                                                                                                                                                                             GraphUtils (class in angr.utils.graph), 885
getstate() (angr.SimCC.ArgSession method), 186
                                                                                                                                                                                                            GraphVisitor
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          in
give_up_on_memory_tracking()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph),
                                  (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerStack2)
                                  method), 815
                                                                                                                                                                                                             GT (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.C
global_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition!Matthickey_definitions.definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definition.Definit
                                                                                                                                                                                                            GUARD (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.AtomKind at-
                                  attribute), 588
GlobalDescriptorTable (class in angr.simos.simos),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               tribute), 764
                                  873
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guard (angr.errors.SimError attribute), 892
GotoSimplifier
                                                                                                                   (class
                                                                                                                                                                                              in
                                                                                                                                                                                                            GUARD (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.AtomKind
                                 angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.goto),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 583
                                                                                                                                                                                                             GuardUse (class in angr.analyses.reaching_definitions),
GOTPLTEntry (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDa76Sort
                                  attribute), 542
                                                                                                                                                                                                             GuardUse (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms),
GOTPLTEntry (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort
                                  attribute), 523
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guess_prototype() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
gp (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob attribute), 652
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               static method), 489
gp_register_read_hook()
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guess_prototype() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSoot
                                  (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.MIPS&RIFtowlethod), 501
                                 method), 665
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guess_prototype() (angr.SimCC static method), 186
gp_register_write_hook()
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guess_value_type()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        module
                                  (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.MIPS@P$Hanklyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                                 method), 665
graph (angr.analyses.cdg.CDG property), 673
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guessed_cc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
graph (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase property),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 799
                                                                                                                                                                                                             guessed_cc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData
graph
                                  (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_emulated.CFGEmulated
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 785
                                 property), 644
                                                                                                                                                                                                            guessed_prototype(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handle.
graph (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast property),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 799
                                                                                                                                                                                                             \verb"guessed_prototype" (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function Call Data and States and Sta
graph (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.DataDepentarity (@phAnalysis
                                 property), 863
                                                                                                                                                                                                            Н
graph (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG property), 745
\verb|graph| (angr. analyses. decompiler. graph\_region. Graph Regional and \verb|le()| (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c. CS tructured Code gen. c. CS tructured C
                                  attribute), 700
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                class method), 738
graph (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.forward_analysis.forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Forward_analysis.Fo
                                 property), 621
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStructuredCodegen.c.CStr
graph(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                class method), 738
                                 property), 793
                                                                                                                                                                                                             handle_CAssignment()
graph(angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_model.CFGModel)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.MakeTypecastsIn
                                 attribute), 536
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                class method), 739
graph
                                  (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                                                                                                                                                                                                            handle_CBinaryOp() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CS
```

class method), 739

tribute), 529

handle_CBinaryOp() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structur	re <b>llandlegenxcMpkidingecustsInfilia</b> (Smethod), 169
class method), 739	handle_exception() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS
handle_CBinaryOp() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structur	red_codegem <b>æfhaid)</b> efAl2ithmeticFixer
class method), 739	handle_exception() (angr.simos.windows.SimWindows
handle_CDoWhileLoop()	method), 876
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.	.ChandreredCadaWalkfunction()
class method), 738	$(angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. function\_handler. Function Health of the property of $
handle_CForLoop() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structure	ed_codegen. <b>metsurd</b> etstrædCodeWalker
class method), 738	handle_external_function()
	red_codegen <b>.angstmatywextcoodbWng<u>lk</u>de</b> finitions.FunctionHandler
class method), 738	method), 782
handle_CFunctionCall()	handle_function() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handle
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c	
class method), 738	handle_function() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandle
handle_CFunctionCall()	method), 781
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c	
class method), 739	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionHa
handle_CGoto() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_c	
class method), 738	handle_generic_function()
	ed_codegen.(casstandalysedCredicWoolseedefinitions.FunctionHandler
class method), 738	method), 782
handle_CIfElse() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured	
<pre>class method), 738 handle_CIndexedVariable()</pre>	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionHa
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.	method), 802
class method), 738	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler
handle_CITE() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_cod	
class method), 739	handle_local_function()
	_codegen.c.(@stgruatuleselesoftesWalkjects_static.NewFunctionHandler
class method), 738	method), 843
handle_CReturn() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured	
class method), 739	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionHa
handle_CStatements()	method), 802
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.	
class method), 738	(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler
handle_CSwitchCase()	method), 782
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.	
class method), 738	(angr.engines.pcode.emulate.PcodeEmulatorMixin
handle_CTypeCast() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structur	
class method), 739	hardcopy (angr.state_plugins.history.TreeIter property),
handle_CTypeCast() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structur	
class method), 739	HAS_BITSHIFTS (angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTags
handle_CTypeCast() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structur	
class method), 739	has_bitshifts()(angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging
handle_CUnaryOp() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structure	
class method), 739	has_blocks(angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList
handle_CVariableField()	property), 673
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c	. <b>Chasual childened Volkum</b> gr. analyses. reaching_definitions. function_handler. F
class method), 738	method), 799
handle_CWhileLoop()	$has\_clobbered() \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function Call Data$
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c	.CStructure <b>d Ceolded V</b> ya Ike5
class method), 738	$has\_default\_value (\textit{angr.sim\_state\_options.StateOption}$
${\tt handle\_default()} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structure default()) \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structure decompiler. structure decompiler. structure decompiler. \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. \ (angr. analyses. \ (angr. ana$	
class method), 738	has_function_manager()

	adias_VsQiableMngnxyealyses.code_tagging.CodeTags at-
method), 566	tribute), 674
has_implementation()	has_sql() (angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging method), 674
(angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLibrary method), 479	has_statements (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB prop-
has_implementation()	erty), 438
(angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary	has_store() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding.St
method), 478	method), 716
has_implementation()	has_super_class() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHiera
(angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary	method), 636
method), 482	has_symbolic_exit(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails
has_job() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_anal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
method), 621	$\verb has_tmpexpr()  (angr. analyses. propagator. engine\_ail. SimEngine Propagator. engine Propagat$
has_load(angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ex	
attribute), 715	has_type_variable_for()
	KStmtDetail(xangr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariables
attribute), 285	method), 829
has_metadata() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLib	·
method), 479 has_metadata() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary	(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
method), 478	<pre>property), 554 has_unresolved_jumps</pre>
has_metadata() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscall	
method), 482	property), 554
has_model() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_method), 591	v <u>HAŞır<b>XOB</b>n_r<b>nangganKleysD</b>efi<b>niti<u>o</u>rtMgingsC</b>rodeTags at- tribute), 674</u>
has_model() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Ke method), 572	
	HasCallExprWalker (class in
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741	$angr. analyses. decompiler. block\_simplifier),$
has_plugin() (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.Kn	
method), 520	HasCallNotification, 691
has_plugin() (angr.KnowledgeBase method), 211	HasField (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars),
has_plugin() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub method),	830
223	HasNext (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.VariableTypes at-
has_plugin() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226	tribute), 834
has_plugin() (angr.SimState method), 182	head (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion attribute), 700
has_plugin_preset (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub property), 223	head (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.IncompleteSw
has_prototype() (angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_proto	
method), 523	heap (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
has_prototype() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimCppLi	
method), 480	heap (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitionsState
has_prototype() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrar	
method), 478	heap (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
has_prototype() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscal	
method), 482	heap (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveDefinitions.
has_remote(angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controlle	
property), 607	heap (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
has_return(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGN	lode attribute), 573
attribute), 545	$\verb heap_address()  (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Live Definitions  \\$
$has\_return~(\textit{angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.CFGNode~at-}$	method), 763
tribute), 526	heap_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDe
has_return(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.F	
property), 558	heap_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions

```
method), 775
                                                                                     history_predecessors()
heap_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitiongs.ktivteDefinitionhy.StateHierarchy method),
              method), 601
heap_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.hixtDafyiipvedecessors()
                                                                                                                                          (angr.StateHierarchy
              method), 580
                                                                                                    method), 180
heap_allocator(angr.analyses.reaching definitions.rd sthiesReachingDefisions()ate
                                                                                                    (angr.state hierarchy.StateHierarchy method),
              attribute), 805
heap_allocator(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
                                                                                     history_successors() (angr.StateHierarchy method),
              attribute), 775
heap_definitions (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions)
              property), 756
                                                                                     HistoryIter (class in angr.state_plugins.history), 270
heap_definitions (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitioHi.kito_rd/Afratikitnd/Mistarfinitions
                                                                                                                                            (class
              property), 594
                                                                                                    angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.history_tracki
heap_definitions (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                                     Hook (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 845
              property), 573
heap_offset (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.defilinoism(DefinitionndlextedsPofedindteect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.PutHook
              attribute), 588
                                                                                                    static method), 664
heap_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitihosk() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.RegisterInitionslaterinitions.
              attribute), 756
                                                                                                    method), 665
heap_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.Rehodoik@Definitionss.ft.stxs.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.StoreHook
              property), 807
                                                                                                    static method), 664
heap_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDdfookie). (Stage. analyses.find_objects_static.NewFunctionHandler
              property), 777
                                                                                                    method), 843
heap_uses (angr.knowledge plugins.key definitions.live definitions.function definitions.function handler.FunctionHan
              attribute), 594
                                                                                                    method), 801
heap_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDdfook@).(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler
              attribute), 573
                                                                                                    method), 781
HeapAddress
                                              (class
                                                                               in hook() (angr.Project method), 164
              angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_addmexsk_() (angr.project.Project method), 214
              591
                                                                                     hook()
                                                                                                        (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
HeapAllocator
                                                                                                    method), 290
              angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocatoh)ook_add() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
                                                                                                    method), 288
HeavyPcodeMixin (class in angr.engines.pcode.engine), hook_after() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.Load
              434
                                                                                                    method), 664
height()
                            (angr.analyses.disassembly.Comment
                                                                                     hook_before() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.Loa
              method), 847
                                                                                                    method), 664
height() (angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece hook_del() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
              method), 844
                                                                                                    method), 288
                      (angr.analyses.disassembly.FunctionStart hook_reset() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
height()
              method), 844
                                                                                                    method), 288
hex_dump() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixiooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonbooldestonboo
                                                                                     hook_symbol() (angr.project.Project method), 215
              method), 341
                                                                               in hooked_by() (angr.Project method), 165
HexDumperMixin
                                                (class
              angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixin),hooked_by() (angr.project.Project method), 214
                                                                                     HookNode (class in angr.codenode), 871
highlight() (angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiecHooksMixin (class in angr.engines.hook), 430
              method), 844
history (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225
history (angr.SimState attribute), 181
                                                                                      id (angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel attribute), 677
history_contains() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchyd (angr.angrdb.models.DbComment attribute), 679
              method), 389
                                                                                      id (angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction attribute), 677
history_contains() (angr.StateHierarchy method),
                                                                                     id (angr.angrdb.models.DbInformation attribute), 676
              180
```

id (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase attribute), 676	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated method), 643
id (angr.angrdb.models.DbLabel attribute), 679	<pre>immediate_postdominators()</pre>
id (angr.angrdb.models.DbObject attribute), 676	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
id (angr.angrdb.models.DbStructuredCode attribute),	method), 643
678	<pre>import_binsync()</pre>
id (angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection attribute),	angr.knowledge_plugins.sync_sync_controller),
678	607
id (angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs attribute), 678	ImportedLine (class in
<pre>id (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller_db.PickledState</pre>	angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import), 740
ident (angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece attribute), 844	ImportSourceCode (class in
	angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_import), 740
ident (angr.analyses.disassembly.OperandPiece at-	
tribute), 846	inc_active_workers() (angr.distributed.server.Server
ident (angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel attribute), 677	method), 896
ident (angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection	<pre>inc_active_workers() (angr.Server method), 210</pre>
attribute), 678	<pre>includes() (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject method),</pre>
$\verb"ident" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_model.CFGModel") and all the control of the control o$	
attribute), 536	<pre>includes() (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject</pre>
ident (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel at-	method), 334
tribute), 529	<pre>includes_function()</pre>
ident (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable attribute), 503	$(angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.call\_trace.CallTrace$
<pre>identical_blocks (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff prop-</pre>	method), 788
erty), 631	IncompleteSwitchCaseHeadStatement (class in
${\tt identical\_blocks} \ ({\it angr. analyses. bindiff. Function Diff}$	$angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes),$
property), 630	689
<pre>identical_functions (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff</pre>	IncompleteSwitchCaseNode (class in
property), 631	angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes),
${\tt Identifier} ({\it angr. analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plugi}$	n 688
attribute), 618	<pre>inconsistent(angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTracker</pre>
Identifier (class in angr.analyses.identifier.identify),	property), 816
833	<pre>inconsistent_for() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerT</pre>
<pre>identify_func() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier.identifier</pre>	fier method), 816
method), 833	<pre>indent_str() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.c.Cconstructured_codegen.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c.c</pre>
<pre>idx(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_node</pre>	
property), 686	index (angr.utils.graph.ContainerNode attribute), 884
<pre>idx(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_node</pre>	
attribute), 685	attribute), 656
	indirect_jumps (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot.CFGFastSoot
tribute), 828	attribute), 670
	IndirectJump (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg),
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifels	
717	IndirectJump (class in
iffalse(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.	
attribute), 735	547
IfSimplifier (class in	IndirectJumpResolver (class in
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.if_),	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.resolver),
717	667
iftrue (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.C	ITEdirectJumps (class in
attribute), 735	angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps),
IFUNC_HINTS (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJobType	549
attribute), 651	IndirectJumpType (class in
<pre>immediate_dominators()</pre>	

```
877
IndirectJumpType
                                                                     (class
                                                                                                            in
                   angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump),
                                                                                                                     initialize_segment_register_x64()
                                                                                                                                         (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method), 874
                                                                                                                     initialize_segment_register_x64()
info (angr.code_location.CodeLocation attribute), 612
info(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                                                                                                         (angr.simos.windows.SimWindows
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     method),
                   attribute), 553
                                                                                                                                         877
info(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFunctionlize_variable_names()
                                                                                                                                         (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMe
                   attribute), 560
init_checker()
                                                                (in
                                                                                                  module
                                                                                                                                         method), 566
                                                                                                                    initialized_classes
                   angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller),
                                                                                                                                         (angr.state\_plugins.javavm\_classloader.SimJavaVmClassloader
init_class() (angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJavaVmChasspeatder, 294
                                                                                                                     \verb|initializer| (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CF or Loop|
                   method), 294
init_hierarchy() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHietribate), 726
                   method), 636
                                                                                                                     initializer(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Loop
init_state() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 208
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 687
init_state() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 163
                                                                                                                     Initializer (class in angr.utils.mp), 889
init_state() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base.SimHedprHctsiealValueTag
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  in
                                                                                                                                         angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag),
                   method), 298
init_state() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapPTMaHoc
                   method), 306
                                                                                                                     inline_call()
                                                                                                                                                                (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure
init_state() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
                                                                                                                                         method), 472
                                                                                                                     inline_call() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160
                   method), 267
init_state() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin inner_step() (angr.exploration_techniques.Threading
                   method), 233
                                                                                                                                         method), 397
init_state() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix inner_step() (angr.exploration_techniques.threading.Threading
                   method), 245
                                                                                                                                         method), 413
init\_state() (angr. state\_plugins. symbolizer. SimSymbolizer put\_state(angr. knowledge\_plugins. cfg. cfg\_node. CFGENode)
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 547
                   method), 307
init_static_field() (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM input_state (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode
                   static method), 878
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 527
INITIAL_SP_32BIT (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Livarpefinitians.ables() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manage
                   attribute), 756
                                                                                                                                         method), 565
\textbf{INITIAL\_SP\_32BIT} (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitio\textbf{inntive\_ddafin(ining)} s \textit{diale} \textbf{\textit{Definftion}} \textbf{\textit{fine}} \textbf{\textit{fine}
                   attribute), 593
                                                                                                                                         tribute), 649
INITIAL_SP_32BIT (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definition.ns.ivaddefinition.nalyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.InstructionM
                   attribute), 572
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 722
INITIAL_SP_64BIT (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Livalsefaddionangr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLabel
                   attribute), 756
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 730
INITIAL_SP_64BIT (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definition.kiye_definition.ksbike_Definition.codeLocation attribute),
                   attribute), 593
INITIAL_SP_64BIT (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitionins_ivaddefinitionins_rrors.SimError attribute), 892
                   attribute), 572
                                                                                                                     \verb"ins_addr" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.indirect\_jump.IndirectJump
InitializationFinder
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 548
                                                                          (class
                                                                                                             in
                   angr.analyses.init_finder), 858
                                                                                                                     ins_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump at-
initialize() (angr.storage.pcap.PCAP method), 335
                                                                                                                                         tribute), 528
initialize() (angr.utils.mp.Initializer method), 890
                                                                                                                     ins_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.DefinitionMa
initialize_dominance_frontiers()
                                                                                                                                         attribute), 588
                   (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recoveix<u>n_s</u>havedxtari(ablgRknovdrytRas.plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef at-
                   method), 818
                                                                                                                                         tribute), 610
initialize_gdt_x86()
                                                           (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux ins_addrs (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
                   method), 874
                                                                                                                                         property), 270
initialize_gdt_x86()
                                                                                                                     insert() (angr.SimMount method), 203
```

(angr.simos.windows.SimWindows

method), insert() (angr.state\_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem

method), 252	method), 851
insert() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem	instruction_addresses()
method), 250	(angr.analyses.reassembler.Procedure method),
insert() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimMount	852
method), 251	instruction_addrs (angr.Block property), 170
insert() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS	instruction_addrs (angr.block.Block property), 221
method), 240	instruction_addrs(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
insert() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS	attribute), 545
method), 242	instruction_addrs(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
<pre>insert_asm() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler</pre>	attribute), 525
method), 854	<pre>instruction_size() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function</pre>
<pre>insert_node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.str</pre>	
method), 685	InstructionError, 848
<pre>insert_node()</pre>	InstructionMapping (class in
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741	angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base),
inserted_asm_after_label	722
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	InstructionMappingElement (class in
property), 853	angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base),
<pre>inserted_asm_before_label</pre>	722
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler property), 853	instructions (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler property), 853
insn (angr.block.CapstoneInsn attribute), 220	instructions (angr.Block property), 170
insn_addr_to_memory_data	instructions (angr.block.Block property), 221
(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast prop-	instructions (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB prop-
erty), 655	erty), 438
insn_addr_to_memory_data	Int (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 831
	dant1 (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 831
attribute), 536	Int128 (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 832
insn_addr_to_memory_data	Int16 (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 832
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel	int2base() (in module
attribute), 529	angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274
insn_observe() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.	
method), 791	Int64 (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 832
<pre>insn_observe() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Rea</pre>	
method), 771	int_args (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC property),
<pre>insn_op_idx (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef</pre>	488
attribute), 610	int_args (angr.SimCC property), 185
<pre>insn_op_type (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef</pre>	int_iter (angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession at-
attribute), 610	tribute), 487
insns (angr.block.DisassemblerBlock attribute), 220	<pre>int_iter (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC.ArgSession</pre>
insns (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerBlock	attribute), 488
attribute), 435	<pre>int_iter (angr.SimCC.ArgSession attribute), 186</pre>
<pre>inspect (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225</pre>	<pre>int_len_mod(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser</pre>
inspect (angr.SimState attribute), 181	attribute), 474
InspectMixinHigh (class in	<pre>int_sign(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser</pre>
angr.storage.memory_mixins.clouseau_mixin),	attribute), 474
346	<pre>int_type()</pre>
Instruction (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 845	angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 833
Instruction (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 850	${\tt Integer} (angr. analyses. proximity\_graph. ProxiNode Types$
instruction_addresses	attribute), 860
(angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property), 438	<pre>Integer (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSort</pre>
<pre>instruction_addresses()</pre>	Integer (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort
(angranalyses reassembler Rasic Block	attribute) 523

842

<pre>IntegerProxiNode (class in</pre>	<pre>is_default_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function</pre>
	is_default_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFattribute), 560
	añSsriempty (angr.engines.successors.SimSuccessors prop- erty), 429
	ininaceimpObjectngr.keyed_region.RegionObject property), 613
<pre>invalidate_direct_next()</pre>	is_empty (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.Re
(angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB method),	property), 369
438	is_empty()(angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink.CFGSliceT
<pre>inverted_idoms() (in module angr.utils.graph), 883</pre>	method), 813
ip (angr.sim_state.SimState property), 225	is_empty_node() (in module
ip (angr.SimState property), 182	angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741
IROp (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 844	<pre>is_empty_or_label_only_node() (in module</pre>
irsb (angr.analyses.disassembly.IROp attribute), 845	angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741
irsb (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute), 440	is_exception(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge
irsb (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter attribute),	attribute), 650
442	is_expr(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCall
irsb (angr.engines. UberEngine attribute), 427	attribute), 729
irsb (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode attribute), 545	is_false() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 259
irsb (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode attribute), 526	
IRSB (class in angr.engines.pcode.lifter), 435	is_fp_arg() (angr.SimCC method), 185
	is_fp_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC static method), 489
<pre>is_a_jump_target() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structur</pre>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	niFsunEtion() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chunk method), 300
	ni <b>r siofir Sew (F</b> il <b>natgor</b> state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTChunk
attribute), 560	method), 303
is_alignment_mask() (in module angr.utils.constants), 881	attribute), 472
$\verb is_arm  (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel)                                      $	
attribute), 536	is_function() (angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder
is_arm (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel at-	method), 842
tribute), 529	is_function_argument
is_base (angr.engines.light.data.SpOffset attribute), 749	(angr.sim_variable.SimVariable property),
$\verb is_bool_expr()  (angr. analyses. decompiler. peephole\_opiler. peephole. peephole. peephole\_opiler. peephole. peephole. peephole. peephole.$	
static method), 713	is_global_variable_address()
is_bounded() (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCMomethod), 280	method), 819
is_bytes (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject attribute), 334	etis_heap_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions static method), 763
<pre>is_class_initialized()</pre>	<pre>is_heap_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.Reaching</pre>
(angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader.SimJava method), 294	VmClasslo <b>sdær</b> ic method), 805 is_heap_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinit
is_concrete() (angr.analyses.init_finder.SimEngineInitI	
static method), 858 is_cross_referenced()	is_heap_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions
(angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder method),	is_heap_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions.

984 Index

static method), 580

is_hex() (in module angr.analyses.reassembler), 848	719
is_hook (angr.codenode.BlockNode attribute), 871	is_simprocedure(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
is_hook (angr.codenode.CodeNode attribute), 870	property), 545
is_hook (angr.codenode.HookNode attribute), 871	is_simprocedure(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
is_hook (angr.codenode.SyscallNode attribute), 871	property), 526
is_hooked() (angr.Project method), 165	is_simprocedure (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
<pre>is_hooked() (angr.project.Project method), 214 is_immediate (angr.analyses.reassembler.Operand)</pre>	<pre>attribute), 553 is_simprocedure(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootF</pre>
property), 850	attribute), 559
angr.utils.loader), 886	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior attribute), 445
is_in_readonly_segment() (in module angr.utils.loader), 887	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolAnd attribute), 459
<pre>is_java (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure property), 473</pre>	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate attribute), 458
is_java (angr.SimProcedure property), 160	is_special(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr
$\verb"is_jumptable" (angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers) \\$	.jumptable. <b>dttnibj(te</b> b)leBbocessorState
<pre>attribute), 663 is_machine_word_size_type() (in module</pre>	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolXor attribute), 458
	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy attribute), 446
<pre>is_not_in_cfg() (angr.analyses.veritesting.Veritesting</pre>	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual attribute), 447
<pre>is_occupied() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentL</pre>	iis_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs attribute), 461
<pre>is_on_stack(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Memory</pre>	Example: Language in all (anguage) attribute), 460
<pre>is_on_stack (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.ato</pre>	vi.s Mepnaiy Docartynengines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil attribute), 462
	n <b>ivsy.segsioiv<u>a</u>dlatun&amp;rldmginWs:pppde</b> .behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv
attribute), 368	attribute), 460
is_overbound() (angr.analyses.veritesting.Veritesting method), 837	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual attribute), 459
is_pc() (in module angr.utils.loader), 886	$\verb is_special  (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat2$
is_phi_variable()(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.v	
method), 564 is_plt (angr.analyses.reassembler.Procedure property),	is_special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor attribute), 463
851	$\verb is_special  (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float )                                     $
$\verb"is_plt" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function. Function and the property of the prope$	on attribute), 462
attribute), 553	$\verb is_special  (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess $
$\verb is_plt  (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot\_function.S$	
attribute), 559	is_special(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual
is_prev_free() (angr.PTChunk method), 209	attribute), 460
<pre>is_prev_free() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.</pre>	##EChpakial (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult attribute), 461
is_prototype_guessed	<pre>is_special(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan</pre>
(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Func	
attribute), 553	is_special(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNeg
is_prototype_guessed	attribute), 461
attribute), 560	Sant Special (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNotEqual attribute), 459
is_pyinstaller() (in module angr.utils.env), 882	is_special(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatRound
<pre>is_simple_jump_node() (in module</pre>	attribute), 463 E <u>i.s</u> cl <b>spæc<u>i</u>xilmulifgre</b> ngagines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSqrt

attribute), 462	a	ttribute), 447	
<pre>is_special(angr.engines.pcode.beh</pre>	avior.OpBehaviorFlo <b>disu</b> specia	al (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh	aviorPiece
attribute), 461		ttribute), 463	
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 462		al (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh ttribute), 464	aviorPopcount
<pre>is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 452</pre>		al (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBeh ttribute), 463	aviorSubpiece
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.belattribute), 450		(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_ roperty), 371	_memory.region_meta_1
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.bell attribute), 453	avior.OpBehaviorIntA <b>ird_</b> stack_	_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_d tatic method), 757	efinitions.LiveDefinition
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.bel attribute), 451		_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_d nethod), 806	efinitions.rd_state.Reacl
	avior.OpBehaviorIntD <b>is_</b> stack_	_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_d nethod), 776	efinitions.ReachingDefir
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	avior.OpBehaviorIntL <b>i:</b> \$_stack_	_address() (angr.analyses.variable_re tatic method), 819	covery.variable_recover
	avior.OpBehaviorIntL <b>i</b> ss_stack_	_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.k tatic method), 595	ey_definitions.live_defir
	avior.OpBehaviorIntL <b>iss</b> :Fa <b>pad</b> k_	_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.k tatic method), 574	ey_definitions.LiveDefir
is_special(angr.engines.pcode.bel			nodule
attribute), 456	a	ngr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 742	
<pre>is_special(angr.engines.pcode.bel</pre>			
attribute), 453		d() (angr.vaults.VaultDict method), 617	
attribute), 454	m	ass() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierar nethod), 636	chy.SootClassHierarchy
is_special(angr.engines.pcode.beh	•	_	GI ***
attribute), 457		angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.Soo	tClassHierarchy
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 455		nethod), 636 L_hooked() (angr.Project method), 160	6
The state of the s	_	L_hooked() (angr.project.Project m	
attribute), 452	2	15	
attribute), 451	p	Lic (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.Sim roperty), 466	
attribute), 456	p	Lic(angr.state_plugins.sim_action.Simaroperty), 467	
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 450		Lic(angr.state_plugins.sim_action.Sima roperty), 468	ActionData
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 447	*	Lic(angr.state_plugins.sim_action.Simaroperty), 467	ActionExit
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 448	*	Lic(angr.state_plugins.sim_action.Sima roperty), 467	ActionOperation
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 457	*	11 (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.C roperty), 640	FGJob
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 455		l1 (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_noa ttribute), 545	le.CFGNode
is_special (angr.engines.pcode.beh attribute), 450		l1 (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNoribute), 525	ode at-
	avior.OpBehaviorIntX <b>bs_</b> syscal	11 (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.futtribute), 553	unction.Function
· ·	avior.OpBehaviorIntZ <b>i:s</b> t_syscal	ll (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.so ttribute), 559	oot_function.SootFuncti
The state of the s		ll_addr() (angr.SimOS method), 169	

- is\_syscall\_addr() (angr.simos.simos.simoS method), is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloat2Float 873
- is\_syscall\_addr() (angr.simos.userland.SimUserland method), 875
- is\_taint\_impacting\_stack\_pointers() (angr.analyses.backward slice.BackwardSlice method), 628
- is\_taint\_related\_to\_ip() (angr.analyses.backward slice.BackwardSlice *method*), 628
- is\_thumb\_addr() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_base.CFGBase\_is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMult *method*), 647
- is\_top() (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.LiveDefinitions\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNan static method), 757 attribute), 460
- is\_top() (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.rd\_state.ReaclingDefinitionsgrSantaines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNeg method), 805 attribute), 461
- is\_top() (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.ReachingDefirstionaStatangr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatNotEqual *method*), 775 attribute), 459

attribute), 462

attribute), 463

attribute), 462

attribute), 460

attribute), 460

attribute), 461

is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor

is\_unary(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess

 $is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float$ 

 $is\_unary$  (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual

- is\_top() (angr.analyses.variable\_recovery.variable\_recovery\_base\_y/waintheRginexepc&ddedBahxevior.OpBehaviorFloatRound static method), 818 attribute), 463
- is\_top() (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.live\_defirstionary/alleginens.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSqrt static method), 594 attribute), 461
- is\_top() (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.LiveDefirstionary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatSub static method), 573 attribute), 461
- is\_tracking\_memory(angr.analyses.stack\_pointer\_trackeix\_rurearsydchtgrienterificacheostkatechavior.OpBehaviorFloatTrunc attribute), 815 attribute), 462
- is\_tracking\_memory (angr.analyses.stack\_pointer\_trackeistank#oin(tenffrenkeinstankeode.behavior.OpBehaviorInt2Comp attribute), 815 attribute), 452
- (angr.state\_plugins.solver.SimSolver is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAdd is\_true() attribute), 450 method), 258
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior at- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAnd tribute), 445 attribute), 453
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolArids\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntCarry attribute), 459 attribute), 451
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNaguanary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntDiv attribute), 458 attribute), 456
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOis\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLeft attribute), 459 attribute), 454
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolXars\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLess attribute), 458 attribute), 448
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntLessEqual attribute), 446 attribute), 449
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMult attribute), 447 attribute), 456
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntNegate attribute), 453 attribute), 461
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAils\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOr attribute), 460 attribute), 454
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCiril\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRem attribute), 462 attribute), 457
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDis\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRight attribute), 460 attribute), 455
- is\_unary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEipBalunary (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSborrow attribute), 459 attribute), 452

is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 451	e.behavior.OpBehavio	rIntScarry	angr.analyses.decompt 706	iler.optimization	n_passes.ite_expr_converter
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 456	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntSdiv</i> items(	() (angr.analyses.ddg.L 744	iveDefinitions	method),
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 450	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntSext</i> items(	() (angr.analyses.decomp method), 723	iler.structured_c	codegen.base.InstructionM
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 447	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntSles</i> items(		iler.structured_c	codegen.base.PositionMapp
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 448	e.behavior.OpBehavio	rIntSles <b>iÆqms</b> l(	**	lge_plugins.labe	els.Labels
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 457	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntSren</i> items(	() (angr.knowledge_plugi method), 522	ns.patches.Patch	hManager
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 455	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntSrig<b>ht</b>e</i> ms(	() (angr.state_plugins method), 279	.globals.SimStat	teGlobals
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 450	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntSub</i> items(		_mixins.paged_n	nemory.pages.multi_values.
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 453	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntXor</i> iter_c	* *	_plugins.types.T	lypesStore
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 449	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rIntZext</i> iterat	* *	piler.structured	_codegen.c.CForLoop
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 447	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rNotEqu<b>i</b>a</i> lerat	* *	piler.structuring	g.structurer_nodes.LoopNo
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 463	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rPiece</i> Iterat	* *	p_analysis.Vario	ableTypes
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 464	e.behavior.OpBehavio	<i>rPopcou</i> interva		lyses.ddg.LiveD	efinitions (
is_unary (angr.engines.pcod attribute), 463	e.behavior.OpBehavio	rSubpiece J	memou), / II		
			, .	a. a	) 22 <i>6</i>
is_using_outdated_def() (angr.analyses.prop		javavn E <i>ngineP<b>rapas</b>a</i>	n_memory (angr.sim_state 1 <u>o</u> memory (angr.SimState	z.SimState prope property), 182	erty), 226
method), 752		javavn	_registers ( <i>angr.sim_</i>	state.SimState p	property),
is_va_start_amd64()			226		
(angr.analyses.calli	ng_convention.Calling	ConventjanAn	<u>U</u> registers ( <i>angr.SimS</i>	tate property), 1	182
method), 633		JavaVn	Memory (class in angr.	storage.memory	_mixins),
<pre>is_value_set(angr.state_pl</pre>	ugins.unicorn_engine.	MemoryValue	339		
attribute), 284	_	JavaVn	MemoryMixin	(class	in
is_value_symbolic (angr.sa	tate_plugins.unicorn_e	engine.Memory	Valuegr.storage.memory_	mixins.javavm_i	memory.javavm_memory_n
attribute), 284			376		
<pre>is_variable_used_at()</pre>		jni_re	eferences (angr.sim_s	tate.SimState c	attribute),
	ugins.variables.variabl	_	riabbeManagerInternal		
method), 562		jni_re	eferences (angr.SimStat	'e attribute), 181	1
<pre>is_visible_class() (angr.</pre>	analyses.soot_class_hi	ierarchy <b><sub>j</sub>Sp</b> otCl		analysis.job_inf	fo.JobInfo
method), 636			property), 621		
<pre>is_visible_method()</pre>	1 1 1 1 0 4	job_ty	rpe (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg	;_fast.CFGJob a	attribute),
	_class_hierarchy.SootC	•	002		
method), 636		JobInf	to (class in angr.analyses,	forward_analys	is.job_info),
IsArray (class in angr.analys			621		
ISPOMixin (class in angr.stor) 361	age.memory_mixins.pc	igea_me <b>zwys</b> y(la		alysis.forward_c	analysis.ForwardAnalysis
	compiler decompilation	n cacha:Daca	property), 621	n 1	I I) 472
ite_exprs (angr.analyses.decattribute), 697	готристассотришио				noa), 4/3
ite_exprs (angr.angrdb.mo	dels.DbStructuredCod		(angr.SimProcedure me		ata Uistom:
tribute), 678		Jump_g	guards (angr.state_pluging property), 269	is.nisiory.SimSta	шепізіогу
ITEExprConverter	(class	in	property), 209		

<pre>jump_sources (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory property), 269</pre>	ry attribute), 548 jumptable_size(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump
jump_tables (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast property), 655	attribute), 529  JumpTableEntryConditionRewriter (class in
jump_tables (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CF attribute), 536	
<pre>jump_tables (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel</pre>	JumpTableProcessor (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
jump_targets(angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	
property), 269	JumpTableProcessorState (class in
jumpkind (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob attribute), 652	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable), 663
jumpkind (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.ExitStatement	
attribute), 435	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable), 665
jumpkind (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute), 437 jumpkind (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.Ind	
attribute), 548	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
jumpkind (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump at-	662
tribute), 529	JumpTargetCollector (class in
jumpkinds (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory property), 269	angr.analyses.decompiler.jump_target_collector), 700
<pre>jumpout_sites(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.funct property), 555</pre>	ion.Function K
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	dikaatlynipnowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase attribute), 520
jumptable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump attribute), 529	
jumptable_addr(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_ja	unital Indiagot lumityses. anatysts. Anatysts attribute), 020 unital Indiagot lumityses. backward slice. Backward Slice at-
attribute), 548	tribute), 628
<pre>jumptable_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJu attribute), 529</pre>	mpb (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.BinaryOptimizer at- tribute), 858
Jumptable_AddressComputed	kb (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff attribute), 632
	re <b>kH um Fym</b> alyses.boyscout.BoyScout attribute), 632
attribute), 547	kb (angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder.CalleeCleanupFinder
Jumptable_AddressComputed	attribute), 858
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType attribute), 529	kb (angr.analyses.calling_convention.CallingConventionAnalysis attribute), 633
Jumptable_AddressLoadedFromMemory	kb (angr.analyses.cdg.CDG attribute), 673
	re <b>kif umpTyma</b> alyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket attribute), 637
attribute), 547	kb (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast attribute), 656
<pre>Jumptable_AddressLoadedFromMemory</pre>	kb (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot.CFGFastSoot at- tribute), 670
attribute), 529	kb (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.ConstantValueM
jumptable_entries(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indire attribute), 548	ct_jump.Indi <b>metBump</b> , 663 kb (angr.analyses.class_identifier.ClassIdentifier at-
<pre>jumptable_entries(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.Indire</pre>	= **
attribute), 529	kb (angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging attribute),
jumptable_entry_size	674
attribute), 548	re <b>kd (um</b> gr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.CompleteCallingConvent attribute), 635
jumptable_entry_size	kb (angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump attribute), 529	attribute), 856
jumptable_size(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_ja	kb(angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.DataDependency( ump.Indirect/wripute), 864

kb (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG attribute), 748 kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.AILSimplifier	kb (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTracker attribute), 816
attribute), 692	kb (angr.analyses.static_hooker.StaticHooker attribute),
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.BlockSimplif	
attribute), 693 kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.callsite_maker.CallSiteMaker	kb (angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon.Typehoon at- tribute), 831
attribute), 693 kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic attribute), 695	kb (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery.VariableRecovery attribute), 823
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.Decompiler at-	kb (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.VariableRecovery_base.Variabl
tribute), 698	attribute), 818
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass	at <b>kbn_apss:&amp;rade@eptimiriabken_Pesso</b> very.variable_recovery_fast.VariableReco attribute), 822
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.	
attribute), 712	kb (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG attribute), 841
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.	
attribute), 712	kb (angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder attribute), 843
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier.RegionIdent	
attribute), 713	kb (angr.Analysis attribute), 178
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.region_sin	
attribute), 718	kb (angr.angrdb.models.DbComment attribute), 679
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructured_code	
attribute), 738	kb (angr.angrdb.models.DbLabel attribute), 679
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwarf_in attribute), 740	
kb (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.Phoenix.	
attribute), 691	678
${\tt kb}(angr.analyses. decompiler. structuring. recursive\_structu$	
attribute), 684	kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbCFGModel attribute), 677
kb (angr.analyses.disassembly.Disassembly attribute),	kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbComment attribute), 679
847	kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbFunction attribute), 677
kb (angr.analyses.dominance_frontier.DominanceFrontier attribute), 858	kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbLabel attribute), 679 kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbStructuredCode at-
${\tt kb} \;\; (angr.analyses.find\_objects\_static.StaticObjectFinder$	tribute), 678
attribute), 843	kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbVariableCollection
kb (angr.analyses.flirt.FlirtAnalysis attribute), 748	attribute), 678
kb (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier attribute),	kb_id (angr.angrdb.models.DbXRefs attribute), 679
834	keep_path() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG method),
kb (angr.analyses.init_finder.InitializationFinder at-	870
tribute), 859	key (angr.angrdb.models.DbInformation attribute), 676
kb (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.LoopAnalysis attribute),	KeyDefinitionManager (class in
835	angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions),
kb (angr.analyses.loopfinder.LoopFinder attribute), 834	571
kb (angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.PropagatorAnalysetribute), 755	s <b>K</b> eyDefinitionManager (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_manager
kb (angr.analyses.proximity_graph.ProximityGraphAnalysi attribute), 863	s 591 KeyedRegion (class in angr.keyed_region), 613
kb (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions	
attribute), 792	method), 522
kb (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions attribute), 771	Akeyls(i): (angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals method), 279
	keys() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_values. method), 351
kb (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarch	

keys() (angr.vaults.VaultDict method), 617

attribute), 636

keys() (angr.vaults.VaultDir method), 617		L			
keys() (angr.vaults.VaultDirShelf method), 618		lahel (a	ngr.analyses.typehooi	n tynevars DerivedTyi	neVariable
KeyValueMemory (class	in	Taber (a	attribute), 828	i.iypevars.Deriveary <sub>f</sub>	oc variable
angr.storage.memory_mixins), 339		lahel (a	ngr.storage.memory_o	object SimLabeledMe	emoryObject
KeyValueMemoryMixin (class	in		attribute) 334		moryoojeei
angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_mem	ory.k	eyyalue u	nemory amixin) alvses	disassembly) 844	
375			lass in angr.analyses.		
kill_and_add_definition()			ot() (angr.analyses.1		lanaoer
$(angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.LiveDef$	înitio	ns	method), 849	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
method), 758		Labeled	Memory (class in ang	r.storage.memory m	ixins).
<pre>kill_and_add_definition()</pre>			330		,
$(angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.rd\_state$	.Read	ching Defin	<i>PagesMix</i> in	(class	in
method), $808$			_		ory.paged_memory_mix
<pre>kill_and_add_definition()</pre>			355	- 10-	71 0 - 7-
$(angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Rea$	gDef	<sup>i</sup> nlitige file	#gerMixin	(class	in
method), 778			-	y_mixins.label_merge	er_mixin),
<pre>kill_and_add_definition()</pre>			346	Ţ.	
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.liv	e_def	initions L	iveDefinitionslb.model	ls.DbKnowledgeBase	at-
methoa), 596			tribute), 676		
kill_and_add_definition()		Labels	class in angr.knowled	lge_plugins.labels), 5	49
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Liv	reDef	<sup>in</sup> LidibetsS	erializer	(class	in
method), 575			angr.angrdb.serialize	ers.labels), 681	
kill_def() (angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefiniti	ons	LambdaA	ttrIter (class in a	angr.state_plugins.his	story),
method), 744			270		
kill_def() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reac	ching	<i>Refinitian</i>	terster (class in a	angr.state_plugins.his	story),
method), 7/2			270		
kill_def() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions	rd_n	nodbloked	જા <b>મજ</b> ારમું જાણા માટે કે માના માટે જો મામ જો	es.code_tagging.Cod	leTags
method), 601			attribute) 674		
kill_def() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions	.Read	chingPetic	utionsModel ar <sup>onsM</sup> angr.analyses.	cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob	at-
method), 570	.,.	1: D.C	tribute), 652		
kill_definitions() (angr.analyses.reaching_defin	itions	s.Hast_ett	นี่รังใช้กิฐr.storage.mem	ory_object.SimMemo	oryObject
method), 758		1 -44-	property), 334	¥ 4	
kill_definitions() (angr.analyses.reaching_defin	itions	s.1ast <u>at</u> ho			odule
method), 808		a Dogolsia	angr.analyses.decom	piler.utils), 742	
<pre>kill_definitions() (angr.analyses.reaching_defin</pre>	uions	.1 <del>829<u>~</u>16</del>	<b>port(</b> YYth Module ar	ngr.utils.lazy_import)	), 886
<pre>method), 778 kill_definitions() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_</pre>	dofin	length (	angr.analyses.decomp	oiler.structured_code;	gen.base.PositionMappi
method), 596	<u>.</u> uejin				
kill_definitions() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_	dofin	length (	angr.state_plugins.un	icorn_engine.MEM	PATCH
method), 575	<u>.</u> uejin		//	7.1 (7.14	21.1
kind(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definiti	on D	Length efinition M	(angr.storage.memory atchBredicate	_object.SimMemory(	Ibject
attribute), 588	011.2		,,	. 1 . C	F 4C 1C
KnowledgeBase (class in angr), 211		length_	spec (angr.procedure	es.stubs.format_parse	r.FormatSpecifier
KnowledgeBase (class in tang.), 211	in	T 1-T	attribute), 474	1 1 .	`
angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base), 520		Length	imiter (class in ang	gr.expioration_tecnni	ques),
KnowledgeBasePlugin (class	in	LengthL	398	(alass	:
angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin), 522		Lengthi		(class	in
KnowledgeBaseSerializer (class	in		409	hniques.lengthlimiter	),
angr.angrdb.serializers.kb), 681	*	lhe (ana		estructured andeas	c CAssianment
KnownAnalysesPlugin (class	in	IIIS (ang	r.analyses.decompiler attribute), 728	.siruciurea_coaegen.	c.Cassignmeni
angr.analyses.analysis), 618		lhe (ara	-auribuie), 728 r.analyses.decompiler	structured codecer	c CRinaryOn
kwargs (angr.utils.mp.Closure attribute), 889		TIIS (ang	r.anaiyses.aecompuer attribute), 733	.siruciurea_coaegen.	с.Сыны уОр
		lift()	//	s.typehoon.lifter.Type	I ifter
		111()	method), 825	ылуреноонлијит. туре	பரமா

<pre>lift() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter method), 440 lift() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeBasicBlockLifter</pre>	load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model.CFGModelSerializer static method), 680 load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.comments.CommentsSerializer
${\tt lift()} \ ({\it angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter \ method}),$	static method), 680
442	load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs.FunctionManagerSerializer
lift() (in module angr.engines.pcode.lifter), 440	static method), 681
lift_pcode() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifterEnginethod), 443	்n <b>k Miski</b> n) (angr.angrdb.serializers.kb.KnowledgeBaseSerializer static method), 681
lift_soot() (angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin method), 432	load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.labels.LabelsSerializer static method), 681
<pre>lift_vex() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifterEngine.</pre>	Missad() (angr.angrdb.serializers.loader.LoaderSerializer static method), 682
Lifter (class in angr.engines.pcode.lifter), 439	load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code.StructuredCodeManagerS
lineage (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	static method), 683
property), 269	load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.variables.VariableManagerSerializer
lineage() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy	static method), 683
method), 389	load() (angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs.XRefsSerializer
lineage() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180	static method), 682
<pre>linux_syscall_update_error_reg()</pre>	load() (angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRegisters
(angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSyscall	method), 267
method), 493	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinHigh
<pre>list_content(angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist.DynamicDictL</pre>	•
attribute), 882	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinLow
<pre>list_default_plugins()</pre>	method), 342
	<pre>load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.Addres.</pre>
ListPage (class in angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_me	en <b>lorady()ganhiststpnage</b> e,memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixin.DataNormaliz
361	method), 341
ListPagesMixin (class in	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.clouseau_mixin.InspectMixinHigh
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag	
355	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.conditional_store_mixin.Conditional
ListPagesWithLabelsMixin (class in	method), 346
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 356	ge <b>ll<u>o</u>ade(n)</b> d <b>(xyn_gnistir)</b> uge.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_m method), 376
live_definitions(angr.analyses.reaching definitions.re	d <b>l_state(R_dach;m_stDrafgrittionnsStro</b> t <u>e</u> mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memory
attribute), 805	method), 375
live_definitions (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Re	Re <b>liohidi</b> @Defini(t <b>imy:State</b> age.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin
attribute), 775	method), 336
LiveDefinitions (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 743	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.name_resolution_mixin.NameResolu
LiveDefinitions (class in	method), 339
angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 755	<pre>load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mixi</pre>
LiveDefinitions (class in	method), 353
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions), 572	<pre>load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.list_page.ListF</pre>
LiveDefinitions (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_defi	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mv_list_page.linitions), method), 349
592	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultra_page.Ult
LiveVariables (class in	method), 364
`	adord() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_meta_mixi method), 371
Load (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 829	load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_memory
load() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointer's method), 815	
memou j, 013	

method), 342

load() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB method), 675

load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_miximethod), 344	in <b>l Siza Comaratizmei on Mixèrs</b> (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_miximethod), 343	in.SizeNorn <b>paliparityn,M55</b> in local_types(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache.Decompilat
<pre>load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.Slot</pre>	
<pre>load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstrained_m method), 342</pre>	· · ·
load() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapper_mixin.Unmethod), 347	
load() (angr.vaults.Vault method), 617 load() (angr.vaults.VaultDirShelf method), 618	LocalLoopSeer (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 406
	LocalLoopSeer (class in
angr.procedures.definitions), 483	angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer),
load_array_element()	422.
(angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.ja	
method), 376	angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag),
<pre>load_array_elements()</pre>	604
	เพ <b>่งงงล<sub>ุ</sub>นก่องกับกุกฐากใหก่องเปลงใดูป่ากูปในอุที่แระพูปปาลิป</b> โes.variable_access.VariableAcc
method), 376	attribute), 560
<pre>load_from_dwarf() (angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_var</pre>	
method), 569	angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding),
<pre>load_from_dwarf() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.v</pre>	
method), 567	long_reason(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNodeCreationFa
<pre>load_internal() (angr.angrdb.serializers.variables.Vari</pre>	
static method), 683	looks_like_sql() (in module angr.utils), 881
load_shellcode() (in module angr), 167	lookup() (angr.knowledge_plugins.labels.Labels
load_shellcode() (in module angr.project), 212	method), 549
load_signatures() (in module angr.flirt), 880	lookup() (angr.SimMount method), 203
angr.procedures.definitions), 483	lookup() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem method), 252
<pre>load_with_labels() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.page</pre>	
method), 355	method), 251
	lookup() (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIReferences
angr.angrdb.serializers.loader), 681	method), 296
LoadHook (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolve 664	e <b>rlsojokrupt (i)</b> le), (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 240
loads() (angr.vaults.Vault method), 617	lookup() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS
loc (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncIn attribute),	method), 242
829	lookup_defs() (angr.analyses.ddg.LiveDefinitions
loc (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.FuncOut at-	method), 744
tribute), 829	<pre>lookup_original() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo</pre>
<pre>loc_repr() (angr.sim_variable.SimConstantVariable</pre>	method), 276
method), 503	Loop (class in angr.analyses.loopfinder), 834
<pre>loc_repr() (angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable     method), 505</pre>	LoopAnalysis (class in angr.analyses.loop_analysis), 835
<pre>loc_repr() (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable</pre>	LoopAnalysisState (class in angr.analyses.loop_analysis), 835
loc_repr() (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method), 506	LoopFinder (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin attribute), 619
<pre>loc_repr() (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable</pre>	LoopFinder (class in angr.analyses.loopfinder), 834
method), 504	looping_times (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode
<pre>loc_repr() (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable method),</pre>	attribute), 547
503	looping_times (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode

make\_continuation()

attribute), 527	(angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method),				
LoopNode (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.st					
687 LoopSeer (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 393	make_continuation() (angr.SimProcedure method),  159				
LoopSeer (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 393  LoopSeer (class in angr.exploration_techniques.loop_seer)					
421	method), 646				
· <del>-</del> -	make_function_codeloc()				
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.loop					
717	method), 801				
LoopVisitor (class in	<pre>make_function_codeloc()</pre>				
$angr. analyses. forward\_analysis. visitors. loop),$	$(angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function Handler$				
625	method), 781				
	<pre>make_functions() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase</pre>				
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lo					
707	make_functions() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot.CFGFastSoot				
LShift (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression	method), 670				
attribute), 748	make_ident() (angr.SimFileBase static method), 188				
LT (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluattribute), 718	us <b>utal<u>k</u> ein plefat (O</b> mp <b>(u</b> ngr.storage.file.SimFileBase static method), 316				
aurionie), 716	make_initial_state()				
M	(angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier				
main() (in module angr.flirt.build_sig), 881	static method), 834				
main_executable_region_limbos_contain()	make_methods() (in module				
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object), 468				
method), 853	make_phi_node() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.				
main_executable_regions	method), 562				
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	make_ro_state() (in module				
property), 853	angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller),				
<pre>main_executable_regions_contain()</pre>	607				
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	make_state() (in module				
method), 853	angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller),				
<pre>main_nonexecutable_region_limbos_contain()</pre>	607				
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	<pre>make_symbolic_state()           (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier           static method), 834</pre>				
method), 854					
main_nonexecutable_regions	MakeTypecastsImplicit (class in				
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),				
<pre>property), 853 main_nonexecutable_regions_contain()</pre>	739				
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	malloc() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 207				
method), 854	malloc() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc.SimHeapLibc				
main_object (angr.angrdb.models.DbObject attribute),	method), 301				
676	<pre>malloc() (angr.state_plugins.heap_heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapPTMalloc</pre>				
<pre>make() (angr.sim_type.SimTypePointer method), 511</pre>	method), 305				
make() (angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference method), 511	ManualMergepoint (class in				
<pre>make_breakpoint() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspect</pre>	ector angr.exploration_techniques), 402				
method), 234	ManualMergepoint (class in				
make_bv_sizes_equal() (in module	angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint),				
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 444	410				
	ymap() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_data.Regio				
method), 270	method), 369 map_callsites() (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier				
make_concrete_int() (angr.sim_state.SimState	method), 833				
method), 227 make concrete int() (angr.SimState method), 184	map_region() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mix				
	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

994 Index

method), 346

```
method), 337
                                                                                                     attribute), 543
map_region() (angr. storage.memory mixins.paged memomanasid endangr.knowled Reguli Minna from Mixinory Data at-
              method), 354
                                                                                                     tribute), 524
mapping (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptahbexCoinxteun(VanlguetMids.dgenamic_dictlist.DynamicDictList
              attribute), 663
                                                                                                     attribute), 882
mark_const() (angr.analyses.reaching definitions.rd statem\( \) tatem\( \) and \( \) tatem\( \) and \( \) 
                                                                                                     (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary
              method), 810
mark_const() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions&hote), 480
              method), 781
                                                                                      mem (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225
mark_function_alignments()
                                                                                      mem (angr.SimState attribute), 181
              (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
                                                                                      mem (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariable
              method), 647
                                                                                                    property), 308
mark_quard() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_stateMRMachinggExeriniphnssStateim_action.SimAction attribute),
              method), 810
mark_quard() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reachingentifloms.Statealyses.reaching_definitions.Atom static
              method), 781
                                                                                                     method), 765
mark_nofilter() (angr.exploration_techniques.manual_memory)dian.AdanuallMeggephigins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom
                                                                                                    static method), 584
              method), 410
mark_nofilter() (angr.exploration techniques.ManualMmempoontcrete() (angr.sim state.SimState method), 227
              method), 402
                                                                                      mem_concrete() (angr.SimState method), 183
mark_nonreturning_calls_endpoints()
                                                                                      mem_map() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
              (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                                                                     method), 288
                                                                                      mem_map_ptr() (angr.state plugins.unicorn engine.Uniwrapper
              method), 556
mark_okfilter() (angr.exploration techniques.manual mergepointn Methodi) Mergepoint
              method), 410
                                                                                      MEM_PATCH (class in angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine),
mark_okfilter() (angr.exploration_techniques.ManualMergepoint 284
              method), 402
                                                                                      mem_reset() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
matches() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition
                                                                                                     method), 288
              method), 768
                                                                                      mem_unmap() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
matches() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition
                                                                                                     method), 288
              method), 583
                                                                                      {\tt mem\_untyped} \ (angr. state\_plugins. debug\_variables. SimDebug Variable
matches() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definitionaperty), 308
                                                                                      member() (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariable
              method), 590
matches() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.DefinitiontMadix)ARV&dicate
              method), 588
                                                                                      member()
                                                                                                                 (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView
max() (angr.state plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 258
                                                                                                     method), 314
max_allocation (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC
                                                                                      members (angr.sim_type.SimCppClass property), 517
              attribute), 272
                                                                                      MemDepNode (class in angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes),
max_bytes (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute),
              440
                                                                                      memo() (angr.SimStatePlugin static method), 161
                           (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter
                                                                                      memo() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin static
max_bytes
              attribute), 442
                                                                                                     method), 232
MAX_DATA_REFS
                             (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB
                                                                                      Memory (angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.DepNodeTypes
              tribute), 436
                                                                                                     attribute), 865
MAX_EXITS (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute),
                                                                                      MEMORY
                                                                                                      (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.AtomKind
                                                                                                     attribute), 763
max_inst (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute), 440
                                                                                      memory (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
max_inst
                   (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter
                                                                                                     attribute), 756
              tribute), 442
                                                                                      memory (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitionsSt
max_int()
                              (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
                                                                                                    property), 807
                                                                                      {\tt memory}\ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. ReachingDefinitionsState
              method), 261
MAX_ONE_CALL (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.MultiSpnoExptyModel
              attribute), 690
                                                                                      memory (angr.analyses.stack pointer tracker.FrozenStackPointerTrackerStack
```

map\_region() (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.MemoryMiximax\_size (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.memory\_data.MemoryData

523

attribute), 815	MemoryD	ataSort	(class	in
memory (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointer)	TrackerSta	t <b>e</b> ıngr.knowledge_plugi	ins.cfg.memory_data),	
attribute), 815		542		
MEMORY (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Ato	o <i>i</i> MeKniooatyL	ocation	(class	in
attribute), 583		angr.analyses.reachin	g_definitions), 766	
memory (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_defin	i <b>MemoŁ</b> yk	a <b>Destriicin</b> ns	(class	in
attribute), 594		angr.knowledge_plugi	ns.key_definitions.ato	ms),
${\tt memory} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.LiveDefined and the property of the pro$	iitions	586		
attribute), 573	MemoryM	TappingError, 288		
${\tt MEMORY} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.variables.variable\_mana)$	gMeMo <i>riy</i> M	h <b>lexFyp</b> e(class in angr.	.storage.memory_mixi	ns),
attribute), 561		336		
memory (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225	Memory0	bjectMixin	(class	in
memory (angr.SimState attribute), 181		angr.storage.memory_	_mixins.paged_memor	y.pages.cooperation),
memory() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom		361		
static method), 765	Memory0	bjectSetMixin	(class	in
memory() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.	Atom	angr.storage.memory_	_mixins.paged_memor	y.pages.cooperation),
static method), 585		361		
<pre>memory_args (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC prop-</pre>	Memory0	perand (class in an	gr.analyses.disassemb	ply),
erty), 488		846		
memory_args (angr.SimCC property), 185	MemoryR	degion (class in angr.a	nalyses.cfg.cfb), 636	
<pre>memory_data(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast prop-</pre>	MemoryR	RegionMetaMixin	(class	in
erty), 655		angr.storage.memory_	_mixins.regioned_men	iory.region_meta_mix
$\verb memory_data   (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_model.CF                                      $	GModel	371		
attribute), 536	MemoryV	alue	(class	in
<pre>memory_data (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel</pre>		angr.state_plugins.uni	icorn_engine), 284	
attribute), 529	MemoryW	latcher ( <i>class in angr</i>	exploration_techniqu.	es),
<pre>memory_data (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef</pre>		405		
attribute), 610	MemoryW	latcher	(class	in
${\tt memory\_definitions} \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions) \ (angr. ana$	s.LiveDefii	n <b>itingrs</b> exploration_tech	niques.memory_watch	ner),
property), 756		426		
memory_definitions (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_defin	i <b>nien:ge</b> i(d)	_(dwfyritiionls:!Las:aldefinip	piibeus optimization_pas	ses.engine_base.Simp
property), 594		method), 709		
<pre>memory_definitions (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_defin</pre>	i <b>nien:g&amp;(</b> v)	e <b>Dæfgritioals</b> yses.loop_a	nalysis. Loop Analysis S	'tate
property), 573		method), 835		
${\tt memory\_uses} \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Live Defined \ (angr. analyses) \ (angr. analyses$	i <b>mieioge</b> ()		ng_definitions.LiveDef	initions
attribute), 756		method), 758		
${\tt memory\_uses} \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. rd\_state)$	. Reardaing	<b>Dæfiguitáonal Stat</b> ereachin	ng_definitions.rd_state	.ReachingDefinitions
property), 807		method), 807		
${\tt memory\_uses} \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Reaching\_definitions) \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definition$	galdeafgneilid		ig_definitions.Reachin	gDefinitionsModel
property), 777		method), 773		
${\tt memory\_uses} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.liver and the property of the prop$	e <u>m</u> deafgreisid		ig_definitions.Reachin	gDefinitionsState
attribute), 594		method), 777		
${\tt memory\_uses} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.Lively and the property of the pro$	enDeafgnia)		oointer_tracker.Frozen	StackPointerTrackerS
attribute), 573		method), 815		
memory_values (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.VEX)	Stanet Elgred (i)		pointer_tracker.StackP	ointerTrackerState
attribute), 285		method), 816		
memory_values_count	_	(angr.analyses.typehoo	on.typevars.TypeVaria	bles
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.VEXStmtDet		method), 829		
attribute), 285	merge()	(angr.analyses.variabl	e_recovery.variable_r	ecovery.VariableReco
MemoryData (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg), 523	_	method), 823		_
MemoryData (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory	_mlenzge()		e_recovery.variable_r	ecovery_fast.Variable
542		method), 821		

996 Index

 ${\tt MemoryDataSort}\ (class\ in\ angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg),\quad {\tt merge()}\ (angr.concretization\_strategies.norepeats.SimConcretizationStrategies.pdf)$ 

method), 379

merge()	$(angr.concretization\_strategies.no repeats\_range. Strategies.no repeats\_$	SimConcre	etiizettlioalStr2teegyNorepeatsRange
	method), 381	merge()	(angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector
<pre>merge()</pre>	$(angr.concretization\_strategies. Sim Concretization\_strategies. Sim Concretization\_strategi$	Strategy	method), 235
	method), 335	<pre>merge()</pre>	$(angr.state\_plugins.javavm\_classloader.SimJavaVmClassloader$
_	(angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion method), 613		method), 295
<pre>merge()</pre>	$(angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_node.CFGNode$	<pre>merge()</pre>	(angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIReferences
	<i>method</i> ), 546		method), 296
merge()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode method), 527	merge()	(angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method), 239
merge()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environmethod), 590	merge()	ro(namegrtstate_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 262
marga()		mitingo IX	va <b>Definsitite<u>n</u>p</b> lugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData
mer ge ()	method), 596	rand by servey	method), 291
merge()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefi	mitinae()	
mer ge ()	method), 575	rand by se ()	method), 232
merge()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_mode	h Renadii in	
mer ge ()	method), 602	anacutigot ne ja	240
merge()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Reachin,	ort Teorf mei (li 7)	
mer ge ()	method), 571	Sandy Michely	method), 242
merge()	(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Uses	merge()	
mer ge ()	method), 582	mer ge ()	method), 246
merge()		merge()	(angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
mer ge ()	method), 607	anci ge ()	method), 282
merge()	(angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager	merge()	
mer ge ()	method), 388	mer ge ()	method), 281
merge()	(angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227	merge()	(angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method),
	(angr.SimFile method), 191		256
_	(angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199	merge()	(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
_	(angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 202	3 3 0	method), 275
	(angr.SimFileStream method), 195	merge()	(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin
_	(angr.SimHeapBrk method), 205	3 3 0	method), 276
	(angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 207	merge()	
_	(angr.SimPackets method), 193	5 17	method), 289
	(angr.SimPacketsStream method), 197	merge()	(angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView
	(angr.SimState method), 183		method), 313
	(angr.SimStatePlugin method), 162	merge()	
merge()	(angr.SimulationManager method), 177		method), 309
_	(angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack	merge()	(angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 318
	method), 264		(angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor method),
merge()	(angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method),		328
	272	merge()	(angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex
merge()	(angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),		method), 331
	293	merge()	(angr.storage.file.SimFileStream method), 320
merge()	(angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesys	tmærge()	(angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 322
	method), 252	merge()	(angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots method), 333
merge()	(angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem	merge()	(angr.storage.file.SimPacketsStream method),
	method), 249		324
merge()	(angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals	merge()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.Addr
	method), 278		method), 345
merge()		merge()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_i
	method), 299		method), 377
merge()	(angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimHeap	RiEMyd (6)	
	method), 305		method), 336
<pre>merge()</pre>	(angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	<pre>merge()</pre>	$(angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged_memory_memory_memory_memory_memory_memory_memory_memory_memory_memory_$

```
708
        method), 353
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pageModdSi_mp&d.£istPAJ&Engine
                                                                                      (class
                                                                                                     in
                                                             angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simplifier),
        method), 362
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_values.MultiValues
        method), 351
                                                    module
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mvahigh_plage.MVListPage
                                                        angr.analyses, 618
        method), 349
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultangraganlaltysatesgeanalysis, 618
        method), 364
                                                        angr.analyses.backward_slice, 627
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regionangraaanadiysMesnloinyRryioonMeandMixin 857
        method), 372
                                                        angr.analyses.bindiff, 628
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regionadqudduralysoss:rbiyssion_tubSih.RegionedAddressConcretizationMix
                                                        angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder, 858
        method), 373
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regionadgmeanalypse.sinckleliangdklawenythion; 632
                                                         angr.analyses.cdg, 673
        method), 366
merge() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.SlottedMangaryaMalayses.cfg, 636
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfb, 636
        method), 374
merge_jobs() (angr.analyses.vfg.CallAnalysis method),
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfg, 638
        839
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_arch_options,656
merge_points()
                        (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG
                                                         angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base, 645
        method), 870
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated, 640
                     (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast, 647
merge_to_top()
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot,668
        method), 613
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_job_base, 656
merge_transitions()
                                           module
                               (in
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers,
        angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.transitions),
merged_jobs(angr.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info.JobInfo angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.amd64_elf_gc
        property), 621
MicrosoftAMD64ArgSession
                                                         angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.arm_elf_fast
                                   (class
                                                in
        angr.calling_conventions), 492
min() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 258
                                                         angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolv
min_int()
                  (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
                                                         angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.default_reso
        method), 261
minimum_syscall_number()
        (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable,
        method), 480
MipsElfFastResolver
                                (class
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fas
        angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast), 660
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.resolver,
MIPSGPHook (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_elf_pic_
MixedPermissonsError, 288
mnemonic (angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction prop-
                                                         angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_pe_iat,
        erty), 845
                                                             659
mnemonic (angr.block.CapstoneInsn property), 221
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list,670
mnemonic (angr.block.DisassemblerInsn property), 220
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink, 812
mnemonic (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerInsn
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink,
        property), 435
model (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase property),
                                                        angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph,
model (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions.Remgthingtadfyrsieisus.figablisce_to_sink.transitions,
        attribute), 790
ModSimplifier
                             (class
                                                in
                                                        angr.analyses.class_identifier, 843
        angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_sinaphigfteranalyses.code_tagging, 673
```

```
angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_ba
      633
angr.analyses.congruency_check, 856
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_s
angr.analyses.data_dep, 867
angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysiangr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expr_
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_s
angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes, 865
angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location,
      864
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_simpl
angr.analyses.datagraph_meta, 673
angr.analyses.ddg, 742
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_sim
angr.analyses.decompiler, 691
angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimizat
angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_
angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_
angr.analyses.decompiler.callsite_maker,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_car
angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_g
angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.amd64amgraldmsalyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations,
angr.analyses.decompiler.ccall_rewriters.rewritergr_bansaelyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base,
angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic, 694
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.redundant_label_remover,
angr.analyses.decompiler.condition_processor,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier,
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_cache,
                                                                                         713
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers,
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_options,
                                                                                         713
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_
angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler,697
angr.analyses.decompiler.empty_node_remover,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.cascading_
angr.analyses.decompiler.expression_narrower, angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_foldi
      699
angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region,
                                                                                  angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.goto,
                                                                                         717
angr.analyses.decompiler.jump_target_collectorangr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.if_,
angr.analyses.decompiler.jumptable_entry_condittion_anearlyisteer,decompiler.region_simplifiers.ifelse,
      700
                                                                                         717
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes, angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.loop,
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.bansqr.panalsqsses_sdenpdmiffilear.region_simplifiers.node_addre
                                                                                         717
angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. \textit{campsnt\_athear} \textit{lefts} \textit{es}. decompiler. region\_simplifiers. region\_si
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.dimgrsiampdliyfsieer,decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_clu
                                                                                         718
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eanger_anealysess.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_exp
```

721

701

```
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker,
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base, 750
    721
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex, 751
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition_walker,
angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker,
                                                   753
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen,
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.propagator, 754
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.tmpvar_finder,
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base, 754
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.top_checker_mixin,
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c,
                                                   755
                                               angr.analyses.propagator.values, 750
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.duammyr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars, 750
                                               angr.analyses.proximity_graph, 860
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.dwamqqriampadrytses.reaching_definitions, 755
    740
                                               angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trace,
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring, 684
                                                   787
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.dream,
                                               angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph,
                                                   792
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix, angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail,
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.recursivearsqruantaulyeses.reaching_definitions.engine_vex,
                                                   788
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structureandmasamalyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler,
angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structureangmodassalyses.reaching_definitions.heap_allocator,
                                                   795
angr.analyses.decompiler.utils, 740
                                               angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state,
angr.analyses.disassembly, 844
angr.analyses.disassembly_utils, 848
                                               angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definition
angr.analyses.dominance_frontier, 858
angr.analyses.find_objects_static, 843
                                               angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject,
angr.analyses.flirt, 748
angr.analyses.forward_analysis, 620
                                               angr.analyses.reassembler, 848
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysismgr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy, 635
                                               angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker, 814
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info,
                                               angr.analyses.static_hooker, 856
   621
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon, 833
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors,
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.lifter, 825
   622
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver, 825
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_ganagph,analyses.typehoon.translator,825
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts,831
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.functiammgrgramphlyses.typehoon.typehoon.830
                                               angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars, 826
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph,angr.analyses.variable_recovery, 825
   623
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations,
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop,
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail,
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_3graph,
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base,
angr.analyses.identifier.identify, 833
angr.analyses.init_finder, 858
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex,
angr.analyses.loop_analysis, 834
angr.analyses.loopfinder, 834
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanner,
angr.analyses.propagator, 750
                                                   825
angr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail, 751
                                               angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery,
```

```
822
                                               angr.distributed.worker, 897
angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovernyr_benserines, 427
                                               angr.engines.concrete, 433
angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recoverygr.femsgines.engine, 427
                                               angr.engines.failure, 431
angr.analyses.veritesting, 835
                                               angr.engines.hook, 430
                                               angr.engines.light, 749
angr.analyses.vfg, 837
angr.analyses.vsa_ddg, 841
                                               angr.engines.light.data, 748
angr.analyses.vtable, 842
                                               angr.engines.light.engine, 749
angr.analyses.xrefs, 859
                                               angr.engines.pcode, 434
angr.angrdb, 674
                                               angr.engines.pcode.behavior, 444
angr.angrdb.db, 674
                                               angr.engines.pcode.cc, 464
angr.angrdb.models, 676
                                               angr.engines.pcode.emulate, 444
angr.angrdb.serializers, 679
                                               angr.engines.pcode.engine, 434
                                               angr.engines.pcode.lifter, 435
angr.angrdb.serializers.cfg_model,679
angr.angrdb.serializers.comments, 680
                                               angr.engines.procedure, 430
angr.angrdb.serializers.funcs, 680
                                               angr.engines.soot, 431
angr.angrdb.serializers.kb, 681
                                               angr.engines.soot.engine, 431
angr.angrdb.serializers.labels, 681
                                               angr.engines.successors, 428
angr.angrdb.serializers.loader, 681
                                               angr.engines.syscall, 431
angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code,
                                               angr.engines.unicorn, 432
                                               angr.engines.vex, 431
angr.angrdb.serializers.variables, 682
                                               angr.errors, 890
                                               angr.exploration_techniques, 390
angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs, 682
angr.annocfg, 869
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.bucketizer,
angr.blade, 867
angr.block, 220
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.common, 424
angr.callable, 519
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.dfs, 408
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.director, 418
angr.calling_conventions, 483
angr.code_location, 611
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core,
angr.codenode, 870
angr.concretization_strategies, 335
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.explorer, 408
angr.concretization_strategies.any, 381
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.lengthlimiter,
angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data,
                                                   409
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer,
angr.concretization_strategies.eval, 378
angr.concretization_strategies.max, 380
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.loop_seer,
angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero,
                                                    421
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint,
angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range,
                                                    410
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.memory_watcher,
angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats,
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.oppologist,
angr.concretization_strategies.norepeats_range,
                                                    420
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.slicecutor,
                                                    417
angr.concretization_strategies.range, 380
angr.concretization_strategies.single,
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.spiller, 410
                                                angr.exploration_techniques.spiller_db,
angr.concretization_strategies.solutions,
                                                    412
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic,
angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range,
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions,
angr.distributed, 896
                                                    426
angr.distributed.server, 896
                                               angr.exploration_techniques.symbion, 424
```

```
angr.exploration_techniques.tech_builder,
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definition_
   424
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definition
angr.exploration_techniques.threading,
   413
angr.exploration_techniques.timeout, 407
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model,
angr.exploration_techniques.tracer, 414
angr.exploration_techniques.unique, 423
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag,
angr.exploration_techniques.veritesting,
   413
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.undefined,
angr.factory, 216
angr.flirt, 879
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.unknown_size,
angr.flirt.build_sig, 880
angr.keyed_region, 612
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses,
angr.knowledge_base, 520
angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base,520
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.labels, 549
angr.knowledge_plugins, 521
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.patches, 521
angr.knowledge_plugins.callsite_prototypes,
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.plugin, 522
    522
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.propagations, 549
angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg, 523
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code,
angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_manager,
    544
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager,
angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model, 536
angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node, 544
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.sync, 607
angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump,
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller,
    547
                                                   607
angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data,
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.types, 548
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.variables, 560
angr.knowledge_plugins.comments, 549
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access,
angr.knowledge_plugins.data, 549
angr.knowledge_plugins.debug_variables,
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager,
angr.knowledge_plugins.functions, 550
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs, 609
angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function,
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref,609
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager,
angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_manager,610
                                               angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types,
angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser, 610
                                               angr.misc.plugins, 222
angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_functionangr.procedures, 473
                                               angr.procedures.definitions, 475
angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps,
                                               angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser, 473
                                               angr.project, 212
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions,
                                               angr.protos, 616
                                               angr.serializable, 615
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms,
                                               angr.sim_manager, 382
                                               angr.sim_options, 228
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.constanatsgr.sim_procedure, 469
                                               angr.sim_state, 224
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definitamogr.sim_state_options, 228
                                               angr.sim_type, 507
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.environamegnt,sim_variable,502
                                               angr.simos, 871
angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_adahngnsssimos.cgc, 874
    591
                                               angr.simos.javavm, 877
```

```
angr.simos.linux, 873
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.clouseau_mixin,
angr.simos.simos, 871
angr.simos.userland, 875
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.conditional_store_mixin,
angr.simos.windows, 876
angr.slicer, 868
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin,
angr.state_hierarchy, 389
angr.state_plugins, 231
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.callstack, 263
angr.state_plugins.cgc, 271
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.dirty_addrs_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.concrete, 292
angr.state_plugins.debug_variables, 307
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.filesystem, 248
angr.state_plugins.gdb, 270
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory,
angr.state_plugins.globals, 278
angr.state_plugins.heap, 297
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base, 297
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk, 298
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory,
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist,
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_me
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc, 301
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc,
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.heap.utils, 306
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.history, 267
angr.state_plugins.inspect, 233
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.name_resolution_mixin,
angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader,
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory,
angr.state_plugins.jni_references, 296
angr.state_plugins.libc, 236
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_backer_mi
angr.state_plugins.light_registers, 266
angr.state_plugins.log, 262
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_n
angr.state_plugins.loop_data, 291
                                                   352
angr.state_plugins.plugin, 231
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages,
angr.state_plugins.posix, 240
angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer, 282
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.cooperat
angr.state_plugins.scratch, 280
angr.state_plugins.sim_action, 466
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.history_
angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object, 468
angr.state_plugins.sim_event, 468
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ispo_mix
angr.state_plugins.solver, 254
angr.state_plugins.symbolizer, 307
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.list_pag
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions, 273
angr.state_plugins.uc_manager, 279
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_va
angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine, 284
angr.state_plugins.view, 309
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mv_list_
angr.storage, 309
angr.storage.file, 314
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.permissi
angr.storage.memory_mixins, 336
angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin,
                                               angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.refcount
angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretizataingmcmsixinage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultra_pa
angr.storage.memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixiampgr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.privileged_mix
```

358

340

```
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stack_anddoceatibrs_milkin,
                                              most_mergeable() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory,
                                                       method), 389
                                              most_mergeable() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memorymabstfact_addgrssased_plagin.pfibesystem.SimFilesystem
                                                       method), 250
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memorymabs()**tartgmeirgeramizeir&imulationManager method),
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memorymoreg(omanast&gonyntiminManager method), 175
                                              move_codelocs() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingL
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_nderbad), 807
                                              move_codelocs() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinition
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_methadmixim,
                                              mp_context() (in module angr.utils.mp), 890
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memoryMulegioned_angldresinesdighteltia_attibutenticEmpression
                                                       attribute), 748
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memorymwkpyphexl()hemomymixininnanager.SimulationManager
                                                       method), 383
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memorymslayplex()ndamixSimpulationManager method), 172
                                              MultiNode (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes
angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_mixin,685
                                              MultipleBlocksException, 702
angr.storage.memory_mixins.simplification_MikinSimplifier
                                                                            (class
                                                                                              in
                                                       angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier),
angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mixin, 708
                                              MultiSimplifierAILEngine
                                                                                 (class
angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory,
                                                       angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_simplifier),
angr.storage.memory_mixins.smart_find_mixiMultiStatementExpressionAssignmentFinder
                                                       (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_folding
angr.storage.memory_mixins.symbolic_merger_mixin, 715
                                              MultiStmtExprMode
                                                                             (class
                                                                                              in
angr.storage.memory_mixins.top_merger_mixin,
                                                       angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix),
angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstraineMuhtixValuedMemory
                                                                             (class
                                                                                              in
                                                       angr.storage.memory_mixins), 339
angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapper_mixinMultiValueMergerMixin
                                                                                              in
                                                       angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixin),
angr.storage.memory_object, 334
                                                       352
angr.storage.pcap, 335
                                              MultiValues
                                                                          (class
angr.utils,881
                                                       angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.multi_values)
angr.utils.algo, 881
                                                       350
angr.utils.constants, 881
                                              MultiwriteAnnotation
                                                                               (class
                                                                                              in
angr.utils.cowdict, 881
                                                       angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin),
angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist,882
angr.utils.enums_conv, 882
                                               MVListPage (class in angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.m
angr.utils.env, 882
                                                       348
angr.utils.formatting, 888
                                              MVListPagesMixin
                                                                             (class
                                                                                              in
angr.utils.graph, 882
                                                       angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mix
angr.utils.lazy_import, 886
angr.utils.library, 887
                                              MVListPagesWithLabelsMixin
                                                                                  (class
                                                                                              in
angr.utils.loader, 886
                                                       angr.storage.memory mixins.paged memory.paged memory mix
angr.utils.mp, 889
```

angr.utils.timing, 888

N		851		
n (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.AddN attribute), 829	name (a	ngr.angrdb.models.DbKno	wledgeBase attribu	te),
n (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.SubN attribute), 830	,	676	1 1 (70	
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.base_attribute), 705	pur_save_ name	าร์เกาใช้เฮ็ค BasePoihleFsave angr.knowledge_plugins.c;	gaffringiter), 679 fg.cfg_node.CFGN	ode
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_attribute), 701	_derefs.Co name (a	odStandDereferencesSimpli ngr.knowledge_plugins.cfg	fier c.CFGNode proper	ty),
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.div_stattribute), 705	implifier.1 name(ar	DivSimplifier 1gr.knowledge_plugins.func	ctions.function.Fun	ction
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eager attribute), 702	_returns.i name(ar	EdgePKefürnsSimplifier igr.knowledge_plugins.key_	_definitions.atoms.l	Register
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_attribute), 710	op_swapp name (a	perERFFOrSwapper ngr.procedures.definitions.	SimLibrary proper	ty),
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exattribute), 706	pr_conve name (an	rter.ITEExprConverter igr.sim_state_options.State	Option attribute), 2	228
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lower attribute), 707	ename (a) name (a)	egrishplifier Llowered Expach igr.sim_type.TypeRef prope	ixin property), 508 erty), 508	
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.mod_ attribute), 708	snamedey	ngroigi <del>n</del> ygrijable.SimVariai Lop() (angr.state_plugins.	ble attribute), 503	TOP
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.multi_ attribute), 708		r Matic method), 287		at-
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.regist attribute), 710			veAreaSimplifier ibute), 178	
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_aaattribute), 711				in
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack_attribute), 704			*	on_mixin),
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_s attribute), 711	cc_geopc	-stribuguexxioosioeares 879	SimJayaVM proper	rty),
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.ba attribute), 712	ıse <del>.Peeph</del> l	guolyninidanompilerbagio attribute), 718	n_simplifiers.switch	h_cluster_simplifier.C
NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.ba attribute), 711	ıse.Peeph	UIEOpudizasidaSAMBilse si attribute), 690	tructuring.phoenix.	MultiStmtExprMode
${\tt name} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CFa. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. decompiler. decompil$	k₽♥äriabl		_base.BlockID st	atic
attribute), 731 name (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFu	กษณิยก	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_static method), 657	job_base.Function	Key
attribute), 725 name (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLa	pĥem()	(angr.analyses.typehomethod), 832	oon.typeconsts.Poir	nter
attribute), 730 name (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStr	uctrields	Camendar() (angr.analyse, method), 695	s.decompiler.clinic	Clinic
attribute), 736  NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.dream.DreamS	inew <sub>u</sub> bl	ock_addr() (angr.analyse, method), 704	s.decompiler.optim	ization_passes.optimi
attribute), 684  NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.Phoen	i <del>xStru</del> ctil	class method), 363	e.memory_mixins.p	aged_memory.pages.
attribute), 691  NAME (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_bas	e.Siyucial	perbase (angr.analyses.rea. method), 848	ssembler.Label st	atic
attribute), 689 name (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler	. Punction	relify (an gr. analyses. reass method), 849	embler.SymbolMar	nager
attribute), 798 name (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallDate)	anew_mod	del() (angr.knowledge_pli method), 544	ıgins.cfg.cfg_mana	ger.CFGManager
attribute), 785 name (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Register prop-	new_mod	del() (angr.knowledge_pli method), 535	ıgins.cfg.CFGMan	ager
erty), 766 name (angr.analyses.reassembler.Procedure property),	NewFund	ctionHandler	(class	in

angr.analyses.find_objects_static), 843	attribute), 718
	node (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifierstribute), 719
next (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB attribute), 437	${\tt node}(angr.analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. Code Node$
<pre>next (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MEM_PATCH</pre>	attribute), 686
attribute), 284	${\tt node}(angr.analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. Condition Nodes (angr.analyses. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. structurer\_nodes. decompiler. decompiler. decompiler. decompile$
$\verb"next_addr" (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes and algorithms and algorithms and algorithms and algorithms are also allowed an algorithms are also allowed an algorithms and algorithms are also allowed an algorithms and algorithms are also allowed an algorithms. All the algorithms are allowed allowed allowed an algorithms are allowed an algorithms are allowed an algorithms are allowed an algorithms are allowed allowed an algorithms are allowed allowed an algorithms are allowed an algorithms are allowed an algorithms are allowed allowed an allowed all$	s.lowered_s <b>นเม<sub>ื</sub>นร่ะ</b> )บุที่ใช้เอา.Case
attribute), 707	$node \ (angr. analyses. forward\_analysis. visitors. single\_node\_graph. SingleNode \ (angr. analyses. forward\_analyses. forwar$
<pre>next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC method),</pre>	attribute), 626
489	${\tt node\_addr} ({\it angr.analyses. decompiler. region\_simplifiers. expr\_folding. Constitution of the const$
next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM	attribute), 715
method), 496	${\tt node\_addr} ({\it angr.analyses. decompiler. region\_simplifiers. expr\_folding. Constitution of the const$
<pre>next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF</pre>	attribute), 715
method), 496	node_observe() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions
next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl	method), 791
method), 492	$\verb"node_observe()" (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Reaching Definitions. The algorithms and the state of the state$
$\verb"next_arg()" (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCM icrosoft Anti-arg()") (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCM icrosoft Anti-arg()") (angr. calling\_conventions) (angr. cal$	
method), 493	<pre>node_position() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes</pre>
next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32	method), 685
method), 498	$\verb node_returned   (angr. analyses. forward\_analysis. visitors. single\_node\_graphical forward\_analysis. visitors. visitors. single\_node\_graphical forward\_analysis. visitors. v$
<pre>next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAM</pre>	
method), 494	$\verb"node_type" (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. lowered\_switch and the property of the proper$
<pre>next_arg() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall</pre>	attribute), 706
method), 491	NodeAddressFinder (class in
next_arg() (angr.SimCC method), 186	angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.node_address_finder
next_chunk() (angr.PTChunk method), 209	717
next_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chu	
method), 300	nodes (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink.CFGSliceToSink
next_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.P'	
method), 303	nodes (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.MultiNode
next_free_pos() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.Segment_	
method), 671	nodes (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.SequenceNo
<pre>next_node() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.gra</pre>	
method), 624	nodes (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
next_node() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.sin	
method), 626	nodes() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase method),
<pre>next_pos_with_sort_not_in()</pre>	646
(angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList	nodes() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisitor
method), 671	method), 624
<pre>next_variable_ident()</pre>	nodes() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.DepGraph
(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_mar	
method), 562	nodes() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
no_ret (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode	method), 538
attribute), 545	nodes() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
no_ret (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode at-	method), 531
tribute), 525	nodes_iter() (angr.analyses.cfg_cfg_base.CFGBase
NO_RET (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure attribute),	method), 647
471 NO RET (avan Cim Procedure attailute) 150	nodes_iter() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisito
NO_RET (angr.SimProcedure attribute), 159	method), 624
NoConcreteDispatch, 636 NodalAnnotation (class in	NONE (angr.simos.windows.SecurityCookieInit attribute),
NodalAnnotation (class in angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analyses.data_dependency_analys	876 shindman (anar analyses of of a fast CEC Lob Type at
angr.anaiyses.aaia_aep.aaia_aepenaency_anaiys	sNQRMAL (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJobType at- tribute) 651

 ${\tt node}\ (angr. analyses. decompiler. region\_simplifiers. switch\_c {\tt hostena\_linzpel(j)} er. {\tt Condigional illysse} ion fg. cfg\_base. CFGB as extractions and the condition of the condition$ 

method) 647	O_NOFOLLOW (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315					
method), 647 O_NOFOLLOW (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315 normalize() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot.CFGFastSoo_NONBLOCK (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315						
method), 669  O_PATH (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315						
normalize() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.fourRDONLY (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 314						
method), 558	O_RDWR (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 314					
normalize() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_fun						
method), 560	0_TMPFILE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315					
normalize() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.def						
method), 588	O_WRONLY (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 314					
	obj (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionMappingE					
angr.sim_type), 518	attribute), 722					
	obj (angr.analyses.disassembly.IROp attribute), 845					
property), 646	obj (angr.keyed_region.StoredObject attribute), 613					
normalized (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFG						
attribute), 536	obj_bit_size() (in module					
normalized (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel at-	angr.storage.memory_object), 334					
tribute), 529	obj_id (angr.keyed_region.StoredObject property), 613					
normalized(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.F						
attribute), 552	attribute), 334					
normalized(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_functions						
attribute), 559	ObservationPointType (class in					
NormalizedBlock (class in angr.analyses.bindiff), 629	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 763					
NormalizedFunction (class in angr.analyses.bindiff),	ObservationPointType (class in					
629	angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.constants),					
NotAJumpTableNotification, 662	587					
	observed_results(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions)					
attribute), 835	property), 790					
NotMemoryview (class in	observed_results(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions)					
No chemory view (class in	observed_resurts (angr.anatyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions)					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag						
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag	e_backer_npixipus)(ty), 770					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357 NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849	e_backer_miximes)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357 NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849	e_backer_mixims)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357 NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849 NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672 s.DeresSized_by_sort() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357 NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849 NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672 s.DerufSied_by_sort() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357 NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849 NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580 NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672 s.becufSied_by_sort() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672 s.bice_upbjadtioix_D/anefSignalyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList property), 673					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357 NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849 NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580 NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672 s.becufSied_by_sort() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672 s.bice_upbjiedtioix_D/anefSignalyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList property), 673					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option)	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_ASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_ASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_ASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CREAT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CREAT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_ASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CREAT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixipus)ty), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_ASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CREAT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixims)(y), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672  aberaficed_by_sort() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672  aberaficed_by_sort() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672  about ampyion (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList property), 673  and ampyion (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList method), 672  offset (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructField attribute), 731  and fiset (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXReg attribute), 750  offset (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition property), 768  offset (angr.analyses.reassembler.Label property), 848  offset (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.OffsetVal property), 815  offset (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Register attribute), 815  offset (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.HasField attribute), 830					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CREAT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECTORY (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DSYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixims)(y), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECTORY (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DSYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_EXCL (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_EXCL (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_minimistyly, 770 occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					
angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag 357  NotypeLabel (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 849  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 580  NULL_TERMINATE (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions attribute), 592  num_arguments (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function property), 555  O  O (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.decompilation_option 697  O_ACCMODE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_APPEND (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CASYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_CLOEXEC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECT (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DIRECTORY (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_DSYNC (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_EXCL (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315  O_LARGEFILE (angr.storage.file.Flags attribute), 315	e_backer_mixims)(y), 770  occupied_by() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList					

offset (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition	tribute), 172		
property), 583	one_unsat (angr.sim_manager	r.SimulationManager	at-
$\verb"offset" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.de$			
property), 590	one_unsat (angr.SimulationMa		
offset (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_accessattribute), 561	s <b>AnxiolalkAe(e)</b> skangr.storage.men method), 351	nory_mixins.paged_m	emory.pages.multi_v
Offset (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types.XRefTypeattribute), 610	op (angr.analyses.decompiler.reg attribute), 718	gion_simplifiers.switch	h_cluster_simplifier.C
offset (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable attribute), 506		ructured_codegen.c.Cl	BinaryOp
${\tt offset} ({\it angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.RegisterValue}$	op (angr.analyses.decompiler.str	ructured_codegen.c.Cl	UnaryOp
attribute), 285 offset_after() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Sta	attribute), 733	ithmaticErnression	at
method), 816	tribute), 748	unmencexpression	ai-
offset_after_block()	OP_AFTER (angr.analyses.reachi	ng definitions Observ	vationPointTyne
(angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointer		<u>s_</u>	anoni omijpe
method), 816	OP_AFTER (angr.knowledge_plug	gins.kev definitions.co	onstants.Observationl
offset_before() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.St		, , , , , ,	
method), 816	OP_BEFORE (angr.analyses.reach	ning_definitions.Obser	vationPointType
offset_before_block()	attribute), 763	· ·	• •
(angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointe	r <b>0P</b> a <b>dkEF</b> 0RE (angr.knowledge_pli	igins.key_definitions.c	constants.Observation
method), 816	attribute), 587		
offsets (angr.sim_type.SimStruct property), 515	${\tt op\_precedence} \ (angr.analyses.$	decompiler.structured	l_codegen.c.CBinary
${\tt OffsetVal} ({\it class in angr.analyses.stack\_pointer\_tracker}),$	property), 734		
815	op_str (angr.block.CapstoneIns		
offsIP (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property), 438	op_str (angr.block.Disassemble		
on_worker_exit() (angr.distributed.server.Server method), 897	op_str (angr.engines.pcode.lifte property), 435	er.PcodeDisassembler	Insn
on_worker_exit() (angr.Server method), 211	OpBehavior (class in angr.engis	nes.pcode.behavior),	445
<pre>one_active (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager at-</pre>	OpBehaviorBoolAnd	(class	in
tribute), 383	angr.engines.pcode.be	havior), 458	
<pre>one_active (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172</pre>	OpBehaviorBoolNegate	(class	in
$one\_deadended ({\it angr.sim\_manager.SimulationManager}$	angr.engines.pcode.be	havior), 457	
attribute), 383	OpBehaviorBoolOr	(class	in
one_deadended (angr.SimulationManager attribute),	angr.engines.pcode.be		
172	OpBehaviorBoolXor	(class	in
one_found (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager at-	angr.engines.pcode.be		
tribute), 383	OpBehaviorCopy	(class	in
one_found (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172	angr.engines.pcode.be		
one_pruned (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager at-	OpBehaviorEqual	(class	in
tribute), 383	angr.engines.pcode.be		
one_pruned (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172 one_result (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_	OpBehaviorFloatAbs	(class	in
property), 790	дејишон <b>химедианду Бълрионано</b> в OpBehaviorFloatAdd	(class	in
one_result(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reaching.	_	*	ııı
property), 770	OpBehaviorFloatCeil	(class	in
one_stashed (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager	angr.engines.pcode.be	*	
attribute), 383	OpBehaviorFloatDiv	(class	in
one_stashed (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172	angr.engines.pcode.be	`	
one_type() (angr.sim_state_options.StateOption	OpBehaviorFloatEqual	(class	in
method), 228	angr.engines.pcode.be	`	
one_unconstrained(angr.sim_manager.SimulationMana			in
attribute), 383	angr.engines.pcode.be		
one_unconstrained (angr.SimulationManager at-	OpBehaviorFloatFloor	(class	in

angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 462		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 456
OpBehaviorFloatInt2Float (class	in	OpBehaviorIntSext (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 462		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 449
OpBehaviorFloatLess (class	in	OpBehaviorIntSless (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 459	.,,	angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 447
OpBehaviorFloatLessEqual (class	in	OpBehaviorIntSlessEqual (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 460	ırı	angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 448
	:	
<del>-</del>	in	OpBehaviorIntSrem (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 461		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 457
OpBehaviorFloatNan (class	ın	OpBehaviorIntSright (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 460		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 455
OpBehaviorFloatNeg (class	in	OpBehaviorIntSub (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 461		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 450
OpBehaviorFloatNotEqual (class	in	OpBehaviorIntXor (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 459		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 453
OpBehaviorFloatRound (class	in	OpBehaviorIntZext (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 463		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 449
OpBehaviorFloatSqrt (class	in	OpBehaviorNotEqual (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 461		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 447
OpBehaviorFloatSub (class	in	OpBehaviorPiece (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 461		angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 463
OpBehaviorFloatTrunc (class	in	OpBehaviorPopcount (class in
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 462	.,,	angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 463
OpBehaviorInt2Comp (class	in	OpBehaviorSubpiece (class in
	ın	
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 452	•	angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 463
OpBehaviorIntAdd (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehavior
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 450		attribute), 445
OpBehaviorIntAnd (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolAnd
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 453		attribute), 459
OpBehaviorIntCarry (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolNegate
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 450		attribute), 458
OpBehaviorIntDiv (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolOr
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 456		attribute), 459
OpBehaviorIntLeft (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorBoolXor
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 454		attribute), 458
OpBehaviorIntLess (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorCopy
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 448		attribute), 446
OpBehaviorIntLessEqual (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorEqual
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 448		attribute), 447
OpBehaviorIntMult (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAbs
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 455	.,,	attribute), 461
OpBehaviorIntNegate (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatAdd
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in	attribute), 460
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 452	:	
OpBehaviorIntOr (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatCeil
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 453		attribute), 462
OpBehaviorIntRem (class	ın	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatDiv
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 456		attribute), 460
OpBehaviorIntRight (class	in	opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatEqual
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 454		attribute), 459
OpBehaviorIntSborrow (class	in	${\tt opcode} (angr.engines.pcode.behavior. Op Behavior Float Float 2 $
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 451		attribute), 462
OpBehaviorIntScarry (class	in	${\tt opcode} (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatFloor$
angr.engines.pcode.behavior), 451		attribute), 462
OnBehaviorIntSdiv (class	in	oncode (angrengines prode behavior On Rehavior Float Int? Float

attribute), 462	attribute), 449
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLes.opcode (a attribute), 460	angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSless attribute), 447
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatLess <b>fppad</b> e (a attribute), 460	ngr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSlessEqual attribute), 448
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorFloatMulopcode (a attribute), 461	ngr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSrem attribute), 457
**	attribute), 455
**	attribute), 450
	attribute), 453
	attribute), 449
	attribute), 447
	attribute), 463
	attribute), 464
	attribute), 463
$\begin{array}{ccc} {\rm opcode}(angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntAdd} & {\rm Opcode}(color=0.00000000000000000000000000000000000$	ptor (class in
attribute), 453	angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr_op_swapper) 709
	(angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix method), 245
attribute), 456 open_soc	() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB static method), 674  [ket() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix
attribute), 454 opening_	method), 246 _symbol (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CClosin
	attribute), 736 (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnaryOp
	attribute), 733 (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 846
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntMult operand (attribute), 456 operand_	
	property), 848 str (angr.analyses.reassembler.FunctionLabel
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntOr	property), 849 str (angr.analyses.reassembler.Label prop-
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRem	erty), 848 str (angr.analyses.reassembler.NotypeLabel
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntRight attribute), 455 operand_	property), 849 str (angr.analyses.reassembler.ObjectLabel
	property), 849 Piece (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 846
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntScarryoperands attribute), 451	s (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression attribute), 748
opcode (angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSdiv OPERATE	
${\tt opcode} ({\it angr.engines.pcode.behavior.OpBehaviorIntSext}  {\tt operation} \\$	

```
438
                                                                                                                              OutdatedDefinitionWalker
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (class
operations (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                                                                                                                    angr.analyses.propagator.outdated_definition_walker),
                    property), 554
Oppologist (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 399
                                                                                                                              OutdatedError, 638
Oppologist (class in angr.exploration_techniques.oppologion)terWalker
                                                                                                                                                                                                   (class
                                                                                                                                                    angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization passes.expr op swapper
opt_level (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute),
                                                                                                                                                    709
                     440
                                                                                                                               output()
                                                                                                                                                                        (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
opt_level
                                         (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter
                                                                                                                                                    method), 646
                     attribute), 442
                                                                                                                              output() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast method),
OptimizationPass
                                                                           (class
                                                                                                                     in
                     angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optONERFIDOW_PEPS_RETURN_VAL
                                                                                                                                                    (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64
OptimizationPassStage
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 494
                                                                                  (class
                                                                                                                      in
                     angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optONERFIDOW_pRESIJURN_VAL
                                                                                                                                                    (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    attribute),
optimize() (angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.BinaryOptimizer
                                                                                                                                                    488
                     method), 858
                                                                                                                              OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL
optimize() (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizations.base.Recephole\(\text{Optimizations}\))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   at-
                                                                                                                                                    tribute), 495
                     method), 712
optimize() (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optimizatQVISRGISQW_QCFIGNAQ)NISIDITATIONS tmtBase
                     method), 712
                                                                                                                                                    (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   at-
                                                                                                                                                    tribute), 491
OPTIONS (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_arch_options.CFGArchOptions
                     attribute), 656
                                                                                                                               OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL
OPTIONS
                                  (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions
                                                                                                                                                    (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64
                    attribute), 228
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 493
options (angr.slicer.SimLightState attribute), 868
                                                                                                                               OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL
                                                                                                                                                    (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32
options_to_params()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   at-
                                                                                                                                                    tribute), 497
                    (angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.Decompiler
                                                                                                                               OVERFLOW_RETURN_VAL
                     static method), 698
0r
           (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression
                                                                                                                                                    (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64
                     tribute), 748
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 494
Or1 (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.Adversflow_speturyflypek (angr.SimCC attribute), 185
                                                                                                                              overlap() (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
                     attribute), 662
original_node (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowestdtiswitathost)upflifter.Case
                    attribute), 706
                                                                                                                              overwrite_tmp_value()
other_input_defns (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.@mgrtimuUysldRefgtindshipts_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.Overwr.
                     attribute), 792
                                                                                                                                                    method), 660
other_output_defns (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.@wprymaiptle/EmpNichaleAlbaidaships (class
                                                                                                                                                    angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast),
                     attribute), 792
other_types (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser
                     attribute), 474
other_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                     attribute), 756
                                                                                                                              packed (angr.sim_type.SimStruct property), 515
other_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.dive_definitions.stubs.format_parser.FormatSpecifier
                     attribute), 594
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 474
other_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Live PAGNLiVIPE (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_
                     attribute), 573
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 355
\verb|others|| (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Live Definitions | \texttt{PAGE\_TYPE}|| (angr. storage. memory\_mixins. paged\_memory. paged\_memory\_instructions | \texttt{PAGE\_TYPE}|| (angr. storage. memory\_mixins. paged\_memory\_mixins. paged\_memory\_instructions | \texttt{PAGE\_TYPE}|| (angr. storage. paged\_memory\_mixins. pag
                     attribute), 756
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 356
others (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definiFAGE_LINEPLEGunigions) rage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_i
                    attribute), 594
                                                                                                                                                    attribute), 352
\verb|others|| (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.LiveDefini \verb|PAGE\_TYPE|| (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_paged\_memory\_pag
```

attribute), 356

attribute), 573

```
PageBase (class in angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page@mgr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMa
        359
                                                              class method), 562
                                                 in parse_from_cmessage()
PagedMemoryMixin
                               (class
        angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_angixkn)owledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef
        352
                                                              class method), 610
ParameterTag
                                                 in parse_from_cmessage()
                            (class
        angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag),
                                                             (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_manager.XRefManager
                                                              class method), 611
parent (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switchpalasserfxiompkfnersCagekit)pnalRegion
        attribute), 718
                                                             (angr.serializable.Serializable class method),
parent (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplifier.SwitchCaseRegion
        attribute), 719
                                                    parse_from_cmessage()
parentop (angr.analyses.disassembly.OperandPiece at-
                                                             (angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable
        tribute), 846
                                                              class method), 506
            (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory parse_from_cmessage()
parents
                                                              (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable class
        property), 269
method), 361
                                                     parse_from_cmessage()
parse() (angr.serializable.Serializable class method),
                                                              (angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable
                                                                                                   class
                                                             method), 506
parse_block() (angr.analyses.disassembly.Disassembly parse_from_cmessage()
        method), 847
                                                             (angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable
parse_cpp_file() (in module angr.sim_type), 518
                                                              class method), 504
parse_defns() (in module angr.sim_type), 518
                                                    parse_from_cmsg() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser.l
parse_file() (in module angr.sim_type), 518
                                                             static method), 559
parse_from_cmessage() (angr.Block class method),
                                                    parse_signature() (in module angr.sim_type), 518
                                                     parse_stack_pointer()
                                                                                                 module
                                                                                      (in
parse_from_cmessage()
                           (angr.block.Block
                                                             angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base),
                                              class
        method), 222
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    parse_type() (in module angr.sim_type), 518
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModplarse_type_with_name() (in module angr.sim_type),
        class method), 536
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    parse_types() (in module angr.sim_type), 518
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode parse_variable_addr()
        class method), 546
                                                              (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                             method), 695
                                                     parsedcprotos2py() (in module angr.utils.library),
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
        class method), 530
                                                              888
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    ParsedInstruction
                                                                                     (class
                                                                                                      in
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
                                                             angr.analyses.data_dep.sim_act_location),
                                              class
        method), 526
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    Patch (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.patches), 521
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.Memopa@aha_addrs() (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
        class method), 543
                                                             method), 521
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    patched_entry_state
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData
                                                             (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
        class method), 525
                                                             property), 522
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    PatchManager
                                                                                  (class
                                                                                                      in
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                                                             angr.knowledge_plugins.patches), 521
        class method), 554
                                                    path (angr.angrdb.models.DbObject attribute), 676
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    path_between() (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink.CFG
        (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.Variablentathext), 813
        class method), 561
                                                    PathUnreachableError, 890
parse_from_cmessage()
                                                    PCAP (class in angr.storage.pcap), 335
```

PcodeBasicBlockLifter	(class	in		mpiler.structuring.pho	penix),
angr.engines.pcode			690		
PcodeDisassemblerBlock	,	in	PickledState	(class	in
angr.engines.pcode				echniques.spiller_db),	
PcodeDisassemblerInsn	(class	in	412	. <b>.</b>	
angr.engines.pcode			PickledStatesBase	(class	in
PcodeEmulatorMixin	(class	in		echniques.spiller), 410	
angr.engines.pcode			PickledStatesDb	(class	in
PcodeLifter (class in angr.				echniques.spiller), 411	
PcodeLifterEngineMixin	,	ın	PickledStatesList	(class	in
angr.engines.pcode				echniques.spiller), 410	
method), 272			PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de attribute), 705		
<pre>peek_output() (angr.stat</pre>	e_plugins.cgc.SimStat	teCGC	PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de attribute), 701	ecompiler.optimization	_passes.const_derefs.Co
<pre>peephole_optimize_expr</pre>		nodule	PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de attribute), 705	ecompiler.optimization	_passes.div_simplifier.L
peephole_optimize_expr		nodule	PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de	ecompiler.optimization	passes.eager returns.l
angr.analyses.deco			attribute), 702	<i>T T</i>	<b>-</b>
<pre>peephole_optimize_stmt</pre>	s() (in n	nodule	PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de	ecompiler.optimization	_passes.expr_op_swapp
<pre>angr.analyses.deco PeepholeOptimizationEx</pre>	-	in	attribute), 710 PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de	aaamnilan antimization	nassas ita avnu aonua
	prbase (ciass mpiler.peephole_optin			есотриет.оритиzаиоп	_passes.ue_expr_conve
712	триет.реерноге_орин	піданопі	PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de	acompilar optimization	nassas lowared switch
PeepholeOptimizationSt	mtBase (class	in	attribute), 707	есотриеторитизаноп	_passes.towerea_switch
= = =			z Bake FORMS (angr.analyses.de	ecompiler optimization	nasses mod simplifier
711			attribute), 708		
PendingJob (class in angr. 640)	.analyses.cfg.cfg_emu	lated),	PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de attribute), 708	ecompiler.optimization	n_passes.multi_simplifier
PendingJob (class in angr.a			PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de	ecompiler.optimization	_passes.optimization_pe
PendingJobs (class in angr.			attribute), 703		
<pre>perform_call() (angr.calle</pre>			PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de		_passes.optimization_po
	mory_mixins.paged_n	nemory.p	pages.perm <b>istsröbus<u>te</u>)</b> ņi <b>X0A</b> Perm		
property), 360			PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de		_passes.register_save_a
	mory_mixins.paged_n	nemory.p	pages.perm <b>istsröbus<u>te</u>)ņi</b> XilnDPerm		
property), 360	_		PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de		_passes.ret_addr_save_
<pre>perm_write(angr.storage.m</pre>	emory_mixins.paged_		.pages.per <b>ınissilons</b> _mīkin.Per		
property), 360	_		PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de		_passes.stack_canary_s
-	₹e.memory_mixins.ad∂	dress_co.	ncretizatio <b>u<u>t</u>tribuiteA,ddDe</b> ssCo		0.5
<i>method</i> ), 346			PLATFORMS (angr.analyses.de	ecompiler.optimization	_passes.x86_gcc_getpc_
permissions() (angr.storag	₹e.memory_mixins.Me	moryMi.		1 · D1 · II ·	
method), 337		7	plugin_preset (angr.mis		prop-
	ze.memory_mixins.pag	ged_men	nory.paged <u>e</u> mty)n@2 <u>9</u> mixin.Pa		
method), 354 PermissionsMixin	(-1	·	PluginHub (class in angr.mi		
	(class		PluginPreset (class in ang		
angr.storage.memo 360	ry_mixins.pagea_mem	iory.pag	e <b>pļuginis</b> s(om <u>gnninin)</u> tate.Sim plugins ( <i>angr.SimState pro</i> p		
	on tachniquas tracar T	FracinaM	Pdagins (angr.simsiale prop PdaginVendor (class in ang		
attribute), 414	m_techniques.tracer.1	rucingi	Pointer (class in angr.an		onsts)
persistent_id() (angr.ve	aults VaultPickler	ethod)	832	ωτριστική μετιστική μετι	
616	THE THE THE	,,	Pointer32 (class in angr.an	alyses.typehoon typec	onsts).
persistent_load()	(angr.vaults.VaultUnj	pickler	832	, seem, penconnypect	,
method), 616			Pointer64 (class in angr.an	alyses.typehoon.typec	onsts),
PhoenixStructurer	(class	in		yyrypoo.	-77

<pre>pointer_addr(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data</pre>	posmap_pos (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.Instruction
pointer_addr (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData	
attribute), 524	PossibleObject (class in
<pre>pointer_to_atom() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.</pre>	post_dom (angr.utils.graph.PostDominators property),
pointer_to_atom() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.	
method), 781	PostDominators (class in angr.utils.graph), 884
pointer_to_atoms() (angr.analyses.reaching_definition.	
method), 811	method), 673
<pre>pointer_to_atoms() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions</pre>	s. Particle (in g. Pafinitions Stage DDG method), 746
method), 781	pp() (angr.Block method), 170
	pp() (angr.block.Block method), 221
$angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c),$	pp() (angr.block.DisassemblerBlock method), 220
739	pp() (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB method), 438
	a. Mendary Quida Savledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
attribute), 542	method), 559
attribute), 523	Sppt_constraints() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon.Typehoon method), 831
PointerWrapper (class in angr), 184	pp_solution() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon.Typehoon
PointerWrapper (class in angr.calling_conventions),	method), 831
483	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeConstant
pop() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method),	method), 831
pop() (angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Add method), 827
method), 279	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.DerivedTypeVariable
pop_from_backup() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.	
method), 276	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Equivalence
pop_job() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.PendingJobs	method), 826
method), 649	<pre>pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Existence</pre>
pop_n() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledState.	sBase method), 827
method), 410	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Sub
<pre>pop_n() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStates</pre>	
method), 411	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Subtype
pop_n() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledState.	
method), 411	pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeConstraint
pop_priv() (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch method), 280	method), 826 pp_str() (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.TypeVariable
pop_stack_frame() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavn	
method), 376	preconstrain() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrain
populate() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager	method), 283
method), 386	preconstrain_file()
populate() (angr.SimulationManager method), 175	(angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
pos (angr.SimFileBase attribute), 188	method), 283
pos (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase attribute), 316	<pre>preconstrain_flag_page()</pre>
PositionMapping (class in	(angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
$angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. based on the property of th$	
722	<pre>predecessors(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode</pre>
PositionMappingElement (class in	property), 545
	spredecessors (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
722 posix (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225	property), 526 predecessors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graph.Call
posix (angr.sim_state attribute), 181	method), 622
PosixDevFS (class in angr.state_plugins.posix), 240	predecessors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph.

method), 623	may chunk () (anar state pluging heap heap freelist Chunk
predecessors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors	prev_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chunk
method), 624	prev_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTChunk
predecessors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors	
method), 626	prev_size() (angr.PTChunk method), 209
	.single_stozle(g)(arigh: Tenank memoa), 200 .single_stozle(g)(arigh: Ningle NilagGwahle)(islatap_ptmalloc.PTChunk
method), 627	method), 303
	print Dah Grahunks() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.SimHeapFre
method), 793	method), 301
	<pre>print_heap_state() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.SimHeapFre</pre>
870	method), 301
<pre>predecessors_and_jumpkinds()</pre>	PRINTABLES (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode	
method), 545	<pre>prioritize_functions()</pre>
<pre>predecessors_and_jumpkinds()</pre>	$(angr. analyses. complete\_calling\_conventions. Complete Calling Conventions) and the complete Calling Conventions and the convention of $
(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode	method), 635
method), 526	$\verb"priority" (angr. exploration\_techniques. spiller\_db. Pickled State$
<pre>prep() (angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysisFactory</pre>	attribute), 412
method), 619	priv (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch prop-
$\verb prep_tracer()  (angr.state\_plugins.trace\_additions.Chall $	
static method), 276	PrivilegedPagingMixin (class in
<pre>prep_tracer() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPage</pre>	
static method), 278	358
prepare_call_state() (angr.SimOS method), 169	probably_identical(angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff
prepare_call_state() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS	property), 629
method), 872	Procedure (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 851
<pre>prepare_callsite()</pre>	ProcedureChunk (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 852
prepare_callsite() (angr.SimState method), 184	ProcedureEngine (class in angr.engines.procedure),
prepare_function_symbol() (angr.SimOS method),	430
169	ProcedureMixin (class in angr.engines.procedure), 430
<pre>prepare_function_symbol()</pre>	process() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_base.Sii
(angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method), 874	method), 709
<pre>prepare_function_symbol()</pre>	process() (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.SootBlockProcessor
(angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 872	method), 835
<pre>prepare_native_return_state()</pre>	<pre>process() (angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base.SimEnginePropagator.engine_base.SimEngine</pre>
(angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin static	method), 751
method), 432	$\verb"process"()" (angr. analyses. reaching\_ definitions. engine\_ ail. SimEngineRDA in the control of the control$
<pre>prepare_native_return_state() (in module</pre>	method), 812
angr.simos.javavm), 879	$\verb process()  (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.engine\_vex.SimEngineRDV    (angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.engineRDV    (angr.an$
<pre>prepare_return_state()</pre>	method), 788
	$\verb process()  (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. SimEngineVRB and the process () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. engine\_base. () (angr. analyses. variable\_recovery. () (angr. analyses. variable\_re$
method), 432	method), 825
prepared_registers (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.attribute), 553	fpnotiesS(i)nct(angr.engines.engine.SimEngine method), 427
<pre>prepared_registers(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.</pre>	programmen.SootFungiangines.engine.SuccessorsMixin
attribute), 560	method), 428
<pre>prepared_stack_variables</pre>	process() (angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLight
(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Func	
attribute), 553	<pre>process_exc_file() (in module angr.flirt.build_sig),</pre>
prepared_stack_variables	880
(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function	
attribute), 560	(angr.engines.procedure.ProcedureMixin
prev_chunk() (angr.PTChunk method), 209	method), 430

process_	_successors()		attribute), 635
	(angr.engines.concrete.SimEngineConcrete	project	(angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck
	method), 433		attribute), 856
	_successors() (angr.engines.engine.SuccessorsMixin		(angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.DataDependencty_analys
	method), 428		(angr.analyses.ddg.DDG attribute), 748
_	_successors()	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.ail_simplifier.AILSimplifier attribute), 692
	(angr.engines.failure.SimEngineFailure method), 431	nroject	(angr.analyses.decompiler.block_simplifier.BlockSimplifier
	_successors()	project	attribute), 693
-	(angr.engines.hook.HooksMixin method),	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.callsite_maker.CallSiteMaker
	430	project	attribute), 693
process_	_successors()	project	
	(angr.engines.pcode.engine.HeavyPcodeMixin		tribute), 695
	method), 434	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.decompiler.Decompiler
_	_successors()		attribute), 698
	(angr.engines.procedure.ProcedureEngine method), 430	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_pass property), 703
process_	_successors()	project	$(angr. analyses. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. base. Peephole$
	(angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin method),		attribute), 712
	432	project	$(angr.analyses. decompiler. peephole\_optimizations. base. Peephole\_optimizations. Peepho$
	_successors()		attribute), 712
	(angr.engines.syscall.SimEngineSyscall	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifier.RegionIdentifier
	method), 431	nnoicet	attribute), 713
_	_successors() (angr.engines.unicorn.SimEngineUnicorn	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.region_simplifier.Reattribute), 718
	method), 432	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructuredCode
	Variable (class in angr.analyses.ddg), 743		attribute), 738
project	(angr.analyses.analysis.Analysis attribute), 620 (angr.analyses.backward_slice.BackwardSlice		$(angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. dwarf\_import. Impattribute), 740$
	attribute), 628		(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.phoenix.PhoenixStructurer
	(angr.analyses.binary_optimizer.BinaryOptimizer		attribute), 691
	attribute), 858	project	(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.recursive_structurer.Recurs
	(angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff attribute), 632 (angr.analyses.boyscout.BoyScout attribute),	nroject	attribute), 684 (angr.analyses.disassembly.Disassembly at-
project	632	project	tribute), 847
	(angr.analyses.callee_cleanup_finder.CalleeClean attribute), 858		(angr.analyses.disassembly.Value property), 846
			sisngr.analyses.dominance_frontier.DominanceFrontier
	attribute), 633		attribute), 858
project	(angr.analyses.cdg.CDG attribute), 673	project	(angr.analyses.find_objects_static.StaticObjectFinder
project	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfb.CFBlanket attribute),		attribute), 843
	637		(angr.analyses.flirt.FlirtAnalysis attribute), 748
	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast attribute), 656	project	(angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier attribute), 834
	(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast_soot.CFGFastSoot attribute), 670	project	(angr.analyses.init_finder.InitializationFinder attribute), 859
project	(angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumpto	a <b>þkoGeat</b> a	td <b>an Vgrlue Mynerg Eo</b> op_analysis.LoopAnalysis at-
	attribute), 663		tribute), 835
	(angr.analyses.class_identifier.ClassIdentifier attribute), 844	project	(angr.analyses.loopfinder.LoopFinder at- tribute), 834
	(angr.analyses.code_tagging.CodeTagging attribute), 674	project	(angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.PropagatorAnalysis attribute), 755
project	(angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.Con	npokati 6atl	Lagg@panenhyisess.pAnoxhysitsy_graph.ProximityGraphAnalysis

	. ) 755
attribute), 862	property), 755
project (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitio attribute), 756	npropagations (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase attribute), 520
project (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_def	
attribute), 792	Propagator (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
<pre>project (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDef</pre>	
attribute), 771	PropagatorAnalysis (class in
project (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	angr.analyses.propagator.propagator), 754
attribute), 855	prototype (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCal
project (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHi	
attribute), 636	prototype (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
<pre>project(angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointe</pre>	
attribute), 816	prototype (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData
<pre>project (angr.analyses.static_hooker.StaticHooker at-</pre>	attribute), 785
tribute), 857	<pre>prototype (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function</pre>
<pre>project (angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon.Typehoon at-</pre>	attribute), 553
tribute), 831	$\verb prototype   (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.soot\_function.SootFunctions)   $
<pre>project(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery</pre>	ery.Variabl <b>eRteributer)</b> ; 560
attribute), 823	${\tt prototype}  (\textit{angr.procedures.stubs.format\_parser.FormatParser} $
<pre>project(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery</pre>	ery_base.Va <b>ntaHuRe</b> )çevleryBase
attribute), 818	<pre>prototype(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFormatParser</pre>
<pre>project(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery</pre>	ery_fast.Va <b>xittblbRtx</b> x)o4&15yFast
attribute), 822	prototype (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure at-
<pre>project (angr.analyses.veritesting.Veritesting attribute),</pre>	tribute), 471
837	ProximityGraphAnalysis (class in
project (angr.analyses.vfg.VFG attribute), 841	angr.analyses.proximity_graph), 862
project (angr.analyses.vsa_ddg.VSA_DDG attribute),	ProxiNodeTypes (class in
842	angr.analyses.proximity_graph), 860
project (angr.analyses.vtable.VtableFinder attribute),	prune() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager
843	method), 385
project (angr.analyses.xrefs.XRefsAnalysis attribute),	prune() (angr.SimulationManager method), 175
860	pruned (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager at-
	tribute), 383
project (angr.Analysis attribute), 178	
project (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGMod	
property), 536	PTChunk (class in angr), 208
<pre>project (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel prop-</pre>	PTChunk (class in angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc),
erty), 529	302
project (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Func	
property), 553	angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc),
<pre>project(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_def</pre>	· ·
attribute), 593	pull() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncController
project(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDef	
attribute), 573	<pre>pull_comment() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncCont</pre>
<pre>project(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatPar</pre>	
attribute), 475	<pre>pull_comments() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncCor</pre>
<pre>project(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfForm</pre>	
attribute), 475	<pre>pull_function() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncCor</pre>
<pre>project (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure attribute),</pre>	method), 608
471	<pre>pull_patches() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncCont</pre>
Project (class in angr), 163	method), 609
Project (class in angr.project), 212	<pre>pull_stack_variables()</pre>
prop (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.BlockCache	(angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SyncController
attribute), 694	method), 609
prop_key (angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.Propagat	optush(())i(angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method),

```
265
                                                                                                                       reached_fixedpoint()
push_comment() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Sync@angrohl@byses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisitor
                                                                                                                                           method), 625
                   method), 608
push_comments() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controdken.Sixg_Condititieon (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_na
                   method), 608
                                                                                                                                            attribute), 686
push_function() (angr.knowledge plugins.sync.sync controdkinsing.Condititieon (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer no
                   method), 607
                                                                                                                                            attribute), 686
\verb"push_priv()" (angr. state\_plugins. scratch. SimStateScratch" \ \texttt{ReachingDefinitions}
                   method), 280
                                                                                                                                            (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
push_stack_frame() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory_mixinvibutm),th&thory_mixin.JavaVmMemoryMixin
                   method), 376
                                                                                                                       ReachingDefinitionsAnalysis
                                                                                                                                                                                                            (class
                                                                                                                                            angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 768
push_stack_variable()
                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SynR€achindgDefinitionsAnalysis
                                                                                                                                                                                                            (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                   method), 608
                                                                                                                                           angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions),
push_stack_variables()
                    (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.SynReachinlyDefinitionsModel
                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                                                                           angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 772
                   method), 608
put() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrakkexStateqDefinitionsModel
                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                                                                           angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions),
                    method), 815
PutHook (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable) 9
                    664
                                                                                                                       ReachingDefinitionsModel
                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                                                                           angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.rd_model),
Q
                                                                                                                                            601
                                                                                                                       ReachingDefinitionsState
                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
qualifies_for_implicit_cast()
                                                                                                   module
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                    (in
                                                                                                                                           angr.analyses.reaching_definitions), 774
                   angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
                                                                                                                       ReachingDefinitionsState
                                                                                                                                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      in
                                                                                                                                           angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state),
qualifies_for_simple_cast()
                                                                                  (in
                                                                                                    module
                   angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.c),
                                                                                                                       READ (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access.VariableAccessSo
quasi_topological_sort_nodes()
                                                                                                                                           attribute), 560
                    (angr.utils.graph.GraphUtils static method),
                                                                                                                       Read (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types.XRefType
                                                                                                                                           attribute), 610
                                                                                                                       READ (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData at-
R
                                                                                                                                           tribute), 467
ran_cca (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Functionad() (angr.SimFile method), 190
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.SimFileBase method), 189
                    attribute), 553
read() (angr.SimPackets method), 192
                   attribute), 560
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.SimPacketsStream method), 196
RANDOM
                     (angr.simos.windows.SecurityCookieInit
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 317
                   tribute), 876
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase method), 316
randomize_procedures()
                   (an gr. analyses. {\it reassembler}. {\it Reassembler}
                                                                                                                       read()
                                                                                                                                                         (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase
                                                                                                                                           method), 325
                   method), 855
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.storage.file.SimFileStream method), 319
rd
            (angr.analyses.decompiler.clinic.BlockCache
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 321
                    tribute), 694
                                                                                                                       read() (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots method), 332
rda_observe_callback()
                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_definitions.key_de
                   method), 591
                                                                                                              in read_data() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198
RDAObserverControl
                   angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_definitions.key\_d
                                                                                                                                            200
reachable() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory read_data()
                                                                                                                                                                  (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor
                                                                                                                                           method), 327
                   method), 269
                                                                                                                       read_data() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase
```

method), 325		(angr.analyses.decomp	piler.condition_proce	ssor. Condition Process
read_data() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex		method), 695		
method), 329		_edge_conditions()		<i>a</i>
read_from() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_method), 562	_manager.	MaurighteMbysasardobemp method), 695	nder.condition_proce.	ssor.ConditionProcess
<pre>read_msr() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn</pre>	recover	_reaching_conditio	ons()	
method), 290		(angr.analyses.decomp		ssor.ConditionProcess
read_pos (angr.SimFileDescriptor property), 199		method), 695	•	
read_pos (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex property), 201 read_pos (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor property),	recurse	_analysis() (angr.an method), 802	alyses.reaching_defir	nitions.function_handl
328	racursa	_analysis()(angr.an	alvses reaching defi	nitions FunctionHandl
read_pos (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase	1 ecui se	_anarys15() (angr.an method), 782	aiyses.reaching_aejir	iiiions.1 unciioni1anai
property), 326	racursi	ve_copy() (angr.anal)	vses decompiler graph	region GranhRegion
read_pos (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex	1 ecui 31	method), 700	ises.aecompiler.grapi	i_region.Graphikegion
property), 330	Recursi	veStructurer	(class	in
read_storage (angr.SimFileDescriptor property), 199	Recuisi	angr.analyses.decompi	*	
read_storage (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex prop-		684	ner.structuring.recur.	sive_siruciurer),
erty), 201	Recursi		(class	in
read_storage (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor	Recuisi	angr.analyses.typehooi	•	
	rocy()(	angr.storage.pcap.PCA	=	,
property), 328 read_storage (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase				na function handlen E
- ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	reaerin		es.reacning_aejiniiio	ns.junction_nanater.r
property), 326	1 6.	attribute), 799	1. 1.6	E & CUD
read_storage(angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex	redeiin		es.reaching_definitio	ns.FunctionCallData
property), 330		attribute), 785	. 1	
real_args (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession	Redunda		(class	in
attribute), 487	· .	angr.analyses.decompi	iler.redundant_label_	remover),
real_length() (angr.utils.dynamic_dictlist.DynamicDict		721		
method), 882	Redunda	ntStackVariable	(class	in
realloc() (angr.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 207		angr.analyses.binary_o	_	
realloc() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc.SimHeapL	<i>il</i> Refcoun		(class	in
method), 302		angr.storage.memory_	mixins.paged_memoi	y.pages.refcount_mix
realloc() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimHe				
method), 305		CE (angr.knowledge_pli		ble_access.VariableAc
${\tt reapply\_options()} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structure of the control o$	_			
method), 723		ce_at() (angr.knowled		.variable_manager.Va
<pre>reapply_options() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured</pre>				
method), 737		ce_size(angr.knowlea	lge_plugins.cfg.memo	ory_data.MemoryData
${\tt Reassembler} ({\it angr. analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plugger (angr. analyses)}) and {\tt analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plugger (angr. analyses)} and {\tt analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plugger (angr. analyses)} and {\tt analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plugger (angr. analyses)} and {\tt analyses. analysis. Known Analyses} and {\tt analyses. analysis. Analyses} and {\tt analyses. analysis. Analyses} analysis. {\tt analyses. analysis. Analyses} analysis and {\tt analyses. analysis. Analyses} analysis analysi$				
attribute), 619	referen	ce_size(angr.knowlea	lge_plugins.cfg.Mem	oryData
Reassembler (class in angr.analyses.reassembler), 853		attribute), 524		
ReassemblerFailureNotice, 848	referen	ce_values(angr.analy	vses.decompiler.struc	tured_codegen.c.CCo
rebuild_callgraph()		attribute), 734		
(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_man	a <b>ge f. Fine</b> (	dioaManading_convent	tions.SimFunctionArg	gument
method), 552		method), 484		
recent_actions (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHist	orefine(		ventions.SimLyingReg	Arg
property), 269	****	method), 491		
recent_constraints(angr.state_plugins.history.SimStat	te <b>rbistome</b> (		_conventions.SimReg	PArg
property), 269		method), 485		
reconstrain() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStamethod), 284	ut <b>e le feience</b> n(s	frainer (angr.calling_o method), 485	conventions.SimStack	Arg
record_state() (angr.errors.SimError method), 892	refine_	locs_with_struct_t	cype() (in mod	dule
record_variable() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.v				
method), 562		variable_types()	**	
recover_edge_condition()		(angr.analyses.decomp	oiler decompiler Deco	mniler

method), 698	RegionDe	scriptor	(class	in
reg (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CRegattribute), 735		angr.storage.memory_ 369	_mixins.regioned_	memory.region_data),
reg (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.OffsetVal prop- erty), 815				lass in _memory.regioned_addres.
reg (angr.engines.light.data.RegisterOffset attribute), 749		373	(class	in
reg (angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable attribute), 504		angr.storage.memory_ MemoryMixin	*	in
REG (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction attribute), 466	C	-	*	_memory.regioned_memor
reg() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom static method), 764		entifier angr.analyses.decomp	(class piler.region identi	in fier).
reg() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom static method), 584	n	713		s.regioned_memory.region
reg_concrete() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227	3	369		
reg_concrete() (angr.SimState method), 183 reg_deps (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimAction property), 466	regions	ject (class in angr.k (angr.analyses.cfg.cj 637	•	
reg_deps (angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData property), 468			(class	in ifiers.region_simplifier),
$\verb"reg_name" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.definitions) and the property of the pro$	on.Definitiõ	nMatchPredicate		
attribute), 588 reg_offset (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.ju	RegionWa <i>mptable.Re</i> q		(class viler.region_walke	in er),
attribute), 663 reg_offset (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Register	Register	721 (angranalyses.data :	den.den nodes.D	enNodeTypes
attribute), 766	C	attribute), 865		
reg_offset (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atom attribute), 586		(angr.anaiyses.aisa property), 846	ssembiy.kegister	Operana
<pre>reg_read_callback()</pre>		(angr.analyses.reach attt¥mhneMinneer	ing_definitions.A	tomKind
method), 663	REGISTER	(angr.knowledge_plu	gins.key_definitio	ns.atoms.AtomKind
reg_size (angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.RegDepNodepNodep_nodes.RegDepNodepNodepNodepNodepNodepNodepNodepNod		attribute), 583 (angr.knowledge_plu	gins.variables.vai	riable_manager.VariableT
${\tt RegDepNode} \ (class\ in\ angr. analyses. data\_dep. dep\_nodes),\\ 867$		attribute), 561 (class in angr.analys	as disassambly)	246
regenerate_text() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured	_		•	
method), 723		766 c(Gleton intercool Cooled Coo	anantetaln najutan i	tua ak an)
regenerate_text() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured method), 737	_	(Cisusumunegikanietysa 314	<b>якехшск</b> _ротнеr_i	racker),
regenerate_text() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured method), 740	_	lwe <i>larf<u>s</u> impagu:.l</i> knpwheb 586	<b>stye</b> rg <b>elGgite</b> s.key_o	definitions.atoms),
region (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable attribute), 503	register		reaching_definitio	ns.Atom
region (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.reattribute), 368	register	() (angr.knowledge_p		tions.atoms.Atom
region_base_addr (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regione				200
attribute), 368 region_id(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory		() (angr.utils.mp.Init a <b>tanRexisiv£Xe</b> x& <b>rivtoo</b>		90
attribute), 369		_analysis() (in mo		es), 618
region_ids (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory_mixins.region			g. g	
property), 369 RegionCategoryMixin (class in		(angr.sim_state_option class method), 231	ns.SimStateOption	ns
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.r				
370	-		le_recovery.varia	ble_recovery.VariableReco

method), 823	register_uses(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
register_data_reference()	attribute), 756
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler method), 854	register_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDe_property), 807
	property), 667 n <b>ovelgilgt:Bnswisles(u</b> nngr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions)
static method), 522	property), 777
<i>**</i>	register_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.
class method), 222	attribute), 594
	register_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
method), 162	attribute), 573
	e Praginster_values (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails
class method), 233	attribute), 285
	register_values_count
angr.calling_conventions), 502	(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails
register_definitions	attribute), 285
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinition	onmoregister_variable()
property), 756	(angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method),
register_definitions	255
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_dej	fi <b>īkieigins:Heirāldirfiniailrin</b> zerHook (class in
property), 594	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
register_definitions	664
(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDe	fi <b>rkieigius</b> terOffset (class in angr.engines.light.data), 748
property), 573	RegisterOperand (class in angr.analyses.disassembly),
register_function_analysis()	846
	RegisterReallocation (class in
839	angr.analyses.binary_optimizer), 857
register_instruction_reference()	${\tt registers} ({\it angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.LiveDefinitions}$
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	attribute), 756
method), 854	registers (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitions)
register_kernel_types() (in module	property), 807
angr.utils.library), 887	${\tt registers} (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Reaching Definitions State$
register_option() (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOp	
class method), 231	registers (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.LiveI
register_pcode_arch_default_cc() (in module	attribute), 594
angr.engines.pcode.cc), 466	registers (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
register_plugin() (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_b	
method), 520	registers (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225
register_plugin() (angr.KnowledgeBase method),	
211	registers_read_afterwards
register_plugin() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub	(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
method), 223 register_plugin() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginVendor	<pre>attribute), 553 registers_read_afterwards</pre>
method), 224	(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFunction
register_plugin() (angr.sim_state.SimState method),	attribute), 560
226	RegisterSaveAreaSimplifier (class in
register_plugin() (angr.SimState method), 182	angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_save_are
register_preset() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub	710
class method), 222	RegisterValue (class in
register_region(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.var	
attribute), 561	RegOffsetAnnotation (class in
register_simos() (in module angr.simos), 871	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
register_syscall_cc() (in module module	663
angr.calling_conventions), 502	regs (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.FrozenStackPointerTrackerState
register types() (in module angresim type) 517	attribute). 815

```
regs (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerState property), 817
                  attribute), 815
                                                                                                                relocatable (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.Def
regs (angr.sim state.SimState attribute), 225
                                                                                                                                   property), 592
regs (angr.SimState attribute), 181
                                                                                                                relocateable (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixi
regs (angr.slicer.SimLightState attribute), 868
                                                                                                                                   property), 344
regs_to_initialize(angr.analyses.cfg.indirect jump reReliversationptdblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegblashimmpflegb
                  attribute), 663
                                                                                                                relocations (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler
rehook_symbol() (angr.Project method), 166
                                                                                                                                   property), 853
rehook_symbol() (angr.project.Project method), 216
                                                                                                                remove()
                                                                                                                                               (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions
ReinterpretAs
                                                                                                                                   method), 230
                                                              (class
                                                                                                        in
                  angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 830
                                                                                                                remove_breakpoint()
related_function_addr
                                                                                                                                   (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector
                  (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.region\_me \textit{\textbf{m}}\underline{e}\textit{\textbf{thid}}\textit{\textbf{n}}, \textit{\textbf{Me}}\textit{\textbf{m}}oryRegionMetaMixin}
                  property), 371
                                                                                                                remove_cgc_attachments()
related_function_address
                                                                                                                                   (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler
                  (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_datmRhgid)nD&Scriptor
                                                                                                                remove_claripy_bool_asts()
                  attribute), 369
relativize() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regidum.pdgtammRlegiesnWeapmpiler.condition_processor.ConditionProcess
                                                                                                                                   method), 695
                  method), 370
release() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList remove_cycles() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
                                                                                                                                   method), 642
                  method), 672
release() (angr.SimHeapBrk method), 205
                                                                                                                remove_edge() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase
release() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk
                                                                                                                                   method), 647
                  method), 299
                                                                                                                remove_empty_nodes()
release_plugin() (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.Knowledgembase.nalyses.decompiler.clinic.Clinic static
                  method), 520
                                                                                                                                   method), 695
release_plugin() (angr.KnowledgeBase method), 211
                                                                                                                remove\_fakerets() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
release_plugin()
                                                   (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub
                                                                                                                                   method), 643
                  method), 223
                                                                                                                remove_instruction()
release_plugin()
                                             (angr.misc.plugins.PluginVendor
                                                                                                                                   (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler
                  method), 224
                                                                                                                                   method), 855
release_shared() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_mammonyepdgbseks@unt_mixin.Ref@untMixin
                                                                                                                                                                                                               module
                  method), 359
                                                                                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 742
reload_analyses() (angr.analyses.analysis.AnalysesHubremove_last_statement()
                                                                                                                                                                                                               module
                                                                                                                                                                                         (in
                  method), 618
                                                                                                                                   angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 740
reload_format() (angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction remove_node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.Se
                  method), 845
                                                                                                                                   method), 685
reload_solver() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver remove_node() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
                  method), 254
                                                                                                                                   method), 537
reload_variable_types()
                                                                                                                remove_node() (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
                  (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.base.BaseStrmethmedt)CodeGenerator
                                                                                                                remove_node_and_graph_node()
                  method), 723
reload_variable_types()
                                                                                                                                    (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_model.CFGModel
                  (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructured@code@code@codegen.c.CStructured@code@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStructured@codegen.c.CStr
                                                                                                                remove_node_and_graph_node()
                  method), 738
relocatable (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.RegtQffkettAvbedtationhugins.cfg.CFGModel
                  property), 663
                                                                                                                                   method), 534
relocatable (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_arelyoise\\pdot\datignknowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
                  property), 863
                                                                                                                                   method), 521
relocatable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotationscients)
                                                                                                                                    (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
                  property), 816
relocatable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations.Variable Swathow 1) publication
                  property), 817
                                                                                                                remove_technique() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager
relocatable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_banetNart);bl8Annotation
```

remove_technique()  method), 173	(angr.SimulationManager	replace	_all_with_offsets() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultra_page
<pre>remove_types() (angr.know)</pre>	ledge_plugins.variables.vari		g <b>nr.tViaxd)</b> ,bb <b>eM</b> anagerInternal
method), 565		replace	_last_statement() (in module
remove_unnecessary_stuf			angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 740
(angr.analyses.reass	sembler.Reassembler	replace	_node_in_node()
method), 855			$(angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_base. Structurer\_ba$
remove_unnecessary_stuf	f_glibc()		static method), 690
(angr.analyses.reass	sembler.Reassembler	replace	_nodes() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_base
method), 855			static method), 690
remove_use()(angr.knowled	lge_plugins.key_definitions.U	s <b>re</b> place	_region() (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegi
method), 581			method), 700
remove_use()(angr.knowled	lge_plugins.key_definitions.u	s <b>æeþlac</b> e	_region_with_region()
<i>method</i> ), 606			(angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphRegion
<pre>remove_uses() (angr.knowle</pre>	edge_plugins.key_definitions.	Uses	method), 700
method), 581			ments (angr.analyses.propagator.propagator.PropagatorAnalysi
remove_uses() (angr.knowle	edge plugins.kev definitions.		
method), 606	0 - 0	report(	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	nalyses.decompiler.optimizat		s sangin n <u>d</u> thoel Kimplifier AIL State
method), 709	T I		(angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions.Suggestions
RemoveNodeNotice, 692			static method), 427
•	ge_plugins.types.TypesStore	renr ad	dr() (in module angr.codenode), 870
method), 549	ge_pgsuppes.17pess.e.e		_knowledge()
renamed (angr.sim_variable.S	SimVariable attribute) 503	request	(angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase
_	es.disassembly.Disassembly		method), 521
method), 847	es.aisassemoty.Disassemoty	request	_knowledge() (angr.KnowledgeBase method),
render() (angr.analyses.disa	assembly DisassemblyPiece	request	212
method), 844	assemoty. Disassemoty1 teee	request	_plugin() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginPreset
render_text() (angr.analyse	es decompiler structured cod	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
method), 738	es.uccompiler.siruciureu_coc		_CFG_STATES (angr.exploration_techniques.CallFunctionGoal
RENDER_TYPE (angr.analyses	decompiler structured codes		
attribute), 737	accompiler.siraciarea_codeg		_CFG_STATES (angr.exploration_techniques.director.BaseGoal
RepHook (class in angr.expl	oration techniques tracer)	KLQUIKL	attribute), 418
414	oranon_techniques.tracer),	DECLITRE	_CFG_STATES (angr.exploration_techniques.director.CallFunctio
	us as tunch oon tuncuars Add	KEQUIKE	attribute), 419
method), 828	yses.typehoon.typevars.Add	DEVIILDE	_DATA_C (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ah an tunguang DariyadTung		
replace() (angr.analyses.typ	enoon.typevars.DeriveaType		
method), 829	um ah a an tum angung Enigtan a a	KEQUIKE	_DATA_PY (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter at-
	ypehoon.typevars.Existence		tribute), 439
method), 827		reraise	() (angr.sim_manager.ErrorRecord method),
-	lyses.typehoon.typevars.Sub		389
method), 828		reset()	(angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisitor
	typehoon.typevars.Subtype	. 0	method), 624
method), 827		reset()	(angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_graph.Sin
replace() (angr.keyed_regi	ion.KeyedRegion method),		method), 626
614			(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Uniwrapper
replace() (angr.procedures	stubs.format_parser.FormatS		method), 288
method), 473			nitial_regs() (angr.Block static method),
	e.memory_mixins.convenient		s_Imuxin.ConvenientMappingsMixin
method), 348			nitial_regs() (angr.block.Block static
replace_all()(angr.storage	e.memory_mixins.MemoryMi		method), 221
method) 338		racat n	rototyne() (anar analyses reaching definitions function hand

 $\verb|reset_prototype()| (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function Call Data and Supplies an$ 

 ${\tt replace\_all()} \ (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.regioned\_memory.regi{\tt ineth} b\_d) \\ {\tt permony\_mixin}. Regioned Memory Mixin$ 

*method*), 367

```
method), 786
                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.state_plugins.sim_event), 468
reset_uses() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions_graph() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowereaching_definitions_passes.lowerea
                          method), 756
                                                                                                                                                                                                static method), 707
reset_uses() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinitiong.Livizedscfinition
                          method), 594
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 693
reset_uses() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Lived a finitions.Lived a finition of the first control of th
                                                                                                                                                                                                method), 642
                          method), 573
resolvable (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDeburtesximblewith_new_graph()
                          property), 308
                                                                                                                                                                                                (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph.Function
resolvable
                                                   (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView
                                                                                                                                                                                               method), 622
                          property), 314
                                                                                                                                                                    \verb"resymbolize" () (angr. state\_plugins. symbolizer. Sim Symbolizer
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.amd64_elf_gotn&tMDb94ElfGotResolver
                          method), 658
                                                                                                                                                                    ret() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), 472
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.armrelf_GustaAgmsiiffRestRestabeemethod), 160
                           method), 659
                                                                                                                                                                    ret() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack method),
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.const_resolver266nstantResolver
                                                                                                                                                                    \verb"ret_addr" (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\_fast.FunctionCallEdge
                           method), 667
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpffablatRgsfoWer
                                                                                                                                                                    {\tt ret\_atoms}\ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. function\_handler. Functions)
                           method), 666
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.mips_elf_fast.MipiElfFastResolver
                          method), 661
                                                                                                                                                                    {\tt ret\_atoms}\ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function Call Data
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.resolver.IndirectthibupRystalver
                           method), 667
                                                                                                                                                                    \mathtt{ret\_defns} (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. dep\_graph. Function Call Reference of the second control of the second contro
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_elf_pic_plttX86ElfPitP2ltResolver
                           method), 661
                                                                                                                                                                    ret_errno()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc
resolve() (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_pe_iat.X86PtHatResolver
                           method), 659
                                                                                                                                                                    \verb"ret_expr" (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CFunction Call
resolve_abstract_dispatch()
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 729
                          (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHieratchfrom_addr (angr.analyses.cfg_fg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge
                          method), 636
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 651
resolve_concrete_dispatch()
                                                                                                                                                                    ret_sites(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function
                           (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHierarchy property), 555
                          method), 636
                                                                                                                                                                    ret_target (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob
resolve_invoke() (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHieiburtehy 652
                           method), 636
                                                                                                                                                                    ret_to_addr(angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturnEdge
resolve_register() (angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRagtistbuste), 651
                          method), 267
                                                                                                                                                                    ret_values (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Function
resolve_special_dispatch()
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 799
                           (angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy.SootClassHieratchyalues (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData
                          method), 636
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 785
resolved (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariablealues_deps (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.F
                           property), 308
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 799
resolved (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView prop- ret_values_deps (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionCallData
                           erty), 314
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 785
resolved_indirect_jumps
                                                                                                                                                                    \verb"retaddr_on_stack" (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function.Function
                           (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase
                                                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 552
                                                                                                                                                                    \verb|retaddr_on_stack|| (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.soot\_function.Soot||
                          property), 520
resolved_indirect_jumps
                                                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 559
                                                                                                 (angr.KnowledgeBase
                          property), 211
                                                                                                                                                                    retaddr_popped(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Fu
{\tt resolved\_targets} ({\it angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.indirect\_jump.IndirectrIbutp}), 799
                          attribute), 548
                                                                                                                                                                    \verb"retaddr_popped" (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function Call Data
resolved_targets(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump
                                                                                                                                                                                                attribute), 785
                          attribute), 529
                                                                                                                                                                    RetAddrSaveSimplifier
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (class
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             in
resource_event()
                                                                                              (in
                                                                                                                                          module
                                                                                                                                                                                                angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_addr_save_sim
```

711 <i>attribute</i> ), 494
retout_sites(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function#ETHJRNnADDR (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCM68k at-
property), 555 tribute), 464
${\tt RETURN\_ADDR}  (angr. calling\_conventions. SimCC  at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. pcode. cc. SimCCPARISC \ at-  {\tt RETURN\_ADDR} \ (angr. engines. pcode. pcode$
tribute), 488 tribute), 465
return_addr (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC prop- RETURN_ADDR (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC erty), 489 attribute), 465
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64 RETURN_ADDR (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCRISCV atatribute), 496 tribute), 464
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64LineTSyraylaDDR (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSH4 at-
attribute), 497 tribute), 465
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64Lin <b>RESyurn</b> [[ADDR (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSPARC atatribute), 495 tribute), 465
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WirRETURNsADDR (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCXtensa at-
attribute), 495 tribute), 466
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM at- RETURN_ADDR (angr.SimCC attribute), 185
tribute), 495 return_addr (angr.SimCC property), 186
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF return_in_implicit_outparam()
attribute), 496 (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC method),
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall 489
attribute), 496 return_in_implicit_outparam()
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl attribute), 492 (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl method), 492
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAlMH264n_in_implicit_outparam()
attribute), 493 (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftFastcall method), 493
attribute), 492 return_in_implicit_outparam()
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64 attribute), 498 (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64 method), 495
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyxetablrn_in_implicit_outparam() (angr.SimCC
attribute), 499 method), 186
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32 at- return_target(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGENode
tribute), 497 attribute), 547
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyxetablrn_target (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode attribute), 498 attribute), 527
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC return_to (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionReturn
attribute), 499 attribute), 648
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64return_type (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure prop-
attribute), 500 erty), 473
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64denuxSystyde (angr.SimProcedure property), 161
attribute), 500 RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC at-
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinuxSyscaltribute), 488
attribute), 499 RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64
$RETURN\_ADDR (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCRISCV 64 Linux Syscal lattribute), 496$
attribute), 497 RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch64LinuxSyscall
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X attribute), 497
attribute), 501 RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64LinuxSyscall
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall attribute), 495
attribute), 502 RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64WindowsSyscall
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64 attribute), 495  RETURN_VAL (angreedling_conventions.SimCCAPM_attribute)
attribute), 494 RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARM at- RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall tribute), 495
attribute), 493  RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMHF)
RETURN_ADDR (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall_attribute), 496

```
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLinuxSyscall
                                                                method), 492
         attribute), 496
                                                       return_val() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling conventions.SimCCCdecl at-
                                                                method), 494
         tribute), 491
                                                       return_val() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCUsercall
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosoftAMD64
                                                                method), 491
         attribute), 493
                                                       return_val() (angr.SimCC method), 186
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling conventions.SimCCMicrosoftFastetMrning (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured codegen.c.CFunctionCal
                                                                attribute), 729
         attribute), 492
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64 at returning (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function
         tribute), 498
                                                                property), 553
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSysretlurning_source (angr.analyses.cfg_fast.CFGJob
         attribute), 499
                                                                attribute), 652
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32 at- returnty
                                                                    (angr.sim_type.SimTypeCppFunction
                                                                tribute), 514
         tribute), 497
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSysRetUrnValueTag
                                                                                       (class
                                                                                                          in
         attribute), 498
                                                                angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag),
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC
                                                                604
         attribute), 499
                                                       retval (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CReturn
{\tt RETURN\_VAL}\ (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCP ower PC64
                                                                attribute), 729
                                                       reverse_post_order_sort_nodes()
         attribute), 500
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscdlingr.utils.graph.GraphUtils static method),
         attribute), 500
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinneSyssintl_node() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVis
                                                                method), 625
         attribute), 499
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCRISCV64LinneSyissitl_successors()
         attribute), 497
                                                                (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphVisitor
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X at-
                                                                method), 625
         tribute), 501
                                                       rhs (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAssignment
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XLinuxSyscall
                                                                attribute), 728
         attribute), 502
                                                       rhs (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinaryOp
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemVAMD64
                                                                attribute), 733
         attribute), 494
                                                       RichR (class in angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base),
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86LinuxSyscall
                                                       RShift
         attribute), 493
                                                                 (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression
RETURN_VAL (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86WindowsSyscall
                                                                attribute), 748
         attribute), 494
                                                       run() (angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck
RETURN_VAL (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCM68k at-
                                                                method), 856
         tribute), 464
                                                       run()
                                                                      (angr.analyses.identifier.identify.Identifier
RETURN_VAL (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPARISC at-
                                                                method), 833
                                                       run() (angr.distributed.server.Server method), 897
         tribute), 465
RETURN_VAL (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC at-
                                                       run() (angr.distributed.worker.Worker method), 897
         tribute), 465
                                                       run()
                                                                  (angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.RepHook
                  (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCRISCV
RETURN_VAL
                                                                method), 414
                                                       run() (angr.Server method), 211
         attribute), 465
                                                       run() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method),
RETURN_VAL
              (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSH4
         tribute), 465
RETURN_VAL (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCSPARC at-
                                                       run() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method), 472
                                                       run() (angr.SimProcedure method), 159
         tribute), 465
                  (angr.engines.pcode.cc. Sim CCX tensa\\
RETURN_VAL
                                                       run() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173
         attribute), 466
                                                       run_pelf() (in module angr.flirt.build_sig), 880
RETURN_VAL (angr.SimCC attribute), 185
                                                       run_sigmake() (in module angr.flirt.build_sig), 880
return_val()
                     (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
                                                       S
         method), 489
return_val() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCdecl
                                                       s2u() (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.register_sa
```

710	seq (angr.analyses.disassembly.IROp attribute), 845
s2u() (in module angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_	
704	(angr.exploration_techniques.unique.UniqueSearch
satisfiable() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226	static method), 424
satisfiable() (angr.SimState method), 183	sequence_matcher_similarity()
<pre>satisfiable() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 259</pre>	(angr.exploration_techniques.UniqueSearch static method), 404
<pre>save_info() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB static method),</pre>	$sequence\_node$ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes. L
674	attribute), 687
${\tt SCANF\_DELIMITERS} \ (angr.procedures.stubs.format\_pars$	er. <b>EequetSceNg</b> de (class in
attribute), 473	$angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structurer\_nodes),$
ScanfFormatParser (class in	685
angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser), 475	SequenceOptimizationPass (class in
scc_id (angr.utils.graph.SCCPlaceholder attribute), 885	
SCCPlaceholder (class in angr.utils.graph), 885	704
scratch (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225	SequenceWalker (class in
scratch (angr.SimState attribute), 181	angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker),
SDiv() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimAction	
method), 468	Serializable (class in angr.serializable), 615
se (angr.sim_state.SimState property), 225	SerializableCounter (class in
se (angr.SimState property), 182	angr.calling_conventions), 484
search() (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.SegmentList	
method), 671	angr.calling_conventions), 483
<pre>section_alignment()</pre>	SerializableListIterator (class in
(angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler	angr.calling_conventions), 484
method), 853	serialize() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function_parser.Function
SecurityCookieInit (class in angr.simos.windows),	
876	serialize() (angr.serializable.Serializable method),
seek() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198	616
seek() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201	serialize_to_cmessage() (angr.Block method), 170
seek() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor method), 327	serialize_to_cmessage() (angr.block.Block method), 221
seek() (angr. storage. file. $SimFileDescriptorBase$	serialize_to_cmessage()
method), 326	$(angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.cfg\_model.CFGModel$
seek() (angr. storage. file. $SimFileDescriptorDuplex$	
method), 330	serialize_to_cmessage()
seekable (angr.SimFileBase attribute), 188	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
${\tt seekable}~(angr.storage.file.SimFileBase~attribute),316$	method), 546
seekable (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots attribute),	
332	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGModel
SegfaultError, 288	method), 529
Segment (class in angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list), 670	serialize_to_cmessage()
SegmentBoundary (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory attribute), 542	v_data.Memolyyubyatkubiowuledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode method), 526
${\tt SegmentBoundary} \ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.Memory \ angr.knowledge\_plugins.cfg.Memory \ angr.$	
attribute), 523	(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryData
${\tt SegmentList}\ ({\it class\ in\ angr.analyses.cfg.segment\_list}),$	
671	serialize_to_cmessage()
selector() (angr.exploration_techniques.ExplorationTemethod), 390	chnique (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData method), 525
selector() (angr.ExplorationTechnique method), 179	serialize_to_cmessage()
selector() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 385	
selector() (angr.SimulationManager method), 175	<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>

	esseWarfdblatexess(angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.Tracer
method), 561	method), 415
serialize_to_cmessage()	set_fwd_chunk() (angr.PTChunk method), 210
(angr.knowleage_plugins.variables.variable_man method), 562	a <b>sset_VfurduldhMaku(igenIngesnad</b> e_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chunk method), 300
<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>	set_fwd_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTChunk
(angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef	method), 303
method), 610	set_heap() (angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB method), 271
serialize_to_cmessage()	set_initial_regs() (angr.Block method), 170
	ef <b>Matnaigni</b> tial_regs() (angr.block.Block method), 221
method), 611	set_last_block_details()
<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>	(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
(angr.serializable.Serializable method), 615	method), 290
<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>	<pre>set_last_statement() (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG</pre>
(angr.sim_variable.SimMemoryVariable	method), 869
method), 505	set_library_names()
<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>	(angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary
(angr.sim_variable.SimRegisterVariable	method), 476
method), 505	set_live_variables()
<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>	(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMo
(angr.sim_variable.SimStackVariable method),	method), 562
506	<pre>set_manager() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.Var</pre>
<pre>serialize_to_cmessage()</pre>	method), 561
(angr.sim_variable.SimTemporaryVariable	<pre>set_mode() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 228</pre>
method), 504	<pre>set_mode() (angr.SimState method), 184</pre>
Server (class in angr), 210	set_non_returning()
Server (class in angr.distributed.server), 896	(angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary
<pre>session_scope() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB static</pre>	method), 476
method), 674	set_object() (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion
$\verb set()  (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.environment   angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.environment   angr.knowledge\_plugins.environment   angr.kn$	nt.Environmenthod), 614
method), 590	set_object() (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject
$\verb set_abi_cc()  (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLib $	
method), 481	<pre>set_prev_freeness() (angr.PTChunk method), 209</pre>
set_args() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure	
method), 472	(angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.PTChunk
<pre>set_args() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160</pre>	method), 303
<pre>set_base_state() (angr.callable.Callable method),</pre>	$\verb set_prototype()  (angr.knowledge_plugins.call site_prototypes.Call sitePrototypes.Call sitePrototypes.$
519	method), 522
set_bck_chunk() (angr.PTChunk method), 210	<pre>set_prototype() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary</pre>
$\verb set_bck_chunk()  (angr.state\_plugins.heap.heap\_freelist.$	Chunk method), 476
method), 301	$\verb set_prototype()  (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary) $
<pre>set_bck_chunk() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmallo</pre>	
method), 304	<pre>set_prototypes() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary</pre>
set_brk() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix	method), 476
method), 245	set_prototypes() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary
$\verb set_c_prototype()  (angr.procedures. definitions. SimLibrations)   $	· ·
method), 477	<pre>set_regs() (angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB method), 271</pre>
<pre>set_data() (angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB method), 271</pre>	set_regs() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
$\verb set_default_cc()  (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrations)   $	
method), 476	set_return_val() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
set_entry_register_values()	method), 489
(angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method), 874	set_return_val() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSyscall
set_fd_data() (angr.exploration_techniques.Tracer	method), 493
method) 395	set return val() (angr SimCC method) 187

$\mathtt{set\_simgr()}$ (angr.analyses.congruency\_check.Congruency	cyCheck method), 344
method), 856	$\verb set_state()  (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.javavm\_memory.javavm_memory$
<pre>set_size() (angr.PTChunk method), 209</pre>	method), 377
<pre>set_size() (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.Chunk method), 300</pre>	<pre>set_state() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ispo_mi method), 361</pre>
	<pre>nset_state() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_a</pre>
	set_state() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_m
271	method), 367
<pre>set_stack_address_mapping()</pre>	set_state() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.SlottedMemory
(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory	
method), 367	set_state_options()
	d_memory(reginaedd.lynenicorygmienia;Regianke aMegmaeyd)i&heck
method), 368	method), 856
set_state() (angr.SimFile method), 190	set_states() (angr.analyses.congruency_check.CongruencyCheck
set_state() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 199	method), 856
<pre>set_state() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201</pre>	set_stops() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn method), 290
<pre>set_state() (angr.SimFileStream method), 194</pre>	set_strongref_state() (angr.SimStatePlugin
set_state() (angr.SimPackets method), 192	method), 161
set_state() (angr.SimStatePlugin method), 161	set_strongref_state()
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack     method), 264</pre>	(angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 267
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete</pre>	<pre>set_strongref_state()</pre>
method), 293	(angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFormethod), 252</pre>	<pre>ilesystem method), 232 set_symbolization_for_all_pages()</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem</pre>	
method), 249	method), 307
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals</pre>	<pre>set_symbolized_target_range()</pre>
method), 278	(angr.state_plugins.symbolizer.SimSymbolizer
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector</pre>	method), 307
method), 236	<pre>set_tracking() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLight]</pre>	Registers method), 290
method), 267	<pre>set_tyenv() (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin</pre>	method), 280
method), 232	$\verb set_type()  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CExpression)  \\$
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix</pre>	method), 725
method), 245	<pre>set_unified_variable()</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCMan</pre>	ager (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.VariableMomethod), 566
$\verb set_state   (\textit{angr.state\_plugins.unicorn\_engine.Unicorn} $	
method), 290	method), 486
<pre>set_state() (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView</pre>	<pre>set_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimComboArg     method), 486</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 317</pre>	<pre>set_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimFunctionArgument</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor</pre>	method), 484
method), 328	<pre>set_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimLyingRegArg</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex</pre>	method), 491
method), 330	<pre>set_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimReferenceArgument</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.storage.file.SimFileStream method),</pre>	method), 487
319	<pre>set_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimRegArg</pre>
<pre>set_state() (angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 321</pre>	method), 485
$\verb set_state()  (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.address\_concurrently)   $	r <mark>stezativad<u>l</u>weiki</mark> jn.Add <b>uregs Cabhing</b> ticativemMoria.SimStackArg

method), 485	method), 392
<pre>set_value() (angr.calling_conventions.SimStructArg</pre>	<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.slicecutor.Slicecutor     method), 417</pre>
<pre>set_variable() (angr.keyed_region.KeyedRegion     method), 614</pre>	<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.Symbion method),      404</pre>
<pre>set_variable() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.va</pre>	นโ <b>ร่le<u>t</u> เหตุกโวเล่ยที่ผู้แห่วนที่ให้เก็บ อุยอิปากล่างแล</b> ้ร.symbion.Symbion method), 425
<pre>set_variable_type()</pre>	<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.Timeout method),</pre>
(angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_man	nager.VariableManagerInternal
method), 565 setstate() (angr.calling_conventions.ArgSession	setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.timeout.Timeout method), 407
method), 487	<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.Tracer method),</pre>
$\verb setstate()  (angr. calling\_conventions. Serializable Counted) $	er 395
method), 484	setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.Tracer
$\verb setstate()  (angr. calling\_conventions. Serializable Iterato. \\$	r method), 415
method), 484	$setup() (angr. exploration\_techniques. unique. Unique Search$
$\verb setstate()  (angr. calling\_conventions. Serializable List Iterations)                                      $	rator method), 423
method), 484	setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.UniqueSearch
$\verb setstate()  (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CC. Arg Session \\$	
method), 489	setup() (angr.ExplorationTechnique method), 178
setstate() (angr.calling_conventions.UsercallArgSession method), 487	nsetup() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn method), 290
setstate() (angr.SimCC.ArgSession method), 186	<pre>setup_arguments() (angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin</pre>
<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.DFS method),</pre>	static method), 432
398	<pre>setup_callsite() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC</pre>
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.dfs.DFS method), 408	<pre>method), 489 setup_callsite() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSoot</pre>
<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core.Driller method), 416</pre>	Core method), 500 setup_callsite() (angr.engines.soot.engine.SootMixin
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.DrillerCore method), 393	<pre>class method), 432 setup_callsite() (angr.SimCC method), 187</pre>
	usetup_flags() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
method), 390	method), 290
	setup_gdt() (angr.SimOS method), 169
method), 396	<pre>setup_gdt() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 873 setup_gdt() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn</pre>
method), 409	method), 290
<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer.Loc method), 422</pre>	888
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.LocalLoopSeer	shallow_reverse() (in module angr.utils.graph), 882
method), 406	${\tt ShiftLeft} (angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. jump table. Address Table 1.000000000000000000000000000000000000$
<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.loop_seer.LoopSeer method), 421</pre>	attribute), 662 ShiftRight (angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.Address
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.LoopSeer method), 393	attribute), 662 short_reason(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNodeCreationF
<pre>setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint</pre>	
method), 410	short_repr (angr.analyses.ddg.ProgramVariable prop-
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.ManualMergepoint method), 402	
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.memory_watcher.M	
method), 426	should_abort (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.forward_analysis.Forward
setup() (angr.exploration_techniques.MemoryWatcher	property), 621
method), 405	should_add_successors
setun() (anor exploration techniques Slicecutor	(angr sim procedure SimProcedure prop-

erty), 472			angr.state_plugins.sim_	action_object), 46	8
$\verb should_add_successors  $	(angr.SimProcedure	prop-	SimActionOperation	(class	in
erty), 160			angr.state_plugins.sim_	action), 467	
should_execute_stateme				(class	in
	$notated CFG\ method),$	869	angr.analyses.data_dep.	.sim_act_location)	),
<pre>should_force_replace()</pre>			864		
	pagator.engine_ail.Si	imEngine	P <b>SopAgatayAH</b> g (class in angr.calli	ng_conventions), 4	186
method), 752			SimCC (class in angr), 184		
	(angr.annocfg.Annota	tedCFG	SimCC (class in angr.calling_conv		
method), 869			SimCC.ArgSession (class in ang		
show_demangled_name			SimCC. ArgSession (class in ang	gr.calling_convent	ions),
	compiler.structured_co	odegen.c.			
attribute), 725			SimCCAArch64 (class in angr.cal	-	
show_demangled_name	.,	,	SimCCAArch64LinuxSyscall	(class	in
	compiler.structured_co	odegen.c.	CFunction@alfr.calling_convention	is), 49 <sup>7</sup> /	
attribute), 729		1) 050	SimCCallError, 894	(-1	
<pre>shrink() (angr.analyses.re</pre>			SimCCAMD64LinuxSyscall	(class	in
SideEffectTag	(class lugins.key_definitions	in	<pre>angr.calling_convention SimCCAMD64WindowsSyscal1</pre>		in
angr.knowieuge_p 604	iugins.key_aejiniiions	.iug),	angr.calling_convention	(class	in
SIG_BLOCK (angr.state_plug	rine nacir SimSvetamI	Posiv at	SimCCARM (class in angr.calling_o		
tribute), 244	;ms.posix.simsystemi	osix ui-	Simccardi (class in angr.calling		96
SIG_SETMASK (angr.state_j	olugins posir SimSvet	om Posiv	SimCCARMLinuxSyscall	(class	in
attribute), 244	rugus.posix.simsysic	ти озил	angr.calling_convention	*	iri
SIG_UNBLOCK (angr.state_p	olugins posix SimSyste	mPosix	SimCCCdecl (class in angr.calling		91
attribute), 244	rugus.posix.sunsyst	mi osuv	SimCCError, 895	5_001110110115), 19	. 1
,	olugins.posix.SimSyste	emPosix	SimCCM68k (class in angr.engines	s.pcode.cc), 464	
method), 246	, in grisip contracting join		SimCCMicrosoftAMD64	(class	in
signed (angr.procedures.str	ıbs.format parser.Foi	matSpec		,	
attribute), 474	<i>y</i>	<i>I</i>	SimCCMicrosoftCdecl	(class	in
signed (angr.sim_type.Sim'	TypeFloat attribute), 5	515	angr.calling_convention	,	
			lv8imfl@MpiablesAddTessEcadsJerring		in
attribute), 662		•	angr.calling_convention		
<pre>sigprocmask() (angr.state</pre>	_plugins.posix.SimSys	stemPosix	x SimCCN64 (class in angr.calling_o		
method), 246			SimCCN64LinuxSyscall	(class	in
silence_logger()	(in	module	angr.calling_convention		
angr.state_plugins	.heap.heap_ptmalloc)	),	SimCCO32 (class in angr.calling_o	conventions), 497	
302			SimCCO32LinuxSyscall	(class	in
sim_procedure (angr.cod	e_location.CodeLoca	tion at-	angr.calling_convention		
tribute), 612			SimCC064 (in module angr.calling		
sim_procedure (angr.coa	lenode.HookNode att	tribute),	SimCCPARISC (class in angr.engin		
871			SimCCPowerPC (class in angr.cal)		
sim_procedure (angr.code	enode.SyscallNode att	tribute),	SimCCPowerPC (class in angr.eng		
871			SimCCPowerPC64 (class in ang	gr.calling_convent	ions),
SimAbstractMemoryErro			499		
SimAction (class in angr.st		_	SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscall		in
SimActionConstraint	(class	in	angr.calling_convention		
angr.state_plugins			SimCCPowerPCLinuxSyscall	(class	in
SimActionData	(class	in	angr.calling_convention	* *	
angr.state_plugins	.sim_action), 46/		SimCCRISCV (class in angr.engine	=	<b>.</b>
SimActionError, 895 SimActionExit	(class	i	SimCCRISCV64LinuxSyscall	(class	in
angr.state_plugins	(class	in	angr.calling_convention SimCCS390X (class in angr.calling		)1
SimActionObject	(class	in	SimCCS390X (class in angr.call)	g_conventions), 30 (class	in
DAMES CAUSION IECL	(CIUD)	ııı	JIMCCJJJGALIHAAJ Y SCALI	(CIUD)	uu

angr.calling_conventions), 501	SimCppClass (class in angr.sim_type), 516
SimCCSH4 (class in angr.engines.pcode.cc), 465	SimCppClassValue (class in angr.sim_type), 517
SimCCSoot (class in angr.calling_conventions), 500	SimCppLibrary (class in angr.procedures.definitions),
SimCCSPARC (class in angr.engines.pcode.cc), 465	478
SimCCStdcall (class in angr.calling_conventions), 492	SimDebugVariable (class in
SimCCSyscall (class in angr.calling_conventions), 493	angr.state_plugins.debug_variables), 307
SimCCSystemVAMD64 (class in	SimDebugVariablePlugin (class in
angr.calling_conventions), 494	angr.state_plugins.debug_variables), 308
SimCCUnknown (class in angr.calling_conventions), 501	SimEmptyCallStackError, 895
SimCCUsercall (class in angr.calling_conventions), 491	SimEngine (class in angr.engines.engine), 427
SimCCX86LinuxSyscall (class in	SimEngineBase (class in angr.engines.engine), 427
angr.calling_conventions), 493	SimEngineConcrete (class in angr.engines.concrete),
SimCCX86WindowsSyscall (class in	433
angr.calling_conventions), 494	SimEngineError, 894
SimCCXtensa (class in angr.engines.pcode.cc), 466	SimEngineFailure (class in angr.engines.failure), 431
SimCGC (class in angr.simos.cgc), 874	SimEngineInitFinderVEX (class in
SimComboArg (class in angr.calling_conventions), 485	angr.analyses.init_finder), 858
SimConcreteBreakpointError, 896	SimEngineLight (class in angr.engines.light.engine),
SimConcreteFilesystem (class in	749
angr.state_plugins.filesystem), 251	SimEngineLightAIL (in module
SimConcreteMemoryError, 896	angr.engines.light.engine), 750
SimConcreteRegisterError, 896	SimEngineLightAILMixin (class in
SimConcretizationStrategy (class in	angr.engines.light.engine), 750
angr.concretization_strategies), 335	SimEngineLightMixin (class in
SimConcretizationStrategyAny (class in	angr.engines.light.engine), 749
angr.concretization_strategies.any), 381	SimEngineLightVEX (in module
${\tt SimConcretizationStrategyControlledData} \ (class$	angr.engines.light.engine), 750
in angr.concretization_strategies.controlled_data	
381	angr.engines.light.engine), 749
SimConcretizationStrategyEval (class in	SimEnginePropagatorAIL (class in
angr.concretization_strategies.eval), 378	angr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail), 751
SimConcretizationStrategyMax (class in	SimEnginePropagatorBase (class in
angr.concretization_strategies.max), 380	angr.analyses.propagator.engine_base), 750
SimConcretizationStrategyNonzero (class in	SimEnginePropagatorVEX (class in
angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero), 381	angr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex), 751
SimConcretizationStrategyNonzeroRange (class in	SimEngineRDAIL (class in
angr.concretization_strategies.nonzero_range), 379	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail), 811
SimConcretizationStrategyNorepeats (class in	SimEngineRDVEX (class in
$angr.concretization\_strategies.norepeats), 379$	angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_vex)
${\tt SimConcretizationStrategyNorepeatsRange}\ (class$	788
	eSimEngineSyscall (class in angr.engines.syscall), 431
380	SimEngineUnicorn (class in angr.engines.unicorn), 432
SimConcretizationStrategyRange (class in	SimEngineVRAIL (class in
angr.concretization_strategies.range), 380	angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail),
SimConcretizationStrategySingle (class in	823
angr.concretization_strategies.single), 378	SimEngineVRBase (class in
SimConcretizationStrategySolutions (class in	angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base),
angr.concretization_strategies.solutions), 379	824
SimConcretizationStrategyUnlimitedRange (class	SimEngineVRVEX (class in
in angr.concretization_strategies.unlimited_range 381	e), angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex), 824
${\tt SimConstantVariable}\ ({\it class\ in\ angr.sim\_variable}),$	${\tt SimEngineXRefsVEX}~(class~in~angr.analyses.xrefs),~859$
503	SimError, 892

SimEvent (class in angr.state_plugins.sim_event), 468	SimLabeledMemoryObject (class in
SimEventError, 893	angr.storage.memory_object), 334
SimException, 895	SimLibrary (class in angr.procedures.definitions), 475
SimExpressionError, 894	SimLightRegisters (class in
SimFastMemoryError, 893	angr.state_plugins.light_registers), 266
SimFastPathError, 894	SimLightState (class in angr.slicer), 868
SimFile (class in angr), 189	SimLinux (class in angr.simos.linux), 873
SimFile (class in angr.storage.file), 317	SimLyingRegArg (class in angr.calling_conventions),
SimFileBase (class in angr), 188	491
SimFileBase (class in angr.storage.file), 315	SimMemoryAddressError, 893
SimFileDescriptor (class in angr), 198	SimMemoryError, 893
SimFileDescriptor (class in angr.storage.file), 327	SimMemoryLimitError, 893
SimFileDescriptorBase (class in angr.storage.file),	SimMemoryMissingError, 893
325	SimMemoryObject (class in
SimFileDescriptorDuplex (class in angr), 200	angr.storage.memory_object), 334
SimFileDescriptorDuplex (class in angr.storage.file),	SimMemoryVariable (class in angr.sim_variable), 505
329	SimMemView (class in angr.state_plugins.view), 310
SimFileError, 893	SimMergeError, 893
SimFileStream (class in angr), 194	SimMissingTempError, 894
SimFileStream (class in angr.storage.file), 319	SimMount (class in angr), 203
SimFilesystem (class in angr.state_plugins.filesystem),	SimMount (class in angr.state_plugins.filesystem), 251
249	SimOperationError, 894
SimFilesystemError, 893	SimOS (class in angr), 168
	SimOS (class in angr.simos.simos), 871
angr.calling_conventions), 484	SIMOS_CGC (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SimOSEnum
simgr() (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method), 219	attribute), 287
SimHeapBase (class in	SIMOS_LINUX (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SimOSEnum
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base), 297	attribute), 287
SimHeapBrk (class in angr), 204	SIMOS_OTHER (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.SimOSEnum
SimHeapBrk (class in angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk),	attribute), 288
298	SimOSEnum (class in angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine),
SimHeapError, 893	287
	SimPackets (class in angr), 192
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist), 301	SimPackets (class in angr.storage.file), 321
	SimPacketsSlots (class in angr.storage.file), 332
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc), 301	SimPacketsStream (class in angr), 196
SimHeapPTMalloc (class in angr), 206	SimPacketsStream (class in angr.storage.file), 323
	SimpleInterfaceMixin (class in
angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc),	angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_mixin),
304	342
SimHostFilesystem (class in angr), 203	SimpleSolver (class in
SimHostFilesystem (class in	angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver), 825
angr.state_plugins.filesystem), 253	SimplificationMixin (class in
static method), 424	ueSearch angr.storage.memory_mixins.simplification_mixin), 347
similarity() (angr.exploration_techniques.UniqueSearce static method), 404	hsimplified_data_graph (angr.analyses.ddg.DDG property), 746
SimInspector (class in angr.state_plugins.inspect), 233 SimIRSBError, 894	simplified_graph (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysis.Data_
SimIRSBNoDecodeError, 895	SimplifierAILEngine (class in
SimJavaVM (class in angr.simos.javavm), 877	angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.engine_base),
SimJavavn (class in angr.simos.javavm), 8// SimJavaVmClassloader (class in	angr.anaiyses.aecompuer.opumization_passes.engine_base), 709
angr.state_plugins.javavm_classloader),	SimplifierAILState (class in
294	angranalyses decompiler ontimization passes engine base)

708	SimState (class in angr), 180
<pre>simplify() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226</pre>	SimState (class in angr.sim_state), 224
<pre>simplify() (angr.SimState method), 182</pre>	SimStateCGC (class in angr.state_plugins.cgc), 271
simplify() (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy	SimStateError, 892
method), 389	SimStateGlobals (class in angr.state_plugins.globals),
<pre>simplify() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver</pre>	278
method), 262	<pre>SimStateHistory (class in angr.state_plugins.history),</pre>
simplify() (angr.StateHierarchy method), 180	267
<pre>simplify_condition()</pre>	SimStateJNIReferences (class in
$(an gr. analyses. decompiler. condition\_processor. Consideration and the condition and the condition$	ConditionPnongs.ssoute_plugins.jni_references), 296
static method), 696	SimStateLibc (class in angr.state_plugins.libc), 236
<pre>simplify_condition_deprecated()</pre>	SimStateLog (class in angr.state_plugins.log), 262
$(an gr. analyses. decompiler. condition\_processor. Consideration and the condition and the condition$	Cosidista Pedoxop Data (class in
static method), 696	angr.state_plugins.loop_data), 291
simplify_else_scope	SimStatementError, 894
(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. attribute), 727	CSfirMStateOptions (class in angr.sim_state_options), 228
	SimStateOptionsError, 895
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.swit	
720	SimStatePlugin (class in angr.state_plugins.plugin),
<pre>simplify_lowered_switches_core() (in module</pre>	231
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.swit	cbidStatePredinstrainer (class in
720	angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer), 282
<pre>simplify_switch_clusters() (in module</pre>	SimStateScratch (class in angr.state_plugins.scratch),
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.swit	
720	SimStruct (class in angr.sim_type), 515
SimPosixError, 893	SimStructArg (class in angr.calling_conventions), 486
SimProcedure (class in angr), 157	SimStructValue (class in angr.sim_type), 515
SimProcedure (class in angr.sim_procedure), 469	SimSuccessors (class in angr.engines.successors), 428
simprocedure_name(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_no	
attribute), 545	SimSymbolizer (class in
<pre>simprocedure_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGN)</pre>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
attribute), 525	SimSyscallLibrary (class in
SimProcedureArgumentError, 894	angr.procedures.definitions), 480
SimProcedureError, 894	SimSystemPosix (class in angr.state_plugins.posix), 244
	SimTemporaryVariable (class in angr.sim_variable),
angr.calling_conventions), 486	503
SimRegArg (class in angr.calling_conventions), 484	SimTranslationError, 894
SimRegionMapError, 893	SimType (class in angr.sim_type), 507
SimRegisterVariable (class in angr.sim_variable),	simtype2tc() (angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator
504	method), 826
SimRegNameView (class in angr.state_plugins.view), 309	SimTypeArray (class in angr.sim_type), 511
SimReliftException, 895	SimTypeBool (class in angr.sim_type), 510
SimSegfaultError (in module angr.errors), 895	SimTypeBottom (class in angr.sim_type), 508
SimSegfaultException, 895	SimTypeChar (class in angr.sim_type), 510
SimShadowStackError, 894	SimTypeCppFunction (class in angr.sim_type), 513
SimSlicer (class in angr.slicer), 868	SimTypeDouble (class in angr.sim_type), 515
SimSlicerError, 895	SimTypeFd (class in angr.sim_type), 510
SimSolver (class in angr.state_plugins.solver), 254	SimTypeFixedSizeArray (in module angr.sim_type),
SimSolverError, 893	512
SimSolverModeError, 893	SimTypeFloat (class in angr.sim_type), 514
SimSolverOptionError, 893	SimTypeFunction (class in angr.sim_type), 513
SimStackArg (class in angr.calling_conventions), 485	SimTypeInt (class in angr.sim_type), 510
SimStackVariable (class in angr.sim variable), 506	SimTypeLength (class in angr.sim type), 514
Simstack variable (class in angr.sim variable), 500	Simiypelengin (ciass in angr.sim type), 514

SimTypeLong (class in angr.sim_type), 510 SimTypeLongLong (class in angr.sim_type), 510	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Double attribute), 832
SimTypeNum (class in angr.sim_type), 509 SimTypeNymOffset (class in angr.sim_type), 517	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Float at-
SimTypeNumOffset (class in angr.sim_type), 517 SimTypePointer (class in angr.sim_type), 511	tribute), 832
· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int1 attribute),
SimTypeReference (class in angr.sim_type), 511	831
SimTypeReg (class in angr.sim_type), 509	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int128 at-
SimTypeShort (class in angr.sim_type), 510	tribute), 832
SimTypeString (class in angr.sim_type), 512	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int16 attribute),
SimTypeTempRef (class in	832
angr.analyses.typehoon.translator), 825	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int32 attribute),
SimTypeTop (class in angr.sim_type), 509	832
SimTypeWString (class in angr.sim_type), 512	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int64 attribute),
SimUCManager (class in	832
angr.state_plugins.uc_manager), 279	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.Int8 attribute),
SimUCManagerAllocationError, 895	832
SimUCManagerError, 895	SIZE (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeConstant
simulation_manager()	attribute), 831
(angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method),	size (angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts.TypeConstant
219	property), 831
SimulationManager (class in angr), 171	size (angr.Block attribute), 170
SimulationManager (class in angr.sim_manager), 382	size (angr.block.Block attribute), 221
SimulationManagerError, 890	size (angr.block.CapstoneInsn property), 221
SimUnicornError, 895	size (angr.block.DisassemblerInsn property), 220
SimUnicornSymbolic, 895	size (angr.block.SootBlock property), 222
SimUnicornUnsupport, 895	size (angr.codenode.CodeNode attribute), 870
SimUninitializedAccessError, 894	size (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property), 438
SimUnion (class in angr.sim_type), 516	size (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeDisassemblerInsn
SimUnionValue (class in angr.sim_type), 516	property), 435
SimUnsatError, 894	size (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject attribute), 613
SimUnsupportedError, 893	size (angr.keyed_region.StoredObject attribute), 613
SimUserland (class in angr.simos.userland), 875	size (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
SimValueError, 893	attribute), 545
SimVariable (class in angr.sim_variable), 502	size (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode attribute),
SimVariableSet (class in angr.sim_variable), 506	525
SimWindows (class in angr.simos.windows), 876	size(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryData
SimZeroDivisionException, 895	attribute), 543
<pre>single_valued() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver</pre>	size (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData at-
method), 262	tribute), 524
	$\verb+size+ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.functions.function.Function+$
angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_no	ode_graph)property), 555
626	<pre>size(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Atom</pre>
<pre>size (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.Segment property),</pre>	attribute), 583
670	<pre>size (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition</pre>
size (angr.analyses.propagator.values.Top attribute),	property), 583
750	$\verb+size+ (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.definition.Definitions.defin$
size (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXMemVar	property), 590
attribute), 750	size(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatSpecifier
size (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars.VEXReg	attribute), 474
attribute), 750	size (angr.sim_type.SimStruct property), 515
size (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Atom at-	size (angr.sim_type.SimType property), 507
tribute), 764	<pre>size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray property), 512</pre>
$\verb"size" (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Definition")$	<pre>size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFunction property), 513</pre>
property), 768	<pre>size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeInt property), 510</pre>

size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeLength property), 514	374
size (angr.sim_type.SimTypePointer property), 511	SmartFindMixin (class in
size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeReference property), 511	angr.storage.memory_mixins.smart_find_mixin),
size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeString property), 512	339
size (angr.sim_type.SimTypeWString property), 513	SMod() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject
size (angr.sim_type.SimUnion property), 516	method), 468
size (angr.sim_type.TypeRef property), 508	<pre>snippet() (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory method),</pre>
size (angr.sim_variable.SimVariable attribute), 503	216
size (angr.SimFile property), 190	solution() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
size (angr.SimFileBase property), 189	method), 258
size (angr.SimPackets property), 192	<pre>solve() (angr.analyses.typehoon.simple_solver.SimpleSolver</pre>
size (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.RegisterValue	method), 825
attribute), 285	solver (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 225
size (angr.storage.file.SimFile property), 317	solver (angr.SimState attribute), 181
size (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase property), 316	soot (angr.block.SootBlock property), 222
size (angr.storage.file.SimPackets property), 321	soot_block(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
size (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots property), 332	attribute), 545
<pre>size() (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper method),</pre>	<pre>soot_block (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode at-</pre>
483	tribute), 526
size() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198	SootBlock (class in angr.block), 222
size() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201	SootBlockNode (class in angr.codenode), 871
<pre>size() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor method),</pre>	SootBlockProcessor (class in
327	angr.analyses.loop_analysis), 835
size() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase	SootClassHierarchy (class in
method), 326	angr.analyses.soot_class_hierarchy), 636
size() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex	SootClassHierarchyError, 635
method), 330	SootExpression (class in angr.analyses.disassembly),
<pre>size() (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject</pre>	845
method), 334	SootExpressionInvoke (class in
SizeConcretizationMixin (class in	angr.analyses.disassembly), 845
angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mix	
343	angr.analyses.disassembly), 845
SizeNormalizationMixin (class in	SootExpressionTarget (class in
angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mix	xin), angr.analyses.disassembly), 845
343	SootFunction (class in
<pre>skip_stmts (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute),</pre>	angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function),
440	559
skip_stmts (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter at-	SootMixin (class in angr.engines.soot.engine), 431
tribute), 442	SootStatement (class in angr.analyses.disassembly),
slice (angr.Blade property), 168	846
slice (angr.blade.Blade property), 868	<pre>sort (angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.Segment attribute),</pre>
<pre>slice_callgraph()</pre>	670
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph), 813	<pre>sort(angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes.LoopNode</pre>
slice_cfg_graph() (in module	attribute), 687
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph), 813	sort(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryData
<pre>slice_function_graph() (in module</pre>	attribute), 543
angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.graph), 814	sort (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryData at-
<pre>slice_graph() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_identifi</pre>	
static method), 713	sort (angr.sim_type.SimTypeDouble attribute), 515
Slicecutor (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 391	sort (angr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat attribute), 514
	osprt() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesBase
417	method), 410
SlottedMemoryMixin (class in	
anor storage memory mixing slotted memory)	method) 411

sort() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.PickledStatesList tribute), 652	
method), 411 src_ins_addr (angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob attribute), sort_nodes() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graph.CallGraphVisitor	
method), 622 src_node (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob attribute),	
sort_nodes() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.function_graph2FunctionGraphVisitor	
method), 623 src_node (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionCallEdge sort_nodes() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.graph.GraphMitsilloute), 650	
method), 624 src_node (angr.analyses.cfg_fast.FunctionFakeRetEdge	
sort_nodes() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop.LoopVixittnibute), 650	
method), 626 src_node (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionTransitionEdge	
sort_nodes() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_attaibhu&n,gl&NodeGraphVisitor  method), 627 src_stmt_idx (angr.analyses.cfg_fast.CFGJob_at-	
sources (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.Functionfoliations); 652	
attribute), 796 src_stmt_idx (angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob attribute),	
$sources\_defns (\textit{angr.analyses.reaching\_definitions.function\_handle} \textbf{\textit{FunctionEffect}}$	
attribute), 796 src_type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CTypeCast	
sp_delta (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function attribute), 734  attribute), 552 sse_extend() (angr.calling_conventions.SimRegArg	
sp_delta (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFunctionthod), 485	
attribute), 559 st_atime (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
<pre>sp_offset() (angr.engines.light.engine.SimEngineLightMixin</pre> 248	
static method), 749 st_atimensec (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat spec_type(angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatSpecifier attribute), 248	
spec_type (angr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatSpecifier attribute), 248 property), 474 st_blksize (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat at-	
Special (angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke tribute), 248	
attribute), 846 st_blocks (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
SPECIAL_THUNKS (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast 248	
attribute), 653 st_ctime (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute), SpecialFillerMixin (class in 248	
angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin)st_ctimensec (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat	
340 <i>attribute</i> ), 248	
Spiller (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 401 st_dev (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute), 248	
Spiller (class in angr.exploration_techniques.spiller), st_gid (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute), 248  411 st_ino (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute), 248	
split() (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject method), 613 st_mode (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
split() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager 248	
method), 387 st_mtime (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
<pre>split() (angr.SimulationManager method), 177</pre>	
split_arm_op_string() st_mtimensec (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat (angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction static attribute), 248	
method), 845 st_nlink (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
split_op_string()(angr.analyses.disassembly.Instruction 248	
static method), 845 st_rdev (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
split_operands() (in module 248 angr.analyses.reassembler), 848 st_size (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute),	
Spoffset (class in angr.engines.light.data), 749  248	
squash_array_reference() (in module st_uid (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.Stat attribute), 248	
angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c), StableVarExprHasher (class in	
723 angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_, src block id (angr.analyses.yfe,Pending.lob attribute). 707	si
src_block_id (angr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob attribute), 707 838 stack (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions	
src_func_addr (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionEdge attribute), 756	
attribute), 649 stack (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefinitionsState)	ta

property), 807

 $src\_ins\_addr$  (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg\\_fast.CFGJob at-

```
stack (angr. analyses. reaching_definitions. Reaching Definitions State method), 575
         property), 777
                                                        stack_offsets (angr.slicer.SimLightState attribute),
stack (angr.knowledge plugins.key definitions.live definitions.LiveDefinitions
         attribute), 594
                                                        stack_pointer_as_atom()
stack(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                 (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionHa
         attribute), 573
                                                                 static method), 803
stack (angr. storage.memory mixins. javavm memory. javav sat waku po i wtia in dsy attom (mory Mixin
                                                                 (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionHandler
         property), 376
stack_actions(angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
                                                                 static method), 783
         property), 270
                                                        stack_pop() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227
stack_addr_from_offset()
                                                        stack_pop() (angr.SimState method), 184
         (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recove sy_bals_ephashichleRagovery_StateBsisaState method), 227
         method), 819
                                                        stack_push() (angr.SimState method), 183
stack_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitionad() (angr.sim_state.SimState method), 227
                                                        stack_read() (angr.SimState method), 184
         method), 757
stack_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_statecRecedijingDefinighidansSvlatdge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.LiveV
         method), 806
                                                                 attribute), 561
stack_address() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReashingDespatien()State (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
                                                                 method), 489
         method), 776
stack_address() (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_wkospac_bh)e(dnginfilmRdConethold)teBdse
         method), 819
                                                        stack_suffix() (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack
stack_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitionsdy_iveDefinitions
         method), 595
                                                        stack_suffix_to_string()
stack_address() (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack
         method), 574
                                                                 method), 265
STACK_ALIGNMENT (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC at-stack_uses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
         tribute), 488
                                                                 attribute), 756
STACK_ALIGNMENT (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMicrosofactMD654s (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_state.ReachingDefiniti
                                                                 property), 807
         attribute), 493
STACK_ALIGNMENT (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSystemStANDOwses (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitionsState
         attribute), 494
                                                                 property), 777
STACK_ALIGNMENT (angr.SimCC attribute), 185
                                                        stack_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_definitions.Live
stack_base (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_atatibRec); or Wap
                                                        stack_uses (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
         property), 369
stack_definitions (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions), 573
         property), 756
                                                        StackAllocationMixin
                                                                                           (class
                                                                                                            in
stack_definitions (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_dafigitisoomakevelDefinitions.raged_memory.stack_allocation_mi
         property), 594
stack_definitions(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definiti&if.ACKAHIGef&HtiBUFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC
                                                                 attribute), 488
         property), 573
stack_id() (angr.storage.memory mixins.regioned memo&TAEXIAREd SPI_BBJFF (mixincRhizingnedMemtionM&tinCCMicrosoftAMD64
         method), 367
                                                                 attribute), 493
                 (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper STACKARG_SP_BUFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64
stack_loc()
         class method), 483
                                                                 attribute), 498
stack_offset(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.defiithCKAPP@fisPiidbUMEi(dmPgrediallineg_conventions.SimCCO32
         attribute), 588
                                                                 attribute), 497
stack_offset_to_stack_addr()
                                                        STACKARG_SP_BUFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC
         (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                 attribute), 499
         method), 758
                                                        STACKARG_SP_BUFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64
stack_offset_to_stack_addr()
                                                                 attribute), 500
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.live_defisitiackArGe_SPfiBurinfangr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390X
         method), 596
                                                                 attribute), 501
stack_offset_to_stack_addr()
                                                        STACKARG_SP_BUFF (angr.engines.pcode.cc.SimCCPowerPC
         (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.LiveDefinitions
                                                                 attribute), 465
```

STACKARG_SP_BUFF (angr.SimCC attribute), 185 STACKARG_SP_DIFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCC	start	(angr.analyses.cfg.segment_list.Segment at- tribute), 670
attribute), 488 STACKARG_SP_DIFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCCde		ngr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.base.PositionMappin attribute), 722
attribute), 491		ngr.keyed_region.RegionObject attribute), 613
STACKARG_SP_DIFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMic		
attribute), 493		(angr.distributed.worker.Worker method), 897
STACKARG_SP_DIFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCMic attribute), 492		
STACKARG_SP_DIFF (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCSyst	est VAA/MADI	
attribute), 494		attribute), 552
attribute), 464		<pre>int (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.SootFunction attribute), 560</pre>
STACKARG_SP_DIFF (angr.SimCC attribute), 185	stash(a	ngr.exploration_techniques.spiller_db.PickledState
StackCanarySimplifier (class in		attribute), 412
angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stc 704	u <b>ckt_avshn(d)</b> ;	y_simplifi@mgr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method), 386
StackLocationAnnotation (class in	stash()	(angr.SimulationManager method), 176
angr.analyses.variable_recovery.annotations), 816		(angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager attribute), 383
StackPointerTracker (class in	stashed	(angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172
angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker), 816	stashes	(angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager prop-
StackPointerTrackerState (class in		erty), 383
angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker), 815		(angr.SimulationManager property), 172
${\tt STAGE}(angr.analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. base$		
attribute), 705 STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.cons		ngr.analyses.propagator.engine_ail.SimEnginePropagatorAIL @ntstibntDer&eesSimplifier
attribute), 701	state(a	ngr.analyses.propagator.engine_vex.SimEnginePropagatorVEX
${\tt STAGE} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. div\_instance and instance and in$		* *
attribute), 705		ngr.analyses.reaching_definitions.engine_ail.SimEngineRDAIL
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.eage attribute), 702		ngr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_ail.SimEngineVRAIL
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.expr		
attribute), 710		ngr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.SimEngineVRBase
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_e		
attribute), 706	state(a	ngr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_vex.SimEngineVRVEX
${\tt STAGE}(angr.analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. lower and the property of the pro$		
attribute), 707	state (a	ngr.analyses.vfg.PendingJob attribute), 838
${\tt STAGE} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. model and the property of the $		
attribute), 708		ngr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatParser
${\tt STAGE}(angr.analyses. decompiler. optimization\_passes. multiplication\_passes. multipl$		
attribute), 708		ngr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.FormatString
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optin		
attribute), 703		ngr.procedures.stubs.format_parser.ScanfFormatParser
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.optimization_p	_	
attribute), 704		ngr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure attribute), 471
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.regis		
attribute), 710		ngr.SimFileBase attribute), 189
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ret_a attribute), 711		<u>ก</u> <b>gกทุกภูเลเลเออรดนทุธดพะเรากษาเกะส</b> ระ200 ngr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex attribute), 203
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.stack		
attribute), 704	•	ngr.SimHeapBrk attribute), 206
STAGE (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_		
attribute), 711		ngr.SimHostFilesystem attribute), 204

attribute), 292

tribute), 232

242

state (angr.state\_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS attribute),

state

( 0, 14 ) 202	0.40
state (angr.SimMount attribute), 203	243
state (angr.SimPackets attribute), 194	state (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix at-
state (angr.SimPacketsStream attribute), 198	tribute), 248
state (angr.SimProcedure attribute), 159	state(angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
state (angr.state_plugins.callstack.CallStack attribute),	attribute), 284
264	state (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch
<pre>state (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC attribute),</pre>	attribute), 280
273	state (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver attribute),
<pre>state (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete attribute),</pre>	260
294	state (angr.state_plugins.symbolizer.SimSymbolizer at-
state(angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVari	
attribute), 309	state(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo
state(angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem.	
attribute), 253	state (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin at-
state (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem at-	tribute), 278
tribute), 251	state (angr.state_plugins.uc_manager.SimUCManager
	attribute), 280
state (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimHostFilesystem attribute), 254	state (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn_at-
state (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimMount at-	tribute), 291
tribute), 251	state (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView attribute),
state (angr.state_plugins.gdb.GDB attribute), 271	312
state (angr.state_plugins.globals.SimStateGlobals at-	state (angr.state_plugins.view.SimRegNameView
tribute), 279	attribute), 310
state(angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_base.SimHeapBase	state (angr.storage.file.SimFile attribute), 319
attribute), 298	state (angr.storage.file.SimFileBase attribute), 317
state (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 300	state (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor attribute), 329
<pre>state(angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_freelist.SimHeapFre</pre>	elsstate (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase at-
attribute), 301	tribute), 327
<pre>state (angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_libc.SimHeapLibc</pre>	state (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex
attribute), 302	attribute), 332
state(angr.state_plugins.heap.heap_ptmalloc.SimHeapP	
attribute), 306	state (angr.storage.file.SimPackets attribute), 323
state (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	state (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots attribute), 333
attribute), 270	state (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsStream attribute), 325
state (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector at-	state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.AbstractMemory at-
tribute), 236	tribute), 339
	Citaste (dagr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinHigh
attribute), 296	attribute), 342
	restate (angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinLow
attribute), 297	attribute), 342
	state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.Address
240	attribute), 346
attribute), 267	rsstate (angr.storage.memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixin.DataNormaliza attribute), 341
state (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog attribute), 263	state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.clouseau_mixin.InspectMixinHigh attribute), 346
	state(angr.storage.memory mixins.conditional store mixin.Conditional)

1040 Index

attribute), 346

attribute), 348

attribute), 340

 $\verb+state+ (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.default\_filler\_mixin.DefaultFillerMixing) + (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.default\_filler\_mixin.DefaultFiller\_$ 

 $(angr.state\_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin \quad at-\quad \verb+state+ (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.convenient\_mappings\_mixin.Convenie$ 

state (angr.state\_plugins.posix.Posix.PosixProcFS attribute), state (angr.storage.memory\_mixins.default\_filler\_mixin.ExplicitFillerMixin\_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS attribute),

```
attribute), 340
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 360
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.default_filler_mixin.SpatiatEillanglistinage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.refcount_mixin.
                      attribute), 340
                                                                                                                                                              attribute), 360
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.dirty_addrs_mixin.Dirts#addrs_Miginstorage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ultra_page.Ultra
                      attribute), 344
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 365
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.FastMemory at state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.privileged_mixin.Privi
                      tribute), 338
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 359
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.hex_dumper_mixin.Hes.Datae/anMixitorage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.stack_allocation_mixi
                      attribute), 341
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 358
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavsst_wten(angr.storage.memory.idiragioned_memory.abstract_merger_m
                      attribute), 378
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 373
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.JavaVmMemory at- state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.region_category_m
                      tribute), 339
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 370
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvsxtaet_en/ememory.temvixin/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/tuen/ken/ba/t
                      attribute), 376
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 372
                   (angr.storage.memory_mixins.KeyValueMemory state(angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_address_i
                      attribute), 339
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 374
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.label_merger_mixin.LabadMe(qupMixinage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_memory_
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 368
                      attribute), 347
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin at- state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.static_find_mixin.State)
                      tribute), 338
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 370
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.multi_value_merger_mixiavtM(uti\chivaluaMgegeneMixin_mixins.simple_interface_mixin.SimpleInterface
                      attribute), 352
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 342
state (angr.storage.memory mixins.name resolution mixins.https://www.kimin.mory mixins.simplification mixins.limplification.html
                      attribute), 339
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 347
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_bstcktee_(uninginst6)lageomyBoucker_Mixins.size_resolution_mixin.SizeConcretizat
                       attribute), 357
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 344
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_bstckte_(uningnst6xurger.enteBuokse_nMixins.size_resolution_mixin.SizeNormalizat.
                      attribute), 357
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 343
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.page_bstate (uninginstDiagBankerMixin ixins.slotted_memory.SlottedMemoryMixin
                      attribute), 357
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 375
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_streethe.tx.angrixstoo.tagleetheetHaggs_Mixins.smart_find_mixin.SmartFindMixin
                      attribute), 355
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 340
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_state(\text{ningi:xitos.laigePlagesMixitos.symbolic_merger_mixin.SymbolicMer_
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 342
                      attribute), 355
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_snewton(nrmixinonlaigePongersWithInhitbialsMojx.imerger_mixin.TopMergerMixin
                      attribute), 356
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 352
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_streethen(xtruggi.xtho.)Ms/eLinsePargeys_Mixitins.underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstrained_mixin.Underconstr
                      attribute), 356
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 342
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_stactoe(\text{varger.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fraceller.ixino.lM}\text{\fracel
                      attribute), 356
                                                                                                                                                              attribute), 347
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_stærter_b]rainkir(_JU_tmufftssimtMSximethod), 168
                      attribute), 356
                                                                                                                                        state_blank() (angr.simos.cgc.SimCGC method), 874
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ksixtorey_bhakhlog) mixin.H(stogy.Trandsing.MixinSimJavaVM
                      attribute), 361
                                                                                                                                                              method), 877
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ispatmixinBPQMixingr.simos.linux.SimLinux method),
                      attribute), 361
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ksstapaghListRage(angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 871
                                                                                                                                                                                            (angr.simos.windows.SimWindows
                                                                                                                                        state_blank()
                      attribute), 363
state(angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.mv_list_pagetMbMl);&Page
                      attribute), 350
                                                                                                                                        state_call() (angr.SimOS method), 169
state(angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages. RagetBaseall()
                                                                                                                                                                                                  (angr.simos.javavm.SimJavaVM
                      attribute), 359
                                                                                                                                                               method), 877
state (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.paratiesioasl_fi)x(anterinisoiosishbixSimOS method), 872
```

state_entry() (angr.SimOS method), 168		method), 897
<pre>state_entry() (angr.simos.cgc.SimCGC method), 875</pre>	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.DFS method), 398
<pre>state_entry()</pre>	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.dfs.DFS method), 408
<pre>state_entry() (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method),</pre>	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.Director_method), 400
<pre>state_entry() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 872 state_entry() (angr.simos.windows.SimWindows</pre>	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.director.Director method), 420
method), 876 state_full_init() (angr.SimOS method), 168	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.driller_core.DrillerCore method), 416
state_full_init() (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.DrillerCore
method), 874	3 ccp ()	method), 393
<pre>state_full_init() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method),</pre>	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.ExplorationTechnique method), 390
<pre>state_priority() (angr.exploration_techniques.Spiller</pre>	step()	
state_priority() (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.S static method), 412	Spsitlep()	(angr.exploration_techniques.explorer.Explorer method), 409
StateHierarchy (class in angr), 180	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.LengthLimiter
StateHierarchy (class in angr.state_hierarchy), 389	_	method), 398
<pre>statement_location()           (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.exp</pre>		(angr.exploration_techniques.lengthlimiter.LengthLimiter
method), 714		(angr.exploration_techniques.manual_mergepoint.ManualMergepo
StatementLocation (class in		method), 410
angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr	_stalehir(2)!	
714		method), 402
statements (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegeattribute), 725	nst <b>ep</b> un	(tingr.exploration_techniques.memory_watcher.MemoryWatcher method), 426
statements (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codege	n <b>step</b> late	
attribute), 725		method), 405
statements (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property), 439	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.Spiller method), 402
StateOption (class in angr.sim_state_options), 228	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.spiller.Spiller
Static (angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke attribute), 846	sten()	method), 412 (angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic.StochasticSearch
STATIC (angr.simos.windows.SecurityCookieInit at-	осер()	method), 423
tribute), 876 static_exits() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.StochasticSearch method), 403
method), 472	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.Suggestions
<pre>static_exits() (angr.SimProcedure method), 159</pre>		method), 407
		(angr.exploration_techniques.suggestions.Suggestions
angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.s 370		!_method), 427 (angr.exploration_techniques.Symbion_method),
${\tt StaticHooker} (angr. analyses. analysis. Known Analyses Plus analyses analysis. Static Hooker (angr. analyses) analyses analysis. The static Hooker (angr. analyses) analyses analysis analysis analyses analyse analyses analyse analyses analyse analys$	-	404
attribute), 618	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.symbion.Symbion
StaticHooker (class in angr.analyses.static_hooker),		method), 425
856	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.Threading
StaticObjectFinder (class in	ston()	method), 397
angr.analyses.find_objects_static), 843 status() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.S		(angr.exploration_techniques.threading.Threading
method), 607		(angr.exploration_techniques.Timeout method),
step() (angr.distributed.worker.BadStatesDropper	2 P ()	407
method), 897	step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.timeout.Timeout
$\verb step()  (angr. distributed. worker. Exploration Status Notifier$		method), 408

<pre>step()</pre>		612
	395	stmt_idx (angr.engines.UberEngine attribute), 427
step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.Tracer	stmt_idx (angr.errors.SimError attribute), 892
a+ am ()	method), 416	stmt_idx (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJump
step()	(angr.exploration_techniques.unique.UniqueSearch method), 423	
cton()	(angr.exploration_techniques.UniqueSearch	stmt_idx (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump at- tribute), 529
step()	method), 403	stmt_idx (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef at-
sten()	(angr.ExplorationTechnique method), 178	tribute), 610
_	(angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager method),	stmt_idx(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.VEXStmtDetails
	384	attribute), 285
	(angr.sim_state.SimState method), 226	stmt_observe() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions
	(angr.SimState method), 183	method), 791
	(angr.SimulationManager method), 174	stmt_observe() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefinitions.
step_b	ack() (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.call_trac	
	method), 788	stmts(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CMultiStatementEx
step_s	tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.ExplorationTechniques.	
	method), 390	stmts (angr.codenode.SootBlockNode attribute), 871
step_s	tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.Slicecutor	
stop s	method), 392	(angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable.JumpTable
step_s	tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.slicecutor.Slicecutor.Slicecutor)	
step_s	method), 417 tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.Symbion	stmts_used (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property), 438
step_s	method), 404	StochasticSearch (class in
stan s	tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.symbion.Sym	· ·
3cep_3	method), 425	StochasticSearch (class in
step_s		angr.exploration_techniques.stochastic),
occp_o	method), 396	423
step s		STOP (class in angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), 286
	method), 416	stop() (angr.distributed.server.Server method), 896
step_s	tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.Veritesting	stop() (angr.Server method), 210
• –	method), 398	STOP_ERROR (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
step_s	tate() (angr.exploration_techniques.veritesting.Ve	
_	method), 413	STOP_EXECNONE (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
step_s	tate() (angr.ExplorationTechnique method),	attribute), 286
	179	STOP_HLT (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP at-
step_s	tate() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager	tribute), 286
	method), 385	<pre>stop_message(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP</pre>
step_s	tate() (angr.SimulationManager method), 175	attribute), 287
stmt(an	$ngr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CUn$	s <b>SPPP_MONEGODE</b> ntingr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
	attribute), 730	attribute), 286
stmt_c	lasses (angr.analyses.decompiler.peephole_optima attribute), 712	i <b>STOP: NORM AP</b> e <b>&amp;phgle:Opti<u>n</u>pbagion.StnitBan<u>e</u> engine.STOP</b> attribute), 286
stmt c		STOP_NOSTART (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
	attribute), 678	attribute), 286
stmt_i		stop_reason(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.StopDetails
	tribute), 649	attribute), 287
stmt_i		DETOPLISECEAULTS(angostation) plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
	attribute), 714	attribute), 286
stmt_i		DETOPLISTORRADNEN (Logatione_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
	attribute), 714	attribute), 286
stmt_i		
	property), 846	(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
stmt_i	<pre>dx (angr.code_location.CodeLocation attribute),</pre>	attribute), 286

CTOD CUMPOLIC BLOCK EVIT TARCET		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
STOP_SYMBOLIC_BLOCK_EXIT_TARGET	STOD 7E	attribute), 286 ROPAGE (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP attribute), 286	310P_ZE	attribute), 286
STOP_SYMBOLIC_PC (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.S	7 <b>Kir</b> lanDet	
attribute), 286	r w d o p b c c	angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), 287
STOP_SYMBOLIC_READ_ADDR	stopped	(angr.distributed.server.Server property), 896
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		(angr.Server property), 211
attribute), 286		(angr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData
STOP_SYMBOLIC_READ_SYMBOLIC_TRACKING_DISABLED		property), 468
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP at-		lass in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 829
tribute), 286	store()	(angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.StackPointerTrackerState
STOP_SYMBOLIC_WRITE_ADDR		method), 815
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		(angr.sim_type.SimCppClass method), 517
attribute), 286		(angr.sim_type.SimStruct method), 515
STOP_SYSCALL (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP attribute), 286		(angr.sim_type.SimTypeArray method), 512
STOP_SYSCALL_ARM(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.S		(angr.sim_type.SimTypeBool method), 510
attribute), 287		(angr.sim_type.SimTypeFloat method), 515
STOP_UNKNOWN_MEMORY_WRITE_SIZE		(angr.sim_type.SimTypeNum method), 509
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		(angr.sim_type.SimTypeNumOffset method),
attribute), 287		517
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_EXPR_GETI	store()	(angr.sim_type.SimTypeReg method), 509
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		(angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebugVariable
attribute), 286		method), 308
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_EXPR_UNKNOWN	store()	(angr.state_plugins.light_registers.SimLightRegisters
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		method), 267
attribute), 287	store()	
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_CAS		method), 314
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinHigh
attribute), 286 STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_DIRTY	ctoro()	method), 342 (angr.storage.memory_mixins.actions_mixin.ActionsMixinLow
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP	Store()	method), 342
attribute), 286	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretization_mixin.Add
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_LLSC	5010()	method), 346
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.bvv_conversion_mixin.DataNorma
attribute), 286		method), 341
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_LOADG	store()	$(angr.storage.memory\_mixins.clouseau\_mixin.InspectMixinHigh$
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		method), 346
attribute), 286	store()	$(angr.storage.memory\_mixins.conditional\_store\_mixin.Conditional\_store\_mixin.$
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_PUTI		method), 346
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.convenient_mappings_mixin.Conv
attribute), 286	-1	method), 348
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_STOREG	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.dirty_addrs_mixin.DirtyAddrsMixi
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP attribute), 286	ctoro()	method), 344 (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_memory_
STOP_UNSUPPORTED_STMT_UNKNOWN	Store()	method), 376
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memo
attribute), 286	5010()	method), 375
STOP_VEX_LIFT_FAILED	store()	**
(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP		method), 336
attribute), 286	store()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.name_resolution_mixin.NameReso
STOP_X86_CPUID (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STO		method), 339
attribute), 287		$(angr.storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged\_memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.paged_paged\_memory.paged\_memory.paged\_memory.paged\_memory.paged\_memory.paged_paged$
STOP_ZERO_DIV (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOF	)	method), 353

store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag&sthrixtory(amgrkinglyssixipxbhismity_TgaaphngWixiiNodeTypes method), 360 attribute), 860
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag&stlixingdge.fii.ktiPagtedge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSort method), 362 attribute), 542
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pag&stmintjst_(magr.Mr/Mikatlage_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort method), 349 attribute), 523
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pagestaling_fungerlphtredfluges.stubs.format_parser.FormatSpecifier method), 364  attribute), 474
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regivingsetang/metriddikan.SimDebugVariable method), 371 property), 308
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regtivited_messaye()nixin.Regioned(MemoryMixin module method), 366 angr.analyses.reassembler), 848
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.simple_interface_mixir\\$ingp\mathbb{k}inp\mathbb{k}in\square\text{angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function}. Function
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.simplification_mixin.Simplificationbd/);ifi54  method), 347  StringProxiNode (class in
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mixin.SizeConnrgtigatibysMsipiroximity_graph), 861 method), 344 STRONGREF_STATE (angr.SimStatePlugin attribute), 161
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.size_resolution_mix <b>STEQNSREF</b> u <b>S</b> iF <b>ATE</b> ( <b>Migins</b> tate_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 343  attribute), 267
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.slotted_memory.Slo <b>SZRVNGRETyMSTATE</b> (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin method), 375 attribute), 231
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstrained_msximultinderconstraintynel/MixinStructValue property), 516 method), 342 struct (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView attribute),
store() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapper_mixin.UnwrapperMixin method), 347 Struct (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts), 833
store() (angr.vaults.Vault method), 617 struct_name() (angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator method), 826
store_array_element() STRUCT_RETURN_THRESHOLD  (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_mem(arg_noidlin.kavavlnevltiomxx\$\mathbb{Micro}Cdecl at-
method), 376 tribute), 492
store_array_elements() STRUCT_RETURN_THRESHOLD  (angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.javavm_mem(arg_nnivllin_ka_vav\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\ne\
store_tmp() (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch struct_type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructFiel method), 280 attribute), 731
store_variable() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimizations_varsatMedgineldxssin.Simprlificete4_Hl8tgitts.view), 314 method), 709 structured_code (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase
stored_objects (angr.keyed_region.RegionObject at- tribute), 613  attribute), 677  structured_code (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase
StoredObject (class in angr.keyed_region), 612 attribute), 520 StoreHook (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolversrjumtptnette)code (angr.KnowledgeBase attribute), 211
structured_node_is_simple_return() (in module
StoreStatementFinder (class in angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 742  angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_\$thrbives)_uredCodeGenerator (in module  716 angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c),
str_to_c_str() (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CCdnstant  static method), 735  StructuredCodeManager (class in
Strict (angr.exploration_techniques.tracer.TracingMode angr.knowledge_plugins.structured_code.manager), attribute), 414 569
strict_block_end (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter at- tribute), 440 StructuredCodeManagerSerializer (class in angr.angrdb.serializers.structured_code), 683
strict_block_end(angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter structurer_class_from_name() (in module attribute), 442 angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring), 684

```
StructurerBase
                                                (class
                                                                              in successors() (angr.exploration_techniques.bucketizer.Bucketizer
              angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer base),
                                                                                                   method), 426
                                                                                     successors() (angr.exploration techniques.ExplorationTechnique
STRUCTURING (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization_passes. loweredness with a simplifier. Lowered Switch Simplifier.
              attribute), 707
                                                                                     successors() (angr.exploration_techniques.local_loop_seer.LocalLoopSe
STRUCTURING (angr. analyses. decompiler. optimization passes. optimization passes. optimization Pass
              attribute), 703
                                                                                     successors() (angr.exploration techniques.LocalLoopSeer
                (angr.engines. light. data. A rithmetic Expression
Sub
                                                                                                   method), 406
              attribute), 748
                                                                                    successors() (angr.exploration_techniques.loop_seer.LoopSeer
Sub (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 828
                                                                                                   method), 421
sub_graph (angr.analyses.data_dep.data_dependency_analysisc@sscDesi@nd@nag@eaphAntilysistechniques.LoopSeer
             property), 864
                                                                                                   method), 394
sub_type (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Subtype at-
                                                                                    successors() (angr.exploration_techniques.Oppologist
                                                                                                   method), 399
              tribute), 827
subgraph() (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Fusucionssors() (angr.exploration_techniques.oppologist.Oppologist
              method), 557
                                                                                                   method), 420
subgraph_between_nodes()
                                                                      module successors() (angr.exploration_techniques.Slicecutor
                                                       (in
             angr.utils.graph), 883
                                                                                                   method), 392
subject (angr. analyses. reaching_definitions. reaching_defirstions. Strong Configure of Configuration of Configure of Configuration of Configure of
             property), 792
                                                                                                   method), 418
subject (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.ReachingDefination_techniques.Threading
             property), 771
                                                                                                   method), 397
Subject (class in angr. analyses. reaching_definitions. subject)uccessors() (angr. exploration_techniques. threading. Threading
                                                                                                   method), 413
SubjectType
                                             (class
                                                                              in
                                                                                    successors() (angr.ExplorationTechnique method),
              angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject),
                                                                                                   179
                                                                                     successors()
                                                                                                                       (angr.factory.AngrObjectFactory
SubN (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 830
                                                                                                   method), 216
subscribe_actions()
                                                                                     successors() (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager
              (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory
                                                                                                   method), 385
             method), 269
                                                                                     successors() (angr.SimulationManager method), 175
Subtype (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars), 827
                                                                                     successors_and_jumpkinds()
successor_func()
                                      (angr.annocfg.AnnotatedCFG
                                                                                                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNode
              method), 870
                                                                                                   method), 545
successors (angr.analyses.decompiler.graph_region.GraphsRegionsors_and_jumpkinds()
             attribute), 700
                                                                                                   (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
successors (angr.engines. Uber Engine attribute), 427
                                                                                                   method), 526
successors (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg_node.CFGN&daccessorsMixin (class in angr.engines.engine), 428
             property), 545
                                                                                     Suggestions (class in angr.exploration_techniques),
successors
                         (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode
                                                                                                   407
             property), 526
                                                                                    Suggestions
                                                                                                                                  (class
                                                                                                                                                                   in
successors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.call_graph.Canhidi.xayphb/isition_techniques.suggestions),
             method), 622
successors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.funswiper_gtxypleFutuntim@ixdyskisiyoehoon.typevars.Subtype
             method), 623
                                                                                                   attribute), 827
successors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.grasupposerts_VsoneRETE_LOAD
                                                                                                   (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin
              method), 623
successors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.loop.LoopVixittnibute), 336
              method), 626
                                                                                     SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD
successors() (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.visitors.single_node_(gnaphs&ingleNoeleGraph\(\mathbb{V}\)ivitopaged_memory.paged_memory_mi
                                                                                                   attribute), 352
             method), 626
                                                                                    SUPPORTS_CONCRETE_LOAD
successors() (angr.codenode.CodeNode method), 870
successors() (angr.exploration_techniques.Bucketizer
                                                                                                   (angr.storage.memory mixins.paged memory.pages.ultra page.U
```

*method*), 406

attribute), 363

```
attribute), 728
                                                                  attribute), 285
switch_expr (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structusymboldes_SvencleContexts)
         attribute), 688
                                                                  (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.BlockDetails
switch_extract_cmp_bounds()
                                       (in
                                               module
                                                                  attribute), 286
         angr.analyses.decompiler.utils), 741
                                                        SymbolicMergerMixin
                                                                                                             in
                                                                                            (class
switch_variable (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer and essilon age.phenesswitch (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer and essilon age.phenesswitch (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer and essilon age.phenesswitch (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structuring.structurer)
         attribute), 689
                                                                  342
SwitchCaseNode
                                (class
                                                    in symbolize() (angr.analyses.reassembler.Reassembler
         angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nodes),
                                                                  method), 855
                                                        symbolized (angr.analyses.reassembler.Operand prop-
SwitchCaseRegion
                                 (class
                                                                  erty), 850
                                                    in
         angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switchedelmariagdifierolass in angr.analyses.reassembler),
         718
                                                                  849
SwitchClusterFinder
                                   (class
                                                    in sympy_expr_to_claripy_ast()
         angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_(singnlifieal)yses.decompiler.condition_processor.ConditionProcess
         719
                                                                  static method), 696
                                                    in sync() (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),
SwitchClusterReplacer
                                    (class
         angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_20Aplifier),
                                                        SyncController
                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                             in
SwitchExpressionSimplifier
                                       (class
                                                    in
                                                                  angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller),
         angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_expr_simplifier),
                                                        syscall (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGJob attribute),
Symbion (class in angr.exploration techniques), 404
Symbion (class in angr.exploration techniques.symbion), syscall
                                                                    (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.FunctionCallEdge
                                                                  attribute), 650
symbol (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handlesyEvorethorungHEvorethorungHEvorethorungHevorethorung)
         attribute), 798
                                                                  attribute), 547
{\tt symbol} \ (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. Function CallDasy {\tt scall}
                                                                        (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGENode
         attribute), 785
                                                                  attribute), 527
symbol (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Functionsyscall() (angr.SimOS method), 169
         property), 555
                                                        syscall() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 872
symbol_hooked_by() (angr.Project method), 166
                                                        syscall() (angr.simos.userland.SimUserland method),
symbol_hooked_by() (angr.project.Project method),
         215
                                                        syscall_abi() (angr.SimOS method), 169
symbol_name (angr.analyses.reassembler.NotypeLabel
                                                        syscall_abi() (angr.simos.linux.SimLinux method),
         property), 849
symbol_name (angr.analyses.reassembler.ObjectLabel
                                                        syscall_abi() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 872
         property), 849
                                                         syscall_abi()
                                                                              (angr.simos.userland.SimUserland
symbolic (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.MemoryLocation
                                                                  method), 875
         property), 767
                                                        syscall_cc() (angr.SimOS method), 169
symbolic (angr.engines.light.data.RegisterOffset prop-
                                                        syscall_cc() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 872
         erty), 749
                                                        syscall_cc()
                                                                              (angr.simos.userland.SimUserland
symbolic (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.MemoryLoudthad), 875
                                                        SYSCALL_ERRNO_START
         property), 587
SYMBOLIC (angr.simos.windows.SecurityCookieInit at-
                                                                  (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64LinuxSyscall
         tribute), 876
                                                                  attribute), 499
symbolic (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObjectSYSCALL_ERRNO_START
         property), 334
                                                                  (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32LinuxSyscall
                                                                  attribute), 498
symbolic()
                    (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
         method), 262
                                                        SYSCALL_ERRNO_START
symbolic_stop_reasons
                                                                  (angr.calling\_conventions.SimCCPowerPC64LinuxSyscall
         (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
                                                                  attribute), 500
                                                        SYSCALL_ERRNO_START
         attribute), 287
```

(angr.calling_conventions.SimCCPowerPCLinux	cSpagu(lungr.analyses.cfg.cfg_base.CFGBase attribute), 645
attribute), 499	tag (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated at-
SYSCALL_ERRNO_START	tribute), 641
$(angr.calling\_conventions. Sim CCS y scall$	tag (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_fast.CFGFast attribute), 653
attribute), 493	Tag (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag),
syscall_from_addr() (angr.SimOS method), 169	603
syscall_from_addr() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 873	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CAssignment attribute), 728
<pre>syscall_from_addr()           (angr.simos.userland.SimUserland method),</pre>	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinaryOp attribute), 733
875	${\tt tags} (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c. CB reak$
syscall_from_number() (angr.SimOS method), 169	attribute), 728
syscall_from_number() (angr.simos.simos.SimOS method), 873	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstant attribute), 735
<pre>syscall_from_number()</pre>	${\tt tags}  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen. c. CC on tinue$
(angr.simos.userland.SimUserland method),	attribute), 728
875	${\tt tags} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen.c. CDoWhile Loop$
syscall_hook() (in module	attribute), 726
angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 274 syscall_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CF	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFakeVariable GNode attribute), 731
attribute), 546	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CForLoop
syscall_name (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.CFGNode	attribute), 727
attribute), 527	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCall
syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAArch6	
static method), 497	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CGoto
syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64	
static method), 495	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfBreak
syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCAMD64	
static method), 495	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIfElse
<pre>syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCARMLi</pre>	
static method), 496	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CITE
<pre>syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCN64Ling_</pre>	
static method), 499	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CLabel
<pre>syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCO32Ling_</pre>	nuxSyscall attribute), 730
static method), 498	${\tt tags} ({\it angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CMultiStatementExp}$
${\tt syscall\_num()} \ (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCP ower Factors and the conventions of the convention$	PC64LinuxS <b>ystmib</b> lute), 736
static method), 500	${\tt tags}  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen.c. CRegister$
${\tt syscall\_num()} \ (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCP ower Factors and the conventions of the convention$	
static method), 499	${\tt tags}  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_codegen. c. CReturn$
${\tt syscall\_num()} \ (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCRISCV \\$	
static method), 497	${\tt tags}  (angr. analyses. decompiler. structured\_code gen.c. CS truct Field$
<pre>syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCS390XI</pre>	•
static method), 502	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CSwitchCase
${\tt syscall\_num()} \ (angr. calling\_conventions. Sim CCS ys call$	
static method), 493	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CTypeCast
syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86Lin	·
static method), 494	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnaryOp
syscall_num() (angr.calling_conventions.SimCCX86Win	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
static method), 494	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariable
SyscallNode (class in angr.codenode), 871	attribute), 732
Т	tags (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CWhileLoop
	attribute), 726
T (angr.sim_state.SimState attribute), 226	tags (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Definition at-
T (angr.SimState attribute), 182	tribute), 768

tags (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler attribute), 796		(class ion_techniques), 402	in
tags (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Function attribute), 553		(class ion_techniques.tech_builde	in er),
tags (angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.soot_function.Soo attribute), 560	tFunction 424 tell()(angr.SimFileL	Descriptor method), 198	
tags (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.Definition attribute), 583	tell() (angr.SimFileL		
tags (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.D attribute), 590	efinition 327	storage.file.SimFileDescript	
TAINT_ENTITY_MEM (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Tatribute), 284		rage.file.SimFileDescriptor	Duplex
TAINT_ENTITY_NONE (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine. attribute), 284		in angr.utils.graph), 884	
TAINT_ENTITY_REG (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Tattribute), 284		LightState attribute), 868	
TAINT_ENTITY_TMP (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Tattribute), 284		s.soot.engine.SootMixin	static
		on() (angr.Project method)	
taken (angr.exploration_techniques.spiller_db.PickledStat attribute), 412			. rejeci
tally() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Synmethod), 607		es.decompiler.structuring.st	ructurer_nodes.BaseNod
tally() (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions method), 231		angr.analyses.decompiler.s	structuring.structurer_no
<pre>target (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sink</pre>	Œ <b>ESSlimSu\$pd</b> rted_o		es.DebugVariable
target (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.low attribute), 707	vered_switc <b>hn<u>e</u>shoop)</b> if <b>te63</b>		
target (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.C attribute), 730	Goto attribute), 73		
target (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nattribute), 687			
target (angr.analyses.decompiler.structuring.structurer_nattribute), 688			<i>igMode</i>
${\tt target} (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. call\_trace. Ca$		ibute), 170	
$\verb target   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. dep\_graph. Functions   functions   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. dep\_graph. Functions   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions. dep_graph. reaching\_definitions   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)  (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_definitions)   (angr. analyses. reaching\_defini$	a <b>cdirom</b> Coldi <b>RgloblonkliD</b> isc	assemblerBlock attribute), 2	220
target (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.GuardUse attribute), 767		CodeNode attribute), 870 code.lifter.PcodeDisassemb 5	lerBlock
target (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.Gu attribute), 585		e_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CF	`GNode
target_idx (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passe attribute), 707			ribute),
target_idx (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codege attribute), 730			
tc2simtype() (angr.analyses.typehoon.translator.TypeTranslator), 826	<i>n</i> ts <b>i<i>dv</i>or</b> data_referenc	-	.CFGModel
<pre>teardown_callsite()</pre>	method), 541		- 2
490	_	dge_plugins.cfg.CFGMode	l
teardown_callsite() (angr.SimCC method), 187	method), 534		

<pre>timed_function()</pre>	(in	module		property), 777		
angr.state_plu	gins.solver), 254		tmps (ang	gr.engines.UberEngin	e attribute), 427	
Timeout (class in angr.	exploration_technique	rs), 407	tmps(ang	gr.knowledge_plugins	key_definitions.live	_definitions.LiveDefinitio
Timeout (class in angr.	exploration_technique	es.timeout),		attribute), 594		
407			tmps(ang	gr.knowledge_plugins	key_definitions.Liv	eDefinitions
<pre>timestamp(angr.explor</pre>	ation_techniques.spill	ler_db.Pickle	dState	attribute), 573		
attribute), 412			TmpvarF:	inder	(class	in
<pre>timethis() (in module</pre>	angr.utils.timing), 88	8		angr.analyses.propag	ator.tmpvar_finder	),
TLSMixin (class in angr	r.engines.engine), 428			754		
TLSProperty (class in a	angr.engines.engine),	428	to_acyc	lic_graph() (in mod	lule angr.utils.grap	h), 883
Tmp (angr.analyses.dat attribute), 865		NodeTypes		supergraph() angr.analyses.decomp	,	module
tmp (angr.analyses.pre tribute), 750	opagator.vex_vars.VE	XTmp at-		(angr.analyses.typeho tribute), 830	on.typevars.Conve	rtTo at-
TMP (angr.analyse attribute), 764		s.AtomKind		(angr.analyses.typeho attribute), 830	on.typevars.Reinte	rpretAs
TMP (angr.knowledge_pla attribute), 583		atoms.AtomK		ipy() (angr.state_plug method), 468	gins.sim_action_ol	oject.SimActionObject
TMP (angr.state_plugins. 466	.sim_action.SimAction	attribute),		node() (angr.knowled method), 546	lge_plugins.cfg.cfg	_node.CFGNode
Tmp (class in angr.analy)	ses.reaching_definitio	ns), 767	to_code:	node() (angr.knowled	dge_plugins.cfg.CF	GNode
Tmp (class in angr.knowle	edge_plugins.key_defi	nitions.atoms	5),	method), 527		
586			to_engi	ne() (angr.engines.co	ncrete.SimEngine <b>C</b>	Concrete
	te_plugins.sim_action	ı.SimAction		method), 433		
property), 466				ide (angr.analyses.cfg	c.cfg_fast.Function	TransitionEdge
tmp_deps (angr.state_pi	_	ActionData		attribute), 650		
property), 468				ng() (angr.knowledge	_plugins.xrefs.xref <u></u>	_types.XRefType
tmp_expr() (angr.state	_plugins.scratch.SimS	StateScratch		static method), 610		
method), 280		**		(angr.analyses.typeho	on.typevars.Reinte	rpretAs
	_variable.SimTempord	aryVariable		attribute), 830		, ,
attribute), 504		·.·			memory_mixins.re	gioned_memory.region_a
	nalyses.reaching_defir	nitions.1mp		method), 368		. C44 . I : I
attribute), 767		iona atoma T		_LOC_ARRAY (angr.sta	te_piugins.iibc.Sin	iStateLibc
tmp_idx (angr.knowledg attribute), 586		ions.aioms.1		attribute), 238	each CallStack nu	an autu)
tmp_idx (angr.knowledg		ions definitio		gr.state_plugins.callst NKatchPredicate	ack.Cansiack pro	эрену),
attribute), 588		ions.aejiniiio		s in angr.analyses.pro	nagator values) 75	(0
tmp_uses (angr.analyse		s I iveDefiniti				
attribute), 756		в. севедини		static method), 757	_acjiniiions.bivebe	jiiiiioiis
		s rd state Red			definitions rd stat	e.ReachingDefinitionsSta
property), 807		ra_state.ree		method), 805	_acjiniiions.ra_siai	e.ReachingDejiiiiionssia
tmp_uses (angr.analyse		s.ReachingDe		* *	definitions Reachi	ngDefinitionsState
property), 777				method), 775		
		itions.live de		· · ·	recovery.variable	recovery_base.VariableR
attribute), 594		_		static method), 818		·
tmp_uses (angr.knowled attribute), 573		itions.LiveDe	ef <b>trop@j</b> s(ar		s.key_definitions.li	ve_definitions.LiveDefinit
TmpDepNode (class in an	gr.analyses.data_dep.	.dep_nodes),		* *	s.key_definitions.Li	iveDefinitions
866	- I	• "		static method), 573		•
tmps (angr.analyses.rea	ching_definitions.Live	Definitions		kerMixin	(class	in
attribute), 756				angr.analyses.propag	ator.top_checker_r	nixin),
tmps(angr.analyses.read	ching_definitions.rd_s	tate.Reaching	gDefinition	SStote		
property), 807			TopMerg		(class	in
tmps (angr.analyses.read	ching_definitions.Read	chingDefiniti	onsState	angr.storage.memory	_mixins.top_merge	r_mixin),

351	ty_ptr() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160
TopType (class in angr.analyses.typehoon.typeconsts),	tyenv (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.IRSB property), 438
831	type (angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.BaseDepNode
TOUPPER_LOC_ARRAY (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLib	
attribute), 238	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CBinaryOp
traceback (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.cfg_node.CFGNo	
attribute), 544	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstant
traceflags (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.Lifter attribute),	property), 735
440	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CDirtyExpression
traceflags (angr.engines.pcode.lifter.PcodeLifter at-	property), 736
tribute), 442 Tracer (class in angr.exploration_techniques), 394	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CExpression property), 725
Tracer (class in angr.exploration_techniques.tracer),	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFakeVariable
11acei (class in angr.expioration_techniques.tracer), 414	property), 731
TracerDesyncError, 414	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFunctionCall
TracerEnvironmentError, 892	property), 729
	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CIndexedVariable
angr.exploration_techniques.tracer), 414	property), 732
	ni <b>tiype</b> (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CITE
attribute), 756	property), 735
	property), 199 _defpeit(ang/LavaDys/troidicous/npiler.structured_codegen.c.CMultiStatementExp
attribute), 594	property), 736
	Despringranalyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CRegister
attribute), 573	property), 735
	n <b>tsipe. [</b> angotionalyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CStructField
attribute), 552	property), 731
	oo <b>tyfpæ(tiogr:Stratlfynn::tlen</b> ompiler.structured_codegen.c.CTypeCast
attribute), 559	property), 734
transition_graph_ex()	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CUnaryOp
(angr.knowledge_plugins.functions.function.Func	
method), 557	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariable
transitions (angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_t	
property), 812	type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVariableField
transitions_as_tuples	property), 733
(angr.analyses.cfg_slice_to_sink.cfg_slice_to_sin	nk <b>t OF CShiga Tasahk</b> ses.loop_analysis.AnnotatedVariable at-
property), 812	tribute), 834
transitive_closure()	type (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subject
(angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.dep_graph.D	DepGraph property), 811
method), 794	type (angr.angrdb.models.DbComment attribute), 679
<pre>translate() (angr.calling_conventions.AllocHelper</pre>	type(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJump
method), 483	attribute), 548
TRANSMIT_RECORD (class in	type (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJump at-
angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), 284	tribute), 529
TreeIter (class in angr.state_plugins.history), 270	type (angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRef attribute),
trim() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory	610
method), 268	type (angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memory_m
${\tt true\_node} \ (angr. analyses. decompiler. structuring. structuring) \\$	
attribute), 686	type_ (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Existence
${\tt Truncation} (angr. analyses. cfg. indirect\_jump\_resolvers. jump\_resolvers. jump\_resolvers$	
attribute), 662	type_0 (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Add attribute),
try_unpack_const() (angr.engines.light.data.Arithmetic	•
static method), 748	type_0 (angr.analyses.typehoon.typevars.Sub attribute),
ty ntr() (anor sim procedure SimProcedure method)	828

473

 ${\tt type\_1} \ (angr. analyses. type hoon. type vars. Add\ attribute),$ 

	827			U
type_1	(angr.analyses.typehoo	n.typevars.Sub attribute)	),	UberEngine (class in angr.engines), 427
	828			UberEnginePcode (class in angr.engines), 427
type_a	(angr.analyses.typeh attribute), 826	oon.typevars.Equivalenc	0	uc (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn prop- erty), 290
type_b	(angr.analyses.typeh attribute), 826	oon.typevars.Equivalenc	re	UC_CONFIG (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn attribute), 288
type_co	onstraints (angr.anal attribute), 697	yses.decompiler.decompi	ilati	ion+cachege@eanspilationCachage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.pages.ult
type_co	onstraints (angr.anal attribute), 824	yses.variable_recovery.e	ngi	`
type_pa		in module angr.sim_type)	),	angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_memory.paged_memory_mix 356
	518			uncache_region() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn
type_r	(angr.analyses.typehoo 827	n.typevars.Add attribute)	),	method), 290 unconstrained (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager
type_r	(angr.analyses.typehoo 828	n.typevars.Sub attribute)	),	attribute), 383
type_st		ge_plugins.xrefs.xref.XRe	ef	unconstrained (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172
type_to	c_repr_chunks()	(in modul	e	Unconstrained() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method), 255
	angr.analyses.decomp 724	oiler.structured_codegen.	<i>c</i> ),	Undefined (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.undefined), 605
type_va	ar (angr.analyses.typeh	oon.typevars.DerivedTyp	eVa	UidherconstrainedMixin (class in
	attribute), 828			angr.storage.memory_mixins.underconstrained_mixin),
TypeCon		(class is	n	341
TypeCon	angr.analyses.typehoo nstraint	(class is	n	unfreeze() (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.FrozenStackPointerTracker.method), 815
	angr.analyses.typehoo			unhook() (angr.Project method), 165
TypedVa	angr.storage.memory_		n	unhook() (angr.project.Project method), 215 WKNOCK_MeyNOOL(NiXIII)gr.Project method), 166
	3/3			unhook_symbol() (angr.project.Project method), 216
	830	lyses.typehoon.typehoon)		UnicodeString (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSattribute), 542
		lyses.typehoon.lifter), 82	5	UnicodeString(angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort
TypeRef types (a	E (class in angr.sim_typ ingr.knowledge_base.kr	e), 508 nowledge_base.Knowledg	geBa	attribute), 523  Shicorn (class in angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine),
	attribute), 320			288
		tribute), 211 s.StateOption attribute)	),	unified_local_vars (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.Cl attribute), 725
types (		v.SimMemView attribute)	),	unified_variable (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVarattribute), 732
TypesSt		knowledge_plugins.types	),	<pre>unified_variable() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manage</pre>
т	548	( 1		unify_arch_name() (in module
lypeira	anslator angr.analyses.typehoo	`	n	angr.calling_conventions), 502
typevar	(angr.analyses.variabl	e_recovery.engine_base.	Ric	unify_variables() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manage hR method), 566
TypeVar	attribute), 824	(class is	n	$uninit\_read\_base (\textit{angr.analyses.cfg.indirect\_jump\_resolvers.jumptable.})$
rypeval	angr.analyses.typehoc	`		attribute), 662
TypeVar	riableReference angr.analyses.typehoo	(class is	n	UninitReadMeta (class in angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable),
TypeVar		( 1	n	662
.ypeval	angr.analyses.typehoo	`		union() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject method), 468

```
unique() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver method),
                                                               723
                                                      unqualified_name() (angr.sim_type.NamedTypeMixin
unique_type_name() (angr.knowledge_plugins.types.TypesStore
                                                               method), 508
        method), 549
                                                      unreachable_history()
UniqueSearch (class in angr.exploration_techniques),
                                                               (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy method),
UniqueSearch
                                                     unreachable_history()
                                                                                       (angr.StateHierarchy
                             (class
         angr.exploration_techniques.unique), 423
                                                               method), 180
Uniwrapper(class in angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), unreachable_state()
                                                               (angr.state_hierarchy.StateHierarchy method),
{\tt Unknown}\, (angr. analyses. proximity\_graph. ProxiNode Types
         attribute), 860
                                                      unreachable_state() (angr.StateHierarchy method),
Unknown (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJumpTypte80
        attribute), 547
                                                      unresolvables (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
Unknown (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType
                                                               property), 644
         attribute), 529
                                                      unresolved_indirect_jumps
Unknown (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSontangr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase
        attribute), 542
                                                               property), 520
Unknown (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.MemoryDataSort unresolved_indirect_jumps (angr.KnowledgeBase
         attribute), 523
                                                               property), 211
Unknown (class in angr.analyses.cfg.cfb), 637
                                                      unroll_loops() (angr.analyses.cfg.cfg_emulated.CFGEmulated
UnknownProxiNode
                                                               method), 643
                                                  in
         angr.analyses.proximity_graph), 862
                                                      unsat (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager attribute),
UnknownSize
                             (class
                                                  in
         angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.unknown_wisa_t (angr.SimulationManager attribute), 172
         605
                                                      unsat_core()
                                                                         (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
UnknownSizeTag
                               (class
                                                               method), 259
                                                  in
        angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.tag),
                                                      unset_stack_address_mapping()
                                                               (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memory.regioned_memory
unlinks
            (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem
                                                               method), 367
        property), 249
                                                      UnsignedExtension(angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.jumptable
unmap_by_address() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.regioned_memoatynibgitten), data.RegionMap
         method), 369
                                                      unsilence_logger()
                                                                                                    module
unmap_region() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.address_concretizatiangmixiteApldogistCorapdtizatianthic),
         method), 346
unmap_region() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMthrspecified (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.memory_data.MemoryDataSor
        method), 337
                                                               attribute), 542
unmap_region() (angr.storage.memory_mixins.paged_mentionsppacieth_ordemory.kmixitedlege.gdlMeimsrefylMeimoryDataSort
         method), 354
                                                               attribute), 523
unmatched_blocks (angr.analyses.bindiff.FunctionDiff unstash()
                                                                      (angr.sim_manager.SimulationManager
        property), 630
                                                               method), 387
unmatched_functions
                         (angr.analyses.bindiff.BinDiff unstash() (angr.SimulationManager method), 176
        property), 631
                                                      unsupported_reasons
UnmatchedStatementsException, 628
                                                               (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.STOP
unmount() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem
                                                               attribute), 287
                                                      UnsupportedCCallError, 894
         method), 250
                                                      UnsupportedDirtyError, 894
unpack_array()
                             (in
                                             module
        angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c), UnsupportedIRExprError, 894
         723
                                                      UnsupportedIROpError, 894
                                                      UnsupportedIRStmtError, 894
unpack_pointer()
                                             module
        angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c), UnsupportedNodeTypeError, 896
                                                      UnsupportedSyscallError (in module angr.errors),
         723
unpack_typeref()
                               (in
                                             module
                                                               895
         angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c), UnwrapperMixin
                                                                                     (class
                                                                                                         in
```

angr.storage.memory_mixins.unwrapper_mixin),	
347 update() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.S	va_arg() (angr.sim_procedure.SimProcedure method),
method), 607	
update() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimLibrary method), 476	va_arg() (angr.SimProcedure method), 160 val (angr.analyses.stack_pointer_tracker.Constant attribute), 814
update() (angr.procedures.definitions.SimSyscallLibrary method), 480	value (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowered_switch_simpattribute), 707
<pre>update() (angr.sim_state_options.SimStateOptions</pre>	value (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_simplificattribute), 718
<pre>update_dbinfo() (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB method), 675</pre>	value (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CConstant attribute), 734
<pre>update_resolved_addrs()           (angr.knowledge_plugins.indirect_jumps.Indirect_</pre>	value (angr.analyses.reaching definitions.ConstantSrc
<pre>method), 549 update_switch_case_list() (in module</pre>	value (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.function_handler.FunctionEffect
720	Waluster (airgn.lifigrdb.models.DbInformation attribute), 676
<pre>update_variable_types()           (angr.analyses.typehoon.typehoon.Typehoon</pre>	value (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.atoms.ConstantSrc attribute), 586
<pre>method), 831 UpdateArgumentsOption (class in</pre>	value (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.heap_address.HeapAddress property), 591
angr.analyses.calling_convention), 632 UpdateWhenCCHasNoArgs	value (angr.sim_variable.SimConstantVariable attribute), 503
auribuie), 632	ଫ୍ଟୋସିମାଞ୍'(ଅngr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.MemoryValue attribute), 285
use_plugin_preset() (angr.misc.plugins.PluginHub method), 223	value (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.RegisterValue attribute), 285
тетой), 363	rvalue (angr.storage.memory_mixins.keyvalue_memory.keyvalue_memory_ attribute), 375
use_technique() (angr.SimulationManager method), 173	<pre>Value (class in angr.analyses.disassembly), 846 value_tuple() (angr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.BaseDepNode</pre>
UsercallArgSession (class in angr.calling_conventions), 487	method), 865 values() (angr.knowledge_plugins.patches.PatchManager
users() (angr.knowledge_plugins.sync.sync_controller.Syn method), 607 uses (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.expr_follows)	
attribute), /15	$\verb"values()" (angr. storage.memory\_mixins.paged\_memory.pages.multi\_values") and the property of the property $
Uses (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions), 580 Uses (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.uses	method), 351 var_collections (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase
605 uses_by_codeloc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Liv	var to typevar (angranalyses decompiler decompilation cache Decom
attribute), 756 uses_by_codeloc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.rd_	
property), 807 uses_by_codeloc (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Rea	variable (anor analyses decompiler region simplifiers switch cluster sim
	variable(angr.analyses.decompiler.region_simplifiers.switch_cluster_sim as.live_definitionsdeivePefinitions
attribute), 594 uses_by_codeloc(angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definition	variable (anar analyses decompiler structured codegen c CVariable
attribute), 573	variable (angr.analyses.loop_analysis.AnnotatedVariable attribute), 834
	Variable (angr.analyses.proximity graph.ProxiNodeTypes

```
attribute), 860
                                                                  angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast),
variable (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.engine_base.RichR
                                                                  821
         attribute), 824
                                                         VariableRecoveryFastState
variable (angr.knowledge_plugins.key_definitions.definition.Definitiants/tatalatps:axivariable_recovery.variable_recovery_fast),
         attribute), 588
variable (angr.knowledge plugins.variables.variable accelentivabile/RecoveryState
                                                                                             (class
                                                                                                             in
         attribute), 560
                                                                  angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery),
variable_hash (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.lowelede_switch_simplifier.Case
         attribute), 706
                                                         VariableRecoveryStateBase
                                                                                                (class
                                                                                                              in
variable_key_prefix
                                                                  angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base),
         (angr.storage.memory_mixins.MemoryMixin
                                                         variables (angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_base.Variables)
         property), 336
variable_list_repr_chunks()
                                                                  property), 820
         (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c. C. Fauricalobes (angr.knowledge_base.knowledge_base.KnowledgeBase
         method), 725
                                                                  attribute), 520
variable_manager(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_wadzigeblee@fangribnowledgeBase attribute), 211
         attribute), 725
                                                         variables (angr.storage.memory_object.SimMemoryObject
variable_manager(angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovprypbrtsd,\%\ddatableRecoveryStateBase
                                                         variables()
                                                                             (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver
         property), 820
{\tt variable\_manager} (angr.knowledge\_plugins.key\_definitions.definitionme{\it The fair}) it {\it The fair} Match Predicate
         attribute), 588
                                                         variables_in_use(angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CFun
variable_type (angr.analyses.decompiler.structured_codegen.c.CVaniathhate), 725
         attribute), 732
                                                         VariableSourceAnnotation
                                                                                               (class
                                                                                                             in
VariableAccess
                                                                  angr.analyses.variable recovery.annotations),
                                (class
         angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access),
                                                                  816
         560
                                                         VariableType
                                                                                        (class
VariableAccessSort
                                  (class
                                                                  angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager),
                                                    in
         angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_access),
                                                         VariableTypes (class in angr.analyses.loop_analysis),
VariableAnnotation
                                  (class
                                                     in
         angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recover\(\bar{V}\) about \(\frac{1}{2}\) (class in angr.vaults), 616
         817
                                                         VaultDict (class in angr.vaults), 617
                                                    in VaultDir (class in angr.vaults), 617
VariableManager
         angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manayan).tDirShelf (class in angr.vaults), 617
                                                         VaultPickler (class in angr.vaults), 616
         566
VariableManagerInternal
                                      (class
                                                    in VaultShelf (class in angr.vaults), 617
         angr.knowledge plugins.variables.variable mana Marilt Unpickler (class in angr.vaults), 616
                                                         VendorPreset (class in angr.misc.plugins), 224
VariableManagerSerializer
                                       (class
                                                    in Veritesting (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
         angr.angrdb.serializers.variables), 682
                                                                  attribute), 619
VariableProxiNode
                                                    in Veritesting (class in angr.analyses.veritesting), 836
         angr.analyses.proximity_graph), 861
                                                         Veritesting (class in angr.exploration_techniques),
VariableRecovery (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin 398
         attribute), 619
                                                         Veritesting
                                                                                       (class
                                                                                                             in
VariableRecovery
                                                                  angr.exploration_techniques.veritesting),
                                 (class
         angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery),
                                                                  413
         823
                                                         VeritestingError, 835
VariableRecoveryBase
                                                    in VERSION (angr.angrdb.db.AngrDB attribute), 674
                                    (class
         angr.analyses.variable_recovery.variable_recovery_eba(xe)gr.Block property), 170
                                                         vex (angr.block.Block property), 221
VariableRecoveryFast
                                                         vex_nostmt (angr.Block property), 170
         (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin
                                                         vex_nostmt (angr.block.Block property), 221
         attribute), 619
                                                         VEXIRSBScanner
                                                                                         (class
                                                                                                             in
VariableRecoveryFast
                                                                  angr.analyses.variable_recovery.irsb_scanner),
                                    (class
                                                    in
```

VEXTMENDATE (class in angranalyses.propagator.vex_vars), viden() (angr.SimHeapPTM and (b), 208  VEXTReg (class in angranalyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750  VEXTMED (class in angranalyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750  VEXTMI (class in angranalyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750  VEG (angr.simBatePtMan method), 162  (angr.simLeapPtMan method), 162  (an
VEXStantDetails (class in angranalyses propagator.vex_vars), 750 in widen() (angr.SimPackets method), 194 visited_plugins.unicorn_engine), 285 visited_plugins.andiorset_plugi
VEXSTatDetails (class in angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VEXTYTaible (class in angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VFG (angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VFG (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin attribute), 619 VFG (class in angr.analyses.yfg), 840 VFGIoble (class in angr.analyses.yfg), 837 VFGIoble (class in angr.analyses.yfg), 839 VFGIoble (class in angr.analyses.yfg), 839 Virtual (angr.analyses.analyses.yfg), 839 Virtual (angr.analyses.analyses.yfg), 839 Virtual (angr.analyses.analyses.yfg), 839 Virtual (angr.analyses.yfg), 840 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.functivides)(diffusions.glugins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.runctivides)(diffusions.glugins.shap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.runctivides)(diffusions.glugins.shap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachidges/fivations.shap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachidges/fivations.shap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachidges/fivations.shap.heap.brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachidges/fivations.shap.heap.brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachidges/fivations.shap.heap.brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachidges/fivations.shap.heap.brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 789 Visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjectiden()
angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine), 285 VEXTmp (class in angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VEXTmp (class in angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VEXTmp (class in angr.analyses.yropagator.vex_vars), 750 VEXTMP (cla
VEXTupic (class in angranalyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VEXVariable  angranalyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 VIFG (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin artribute), 619 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 840 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 837 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 837 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 837 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 838 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 839 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 839 VIFG (class in angranalyses.yfg), 840 VIFG (cla
VEXVariable (class in angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 273 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 273 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 273 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 293 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCCGC method), 293 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCCGC method), 293 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCCGC method), 294 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 294 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 295 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCod), 295 widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCod), 295 widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugins.finterectsory), 811 widen() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector method), 295 widen() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector method), 295 widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateInopData method), 294 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method), 294 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePlugin method), 294 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix miden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix method), 294 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix
angr.analyses.propagator.vex_vars), 750 Widen() (angr.state_plugins.cgc.SimStateCGC method), 273 Widen() (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method), 273 Widen() (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem method), 253 Witrutal (angr.analyses.vig), 839 Witrutal (angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke widen() attribute), 845 wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.functividem() attribute), 799 wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Functividem() property), 791 wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.defin
attribute), 619  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),  273  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),  274  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),  275  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),  276  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),  277  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.concrete.Concrete method),  278  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem  method),  287  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem  method),  287  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem  method),  288  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem  method),  289  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem  method),  280  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimConcreteFilesystem  method),  281  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem  method),  283  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesystem.SimFilesystem  method),  284  Widen () (angr.state_plugins.filesy
attribute), 619  VFG (class in angranalyses.rfg), 840  VFG (olss in angranalyses.rfg), 837  VFGNode (class in angranalyses.vfg), 837  VFGNode (class in angranalyses.vfg), 837  VFGNode (class in angranalyses.vfg), 839  Virtual (angranalyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke widen()  attribute), 845  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.functwirdew@ller.Fangriow@allflugins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 799  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Functwirdew@ller.Fangriow@allflugins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 785  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Functwirdew@ller.Fangriow@allflugins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 785  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.perpry), 791  wisited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.definitions.r
VFG (class in angranalyses.vfg), 840  VFG (class in angranalyses.vfg), 837  VFGNode (class in angranalyses.yfg), 837  Virtual (angranalyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke widen()  attribute), 845  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.functividewider.Ranginodialphains.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 799  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Functivider()Dangr.state_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 785  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 299  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 299  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 299  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 299  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 290  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 290  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 268  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Reachingdov()phitosps.Returlphyfipidish.eap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 289  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Palledov()p
VFGlode (class in angranalyses.vfg), 837  VFGlode (class in angranalyses.vfg), 839  Virtual (angranalyses.vfg), 839  Virtual (angranalyses.vfg), 845  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.functividem@libetailplugins.globals.SimStateGlobals method), 250  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Functividem@libetailplugins.globals.SimStateGlobals method), 278  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.Functividem@libetailplugins.globals.SimStateGlobals method), 278  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 279  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.beap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 290  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.beap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 230  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.beap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 230  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.bistory.SimStateHistory method), 268  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.bistory.SimStateHistory method), 268  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.bistory.SimStateHistory method), 268  Visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.bistory.SimStateHistory method), 295  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.bistory.SimStateHistory method), 295  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.posix.SimStateIlloc.SimHeapBrk method), 295  visited_blocks (angranalyses.reaching_definitions.reachingdem@libetailplugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 263  viden() (angr.state_plugins.libetailplugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 263  viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixPosixPosixPosixPosixPosixPosixPosix
Virtual (angr.analyses.disassembly.SootExpressionInvoke widen() attribute), 845  visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.functwiden() ler.KangtiontalpDatins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 799 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Functwiden() ler.KangtiontalpDatins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 789 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Functwiden() ler.KangtiontalpDatins.globals.SimStateGlobals method), 298 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Functwiden() ler.Kangtioner.State_plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk method), 299 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reactwinden() ler.KangtingDefinitions.Reactwinden() ler.KangtingDefinitions.SimStateHistory property), 770  wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reactwinden() ler.KangtingDefinitions.SimStateHistory property), 770  wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reactwinden() ler.KangtingDefinitions.SimStateHistory property), 770  wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Functwinden() ler.KangtingDefinitions.Reactwinden() ler.Reaplugins.insposis.SimStateHistory method), 280  widen() (angr.state_plugins.lines.SimStateLogenenthod), 243 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posis.PosixProcFS method), 243 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posis.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.posis.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePrecon
visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.functwindewit)Plantins.globals.SimStateGlobals attribute), 799 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Functwindewit)Planting.state_plugins.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 785 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachindewit)Planting.state_plugins.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 785 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachindewit)Plantings.state_plugins.heap_brk.SimHeapPTMalloc method), 306 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reachindewit)Plantings.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 306 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 306 visitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden() (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 208 visitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector method), 235 visitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspector method), 235 visitor (angr.analyses.vaalysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin widen() (angr.state_plugins.jnyavm_classloader.SimJavaVmClassloader method), 295 viable (class in angr.analyses.vaadde), 841 viable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jumpIndirectJumpType attribute), 547 viable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842 viable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842 viable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842 viable (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.log_simStateLog method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixPovFS method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixPovFS method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixPovFS method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixPovFS method), 263 viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix viden() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix v
wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.FunctionentDatagr.state plugins.heap.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 785  visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.definitions.reaching.definitions.state_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.definitions.state_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.definitions.state_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching.definitions.r
visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Funcwinden(Datagr.state_plugins.heap_brk.SimHeapBrk attribute), 785 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions.reaching_definitions.state_plugins.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 306 visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reaching_definitions.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 268 visitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden()
wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.reaching_edfinitions.placehind), 268  visitor (angr.state_plugins.history.SimStateHistory method), 235  viden() (angr.state_plugins.inspect.SimInspect.SimJavaVmClassloader method), 297  widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugins.lipsect.SimJavaVmClassloader method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.lipsect.SimStateLoop method), 223  widen() (angr.state_plugins.lipsect.SimStateLoop Data method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BlockWalker method), 243  method), 721  widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer  walk () (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ie_expl#@blockLocator
property), 791  wisited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reacling_definitions.Reacling_definitions.defin
visited_blocks (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.Reaching_definitions.Reaching_definitions.Appl.strive_plugins.history.SimStateHistory property), 770  wethod), 268  visitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjectiden()
property), 770  wisitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden() property), 811  WSA_DDG (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin attribute), 618  WSA_DDG (class in angr.analyses.vsa_ddg), 841  Wtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump_IndirectJumpTypemethod), 295  Wtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.Indirect_jump_IndirectJumpTypemethod), 297  attribute), 527  Wtable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  WtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  Walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 293  widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 263  widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLopData method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.pojata.SimStatePlugin widen() (angr.state_plugins.pojata.SimStatePlugin widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 233  method), 295  widen() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method), 233  widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 263  widen() (angr.state_plugins.pojata.SimStatePlugin method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.pojata.SimStatePlugin method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 293  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 296  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 297  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix method), 243  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrai
visitor (angr.analyses.reaching_definitions.subject.Subjecwiden()
property), 811  WSA_DDG (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin attribute), 618  WSA_DDG (class in angr.analyses.vsa_ddg), 841  Wtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJumpType attribute), 547  Wtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType attribute), 529  Wtable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  WtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  Walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), 233  method), 692  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method), 233  method), 701  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 247  method), 721  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247  method), 722  walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_explugithedeneeBblockLocator
VSA_DDG (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin attribute), 618  VSA_DDG (class in angr.analyses.vsa_ddg), 841  Vtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.IndirectJumpType attribute), 547  Vtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType attribute), 529  Vtable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  VtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  VtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  W  W  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method), 239  widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 263  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BrockWalker method), 701  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 247  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247  method), 722  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimStatePreconstrainer
attribute), 618  WSA_DDG (class in angr.analyses.vsa_ddg), 841  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.jni_references.SimStateJNIReferences  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method), 297  attribute), 547  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method), Wtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType attribute), 529  widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLibc method), Wtable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), Widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233 method), 692  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BiockWalker method), 701  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method), walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 721  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk () (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exp#@blockLocator
Vtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.indirect_jump.Indirect_JumpTypemethod), 297  attribute), 547 widen() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method),  Vtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType attribute), 529 widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method),  Vtable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842 VtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842 widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292 widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233 method), 692 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer
attribute), 547  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.libc.SimStateLibc method),  Vtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType     attribute), 529  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method),  Vtable(class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  VtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  Walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233     method), 692  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  Walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BfdckWalker method), 701  Walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 243     method), 721  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix  Walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247     method), 722  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer  Walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exp^method) passes.ite_exp^method).
Vtable (angr.knowledge_plugins.cfg.IndirectJumpType attribute), 529 widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method), 263  Vtable(class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842 widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  Www. widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin method), 233     method), 692 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BidekWalker method), 701 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 243     method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247     method), 722 widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exp^method) explosely.evel.plockLocator
attribute), 529  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.log.SimStateLog method),  263  Wtable(class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233     method), 692  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BiockWalker method), 701  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 243     method), 721  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247     method), 722  widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer  walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expmethod), 248  widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer  walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expmethod), 247
Vtable (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  VtableFinder (class in angr.analyses.vtable), 842  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233  method), 692  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BiockWalker method), 701  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 721  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247 method), 722  widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer  walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exp <sup>method</sup> evte <sup>28</sup> BlockLocator
Widen() (angr.state_plugins.loop_data.SimStateLoopData method), 292  Widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin method), 293  widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin method), 233  method), 692 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BiockWalker method), 701 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS method), 243  method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exp^nethod)
walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233     method), 692 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method), walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BiockWalker     method), 701 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker     method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247     method), 722 widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_exp^nethoder.pierBlockLocator
widen() (angr.state_plugins.plugin.SimStatePlugin  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233
walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.ailgraph_walker.AILGraphWalker method), 233
method), 692  widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixDevFS method),  walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.const_derefs.BHockWalker
method), 701 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.PosixProcFS walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalker method), 243 method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247 method), 722 widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expmethod)
method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.posix.SimSystemPosix walk() (angr.analyses.decompiler.sequence_walker.SequenceWalker method), 247 method), 722 widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.ite_expmethoder)
method), 722 widen() (angr.state_plugins.preconstrainer.SimStatePreconstrainer walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization passes.ite expmethate)
walk node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization passes.ite exp <sup>rocharge</sup> rler.BlockLocator
method), 705 widen() (angr.state_plugins.scratch.SimStateScratch
walk_node() (angr.analyses.decompiler.region_walker.RegionWalkernethod), 281
method), 721 widen() (angr.state_plugins.sim_action_object.SimActionObject
whitelist (angr.analyses.veritesting.CallTracingFilter method), 468
attribute), 835 widen() (angr.state_plugins.solver.SimSolver_method),
wruch() (angr.sim_state.simstate method), 227
widen() (angr.SimFile method), 191 widen() (angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ChallRespInfo method), 275

widen()	(angr.state_plugins.trace_additions.ZenPlugin method), 277	<pre>write() (angr.storage.file.SimFileStream method), 320 write() (angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 322</pre>	
widen()	(angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn method), 290	<pre>write() (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots method), 332 write() (angr.storage.file.SimPacketsStream method),</pre>	
widen()		324	
	method), 314	write_data() (angr.SimFileDescriptor method), 198	
widen()	method), 310	<pre>write_data() (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 201</pre>	
	(angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 319	write_data() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor	
widen()	(angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor method), 329	<pre>method), 327 write_data() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase</pre>	
widen()		method), 326	
	<i>method</i> ), 331	<pre>write_data() (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex</pre>	
	(angr.storage.file.SimPackets method), 323	method), 330	
	(angr.storage.file.SimPacketsSlots method), 333	write_msr() (angr.state_plugins.unicorn_engine.Unicorn	
widen()	(angr.storage.memory_mixins.javavm_memory.ja		
	method), 378	write_pos (angr.SimFileDescriptor property), 199	
widen()	method), 337	write_pos (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex property), 201	
widen()		rogian <u>empos_</u> n(ixinglAtomogyRidgiSinlAtalMaximiptor prop-	
	method), 372	erty), 328	
	_jobs (angr.analyses.forward_analysis.job_info.J property), 622	property), 326	
width(a	ngr.analyses.data_dep.dep_nodes.MemDepNode property), 866	write_pos (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex property), 330	
width()	(angr.analyses.disassembly.DisassemblyPiece method), 844	write_storage (angr.SimFileDescriptor property), 199 write_storage (angr.SimFileDescriptorDuplex prop-	
with_ar	ch() (angr.sim_type.SimType method), 507	erty), 201	
with_ar	ch() (angr.sim_type.TypeRef method), 508	write_storage (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptor	
with_co	ndition (angr.sim_state.SimState property),	property), 328	
	228	$write\_storage (\textit{angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase})$	
with_condition (angr.SimState property), 184 property), 326			
with_type() (angr.state_plugins.debug_variables.SimDebwg\txiabkorage (angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorDuplex method), 308 property), 330			
with_ty	pe() (angr.state_plugins.view.SimMemView method), 313	<pre>write_to() (angr.knowledge_plugins.variables.variable_manager.Variable     method), 562</pre>	
work()(	angr.analyses.complete_calling_conventions.Com method), 635	pleteCallingConventionsAnalysis	
Worker (	class in angr.distributed.worker), 897	X86ElfPicPltResolver (class in	
	attribute), 560	VariableAcarssSuralyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_elf_pic_plt), 661	
Write(a	ngr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types.XRefType	X86GccGetPcSimplifier (class in	
	attribute), 610	angr.analyses.decompiler.optimization_passes.x86_gcc_getpc_sin	
WRITE (a	ngr.state_plugins.sim_action.SimActionData at-	711	
	tribute), 467	X86PeIatResolver (class in	
	(angr.SimFile method), 190	angr.analyses.cfg.indirect_jump_resolvers.x86_pe_iat),	
	(angr.SimFileBase method), 189	659	
	(angr.SimFileStream method), 195	Xor (angr.engines.light.data.ArithmeticExpression	
	(angr.SimPackets method), 193	attribute), 748	
	(angr.SimPacketsStream method), 196	XRef (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref), 609	
	(angr.storage.file.SimFile method), 318	XRefManager (class in	
	(angr.storage.file.SimFileBase method), 316	$angr.knowledge\_plugins.xrefs.xref\_manager),$	
write()	(angr.storage.file.SimFileDescriptorBase method), 325	610	

```
XRefs (angr.analyses.analysis.KnownAnalysesPlugin at-
         tribute), 619
xrefs
         (angr.angrdb.models.DbKnowledgeBase
         tribute), 676
\verb|xrefs| (angr.knowledge\_base.knowledge\_base.KnowledgeBase|
         attribute), 520
xrefs (angr.KnowledgeBase attribute), 211
XRefsAnalysis (class in angr.analyses.xrefs), 859
XRefsSerializer
                                 (class
                                                     in
         angr.angrdb.serializers.xrefs), 682
XRefType (class in angr.knowledge_plugins.xrefs.xref_types),
         610
Z
zen_hook()
                                                module
                            (in
         angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 276
zen_memory_write()
                                  (in
                                                module
         angr.state_plugins.trace_additions), 276
zen_register_write()
                                   (in
                                                module
         angr. state\_plugins. trace\_additions),\, 276
ZenPlugin (class in angr.state_plugins.trace_additions),
         276
```